Name:

J#:

Date:

## MASTERY QUIZ DAY 18

Math 237 – Linear Algebra Fall 2017

## Version 4

Show all work. Answers without work will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

Determine if the set of polynomials  $\{-3x^3 - 8x^2, x^3 + 2x^2 + 2, -x^2 + 3\}$  is linearly dependent or linearly independent

## Solution:

$$RREF\left(\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has a non pivot column, therefore the set is linearly dependent.

Standard S3.

Let  $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -8 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$ . Find a basis for W.

**Solution:** Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -8 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , and compute  $\text{RREF}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ . Since the first two columns are

pivot columns,  $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3\\-8\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  is a basis for W.

Mark:

Standard S4.

Let  $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix} 2\\0\\-2\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 3\\1\\3\\6\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$ . Compute the dimension of W.

Solution:

RREF 
$$\left( \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -11 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

This has 3 pivot columns so dim(W) = 3.

Standard A1.

Mark:

 $\overline{\text{Let }T:\mathbb{R}^3\to\mathbb{R}}$  be the linear transformation given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 + 3x_3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Write the matrix for T with respect to the standard bases of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  and  $\mathbb{R}$ .

Solution:

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Standard A2.

Mark:

Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be given by  $T\left(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ \sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y} \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine if T is a linear transformation.

Solution:

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix}0\\4\end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix}4\\2\end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix}4\\4\end{bmatrix} = 4T\left(\begin{bmatrix}0\\1\end{bmatrix}\right)$$

So T is not a linear transformation.

Additional Notes/Marks