Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 22

 $Math\ 237-Linear\ Algebra$

Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A1.

Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 + 3x_3\end{bmatrix}.$$

Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of \mathbb{R}^3 and \mathbb{R} .

Solution:

Version 3

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A2. Mark:

Determine if the map $T: \mathcal{P}^3 \to \mathcal{P}^4$ given by T(f(x)) = xf(x) - f(x) is a linear transformation or not.

Standard M1.

Mark:

Let

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \qquad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 7 & 7 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \qquad C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Exactly one of the six products AB, AC, BA, BC, CA, CB can be computed. Determine which one, and compute it.

Solution: AB is the only ones that can be computed, and

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -5 & 6 & 14 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & 35 \end{bmatrix}$$

Additional Notes/Marks