Name:		

MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 6 Fall 2017 Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

E1. Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$x_1 + 4x_3 = 1$$

$$x_2 - x_3 = 7$$

$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_4 = -1$$

E2. Put the following matrix in reduced row echelon form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

E3. Solve the system of linear equations.

$$2x + y - z + w = 5$$

$$3x - y - 2w = 0$$

$$-x + 5z + 3w = -1$$

E4. Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations given by

$$3x + 2y + z = 0$$

$$x + y + z = 0$$

V1. Let V be the set of all real numbers with the operations, for any $x, y \in V$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$x \oplus y = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

- (a) Show that the vector **addition** \oplus is **associative**: $x \oplus (y \oplus z) = (x \oplus y) \oplus z$.
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

V2. Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\3 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1\\-1\\4 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\-6 \end{bmatrix}$.

V3. Determine if the vectors
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\6\\3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3 \end{bmatrix}$ span \mathbb{R}^4 .

V4. Determine if the set of all lattice points, i.e. $\{(x,y) \mid x \text{ and } y \text{ are integers}\}$ is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^2 .

S1. Determine if the set of polynomials $\{-3x^3 - 8x^2, x^3 + 2x^2 + 2, -x^2 + 3\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

 $\mathbf{S2.} \quad \text{Determine if the set } \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \text{ is a basis of } M_{2,2} \text{ or not.}$

S3. Let W be the subspace of \mathcal{P}^3 given by $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

E1:	V3:	
E2:	V4:	
E3:	S1:	
E4:	S2:	
V1:	S3:	
V2:	S4:	