

Serie di Fourier in forma complessa

Data:

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k \cos(kx) + b_k \sin(kx) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \gamma_k e^{ikx}$$

questo perché:

$$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \gamma_k e^{ikx} =$$

$$\gamma_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (\gamma_k \cos(kx) + i \gamma_k \sin(kx) + \gamma_{-k} \cos(-kx) +$$

$$i \gamma_{-k} \sin(-kx)) =$$

$$\gamma_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (\gamma_k + \gamma_{-k}) \cos(kx) + i (\gamma_k - \gamma_{-k}) \sin(kx)$$

ottenendo che:

$$\gamma_0 = \frac{a_0}{2}$$

$$\gamma_k + \gamma_{-k} = a_k$$

$$i(\gamma_k - \gamma_{-k}) = b_k$$

sommando:

$$\gamma_k = \frac{1}{2} (a_k - i b_k)$$

sottinteso:

$$r_k = \frac{1}{2} (a_k + i b_k)$$

Serie di Fourier per funzioni periodiche di $T \neq 2\pi$

I coefficienti risultano:

$$a_k = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{T} t\right) dt$$

$$b_k = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \sin\left(\frac{2k\pi}{T} t\right) dt$$