

Name: _____

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 22

Math 237 – Linear Algebra

Version 1

Fall 2017

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

A1. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T \left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = [x_3 + 3x_1].$$

Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of \mathbb{R}^3 and \mathbb{R} .

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

□

A2. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be given by $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} x + y \\ \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} \end{bmatrix}$. Determine if T is a linear transformation.

Solution:

$$T \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = 4T \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

So T is not a linear transformation.

□

M1. Let

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determine which of the six products CD , CE , DC , DE , EC , ED can be computed, and compute them.

Solution:

$$EC = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DE = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

□

A1:

A2:

M1: