Name:	

MASTERY QUIZ DAY 15

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

V2. Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Solution:

$$\operatorname{RREF}\left(\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
3 & -1 & 0 \\
-1 & 0 & -1 \\
-1 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & 2 & 6
\end{array}\right]\right) = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
1 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 3 \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right]$$

Since this system has a solution, $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1\\0\\1\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ namely }$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

S1. Determine if the set of polynomials $\{x^3 - 8x, x^3 + 2x^2 + 2, -x^2 + 3\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

Solution:

$$RREF\left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0\\ -8 & 2 & -1\\ 0 & 2 & 3\\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}\\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2}\\ 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has a non pivot column, therefore the set is linearly dependent.

S3. Let $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Find a basis of W.

Solution:

RREF
$$\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Then
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3\\6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 is a basis of W .

S4. Let
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of W .

Solution:

$$RREF\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2\\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 0\\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2}\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2\\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -11\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has 3 pivot columns so $\dim(W) = 3$.

va.

S1:

S3:

S4: