Name:	

## **MASTERY QUIZ DAY 12**

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**V1.** Let V be the set of all real numbers together with the operations  $\oplus$  and  $\odot$  defined by, for any  $x, y \in V$  and  $c \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$x \oplus y = x + y - 3$$
$$c \odot x = cx - 3(c - 1)$$

Determine if V is a vector space or not.

Solution: Let  $x, y \in V$ ,  $c, d \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- 1) Real addition is associative, so  $\oplus$  is associative.
- 2)  $x \oplus 3 = x + 3 3 = x$ , so 3 is the additive identity.
- 3)  $x \oplus (6-x) = x + (6-x) 3 = 3$ , so 6-x is the additive inverse of x.
- 4) Real addition is commutative, so  $\oplus$  is commutative.

5)

$$c \odot (d \odot x) = c \odot (dx - 3(d - 1))$$
$$= c (dx - 3(d - 1)) - 3(c - 1)$$
$$= cdx - 3(cd - 1)$$
$$= (cd) \odot x$$

6)  $1 \odot x = x - 3(1 - 1) = x$ 

7)

$$c \odot (x \oplus y) = c \odot (x + y - 3)$$

$$= c(x + y - 3) - 3(c - 1)$$

$$= cx - 3(c - 1) + cy - 3(c - 1) - 3$$

$$= (c \odot x) \oplus (c \odot y)$$

8)

$$(c+d) \odot x = (c+d)x - 3(c+d-1)$$
  
=  $cx - 3(c-1) + dx - 3(c-1) - 3$   
=  $(c \odot x) \oplus (d \odot x)$ 

Therefore V is a vector space.

**V3.** Determine if the vectors  $\begin{bmatrix} -3\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 5\\-1\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$  span  $\mathbb{R}^3$ 

Solution:

RREF 
$$\left( \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since the resulting matrix has only two pivot columns, the vectors do not span  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

**V4.** Determine if the set of all lattice points, i.e.  $\{(x,y) \mid x \text{ and } y \text{ are integers}\}$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

Solution: This set is closed under addition, but not under scalar multiplication so it is not a subspace.

V1:

V3:

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