## **Unit 6 Pre-Test Review – Rational Inequalities and Rates of Change** MHF4U

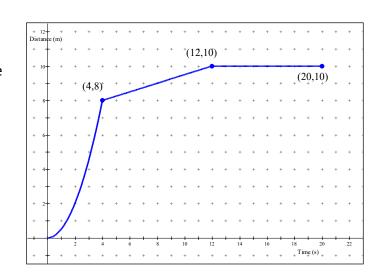
1) Consider the data below for a car tire with a leak:

Minutes after the leak began	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
Pressure of air in the tire in kilopascals (kPa)	400	335	295	255	225	195	170

**a)** Calculate the average rate of change over the 30 minute interval. Explain the meaning of this rate using proper units.

**b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change at 5 minutes using a surrounding interval.

- **2)** The graph to the right represents the escape of a vole that was frightened by a hawk flying by. Describe the motion of the vole as suggested by the graph.
- **a)** What is the average speed of the vole on the intervals...
- **i)** [0, 4]
- ii) [4, 12]



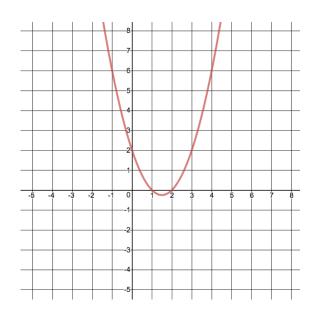
**b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change (speed) of the vole at 2 seconds. Use an average of 2 secant lines.

- **3)** For the function  $f(x) = x^2 3x + 2$
- a) Calculate the average rate of change for the following intervals

i) 
$$-1 \le x \le 2$$

ii) 
$$4 \le x \le 8$$

**b)** Use the graph of the function to estimate the instantaneous rate of change at x=2 by drawing a tangent line and calculating it's slope.



c) Verify your answers from part b) by calculating the LIMIT of the secant slopes as you approach x=2.

Interval	$\Delta y$	$\Delta x$	Slope of secant $=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$
$2 \le x \le 2.5$			
$2 \le x \le 2.1$			
$2 \le x \le 2.01$			
$2 \le x \le 2.001$			

Estimate of instantaneous rate of change at $x = 2 \dots$	
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4) Use the data below for the temperature in degrees Celsius for a wood fire oven.

Time in Minutes	0	5	8	10	13	15	19	21	25
Temp (°C)	25	120	205	250	290	280	290	285	285

**a)** Find the average rate of change of the temperature between 0 and 25 minutes. Show proper units and notation.

**b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change of the temperature at 10 minutes. Use 2 methods.

5) Find the equation of the derivative for each of the following functions. Also, find the instantaneous rate of
change for the function when $x = -2$ and $x = 3$ .

$$a) f(x) = 4x - 1$$

**b)** 
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x + 2$$

c) 
$$f(x) = -2x^3 + 3x^2$$

**6)** Determine the equation of the tangent line at x=-2 for the function in part  $f(x)=3x^2-5x+2$ 

## 7) Use the graph to find the following limits

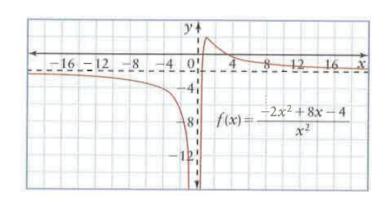


$$\mathbf{b)} \lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x)$$

$$c) \lim_{x \to 0^+} f(x)$$

$$\mathbf{d)} \lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f(x)$$

$$e) \lim_{x \to 0} f(x)$$



## 8) Evaluate each limit if it exists

**a)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{-x^2 + 8x}{2x + 1}$$

**b)** 
$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{3x^2 + 5x - 2}{x^2 - 2x - 8}$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 7} \frac{x^2 - 49}{x - 7}$$

**d)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{9x}{2x^2 - 5x}$$

## **Answer Key**

- 1)a) m = -7.67 kPa/min, which means over the 30-minute interval, the tire lost 7.67 kPa of air pressure every minute on average. **b)**  $\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{t=5} \approx -10.5 \text{ kPa/min}$
- **2)a)i)** m = 2 m/s ii) m = 0.125 m/s iii) m = 0.125 m/s
- **b)**  $\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{t=2} \approx 2 \text{ m/s}$
- **3)a)i)** m = -2 ii) m = 9 b)c)  $\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=2} \approx 1$
- **4)a)** m = 10.4 °C/min **b)** surrounding interval:  $\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=10} \approx 17$  °C/min, average intervals:  $\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=10} \approx 17.9$  °C/min **5)a)** f'(x) = 4, f(-2) = 4, f(3) = 4 **b)** f'(x) = 6x 5, f(-2) = -17, f(3) = 13
- c)  $f'(x) = -6x^2 + 6x$ , f(-2) = -36, f(3) = -36
- **6)** y = -17x 10
- 7)a) -2 b) -2 c)  $-\infty$  d)  $-\infty$  e)  $-\infty$
- 8)a) $\frac{15}{7}$  b) $\frac{7}{6}$  c) 14 d)  $-\frac{9}{5}$