## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 12

 ${\bf Math~237-Linear~Algebra}$ 

## Version 3

Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**V1.** Let V be the set of all real numbers with the operations, for any  $x, y \in V$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$x \oplus y = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$c \odot x = cx$$

Determine if V is a vector space or not.

**Solution:** This is not a vector space, as there is no zero vector.

**V3.** Determine if the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} -3\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\-1\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $\mathbb{R}^3$ 

Solution:

$$RREF\left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 & 2 & 0\\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2\\ 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 5\\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since the resulting matrix has only two pivot columns, the vectors do not span  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

V4. Let W be the set of all polynomials of even degree. Determine if W is a subspace of the vector space of all polynomials.

**Solution:** W is closed under scalar multiplication, but not under addition. For example,  $x - x^2$  and  $x^2$  are both in W, but  $(x - x^2) + (x^2) = x \notin W$ .

V1:

V3:

V4: