Name:

J#:

Date:

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 13

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

## Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard	V2.	Mark:				
Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ can be	can be written as a linear combination of the vectors			and	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

Solution:

RREF 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ -9 & 5 & | & 0 \\ 15 & -5 & | & 2 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since this system has no solution,  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$  cannot be written as a linear combination of the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -9 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Determine if the set of matrices  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -8 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

Solution:

$$RREF \left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 & -8 \\ 0 & -2 & 6 \\ 4 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since the reduced row echelon form has a nonpivot column, the vectors are linearly dependent.

Additional Notes/Marks