

前端科普系列——

Babel:把ES6送上天的通天塔

1996.8

**— 1997.7** 

2000

ECMAScript 6 正 式发布 并且更名为 "ECMAScript 2015"

-2015.6





# What's Babel?

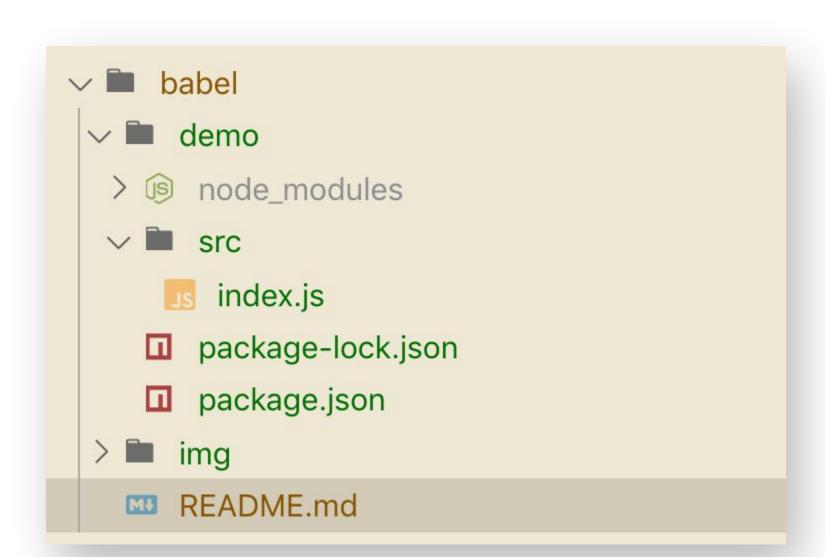
## Babel is a JavaScript compiler.

Use next generation JavaScript, today.

## How to use Babel?

#### Shell

```
npm init -y
npm install --save-dev @babel/core @babel/cli @babel/preset-env
```



```
babel.config.js
```

```
const presets = [
    '@babel/env',
      debug: true
const plugins = []
module.exports = { presets, plugins }
```

```
package.json
```

```
"name": "demo",
"version": "1.0.0",
"scripts": {
 "babel": "babel src --out-dir dist"
} ,
"devDependencies": {
  "@babel/cli": "^7.8.4",
  "@babel/core": "^7.9.0",
  "@babel/preset-env": "^7.9.0"
```

# const add = (a, b) => a + b const arr = [1, 2] const hasThreee = arr.includes(3) new Promise(resolve=>resolve(10))

```
var add = function add(a, b) {
   return a + b;
};

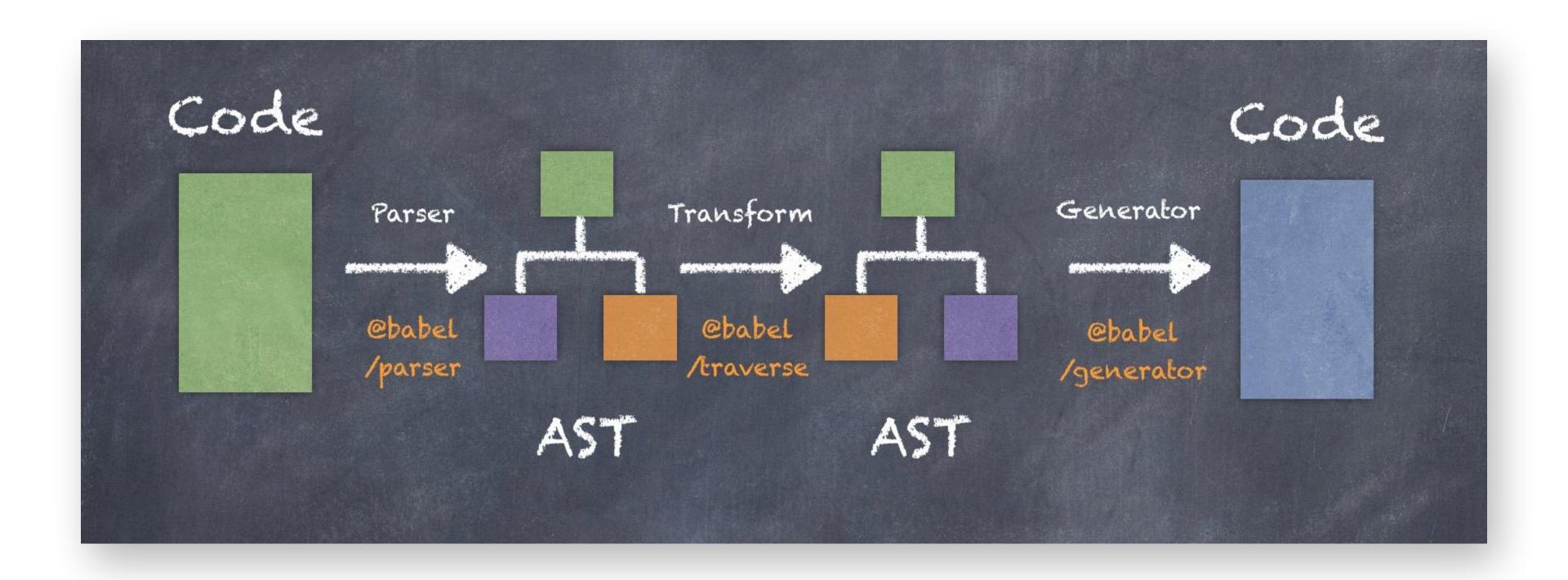
var arr = [1, 2];

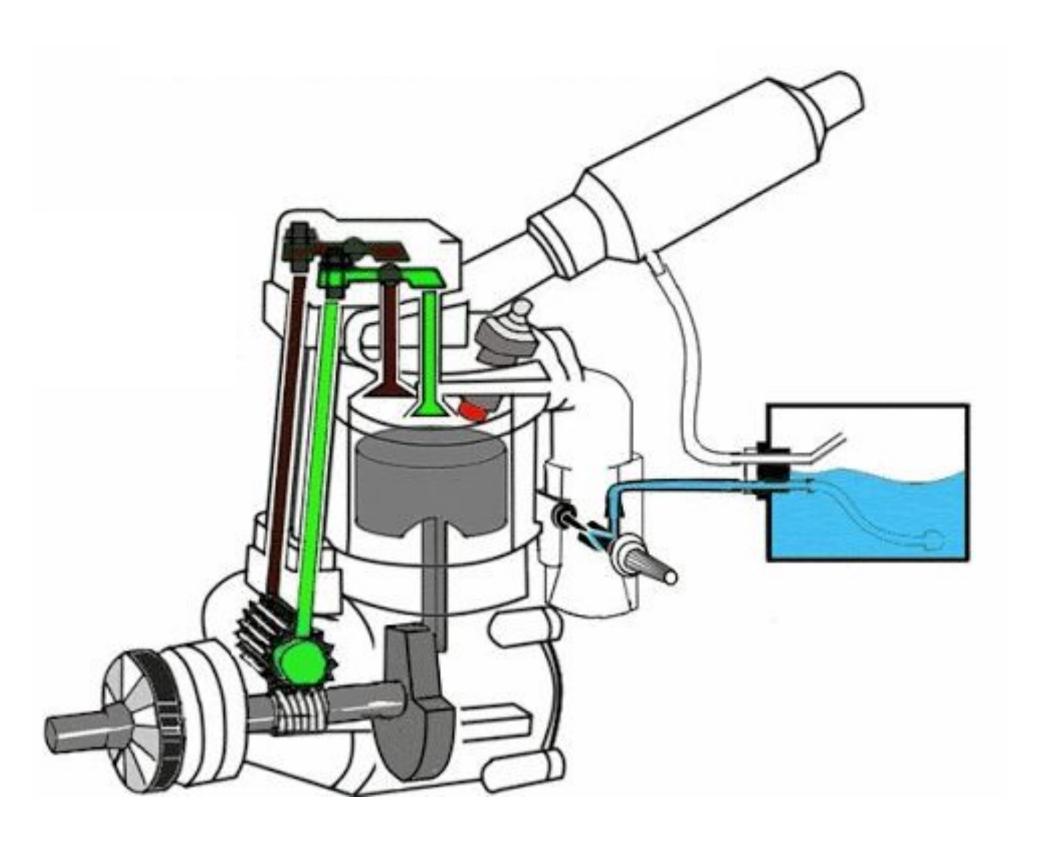
var hasThreee = arr.includes(3);

new Promise(function (resolve) {
   return resolve(10);
});
```

# How does Babel work?

- workflow
- components





### @babel/core

the core of transformer for AST

### @babel/cli

a built-in CLI to compile files from the command line

## @babel/plugin-xxx

plugin for corresponding syntax in transformation

## @babel/preset-env

plugins to use, avoid configuration one by one

## @babel/polyfill --> core-js

use to polyfill features, but has been deprecated

## @babel/plugin-transform-runtime

re-use of Babel's injected helper code to save on codesize, to create a sandboxed environment avoid global pollution

@babel/preset-env

```
> babel src --out-dir dist
                                             @babel/preset-env: `DEBUG` option
                                             Using targets:
                                             Using modules transform: auto
                                             Using plugins:
{ SyntaxError: /Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/src/index.js: Support for the experimental syntax 'classProperties' isn't currently enabled (4:12):
      class Person {
        static a = 'a':
       static b;
       name = 'morrain';
       age = 18
Add @babel/plugin-proposal-class-properties (https://git.io/vb4SL) to the 'plugins' section of your Babel config to enable transformation.
   at Parser._raise (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:742:17)
   at Parser.raiseWithData (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:735:17)
   at Parser.expectPlugin (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:8762:18)
   at Parser.parseClassProperty (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:12110:12)
   at Parser.pushClassProperty (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:12070:30)
   at Parser.parseClassMemberWithIsStatic (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:12003:14)
   at Parser.parseClassMember (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:11940:10)
   at withTopicForbiddingContext (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:11885:14)
   at Parser.withTopicForbiddingContext (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:10956:14)
   at Parser.parseClassBody (/Users/kongchuiliang/Documents/front-end/babel/demo/node_modules/@babel/parser/lib/index.js:11862:10)
  loc: Position { line: 4, column: 11 },
 pos: 55,
 missingPlugin: [ 'classProperties' ],
 code: 'BABEL_PARSE_ERROR'
                                               transform-new-target {}
                                               transform-regenerator {}
                                               transform-member-expression-literals {}
                                               transform-property-literals {}
                                               transform-reserved-words {}
```

Using polyfills: No polyfills were added, since the `useBuiltIns` option was not set.

transform-modules-commonjs {}

Successfully compiled 1 file with Babel.

proposal-dynamic-import {}

#### Shell

npm install --save-dev @babel/plugin-proposal-class-properties

```
babel.config.js
const presets = [
    '@babel/env',
      debug: true
const plugins = ['@babel/plugin-proposal-class-properties']
module.exports = { presets, plugins }
```

#### targets

```
string | Array<string> | { [string]: string } , defaults to {} .
```

Describes the environments you support/target for your project.

This can either be a browserslist-compatible query (with caveats):

Or an object of minimum environment versions to support:

```
Copy

{
    "targets": {
        "chrome": "58",
        "ie": "11"
    }
}

Only compile syntaxes which are not supported by your target environment
        target environment

If no targets specified, @babel/preset-env will transform all ECMAScript 2015+ code by default

}
```

Install

How Does it Work?

Browserslist Integration



#### Caveats

Ineffective browserslist queries

@babel/polyfill

# const add = (a, b) => a + b const arr = [1, 2] const hasThreee = arr.includes(3) new Promise(resolve=>resolve(10))

```
var add = function add(a, b) {
   return a + b;
};

var arr = [1, 2];

var hasThreee = arr.includes(3);

new Promise(function (resolve) {
   return resolve(10);
});
```

# syntax + built-in

```
syntax
                     class
    const
                 =>
                         let
       import
```

```
built-in
               Object.assign
   Promise
    Array.prototype.inclueds
 Array.from
                   WeakMap
```

As of Babel 7.4.0, @babel/polyfill has been deprecated in favor of directly including core-js to polyfill ECMAScript features

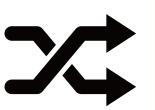
```
babel.config.js
const presets = [
    '@babel/env',
      debug: true,
      useBuiltIns: 'usage',
      corejs: 3
```

```
src/index.js
const arr = [1, 2]
const hasThreee = arr.includes(3)
new Promise(resolve=>resolve(10))
```

@babel/plugin-transform-runtime

#### src/index.js

```
class Person {
  static a = 1;
  static b;
  name = 'morrain';
  age = 18
}
```



```
function _classCallCheck(ins, Constructor) {...}

function _defineProperty(obj, key, value) {...}

var Person = function Person() {
    _classCallCheck(this, Person);
    _defineProperty(this, "name", 'morrain');
    _defineProperty(this, "age", 18);
};
_defineProperty(Person, "a", 1);
_defineProperty(Person, "b", void 0);
```

#### Shell

```
npm install --save-dev @babel/plugin-transform-runtime
npm install --save @babel/runtime
```

# src/index.js class Person { static a = 1;static b; name = 'morrain'; age = 18

```
var classCallCheck =
require("@babel/runtime/helpers/classCallCheck")
var defineProperty =
require ("@babel/runtime/helpers/defineProperty")
var Person = function Person() {
 classCallCheck(this, Person);
  defineProperty(this, "name", 'morrain');
  defineProperty(this, "age", 18);
};
defineProperty(Person, "a", 1);
defineProperty(Person, "b", void 0);
```



# the built-ins core-js provides such as Promise, Set and Map, will pollute the global scope

```
Object.defineProperty(Array.prototype, 'includes', function() {
    ...
})
```



```
npm uninstall @babel/runtime
var _promise = _interopRequireDefault(require("@babel/runtime-corejs3/core-js-
stable/promise"));
var _includes = _interopRequireDefault(require("@babel/runtime-corejs3/core-js-
stable/instance/includes"));
var ac
         but it doesn't consider target environments
  retu
};
var arr = [1, 2];
var hasThreee = (0, _includes["default"])(arr).call(arr, 3);
new _promise["default"](function (resolve) {
  return resolve(10);
});
```

# Rethink polyfilling story

- Currently
- Concepts

Currently Babel has three different ways to inject core-js polyfills in the source code:

- By using @babel/preset-env's useBuiltIns: "entry" option, it is possible to inject polyfills for every ECMAScript functionality not natively supported by the target browsers;
- By using useBuiltIns: "usage", Babel will only inject polyfills for unsupported ECMAScript features but only if they are actually used in the input souce code;
- By using @babel/plugin-transform-runtime, Babel will inject ponyfills (which are "pure" and don't pollute the global scope) for every used ECMAScript feature supported by core-js. This is usually used by library authors.

```
babel.config.js
```

```
const targets = ['>1%']
          const presets = [
              '@babel/env',
Polyfil.
                                                                                                 ills:
                debug: true
entry
   @babe
• USage const plugins = ['@babel/plugin-proposal-class-properties']
   @babe const polyfills = [
• usage
              'corejs3',
   @babe
                method: 'usage-pure'
          module.exports = { targets, presets, plugins, polyfills }
```

## Q&A

敬请期待~~~~

前端科普系列 之《webpack:它是如此,但远不止于此》

