

✔ Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

Go to next item

1. When we want to update our local repository to reflect changes made in the remote repository, which command would we use?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ git clone <URL>
- ☐ git push
- ☒ git pull
- ☐ git commit -a -m

✔ Correct

Right on! git pull updates the local repository by applying changes made in the remote repository.

2. git config --global credential.helper cache allows us to configure the credential helper, which is used for ...what?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Troubleshooting the login process
- ☐ Dynamically suggesting commit messages
- ☐ Allowing configuration of automatic repository pulling
- ☒ Allowing automated login to GitHub

✔ Correct

Nice work! By configuring the credential helper, we can avoid having to type in our username and password repeatedly.

3. Name two ways to avoid having to enter our password when retrieving and when pushing changes to the repo. (Check all that apply)

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Implement a post-receive hook
- ☒ Use a credential helper

✔ Correct

Awesome! The credential helper caches our credentials for a time window, so that we don't need to enter our password with every interaction.

- ☒ Create an SSH key-pair

✔ Correct

Great job! We can create an SSH key-pair and store the public key in our profile, so that GitHub recognizes our computer.

- ☐ Use the git commit -a -m command.

4. Before we have a local copy of a commit, we should download one using which command?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ git commit -a -m
- ☐ git push
- ☐ git pull
- ☒ git clone <URL>

✔ Correct

Woohoo!. If the repository already exists locally, this may raise an error.