L2 – 6.4 – Power Law of Logarithms MHF4U

Part 1: Solving for an Unknown Exponent

Example 1: Suppose you invest \$100 in an account that pays 5% interest, compounded annually. The amount, A, in dollars, in the account after any given time, t, in years, is given by $A = 100(1.05)^t$. How long will it take for the amount in this account to double?

In this example, we used the power law of logarithms to help solve for an unknown exponent.

Power Law of Logarithms:

$$\log_b x^n = n \log_b x$$
, $b > 0, b \neq 1, x > 0$

Proof of Power Law of Logarithms:

Let $w = \log_b x$

Write in exponential form

Raise both sides to the exponent of n

Apply power law of exponents

Write as a logarithmic expression

Substitute $w = \log_b x$

Part 2: Practice the Power Law of Logarithms

Example 2: Evaluate each of the following

a) $\log_3 9^4$

Method 1: Simplify and Evaluate using rules from

last lesson

Rule: $\log_a(a^b) = b$

Method 2: Use Power Law of Logarithms

Rule: $\log_b x^n = n \log_b x$

b) $\log_2 8^5$

c) $\log_5 \sqrt{125}$

Part 3: Change of Base Formula

Thinking back to example 1, we had the equation:

 $2 = 1.05^t$

We could have written this in logarithmic form as $\log_{1.05} 2 = t$, but unfortunately, there is no easy way to change 2 to a power with base 1.05 and you can't just type on your calculator to evaluate because most scientific calculators can only evaluate logarithms in base 10. So we used the power law of logarithms instead.

Any time you want to evaluate a logarithm that is not base 10, such as $\log_{1.05} 2$, you can use the

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To calculate a logarithm with any base, express in terms of common logarithms use the **change of base formula:**

Using this formula, we could determine that $log_{1.05} 2 = using the power law of logarithms.$

, which is exactly what we ended up with by

Part 4: Evaluate Logarithms with Various Bases

Example 3: Evaluate, correct to three decimal places

a) $\log_5 17$

b) $\log_{\frac{1}{2}} 10$

Example 4: Solve for y in the equation $100 = 2^y$

OR