Name:	
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Dr. Clontz

MIDTERM EXAM Math 237 – Linear Algebra

Version 5 Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Standard E1.	Mark:

Write a system of linear equations corresponding to the following augmented matrix.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 & -7 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array}\right]$$

Standard E2.	Mark:

Put the following matrix in reduced row echelon form.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -3 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 & -2 \end{array}\right]$$

Standard E3.	Mark:

Find the solution set for the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 + 14x_4 &= 8 \\ x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 5x_4 &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Standard E4.	Mark:

Find a basis for the solution set to the homogeneous system of equations given by

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4 &= 0 \\ 3x_1 + 6x_3 + x_4 &= 0 \\ -4x_1 + x_2 - 9x_3 + 2x_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Standard V1.	Mark:

Let V be the set of all real numbers with the operations, for any $x, y \in V$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$x \oplus y = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$
$$c \odot x = cx$$

(a) Show that the vector **addition** $\oplus$ is **associative**: $x \oplus (y \oplus z) = (x \oplus y) \oplus z$.

(b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

Standard V2.	Mark:

Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$.

Standard V3.	Mark:

Determine if the vectors $\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}$ span $\mathbb{R}^4$.

Standard V4.	Mark:

Determine if the set of all lattice points, i.e. $\{(x,y) \mid x \text{ and } y \text{ are integers}\}$ is a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^2$.

Standard S1.	Mark:

Determine if the set of matrices $\left\{\begin{bmatrix}3 & -1\\0 & 4\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1 & 2\\-2 & 1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3 & -8\\6 & 5\end{bmatrix}\right\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

Standard S2.	Mark:

Determine if the set $\left\{\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\0\\2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\-1\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0\\2\\0\\-1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$ is a basis of $\mathbb{R}^4$.

Standard S3.	Mark:

Let $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Find a basis of W.

Standard S4.	Mark:

Let W be the subspace of $\mathcal{P}_3$ given by
$W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 3, 2x^3 + x + 1, 3x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 2, x^3 + x^2 + x - 7\right\}\right)$. Compute the dimension of W.

Additional Notes/Marks	