Name:		

## MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2 Fall 2017 Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

E1. Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x_1 + 4x_3 = 1$$

$$x_2 - x_3 = 7$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = -1$$

**E2.** Find the reduced row echelon form of the matrix below.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

**E3.** Solve the system of equations

$$-3x + y = 2$$
$$-8x + 2y - z = 6$$
$$2y + 3z = -2$$

E4. Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations given by

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 = 0$$

$$3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 = 0$$

$$-4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$$

**V1.** Let V be the set of all polynomials with the operations, for any  $f, g \in V, c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$f \oplus g = f' + g'$$
$$c \odot f = cf'$$

(here f' denotes the derivative of f).

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes scalars** over vector addition:  $c\odot(f\oplus g)=c\odot f\oplus c\odot g$ .
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

**V2.** Determine if  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is a linear combination of the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**V3.** Determine if the vectors 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\0\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\3\\0\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\1\\-1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

**V4.** Determine if the set of all lattice points, i.e.  $\{(x,y) \mid x \text{ and } y \text{ are integers}\}$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

**S2.** Determine if the set  $\{x^2 + x - 1, 3x^2 - x + 1, 2x^2 - 2\}$  is a basis of  $\mathcal{P}^2$ .

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis of  $W$ .

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span} \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\-1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\-8\\-1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
. Find the dimension of  $W$ .

E1:	V3:	
E2:	V4:	
E3:	S1:	
E4:	S2:	
V1:	S3:	
V2:	S4:	