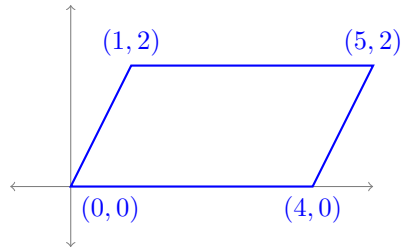


Readiness Assurance Test

Choose the most appropriate response for each question.

- 1) Find the area of the parallelogram with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(4, 0)$, $(5, 2)$, and $(1, 2)$.

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 8



- 2) Find the area of the parallelogram with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(12, 5)$, $(14, 8)$, and $(2, 3)$.

- (a) 13
- (b) 26
- (c) 39
- (d) 52



- 3) The parallelogram ABCD has area 6. If AE is $\frac{3}{2}$ the length of AB, what is the area of the parallelogram AEFD?

- (a) 9
- (b) 12
- (c) 15
- (d) 18



- 4) The parallelogram ABCD has area 6. If AF is one third as long as AD, what is the area of the parallelogram ABEF?

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4



5) Let $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a linear transformation. Which of the following is equal to $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a+b \\ a+b \end{bmatrix} \right)$?

(a) $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right)$ (c) $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right) + T \left(\begin{bmatrix} b \\ a \end{bmatrix} \right)$ (b) $2T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right)$ (d) $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ a \end{bmatrix} \right) + T \left(\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right) + T \left(\begin{bmatrix} b \\ a \end{bmatrix} \right) + T \left(\begin{bmatrix} b \\ b \end{bmatrix} \right)$

6) Let $T : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ be a linear transformation with associated matrix $A \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$. Three of the four answer choices are equivalent to each other; which one is not equivalent to the other three?

(a) A is not an invertible matrix(b) T has a non-trivial kernel(c) $\det(A) \neq 0$ (d) $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$ has multiple solutions for all $\vec{b} \in \mathbb{R}^n$.

7) What is the matrix corresponding to the linear transformation $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ given by $T \left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} \right) =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3x + 2y - z \\ y + z \\ x + 7z \end{bmatrix}?$$

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 7 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

8) Which of the following conditions imply that the quadratic polynomial $ax^2 + bx + c$ has no real roots?

(a) $a < 0$ (b) $b^2 - 4ac < 0$ (c) $ac - b^2 < 0$ (d) $ab + c^2 < 0$

9) Which of the following is a root of the polynomial $x^2 - 4x + 13$?

(a) $1 + 2i$

(b) $2 - 3i$

(c) $3 + 4i$

(d) $4 - 5i$

10) How many roots does the polynomial $x^4 + 3x^3 + x^2 - 3x - 2$ have?

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4