Name:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 20

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3\\-8\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for  $W$ .

**Solution:** Let 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, and compute  $\text{RREF}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Since the first two columns are

pivot columns,  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\-8\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is a basis for W.

$$\mathbf{S4.} \quad \text{Let } W = \text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right). \text{ Find the dimension of } W.$$

Solution:

$$RREF \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has two pivot columns, so W has dimension 2.

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

Solution:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

**A2.** Determine if  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} e^x \\ e^y \end{bmatrix}$  is a linear transformation.

Solution: It is not linear. For example,

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = T\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\right) \neq 2T\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 2e \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

S3: A1: A2: