Course Number CSci 120

Descriptive TitleObject-oriented Programming

Programming Language Jav

Problem Number 7

Activity Title Delete Repeats

Procedure Proper:

1. Write a function called deleteRepeats which has a string parameter, originalString, that deletes all repeated letters from the string and returns the unduplicated string.

```
string a = "abac";
string x = deleteRepeats(a);
```

2. After this code is executed, the value of x[0] is 'a', the value of x[1] is 'b', the value of x[2] is 'c', and the length of x is 3. You may assume that the string contains only lowercase letters. Embed your function in a suitable test program.

Note:

- ✓ You might need to work with arrays of characters to solve this problem.
- ✓ You will also be working with pointers and references.
- ✓ You might need to create some helper functions to at least easily solve the problem.

Runtime Requirement(s):

1. If the inputted array of characters is "abac";

```
Enter an array of characters (30 max): abac

string : abac
size : 4

After deleting the repeating characters...

string : abc
size : 3
```

2. If the inputted array of characters is "sdfgdsgdsfgdsgdfgdfg";

```
Enter an array of characters (30 max): sdfgdsfgdsgdfgdfg

string: sdfgdsfgdsgdfgdfg
size: 17

After deleting the repeating characters...

string: sdfg
size: 4
```

3. If the inputted array of characters is "dsf;k#l!@gh@";

```
Enter an array of characters (30 max): dsf;k#l!@gh@

string : dsf;k#l!@gh@
size : 12

After deleting the repeating characters...

string : dsf;k#l!gh
size : 10
```

4. If the inputted array of characters is "sssssssssSSSSSSSSSsssssSSSSSSS";

5. If the inputted array of characters is "sdalkfjs;dfg";

```
Enter an array of characters (30 max): sdalkfjs;dfj

string : sdalkfjs;dfj
size : 12

After deleting the repeating characters...

string : sdalkfj;
size : 8
```