



Welcome to

## 0. Introduction

# KEA Kompetence Computer Systems Security 2019

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Slides are available as PDF, [kramse@Github](https://github.com/kramse/kramse@Github)

0-Introduction-system-security.tex in the repo [security-courses](https://github.com/kramse/security-courses)

# Contact information



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- Independent security consultant
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You are welcome to drop me an email

# Plan for today



- Create a good starting point for learning
- Introduce lecturer and students
- Expectations for this course
- Literature list walkthrough
- Prepare tools for the exercises
- Kali and Debian Linux introduction

## Exercises

- Kali Linux installation
- Debian Linux installation

Linux is a toolbox we will use and participants will use virtual machines

# Course Materials



This material is in multiple parts:

- Slide shows - presentation - this file
- Exercises - PDF which is updated along the way

Additional resources from the internet

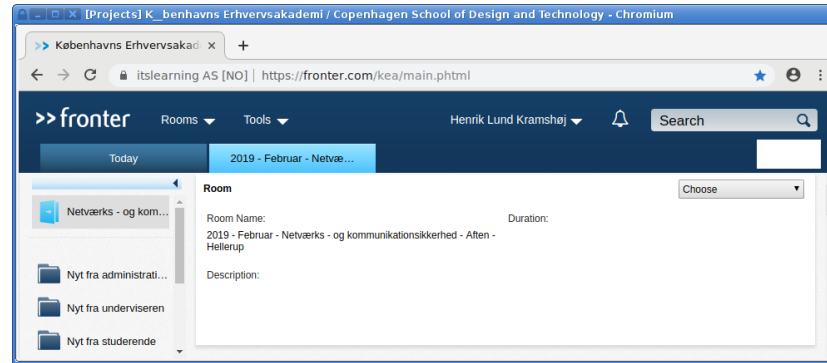
Note: the presentation slides are not a substitute for reading the books, papers and doing exercises, many details are not shown

Note: parts of this material are quotes from the book we use, and similar courses. See the README in the Github repository in the repo `security-courses` for this course `0-Introduction-system-security` `kramse@Github`

A special thanks to William D. (Bill) Young Associate Professor of Instruction and Research Scientist, The University of Texas at Austin

When asked if I could borrow parts from his CS361 *Introduction to Computer Security* he graciously wrote:  
"You are welcome to use them freely. You can credit me at the beginning."

# Frontier Platform



We will use fronter a lot, both for sharing educational materials and news during the course.

You will also be asked to turn in deliverables through fronter

<https://fronter.com/kea/main.phtml>

If you haven't received login yet, let us know

# Overview Diploma in IT-security



Afgangsprojektet (15 ECTS)	
Der udvikles løbende nye valgfag til Diplom i it-sikkerhed. Disse vil løbende blive beskrevet i en allonge (bilag 2) til studieordningen.	
Sikkerhed i it-governance (it-sikkerhedsledelse) (5 ECTS)	Systemsikkerhed (10 ECTS)
Videregående sikkerhed i it-governance (Videregående sikkerhedsledelse) (5 ECTS)	
Softwaresikkerhed (10 ECTS)	
Netværks- og kommunikationssikkerhed (10 ECTS)	



# Course: Computer Systems Security VF 3 Systemsikkerhed (10 ECTS)

Teaching dates: tuesdays and thursdays 17:00 - 20:30

23/4, 25/4, 30/4, 2/5, 7/5, 9/5, 14/5, 16/5, (21/5), (23/5), 28/5, 4/6, 6/6, 11/6, 13/6

Exam: tuesday 25/6 exam

**Changes: the dates 21/5 and 23/5 will be moved!**

**And since we are here, lets try to agree on best dates.**

**Propose we move these to 13/5 and 27/5**

# Deliverables and Exam



- Exam
- Individual: Oral based on curriculum
- Graded (7 scale)
- Draw a question with no preparation. Question covers a topic
- Try to discuss the topic, and use practical examples
- Exam is 30 minutes in total, including pulling the question and grading
- Count on being able to present talk for about 10 minutes
- Prepare material (keywords, examples, exercises, wireshark captures) for different topics so that you can use it to help you at the exam
- Deliverables:
- 2 Mandatory assignments
- Both mandatory assignments are required in order to be entitled to the exam.



# Course Description



From: STUDIEORDNING Diplomuddannelse i it-sikkerhed August 2018

Indhold: Den studerende kan udføre, udvælge, anvende, og implementere praktiske tiltag til sikring af firmaets udstyr og har viden og færdigheder der supportere dette.

Viden Den studerende har viden om:

- Generelle governance principper / sikkerhedsprocedurer
- Væsentlige forensic processer
- Relevante it-trusler
- Relevante sikkerhedsprincipper til systemsikkerhed
- OS roller ift. sikkerhedsovervejelser
- Sikkerhedsadministration i DBMS.

Færdigheder Den studerende kan:



- Udnytte modforanstaltninger til sikring af systemer
- Følge et benchmark til at sikre opsætning af enhederne
- Implementere systematisk logning og monitorering af enheder
- Analysere logs for incidents og følge et revisionsspor
- Kan genoprette systemer efter en hændelse.

Kompetencer Den studerende kan:

- håndtere enheder på command line-niveau
- håndtere værktøjer til at identificere og fjerne/afbøde forskellige typer af endpoint trusler
- håndtere udvælgelse, anvendelse og implementering af praktiske mekanismer til at forhindre, detektere og reagere over for specifikke it-sikkerhedsmæssige hændelser
- håndtere relevante krypteringstiltag

Final word is the Studieordning which can be downloaded from

<https://kompetence.kea.dk/uddannelser/it-digitalt/diplom-i-it-sikkerhed>

Studieordning\_for\_Diplomuddannelsen\_i\_IT-sikkerhed\_Aug\_2018.pdf

# Expectations alignment



Form groups of 2-3 students

In groups of 2 students, brainstorm for 5 minutes on what topics you would like to have in this course

Use 5 minutes more on Agreeing on 5 topics and prioritize these 5 topics

PS We will from time to time have exercises, groups dont need to be the same each time.

# Primary literature

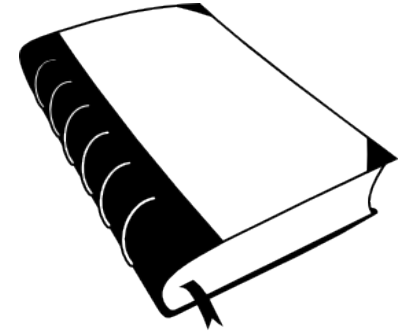


Primary literature:

- *Computer Security: Art and Science*, 2nd edition 2019! Matt Bishop ISBN: 9780321712332

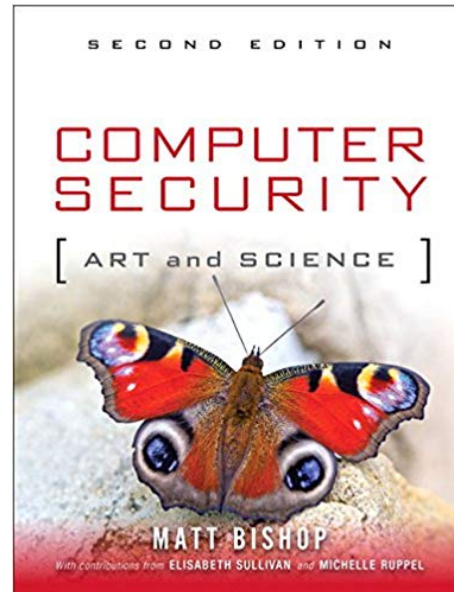
Supporting literature:

- *Linux Basics for Hackers Getting Started with Networking, Scripting, and Security in Kali*. OccupyTheWeb, December 2018, 248 pp. ISBN-13: 978-1-59327-855-7 - shortened LBfH
- *Kali Linux Revealed Mastering the Penetration Testing Distribution* Raphael Hertzog, Jim O'Gorman - shortened KLR



Free graphics by Lumen Design Studio

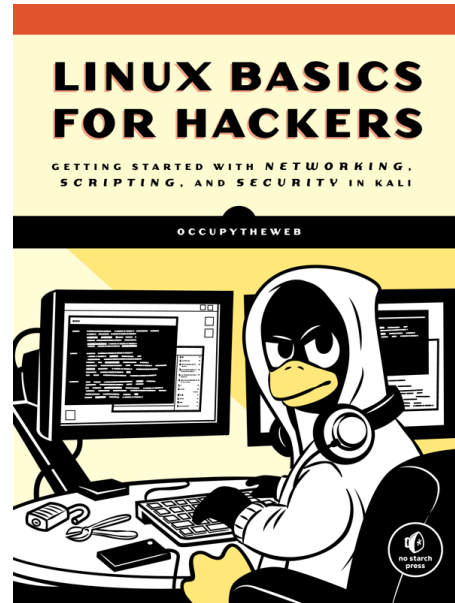
# Book: Computer Security: Art and Science



*Computer Security: Art and Science*, Matt Bishop ISBN: 9780321712332

<https://www.pearson.com/us/higher-education/program/Bishop-Computer-Security-2nd-Edition/PGM25107.html>

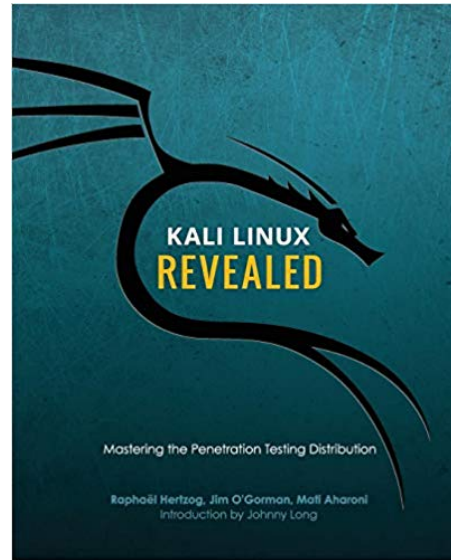
# Book: Linux Basics for Hackers (LBhf)



*Linux Basics for Hackers Getting Started with Networking, Scripting, and Security in Kali* by OccupyTheWeb December 2018, 248 pp. ISBN-13: 9781593278557

<https://nostarch.com/linuxbasicsforhackers> Not curriculum but explains how to use Linux

## Book: Kali Linux Revealed (KLR)

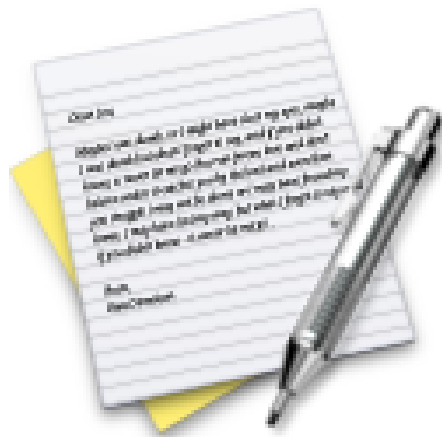


*Kali Linux Revealed Mastering the Penetration Testing Distribution*

<https://www.kali.org/download-kali-linux-revealed-book/>

Not curriculum but explains how to install Kali Linux

# Exercise



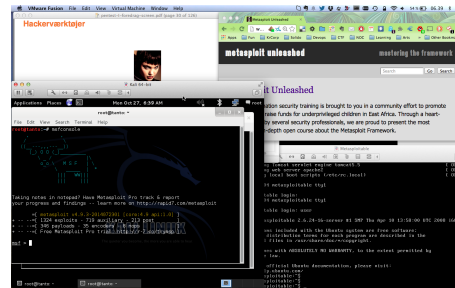
Now lets do the exercise

## Download Kali Linux Revealed (KLR) Book 10 min

which is number **1** in the exercise PDF.



# Hackertlab Setup



- Hardware: modern laptop CPU with virtualisation  
Don't forget to enable hardware virtualisation in the BIOS
- Virtualisation software: VMware, Virtual box, HyperV pick your poison
- Hackersoftware: Kali Virtual Machine amd64 64-bit <https://www.kali.org/>
- Linux server system: Debian 9 Stretch amd64 64-bit <https://www.debian.org/>
- Setup instructions can be found at <https://github.com/kramse/kramse-labs>

It is enough if these VMs are pr team

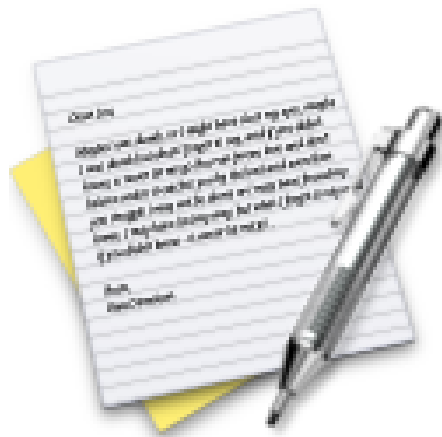


**Straffelovens paragraf 263 Stk. 2. Med bøde eller fængsel indtil 6 måneder straffes den, som uberettiget skaffer sig adgang til en andens oplysninger eller programmer, der er bestemt til at bruges i et anlæg til elektronisk databehandling.**

Hacking kan betyde:

- At man skal betale erstatning til personer eller virksomheder
- At man får konfiskeret sit udstyr af politiet
- At man, hvis man er over 15 år og bliver dømt for hacking, kan få en bøde - eller fængselsstraf i alvorlige tilfælde
- At man, hvis man er over 15 år og bliver dømt for hacking, får en plettet straffeattest. Det kan give problemer, hvis man skal finde et job eller hvis man skal rejse til visse lande, fx USA og Australien
- Frit efter: <http://www.stophacking.dk> lavet af Det Kriminalpræventive Råd
- Frygten for terror har forstærket ovenstående - så lad være!

# Exercise

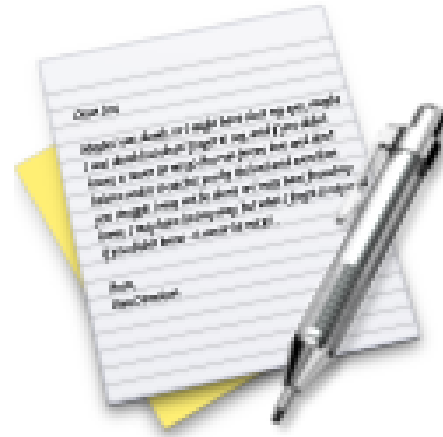


Now lets do the exercise

## Check your Kali VM, run Kali Linux 30 min

which is number **2** in the exercise PDF.

# Exercise



Now lets do the exercise

## Check your Debian VM 10 min

which is number **3** in the exercise PDF.

# Kommandoprompten



```
[hlk@fischer hlk]$ id
uid=6000(hlk) gid=20(staff) groups=20(staff),
0(wheel), 80(admin), 160(cvs)
[hlk@fischer hlk]$
```

```
[root@fischer hlk]# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(wheel) groups=0(wheel), 1(daemon),
2(kmem), 3(sys), 4(tty), 5(operator), 20(staff),
31(guest), 80(admin)
[root@fischer hlk]#
```

typisk viser et dollartegn at man er logget ind som almindelig bruger  
mens en havelåge at man er root - superbruger

# Kommandoliniens opbygning



```
echo [-n] [string ...]
```

Kommandoerne der skrives på kommandolinien skrives sådan:

- Starter altid med kommandoen, man kan ikke skrive `henrik echo`
- Options skrives typisk med bindestreg foran, eksempelvis `-n`
- Flere options kan sættes sammen, `tar -cvf` eller `tar cvf`
- I manualsystemet kan man se valgfrie options i firkantede klammer `[]`
- Argumenterne til kommandoen skrives typisk til sidst (eller der bruges redirection)

# Manualsystemet



kommando [options] [argumenter]

\$ cal -j 2005

It is a book about a Spanish guy called Manual. You should read it. – Dilbert

Manualsystemet i UNIX er utroligt stærkt!

Det SKAL altid installeres sammen med værktøjerne!

Det er næsten identisk på diverse UNIX varianter!

man -k søger efter keyword, se også apropos

Prøv man crontab og man 5 crontab

# En manualside



## NAME

`cal` - displays a calendar

## SYNOPSIS

`cal [-jy] [[month] year]`

## DESCRIPTION

`cal` displays a simple calendar. If arguments are not specified, the current month is displayed. The options are as follows:

- `-j` Display julian dates (days one-based, numbered from January 1).
- `-y` Display a calendar for the current year.

The Gregorian Reformation is assumed to have occurred in 1752 on the 3rd of September. By this time, most countries had recognized the reformation (although a few did not recognize it until the early 1900's.) Ten days following that date were eliminated by the reformation, so the calendar for that month is a bit unusual.



# Kommandolinien på UNIX



## Shells kommandofortolkere:

- sh - Bourne Shell
- bash - Bourne Again Shell, ofte default på Linux
- ksh - Korn shell, lavet af David Korn
- csh - C shell, syntaks der minder om C sproget
- flere andre, zsh, tcsh

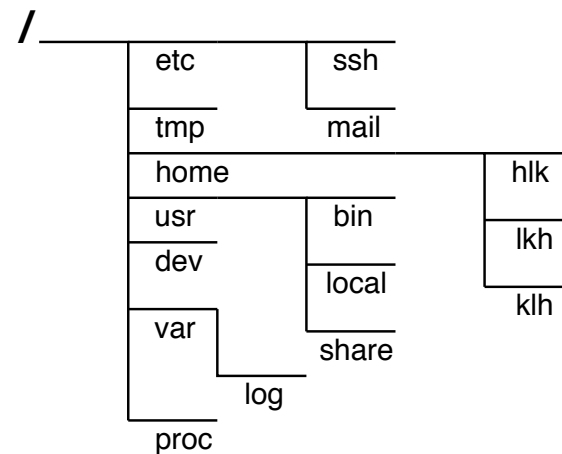
Svarer til `command.com` og `cmd.exe` på Windows

Kan bruges som komplette programmeringssprog

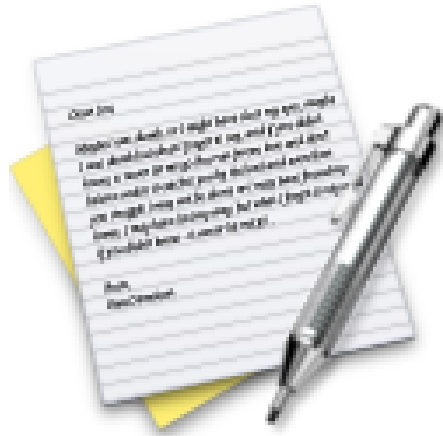
# Linux konfiguration /etc



- Kommandolinien er et krav i studieordningen 😊
- Linux og Unix bruger et fælles fil-system  
[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unix\\_filesystem](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unix_filesystem)
- Der er ingen drev-bogstaver som man kender fra MS-DOS og Microsoft Windows
- Alt starter ved roden / - *forward slash*
- Kataloget /etc/ og underkataloger indeholder det meste konfiguration, derfor særligt interessant for sikkerheden



# Exercise



Now lets do the exercise

## Investigate /etc 10 min

which is number 4 in the exercise PDF.

## For Next Time



Think about the subjects from this time, write down questions

Check the plan for chapters to read in the books

Most days have less than 100 pages, but some days may have more!

Visit web sites and download papers if needed

Retry the exercises to get more confident using the tools

Buy the books!