## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 19

all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Math 237 – Linear Algebra

Version 4

Fall 2017 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show

**S2.** Determine if the set  $\{x^3 - x, x^2 + x + 1, x^3 - x^2 + 2, 2x^2 - 1\}$  is a basis of  $\mathcal{P}_3$ 

A3. Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective

(a) 
$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$ 

(b) 
$$S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by  $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x - y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$ 

**A4.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.

S2:	A3:	A4:	