Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra $Fall\ 2017$

Version 6 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show

	Mark:
Standard E1.	

all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x + 3y - 4z = 5$$
$$3x + 9y + z = 0$$
$$x - z = 1$$

	Mark:
Standard E2.	

Put the following matrix in reduced row echelon form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Standard E3.

Mark:

Find the solution set for the following system of linear equations.

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 = -1$$
$$3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 = 5$$
$$-4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 = -7$$

Standard E4. Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set of the system of equations

$$x + 3y + 3z + 7w = 0$$
$$x + 3y - z - w = 0$$
$$2x + 6y + 3z + 8w = 0$$
$$x + 3y - 2z - 3w = 0$$

Standard V1.

Mark:

Let V be the set of all polynomials with the operations, for any $f,g\in V,\,c\in\mathbb{R},$

$$f \oplus g = f' + g'$$
$$c \odot f = cf'$$

(here f' denotes the derivative of f).

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes scalars** over vector addition: $c\odot(f\oplus g)=c\odot f\oplus c\odot g$.
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

Standard V2.

Mark:

Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 belongs to the span of the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

Standard V3.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 12 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbb{R}^3?$$

Standard V4.

Mark:

Let W be the set of all polynomials of the form $ax^3 + bx$. Determine if W is a subspace of \mathcal{P}^3 .

Determine if the set of polynomials $\{x^3 - 8x, x^3 + 2x^2 + 2, -x^2 + 3\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

Standard S2.
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a basis of \mathbb{R}^4 .

Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_3 given by $W = \text{span} \left(\left\{ x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3 \right\} \right)$. Find a basis for W.

Standard S4.

of W.

Mark:

Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_3 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 3, 2x^3 + x + 1, 3x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 2, x^3 + x^2 + x - 7\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension

Additional Notes/Marks