

2.7 Add/Subtract Rational Expressions

Mar 5

Simplify and state restrictions

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3}{8x^2} + \frac{1}{4x} - \frac{5}{6x^3} \\
 &= \frac{3(3x)}{24x^3} + \frac{1(6x^2)}{24x^3} - \frac{5(4)}{24x^3} \\
 &= \frac{9x + 6x^2 - 20}{24x^3} \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{6x^2 + 9x - 20}{24x^3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

~~(3x)~~ ~~(2x)~~)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3x}{2x+1} + \frac{4}{x-3} \\
 &= \frac{3x(x-3) + 4(2x+1)}{(2x+1)(x-3)} \\
 &= \frac{3x^2 - 9x + 8x + 4}{(2x+1)(x-3)} \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{3x^2 - x + 4}{(2x+1)(x-3)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$D = b^2 - 4ac$
 $= (-1)^2 - 4(3)(4)$
 $= -47$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2x}{x^2-1} - \frac{x+2}{x^2+3x-4} \\
 &= \frac{2x}{(x-1)(x+1)} - \frac{x+2}{(x+4)(x-1)} \\
 &= \frac{2x(x+4) - (x+2)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+4)} \\
 &= \frac{2x^2 + 8x - (x^2 + x + 2x + 2)}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+4)} \\
 &= \frac{2x^2 + 8x - x^2 - 3x - 2}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+4)} \\
 &= \frac{x^2 + 5x - 2}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x-1}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x-2} \div \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2-4} \\
 &= \frac{x-1}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x-2} \cdot \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x+1)^2} \\
 &= \frac{x-1}{x+1} + \frac{x(x+2)}{(x+1)^2} \\
 &= \frac{(x-1)(x+1) + x(x+2)}{(x+1)^2} \\
 &= \frac{x^2-1 + x^2+2x}{(x+1)^2} \\
 &= \frac{2x^2+2x-1}{(x+1)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= b^2 - 4ac \\
 &= 2^2 - 4(-1)(2) \\
 &= 4 + 8 \\
 &= 12 \leftarrow \text{NOT PERFECT SQUARE.}
 \end{aligned}$$

Homework p.128#1-10