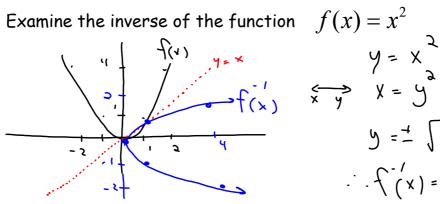
3.3 Inverse of Quadratics

Mar 12



$$y = x$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

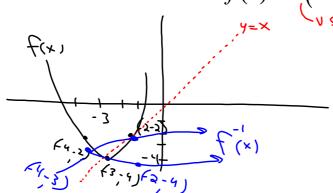
$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

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$$f(x) = x^{2}, x = 0 \longrightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

and its inverse $f(x) = 2(x+3)^2 - 4$ Y=x Graph the following function and its inverse and determine the equation of the inverse.



$$f(x) = 2(x+3)^{2} - 4$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^{2} - 4$$

$$y = 2(x+3)^{2} - 4$$

$$x = 2(x+3)^{2} - 4$$

$$x + 4 = 2(x+3)^{2} - 4$$

$$\frac{x+4}{3} = (x+3)^{2}$$

$$f(x) = 3(x+3)-4, \ X = -3 \longrightarrow f(x) = -\frac{3}{x+4} - 3$$

$$f(x) = 3(x+3)-4, \ X = -3 \longrightarrow f(x) = -\frac{3}{x+4} - 3$$

Determine the inverse of
$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-4}{-2}} - 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-4}{-2}} - 1$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{y-4}{-2}} - 1$$

$$x + 1 = \sqrt{\frac{y-4}{-2}}$$

$$(x+1)^2 = y - 4$$

$$-2(x+1)^2 + 4 = y = f(x)$$

$$(x+1)^2 + 4 = y = f(x)$$

Homework p.160 #1-10,12,13