Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show

all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Mark: Standard E1.

Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x_1 + 4x_3 = 1$$
$$x_2 - x_3 = 7$$
$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_4 = -1$$

Mark: Standard E2.

Find the reduced row echelon form of the matrix below.

 $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 5 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 & -2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

Standard E3.

Mark:

Find the solution set for the following system of linear equations.

$$2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 = -1$$
$$3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 = 5$$
$$-4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 = -7$$

Standard E4. Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations

$$4x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 - 6x_4 = 0$$
$$-2x_3 - 4x_4 = 0$$
$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 - 4x_4 = 0$$

Mark: Standard V1.

Let V be the set of all points on the line x + y = 2 with the operations, for any $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2 - 1, y_1 + y_2 - 1)$$

 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (cx_1 - (c - 1), cy_1 - (c - 1))$

- (a) Show that this vector space has an **additive identity** element **0** satisfying $(x, y) \oplus \mathbf{0} = (x, y)$.
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

|--|

Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard V3.	Mark:			
Determine if the vectors	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix},$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$,	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ span } \mathbb{R}^4.$

	Mark:
Standard V4.	

Let W be the set of all polynomials of the form $ax^3 + bx$. Determine if W is a subspace of \mathcal{P}^3 .

Standard S1.

Mark:

Determine if the set of vectors $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\8\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

Standard S2.

Mark:

Determine if the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3

Standard S3.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}
\end{bmatrix}$$
Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W .

Standard S4.

Mark:

Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}_3 given by $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 3, 2x^3 + x + 1, 3x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 2, x^3 + x^2 + x - 7\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.