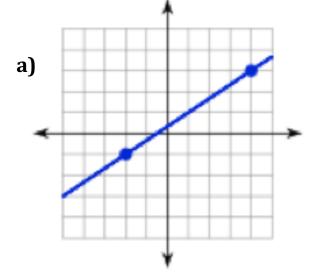
# Section 5.3b – Slope

MPM1D

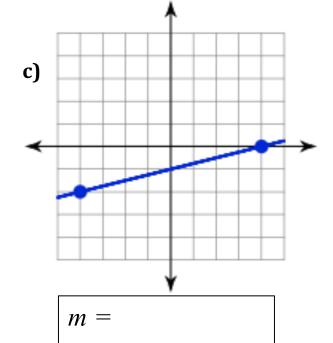
# Part 1: Do It Now

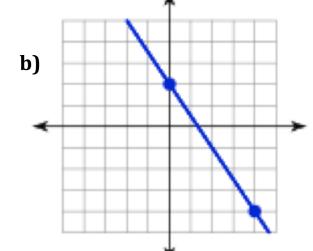
Find the slope of each of the following lines by looking at the graph and determining the rise and the run.

Remember:  $slope = \frac{rise}{run}$ 

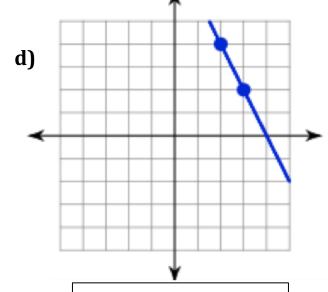


$$m =$$





$$m =$$



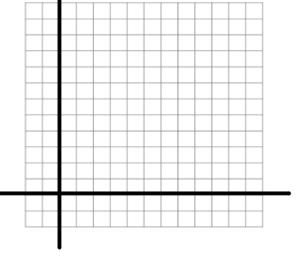
$$m =$$

# Part 2: Draw a graph to find another point on a line

**Example 1:** A line segment has one endpoint, A(4,7), and slope of  $-\frac{3}{2}$ . Find the coordinates of another possible endpoint, B.

Step 1: Plot the point A(4,7).

Step 2: Use the slope  $-\frac{3}{2}$  to find another endpoint.



Note: 
$$-\frac{3}{2} = \frac{-3}{2}$$
 , therefore the line has a rise of \_\_\_\_\_ and run of \_\_\_\_\_

To plot another point, start at point A and use the slope of the line to plot another point.

The rise of -3 tells us we should go \_\_\_\_\_ 3 units.

The run of 2 tells us we should go \_\_\_\_\_ 2 units.

Another possible endpoint is: ( , )

Note: There are an infinite number of solutions!!! What would have happen if you used a slope of  $\frac{3}{2}$ ? Why does this happen?

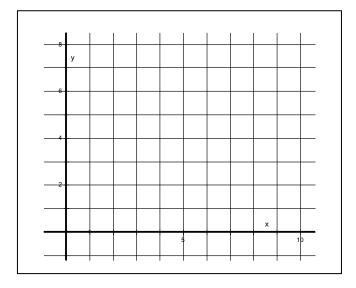
## **Example 2:**

If a line has slope of  $-\frac{1}{2}$ , and the line passes through the point (4,5) determine the coordinates of two points to the left, and two points to the right on the same line.

Note: 
$$-\frac{1}{2} = \frac{-1}{2} = \frac{1}{-2}$$

# **Graphical solution:**

('move' to other points according to the slope)



#### **Table solution:**

('move' to other points according to the slope)

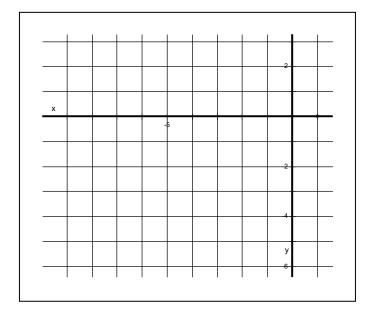
Χ	у	
4	5	
		l

# Example 3:

If a line has slope of  $m = \frac{1}{3}$ , and the line passes through the point (-2,-1) determine the coordinates of a point to the left and right on the same line.

## **Graphical solution:**

('move' to other points according to the slope)



#### **Table solution:**

('move' to other points according to the slope)

X	у	
-2	-1	

### Part 3: Use the coordinates to find another point on the line

**Example 4:** A line segment has one endpoint A(-2,7) and a slop of  $-\frac{4}{3}$ . Find the coordinates of another point on the line.

$$-\frac{4}{3} = \frac{-4}{3}$$
 Therefore the line has a rise of \_\_\_\_\_ and a run of \_\_\_\_\_.

Add the rise to the y-coordinate and the run to the x-coordinate to find another possible point.

Other endpoint = 
$$(-2 + 3, 7 + (-4))$$
 =

Note: you could also subtract the rise and run to find a point to the other side on the line.

**Example 5:** A line segment has one endpoint A(3,-5) and a slope of  $-\frac{7}{2}$ . Find the coordinates of another point on the line.