Name:	

## MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

E1. Write a system of linear equations corresponding to the following augmented matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 9 & 1 & -7 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

**E2.** Find RREF A, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -7 & | & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & | & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

E3. Find the solution set for the following system of linear equations.

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 = -1$$

$$3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 = 5$$

$$-4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 = -7$$

E4. Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 + 14x_4 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 5x_4 = 0$$

**V1.** Let V be the set of all points on the line x + y = 2 with the operations, for any  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2 - 1, y_1 + y_2 - 1)$$
  
 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (cx_1 - (c - 1), cy_1 - (c - 1))$ 

- (a) Show that this vector space has an **additive identity** element **0** satisfying  $(x, y) \oplus \mathbf{0} = (x, y)$ .
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

**V2.** Determine if  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$  can be written as a linear combination of the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

**V3.** Determine if the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\6\\3 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

**V4.** Let W be the set of all  $\mathbb{R}^3$  vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$  satisfying x+y+z=0 (this forms a plane). Determine if W is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**S1.** Determine if the set of polynomials  $\{x^2 + x, x^2 + 2x - 1, x^2 + 3x - 2\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

 $\mathbf{S2.} \quad \text{Determine if the set } \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \text{ is a basis of } M_{2,2} \text{ or not.}$ 

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for  $W$ .

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3\\ -8\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ -1\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of  $W$ .