Name:

J#:

Date:

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 17

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard V3.	Mark:			
Determine if the vectors	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right]$, and $\left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array}\right]$	$\begin{bmatrix} 7\\-1\\8\\-3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ span } \mathbb{R}^4.$

Solution:

$$RREF \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 & 7 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 & 8 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since there are zero rows, they do not span. Alternatively, by inspection $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, so the set is linearly

dependent, so it spans a subspace of dimension at most 3, therefore it does not span \mathbb{R}^4 .

Standard V4.

Mark:

Let W be the set of all polynomials of the form $ax^3 + bx$. Determine if W is a subspace of \mathcal{P}^3 .

Solution: Yes because $s(a_1x^3 + b_1x) + t(a_2x^3 + b_2x) = (sa_1 + ta_2)x^3 + (sb_1 + tb_2)x$ also belongs to W. Alternately, yes because W is isomorphic to \mathbb{R}^2 .

Standard S2. $\begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ & & & \\ & 1 & \\ & -1 & \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} & 3 & \\ & -1 & \\ & 1 & \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} & 2 & \\ & 0 & \\ & -2 & \end{bmatrix}$ is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3

Solution:

RREF
$$\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since the resulting matrix is the identity matrix, it is a basis.