## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 19

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5 Fall 2017 Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S2.** Determine if the set  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is a basis of  $M_{2,2}$  or not.

A3. Determine if the following linear maps are injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

(a) 
$$S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by  $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x - y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$ 

(b) 
$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$ 

<b>A4.</b> Let $T: \mathcal{P}^3 \to \mathcal{P}^3$ be the linear transformation given by
$T\left(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d\right) = (a + 3b + 3c + 7d)x^3 + (a + 3b - c - d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (a + 3$
Compute the kernel and image of $T$ .

S2: A3: A4: