Name:		

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

 ${\bf A3.}$ Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute the kernel and image of T.

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Version 2

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

A3. Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T \begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute the kernel and image of T.

A3:

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Version 3

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

A3. Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$
- (b) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^4$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x + 3y + 3z + 7w \\ x + 3y - z - w \\ 2x + 6y + 3z + 8w \\ x + 3y - 2z - 3w \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.

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Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

A3. Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & -7 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear map given by $T\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ w \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8x - 3y - z + 4w \\ y + 3z - 4w \\ -7x + 3y + 2z - 5w \end{bmatrix}$. Compute the kernel and image of T.

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Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

A3. Determine if each of the following linear transformations is injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).

- (a) $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$
- (b) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.

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Version 6

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

- A3. Determine if the following linear maps are injective (one-to-one) and/or surjective (onto).
- (a) $S: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $S\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y \\ x y \\ x + 4y \end{bmatrix}$
- (b) $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y+z \\ 2y+3z \\ x-y-2z \end{bmatrix}$

A4. Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute the kernel and image of T.