

← Back Practice Quiz • 10 min • 5 total points

Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100% To pass 80% or higher

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⊕ English ∨

1.	What is recursion used for?	1/1 point
	Recursion is used to create loops in languages where other loops are not available.	
	We use recursion only to implement mathematical formulas in code.	
	Recursion is used to iterate through files in a single directory.	
	Recursion is used to call a function from inside the same function.	
	Correct You nailed it! By reducing the problem to a smaller one each time a recursive function is called, we can tackle complex problems in simple steps.	
2.	Which of these activities are good use cases for recursive programs? Check all that apply.	1/1 point
	Going through a file system collecting information related to directories and files.	
	Correct Right on! Because directories can contain subdirectories that can contain more subdirectories, going through these contents is a good use case for a recursive program.	
	☐ Creating a user account for a new employee.	
	☐ Installing or upgrading software on a computer.	
	Managing permissions assigned to groups inside a company, when each group can contain both subgroups and users.	
	Correct You got it! As the groups can contain both groups and users, this is the kind of problem that is a great use case for a recursive solution.	
	Checking if a computer is connected to the local network.	

3. Fill in the blanks to make the is_power_of function return whether the number is a power of the given base. Note: base is assumed to be a positive number. Tip: for functions that return a boolean value, you can return the result of a comparison.

1/1 point

```
def is_power_of(number, base):
      # Base case: when number is smaller than base.
 3
      if number < base:
 4
        # If number is equal to 1, it's a power (base**0).
      return number == 1
 6
     # Recursive case: keep dividing number by base.
 8
    return is_power_of(number/base, base)
10
    print(is_power_of(8,2)) # Should be True
print(is_power_of(64,4)) # Should be True
                                                                                                  Run
    print(is_power_of(70,10)) # Should be False
```

✓ Correct

Nice job! You've made the code check for powers of numbers

1/1 point

4. The count_users function recursively counts the amount of users that belong to a group in the company system, by going through each of the members of a group and if one of them is a group, recursively calling the function and counting the members. But it has a bug! Can you spot the problem and fix it?

```
def count_users(group):
    2
             count = 0
    3
             for member in get_members(group):
    4
             #count += 1
    5
                 if is_group(member):
    6
                    count += count_users(member)
    7
                 else:
    8
                 count+=1
    9
             return count
   10
   11
         print(count users("sales")) # Should be 3
         print(count_users("engineering")) # Should be 8
   12
                                                                                                           Run
         print(count_users("everyone")) # Should be 18
   13
                                                                                                           Reset
 3
 8
 18
✓ Correct
```

Well done, you! You spotted the problem that was causing groups to be counted when we only wanted to count users!

5. Implement the sum_positive_numbers function, as a recursive function that returns the sum of all positive numbers between the number n received and 1. For example, when n is 3 it should return 1+2+3=6, and when n is 5 it should return 1+2+3+4+5=15.

1/1 point

```
1
       def sum_positive_numbers(n):
   2
          count = 0
   3
         if n < 0:
   4
         return 0
   5
         count = n + sum_positive_numbers(n-1)
   6
        return count
       print(sum_positive_numbers(3)) # Should be 6
   8
                                                                                                         Run
       print(sum_positive_numbers(5)) # Should be 15
                                                                                                         Reset
6
15
```

```
✓ Correct
     Here is your output:
     6
     15
     Great work! You've really nailed writing recursive
     functions!
```