Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5 Fall 2017 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard E1.

Mark:

Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - 4x_3 + x_4 = 5$$
$$3x_1 + 9x_2 + x_3 - 7x_4 = 0$$
$$x_1 - x_3 + x_4 = 1$$

Standard E2.

Mark:

Find RREF A, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 5 & | & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 & | & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & | & -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

	Mark:
Standard E3.	

Solve the system of linear equations.

$$2x + y - z + w = 5$$
$$3x - y - 2w = 0$$
$$-x + 5z + 3w = -1$$

	Mark:
Standard E4.	

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations given by

$$3x + 2y + z = 0$$
$$x + y + z = 0$$

Standard V1.

Mark:

Let V be the set of all pairs of real numbers with the operations, for any $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V, c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2)$$

 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (c^2 x_1, c^3 y_1)$

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication distributes scalars over vector addition: $c\odot((x_1,y_1)\oplus(x_2,y_2))=c\odot(x_1,y_1)\oplus c\odot(x_2,y_2).$
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

Standard V2.

Mark:

Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\-1\\4 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\-6 \end{bmatrix}$.

Determine if the vectors
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ span \mathbb{R}^4 .

Standard V4.

Let W be the set of all polynomials of the form $ax^3 + bx$. Determine if W is a subspace of \mathcal{P}^3 .

Standard S1. Mark:

Determine if the set of vectors $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

Standard S2.

Mark:

Determine if the set $\{x^2 + x - 1, 3x^2 - x + 1, 2x - 2\}$ is a basis of \mathcal{P}_2

Standard S3.

Mark:

Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_2 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{-3x^2 - 8x, x^2 + 2x + 2, -x + 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

Standard S4.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}
\end{bmatrix}$$
Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Find the dimension of W .

Additional Notes/Marks