

**Readiness Assurance Test**

Choose the most appropriate response for each question.

- 11) Simplify the following vector expression.

$$2 \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

(d)  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- 12) Simplify the following vector expression.

$$2 \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

(d)  $\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

- 13) Simplify the complex number expression  $-4(3 - 2i) + 2(5 + i)$ .

(a)  $3 - 7i$

(b)  $4 + i$

(c)  $-2 + 10i$

(d)  $-1 - 5i$

- 14) Which of these complex numbers might be represented by the following vector plotted on the complex plane (where the horizontal axis gives the real part and the vertical axis gives the imaginary part)?



(a)  $5 + i$

(b)  $-3 - 9i$

(c)  $-2 + 3i$

(d)  $4i$

- 15) Simplify  $3f(x) - 2g(x)$  where  $f(x) = 7 - x^2$  and  $g(x) = 2x^3 + x - 1$ .

(a)  $x^3 + 4x - 5$

(b)  $-4x^3 - 3x^2 - 2x + 23$

(c)  $3x^3 + 5x^2 - 3x + 17$

(d)  $-x^3 + 19x^2 - 4$

- 16) Express the following system of linear equations as an augmented matrix.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x_1 + 2x_2 & - & x_4 = 3 \\ & & x_3 + 4x_4 = -2 \end{array}$$

$$(a) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 4 \\ -2 & 3 & 3 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(b) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 & -2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(c) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 & 4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(d) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

17) Which of the following matrices is equivalent to the following matrix?

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

(Hint: The correct answer was obtained from a single row operation.)

$$(a) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(b) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(c) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(d) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 \end{array} \right]$$

18) Find RREF  $\left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right]$ .

$$(a) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(b) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(c) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(d) \left[ \begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

19) Solve the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 &= 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 1 \\ -3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 &= -7 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + a \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ for all real numbers } a$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(d) No solutions

20) Solve the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 &= 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(a) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = a \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ for all real numbers } a$$

(d) No solutions