Name: ____________________

MIDTERM EXAM Math 237 – Linear Algebra
Version 1 Fall 2017

Show all work and justify all of your answers. Answers without work or sufficient reasoning will not receive credit. You may use a calculator, but you must show all relevant work to receive credit for a standard.

E1. Write an augmented matrix corresponding to the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y - 4z &= 5 \\ 3x + 9y + z &= 0 \\ x - z &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

E2. Find RREF A, where

$$A = \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & -7 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 \end{array}\right]$$

E3. Solve the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y - 4z &= 5 \\ 3x + 9y + z &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

E4. Find a basis for the solution set of the system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y + 3z + 7w &= 0 \\ x + 3y - z - w &= 0 \\ 2x + 6y + 3z + 8w &= 0 \\ x + 3y - 2z - 3w &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

V1. Let V be the set of all polynomials with the operations, for any $f, g \in V$, $c \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\begin{aligned} f \oplus g &= f' + g' \\ c \odot f &= cf' \end{aligned}$$

(here f' denotes the derivative of f).

(a) Show that scalar multiplication **distributes scalars** over vector addition: $c \odot (f \oplus g) = c \odot f \oplus c \odot g$.

(b) Determine if V is a vector space or not. Justify your answer.

V2. Determine if $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ can be written as a linear combination of the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -9 \\ 15 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$.

V3. Determine if the vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$ span $\mathbb{R}^4$.

V4. Let W be the set of all $\mathbb{R}^3$ vectors $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$ satisfying $x + y + z = 0$ (this forms a plane). Determine if W is a subspace of $\mathbb{R}^3$.

S1. Determine if the set of vectors $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -8 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ is linearly dependent or linearly independent

S2. Determine if the set $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ is a basis of $\mathbb{R}^4$.

S3. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left(\left\{\begin{bmatrix}-3\\-8\\0\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}1\\2\\2\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0\\-1\\3\end{bmatrix}\right\}\right)$. Find a basis for W.

S4. Let $W = \operatorname{span}\left\{\begin{bmatrix}2\\0\\2\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}3\\1\\-1\\1\end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix}0\\2\\-8\\-1\end{bmatrix}\right\}$. Find the dimension of W.

E1:	**V3:**
E2:	**V4:**
E3:	**S1:**
E4:	**S2:**
V1:	**S3:**
V2:	**S4:**