Name:	
J#:	Dr. Clontz
Date:	

MIDTERM EXAM

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2 Fall 2017 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Write a system of linear equations corresponding to the following augmented matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 9 & 1 & -7 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

	Mark:
Standard E2.	

Put the following matrix in reduced row echelon form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Standard E3.

Mark:

Solve the system of linear equations.

$$2x + y - z + w = 5$$
$$3x - y - 2w = 0$$
$$-x + 5z + 3w = -1$$

Standard E4.

Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set of the system of equations

$$x + 2y + 3z + w = 0$$
$$3x - y + z + w = 0$$
$$2x - 3y - 2z = 0$$

Standard V1. Mark:

Let V be the set of all real numbers together with the operations \oplus and \odot defined by, for any $x,y\in V$ and $c\in\mathbb{R}$,

$$x \oplus y = x + y - 3$$
$$c \odot x = cx - 3(c - 1)$$

- (a) Show that scalar multiplication is associative: $a \odot (b \odot x) = (ab) \odot x$.
- (b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer

Standard V2.

Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard V3.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
 \begin{bmatrix}
 2 \\
 -1 \\
 4
\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}
 3 \\
 12 \\
 -9
\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}
 1 \\
 4 \\
 -3
\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}
 -4 \\
 2 \\
 -8
\end{bmatrix} \right\} = \mathbb{R}^3?$$

Standard V4.

Mark:

Let W be the set of all polynomials of even degree. Determine if W is a subspace of the vector space of all polynomials.

Standard S1.	Mark:
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Determine if the set of polynomials $\{x^2 + x, x^2 + 2x - 1, x^2 + 3x - 2\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

Standard S2.
$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & 1 & \\ -1 & & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} & 2 & \\ & 0 & \\ & & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3

Standard S3.

$$\begin{bmatrix}
Mark: \\
Mark: \\
\end{bmatrix}$$
Let $W = \operatorname{span} \left(\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \right)$. Find a basis for W .

Standard S4.
$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & & & & \\ & &$$

Additional Notes/Marks