4.4 - Modeling With Formulas Worksheet

MPM1D

1. Rearrange each formula to isolate the variable indicated.

a)
$$P = 4s$$
 for s

b)
$$A = P + I$$
 for P

c)
$$C = 2\pi r$$
 for r

c)
$$y = mx + b$$
 for b

2. Rearrange each formula to isolate the variable indicated.

a)
$$d = mt + b$$
 for m

b)
$$P = 2l + 2w$$
 for w

c)
$$a = \frac{v}{t}$$
 for v

d)
$$v = \frac{d}{t}$$
 for t

3. You can use the formula C=2.5I to obtain an approximate value for converting a length, I, in inches to a length, C, in centimetres.

- a) Use the formula to find the number of centimetres in
 - i) 6 inches

ii) 3 feet (1 foot = 12 inches)

b) Rearrange the formula to express *I* in terms of *C*.

- c) How man inches are in
 - i) 75 cm

ii) 1 m

| 4. Kwok is a hotel manager. His responsibilities include rentin \$250 per day plus \$15 per person for the grand ballroom. | ng rooms for conferences. The hotel charges |
|---|--|
| a) Create a formula that relates the cost, \mathcal{C} , in dollars, of renting | ng the ballroom to the number of people, n . |
| b) How much should Kwok charge to rent the hall for: | |
| i) 50 people | ii) 100 people |
| c) Rearrange your formula to express n in terms of \mathcal{C} . | |
| d) How many people could attend a wedding reception if the | wedding planners have a budget of: |

5. The area, *A*, of a square is related to its perimeter, *P*, by the formula $A = \frac{P^2}{16}$

a) Rearrange this formula to express P in terms of A.

ii) \$2000

i) \$4000

| b) Find the perimeter of a square with area | 1: |
|---|----|
|---|----|

i)
$$25~\text{cm}^2$$
 ii) $50~\text{cm}^2$

6. Sometimes the same formula can have many different forms. PV = nRT is a useful formula in chemistry. It relates the characteristics of a gas:

| Variable | Characteristic |
|----------|---|
| Р | pressure |
| V | volume |
| R | universal gas constant |
| п | number of moles, or how much gas there is |
| Т | temperature |

Rearrange this formula to isolate each variable:

| 7. The distance an accelerating object travels is related to its initial speed, v , its rate of acc | eleration, a , |
|---|------------------|
| and time, t: | |

$$d = vt + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

a) Rearrange this formula to isolate v.

b) An object travels 30 m while accelerating at a rate of 6 m/s 2 for 3 seconds. What was its initial speed?