Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 19

Version 5

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard S2.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3 .

Standard A3.

Mark:

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

(a)
$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$

(b)
$$S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x - y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A4.

Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.