Name:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 15

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**V2.** Determine if  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\3 \end{bmatrix}$  is a linear combination of the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\-1\\4 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\-6 \end{bmatrix}$ .

Solution:

RREF 
$$\left( \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 4 \\ -1 & 4 & -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

So  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is not a linear combination of the three vectors.

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\8\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

**Solution:** Since  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  has an eigenvalue of 0 (from problem 2) it is not invertible, and therefore the set is linearly dependent.

**S3.** Let W be the subspace of  $\P_3$  given by  $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$ . Find a basis for W.

Solution:

$$RREF \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Then a basis is  $\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2\}$ .

**S4.** Let  $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$ . Compute the dimension of W.

Solution:

RREF 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has 3 pivot columns so dim(W) = 3.