Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

## **MASTERY QUIZ DAY 21**

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

## Solution:

- (a) RREF  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Since each column is a pivot column, S is injective. Since there is no zero row, S is surjective.
- (b) Since  $\dim \mathbb{R}^4 > \dim \mathbb{R}^3$ , T is not injective.

RREF 
$$\left( \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since there are no zero rows, T is surjective.

Standard A4.

Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+3y+3z+7w \\ x+3y-z-w \\ 2x+6y+3z+8w \\ x+3y-2z-3w \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.

Solution:

$$\operatorname{RREF}\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Then the kernel is

$$\ker(T) = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3a - b \\ a \\ -2b \\ b \end{bmatrix} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R} \right\} = \operatorname{span} \left( \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \right)$$

and the image is

$$\operatorname{Im}(T) = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right) = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$