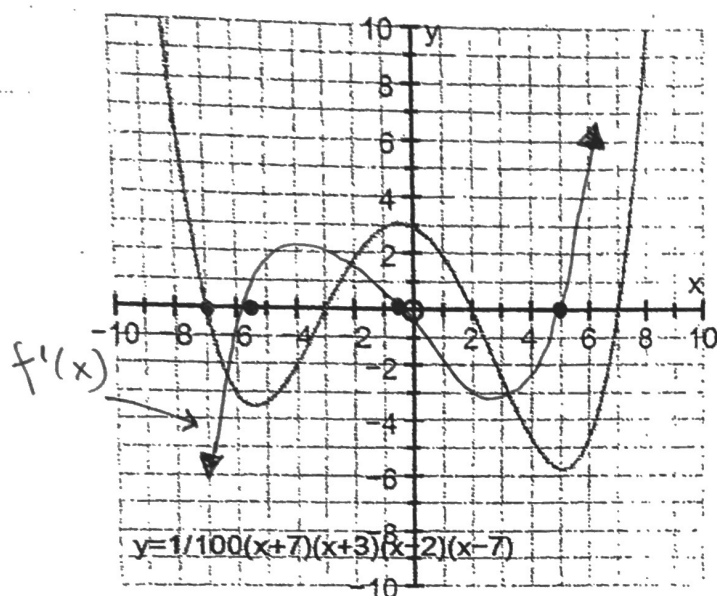
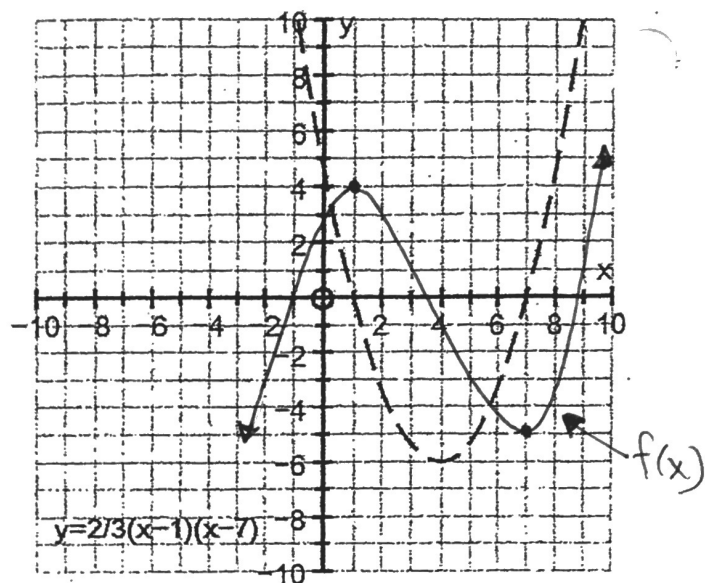


7. Given the graph of $f(x)$, sketch $f'(x)$



8. Given the graph of $f'(x)$, sketch $f(x)$



Challenge Question

1. Find all a and all b for which f is continuous at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$. $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - a, & x \leq 0 \\ \frac{-2}{x+b}, & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ ax - 3, & x > 1 \end{cases}$

$$[a = -3 \text{ or } 2, b = -\frac{2}{3} \text{ or } 1]$$

$$f(0) = -a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = -a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \frac{-2}{b}$$

$$\therefore \boxed{-a = \frac{-2}{b}} \quad (1)$$

$$f(1) = \frac{-2}{1+b}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \frac{-2}{1+b}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = a - 3$$

$$\boxed{a - 3 = \frac{-2}{1+b}} \quad (2)$$

sub $a = \frac{2}{b}$ into (2)

$$\frac{2}{b} - 3 = \frac{-2}{1+b}$$

$$\frac{2-3b}{b} = \frac{-2}{1+b}$$

$$(2-3b)(1+b) = -2b$$

$$2 + 2b - 3b - 3b^2 = -2b$$

$$3b^2 - b - 2 = 0$$

$$3(3b+2)(b-1) = 0$$

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$$\therefore b = -\frac{2}{3}, 1 \text{ and } a = -3, 2$$