Name:	

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathcal{P}^3 \to \mathcal{P}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d) = (a + 3b + 3c + 7d)x^3 + (a + 3b - c - d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x^2 + (a + 3$$

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Version 2

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 11 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

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Version 3

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

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Version 4

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

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Version 5 Fall 2017 Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 11 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x + 3y + 3z + 7w \\ x + 3y - z - w \\ 2x + 6y + 3z + 8w \\ x + 3y - 2z - 3w \end{bmatrix}$$

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Version 6

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**A3.** Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a)  $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (b)  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  given by the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 11 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathcal{P}^3 \to \mathcal{P}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d\right) = (a + 3b + 3c + 7d)x^3 + (a + 3b - c - d)x^2 + (2a + 6b + 3c + 8d)x + (a + 3b - 2c - 3d)x + (a + 3b - 2$$