Name:	
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Date:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 8

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.



Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x_1 + 4x_3 = 1$$
$$x_2 - x_3 = 7$$
$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = -1$$

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 7 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Standard E3.

Mark:

Solve the system of linear equations.

$$2x + y - z + w = 5$$
$$3x - y - 2w = 0$$
$$-x + 5z + 3w = -1$$

Solution:

RREF 
$$\left( \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{12} & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{7}{4} & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{7}{12} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

So the solutions are

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1+a\\ 3-21a\\ -7a\\ 12a \end{bmatrix} \mid a \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

## Standard E4.

Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 + 14x_4 = 0$$
$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 5x_4 = 0$$

**Solution:** Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -5 & 14 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , so RREF  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . It follows that the basis for the solution set is given by  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ .

## Standard V1.

Mark:

Let V be the set of all pairs of real numbers with the operations, for any  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2)$$
  
 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (0, cy_1)$ 

- (a) Show that this scalar multiplication ⊙ distributes over scalar addition.
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

**Solution:** Let  $(x_1, y_1) \in V$ , and let  $c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then

$$(c+d)\odot(x_1,y_1)=(0,(c+d)y_1)=(0,cy_1)\oplus(0,dy_1)=c\odot(x_1,y_1)\oplus d\odot(x_1,y_1).$$

However, V is not a vector space, as  $1 \odot (x_1, y_1) = (0, y_1) \neq (x_1, y_1)$ .

Additional Notes/Marks