

CHEM 112 - Tutorial 9

**Question 1 (4 marks)** Use data from the table below to answer the following questions.

Liquid	$\mu$ , Debye	$\alpha$ , $10^{-25}$ cm $^3$	% Dispersion	% Dipole	$\Delta_{\text{vap}}H_i$ , kJ mol $^{-1}$	Boiling Point, °C
Dimethyl ether, $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$	1.30	52.9	84.6	15.4	18.5 <sup>b</sup>	-24.8 <sup>c</sup>
Diethyl ether, $(\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2)_2\text{O}$	1.10	102	96.3	3.7	27.1	34.5
Methanol, $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$	1.70	32.9	47.6	42.4	37.4	64.6
Ethanol, $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	1.69	54.1	69.8	30.2	42.3	78.3
Water, $\text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.85	14.5	13.8	86.2	44.0	100

- a) Explain why ethanol has a higher boiling point than methanol even though their dipole moments are about the same.
  
  - b) What properties of the two molecules account for this difference?

**Question 2 (2 marks).** In which of the following systems will hydrogen bonding play an important role:

$\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2$        $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$        $\text{CH}_3\text{Cl}$        $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$   
Use Lewis structures to explain your answer.

**Question 3 (4 marks).** The vapour pressure of an unknown compound from the table above at 0°C is 0.2623 atm. If the vapour pressure at 25°C is 0.7135 atm, what is the normal boiling point of the compound? Which compound from the table above is this?