Name:	
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Date:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 20

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard S3. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}$$
 Let  $W = \operatorname{span} \left( \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix} \right\} \right)$ . Find a basis for  $W$ .

Solution:

$$RREF \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Then a basis is 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

Standard S4.

Mark:

Let  $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -8 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$ . Compute the dimension of W.

**Solution:** Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , and compute  $RREF(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Since there are two pivot

columns, dim W = 2.

Standard A1.

Mark:

Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 + 3x_3\end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}$ .

Solution:

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Standard A2.

Mark:

Determine if  $D: M_{2,2} \to \mathbb{R}$  given by  $D\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}\right) = ad - bc$  is a linear transformation or not.

**Solution:** D(I) = 1 but  $D(2I) = 4 \neq 2D(I)$ , so D is not linear.

Additional Notes/Marks