| | |
|---|---|
| Name: | |
| J#: | |
| Date: | |

Dr. Clontz

**MIDTERM EXAM** Math 237 – Linear Algebra

**Version 2** Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

| **Standard E1.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y - 4z &= 5 \\ 3x + 9y + z &= 0 \\ x - z &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

| **Standard E2.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Find RREF $A$, where

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 5 & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -5 \end{array}\right]$$

| **Standard E3.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Find the solution set for the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 &= -1 \\ 3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 &= 5 \\ -4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 &= -7 \end{aligned}$$

| **Standard E4.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations given by

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 &= 0 \\ 3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 &= 0 \\ -4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

| **Standard V1.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Let $V$ be the set of all real numbers together with the operations $\oplus$ and $\odot$ defined by, for any $x, y \in V$ and $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\begin{aligned} x \oplus y &= x + y - 3 \\ c \odot x &= cx - 3(c-1) \end{aligned}$$

(a) Show that **scalar multiplication** is **associative**: $a \odot (b \odot x) = (ab) \odot x$.

(b) Determine if $V$ is a vector space or not. Justify your answer

| **Standard V2.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 6 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$ belongs to the span of the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

| **Standard V3.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Determine if the vectors $\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\0\\-3\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}0\\3\\0\\-2\end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix}-1\\1\\-1\\-1\end{bmatrix}$ span $\mathbb{R}^4$.

| **Standard V4.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Determine if $\left\{\begin{bmatrix}x\\y\\0\\z\end{bmatrix} \;\middle|\; x,y,z\in\mathbb{R}\right\}$ a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^4$.

| **Standard S1.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Determine if the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ are linearly dependent or linearly independent

| **Standard S2.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Determine if the set $\left\{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 2, -x^3 + 4x^2 - x + 1, -x^3 + 2x + 1, 3x^2 + 3x + 9\right\}$ is a basis of $\mathcal{P}^3$ or not.

| **Standard S3.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Let $W$ be the subspace of $\mathcal{P}_3$ given by
$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for $W$.

| **Standard S4.** | Mark: |
|---|---|

Let $W$ be the subspace of $M_{2,2}$ given by $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of $W$.

| **Additional Notes/Marks** | |
|---|---|