Name:	
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Date:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 12

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Let V be the set of all pairs of real numbers with the operations, for any  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2)$$
  
 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (0, cy_1)$ 

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes vectors** over scalar addition:  $(c+d)\odot(x,y)=c\odot(x,y)\oplus d\odot(x,y).$
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

**Solution:** Let  $(x_1, y_1) \in V$ , and let  $c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then

$$(c+d)\odot(x_1,y_1)=(0,(c+d)y_1)=(0,cy_1)\oplus(0,dy_1)=c\odot(x_1,y_1)\oplus d\odot(x_1,y_1).$$

However, V is not a vector space, as  $1 \odot (x_1, y_1) = (0, y_1) \neq (x_1, y_1)$ .

Determine if the vectors 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

Solution:

RREF 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since there is a zero row, the vectors do not span  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

Standard V4.

Mark:

Let W be the set of all  $\mathbb{R}^3$  vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$  satisfying x+y+z=1 (this forms a plane). Determine if W is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**Solution:** No, because  $\mathbf{0}$  does not belong to W.