ECE 593 WINTER 2025

TEAM 13

Verification Plan UPDATED FOR M2&M3

Verification Plan for UART Design (Milestones 1, 2, and 3)

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1. Introduction

This document presents a Universal Verification Methodology (UVM)-based approach to verifying the UART design, ensuring that its core components—including the transmitter (uart_tx), receiver (uart_rx), FIFO buffer, and clock generator—function as expected. The plan covers three milestones, progressively refining the testbench, debugging critical issues, and achieving full functional and code coverage.

2. Verification Goals

The primary aim is to validate the accuracy, reliability, and performance of the UART system. Specific objectives include:

- Confirming correct data transmission and reception.
- Verifying FIFO buffer operations, including handling full and empty states.
- Ensuring proper baud rate generation and clock synchronization.
- Checking error handling mechanisms (such as parity and framing errors).
- Achieving comprehensive functional coverage and design compliance.
- Resolving issues found in milestone 1, particularly data mismatch errors in the scoreboard.

3. Verification Approach

The verification strategy will leverage UVM-based class-based verification, incorporating:

- Constrained-random stimulus generation to cover various scenarios.
- Coverage-driven verification to ensure all design aspects are exercised.

- Self-checking mechanisms with scoreboards to validate correctness.
- Assertions to enforce protocol compliance and detect violations.
- Debugging techniques to resolve output monitor and scoreboard mismatch errors.

4. Testbench Structure

4.1. Interface

- Defines connections between the DUT and testbench.
- Facilitates data transactions and signal control.

4.2. UVM Agent

- **Driver**: Converts transaction-level operations into DUT stimulus.
- **Sequencer**: Generates test sequences for UART communication.
- Monitor: Observes DUT activity and forwards transaction details for verification.

4.3. UVM Environment

- Manages multiple UART agents (Tx and Rx).
- Oversees scoreboarding, functional coverage collection, and assertions.

4.4. Scoreboard & Coverage Collection

- Scoreboard: Compares expected vs. actual UART output for validation.
- **Functional Coverage**: Tracks exercised test scenarios (baud rates, error cases, FIFO status).

4.5. Test Cases

- Defines directed and random tests for thorough validation.
- Ensures all UART functionalities are systematically tested.

5. Key Verification Aspects

5.1. Stimulus Generation

- Randomized data inputs with varying parity and baud rate configurations.
- Constrained-random sequences to explore a wide range of scenarios.

5.2. Assertions & Checkers

- Protocol assertions to verify UART behavior (start/stop bit detection, baud rate accuracy).
- FIFO assertions to check buffer operations (full/empty conditions, data retention).

5.3. Debugging & Coverage Metrics

- **Debugging FIFO logic** to ensure correct data flow from Generator → Driver → Input Monitor → Output Monitor → Scoreboard.
- Addressing Output Monitor Errors: Fix incorrect values being sent to the scoreboard.
- Ensuring Burst ID Correctness: Implement transaction numbering consistency.
- Functional Coverage: Ensuring all UART functions are tested.
- Code Coverage: Measuring toggle, branch, FSM, and condition coverage.

6. Test Scenarios

6.1. Basic Functionality Checks

- Standard UART communication test (verify byte transmission and reception).
- FIFO buffer validation (test full and empty states).
- Baud rate accuracy (ensure timing correctness).

6.2. Edge Cases

- Handling FIFO overflows and underflows.
- Introducing and detecting parity errors.
- Testing extreme baud rate limits.

6.3. Debugging Focus for Milestones 2 & 3

- Fixing scoreboard mismatch errors due to incorrect output monitor values.
- Ensuring transactions pass correctly through all testbench components.
- Adding detailed transaction flow display statements:
 - o [GENERATOR] ---x details----
 - o [DRIVER] -- driving --x details-- to the DUT--
 - o [iMon] -----

- o [oMon] -----
- o [SCB] -----match or mismatch with burstid ---
- Printing around 15-20 randomized transactions on the transcript.

6.4. Stress & Randomized Testing

- Executing randomized transaction sequences with varied data patterns.
- · Continuous high-speed transmission testing.

7. Verification Metrics

To consider verification complete, the following criteria must be met:

- 100% functional coverage.
- At least 90% code coverage (toggle, branch, FSM, and statement coverage).
- Zero critical bugs, with minimal non-critical issues.
- All assertions must pass without violations.

8. Errors Fixed and Not Fixed

8.1. Errors Fixed

- FIFO logic issue was resolved, ensuring correct data flow.
- Transactions now pass correctly from Generator → Driver → Input Monitor.
- Debugging of burst ID mismatch errors in the scoreboard.
- Improved logging and debugging statements to track transaction flow.

8.2. Errors Not Fixed

- Output Monitor still occasionally sending incorrect values to Scoreboard under certain test cases.
- Some intermittent parity error detections are still under investigation.
- Minor warnings present in the testbench, awaiting waivers or further debugging.

9. Conclusion

This UVM-based verification plan ensures the UART system meets its functional and performance requirements. By employing randomized and directed testing, self-checking mechanisms, and robust coverage metrics, we guarantee a high-quality, error-free UART implementation. The debugging efforts in milestones 2 and 3 focus on resolving data mismatches and improving testbench completeness for a robust verification process.

Defuse-cfg/UART-PROTOCOL