

Name:
J#:
Date:

Dr. Clontz

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 10

Math 237 – Linear Algebra

### Version 1

Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

<b>Standard E1.</b>	Mark:
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Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned}x_1 + 4x_3 &= 1 \\x_2 - x_3 &= 7 \\x_1 - x_2 + 3x_4 &= -1\end{aligned}$$

**Solution:**

$$\left[ \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 7 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 3 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

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<b>Standard E3.</b>	Mark:
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Solve the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned}x + 3y - 4z &= 5 \\3x + 9y + z &= 2\end{aligned}$$

<b>Standard E4.</b>	Mark:
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Find a basis for the solution set of the system ...

<b>Standard V1.</b>	Mark:
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Let  $V$  be the set of all real numbers together with the operations  $\oplus$  and  $\odot$  defined by, for any  $x, y \in V$  and  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}x \oplus y &= x + y - 3 \\c \odot x &= cx - 3(c - 1)\end{aligned}$$

Determine if  $V$  is a vector space or not.

**Solution:** Let  $x, y \in V$ ,  $c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- 1) Real addition is associative, so  $\oplus$  is associative.
- 2)  $x \oplus 3 = x + 3 - 3 = x$ , so 3 is the additive identity.
- 3)  $x \oplus (6 - x) = x + (6 - x) - 3 = 3$ , so  $6 - x$  is the additive inverse of  $x$ .
- 4) Real addition is commutative, so  $\oplus$  is commutative.
- 5)

$$\begin{aligned}
 c \odot (d \odot x) &= c \odot (dx - 3(d - 1)) \\
 &= c(dx - 3(d - 1)) - 3(c - 1) \\
 &= cdx - 3(cd - 1) \\
 &= (cd) \odot x
 \end{aligned}$$

- 6)  $1 \odot x = x - 3(1 - 1) = x$
- 7)

$$\begin{aligned}
 c \odot (x \oplus y) &= c \odot (x + y - 3) \\
 &= c(x + y - 3) - 3(c - 1) \\
 &= cx - 3(c - 1) + cy - 3(c - 1) - 3 \\
 &= (c \odot x) \oplus (c \odot y)
 \end{aligned}$$

- 8)

$$\begin{aligned}
 (c + d) \odot x &= (c + d)x - 3(c + d - 1) \\
 &= cx - 3(c - 1) + dx - 3(d - 1) - 3 \\
 &= (c \odot x) \oplus (d \odot x)
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore  $V$  is a vector space.

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