MongoDB

Installing MongoDB

Before we begin we need to update your system. For this let's use the following commands.

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get upgrade

Usually, ubuntu's official package repositories holds the up-to-date version of the MongoDB. So we can install the necessary packages using *apt* itself.

The following command actually installs several packages of the stable version of MongoDB, along with some management tools for the MongoDB server.

sudo apt install -y mongodb

The mongoDb has installed successfully. Let's verify whether the service has started.

The following command is used to check the service's status.

sudo systemctl status mongodb

We can also verify this further by actually connecting it to the database server and executing a diagnostic command. For this let's use the following command.

mongo --eval 'db.runCommand({ connectionStatus: 1 })'

```
Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~
    Edit View Terminal Tabs
                           Help
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ sudo systemctl status mongodb
mongodb.service - An object/document-oriented database
   Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/mongodb.service; enabled; vendor preset:
  Active: active (running) since Mon 2020-08-24 22:58:13 IST; 1min 5s ago
    Docs: man:mongod(1)
Main PID: 4162 (mongod)
   Tasks: 23 (limit: 2314)
  CGroup: /system.slice/mongodb.service
           └─4162 /usr/bin/mongod --unixSocketPrefix=/run/mongodb --config /etc/
Aug 24 22:58:13 beu-Latitude-D830 systemd[1]: Started An object/document-oriente
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ mongo --eval 'db.runCommand({ connectionStatus: 1 })'
MongoDB shell version v3.6.3
connecting to: mongoplb://127.0.0.1:27017
MongoDB server version: 3.6.3
        "authInfo" : {
                "authenticatedUsers" : [ ],
                "authenticatedUserRoles" : [ ]
        "ok" : 1
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$
```

From the above output, the MongoDB server is up and running according to the *systemd*. Also, the command which connected the database outputs **the current database version**, **the server address** and **port**, and also **the output of the status command**.

Since MongoDB has installed as a systemd service, we can actually manage it using standard systemd commands even along all the other system services in Ubuntu.

To start the server, let's use *sudo systemctl start mongodb* command.

```
Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~
    Edit View Terminal Tabs
File
                           Help
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ sudo systemctl start mongodb
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ sudo systemctl status mongodb
mongodb.service - An object/document-oriented database
  Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/mongodb.service; enabled; vendor preset:
  Active: active (running) since Mon 2020-08-24 23:02:55 IST; 2s ago
    Docs: man:mongod(1)
Main PID: 5091 (mongod)
   Tasks: 3 (limit: 2314)
  CGroup: /system.slice/mongodb.service
           └─5091 /usr/bin/mongod --uhixSocketPrefix=/run/mongodb --config /etc/
Aug 24 23:02:55 beu-Latitude-D830 systemd[1]: Started An object/document-oriente
lines 1-10/10 (END)
```

Similarly, to stop the server, let's use *sudo systemctl stop mongodb* command.

```
Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~
File
    Edit View Terminal Tabs
                           Help
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ sudo systemctl stop mongodb
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ sudo systemctl status mongodb

    mongodb.service - An object/document-oriented database

  Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/mongodb.service; enabled; vendor preset:
  Active: inactive (dead) since Mon 2020-08-24 23:02:05 IST; 20s ago
     Docs: man:mongod(1)
 Process: 4162 ExecStart=/usr/bin/mongod --unixSocketPrefix=${SOCKETPATH} --con
 Main PID: 4162 (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Aug 24 22:58:13 beu-Latitude-D830 systemd[1]: Started An object/document-oriente
Aug 24 23:02:04 beu-Latitude-D830 systemd[1]: Stopping An object/document-orient
Aug 24 23:02:05 beu-Latitude-D830 systemd[1]: Stopped An object/document-oriente
lines 1-10/10 (END)
```

We can also restart the server using a command, *sudo systemctl restart mongodb*. To verify the status of the service: *sudo systemctl status mongodb*

Creating a MongoDB Database

Lets open the MongoDB shell in a terminal window using the *mongo* command.

```
Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~
File
    Edit View Terminal
                    Tabs
beu@beu-Latitude-D830:~$ mongo
MongoDB shell version v3.6.3
connecting to: mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017
MongoDB server version: 3.6.3
Server has startup warnings:
2020-08-24T23:02:55.320+0530 I STORAGE
                                      [initandlisten]
2020-08-24T23:02:55.320+0530 I STORAGE
                                      [inlitandlisten] ** WARNING: Using the XF
S filesystem is strongly recommended with the WiredTiger storage engine
See http://d
ochub.mongodb.org/core/prodnotes-filesystem
2020-08-24T23:03:03.470+0530 I CONTROL
                                      [initandlisten]
2020-08-24T23:03:03.470+0530 I CONTROL
                                      [initandlisten] ** WARNING: Access contr
ol is not enabled for the database.
                                                                 Read and wri
2020-08-24T23:03:03.470+0530 I CONTROL
                                      [initandlisten] **
te access to data and configuration is unrestricted.
2020-08-24T23:03:03.470+0530 I CONTROL [initandlisten]
```

MongoDB **use** command is used to create database. The command will actually creates a new database if it doesn't exist, else it will simply return the existing database.

use myDatabase - creating the database

db - to check the currently connected database

show dbs - to list down all the databases

```
▼ Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~ - + ×
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

> use myDatabase
switched to db myDatabase
> db
myDatabase
> show dbs
admin 0.000GB
config 0.000GB
local 0.000GB
> ■
```

Deleting the MongoDB Database

MongoDB **db.dropDatabase()** command is used to drop a existing selected current database.

```
▼ Terminal - beu@beu-Latitude-D830: ~ − + ×

File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help

> db.dropDatabase()
{ "ok" : 1 }
> show dbs
admin 0.000GB
config 0.000GB
local 0.000GB

> ■
```