- **Some general data are provided on this page.**
- **A Periodic Table with atomic weights is provided on the next page.**

STP = 273.15 K, 1 bar
$N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$ mol^{-1}
$h = 6.6256 \times 10^{-34}$ Js
density(H_2O, l) = 1.00g/mL
F = 96485 C/mol
$c = 2.9979 \times 10^8$ m/s
$m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31}$ kg
$\Delta H^o_{vap}[H_2O] = 44.0$ kJ mol^{-1}
Specific heat of water = 4.184 J / g·°C
$R = 8.3145$ J K^{-1} mol^{-1} = 0.08206 L atm K^{-1} mol^{-1} = 0.083145 L bar K^{-1} mol^{-1}

1 bar = 100.00 kPa = 750.06 mm Hg = 0.98692 atm
1 J = 1 kg m^2 s^{-2} = 1 kPa L = 1 Pa m^3 = 1 V C
1 cm^3 = 1 mL
1 Hz = 1 cycle/s
0°C = 273.15 K
1 m = 10^6 µm = 10^9 nm = 10^{10} Å
1 g = 10^3 mg

De Broglie wavelength:
$\lambda = h/mu = h/p$

Hydrogen atom energy levels:
$E_n = -R_H/n^2 = -2.179 \times 10^{-18}$ J / n^2
$KE = ½mu^2$

Gibbs energy:
$\Delta G° = \Delta H° - T\Delta S°$ $\Delta G° = -RTlnK$ $\Delta G = \Delta G° + RTlnQ$

Nernst Equation:
$$E = E° - \frac{RT}{zF}\ln Q \quad = E° - \frac{0.0257\ \text{V}}{z}\ln Q \quad = E° - \frac{0.0592\ \text{V}}{z}\log_{10} Q$$

Solubility Guidelines for Common Ionic Solids

Follow the lower-numbered guideline when two guidelines are in conflict. This leads to the correct prediction in most cases.

1. Salts of group 1 cations and the NH_4^+ cation are soluble . Except LiF and Li_2CO_3 which are insoluble.
2. Nitrates, acetates, bicarbonates, and perchlorates are soluble.
3. Salts of silver, lead and mercury (I) are insoluble. Except AgF which is soluble.
4. Fluorides, chlorides, bromides, and iodides are soluble. Except Group 2 fluorides which are insoluble
5. Carbonates, phosphates, chromates, sulfides, oxides, and hydroxides are insoluble. Except Group 2 sulfides and hydroxides of Ca^{2+}, Sr^{2+}, and Ba^{2+} which are soluble.).
6. Sulfates are soluble except for those of calcium, strontium, and barium.

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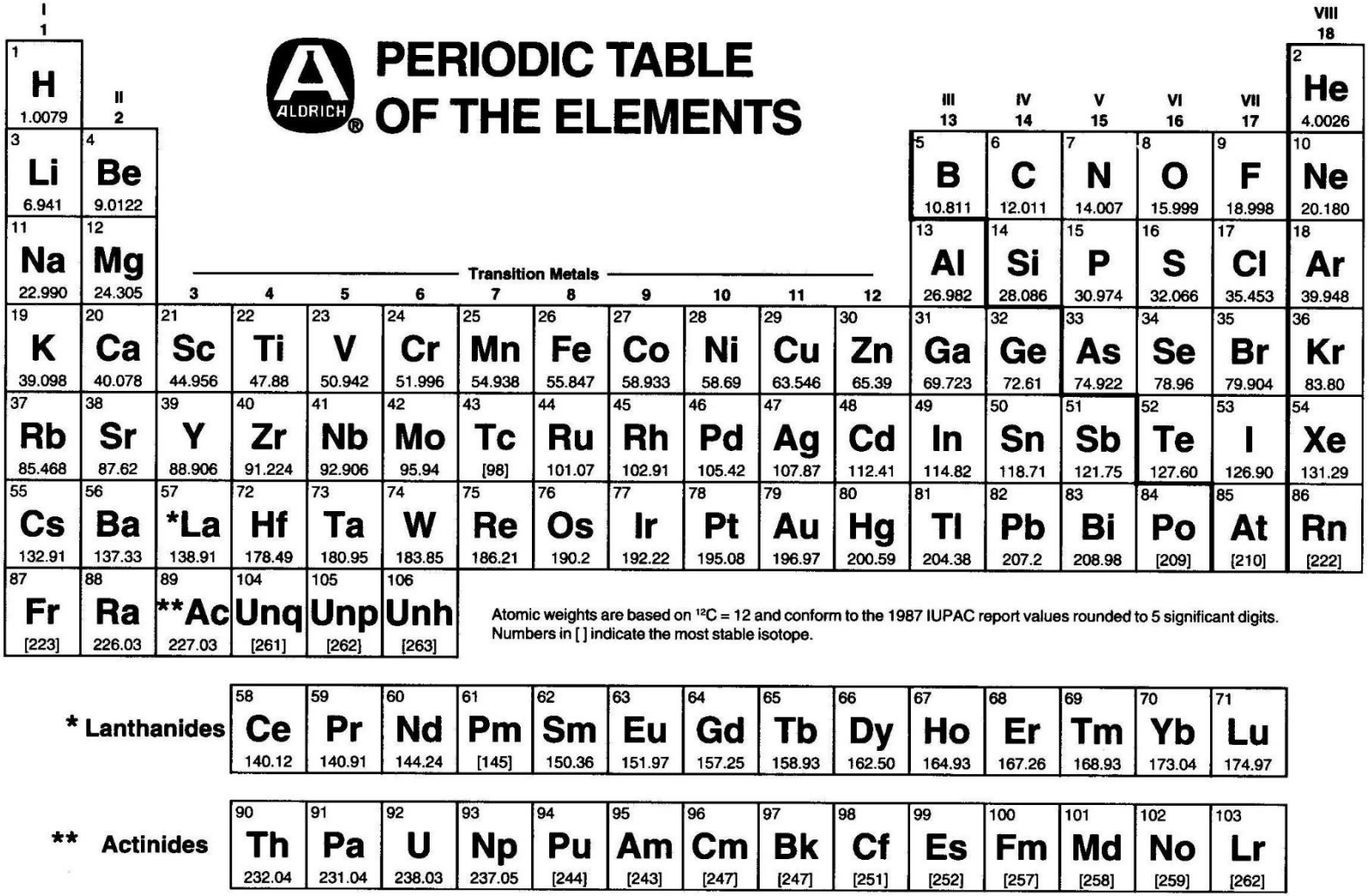

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