Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -9 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$.

S3. Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_2 given by $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{-3x^2 - 8x, x^2 + 2x + 2, -x + 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

V2:

Q1

S3:

S4:

Version 2

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V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

S3. Let
$$W = \text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis of W .

S4. Let
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of W .

V2:

S1:

S3:

54:

Version 3

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V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$.

S3. Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_3 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

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Version 4

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V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 6 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 belongs to the span of the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

S3. Let
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3\\-8\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for W .

S4. Let W be the subspace of $M_{2,2}$ given by $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

Version 5

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V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 belongs to the span of the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

S3. Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_2 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{-3x^2 - 8x, x^2 + 2x + 2, -x + 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

V2:

S1:

S3:

S4:

Version 6

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Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

V2. Determine if
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
 can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

S3. Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_3 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let W be the subspace of $M_{2,2}$ given by $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2 & 0\\ -2 & 0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3 & 1\\ 3 & 6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0 & 0\\ 1 & 1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1 & 2\\ 0 & 1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

Compute the dimension of W.