Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 14

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

## Version 6

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Let V be the set of all pairs of real numbers with the operations, for any  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \in V, c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$(x_1, y_1) \oplus (x_2, y_2) = (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2)$$
  
 $c \odot (x_1, y_1) = (0, cy_1)$ 

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes vectors** over scalar addition:  $(c+d)\odot(x,y)=c\odot(x,y)\oplus d\odot(x,y).$
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

Standard V3. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix} \text{ span } \mathbb{R}^4.$$

Standard V4.	Mark:

Let W be the set of all complex numbers that are purely real (i.e of the form a+0i) or purely imaginary (i.e. of the form 0+bi). Determine if W is a subspace of  $\mathbb{C}$ .

Standard S2.

Mark:

Determine if the set  $\{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 2, -x^3 + 4x^2 - x + 1, -x^3 + 2x + 1, 3x^2 + 3x + 9\}$  is a basis of  $\mathcal{P}^3$  or not.

Additional Notes/Marks