Name:	
J#:	
Date:	

Dr. Clontz

MIDTERM EXAM Math 237 – Linear Algebra

Version 5 Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard E1.	Mark:

Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 4x_3 &= 1 \\ x_2 - x_3 &= 7 \\ x_1 - x_2 + 3x_4 &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Standard E2.	Mark:

Find RREF A, where

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 2 & 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 3 & 3 & -1 & -2 & 1 \end{array}\right]$$

Standard E3.	Mark:

Solve the following linear system.

$$\begin{aligned} 4x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 - 6x_4 &= 5 \\ -2x_3 - 4x_4 &= 3 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 - 4x_4 &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Standard E4.	Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} 4x_1 + 4x_2 + 3x_3 - 6x_4 &= 0 \\ -2x_3 - 4x_4 &= 0 \\ 2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 - 4x_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Standard V1.	Mark:

Let V be the set of all pairs of real numbers with the operations, for any $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\begin{aligned} (x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) &= (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2) \\ c \odot (x_1, y_1) &= (0, cy_1) \end{aligned}$$

(a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes vectors** over scalar addition: $(c + d) \odot (x, y) = c \odot (x, y) \oplus d \odot (x, y)$.

(b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

Standard V2.	Mark:

Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard V3.	Mark:

Does span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} = \mathbb{R}^5$?

Standard V4.	Mark:

Let W be the set of all polynomials of even degree. Determine if W is a subspace of the vector space of all polynomials.

Standard S1.	Mark:

Determine if the set of matrices $\left\{\begin{bmatrix}3 & -1\\0 & 4\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1 & 2\\-2 & 1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3 & -8\\6 & 5\end{bmatrix}\right\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

Standard S2.	Mark:

Determine if the set $\left\{\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\0\\2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\-1\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0\\2\\0\\-1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$ is a basis of $\mathbb{R}^4$.

Standard S3.	Mark:

Let W be the subspace of $\mathcal{P}_3$ given by
$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{x^3+x^2+2x+1, 3x^3+3x^2+6x+3, 3x^3-x^2+3x-2, 7x^3-x^2+8x-3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

Standard S4.	Mark:

Let W be the subspace of $\mathcal{P}_3$ given by
$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{x^3-x^2+3x-3, 2x^3+x+1, 3x^3-x^2+4x-2, x^3+x^2+x-7\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

Additional Notes/Marks	