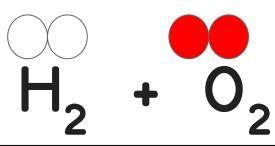
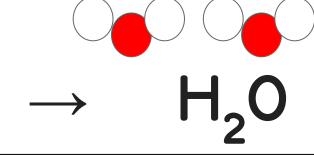
## Balancing Equations

Answer Key by Liz Belasic & Dr. Loney

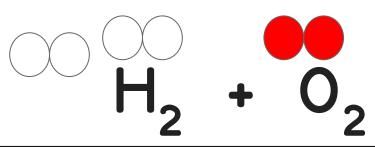
$$H_2 + O_2 --> H_2O$$

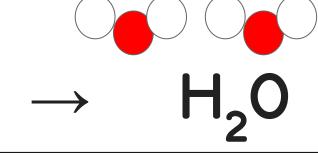




<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left Side</u>	<u>Right Side</u>
Hydrogen	2	2 <sup>×2</sup> = 4
0xygen	2	1 <sup>×2</sup> = 2

- 1. LOOK FOR ONE UNBALANCED ELEMENT AND MULTIPLY ONE SIDE BY A COEFFICIENT THAT WILL BALANCE IT.
- 2.IF THE ELEMENT IS IN A COMPOUND, YOU NEED TO MULTIPLY THE OTHER ELEMENT(S) IN THE THE COMPOUND BY THE SAME COEFFICIENT. You can see TWO  $\rm H_2O$  represented now.
- 3. REPEAT STEPS 1 & 2 Until Balanced. USE THE FINAL COEFFICIENTS IN FRONT OF THE COMPOUNDS/ELEMENTS IN THE EQUATION.





<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left Side</u>	<u>Right Side</u>
Hydrogen	2 <sup>×2</sup> = 4	2 <sup>×2</sup> = 4
0xygen	2	1 <sup>×2</sup> = 2

- 1. LOOK FOR ONE UNBALANCED ELEMENT AND MULTIPLY ONE SIDE BY A COEFFICIENT THAT WILL BALANCE IT.
- 2.IF THE ELEMENT IS IN A COMPOUND, YOU NEED TO MULTIPLY THE OTHER ELEMENT(S) IN THE THE COMPOUND BY THE SAME COEFFICIENT. You can see TWO  $\rm H_2$  represented now.
- 3. REPEAT STEPS 1 & 2 Until Balanced. USE THE FINAL COEFFICIENTS IN FRONT OF THE COMPOUNDS/ELEMENTS IN THE EQUATION.

## $\frac{2}{2}H_{2} + O_{2}$

# 2 H<sub>2</sub>0

<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left</u>	Side
	<u> </u>	_

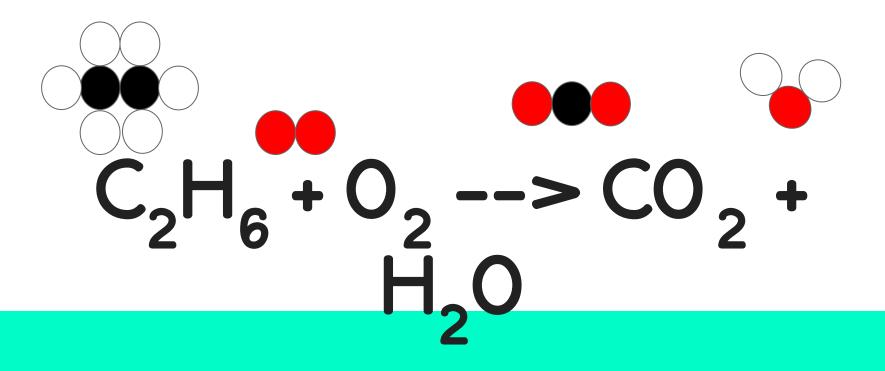
0xygen

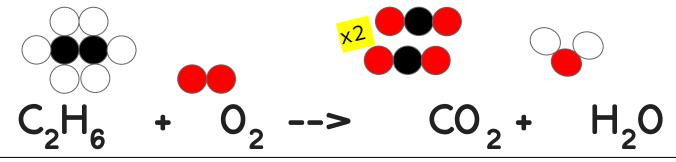
$$2^{\times 2} = 4$$

$$2^{\times 2} = 4$$

$$1^{\times 2} = 2$$

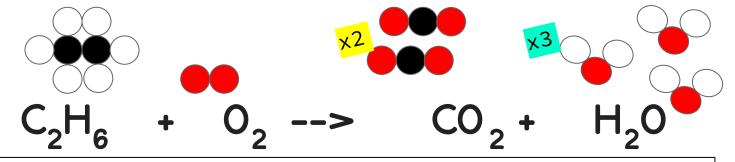
- 1. LOOK FOR ONE UNBALANCED ELEMENT AND MULTIPLY ONE SIDE BY A COEFFICIENT THAT WILL BALANCE IT.
- 2.IF THE ELEMENT IS IN A COMPOUND, YOU NEED TO MULTIPLY THE OTHER ELEMENT(S) IN THE THE COMPOUND BY THE SAME COEFFICIENT.
- 3. REPEAT STEPS 1 & 2 Until Balanced. USE THE FINAL COEFFICIENTS IN FRONT OF THE COMPOUNDS/ELEMENTS IN THE EQUATION.





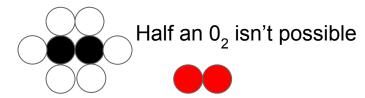
<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left Side</u>	<u>Right Side</u>
Carbon	2	1 ×2 = 2
Hydrogen	6	2
0xygen	2	2 ×2 +1 =5

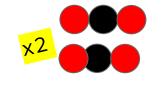
- 1. LOOK FOR ONE UNBALANCED ELEMENT AND MULTIPLY ONE SIDE BY A COEFFICIENT THAT WILL BALANCE IT.
- 2.IF THE ELEMENT IS IN A COMPOUND, YOU NEED TO MULTIPLY THE OTHER ELEMENT(S) IN THE THE COMPOUND BY THE SAME COEFFICIENT. You can see TWO  ${\rm CO_2}$  represented now.
- 3. REPEAT STEPS 1 & 2 Until Balanced. USE THE FINAL COEFFICIENTS IN FRONT OF THE COMPOUNDS/ELEMENTS IN THE EQUATION.

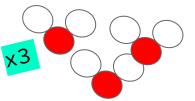


<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>R</u> ight Side
Carbon	2	Note it isn't	1 ×2 = 2
Hydrogen	6	possible to get an odd number of oxygen	$2 \times 3 = 6$
0xygen	2	on left side.	$2^{\times 2} + 1^{\times 3} = 7$

- 1. LOOK FOR ONE UNBALANCED ELEMENT AND MULTIPLY ONE SIDE BY A COEFFICIENT THAT WILL BALANCE IT.
- 2.IF THE ELEMENT IS IN A COMPOUND, YOU NEED TO MULTIPLY THE OTHER ELEMENT(S) IN THE THE COMPOUND BY THE SAME COEFFICIENT. YOu can see THREE  $\rm H_2O$  represented now.
- 3. REPEAT STEPS 1 & 2 Until Balanced. USE THE FINAL COEFFICIENTS IN FRONT OF THE COMPOUNDS IN THE EQUATION.







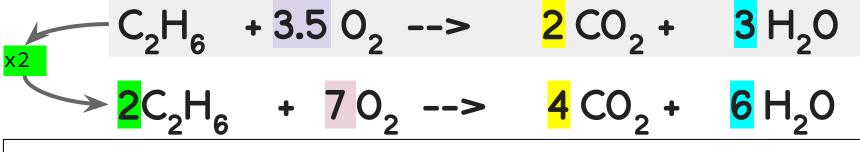
$C_2H_6$	+	3.5	0,	>
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CO,	+
-----	---

<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left Side</u>	<u>Right Side</u>
Carbon	2	1 ×2 = 2
Hydrogen	6	$2 \times 3 = 6$
0xygen	$2\times^{3.5} = 7$	$2 \times 2 + 1 \times 3 = 7$

#### The Trick:

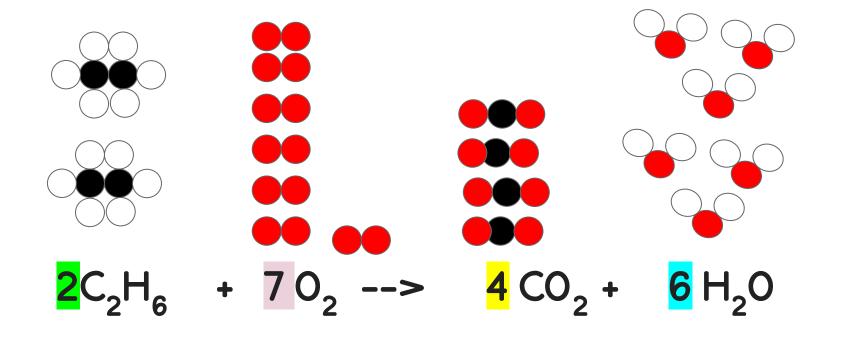
- Multiply O<sub>2</sub> by a number that DOES balance with the opposite side
- Then multiply ALL coefficients by a common factor to yield whole numbers.



0xygen	14	14
Hydrogen	12	12
Carbon	4	4
<u>Elements</u>	<u>Left Side</u>	<u>Right Side</u>

#### The Trick:

- Multiply O<sub>2</sub> by a number that DOES balance with the opposite side
- Then multiply ALL coefficients by a common factor to yield whole numbers.

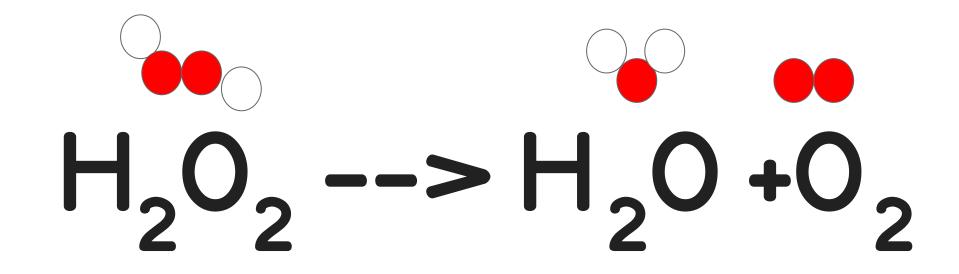


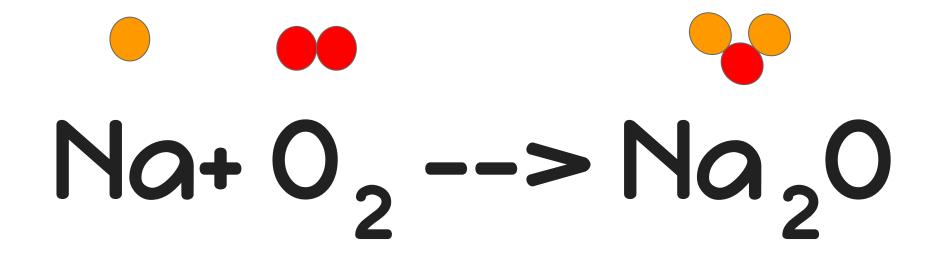
RECOUNT ALL TO CONFIRM ITS CORRECT

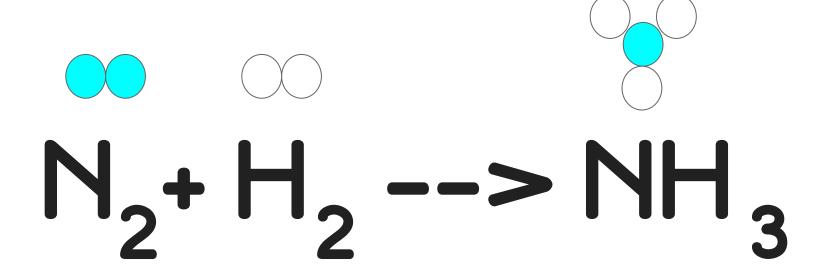
DON'T PANIC IF SOMETHING WAS BALANCED TO BEGIN WITH BUT THEN BECOMES UNBALANCED DURING THE PROCESS. IT WILL JUST HAVE TO BE BALANCED AGAIN. AND THAT'S OK!

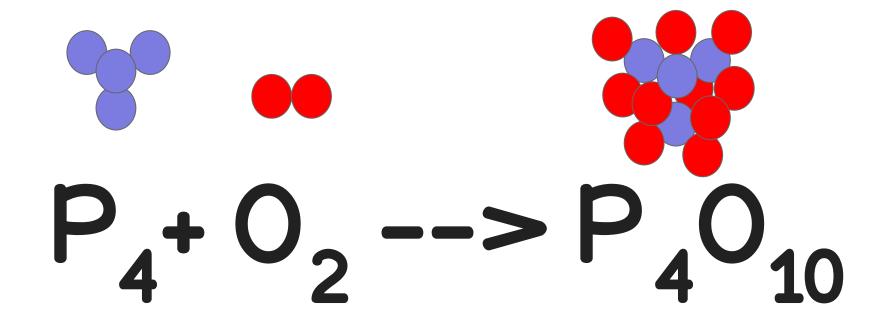
#### Don't panic!!

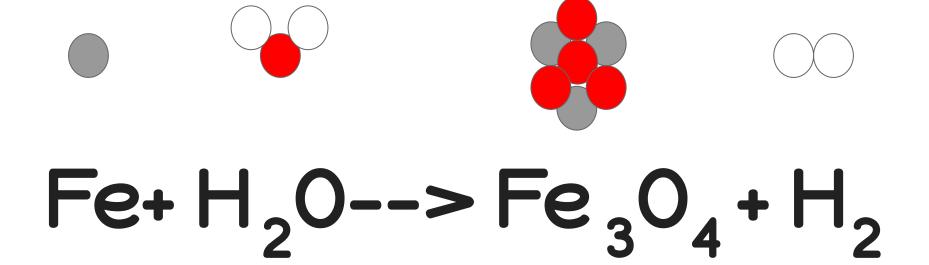
## Metals -> Non-metals ->H -> O













$$C + H_2 --> CH_4$$

