

Welcome to

Suricata, Zeek og DNS Capture An Evening with Packets

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Slides are available as PDF, kramse@Github suricatazeek-workshop.tex in the repo security-courses

Goal





Spend an evening using automated packet dissecting tools, multiple tools:

Try different ways to parse packets

Try The Zeek Network Security Monitor

Try Suricata a network threat detection engine

How to get started using packet capture tools in an enterprise We try to do a lot, feel free to focus on specific parts

Packet sniffing tools



Tcpdump for capturing packets

Wireshark for dissecting packets manually with GUI

Zeek Network Security Monitor

Snort, old timer Intrusion Detection Engine (IDS)

Suricata, modern robust capable of IDS and IPS (prevention)

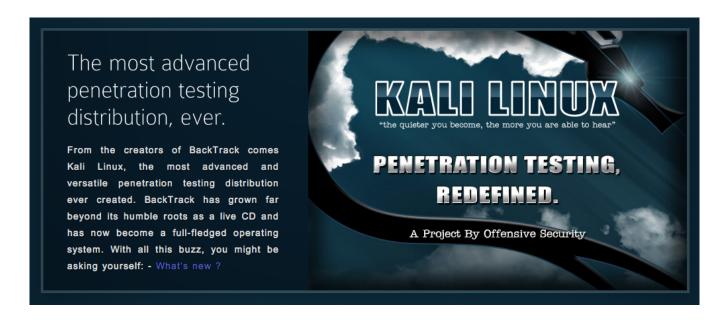
ntopng High-speed web-based traffic analysis

Maltrail Malicious traffic detection system https://github.com/stamparm/MalTrail

Often a combination of tools and methods used in practice Full packet capture big data tools also exist

Kali Linux the pentest toolbox





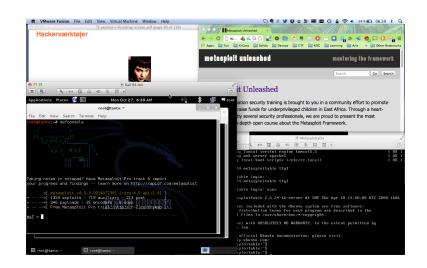
Kali http://www.kali.org/ brings together 100s of tools

100.000s of videos on youtube alone, searching for kali and \$TOOL

Use this to generate bad traffic

Hackerlab setup





- Hardware: most modern laptops has CPU with virtualization
 May need to enale it in BIOS
- Software: use your favorite operating system, Windows, Mac, Linux
- Virtualization software: VMware, Virtual box, choose your poison
- Hackersoftware: Kali as a Virtual Machine https://www.kali.org/
- Install sniffing VM put into bridge mode

Your lab setup



 Go to Github, Find user Kramse, click through security-courses, courses, suricatazeek and download the PDF files for the slides and exercises:

https://github.com/kramse/security-courses/tree/master/courses/networking/suricatazeek-workshop

Get the lab instructions, from

https://github.com/kramse/kramse-labs/tree/master/suricatazeek





Now lets do the exercise

Check your VM, run Ansible

which is number 1 in the exercise PDF.

What happens today?



Think like a blue team member find hacker traffic

Get basic tools running

Improve situation

- See where the data end up
- What kind of data and metadata can we extract
- How can we collect and make use of it
- Databases and web interfaces, examples shown
- Consider what your deployment could be

Today focus on the lower parts, but user interfaces are important too

Security devops



We need devops skillz in security

automate, security is also big data

integrate tools, transfer, sort, search, pattern matching, statistics, ...

tools, languages, databases, protocols, data formats

Use Github! So many libraries and programs that can help, maybe solve 90% of your problem, and you can glue the rest together

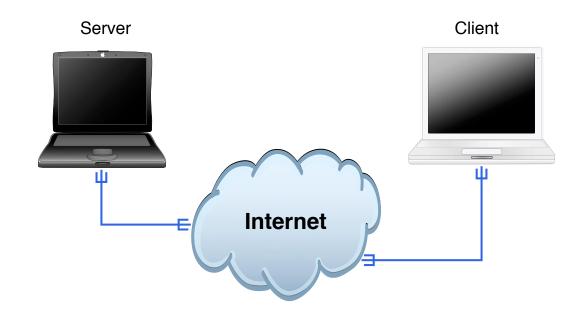
Example introductions:

- Seven languages/database/web frameworks in Seven Weeks
- Elasticsearch the definitive guide

We are all Devops now, even security people!

Internet today





Clients and servers

Roots in academia

Protocols more than 20 years old

HTTP is becoming encrypted, but a lot other traffic is not

OSI og Internet modellerne



OSI Reference Model

Application

Presentation

Session

Transport

Network

Link

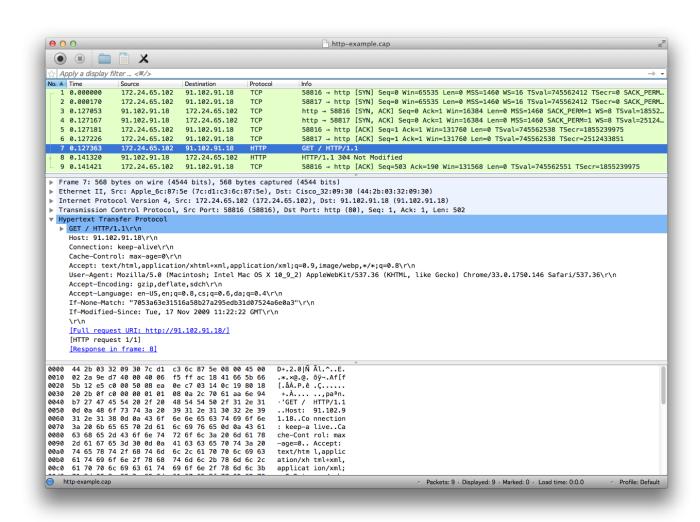
Physical

Internet protocol suite

Applications	NFS
HTTP, SMTP, FTP, SNMP,	XDR
	RPC
TCP UDP	
IPv4 IPv6 ICMPv6 _{ICMP}	
ARP RARP MAC	
Ethernet token-ring ATM	

Using Wireshark





https://www.wireshark.org





Now lets do the exercise

Wireshark and tcpdump

which is number 2 in the exercise PDF.





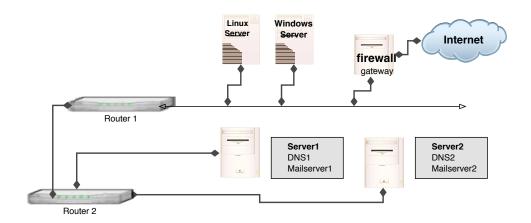
Now lets do the exercise

Capturing network packets

which is number 3 in the exercise PDF.

Network mapping





Using traceroute and similar programs it is often possible to make educated guess to network topology

Time to live (TTL) for packets are decreased when crossing a router

when it reaches zero the packet is timed out, and ICMP message sent back to source

Default Unix traceroute uses UDP, Windows tracert use ICMP

traceroute - UDP



```
# tcpdump -i en0 host 10.20.20.129 or host 10.0.0.11
tcpdump: listening on en0
23:23:30.426342 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33435: udp 12 [ttl 1]
23:23:30.426742 safri > 10.0.0.200: icmp: time exceeded in-transit
23:23:30.436069 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33436: udp 12 [ttl 1]
23:23:30.436357 safri > 10.0.0.200: icmp: time exceeded in-transit
23:23:30.437117 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33437: udp 12 [ttl 1]
23:23:30.437383 safri > 10.0.0.200: icmp: time exceeded in-transit
23:23:30.437574 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33438: udp 12
23:23:30.438946 router > 10.0.0.200: icmp: router udp port 33438 unreachable
23:23:30.451319 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33439: udp 12
23:23:30.452569 router > 10.0.0.200: icmp: router udp port 33439 unreachable
23:23:30.452813 10.0.0.200.33849 > router.33440: udp 12
23:23:30.454023 router > 10.0.0.200: icmp: router udp port 33440 unreachable
23:23:31.379102 10.0.0.200.49214 > safri.domain: 6646+ PTR?
200.0.0.10.in-addr.arpa. (41)
23:23:31.380410 safri.domain > 10.0.0.200.49214: 6646 NXDomain* 0/1/0 (93)
14 packets received by filter
O packets dropped by kernel
```

Low TTL, UDP, high ports above 33000 = Unix traceroute signature

Experiences gathered



Lots of information

Reveals a lot about the network, operating systems, services etc.

I use a template when getting data

- Respond to ICMP: □ echo, □ mask, □ time
- Respond to traceroute: □ ICMP, □ UDP
- Open ports TCP og UDP:
- Operating system:
- ... (banner information)

Beware when doing scans it is possible to make routers, firewalls and devices perform badly or even crash!

The Zeek Network Security Monitor



The Zeek Network Security Monitor

Why Choose Zeek? Zeek is a powerful network analysis framework that is much different from the typical IDS you may know.

Adaptable

Zeek's domain-specific scripting language enables sitespecific monitoring policies.

Efficient

Zeek targets high-performance networks and is used operationally at a variety of large sites.

Flexible

Zeek is not restricted to any particular detection approach and does not rely on traditional signatures.

Forensics

Zeek comprehensively logs what it sees and provides a high-level archive of a network's activity.

In-depth Analysis

Zeek comes with analyzers for many protocols, enabling high-level semantic analysis at the application layer.

Highly Stateful

Zeek keeps extensive application-layer state about the network it monitors.

Open Interfaces

Zeek interfaces with other applications for real-time exchange of information.

Open Source

Zeek comes with a BSD license, allowing for free use with virtually no restrictions.

The Zeek Network Security Monitor is not a single tool, more of a powerful network analysis framework (former name Bro)

Source https://www.zeek.org/, redirects to https://www.bro.org/zeek.html

Zeek scripts



source: dns-fire-count.bro from

https://github.com/LiamRandall/bro-scripts/tree/master/fire-scripts https://www.bro.org/sphinx-git/script-reference/scripts.html





Now lets do the exercise

Zeek on the web

which is number 4 in the exercise PDF.

Exercise setup



We will use a combination of your virtual servers, my switch hardware and my virtual systems.

There will be sniffing done on traffic! Don't abuse information gathered

We try to mimic what you would do in your own networks during the exercises.

Another way of running exercises might be:

https://github.com/jonschipp/ISLET

Recommended and used by Zeek and Suricata projects.

Get Started with Zeek



To run in "base" mode: bro -r traffic.pcap

To run in a "near broctl" mode: bro -r traffic.pcap local

To add extra scripts: bro -r traffic.pcap myscript.bro

Note: the project was renamed from Bro to Zeek in Oct 2018

Bro demo: Run



```
// install zeek first
kunoichi:~ root# broctl
Hint: Run the broctl "deploy" command to get started.
Welcome to BroControl 1.5
Type "help" for help.
[BroControl] > install
creating policy directories ...
installing site policies ...
generating standalone-layout.bro ...
generating local-networks.bro ...
generating broctl-config.bro ...
generating broctl-config.sh ...
kunoichi:etc root# grep eth0 node.cfg
interface=eth0
```

Zeek demo: Run Zeek



```
// back to Broctl and start it
[BroControl] > start
starting bro
// and then
kunoichi:bro root# pwd
/usr/local/var/spool/bro
kunoichi:bro root# tail -f dns.log
```

More examples at:

https://www.bro.org/sphinx/script-reference/log-files.html





Now lets do the exercise

Zeek DNS capturing domain names

which is number 5 in the exercise PDF.





Now lets do the exercise

Zeek TLS capturing certificates

which is number 6 in the exercise PDF.

DNS is important



Another tool that provides a basic SQL-frontend to PCAP-files

https://www.dns-oarc.net/tools/packetq

https://github.com/DNS-OARC/PacketQ

Going back in time and finding systems that visited a specific domain can explain when and where an infection started.

Deciding on which tool to use, Zeek or PacketQ depends on the situation.

Suricata IDS/IPS/NSM





Suricata is a high performance Network IDS, IPS and Network Security Monitoring engine. Open Source and owned by a community run non-profit foundation, the Open Information Security Foundation (OISF). Suricata is developed by the OISF and its supporting vendors.

http://suricata-ids.org/ http://openinfosecfoundation.org





Now lets do the exercise

Suricata Basic Operation

which is number 7 in the exercise PDF.





Now lets do the exercise

Basic Suricata rule configuration

which is number 8 in the exercise PDF.





Now lets do the exercise

Configure Mirror Port

which is number 9 in the exercise PDF.





Now lets do the exercise

Save Suricata JSON Output in Database

which is number 10 in the exercise PDF.

Netflow



Netflow is getting more important, more data share the same links

Accounting is important

Detecting DoS/DDoS and problems is essential

Netflow sampling is vital information - 123Mbit, but what kind of traffic

Currently also investigating sFlow - hopefully more fine grained





Now lets do the exercise

Suricata Netflow

which is number 11 in the exercise PDF.

Zeek JSON



As shown with Suricata, it is also possible to insert Bro output into Elasticsearch.

One example is shown in the blog posts: https://logz.io/blog/bro-elk-part-1/

Commercial Support



You can and should use updated rulesets for Suricata.

I Recommend the Emerging Threats ET Pro ruleset, which is about USD 900 per year per sensor. So two sites with Suricata running in both, 2x USD 900

Summary



We started from a basic Ubuntu/Debian server, and using Zeek and Suricata we now know more about our network.

We can collect logs about network traffic based on generic netflow, specific types DNS/TLS/protocols, and traffic matching advanced rulesets.

We know it is possible to create dashboards and visualizing the data.

What are the next steps?

Questions?



Henrik Lund Kramshøj hlk@zencurity.dk Need DDoS testing or pentest, ask me!

You are always welcome to send me questions later via email

Did you notice how a lot of the links in this presentation use HTTPS - encrypted