# Rates of Change

Workbook

MHF4U

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

### W1 – 1.5 Average Rates of Change

#### MHF4U

- 1) Calculate the average rate of change for the function  $g(x) = 4x^2 5x + 1$  over each interval.
- a)  $2 \le x \le 4$

**b)**  $2 \le x \le 3$ 

c)  $2 \le x \le 2.5$ 

**d)**  $2 \le x \le 2.25$ 

**e)**  $2 \le x \le 2.1$ 

**f)**  $2 \le x \le 2.01$ 

**2)** An emergency flare is shot into the air. Its height, in meters, above the ground at various times in its flight is given in the following table:

Time (s)	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
Height (m)	2.00	15.75	27.00	35.75	42.00	45.75	47.00	45.75	42.00

Determine the average rate of change in the height of the flare during each interval

a) 
$$1.0 \le t \le 2.0$$

**b)** 
$$3.0 \le t \le 4.0$$

3) What is the average rate of change in the values of the function f(x) = 4x from x = 2 to x = 6? What about from x = 2 to x = 26? What do your results indicate about f(x)?

4) The population of a city has continued to grow since 1950. The population, P, in thousands, and the time t, in years, since 1950 are given in the table below and in the graph.

Time (years)	0	10	20	30	40	50	60
Population (thousands)	5	10	20	40	80	160	320

a) Calculate the average rate of change in the population for the following intervals of time.

**i)** 
$$0 \le t \le 20$$

**ii)** 
$$20 \le t \le 40$$

iii) 
$$40 \le t \le 60$$

**iv)** 
$$0 \le t \le 60$$

- **5)** A company that sells sweatshirts finds that the profit can be modelled by  $P(s) = -0.30s^2 + 3.5s + 11.15$ , where P(s) is the profit, in thousands of dollars, and s is the number of sweatshirts sold (expressed in thousands).
- a) Calculate the average rate of change in the profit for the following intervals.
  - i)  $1 \le s \le 2$

**ii)**  $2 \le s \le 3$ 

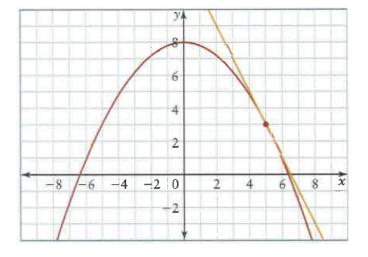
iii)  $3 \le s \le 4$ 

iv)  $4 \le s \le 5$ 

- **b)** As the number of sweatshirts sold increases, what do you notice about the average rate of change in profit on each sweatshirt? What does this mean?
- c) Predict if the rate of change in profit will stay positive. Explain what this means.

### W2 – 1.6 Instantaneous Rates of Change MHF4U

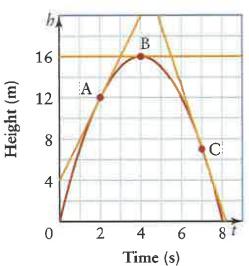
- 1) Consider the graph shown.
- a) State the coordinates of the tangent point
- **b)** State the coordinates of another point on the tangent line
- c) Use the points you found to find the slope of the tangent line



- d) What does the slope of the tangent line represent?
- **2)a)** At each of the indicated points on the graph, is the instantaneous rate of change positive, negative, or zero?
- **b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change at points A and C.

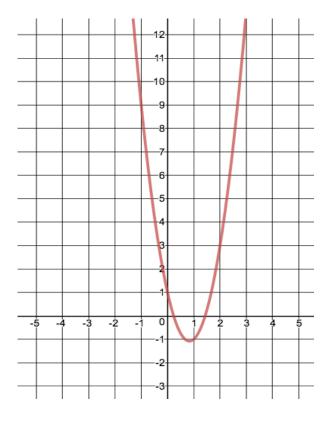
**c)** Interpret the values in part b) for the situation represented by the graph.



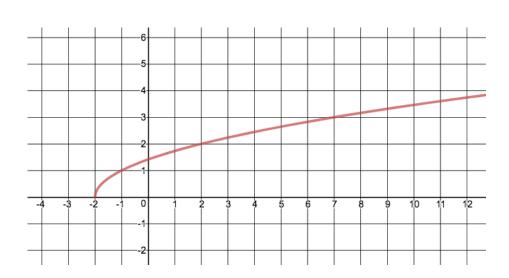


3) Use the graph of each function to estimate the instantaneous rate of change at x=2 by drawing a tangent line and calculating it's slope.

a) 
$$3x^2 - 5x + 1$$



**b)** 
$$\sqrt{x+2}$$



4) Verify your answers from question #3 by calculating the LIMIT of the secant slopes as you approach x=2.

a)

Interval	$\Delta y$	$\Delta x$	Slope of secant $=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$
$2 \le x \le 2.5$			
$2 \le x \le 2.1$			
$2 \le x \le 2.01$			
$2 \le x \le 2.001$			

b)

Interval	$\Delta y$	$\Delta x$	Slope of secant $=\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$
$2 \le x \le 2.5$			
$2 \le x \le 2.1$			
$2 \le x \le 2.01$			
$2 \le x \le 2.001$			

**5)** Use the chart below to estimate the slope of the tangent to the curve  $y = \sqrt{2-x}$  at x = 1. Have 4 (four) decimal place accuracy in the "slope of secant" column. (4 mks)

Interval	Change in $y = \Delta y$	$\Delta x$	$\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$ = slope of secant
$0 \le x \le 1$			
$0.5 \le x \le 1$			
$0.9 \le x \le 1$			
$0.99 \le x \le 1$			
$0.999 \le x \le 1$			

Predicted Slope of the Tangent when $x = 1 \dots$	$_{ m f L}$ (follow the trend in the 4 $^{ m th}$ column)
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**6)** The data shows the percent of households that play games over the internet.

Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
% of Households	12.3	18.2	24.4	25.7	27.9

**a)** Determine the average rate of change, in percent, of households that played games over the internet from 1999 to 2003.

**b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change in percent of households that played games over the internet in the year 2000. Use the method of averaging a preceding and following interval AND the method of choosing a surrounding interval.

7) Consider the data below describing the height of the world's tallest modern human, Robert Wadlow (1918-1940). At his death at 22 years of age, his height was 8 feet, 11.1 inches.

Age in years	4	8	10	13	16	18	19	21	22
Height in cm	160	190	200	220	240	250	260	268	272

**a)** Find average rate of change in Wadlow's height between the ages of 4 and 22. Show proper units and notation.

**b)** Estimate the instantaneous rate of change for Robert Wadlow's height when he was 16 years of age using 2 methods.

## W3 – Newton Quotient MHF4U

1) Find the equation of the derivative for each of the following functions. Also, find the instantaneous rate of change for the function when x = 4 and x = -1.

**a)** 
$$f(x) = 3x - 8$$

**b)** 
$$y = 20x + x^2$$

c) 
$$y = 2x^3 + 4$$

**d)** 
$$f(x) = x^2 - 9x + 17$$

$$e) f(x) = \frac{x(x+1)}{2}$$

 $f) f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ 

**2)** State whether the functions are increasing, decreasing, or neither when x=4 for each function in #1. How do you know?

**3)a)** State the derivative of  $f(x) = x^3$ 

**b)** Evaluate f'(-6)

c) Determine the equation of the tangent line at x=6

1) Evaluate each limit

**a)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{3x}{x^2 + 2}$$

**b)** 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} (x^4 + x^3 + x^2)$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 9} \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2$$

2) Evaluate the limit of each

**a)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{4-x^2}{2-x}$$

**b)** 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{2x^2 + 5x + 3}{x + 1}$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x\to 3} \frac{x^3-27}{x-3}$$

**d)** 
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{16 - x^2}{x^3 + 64}$$

e) 
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{x^2 - 16}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

**f)** 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2 + x}{x + 1}$$

**3)** Complete the following table and use results to estimate  $\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-x-2}$ 

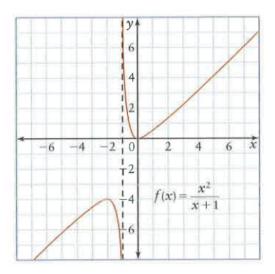
х	1.9	1.99	1.999	2.001	2.01	2.1
$\frac{x-2}{x^2-x-2}$						

4) Use the graph to find the following limits:

a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1^+} \frac{x^2}{x+1}$$

**b)** 
$$\lim_{x \to -1^-} \frac{x^2}{x+1}$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \frac{x^2}{x+1}$$



5) Use the graph to determine the following limits

$$a) \lim_{x \to -1^+} h(x)$$

$$\mathbf{b)} \lim_{x \to -1^-} h(x)$$

c) 
$$\lim_{x\to -1}h(x)$$

$$\mathbf{d)} \ \lim_{x \to 3^+} h(x)$$

$$e) \lim_{x \to 3^-} h(x)$$

$$f) \lim_{x \to 3} h(x)$$

