Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 7 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A4. Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^4$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x + 3y + 3z + 7w \\ x + 3y - z - w \\ 2x + 6y + 3z + 8w \\ x + 3y - 2z - 3w \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.

Name:	Dr. Clontz
J#:	
Date:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

(a)
$$S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 where $S(\vec{e_1}) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $S(\vec{e_2}) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(b)
$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$$
 where $T(\vec{e}_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $T(\vec{e}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, and $T(\vec{e}_3) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard A4.

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.

Name:	Dr. Clontz
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MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 3

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Mark: Standard A3.

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

(a)
$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$
(b) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x+2y \\ x-y \\ x+4y \end{bmatrix}$

(b)
$$S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$$
 given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x - y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A4.

Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.

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Name:

J#:

Date:

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Mark:

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ where $S(\vec{e}_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $S(\vec{e}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ where $T(\vec{e}_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $T(\vec{e}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, and $T(\vec{e}_3) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard A4.

Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{2\times 3} \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ x & y & z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} a+x \\ b+y \\ c+z \end{bmatrix}$. Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.

Name:

J#:

Date:

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Mark:

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^4$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 11 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A4.

Mark:

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.

Name:

J#:

Date:

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 23

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 6

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard A3.

Mark:

Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the standard matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

Standard A4.

Let $T: \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2} \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ z & w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute a basis for the kernel and a basis for the image of T.