

TLE206x, TLE206xA, TLE206xB, TLE206xY
EXCALIBUR JFET-INPUT HIGH-OUTPUT-DRIVE
μPOWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
SLOS193A – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 1998

- **2× Bandwidth (2 MHz) of the TL06x and TL03x Operational Amplifiers**
- **Low Supply Current . . . 290 μA/Ch Typ**
- **On-chip Offset Voltage Trimming for Improved DC Performance**
- **High Output Drive, Specified into 100-Ω Loads**
- **Lower Noise Floor Than Earlier Generations of Low-Power BiFETs**

description

The TLE206x series of low-power JFET-input operational amplifiers doubles the bandwidth of the earlier generation TL06x and TL03x BiFET families without significantly increasing power consumption. Texas Instruments Excalibur process also delivers a lower noise floor than the TL06x and TL03x. On-chip zener trimming of offset voltage yields precision grades for dc-coupled applications. The TLE206x devices are pin-compatible with other TI BiFETs; they can be used to double the bandwidth of TL06x and TL03x circuits, or to reduce power consumption of TL05x, TL07x, and TL08x circuits by nearly 90%.

BiFET operational amplifiers offer the inherently-higher input impedance of the JFET-input transistors, without sacrificing the output drive associated with bipolar amplifiers. This makes them better suited for interfacing with high-impedance sensors or very low-level ac signals. They also feature inherently better ac response than bipolar or CMOS devices having comparable power consumption. The TLE206x family features a high-output-drive circuit capable of driving 100-Ω loads at supplies as low as ± 5 V. This makes them uniquely suited for driving transformer loads in modems and other applications requiring good ac characteristics, low power, and high output drive.

Because BiFET operational amplifiers are designed for use with dual power supplies, care must be taken to observe common-mode input voltage limits and output swing when operating from a single supply. DC biasing of the input signal is required and loads should be terminated to a virtual ground node at mid-supply. Texas Instruments TLE2426 integrated virtual ground generator is useful when operating BiFET amplifiers from single supplies.

The TLE206x are fully specified at ± 15 V and ± 5 V. For operation in low-voltage and/or single-supply systems, Texas Instruments LinCMOS families of operational amplifiers (TLC- and TLV-prefixes) are recommended. When moving from BiFET to CMOS amplifiers, particular attention should be paid to slew rate and bandwidth requirements, and output loading. The Texas Instrument TLV2432 and TLV2442 CMOS operational amplifiers are excellent choices to consider.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

 **TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

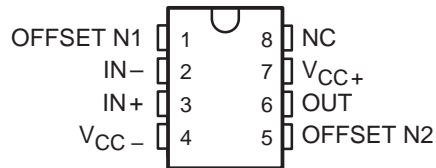
POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

Copyright © 1998, Texas Instruments Incorporated

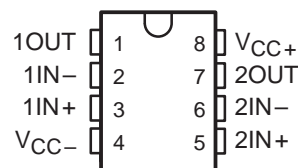
TLE206x, TLE206xA, TLE206xB, TLE206xY EXCALIBUR JFET-INPUT HIGH-OUTPUT-DRIVE μPOWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS193A – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 1998

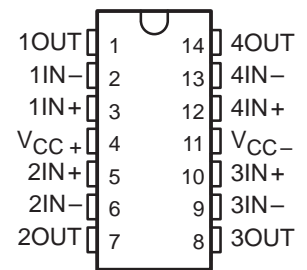
TLE2061, TLE2061A, AND TLE2061B
D, DB, JG, P, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



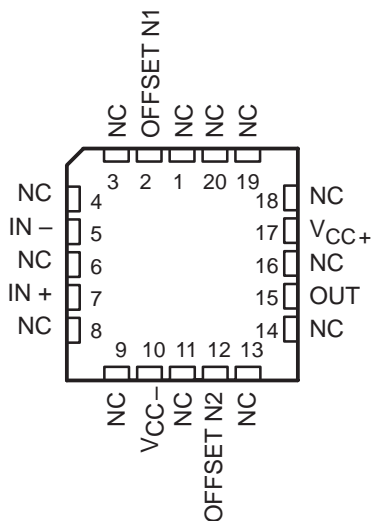
TLE2062, TLE2062A, TLE2062B
D, JG, OR P PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



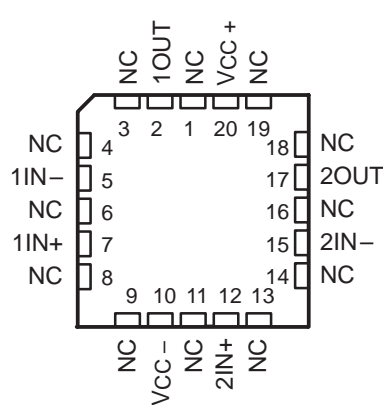
TLE2064, TLE2064A, TLE2064B
D, J, OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



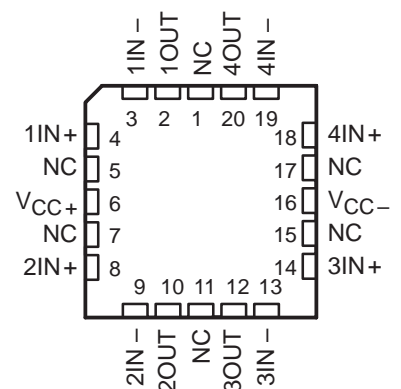
TLE2061M, TLE2061AM, TLE2061BM
FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



TLE2062M, TLE2062AM, TLE2062BM
FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

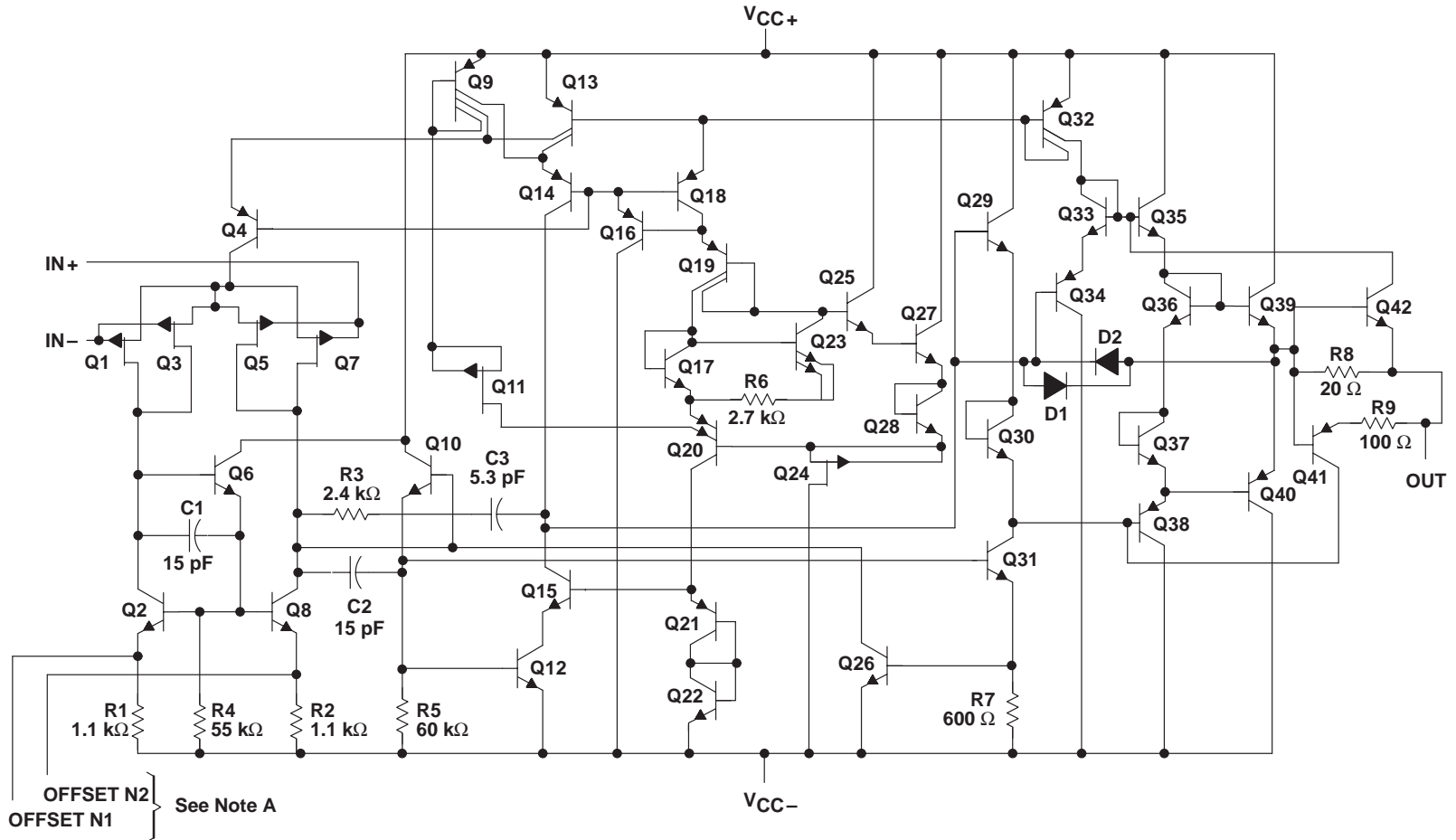


TLE2064M, TLE2064AM, TLE2064BM
FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

equivalent schematic (each channel)



NOTES: A. OFFSET N1 AND OFFSET N2 are only available on the TLE2061x devices.
B. Component values are nominal.

ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT			
COMPONENT	TLE2061	TLE2062	TLE2064
Transistors	43	42	42
Resistors	9	9	9
Diodes	1	2	2
Capacitors	3	3	3

TLE206x, TLE206xA, TLE206xB, TLE206xY

EXCALIBUR JFET-INPUT HIGH-OUTPUT-DRIVE

μPOWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS193A – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 1998

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V_{CC+} (see Note 1)	19 V
Supply voltage, V_{CC-}	–19 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	±38 V
Input voltage range, V_I (any input)	± V_{CC}
Input current, I_I (each input)	±1 mA
Output current, I_O	±80 mA
Total current into V_{CC+}	80 mA
Total current out of V_{CC-}	–80 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 85°C
M suffix	–55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D, P, or PW package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: JG package	300°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{CC+} and V_{CC-} .

2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$.

3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D–8	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW
D–14	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW	190 mW
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
JG	1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	210 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	598 mW	230 mW
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	200 mW
PW	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	—	—

recommended operating conditions

		C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{CC\pm}$		±3.5	±18	±3.5	±18	±3.5	±18	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$	–1.6	4	–1.6	4	–1.6	4	V
	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15\text{ V}$	–11	13	–11	13	–11	13	
Operating free-air temperature, T_A		0	70	–40	85	–55	125	°C



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

TLE206x, TLE206xA, TLE206xB, TLE206xY
EXCALIBUR JFET-INPUT HIGH-OUTPUT-DRIVE
μPOWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS193A – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 1998

TLE2061I electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15$ V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T _A [†]	TLE2061I, TLE2061AI TLE2061BI			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{IC} = 0, R _S = 50 Ω	25°C	0.6		3	mV
			Full range	4.3			
			25°C	0.5		1.5	
			Full range	2.9			
			25°C	0.3		0.5	
			Full range	1.3			
αV _{IO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		Full range	6			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.04			μV/mo
I _{IO}	Input offset current		25°C	2			pA
			Full range	3		nA	
I _{IB}	Input bias current		25°C	4			pA
			Full range	5		nA	
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	– 11 to 13	– 12 to 16		V
			Full range	– 11 to 13		V	
V _{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage swing	R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	13.2	13.7	V	
			Full range	13			
		R _L = 600 Ω	25°C	12.5	13.2	V	
			Full range	12			
V _{OM–}	Maximum negative peak output voltage swing	R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	–13.2	–13.7	V	
			Full range	– 13			
		R _L = 600 Ω	25°C	–12.5	– 13	V	
			Full range	– 12			
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _O = ± 10 V, R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	30	230	V/mV	
			Full range	20			
		V _O = 0 to 8 V, R _L = 600 Ω	25°C	25	100		
			Full range	10			
		V _O = 0 to –8 V, R _L = 600 Ω	25°C	3	25		
			Full range	01			
r _i	Input resistance		25°C	10 ¹²		Ω	
c _i	Input capacitance		25°C	4		pF	
z _o	Open-loop output impedance	I _O = 0	25°C	280		Ω	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin} , R _S = 50 Ω	25°C	72	90	dB	
			Full range	65			
KSVR	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{CC±} /ΔV _{IO})	V _{CC±} = ±5 V to ±15 V, R _S = 50 Ω	25°C	75	93	dB	
			Full range	65			
I _{CC}	Supply current	V _O = 0, No load	25°C	290	350	μA	
			Full range	375			
ΔI _{CC}	Supply-current change over operating temperature range		Full range	34		μA	

† Full range is –40°C to 85°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLE206x, TLE206xA, TLE206xB, TLE206xY
EXCALIBUR JFET-INPUT HIGH-OUTPUT-DRIVE
μPOWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS193A – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 1998

TLE2061I operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15$ V

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLE2061I TLE2061AI TLE2061BI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain (see Figure 1)	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C	2.6	3.4		V/μs
		Full range	2.1			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage (see Figure 2)	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$, $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$	25°C		70	100	nV/√Hz
	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$			40	60	
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1.1		μV
I_n Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		1.1		fA/√Hz
THD Total harmonic distortion	$A_{VD} = 2$, $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.025%		
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth (see Figure 3)	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		2		MHz
	$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$			1.5		
t_s Settling time	0.1%	25°C		5		μs
	0.01%			10		
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$A_{VD} = 1$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		40		kHz
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain (see Figure 3)	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		60°		
	$R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$			70°		

† Full range is –40°C to 85°C.