Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 28

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.



Let

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad D = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad E = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determine which of the six products CD, CE, DC, DE, EC, ED can be computed, and compute them.

Standard M2.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is invertible.

Standard M3.

Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & -3 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$

Standard G2.

Mark:

Compute the eigenvalues, along with their algebraic multiplicities, of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -3 & -1 \\ 21 & -8 & -3 \\ -7 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$

Standard G3.

Mark:

Compute the eigenspace of the eigenvalue -1 in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 & -1 \\ 15 & -7 & -3 \\ -5 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

Additional Notes/Marks