Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1 Fall 2017
Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & -3 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$

Solution: -1.

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue 3 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 14 & 12 & 11 & 2 \\ -14 & -10 & -9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ \frac{1}{2}\\ 1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ 1\\ 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 5 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is the solution space of the system (B-2I)X=0.

$$RREF(B-2I) = RREF \left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 3 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus the geometric multiplicity is 2.

G1:

G3:

G4:

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 5 & 0 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Solution: -15.

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue -1 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -3 & 2 \\ 19 & -6 & 5 \\ -11 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{5}{7} \\ -\frac{12}{7} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & -2 & -2 & 0 \\ 14 & 12 & 10 & 2 \\ -13 & -10 & -8 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ \frac{1}{2}\\ 1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ 1\\ 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, so the geometric multiplicity is 2.

G1:

G3:

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 3

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & -3 & 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$

Solution: -1.

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 5 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is the solution space of the system (B-2I)X=0.

$$RREF(B-2I) = RREF \left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 3 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

So the system simplifies to $x - \frac{y}{3} = 0$, or 3x = y. Thus the eigenspace is

$$E_2 = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}\right)$$

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 1 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -3 & -1 \\ 21 & -8 & -3 \\ -7 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{7} \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{7} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, so the geometric multiplicity is 2.

G1:

G3:

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & 7 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$

Solution: 2

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -3 & 2 \\ 15 & -5 & 5 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 5 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is the solution space of the system (B-2I)X=0.

$$RREF(B-2I) = RREF \left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -9 & 3 & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Thus the geometric multiplicity is 2.

G1:

G3:

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5 Fall 2017 Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$

Solution: -60.

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -3 & 2 \\ 15 & -5 & 5 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 1 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -3 & 2 \\ 19 & -6 & 5 \\ -11 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, so the geometric multiplicity is 1.

G1:

G3:

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 6

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

G1. Compute the determinant of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$

Solution: -60.

G3. Find the eigenspace associated to the eigenvalue 2 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 11 & -6 & 1 & -1 \\ -9 & 5 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

G4. Compute the geometric multiplicity of the eigenvalue 3 in the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 14 & 12 & 11 & 2 \\ -14 & -10 & -9 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution: The eigenspace is spanned by $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ \frac{1}{2}\\ 1\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1\\ 1\\ 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, so the geometric multiplicity is 2.

G1:

G3: