Name:	

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Version 1

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\8\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1\\3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for  $W$ .

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of  $W$ .

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\\x_4\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 + 3x_3\\3x_2 - x_3\end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^4$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2.$ 

**A2.** Determine if the map  $T: \mathcal{P}^3 \to \mathcal{P}^4$  given by T(f(x)) = xf(x) - f(x) is a linear transformation or not. **A1:** 

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Version 2 Fall 2017 Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors 
$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-1\\0\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\-2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\-8\\6\\5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$
 is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

**S3.** Let W be the subspace of  $\mathcal{P}_3$  given by  $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$ . Find a basis for W.

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find the dimension of  $W$ .

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 + 3x_3\end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}$ .

**A2.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine if T is a linear transformation.

S1: | S3: | S4: | A1: | A2:

Version 3

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Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of matrices  $\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -8 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix}\right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

**S3.** Let W be the subspace of  $\mathcal{P}_3$  given by  $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$ . Find a basis for W.

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of  $W$ .

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}^4.$ 

**A2.** Determine if  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} e^x \\ e^y \end{bmatrix}$  is a linear transformation.

S1: | S3: | S4: | A1: | A2: |

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Version 4

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of matrices  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -8 \\ 6 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent.

**S3.** Let W be the subspace of  $\mathcal{P}_3$  given by  $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3 + x^2 + 2x + 1, 3x^3 + 3x^2 + 6x + 3, 3x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 2, 7x^3 - x^2 + 8x - 3\right\}\right)$ . Find a basis for W.

**S4.** Let  $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3\\ -8\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ -1\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$ . Compute the dimension of W.

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^4$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} -3x + y \\ -8x + 2y - z \\ 2y + 3z \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

**A2.** Determine if  $D: M_{2,2} \to \mathbb{R}$  given by  $D\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}\right) = ad - bc$  is a linear transformation or not.

S1: | S3: | S4: | A1: | A2:

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Version 5

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -8 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\2\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\3\\6\\3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\3\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}7\\-1\\8\\-3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for  $W$ .

**S4.** Let W be the subspace of  $\mathcal{P}_3$  given by  $W = \text{span}\left(\left\{x^3-x^2+3x-3,2x^3+x+1,3x^3-x^2+4x-2,x^3+x^2+x-7\right\}\right)$ . Compute the dimension of W.

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 + 3x_3\end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}.$ 

**A2.** Determine if  $D: M_{2,2} \to \mathbb{R}$  given by  $D\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}\right) = ad - bc$  is a linear transformation or not.

S1: | S3: | S4: | A1: | A2:

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Version 6

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

**S1.** Determine if the set of vectors  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\-1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\3\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

**S3.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3\\ -8\\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\ 2\\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ -1\\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Find a basis for  $W$ .

**S4.** Let 
$$W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}1\\-1\\3\\-3\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}3\\-1\\4\\-2\end{bmatrix},\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\\1\\-7\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$$
. Compute the dimension of  $W$ .

**A1.** Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^4 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1\\x_2\\x_3\\x_4\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 + 3x_3\\3x_2 - x_3\end{bmatrix}$$

. Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^4$  and  $\mathbb{R}^2.$ 

**A2.** Determine if  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} e^x \\ e^y \end{bmatrix}$  is a linear transformation.

S1: | S3: | S4: | A1: | A2: |