

# Package ‘Giotto’

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**Title** Spatial single-cell transcriptomics toolbox.

**Version** 0.3.2

**Description** Toolbox to process, analyze and visualize spatial single-cell expression data.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**URL** <https://rubd.github.io/Giotto/>, <https://github.com/RubD/Giotto>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/RubD/Giotto/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.0

**Depends** data.table (>= 1.12.2),  
ggplot2 (>= 3.1.1),  
base (>= 3.5.1),  
utils (>= 3.5.1),  
R (>= 3.5.1)

**Imports** Matrix,  
Rtsne (>= 0.15),  
uwot (>= 0.0.0.9010),  
Rfast,  
cowplot (>= 0.9.4),  
grDevices,  
RColorBrewer (>= 1.1-2),  
jackstraw (>= 1.3),  
dbscan (>= 1.1-3),  
ggalluvial (>= 0.9.1),  
scales (>= 1.0.0),  
ComplexHeatmap (>= 1.20.0),  
qvalue (>= 2.14.1),  
lfa (>= 1.12.0),  
igraph (>= 1.2.4.1),  
plotly,  
reticulate (>= 1.14),  
magrittr,  
limma,  
ggdendro,  
smfishHmrf,  
matrixStats (>= 0.55.0),

devtools,  
 reshape2,  
 ggraph,  
 Rcpp,  
 rlang ( $\geq 0.4.3$ ),  
 fitdistrplus,  
 deldir

**Suggests** knitr,  
 rmarkdown,  
 MAST,  
 scan ( $\geq 1.10.1$ ),  
 png,  
 tiff,  
 biomaRt,  
 trendsseek,  
 multinet ( $\geq 3.0.2$ ),  
 RTriangle ( $\geq 1.6-0.10$ )

**biocViews**

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**LinkingTo** Rcpp,  
 RcppArmadillo

**Remotes** lambdamoses/smfishhmr-r

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---

adapt_aspect_ratio	<i>adapt_aspect_ratio</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

adapt the aspect ratio after inserting cross section mesh grid lines



**Usage**

```

adapt_aspect_ratio(
  current_ratio,
  cell_locations,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  mesh_obj = NULL
)

```

---

addCellIntMetadata	<i>addCellIntMetadata</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates an additional metadata column with information about interacting and non-interacting cell types of the selected cell-cell interaction.

**Usage**

```

addCellIntMetadata(
  gobject,
  spatial_network = "spatial_network",
  cluster_column,
  cell_interaction,
  name = "select_int",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
spatial_network	name of spatial network to use
cluster_column	column of cell types
cell_interaction	cell-cell interaction to use
name	name for the new metadata column
return_gobject	return an updated giotto object

**Details**

This function will create an additional metadata column which selects interacting cell types for a specific cell-cell interaction. For example, if you want to color interacting astrocytes and oligodendrocytes it will create a new metadata column with the values "select\_astrocytes", "select\_oligodendrocytes", "other\_astrocytes", "other\_oligodendrocytes" and "other". Where "other" is all other cell types found within the selected cell type column.

**Value**

Giotto object

**Examples**

```
addCellIntMetadata(gobject)
```

---

addCellMetadata	<i>addCellMetadata</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

adds cell metadata to the giotto object

**Usage**

```
addCellMetadata(
  gobject,
  new_metadata,
  by_column = FALSE,
  column_cell_ID = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
new_metadata	new cell metadata to use (data.table, data.frame, ...)
by_column	merge metadata based on cell_ID column in pDataDT (default = FALSE)
column_cell_ID	column name of new metadata to use if by_column = TRUE

**Details**

You can add additional cell metadata in two manners: 1. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations in the same order as the cell\_ID column in pDataDT(gobject) 2. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations and specify which column contains the cell IDs, these cell IDs need to match with the cell\_ID column in pDataDT(gobject)

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
addCellMetadata(gobject)
```

---

addCellStatistics	<i>addCellStatistics</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

## Description

adds cells statistics to the giotto object

## Usage

```
addCellStatistics(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  detection_threshold = 0,  
  return_gobject = TRUE  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>detection_threshold</code>	detection threshold to consider a gene detected
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

## Details

This function will add the following statistics to cell metadata:

- `nr_genes`: Denotes in how many genes are detected per cell
- `perc_genes`: Denotes what percentage of genes is detected per cell
- `total_expr`: Shows the total sum of gene expression per cell

## Value

giotto object if `return_gobject = TRUE`

## Examples

```
addCellStatistics(gobject)
```

---

addGeneMetadata	<i>addGeneMetadata</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

### Description

adds gene metadata to the giotto object

### Usage

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject, new_metadata, by_column = F, column_gene_ID = NULL)
```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>new_metadata</code>	new metadata to use
<code>by_column</code>	merge metadata based on gene_ID column in fDataDT
<code>column_cell_ID</code>	column name of new metadata to use if <code>by_column = TRUE</code>

### Details

You can add additional gene metadata in two manners: 1. Provide a `data.table` or `data.frame` with gene annotations in the same order as the `gene_ID` column in `fDataDT(gobject)` 2. Provide a `data.table` or `data.frame` with gene annotations and specify which column contains the gene IDs, these gene IDs need to match with the `gene_ID` column in `fDataDT(gobject)`

### Value

giotto object

### Examples

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject)
```

---

addGeneStatistics	<i>addGeneStatistics</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

adds gene statistics to the giotto object

### Usage

```
addGeneStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject            giotto object  
 expression\_values      expression values to use  
 detection\_threshold      detection threshold to consider a gene detected  
 return\_gobject    boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

This function will add the following statistics to gene metadata:

- nr\_cells: Denotes in how many cells the gene is detected
- per\_cells: Denotes in what percentage of cells the gene is detected
- total\_expr: Shows the total sum of gene expression in all cells
- mean\_expr: Average gene expression in all cells
- mean\_expr\_det: Average gene expression in cells with detectable levels of the gene

**Value**

giotto object if return\_gobject = TRUE

**Examples**

```
addGeneStatistics(gobject)
```

---

 addHMRF

*addHMRF*


---

**Description**

Add selected results from doHMRF to the giotto object

**Usage**

```
addHMRF(gobject, HMRFOutput, k = NULL, betas_to_add = NULL, hmrf_name = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gobject            giotto object  
 HMRFOutput        HMRF output from doHMRF()  
 k                    number of domains  
 betas\_to\_add       results from different betas that you want to add  
 name                specify a custom name

**Details**

Description ...

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
addHMRF(gobject)
```

---

addNetworkLayout	<i>addNetworkLayout</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Add a network layout for a selected nearest neighbor network

**Usage**

```
addNetworkLayout(
  gobject,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  layout_type = c("drl"),
  options_list = NULL,
  layout_name = "layout",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
nn_network_to_use	kNN or sNN
network_name	name of NN network to be used
layout_type	layout algorithm to use
options_list	list of options for selected layout
layout_name	name for layout
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

This function creates layout coordinates based on the provided kNN or sNN. Currently only the force-directed graph layout "drl", see [layout\\_with\\_drl](#), is implemented. This provides an alternative to tSNE or UMAP based visualizations.

**Value**

giotto object with updated layout for selected NN network

**Examples**

```
addNetworkLayout(gobject)
```

---

addStatistics	<i>addStatistics</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

## Description

adds genes and cells statistics to the giotto object

## Usage

```
addStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

`gobject`            giotto object

`expression_values`  
                    expression values to use

`detection_threshold`  
                    detection threshold to consider a gene detected

`return_gobject`    boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

## Details

See [addGeneStatistics](#) and [addCellStatistics](#)

## Value

giotto object if `return_gobject = TRUE`, else a list with results

## Examples

```
addStatistics(gobject)
```

---

adjustGiottoMatrix	<i>adjustGiottoMatrix</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

**Usage**

```
adjustGiottoMatrix(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  batch_columns = NULL,
  covariate_columns = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  update_slot = c("custom")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>batch_columns</code>	metadata columns that represent different batch (max = 2)
<code>covariate_columns</code>	metadata columns that represent covariates to regress out
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>update_slot</code>	expression slot that will be updated (default = custom)

**Details**

This function implements the [limma::removeBatchEffect](#) function to remove known batch effects and to adjust expression values according to provided covariates.

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
adjustGiottoMatrix(gobject)
```

---

aes\_string2

*aes\_string2*

---

**Description**

makes sure aes\_string can also be used with names that start with numeric values

**Usage**

```
aes_string2(...)
```



---

```
all_plots_save_function
    all_plots_save_function
```

---

## Description

Function to automatically save plots to directory of interest

## Usage

```
all_plots_save_function(
  gobject,
  plot_object,
  save_dir = NULL,
  save_folder = NULL,
  save_name = NULL,
  default_save_name = "giotto_plot",
  save_format = NULL,
  show_saved_plot = F,
  ncol = 1,
  nrow = 1,
  scale = 1,
  base_width = NULL,
  base_height = NULL,
  base_aspect_ratio = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  dpi = NULL,
  limitsize = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
plot_object	object to plot
save_dir	directory to save to
save_folder	folder in save_dir to save to
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format (e.g. png, tiff, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot
ncol	number of columns
nrow	number of rows
scale	scale
base_width	width
base_height	height
base_aspect_ratio	aspect ratio

units	units
dpi	Plot resolution
limitsize	When TRUE (the default), ggsave will not save images larger than 50x50 inches, to prevent the common error of specifying dimensions in pixels.
...	additional parameters to ggplot_save_function or general_save_function

**See Also**

[general\\_save\\_function](#)

**Examples**

```
all_plots_save_function(gobject)
```

---

annotateGiotto	<i>annotateGiotto</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Converts cluster results into provided annotation.

**Usage**

```
annotateGiotto(
  gobject,
  annotation_vector = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  name = "cell_types"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
annotation_vector	named annotation vector (names = cluster ids)
cluster_column	cluster column to convert to annotation names
name	new name for annotation column

**Details**

You need to specify which (cluster) column you want to annotate and you need to provide an annotation vector like this:

- 1. identify the cell type of each cluster
- 2. create a vector of these cell types, e.g. `cell_types = c('T-cell', 'B-cell', 'Stromal')`
- 3. provide original cluster names to previous vector, e.g. `names(cell_types) = c(2, 1, 3)`

**Value**

giotto object

## Examples

```
annotateGiotto(gobject)
```

---

```
annotateSpatialNetwork
      annotateSpatialNetwork
```

---

## Description

Annotate spatial network with cell metadata information.

## Usage

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column,
  create_full_network = F
)
```

## Arguments

```
gobject          giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
cluster_column  name of column to use for clusters
create_full_network
                  convert from reduced to full network representation
```

## Value

annotated network in data.table format

## Examples

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

---

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_2D
      annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_2D
```

---

## Description

annotate spatial locations with 2D spatial grid information

## Usage

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_2D(spatloc, spatgrid)
```

**Arguments**

spatloc	spatial_locs slot from giotto object
spatgrid	selected spatial_grid slot from giotto object

**Value**

annotated spatial location data.table

**Examples**

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_2D()
```

---

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_3D  
      annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_3D
```

---

**Description**

annotate spatial locations with 3D spatial grid information

**Usage**

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_3D(spatloc, spatgrid)
```

**Arguments**

spatloc	spatial_locs slot from giotto object
spatgrid	selected spatial_grid slot from giotto object

**Value**

annotated spatial location data.table

**Examples**

```
annotate_spatlocs_with_spatgrid_3D()
```

---

```
average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups
      average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups
```

---

**Description**

calculate average expression per cluster

**Usage**

```
average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups(
  gobject,
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell type information
<code>gene_set_1</code>	first specific gene set from gene pairs
<code>gene_set_2</code>	second specific gene set from gene pairs

**Details**

Details will follow soon.

**Value**

data.table with average expression scores for each cluster

**Examples**

```
average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups(gobject)
```

---

<code>binSpect</code>	<i>binSpect</i>
-----------------------	-----------------

---

**Description**

Previously: binGetSpatialGenes. BinSpect (Binary Spatial Extraction of genes) is a fast computational method that identifies genes with a spatially coherent expression pattern.

## Usage

```
binSpect(
  gobject,
  bin_method = c("kmeans", "rank"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  nstart = 3,
  iter_max = 10,
  percentage_rank = 30,
  do_fisher_test = TRUE,
  calc_hub = FALSE,
  hub_min_int = 3,
  get_av_expr = TRUE,
  get_high_expr = TRUE,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>bin_method</code>	method to binarize gene expression
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>subset_genes</code>	only select a subset of genes to test
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use (default = 'spatial_network')
<code>nstart</code>	kmeans: nstart parameter
<code>iter_max</code>	kmeans: iter.max parameter
<code>percentage_rank</code>	percentage of top cells for binarization
<code>do_fisher_test</code>	perform fisher test
<code>calc_hub</code>	calculate the number of hub cells
<code>hub_min_int</code>	minimum number of cell-cell interactions for a hub cell
<code>get_av_expr</code>	calculate the average expression per gene of the high expressing cells
<code>get_high_expr</code>	calculate the number of high expressing cells per gene
<code>do_parallel</code>	run calculations in parallel with mclapply
<code>cores</code>	number of cores to use if <code>do_parallel = TRUE</code>
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose

## Details

We provide two ways to identify spatial genes based on gene expression binarization. Both methods are identical except for how binarization is performed.

- 1. binarize: Each gene is binarized (0 or 1) in each cell with **kmeans** (k = 2) or based on **rank** percentile

- 2. network: All cells are connected through a spatial network based on the physical coordinates
- 3. contingency table: A contingency table is calculated based on all edges of neighboring cells and the binarized expression (0-0, 0-1, 1-0 or 1-1)
- 4. For each gene an odds-ratio (OR) and fisher.test (optional) is calculated

Other statistics are provided (optional):

- Number of cells with high expression (binary = 1)
- Average expression of each gene within high expressing cells
- Number of hub cells, these are high expressing cells that have a user defined number of high expressing neighbors

By selecting a subset of likely spatial genes (e.g. soft thresholding highly variable genes) or using multiple cores can accelerate the speed.

### Value

data.table with results (see details)

### Examples

```
binSpect(gobject)
```

---

calculateHVG

*calculateHVG*

---

### Description

compute highly variable genes

### Usage

```
calculateHVG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  method = c("cov_groups", "cov_loess"),
  reverse_log_scale = FALSE,
  logbase = 2,
  expression_threshold = 0,
  nr_expression_groups = 20,
  zscore_threshold = 1.5,
  HVGname = "hvg",
  difference_in_cov = 0.1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "HVGplot",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>method</code>	method to calculate highly variable genes
<code>reverse_log_scale</code>	reverse log-scale of expression values (default = FALSE)
<code>logbase</code>	if <code>reverse_log_scale</code> is TRUE, which log base was used?
<code>expression_threshold</code>	expression threshold to consider a gene detected
<code>nr_expression_groups</code>	number of expression groups for <code>cov_groups</code>
<code>zscore_threshold</code>	zscore to select hvg for <code>cov_groups</code>
<code>HVGname</code>	name for highly variable genes in cell metadata
<code>difference_in_cov</code>	minimum difference in coefficient of variance required
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

Currently we provide 2 ways to calculate highly variable genes: **1. high coeff of variance (COV) within groups:**

First genes are binned (*nr\_expression\_groups*) into average expression groups and the COV for each gene is converted into a z-score within each bin. Genes with a z-score higher than the threshold (*zscore\_threshold*) are considered highly variable.

**2. high COV based on loess regression prediction:**

A predicted COV is calculated for each gene using loess regression (COV~log(mean expression)) Genes that show a higher than predicted COV (*difference\_in\_cov*) are considered highly variable.

**Value**

giotto object highly variable genes appended to gene metadata (fDataDT)

**Examples**

```
calculateHVG(gobject)
```



---

calculateMetaTable	<i>calculateMetaTable</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

calculates the average gene expression for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

**Usage**

```
calculateMetaTable(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  metadata_cols = NULL,  
  selected_genes = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
metadata_cols	annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
selected_genes	subset of genes to use

**Value**

data.table with average expression values for each gene per (combined) annotation

**Examples**

```
calculateMetaTable(gobject)
```

---

calculateMetaTableCells	<i>calculateMetaTableCells</i>
-------------------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

calculates the average metadata values for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

**Usage**

```
calculateMetaTableCells(  
  gobject,  
  value_cols = NULL,  
  metadata_cols = NULL,  
  spat_enr_names = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>value_cols</code>	metadata or enrichment value columns to use
<code>metadata_cols</code>	annotation columns found in <code>pDataDT(gobject)</code>
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	which spatial enrichment results to include

**Value**

data.table with average metadata values per (combined) annotation

**Examples**

```
calculateMetaTableCells(gobject)
```

---

```
calculate_distance_and_weight
      calculate_distance_and_weight
```

---

**Description**

`calculate_distance_and_weight`

**Usage**

```
calculate_distance_and_weight(
  networkDT,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  d2_or_d3 = c(2, 3)
)
```

---

```
cellProximityBarplot  cellProximityBarplot
```

---

**Description**

Create barplot from cell-cell proximity scores

**Usage**

```
cellProximityBarplot(  
  gobject,  
  CPscore,  
  min_orig_ints = 5,  
  min_sim_ints = 5,  
  p_val = 0.05,  
  show_plot = NA,  
  return_plot = NA,  
  save_plot = NA,  
  save_param = list(),  
  default_save_name = "cellProximityBarplot"  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>CPscore</code>	CPscore, output from <code>cellProximityEnrichment()</code>
<code>min_orig_ints</code>	filter on minimum original cell-cell interactions
<code>min_sim_ints</code>	filter on minimum simulated cell-cell interactions
<code>p_val</code>	p-value
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Details**

This function creates a barplot that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

**Value**

ggplot barplot

**Examples**

```
cellProximityBarplot(CPscore)
```

---

```
cellProximityEnrichment
      cellProximityEnrichment
```

---

## Description

Compute cell-cell interaction enrichment (observed vs expected)

## Usage

```
cellProximityEnrichment(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column,
  number_of_simulations = 1000,
  adjust_method = c("none", "fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel",
    "BY")
)
```

## Arguments

```
gobject          giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
cluster_column  name of column to use for clusters
number_of_simulations
                  number of simulations to create expected observations
```

## Details

Spatial proximity enrichment or depletion between pairs of cell types is calculated by calculating the observed over the expected frequency of cell-cell proximity interactions. The expected frequency is the average frequency calculated from a number of spatial network simulations. Each individual simulation is obtained by reshuffling the cell type labels of each node (cell) in the spatial network.

## Value

List of cell Proximity scores (CPscores) in data.table format. The first data.table (raw\_sim\_table) shows the raw observations of both the original and simulated networks. The second data.table (enrichm\_res) shows the enrichment results.

## Examples

```
cellProximityEnrichment(gobject)
```

---

cellProximityHeatmap    *cellProximityHeatmap*


---

## Description

Create heatmap from cell-cell proximity scores

## Usage

```
cellProximityHeatmap(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  scale = T,
  order_cell_types = T,
  color_breaks = NULL,
  color_names = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximityHeatmap"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
CPscore	CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
scale	scale cell-cell proximity interaction scores
order_cell_types	order cell types based on enrichment correlation
color_breaks	numerical vector of length 3 to represent min, mean and maximum
color_names	character color vector of length 3
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

This function creates a heatmap that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

## Value

ggplot heatmap

**Examples**

```
cellProximityHeatmap(CPscore)
```

---

```
cellProximityNetwork    cellProximityNetwork
```

---

**Description**

Create network from cell-cell proximity scores

**Usage**

```
cellProximityNetwork(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  remove_self_edges = FALSE,
  self_loop_strength = 0.1,
  color_depletion = "lightgreen",
  color_enrichment = "red",
  rescale_edge_weights = TRUE,
  edge_weight_range_depletion = c(0.1, 1),
  edge_weight_range_enrichment = c(1, 5),
  layout = c("Fruchterman", "DrL", "Kamada-Kawai"),
  only_show_enrichment_edges = F,
  edge_width_range = c(0.1, 2),
  node_size = 4,
  node_text_size = 6,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximityNetwork"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
CPscore	CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
remove_self_edges	remove enrichment/depletion edges with itself
self_loop_strength	size of self-loops
color_depletion	color for depleted cell-cell interactions
color_enrichment	color for enriched cell-cell interactions
rescale_edge_weights	rescale edge weights (boolean)
edge_weight_range_depletion	numerical vector of length 2 to rescale depleted edge weights

edge_weight_range_enrichment	numerical vector of length 2 to rescale enriched edge weights
layout	layout algorithm to use to draw nodes and edges
only_show_enrichment_edges	show only the enriched pairwise scores
edge_width_range	range of edge width
node_size	size of nodes
node_text_size	size of node labels
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

### Details

This function creates a network that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

### Value

igraph plot

### Examples

```
cellProximityNetwork(CPscore)
```

---

cellProximitySpatPlot *cellProximitySpatPlot*

---

### Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

### Usage

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject, ...)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
interaction_name	cell-cell interaction name
cluster_column	cluster column with cell clusters
sdimx	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')

cell_color	color for cells (see details)
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
show_other_cells	decide if show cells not in network
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend	show legend
point_size_select	size of selected points
point_select_border_col	border color of selected points
point_select_border_stroke	stroke size of selected points
point_size_other	size of other points
point_other_border_col	border color of other points
point_other_border_stroke	stroke size of other points
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

[cellProximitySpatPlot2D](#) and [cellProximitySpatPlot3D](#) for 3D



**Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject)
```

---

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D
```

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D
```

---

**Description**

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

**Usage**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  coord_fix_ratio = 1,
  show_legend = T,
  point_size_select = 2,
  point_select_border_col = "black",
  point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
  point_size_other = 1,
  point_alpha_other = 0.3,
  point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
  point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot2D"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
interaction_name	cell-cell interaction name

cluster_column	cluster column with cell clusters
sdimx	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
show_other_cells	decide if show cells not in network
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend	show legend
point_size_select	size of selected points
point_select_border_col	border color of selected points
point_select_border_stroke	stroke size of selected points
point_size_other	size of other points
point_other_border_col	border color of other points
point_other_border_stroke	stroke size of other points
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

**Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(gobject)
```

---

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D
```

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D
```

---

**Description**

Visualize 3D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in plotly mode

**Usage**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = T,
  show_network = T,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size_select = 4,
  point_size_other = 2,
  point_alpha_other = 0.5,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot3D",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>interaction_name</code>	cell-cell interaction name
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell clusters
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>show_other_cells</code>	decide if show cells not in network
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>point_size_select</code>	size of selected points
<code>point_size_other</code>	size of other points
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotly object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

plotly

**Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(gobject)
```

---

cellProximityVisPlot    *cellProximityVisPlot*


---

## Description

Visualize cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
cellProximityVisPlot(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  coord_fix_ratio = 1,
  show_legend = T,
  point_size_select = 2,
  point_select_border_col = "black",
  point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
  point_size_other = 1,
  point_alpha_other = 0.3,
  point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
  point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>interaction_name</code>	cell-cell interaction name
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell clusters

<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>coord_fix_ratio</code>	fix ratio between x and y-axis
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>point_size_select</code>	size of selected points
<code>point_select_border_col</code>	border color of selected points
<code>point_select_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of selected points
<code>point_size_other</code>	size of other points
<code>point_other_border_col</code>	border color of other points
<code>point_other_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of other points

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot or plotly

## Examples

```
cellProximityVisPlot(gobject)
```

---

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_ggplot
      cellProximityVisPlot_2D_ggplot
```

---

## Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

## Usage

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_ggplot(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  coord_fix_ratio = 1,
  show_legend = T,
  point_size_select = 2,
  point_select_border_col = "black",
  point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
  point_size_other = 1,
  point_alpha_other = 0.3,
  point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
  point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>interaction_name</code>	cell-cell interaction name
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell clusters
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors

color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
show_other_cells	decide if show cells not in network
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend	show legend
point_size_select	size of selected points
point_select_border_col	border color of selected points
point_select_border_stroke	stroke size of selected points
point_size_other	size of other points
point_other_border_col	border color of other points
point_other_border_stroke	stroke size of other points

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_ggplot(gobject)
```



---

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_plotly
      cellProximityVisPlot_2D_plotly
```

---

## Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in plotly mode

## Usage

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_plotly(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size_select = 2,
  point_size_other = 1,
  point_alpha_other = 0.3,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>interaction_name</code>	cell-cell interaction name
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell clusters
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors

color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
show_other_cells	decide if show cells not in network
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
show_legend	show legend
point_size_select	size of selected points
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### Examples

```
cellProximityVisPlot_2D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

```
cellProximityVisPlot_3D_plotly
  cellProximityVisPlot_3D_plotly
```

---

### Description

Visualize 3D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in plotly mode

### Usage

```
cellProximityVisPlot_3D_plotly(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
```

```

    color_as_factor = T,
    show_other_cells = F,
    show_network = F,
    show_other_network = F,
    network_color = NULL,
    spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
    show_grid = F,
    grid_color = NULL,
    spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
    show_legend = T,
    point_size_select = 2,
    point_size_other = 1,
    point_alpha_other = 0.5,
    axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
    custom_ratio = NULL,
    x_ticks = NULL,
    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>interaction_name</code>	cell-cell interaction name
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell clusters
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>show_other_cells</code>	decide if show cells not in network
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>point_size_select</code>	size of selected points
<code>coord_fix_ratio</code>	fix ratio between x and y-axis

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

plotly

**Examples**

```
cellProximityVisPlot_3D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

changeGiottoInstructions  
*changeGiottoInstructions*

---

**Description**

Function to change one or more instructions from giotto object

**Usage**

```
changeGiottoInstructions(  
  gobject,  
  params = NULL,  
  new_values = NULL,  
  return_gobject = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
params	parameter(s) to change
new_values	new value(s) for parameter(s)
return_gobject	(boolean) return giotto object

**Value**

named vector with giotto instructions

**Examples**

```
changeGiottoInstructions()
```

---

clusterCells	<i>clusterCells</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

## Description

cluster cells using a variety of different methods

## Usage

```
clusterCells(
  gobject,
  cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet", "randomwalk",
    "sNNclust", "kmeans", "hierarchical"),
  name = "cluster_name",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  pyth_leid_resolution = 1,
  pyth_leid_weight_col = "weight",
  pyth_leid_part_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition",
    "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  pyth_leid_init_memb = NULL,
  pyth_leid_iterations = 1000,
  pyth_louv_resolution = 1,
  pyth_louv_weight_col = NULL,
  python_louv_random = F,
  python_path = NULL,
  louvain_gamma = 1,
  louvain_omega = 1,
  walk_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  sNNclust_k = 20,
  sNNclust_eps = 4,
  sNNclust_minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
    "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
  km_centers = 10,
  km_iter_max = 100,
  km_nstart = 1000,
  km_algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
  hc_agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
    "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
  hc_k = 10,
  hc_h = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
```

```

    set_seed = T,
    seed_number = 1234
)

```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
cluster_method	community cluster method to use
name	name for new clustering result
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use
pyth_leid_resolution	resolution for leiden
pyth_leid_weight_col	column to use for weights
pyth_leid_part_type	partition type to use
pyth_leid_init_memb	initial membership
pyth_leid_iterations	number of iterations
pyth_louv_resolution	resolution for louvain
pyth_louv_weight_col	python louvain param: weight column
python_louv_random	python louvain param: random
python_path	specify specific path to python if required
louvain_gamma	louvain param: gamma or resolution
louvain_omega	louvain param: omega
walk_steps	randomwalk: number of steps
walk_clusters	randomwalk: number of clusters
walk_weights	randomwalk: weight column
sNNclust_k	SNNclust: k neighbors to use
sNNclust_eps	SNNclust: epsilon
sNNclust_minPts	SNNclust: min points
borderPoints	SNNclust: border points
expression_values	expression values to use
genes_to_use	= NULL,
dim_reduction_to_use	dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name	name of reduction 'pca',

dimensions_to_use	dimensions to use
distance_method	distance method
km_centers	kmeans centers
km_iter_max	kmeans iterations
km_nstart	kmeans random starting points
km_algorithm	kmeans algorithm
hc_agglomeration_method	hierarchical clustering method
hc_k	hierachical number of clusters
hc_h	hierarchical tree cutoff
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed	set seed
seed_number	number for seed

**Details**

Wrapper for the different clustering methods.

**Value**

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

**See Also**

[doLeidenCluster](#), [doLouvainCluster\\_community](#), [doLouvainCluster\\_multinet](#), [doLouvainCluster](#), [doRandomWalkCluster](#), [doSNNCluster](#), [doKmeans](#), [doHclust](#)

**Examples**

```
clusterCells(gobject)
```

---

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes
```

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes
```

---

**Description**

Cluster based on spatially correlated genes

**Usage**

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes(
  spatCorObject,
  name = "spat_clus",
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  k = 10,
  return_obj = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

spatCorObject	spatial correlation object
name	name for spatial clustering results
hclust_method	method for hierarchical clustering
k	number of clusters to extract
return_obj	return spatial correlation object (spatCorObject)

**Value**

spatCorObject or cluster results

**Examples**

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

---

colMeans_giotto	<i>colMeans_giotto</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

colMeans\_giotto

**Usage**

```
colMeans_giotto(mymatrix)
```

---

colSums_giotto	<i>colSums_giotto</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

colSums\_giotto

**Usage**

```
colSums_giotto(mymatrix)
```



---

combCCcom

*combCCcom*


---

**Description**

Combine spatial and expression based cell-cell communication data.tables

**Usage**

```
combCCcom(
  spatialCC,
  exprCC,
  min_lig_nr = 3,
  min_rec_nr = 3,
  min_padj_value = 1,
  min_log2fc = 0,
  min_av_diff = 0
)
```

**Arguments**

spatialCC	spatial cell-cell communication scores
exprCC	expression cell-cell communication scores
min_lig_nr	minimum number of ligand cells
min_rec_nr	minimum number of receptor cells
min_padj_value	minimum adjusted p-value
min_log2fc	minimum log2 fold-change
min_av_diff	minimum average expression difference

**Value**

combined data.table with spatial and expression communication data

**Examples**

```
combCCcom(gobject)
```

---

combineCellProximityGenes

*combineCellProximityGenes*


---

**Description**

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

**Usage**

```
combineCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0,
  min_log2_fc = 0.5,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T
)
```

**Arguments**

cpgObject	cell proximity gene score object
selected_ints	subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_genes	subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1	specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2	specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
min_cells	minimum number of target cell type
min_int_cells	minimum number of interacting cell type
min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum absolute log2 fold-change
do_parallel	run calculations in parallel with mclapply
cores	number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
verbose	verbose

**Value**

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

**Examples**

```
combineCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

---

```
combineCellProximityGenes_per_interaction
      combineCellProximityGenes_per_interaction
```

---

**Description**

Combine CPG scores per interaction

**Usage**

```
combineCellProximityGenes_per_interaction(
  cpgObject,
  sel_int,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0,
  min_log2_fc = 0.5
)
```

**Examples**

```
combineCellProximityGenes_per_interaction()
```

---

combineCPG	<i>combineCPG</i>
------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

**Usage**

```
combineCPG(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0,
  min_log2_fc = 0.5,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T
)
```

**Arguments**

cpgObject	cell proximity gene score object
selected_ints	subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_genes	subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1	specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2	specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
min_cells	minimum number of target cell type
min_int_cells	minimum number of interacting cell type
min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum absolute log2 fold-change
do_parallel	run calculations in parallel with mclapply
cores	number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
verbose	verbose

**Value**

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

**Examples**

```
combineCPG(gobject)
```

---

combineMetadata

*combineMetadata*

---

**Description**

This function combines the cell metadata with spatial locations and enrichment results from createSpatialEnrich

**Usage**

```
combineMetadata(gobject, spat_enr_names = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	Giotto object
spat_enr_names	names of spatial enrichment results to include

**Value**

Extended cell metadata in data.table format.

**Examples**

```
combineMetadata(gobject)
```

---

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol  
    convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol
```

---

**Description**

This function convert ensembl gene IDs from a matrix to official gene symbols

**Usage**

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol(matrix, species = c("mouse", "human"))
```

**Arguments**

matrix	an expression matrix with ensembl gene IDs as rownames
species	species to use for gene symbol conversion

**Details**

This function requires that the biomaRt library is installed

**Value**

expression matrix with gene symbols as rownames

**Examples**

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol(matrix)
```

---

```
convert_to_full_spatial_network  
    convert_to_full_spatial_network
```

---

**Description**

convert to a full spatial network

**Usage**

```
convert_to_full_spatial_network(reduced_spatial_network_DT)
```

---

```
convert_to_reduced_spatial_network
      convert_to_reduced_spatial_network
```

---

### Description

convert to a reduced spatial network

### Usage

```
convert_to_reduced_spatial_network(full_spatial_network_DT)
```

---

```
createCrossSection      createCrossSection
```

---

### Description

Create a virtual 2D cross section.

### Usage

```
createCrossSection(
  gobject,
  name = "cross_section",
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  thickness_unit = c("cell", "natural"),
  slice_thickness = 2,
  cell_distance_estimate_method = "mean",
  extend_ratio = 0.2,
  method = c("equation", "3 points", "point and norm vector",
    "point and two plane vectors"),
  equation = NULL,
  point1 = NULL,
  point2 = NULL,
  point3 = NULL,
  normVector = NULL,
  planeVector1 = NULL,
  planeVector2 = NULL,
  mesh_grid_n = 20,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of cress section object. (default = cross_sectino)
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network object. (default = Delaunay_network)

thickness_unit	unit of the virtual section thickness. If "cell", average size of the observed cells is used as length unit. If "natural", the unit of cell location coordinates is used.(default = cell)
cell_distance_estimate_method	method to estimate average distance between neighboring cells. (default = mean)
extend_ratio	deciding the span of the cross section meshgrid, as a ratio of extension compared to the borders of the virtual tissue section. (default = 0.2)
method	method to define the cross section plane. If equation, the plane is defined by a four element numerical vector (equation) in the form of c(A,B,C,D), corresponding to a plane with equation $Ax+By+Cz=D$ . If 3 points, the plane is defined by the coordinates of 3 points, as given by point1, point2, and point3. If point and norm vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of one norm vector (normVector) to the plane. If point and two plane vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of two vectors (planeVector1, planeVector2) in the plane. (default = equation)
equation	equation required by method "equation".equation needs to be a numerical vector of length 4, in the form of c(A,B,C,D), which defines plane $Ax+By+Cz=D$ .
point1	coordinates of the first point required by method "3 points", "point and norm vector", and "point and two plane vectors".
point2	coordinates of the second point required by method "3 points"
point3	coordinates of the third point required by method "3 points"
normVector	coordinates of the norm vector required by method "point and norm vector"
planeVector1	coordinates of the first plane vector required by method "point and two plane vectors"
planeVector2	coordinates of the second plane vector required by method "point and two plane vectors"
mesh_grid_n	number of meshgrid lines to generate along both directions for the cross section plane.
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

### Details

Creates a virtual 2D cross section object for a given spatial network object. The users need to provide the definition of the cross section plane (see method).

### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

---

```
createGiottoInstructions
      createGiottoInstructions
```

---

### Description

Function to set global instructions for giotto functions

**Usage**

```
createGiottoInstructions(
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NULL,
  return_plot = NULL,
  save_plot = NULL,
  save_dir = NULL,
  plot_format = NULL,
  dpi = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  width = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

python_path	path to python binary to use
show_plot	print plot to console, default = TRUE
return_plot	return plot as object, default = TRUE
save_plot	automatically save plot, default = FALSE
save_dir	path to directory where to save plots
dpi	resolution for raster images
height	height of plots
width	width of plots

**Value**

named vector with giotto instructions

**Examples**

```
createGiottoInstructions()
```

---

createGiottoObject	<i>create Giotto object</i>
--------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Function to create a giotto object

**Usage**

```
createGiottoObject(
  raw_exprs,
  spatial_locs = NULL,
  norm_expr = NULL,
  norm_scaled_expr = NULL,
  custom_expr = NULL,
  cell_metadata = NULL,
```



```

    gene_metadata = NULL,
    spatial_network = NULL,
    spatial_network_name = NULL,
    spatial_grid = NULL,
    spatial_grid_name = NULL,
    spatial_enrichment = NULL,
    spatial_enrichment_name = NULL,
    dimension_reduction = NULL,
    nn_network = NULL,
    offset_file = NULL,
    instructions = NULL,
    cores = NA
)

```

## Arguments

raw_exprs	matrix with raw expression counts [required]
spatial_locs	data.table or data.frame with coordinates for cell centroids
norm_expr	normalized expression values
norm_scaled_expr	scaled expression values
custom_expr	custom expression values
cell_metadata	cell annotation metadata
gene_metadata	gene annotation metadata
spatial_network	list of spatial network(s)
spatial_network_name	list of spatial network name(s)
spatial_grid	list of spatial grid(s)
spatial_grid_name	list of spatial grid name(s)
spatial_enrichment	list of spatial enrichment score(s) for each spatial region
spatial_enrichment_name	list of spatial enrichment name(s)
dimension_reduction	list of dimension reduction(s)
nn_network	list of nearest neighbor network(s)
offset_file	file used to stitch fields together (optional)
instructions	list of instructions or output result from createGiottoInstructions
cores	how many cores or threads to use to read data if paths are provided

## Details

**[Requirements]** To create a giotto object you need to provide at least a matrix with genes as row names and cells as column names. This matrix can be provided as a base matrix, sparse Matrix, data.frame, data.table or as a path to any of those. To include spatial information about cells (or regions) you need to provide a matrix, data.table or data.frame (or path to them) with coordinates

for all spatial dimensions. This can be 2D (x and y) or 3D (x, y, x). The row order for the cell coordinates should be the same as the column order for the provided expression data.

**[Instructions]** Additionally an instruction file, generated manually or with [createGiottoInstructions](#) can be provided to instructions, if not a default instruction file will be created for the Giotto object.

**[Multiple fields]** In case a dataset consists of multiple fields, like seqFISH+ for example, an offset file can be provided to stitch the different fields together. [stitchFieldCoordinates](#) can be used to generate such an offset file.

**[Processed data]** Processed count data, such as normalized data, can be provided using one of the different expression slots (norm\_expr, norm\_scaled\_expr, custom\_expr).

**[Metadata]** Cell and gene metadata can be provided using the cell and gene metadata slots. This data can also be added afterwards using the [addGeneMetadata](#) or [addCellMetadata](#) functions.

**[Other information]** Additional information can be provided through the appropriate slots:

- spatial networks
- spatial grids
- spatial enrichments
- dimensions reductions
- nearest neighbours networks

## Value

giotto object

## Examples

```
createGiottoObject(raw_exprs, spatial_locs)
```

---

createHeatmap_DT	<i>createHeatmap_DT</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

## Description

creates order for clusters

## Usage

```
createHeatmap_DT(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  cluster_cor_method = "pearson",
  cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D",
  gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),
  gene_custom_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_hclust_method = "complete"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for clusters
<code>cluster_order</code>	method to determine cluster order
<code>cluster_custom_order</code>	custom order for clusters
<code>cluster_cor_method</code>	method for cluster correlation
<code>cluster_hclust_method</code>	method for hierarchical clustering of clusters
<code>gene_order</code>	method to determine gene order
<code>gene_custom_order</code>	custom order for genes
<code>gene_cor_method</code>	method for gene correlation
<code>gene_hclust_method</code>	method for hierarchical clustering of genes

**Details**

Creates input data.tables for plotHeatmap function.

**Value**

list

**Examples**

```
createHeatmap_DT(gobject)
```

---

createMetagenes	<i>createMetagenes</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

This function creates an average metagene for gene clusters.

**Usage**

```
createMetagenes(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  gene_clusters,
  name = "metagene",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject            Giotto object  
 expression\_values    expression values to use  
 gene\_clusters    numerical vector with genes as names  
 name               name of the metagene results  
 return\_gobject    return giotto object

**Details**

An example for the 'gene\_clusters' could be like this: `cluster_vector = c(1, 1, 2, 2); names(cluster_vector) = c('geneA', 'geneB', 'geneC', 'geneD')`

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
createMetagenes(gobject)
```

---

```
createNearestNetwork    createNearestNetwork
```

---

**Description**

create a nearest neighbour (NN) network

**Usage**

```

createNearestNetwork(
  gobject,
  type = c("sNN", "kNN"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  k = 30,
  minimum_shared = 5,
  top_shared = 3,
  verbose = T,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>type</code>	sNN or kNN
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction method to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	name of dimension reduction set to use
<code>dimensions_to_use</code>	number of dimensions to use as input
<code>genes_to_use</code>	if <code>dim_reduction_to_use = NULL</code> , which genes to use
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>name</code>	arbitrary name for NN network
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>k</code>	number of k neighbors to use
<code>minimum_shared</code>	minimum shared neighbors
<code>top_shared</code>	keep at ...
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for kNN and sNN functions from dbscan

**Details**

This function creates a k-nearest neighbour (kNN) or shared nearest neighbour (sNN) network based on the provided dimension reduction space. To run it directly on the gene expression matrix set `dim_reduction_to_use = NULL`.

See also [kNN](#) and [sNN](#) for more information about how the networks are created.

Output for kNN:

- from: `cell_ID` for source cell
- to: `cell_ID` for target cell
- distance: distance between cells
- weight:  $\text{weight} = 1/(1 + \text{distance})$

Output for sNN:

- from: `cell_ID` for source cell
- to: `cell_ID` for target cell
- distance: distance between cells
- weight:  $1/(1 + \text{distance})$
- shared: number of shared neighbours
- rank: ranking of pairwise cell neighbours

For sNN networks two additional parameters can be set:

- `minimum_shared`: minimum number of shared neighbours needed
- `top_shared`: keep this number of the top shared neighbours, irrespective of `minimum_shared` setting

**Value**

giotto object with updated NN network

**Examples**

```
createNearestNetwork(gobject)
```

---

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork
```

*createSpatialDelaunayNetwork*

---

**Description**

Create a spatial Delaunay network based on cell centroid physical distances.

**Usage**

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("delc", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "delaunay_network",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  verbose = T,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dimensions</code>	which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)
<code>name</code>	name for spatial network (default = 'delaunay_network')
<code>maximum_distance</code>	distance cutoff for Delaunay neighbors to consider. If "auto", "upper whisker" value of the distance vector between neighbors is used; see the boxplotgraphics documentation for more details.(default = "auto")
<code>minimum_k</code>	minimum number of neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL
<code>options</code>	(geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull command; see the Qhull documentation ( <a href="#">../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html</a> ) for the available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)
<code>Y</code>	(RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh boundary.

j	(RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation from the output.
S	(RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.
verbose	verbose
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
...	Other parameters of the <a href="#">triangulate</a> function

## Details

Creates a spatial Delaunay network as explained in [delaunayn](#) (default), [deldir](#), or [triangulate](#).

## Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

## Examples

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(gobject)
```

---

createSpatialEnrich	<i>createSpatialEnrich</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

## Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test.

## Usage

```
createSpatialEnrich(
  gobject,
  enrich_method = c("PAGE", "rank", "hypergeometric"),
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  p_value = TRUE,
  n_genes = 100,
  n_times = 1000,
  top_percentage = 5,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  name = "PAGE",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>enrich_method</code>	method for gene signature enrichment calculation
<code>sign_matrix</code>	Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reverse_log_scale</code>	reverse expression values from log scale
<code>logbase</code>	log base to use if <code>reverse_log_scale = TRUE</code>
<code>p_value</code>	calculate p-value (default = FALSE)
<code>n_times</code>	(page/rank) number of permutation iterations to calculate p-value
<code>top_percentage</code>	(hyper) percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix binarization
<code>output_enrichment</code>	how to return enrichment output
<code>name</code>	to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE
<code>return_gobject</code>	return giotto object

**Details**

For details see the individual functions:

- PAGE: [PAGEEnrich](#)
- PAGE: [rankEnrich](#)
- PAGE: [hyperGeometricEnrich](#)

**Value**

Giotto object or enrichment results if `return_gobject = FALSE`

**Examples**

```
createSpatialEnrich(gobject)
```

---

<code>createSpatialGrid</code>	<i>createSpatialGrid</i>
--------------------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Create a spatial grid.



**Usage**

```
createSpatialGrid(
  gobject,
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  name = "spatial_grid",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the x-axis
<code>sdimy_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the y-axis
<code>sdimz_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the z-axis
<code>minimum_padding</code>	minimum padding on the edges
<code>name</code>	name for spatial grid (default = 'spatial_grid')
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

**Value**

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

**Examples**

```
createSpatialGrid(gobject)
```

---

```
createSpatialGrid_2D    createSpatialGrid_2D
```

---

**Description**

create a spatial grid for 2D spatial data.

**Usage**

```
createSpatialGrid_2D(
  gobject,
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  name = "spatial_grid",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the x-axis
<code>sdimy_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the y-axis
<code>minimum_padding</code>	minimum padding on the edges
<code>name</code>	name for spatial grid (default = 'spatial_grid')
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

**Value**

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

**Examples**

```
createSpatialGrid_2D(gobject)
```

---

```
createSpatialGrid_3D    createSpatialGrid_3D
```

---

**Description**

Create a spatial grid for 3D spatial data.

**Usage**

```
createSpatialGrid_3D(
  gobject,
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  name = "spatial_grid",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the x-axis
<code>sdimy_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the y-axis
<code>sdimz_stepsize</code>	stepsize along the z-axis
<code>minimum_padding</code>	minimum padding on the edges
<code>name</code>	name for spatial grid (default = 'spatial_grid')
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

**Value**

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

**Examples**

```
createSpatialGrid_3D(gobject)
```

---

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork
      createSpatialKNNnetwork
```

---

**Description**

Create a spatial knn network.

**Usage**

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork(
  gobject,
  method = "dbscan",
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "knn_network",
  k = 4,
  maximum_distance = NULL,
  minimum_k = 0,
  verbose = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>method</code>	method to create kNN network
<code>dimensions</code>	which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)
<code>name</code>	name for spatial network (default = 'spatial_network')
<code>k</code>	number of nearest neighbors based on physical distance
<code>maximum_distance</code>	distance cutoff for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network
<code>minimum_k</code>	minimum nearest neighbours if <code>maximum_distance</code> != NULL
<code>verbose</code>	verbose
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Value**

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

**dimensions:** default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specifies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdimx", "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

**maximum\_distance:** to create a network based on maximum distance only, you also need to set k to a very high value, e.g. k = 100

**Examples**

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork(gobject)
```

---

```
createSpatialNetwork    createSpatialNetwork
```

---

**Description**

Create a spatial network based on cell centroid physical distances.

**Usage**

```
createSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  name = NULL,
  dimensions = "all",
  method = c("Delaunay", "kNN"),
  delaunay_method = c("delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle", "deldir"),
  maximum_distance_delaunay = "auto",
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  minimum_k = 0,
  knn_method = "dbscan",
  k = 4,
  maximum_distance_knn = NULL,
  verbose = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
name	name for spatial network (default = 'spatial_network')
dimensions	which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)
method	which method to use to create a spatial network. (default = Delaunay)
delaunay_method	Delaunay method to use

maximum_distance_delaunay	distance cutoff for nearest neighbors to consider for Delaunay network
options	(geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull command; see the Qhull documentation ( <a href="http://doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html">../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html</a> ) for the available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)
Y	(RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh boundary.
j	(RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation from the output.
S	(RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.
minimum_k	minimum nearest neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL
knn_method	method to create kNN network
k	number of nearest neighbors based on physical distance
maximum_distance_knn	distance cutoff for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network
verbose	verbose
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

### Details

Creates a spatial network connecting single-cells based on their physical distance to each other. For Delaunay method, neighbors will be decided by delaunay triangulation and a maximum distance criteria. For kNN method, number of neighbors can be determined by k, or maximum distance from each cell with or without setting a minimum k for each cell.

**dimensions:** default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specifies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdmx", "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

### Examples

```
createSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

---

```
create_2d_mesh_grid_line_obj
      create_2d_mesh_grid_line_obj
```

---

### Description

create 2d mesh grid line object

### Usage

```
create_2d_mesh_grid_line_obj(x_min, x_max, y_min, y_max, mesh_grid_n)
```

---

```
create_average_detection_DT
      create_average_detection_DT
```

---

### Description

calculates average gene detection for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

### Usage

```
create_average_detection_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0
)
```

### Arguments

```
gobject          giotto object
meta_data_name   name of metadata column to use
expression_values
                  which expression values to use
detection_threshold
                  detection threshold to consider a gene detected
```

### Value

data.table with average gene expression values for each factor

---

```
create_average_DT      create_average_DT
```

---

### Description

calculates average gene expression for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

### Usage

```
create_average_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom")
)
```

### Arguments

```
gobject          giotto object
meta_data_name   name of metadata column to use
expression_values
                  which expression values to use
```

**Value**

data.table with average gene expression values for each factor

---

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs  
      create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs
```

---

**Description**

creates randomized cell ids within a selection of cell types

**Usage**

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(  
  gobject,  
  cluster_column = "cell_types",  
  needed_cell_types  
)
```

**Arguments**

`gobject`                giotto object to use

`cluster_column`   cluster column with cell type information

`needed_cell_types`  
                      vector of cell type names for which a random id will be found

**Details**

Details will follow.

**Value**

list of randomly sampled cell ids with same cell type composition

**Examples**

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(gobject)
```

---

`create_cluster_matrix` *create\_cluster\_matrix*

---

**Description**

creates aggregated matrix for a given clustering

**Usage**

```
create_cluster_matrix(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  cluster_column,  
  gene_subset = NULL  
)
```

**Examples**

```
create_cluster_matrix(gobject)
```

---

`create_crossSection_object`  
*create\_crossSection\_object*

---

**Description**

create a crossSection object

**Usage**

```
create_crossSection_object(  
  name = NULL,  
  method = NULL,  
  thickness_unit = NULL,  
  slice_thickness = NULL,  
  plane_equation = NULL,  
  mesh_grid_n = NULL,  
  mesh_obj = NULL,  
  cell_subset = NULL,  
  cell_subset_spatial_locations = NULL,  
  cell_subset_projection_locations = NULL,  
  cell_subset_projection_PCA = NULL,  
  cell_subset_projection_coords = NULL  
)
```



---

```
create_delaunayNetwork2D  
    create_delaunayNetwork2D
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```
create_delaunayNetwork2D(  
  gobject,  
  method = c("delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle", "deldir"),  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  name = "delaunay_network",  
  maximum_distance = "auto",  
  minimum_k = 0,  
  options = "Pp",  
  Y = TRUE,  
  j = TRUE,  
  S = 0,  
  verbose = T,  
  return_gobject = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork2D(gobject)
```

---

```
create_delaunayNetwork3D  
    create_delaunayNetwork3D
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```
create_delaunayNetwork3D(  
  gobject,  
  method = "delaunayn_geometry",  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  sdimz = "sdimz",  
  name = "delaunay_network_3D",  
  maximum_distance = "auto",
```

```

    minimum_k = 0,
    options = "Pp",
    return_gobject = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork3D(gobject)
```

---

```
create_delaunayNetwork_deldir
      create_delaunayNetwork_deldir
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```

create_delaunayNetwork_deldir(
  spatial_locations,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  ...
)

```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork_deldir(gobject)
```

---

```
create_delaunayNetwork_geometry
      create_delaunayNetwork_geometry
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```

create_delaunayNetwork_geometry(
  spatial_locations,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  options = "Pp",
  ...
)

```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork_geometry(gobject)
```

---

```
create_delaunayNetwork_geometry_3D  
    create_delaunayNetwork_geometry_3D
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```
create_delaunayNetwork_geometry_3D(  
  spatial_locations,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  sdimz = "sdimz",  
  options = options,  
  ...  
)
```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork_geometry_3D(gobject)
```

---

```
create_delaunayNetwork_RTriangle  
    create_delaunayNetwork_RTriangle
```

---

### Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network.

### Usage

```
create_delaunayNetwork_RTriangle(  
  spatial_locations,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  Y = TRUE,  
  j = TRUE,  
  S = 0,  
  ...  
)
```

### Examples

```
create_delaunayNetwork_RTriangle(gobject)
```

---

create_dimObject	<i>create_dimObject</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

### Description

Creates an object that stores a dimension reduction output

### Usage

```
create_dimObject(
  name = "test",
  reduction_method = NULL,
  coordinates = NULL,
  misc = NULL,
  my_rownames = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

name	arbitrary name for object
reduction_method	method used to reduce dimensions
coordinates	accepts the coordinates after dimension reduction
misc	any additional information will be added to this slot

### Value

number of distinct colors

---

create_jackstrawplot	<i>create_jackstrawplot</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

create jackstrawplot with ggplot

### Usage

```
create_jackstrawplot(
  jackstraw_data,
  ncp = 20,
  ylim = c(0, 1),
  threshold = 0.01
)
```

**Arguments**

jackstraw_data	result from jackstraw function
ncp	number of principal components to calculate
ylim	y-axis limits on jackstraw plot
p-value	threshold to call a PC significant

**Value**

ggplot

---

```
create_KNNnetwork_dbscan
      create_KNNnetwork_dbscan
```

---

**Description**

Create a spatial knn network.

**Usage**

```
create_KNNnetwork_dbscan(
  spatial_locations,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  k = 4,
  ...
)
```

**Examples**

```
create_KNNnetwork_dbscan(gobject)
```

---

```
create_mesh_grid_lines
      create_mesh_grid_lines
```

---

**Description**

create mesh grid lines for cross section

**Usage**

```
create_mesh_grid_lines(
  cell_subset_projection_locations,
  extend_ratio,
  mesh_grid_n
)
```

---

create_screepplot	<i>create_screepplot</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

create screepplot with ggplot

### Usage

```
create_screepplot(pca_obj, ncp = 20, ylim = c(0, 20))
```

### Arguments

pca_obj	pca dimension reduction object
ncp	number of principal components to calculate
ylim	y-axis limits on scree plot

### Value

ggplot

---

create_spatialNetworkObject	<i>create_spatialNetworkObject</i>
-----------------------------	------------------------------------

---

### Description

creates a spatial network object to store the created spatial network and additional information

### Usage

```
create_spatialNetworkObject(
  name = NULL,
  method = NULL,
  parameters = NULL,
  outputObj = NULL,
  networkDT = NULL,
  cellShapeObj = NULL,
  networkDT_before_filter = NULL,
  crossSectionObjects = NULL,
  misc = NULL
)
```

---

crossSectionGenePlot    *crossSectionGenePlot*


---

## Description

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
crossSectionGenePlot(
  gobject = NULL,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  genes_high_color = "red",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "darkblue",
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  midpoint = 0,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use

spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
expression_values	gene expression values to use
genes	genes to show
genes_high_color	color represents high gene expression
genes_mid_color	color represents middle gene expression
genes_low_color	color represents low gene expression
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
midpoint	expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()



**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**See Also**

[spatGenePlot3D](#) and [spatGenePlot2D](#)

**Examples**

```
crossSectionGenePlot(gobject)
```

---

crossSectionGenePlot3D

*crossSectionGenePlot3D*

---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  other_point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = "red",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "darkblue",
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 2,
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
```

```

x_ticks = NULL,
y_ticks = NULL,
z_ticks = NULL,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot3D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>genes_high_color</code>	color represents high gene expression
<code>genes_mid_color</code>	color represents middle gene expression
<code>genes_low_color</code>	color represents low gene expression
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>midpoint</code>	expression midpoint
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>...</code>	parameters for <code>cowplot::save_plot()</code>

### Details

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

---

crossSectionPlot	<i>crossSectionPlot</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
crossSectionPlot(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  group_by = NULL,
  group_by_subset = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 3,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
```

```

grid_color = NULL,
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
other_point_size = 1,
other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
title = NULL,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
background_color = "white",
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "crossSectionPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_shape</code>	point with border or not (border or no_border)

point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
network_alpha	alpha of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot

return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

[crossSectionPlot](#)

---

crossSectionPlot3D	<i>crossSectionPlot3D</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
crossSectionPlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  point_size = 3,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  title = "",
```

```

    show_legend = T,
    axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
    custom_ratio = NULL,
    x_ticks = NULL,
    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL,
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "crossSection3D"
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	point size of not selected cells
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>title</code>	title of plot
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>axis_scale</code>	the way to scale the axis
<code>custom_ratio</code>	customize the scale of the plot
<code>x_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the x-axis
<code>y_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the y-axis
<code>z_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the z-axis
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot

return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
crossSectionPlot3D(gobject)
```

---

decide_cluster_order	<i>decide_cluster_order</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

## Description

creates order for clusters

## Usage

```
decide_cluster_order(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  cor_method = "pearson",
  hclust_method = "ward.D"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
genes	genes to use
cluster_column	name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order	method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order	custom order for clusters
cor_method	method for correlation
hclust_method	method for hierarchical clustering



**Details**

Calculates order for clusters.

**Value**

custom

**Examples**

```
decide_cluster_order(gobject)
```

---

```
detectSpatialCorGenes  detectSpatialCorGenes
```

---

**Description**

Detect genes that are spatially correlated

**Usage**

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  method = c("grid", "network"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_smoothing = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>method</code>	method to use for spatial averaging
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>subset_genes</code>	subset of genes to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>network_smoothing</code>	smoothing factor between 0 and 1 (default: automatic)
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>min_cells_per_grid</code>	minimum number of cells to consider a grid
<code>b</code>	smoothing factor between 0 and 1 (default: automatic)

## Details

For method = network, it expects a fully connected spatial network. You can make sure to create a fully connected network by setting minimal\_k > 0 in the [createSpatialNetwork](#) function.

- 1. grid-averaging: average gene expression values within a predefined spatial grid
- 2. network-averaging: smoothens the gene expression matrix by averaging the expression within one cell by using the neighbours within the predefined spatial network. b is a smoothening factor that defaults to  $1 - 1/k$ , where k is the median number of k-neighbors in the selected spatial network. Setting b = 0 means no smoothing and b = 1 means no contribution from its own expression.

The spatCorObject can be further explored with showSpatialCorGenes()

## Value

returns a spatial correlation object: "spatCorObject"

## See Also

[showSpatialCorGenes](#)

## Examples

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

---

detectSpatialPatterns    *detectSpatialPatterns*

---

## Description

Identify spatial patterns through PCA on average expression in a spatial grid.

## Usage

```
detectSpatialPatterns(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  show_plot = T,
  PC_zscore = 1.5
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use (default = 'spatial_grid')
<code>min_cells_per_grid</code>	minimum number of cells in a grid to be considered
<code>scale_unit</code>	scale features
<code>ncp</code>	number of principal components to calculate
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>PC_zscore</code>	minimum z-score of variance explained by a PC

**Details**

Steps to identify spatial patterns:

- 1. average gene expression for cells within a grid, see `createSpatialGrid`
- 2. perform PCA on the average grid expression profiles
- 3. convert variance of principal components (PCs) to z-scores and select PCs based on a z-score threshold

**Value**

spatial pattern object 'spatPatObj'

**Examples**

```
detectSpatialPatterns(gobject)
```

---

<code>dimCellPlot</code>	<i>dimCellPlot</i>
--------------------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimCellPlot(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
```

```

network_name = "sNN.pca",
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
other_point_size = 0.5,
show_cluster_center = F,
show_center_label = T,
center_point_size = 4,
center_point_border_col = "black",
center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
label_size = 4,
label_fontface = "bold",
edge_alpha = NULL,
point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
point_size = 1,
point_border_col = "black",
point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
background_color = "white",
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "dimCellPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network

nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter

## Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see [dimCellPlot2D](#)

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
dimCellPlot(gobject)
```

---

dimCellPlot2D	<i>dimCellPlot2D</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
```

```

    center_point_size = 4,
    center_point_border_col = "black",
    center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    label_size = 4,
    label_fontface = "bold",
    edge_alpha = NULL,
    point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
    point_size = 1,
    point_border_col = "black",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    show_legend = T,
    legend_text = 8,
    legend_symbol_size = 1,
    background_color = "white",
    axis_text = 8,
    axis_title = 8,
    cow_n_col = 2,
    cow_rel_h = 1,
    cow_rel_w = 1,
    cow_align = "h",
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "dimCellPlot2D"
)

```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits

<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_shape</code>	point with border or not ( <code>border</code> or <code>no_border</code> )
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>legend_text</code>	size of legend text
<code>legend_symbol_size</code>	size of legend symbols
<code>background_color</code>	color of plot background
<code>axis_text</code>	size of axis text
<code>axis_title</code>	size of axis title
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>title</code>	title for plot, defaults to <code>cell_color</code> parameter



**Details**

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see [dimPlot3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
dimCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

---

dimGenePlot	<i>dimGenePlot</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimGenePlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
```

```

    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "dimGenePlot"
)

```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>cow_n_col</code>	cowplot param: how many columns
<code>cow_rel_h</code>	cowplot param: relative height
<code>cow_rel_w</code>	cowplot param: relative width
<code>cow_align</code>	cowplot param: how to align
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>...</code>	parameters for <code>cowplot::save_plot()</code>

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**See Also**

[dimGenePlot3D](#)

**Examples**

```
dimGenePlot(gobject)
```

---

dimGenePlot2D

*dimGenePlot2D*


---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimGenePlot2D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
```

```

cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "dimGenePlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>point_shape</code>	point with border or not (border or no_border)
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>legend_text</code>	size of legend text
<code>background_color</code>	color of plot background
<code>axis_text</code>	size of axis text

axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[dimGenePlot3D](#)

Examples

dimGenePlot2D(gobject)

---

dimGenePlot3D	<i>dimGenePlot3D</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimGenePlot3D(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  genes = NULL,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim3_to_use = 3,  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
```

```

network_name = "sNN.pca",
network_color = "lightgray",
cluster_column = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
other_point_size = 1,
edge_alpha = NULL,
point_size = 2,
genes_high_color = NULL,
genes_mid_color = "white",
genes_low_color = "blue",
show_legend = T,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "dimGenePlot3D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>...</code>	parameters for <code>cowplot::save_plot()</code>

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

dimGenePlot3D(gobject)

---

dimPlot	<i>dimPlot</i>
---------	----------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimPlot(  
  gobject,  
  group_by = NULL,  
  group_by_subset = NULL,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  spat_enr_names = NULL,  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),  
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,  
  gradient_limits = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  other_point_size = 0.5,  
  show_cluster_center = F,  
  show_center_label = T,  
  center_point_size = 4,  
  center_point_border_col = "black",  
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  label_size = 4,  
  label_fontface = "bold",  
  edge_alpha = NULL,  
)
```

```

point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
point_size = 1,
point_border_col = "black",
point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
background_color = "white",
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
title = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "dimPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits



select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column

**Details**

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [dimPlot3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
dimPlot(gobject)
```

---

dimPlot2D	<i>dimPlot2D</i>
-----------	------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimPlot2D(  
  gobject,  
  group_by = NULL,  
  group_by_subset = NULL,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  spat_enr_names = NULL,  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),  
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,  
  gradient_limits = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  other_point_size = 0.5,  
  show_cluster_center = F,  
  show_center_label = T,  
  center_point_size = 4,  
  center_point_border_col = "black",  
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  label_size = 4,  
  label_fontface = "bold",  
  edge_alpha = NULL,  
)
```

```

    point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
    point_size = 1,
    point_border_col = "black",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    title = NULL,
    show_legend = T,
    legend_text = 8,
    legend_symbol_size = 1,
    background_color = "white",
    axis_text = 8,
    axis_title = 8,
    cow_n_col = 2,
    cow_rel_h = 1,
    cow_rel_w = 1,
    cow_align = "h",
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "dimPlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits

<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_shape</code>	point with border or not ( <code>border</code> or <code>no_border</code> )
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>title</code>	title for plot, defaults to <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>legend_text</code>	size of legend text
<code>legend_symbol_size</code>	size of legend symbols
<code>background_color</code>	color of plot background
<code>axis_text</code>	size of axis text
<code>axis_title</code>	size of axis title
<code>cow_n_col</code>	cowplot param: how many columns
<code>cow_rel_h</code>	cowplot param: relative height
<code>cow_rel_w</code>	cowplot param: relative width
<code>cow_align</code>	cowplot param: how to align
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>groub_by</code>	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column

**Details**

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see [dimPlot3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
dimPlot2D(gobject)
```

---

dimPlot2D_single	<i>dimPlot2D_single</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
dimPlot2D_single(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
```

```

    point_border_col = "black",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    title = NULL,
    show_legend = T,
    legend_text = 8,
    legend_symbol_size = 1,
    background_color = "white",
    axis_text = 8,
    axis_title = 8,
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "dimPlot2D_single"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells

other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see [dimPlot3D](#)

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
dimPlot2D_single(gobject)
```

---

dimPlot3D

*dimPlot3D*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimPlot3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "dim3D"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis



<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network</code> = TRUE
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

plotly

## Examples

```
dimPlot3D(gobject)
```

doHclust

*doHclust***Description**

cluster cells using hierarchical clustering algorithm

**Usage**

```
doHclust(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "original", "euclidean", "maximum",
    "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
  agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
    "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
  k = 10,
  h = NULL,
  name = "hclust",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>genes_to_use</code>	subset of genes to use
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimensions reduction name
<code>dimensions_to_use</code>	dimensions to use
<code>distance_method</code>	distance method
<code>agglomeration_method</code>	agglomeration method for hclust
<code>k</code>	number of final clusters
<code>h</code>	cut hierarchical tree at height = h
<code>name</code>	name for hierarchical clustering
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

**Details**

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

**Value**

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

**See Also**

[hclust](#)

**Examples**

```
doHclust(gobject)
```

---

doHMRF	<i>doHMRF</i>
--------	---------------

---

**Description**

Run HMRF

**Usage**

```
doHMRF(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  spatial_genes = NULL,
  spatial_dimensions = c("sdimx", "sdimy", "sdimz"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  name = "test",
  k = 10,
  betas = c(0, 2, 50),
  tolerance = 1e-10,
  zscore = c("none", "rowcol", "colrow"),
  numinit = 100,
  python_path = NULL,
  output_folder = NULL,
  overwrite_output = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use for HMRF

spatial\_genes    spatial genes to use for HMRF  
spatial\_dimensions    select spatial dimensions to use, default is all possible dimensions  
dim\_reduction\_to\_use    use another dimension reduction set as input  
dim\_reduction\_name    name of dimension reduction set to use  
dimensions\_to\_use    number of dimensions to use as input  
name    name of HMRF run  
k    number of HMRF domains  
betas    betas to test for  
tolerance    tolerance  
zscore    zscore  
numinit    number of initializations  
python\_path    python path to use  
output\_folder    output folder to save results  
overwrite\_output    overwrite output folder

Details

Description of HMRF parameters ...

Value

Creates a directory with results that can be viewed with viewHMRResults

Examples

doHMRF(gobject)

---

doKmeans	<i>doKmeans</i>
----------	-----------------

---

Description

cluster cells using kmeans algorithm

Usage

```
doKmeans(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  genes_to_use = NULL,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),  
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",  
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,  
  distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
```

```

    "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
    centers = 10,
    iter_max = 100,
    nstart = 1000,
    algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
    name = "kmeans",
    return_gobject = TRUE,
    set_seed = T,
    seed_number = 1234
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>genes_to_use</code>	subset of genes to use
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimensions reduction name
<code>dimensions_to_use</code>	dimensions to use
<code>distance_method</code>	distance method
<code>centers</code>	number of final clusters
<code>iter_max</code>	kmeans maximum iterations
<code>nstart</code>	kmeans nstart
<code>algorithm</code>	kmeans algorithm
<code>name</code>	name for kmeans clustering
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

### Details

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

### See Also

[kmeans](#)

### Examples

```
doKmeans(gobject)
```

doLeidenCluster

*doLeidenCluster***Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden community detection algorithm

**Usage**

```
doLeidenCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "leiden_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = "weight",
  partition_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition", "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  init_membership = NULL,
  n_iterations = 1000,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for cluster
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required
<code>resolution</code>	resolution
<code>weight_col</code>	weight column to use for edges
<code>partition_type</code>	The type of partition to use for optimisation.
<code>init_membership</code>	initial membership of cells for the partition
<code>n_iterations</code>	number of iterations to run the Leiden algorithm. If the number of iterations is negative, the Leiden algorithm is run until an iteration in which there was no improvement.
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

## Details

This function is a wrapper for the Leiden algorithm implemented in python, which can detect communities in graphs of millions of nodes (cells), as long as they can fit in memory. See the <https://github.com/vtraag/leidenalg> github page or the <https://leidenalg.readthedocs.io/en/stable/index.html> readthedocs page for more information.

Partition types available and information:

- **RBConfigurationVertexPartition**: Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt's Potts model with a configuration null model. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter.
- **ModularityVertexPartition**: Implements modularity. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. It does *not* use the resolution parameter

Set `weight_col = NULL` to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

## Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

## Examples

```
doLeidenCluster(gobject)
```

---

doLeidenSubCluster	<i>doLeidenSubCluster</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Further subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden algorithm

## Usage

```
doLeidenSubCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_pleiden_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
    = "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  resolution = 0.5,
  n_iterations = 500,
  python_path = NULL,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
```

```

    return_gobject = TRUE,
    verbose = T
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for new clustering result
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column to subcluster
<code>selected_clusters</code>	only do subclustering on these clusters
<code>hvg_param</code>	parameters for calculateHVG
<code>hvg_min_perc_cells</code>	threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
<code>hvg_mean_expr_det</code>	threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
<code>use_all_genes_as_hvg</code>	forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
<code>min_nr_of_hvg</code>	minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
<code>pca_param</code>	parameters for runPCA
<code>nn_param</code>	parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
<code>k_neighbors</code>	number of k for createNearestNetwork
<code>resolution</code>	resolution of Leiden clustering
<code>n_iterations</code>	number of iterations to run the Leiden algorithm.
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>verbose</code>	verbose

### Details

This function performs subclustering using the Leiden algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Leiden clustering

### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata



**See Also**[doLeidenCluster](#)**Examples**

```
doLeidenSubCluster(gobject)
```

doLouvainCluster

*doLouvainCluster***Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm.

**Usage**

```
doLouvainCluster(
  gobject,
  version = c("community", "multinet"),
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = NULL,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  louv_random = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
version	implemented version of Louvain clustering to use
name	name for cluster
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use
python_path	[community] specify specific path to python if required
resolution	[community] resolution
gamma	[multinet] Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.
omega	[multinet] Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method.
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed	set seed
seed_number	number for seed

**Details**

Louvain clustering using the community or multinet implementation of the louvain clustering algorithm.

**Value**

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

**See Also**

[doLouvainCluster\\_community](#) and [doLouvainCluster\\_multinet](#)

**Examples**

```
doLouvainCluster(gobject)
```

---

```
doLouvainCluster_community
doLouvainCluster_community
```

---

**Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the community module in Python

**Usage**

```
doLouvainCluster_community(
    gobject,
    name = "louvain_clus",
    nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
    network_name = "sNN.pca",
    python_path = NULL,
    resolution = 1,
    weight_col = NULL,
    louv_random = F,
    return_gobject = TRUE,
    set_seed = F,
    seed_number = 1234,
    ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for cluster
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required
<code>resolution</code>	resolution

weight_col	weight column to use for edges
louv_random	Will randomize the node evaluation order and the community evaluation order to get different partitions at each call
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed	set seed
seed_number	number for seed

### Details

This function is a wrapper for the Louvain algorithm implemented in Python, which can detect communities in graphs of nodes (cells). See the <https://python-louvain.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html> readthedocs page for more information.

Set *weight\_col* = *NULL* to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

### Examples

```
doLouvainCluster_community(gobject)
```

---

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet
doLouvainCluster_multinet
```

---

### Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the multinet package in R.

### Usage

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for cluster
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>gamma</code>	Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.
<code>omega</code>	Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method.
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

Details

See [glouvain\\_ml](#) from the `multinet` package in R for more information.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

Examples

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(gobject)
```

---

<code>doLouvainSubCluster</code>	<i>doLouvainSubCluster</i>
----------------------------------	----------------------------

---

Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm

Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster(  
  gobject,  
  name = "sub_louvain_clus",  
  version = c("community", "multinet"),  
  cluster_column = NULL,  
  selected_clusters = NULL,  
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values  
    = "normalized"),  
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,  
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,  
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,  
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,  
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),  
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),  
  k_neighbors = 10,  
  resolution = 0.5,
```

```

    gamma = 1,
    omega = 1,
    python_path = NULL,
    nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
    network_name = "sNN.pca",
    return_gobject = TRUE,
    verbose = T
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for new clustering result
<code>version</code>	version of Louvain algorithm to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column to subcluster
<code>selected_clusters</code>	only do subclustering on these clusters
<code>hvg_param</code>	parameters for calculateHVG
<code>hvg_min_perc_cells</code>	threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
<code>hvg_mean_expr_det</code>	threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
<code>use_all_genes_as_hvg</code>	forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
<code>min_nr_of_hvg</code>	minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
<code>pca_param</code>	parameters for runPCA
<code>nn_param</code>	parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
<code>k_neighbors</code>	number of k for createNearestNetwork
<code>resolution</code>	resolution for community algorithm
<code>gamma</code>	gamma
<code>omega</code>	omega
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>verbose</code>	verbose

### Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain clustering

**Value**

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

**See Also**

[doLouvainCluster\\_multinet](#) and [doLouvainCluster\\_community](#)

**Examples**

```
doLouvainSubCluster(gobject)
```

---

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community
```

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community
```

---

**Description**

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain community detection algorithm

**Usage**

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_comm_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
    = "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  resolution = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL,
  nn_network_to_use = "snn",
  network_name = "snn.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for new clustering result
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column to subcluster
<code>selected_clusters</code>	only do subclustering on these clusters

hvg_param	parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_min_perc_cells	threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det	threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg	forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg	minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
pca_param	parameters for runPCA
nn_param	parameters for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors	number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution	resolution
python_path	specify specific path to python if required
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose	verbose

### Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain community algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain community clustering

### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

### See Also

[doLouvainCluster\\_community](#)

### Examples

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community(gobject)
```

---

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet
      doLouvainSubCluster_multinet
```

---

## Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain multinet detection algorithm

## Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_mult_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
    = "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for new clustering result
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column to subcluster
<code>selected_clusters</code>	only do subclustering on these clusters
<code>hvg_param</code>	parameters for calculateHVG
<code>hvg_min_perc_cells</code>	threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
<code>hvg_mean_expr_det</code>	threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
<code>use_all_genes_as_hvg</code>	forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
<code>min_nr_of_hvg</code>	minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
<code>pca_param</code>	parameters for runPCA



nn_param	parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors	number of k for createNearestNetwork
gamma	gamma
omega	omega
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose	verbose
python_path	specify specific path to python if required

### Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain multinet algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain multinet clustering

### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

### See Also

[doLouvainCluster\\_multinet](#)

### Examples

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet(gobject)
```

---

doRandomWalkCluster     *doRandomWalkCluster*

---

### Description

Cluster cells using a random walk approach.

**Usage**

```
doRandomWalkCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "random_walk_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  walk_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for cluster
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use
<code>walk_steps</code>	number of walking steps
<code>walk_clusters</code>	number of final clusters
<code>walk_weights</code>	cluster column defining the walk weights
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

**Details**

See [cluster\\_walktrap](#) function from the `igraph` package in R for more information.

**Value**

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

**Examples**

```
doRandomWalkCluster(gobject)
```

---

doSNNCluster	<i>doSNNCluster</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

## Description

Cluster cells using a SNN cluster approach.

## Usage

```
doSNNCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sNN_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "kNN",
  network_name = "kNN.pca",
  k = 20,
  eps = 4,
  minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name for cluster
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (only works on kNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of kNN network to use
<code>k</code>	Neighborhood size for nearest neighbor sparsification to create the shared NN graph.
<code>eps</code>	Two objects are only reachable from each other if they share at least <code>eps</code> nearest neighbors.
<code>minPts</code>	minimum number of points that share at least <code>eps</code> nearest neighbors for a point to be considered a core points.
<code>borderPoints</code>	should borderPoints be assigned to clusters like in DBSCAN?
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>set_seed</code>	set seed
<code>seed_number</code>	number for seed

## Details

See [sNNclust](#) from dbscan package

## Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

**Examples**

```
doSNNCluster(gobject)
```

---

```
do_cell_proximity_test
```

```
do_cell_proximity_test
```

---

**Description**

Performs a selected differential test on subsets of a matrix

**Usage**

```
do_cell_proximity_test(
  expr_values,
  select_ind,
  other_ind,
  diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
  mean_method = c("arithmetic", "geometric"),
  offset = 0.1,
  n_perm = 100,
  adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
  cores = 2
)
```

**Examples**

```
do_cell_proximity_test()
```

---

```
do_limimatest
```

```
do_limimatest
```

---

**Description**

Performs limma t.test on subsets of a matrix

**Usage**

```
do_limimatest(expr_values, select_ind, other_ind, mean_method, offset = 0.1)
```

**Examples**

```
do_limimatest()
```

---

do_multi_permuttest_random	
	<i>do_multi_permuttest_random</i>

---

**Description**

calculate multiple random values

**Usage**

```
do_multi_permuttest_random(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  mean_method,  
  offset = 0.1,  
  n = 100,  
  cores = 2  
)
```

**Examples**

```
do_multi_permuttest_random()
```

---

do_page_permutation	<i>do_page_permutation</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

creates permutation for the PAGEEnrich test

**Usage**

```
do_page_permutation(gobject, sig_gene, ntimes)
```

**Examples**

```
do_page_permutation()
```

---

do_permuttest_original	
	<i>do_permuttest_original</i>

---

**Description**

calculate original values

**Usage**

```
do_permuttest_original(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  name = "orig",  
  mean_method,  
  offset = 0.1  
)
```

**Examples**

```
do_permuttest_original()
```

---

do_permuttest_random	<i>do_permuttest_random</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

calculate random values

Performs permutation test on subsets of a matrix

**Usage**

```
do_permuttest_random(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  name = "perm_1",  
  mean_method,  
  offset = 0.1  
)
```

```
do_permuttest(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  n_perm = 1000,  
  adjust_method = "fdr",  
  mean_method,
```

```

    offset = 0.1,
    cores = 2
)

```

### Examples

```

do_permuttest_random()
do_permuttest_random()

```

---

do_rank_permutation	<i>do_rank_permutation</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

### Description

creates permutation for the rankEnrich test

### Usage

```
do_rank_permutation(sc_gene, n)
```

### Examples

```
do_rank_permutation()
```

---

do_spatial_grid_averaging	<i>do_spatial_grid_averaging</i>
---------------------------	----------------------------------

---

### Description

smooth gene expression over a defined spatial grid

### Usage

```

do_spatial_grid_averaging(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4
)

```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
subset_genes	subset of genes to use
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
min_cells_per_grid	minimum number of cells to consider a grid

**Value**

matrix with smoothened gene expression values based on spatial grid

**Examples**

```
do_spatial_grid_averaging(gobject)
```

---

```
do_spatial_knn_smoothing
do_spatial_knn_smoothing
```

---

**Description**

smooth gene expression over a kNN spatial network

**Usage**

```
do_spatial_knn_smoothing(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  b = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
subset_genes	subset of genes to use
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
b	smoothing factor between 0 and 1 (default: automatic)

**Details**

This function will smoothen the gene expression values per cell according to its neighbors in the selected spatial network.

b is a smoothening factor that defaults to  $1 - 1/k$ , where k is the median number of k-neighbors in the selected spatial network. Setting b = 0 means no smoothing and b = 1 means no contribution from its own expression.

**Value**

matrix with smoothened gene expression values based on kNN spatial network

**Examples**

```
do_spatial_knn_smoothing(gobject)
```



---

`do_ttest`*do\_ttest*

---

**Description**

Performs t.test on subsets of a matrix

Performs wilcoxon on subsets of a matrix

**Usage**

```
do_ttest(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  adjust_method,  
  mean_method,  
  offset = 0.1  
)
```

```
do_wilctest(  
  expr_values,  
  select_ind,  
  other_ind,  
  adjust_method,  
  mean_method,  
  offset = 0.1  
)
```

**Examples**

```
do_ttest()  
do_ttest()
```

---

`DT_removeNA`*DT\_removeNA*

---

**Description**

set NA values to 0 in a data.table object

**Usage**

```
DT_removeNA(DT)
```

---

dt_to_matrix	<i>dt_to_matrix</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

converts data.table to matrix

**Usage**

```
dt_to_matrix(x)
```

**Examples**

```
dt_to_matrix(x)
```

---

estimateCellCellDistance	<i>estimateCellCellDistance</i>
--------------------------	---------------------------------

---

**Description**

estimate average distance between neighboring cells

**Usage**

```
estimateCellCellDistance(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  method = c("mean", "median")
)
```

---

evaluate_expr_matrix	<i>evaluate_expr_matrix</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Evaluate expression matrices.

**Usage**

```
evaluate_expr_matrix(inputmatrix, sparse = TRUE, cores = NA)
```

**Arguments**

inputmatrix      inputmatrix to evaluate

**Details**

The inputmatrix can be a matrix, sparse matrix, data.frame, data.table or path to any of these.

**Value**

sparse matrix

**Examples**

```
evaluate_expr_matrix()
```

---

exportGiottoViewer	<i>exportGiottoViewer</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

compute highly variable genes

**Usage**

```
exportGiottoViewer(
  gobject,
  output_directory = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  factor_annotations = NULL,
  numeric_annotations = NULL,
  dim_reductions,
  dim_reduction_names,
  expression_values = c("scaled", "normalized", "custom"),
  dim_red_rounding = NULL,
  dim_red_rescale = c(-20, 20),
  expression_rounding = 2,
  overwrite_dir = T,
  verbose = T
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
output_directory	directory where to save the files
spat_enr_names	spatial enrichment results to include for annotations
factor_annotations	giotto cell annotations to view as factor
numeric_annotations	giotto cell annotations to view as numeric
dim_reductions	high level dimension reductions to view
dim_reduction_names	specific dimension reduction names
expression_values	expression values to use in Viewer
dim_red_rounding	numerical indicating how to round the coordinates

dim\_red\_rescale                      numerals to rescale the coordinates  
expression\_rounding                  numerical indicating how to round the expression data  
overwrite\_dir      overwrite files in the directory if it already existed  
verbose              be verbose

**Details**

Giotto Viewer expects the results from Giotto Analyzer in a specific format, which is provided by this function. To include enrichment results from [createSpatialEnrich](#) include the provided spatial enrichment name (default PAGE or rank) and add the gene signature names (.e.g cell types) to the numeric annotations parameter.

**Value**

writes the necessary output to use in Giotto Viewer

**Examples**

exportGiottoViewer(gobject)

---

exprCellCellcom	<i>exprCellCellcom</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Cell-Cell communication scores based on expression only

**Usage**

```
exprCellCellcom(  
  gobject,  
  cluster_column = "cell_types",  
  random_iter = 1000,  
  gene_set_1,  
  gene_set_2,  
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,  
  adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",  
    "none"),  
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),  
  verbose = T  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject              giotto object to use  
cluster\_column      cluster column with cell type information  
random\_iter          number of iterations  
gene\_set\_1           first specific gene set from gene pairs

gene_set_2	second specific gene set from gene pairs
log2FC_addendum	addendum to add when calculating log2FC
adjust_method	which method to adjust p-values
adjust_target	adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
verbose	verbose

### Details

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values, without considering the spatial position of cells. More details will follow soon.

### Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on expression only

### Examples

```
exprCellCellcom(gobject)
```

---

extended_gini_fun	<i>extended_gini_fun</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

calculate gini coefficient on a minimum length vector

### Usage

```
extended_gini_fun(x, weights = rep(1, length = length(x)), minimum_length = 16)
```

### Value

gini coefficient

---

extend_vector	<i>extend_vector</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

### Description

extend the range of a vector by a given ratio

### Usage

```
extend_vector(x, extend_ratio)
```

---

extractNearestNetwork	<i>extractNearestNetwork</i>
-----------------------	------------------------------

---

### Description

Extracts a NN-network from a Giotto object

### Usage

```
extractNearestNetwork(
  gobject,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  output = c("igraph", "data.table")
)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
nn_network_to_use	kNN or sNN
network_name	name of NN network to be used
output	return a igraph or data.table object

### Value

igraph or data.table object

### Examples

```
extractNearestNetwork(gobject)
```

---

fDataDT	<i>fDataDT</i>
---------	----------------

---

### Description

show gene metadata

### Usage

```
fDataDT(gobject)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
---------	---------------

### Value

data.table with gene metadata

**Examples**

```
pDataDT(gobject)
```

---

```
filterCellProximityGenes
      filterCellProximityGenes
```

---

**Description**

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

**Usage**

```
filterCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

**Arguments**

cpgObject	cell proximity gene score object
min_cells	minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr	minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells	minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr	minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum log2 fold-change
min_zscore	minimum z-score change
zscores_column	calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction	differential expression directions to keep

**Value**

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

**Examples**

```
filterCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

---

filterCombinations	<i>filterCombinations</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Shows how many genes and cells are lost with combinations of thresholds.

## Usage

```
filterCombinations(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_thresholds = c(1, 2),
  gene_det_in_min_cells = c(5, 50),
  min_det_genes_per_cell = c(200, 400),
  scale_x_axis = "identity",
  x_axis_offset = 0,
  scale_y_axis = "identity",
  y_axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = TRUE,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterCombinations"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
expression_thresholds	all thresholds to consider a gene expressed
gene_det_in_min_cells	minimum number of cells that should express a gene to consider that gene further
min_det_genes_per_cell	minimum number of expressed genes per cell to consider that cell further
scale_x_axis	ggplot transformation for x-axis (e.g. log2)
x_axis_offset	x-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
scale_y_axis	ggplot transformation for y-axis (e.g. log2)
y_axis_offset	y-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return only ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param



**Details**

Creates a scatterplot that visualizes the number of genes and cells that are lost with a specific combination of a gene and cell threshold given an arbitrary cutoff to call a gene expressed. This function can be used to make an informed decision at the filtering step with filterGiotto.

**Value**

list of data.table and ggplot object

**Examples**

```
filterCombinations(gobject)
```

---

filterCPG	<i>filterCPG</i>
-----------	------------------

---

**Description**

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

**Usage**

```
filterCPG(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

**Arguments**

cpgObject	cell proximity gene score object
min_cells	minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr	minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells	minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr	minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum log2 fold-change
min_zscore	minimum z-score change
zscores_column	calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction	differential expression directions to keep

**Value**

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

**Examples**

```
filterCPG(gobject)
```

---

filterDistributions	<i>filterDistributions</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

show gene or cell distribution after filtering on expression threshold

**Usage**

```
filterDistributions(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  detection = c("genes", "cells"),
  plot_type = c("histogram", "violin"),
  nr_bins = 30,
  fill_color = "lightblue",
  scale_axis = "identity",
  axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterDistributions"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
expression_threshold	threshold to consider a gene expressed
detection	consider genes or cells
plot_type	type of plot
nr_bins	number of bins for histogram plot
fill_color	fill color for plots
scale_axis	ggplot transformation for axis (e.g. log2)
axis_offset	offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object

save\_plot            directly save the plot [boolean]  
 save\_param          list of saving parameters from [all\\_plots\\_save\\_function](#)  
 default\_save\_name            default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

### Value

ggplot object

### Examples

```
filterDistributions(gobject)
```

---

filterGiotto	<i>filterGiotto</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

### Description

filter Giotto object based on expression threshold

### Usage

```
filterGiotto(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  gene_det_in_min_cells = 100,
  min_det_genes_per_cell = 100,
  verbose = F
)
```

### Arguments

gobject            giotto object  
 expression\_values            expression values to use  
 expression\_threshold            threshold to consider a gene expressed  
 gene\_det\_in\_min\_cells            minimum # of cells that need to express a gene  
 min\_det\_genes\_per\_cell            minimum # of genes that need to be detected in a cell  
 verbose            verbose

### Details

The function [filterCombinations](#) can be used to explore the effect of different parameter values.

### Value

giotto object

**Examples**

```
filterGiotto(gobject)
```

---

<code>filter_network</code>	<i>filter_network</i>
-----------------------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

function to filter a spatial network

**Usage**

```
filter_network(networkDT, maximum_distance = NULL, minimum_k = NULL)
```

---

<code>findCellProximityGenes</code>	<i>findCellProximityGenes</i>
-------------------------------------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

**Usage**

```
findCellProximityGenes(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = "normalized",  
  selected_genes = NULL,  
  cluster_column,  
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",  
  minimum_unique_cells = 1,  
  minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,  
  diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),  
  mean_method = c("arithmic", "geometric"),  
  offset = 0.1,  
  adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",  
    "none"),  
  nr_permutations = 1000,  
  exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,  
  do_parallel = TRUE,  
  cores = NA  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>selected_genes</code>	subset of selected genes (optional)
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for cell types
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>minimum_unique_cells</code>	minimum number of target cells required
<code>minimum_unique_int_cells</code>	minimum number of interacting cells required
<code>diff_test</code>	which differential expression test
<code>mean_method</code>	method to use to calculate the mean
<code>offset</code>	offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
<code>adjust_method</code>	which method to adjust p-values
<code>nr_permutations</code>	number of permutations if <code>diff_test = permutation</code>
<code>exclude_selected_cells_from_test</code>	exclude interacting cells other cells
<code>do_parallel</code>	run calculations in parallel with <code>mclapply</code>
<code>cores</code>	number of cores to use if <code>do_parallel = TRUE</code>

**Details**

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results `data.table` in the `cpgObject` contains - at least - the following columns:

- `genes`: All or selected list of tested genes
- `sel`: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- `other`: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- `log2fc`: log2 fold-change between `sel` and `other`
- `diff`: spatial expression difference between `sel` and `other`
- `p.value`: associated p-value
- `p.adj`: adjusted p-value
- `cell_type`: target cell type
- `int_cell_type`: interacting cell type
- `nr_select`: number of cells for selected target cell type
- `int_nr_select`: number of cells for interacting cell type
- `nr_other`: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- `int_nr_other`: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- `unif_int`: cell-cell interaction

**Value**

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

**Examples**

```
findCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

---

```
findCellProximityGenes_per_interaction
  findCellProximityGenes_per_interaction
```

---

**Description**

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

**Usage**

```
findCellProximityGenes_per_interaction(
  expr_values,
  cell_metadata,
  annot_spatnetwork,
  sel_int,
  minimum_unique_cells = 1,
  minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
  exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
  diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
  mean_method = c("arithmetic", "geometric"),
  offset = 0.1,
  adjust_method = "bonferroni",
  nr_permutations = 100,
  cores = 1
)
```

**Examples**

```
findCellProximityGenes_per_interaction()
```

---

```
findCPG          findCPG
```

---

**Description**

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

**Usage**

```
findCPG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = "normalized",
  selected_genes = NULL,
  cluster_column,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  minimum_unique_cells = 1,
  minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
  diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
  mean_method = c("arithmetic", "geometric"),
  offset = 0.1,
  adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
  nr_permutations = 100,
  exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>selected_genes</code>	subset of selected genes (optional)
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for cell types
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>minimum_unique_cells</code>	minimum number of target cells required
<code>minimum_unique_int_cells</code>	minimum number of interacting cells required
<code>diff_test</code>	which differential expression test
<code>mean_method</code>	method to use to calculate the mean
<code>offset</code>	offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
<code>adjust_method</code>	which method to adjust p-values
<code>nr_permutations</code>	number of permutations if <code>diff_test = permutation</code>
<code>exclude_selected_cells_from_test</code>	exclude interacting cells other cells
<code>do_parallel</code>	run calculations in parallel with <code>mclapply</code>
<code>cores</code>	number of cores to use if <code>do_parallel = TRUE</code>

**Details**

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results data.table in the `cpgObject` contains - at least - the following columns:

- genes: All or selected list of tested genes
- sel: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- other: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- log2fc: log2 fold-change between sel and other
- diff: spatial expression difference between sel and other
- p.value: associated p-value
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- cell\_type: target cell type
- int\_cell\_type: interacting cell type
- nr\_select: number of cells for selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_select: number of cells for interacting cell type
- nr\_other: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_other: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- unif\_int: cell-cell interaction

### Value

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

### Examples

```
findCPG(gobject)
```

---

findGiniMarkers

*findGiniMarkers*


---

### Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on gini detection and expression scores.

### Usage

```
findGiniMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.2,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.2,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 5
)
```



**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>subset_clusters</code>	selection of clusters to compare
<code>group_1</code>	group 1 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>group_2</code>	group 2 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>min_expr_gini_score</code>	filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
<code>min_det_gini_score</code>	filter on minimum gini coefficient for detection
<code>detection_threshold</code>	detection threshold for gene expression
<code>rank_score</code>	rank scores for both detection and expression to include
<code>min_genes</code>	minimum number of top genes to return

**Details**

Detection of marker genes using the [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gini\\_coefficient](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gini_coefficient) gini coefficient is based on the following steps/principles per gene:

- 1. calculate average expression per cluster
- 2. calculate detection fraction per cluster
- 3. calculate gini-coefficient for av. expression values over all clusters
- 4. calculate gini-coefficient for detection fractions over all clusters
- 5. convert gini-scores to rank scores
- 6. for each gene create combined score = detection rank x expression rank x expr gini-coefficient x detection gini-coefficient
- 7. for each gene sort on expression and detection rank and combined score

As a results "top gini" genes are genes that are very selectively expressed in a specific cluster, however not always expressed in all cells of that cluster. In other words highly specific, but not necessarily sensitive at the single-cell level.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specify cluster IDs to the parameters `group_1` and `group_2`.

**Value**

data.table with marker genes

**Examples**

```
findGiniMarkers(gobject)
```

---

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all
      findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all
```

---

### Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on gini detection and expression scores.

### Usage

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 4,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>subset_clusters</code>	selection of clusters to compare
<code>min_expr_gini_score</code>	filter on minimum gini coefficient on expression
<code>min_det_gini_score</code>	filter on minimum gini coefficient on detection
<code>detection_threshold</code>	detection threshold for gene expression
<code>rank_score</code>	rank scores for both detection and expression to include
<code>min_genes</code>	minimum number of top genes to return
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose

### Value

data.table with marker genes

### See Also

[findGiniMarkers](#)

**Examples**

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

---

findMarkers	<i>findMarkers</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Identify marker genes for selected clusters.

**Usage**

```
findMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  method = c("scrn", "gini", "mast"),
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 4,
  group_1_name = NULL,
  group_2_name = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
cluster_column	clusters to use
method	method to use to detect differentially expressed genes
subset_clusters	selection of clusters to compare
group_1	group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2	group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
min_expr_gini_score	gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
min_det_gini_score	gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection
detection_threshold	gini: detection threshold for gene expression

rank_score	gini: rank scores to include
min_genes	minimum number of top genes to return (for gini)
group_1_name	mast: custom name for group_1 clusters
group_2_name	mast: custom name for group_2 clusters
adjust_columns	mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
...	additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran or zlm function in MAST

### Details

Wrapper for all individual functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

### Value

data.table with marker genes

### See Also

[findScranMarkers](#), [findGiniMarkers](#) and [findMastMarkers](#)

### Examples

```
findMarkers(gobject)
```

---

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all
```

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all
```

---

### Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner.

### Usage

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  method = c("scran", "gini", "mast"),
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>subset_clusters</code>	selection of clusters to compare
<code>method</code>	method to use to detect differentially expressed genes
<code>pval</code>	scan & mast: filter on minimal p-value
<code>logFC</code>	scan & mast: filter on logFC
<code>min_genes</code>	minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC
<code>min_expr_gini_score</code>	gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
<code>min_det_gini_score</code>	gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection
<code>detection_threshold</code>	gini: detection threshold for gene expression
<code>rank_score</code>	gini: rank scores to include
<code>adjust_columns</code>	mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scan or zlm function in MAST

**Details**

Wrapper for all one vs all functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

**Value**

data.table with marker genes

**See Also**

[findScranMarkers\\_one\\_vs\\_all](#), [findGiniMarkers\\_one\\_vs\\_all](#) and [findMastMarkers\\_one\\_vs\\_all](#)

**Examples**

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

---

findMastMarkers	<i>findMastMarkers</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

## Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on the MAST package.

## Usage

```
findMastMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_1_name = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  group_2_name = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>group_1</code>	group 1 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>group_1_name</code>	custom name for <code>group_1</code> clusters
<code>group_2</code>	group 2 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>group_2_name</code>	custom name for <code>group_2</code> clusters
<code>adjust_columns</code>	column in <code>pDataDT</code> to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for the <code>zlm</code> function in MAST

## Details

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the [zlm](#) from the MAST package to detect differentially expressed genes.

## Value

data.table with marker genes

## Examples

```
findMastMarkers(gobject)
```

---

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all  
  findMastMarkers_one_vs_all
```

---

## Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on the MAST package.

## Usage

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  cluster_column,  
  subset_clusters = NULL,  
  adjust_columns = NULL,  
  pval = 0.001,  
  logFC = 1,  
  min_genes = 10,  
  verbose = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
cluster_column	clusters to use
subset_clusters	selection of clusters to compare
adjust_columns	column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
pval	filter on minimal p-value
logFC	filter on logFC
min_genes	minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC
verbose	be verbose
...	additional parameters for the zlm function in MAST

## Value

data.table with marker genes

## See Also

[findMastMarkers](#)

## Examples

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

---

findNetworkNeighbors    *findNetworkNeighbors*


---

### Description

Find the spatial neighbors for a selected group of cells within the selected spatial network.

### Usage

```
findNetworkNeighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name,
  source_cell_ids = NULL,
  name = "nb_cells"
)
```

### Arguments

gobject	Giotto object
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network
source_cell_ids	cell ids for which you want to know the spatial neighbors
name	name of the results

### Value

data.table

### Examples

```
findNetworkNeighbors(gobject)
```

---

findScranMarkers    *findScranMarkers*


---

### Description

Identify marker genes for all or selected clusters based on scran's implementation of findMarkers.

### Usage

```
findScranMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  ...
)
```



**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>subset_clusters</code>	selection of clusters to compare
<code>group_1</code>	group 1 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>group_2</code>	group 2 cluster IDs from <code>cluster_column</code> for pairwise comparison
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for the <code>findMarkers</code> function in <code>scrn</code>

**Details**

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the [findMarkers](#) function from the `scrn` package.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specify cluster IDs to the parameters `group_1` and `group_2`.

**Value**

data.table with marker genes

**Examples**

```
findScranMarkers(gobject)
```

---

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all
  findScranMarkers_one_vs_all
```

---

**Description**

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on `scrn`'s implementation of `findMarkers`.

**Usage**

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	clusters to use
<code>subset_clusters</code>	subset of clusters to use
<code>pval</code>	filter on minimal p-value
<code>logFC</code>	filter on logFC
<code>min_genes</code>	minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scan

**Value**

data.table with marker genes

**See Also**

[findScranMarkers](#)

**Examples**

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

---

<code>find_grid_2D</code>	<i>find_grid_2D</i>
---------------------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

find grid location in 2D

**Usage**

```
find_grid_2D(grid_DT, x_loc, y_loc)
```

---

<code>find_grid_3D</code>	<i>find_grid_3D</i>
---------------------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

find grid location in 3D

**Usage**

```
find_grid_3D(grid_DT, x_loc, y_loc, z_loc)
```

---

find_grid_x	<i>find_grid_x</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

find grid location on x-axis

**Usage**

```
find_grid_x(grid_DT, x_loc)
```

---

---

find_grid_y	<i>find_grid_y</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

find grid location on y-axis

**Usage**

```
find_grid_y(grid_DT, y_loc)
```

---

---

find_grid_z	<i>find_grid_z</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

find grid location on z-axis

**Usage**

```
find_grid_z(grid_DT, z_loc)
```

---

---

find_x_y_ranges	<i>find_x_y_ranges</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

get the extended ranges of x and y

**Usage**

```
find_x_y_ranges(data, extend_ratio)
```

---

general\_save\_function    *general\_save\_function*

---

## Description

Function to automatically save plots to directory of interest

## Usage

```
general_save_function(
  gobject,
  plot_object,
  save_dir = NULL,
  save_folder = NULL,
  save_name = NULL,
  default_save_name = "giotto_plot",
  save_format = c("png", "tiff", "pdf", "svg"),
  show_saved_plot = F,
  base_width = NULL,
  base_height = NULL,
  base_aspect_ratio = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  dpi = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
plot_object	non-ggplot object to plot
save_dir	directory to save to
save_folder	folder in save_dir to save to
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format (e.g. png, tiff, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot
base_width	width
base_height	height
base_aspect_ratio	aspect ratio
units	units
dpi	Plot resolution

## Examples

```
general_save_function(gobject)
```

---

get10Xmatrix	<i>get10Xmatrix</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

This function creates an expression matrix from a 10X structured folder

**Usage**

```
get10Xmatrix(path_to_data, gene_column_index = 1)
```

**Arguments**

`path_to_data` path to the 10X folder  
`gene_column_index` which column from the features or genes .tsv file to use for row ids

**Details**

A typical 10X folder is named `raw_feature_bc_matrix` or `raw_feature_bc_matrix` and it has 3 files:

- `barcodes.tsv.gz`
- `features.tsv.gz` or `genes.tsv.gz`
- `matrix.mtx.gz`

By default the first column of the features or genes .tsv file will be used, however if multiple annotations are provided (e.g. ensembl gene ids and gene symbols) the user can select another column.

**Value**

expression matrix from 10X

**Examples**

```
get10Xmatrix(10Xmatrix)
```

---

getClusterSimilarity	<i>getClusterSimilarity</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Creates data.table with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster.

**Usage**

```
getClusterSimilarity(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for clusters
<code>cor</code>	correlation score to calculate distance

**Details**

Creates `data.table` with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster and the group size (# of cells) for each cluster. This information can be used together with `mergeClusters` to combine very similar or small clusters into bigger clusters.

**Value**

`data.table`

**Examples**

```
getClusterSimilarity(gobject)
```

---

<code>getDendrogramSplits</code>	<i>getDendrogramSplits</i>
----------------------------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

Split dendrogram at each node and keep the leave (label) information..

**Usage**

```
getDendrogramSplits(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  show_dend = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for clusters
<code>cor</code>	correlation score to calculate distance

distance	distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
h	height of horizontal lines to plot
h_color	color of horizontal lines
show_dend	show dendrogram
verbose	be verbose

**Details**

Creates a data.table with three columns and each row represents a node in the dendrogram. For each node the height of the node is given together with the two subdendrograms. This information can be used to determine in a hierarchical manner differentially expressed marker genes at each node.

**Value**

data.table object

**Examples**

```
getDendrogramSplits(gobject)
```

---

getDistinctColors	<i>getDistinctColors</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns a number of distinct colors based on the RGB scale

**Usage**

```
getDistinctColors(n)
```

**Arguments**

n	number of colors wanted
---	-------------------------

**Value**

number of distinct colors

---

get_cross_section_coordinates	<i>get_cross_section_coordinates</i>
-------------------------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

get local coordinates within cross section plane

**Usage**

```
get_cross_section_coordinates(cell_subset_projection_locations)
```

---

get_distance	<i>get_distance</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

estimate average distance between neighboring cells with network table as input

**Usage**

```
get_distance(networkDT, method = c("mean", "median"))
```

---

get_sectionThickness	<i>get_sectionThickness</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

get section thickness

**Usage**

```
get_sectionThickness(
  gobject,
  thickness_unit = c("cell", "natural"),
  slice_thickness = 2,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cell_distance_estimate_method = c("mean", "median"),
  plane_equation = NULL
)
```

---

ggplot_save_function	<i>ggplot_save_function</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Function to automatically save plots to directory of interest

**Usage**

```
ggplot_save_function(
  gobject,
  plot_object,
  save_dir = NULL,
  save_folder = NULL,
  save_name = NULL,
  default_save_name = "giotto_plot",
  save_format = NULL,
  show_saved_plot = F,
  ncol = 1,
```



```

    nrow = 1,
    scale = 1,
    base_width = NULL,
    base_height = NULL,
    base_aspect_ratio = NULL,
    units = NULL,
    dpi = NULL,
    limitsize = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_object</code>	ggplot object to plot
<code>save_dir</code>	directory to save to
<code>save_folder</code>	folder in <code>save_dir</code> to save to
<code>save_name</code>	name of plot
<code>save_format</code>	format (e.g. png, tiff, pdf, ...)
<code>show_saved_plot</code>	load & display the saved plot
<code>ncol</code>	number of columns
<code>nrow</code>	number of rows
<code>scale</code>	scale
<code>base_width</code>	width
<code>base_height</code>	height
<code>base_aspect_ratio</code>	aspect ratio
<code>units</code>	units
<code>dpi</code>	Plot resolution
<code>limitsize</code>	When TRUE (the default), ggsave will not save images larger than 50x50 inches, to prevent the common error of specifying dimensions in pixels.

### See Also

[cowplot::save\\_plot](#)

### Examples

```
ggplot_save_function(gobject)
```

---

giotto-class	<i>S4 giotto Class</i>
--------------	------------------------

---

### Description

Framework of giotto object to store and work with spatial expression data

### Slots

raw\_exprs raw expression counts  
 norm\_expr normalized expression counts  
 norm\_scaled\_expr normalized and scaled expression counts  
 custom\_expr custom normalized counts  
 spatial\_locs spatial location coordinates for cells  
 cell\_metadata metadata for cells  
 gene\_metadata metadata for genes  
 cell\_ID unique cell IDs  
 gene\_ID unique gene IDs  
 spatial\_network spatial network in data.table/data.frame format  
 spatial\_grid spatial grid in data.table/data.frame format  
 dimension\_reduction slot to save dimension reduction coordinates  
 nn\_network nearest neighbor network in igraph format  
 parameters slot to save parameters that have been used  
 instructions slot for global function instructions  
 offset\_file offset file used to stitch together image fields  
 OS\_platform Operating System to run Giotto analysis on

---

heatmSpatialCorGenes	<i>heatmSpatialCorGenes</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Create heatmap of spatially correlated genes

### Usage

```

heatmSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_cluster_annot = TRUE,
  show_row_dend = T,
  show_column_dend = F,
  show_row_names = F,

```

```

    show_column_names = F,
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "heatmSpatialCorGenes",
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>spatCorObject</code>	spatial correlation object
<code>use_clus_name</code>	name of clusters to visualize (from <code>clusterSpatialCorGenes()</code> )
<code>show_cluster_annot</code>	show cluster annotation on top of heatmap
<code>show_row_dend</code>	show row dendrogram
<code>show_column_dend</code>	show column dendrogram
<code>show_row_names</code>	show row names
<code>show_column_names</code>	show column names
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>...</code>	additional parameters to the <a href="#">Heatmap</a> function from <code>ComplexHeatmap</code>

### Value

Heatmap generated by `ComplexHeatmap`

### Examples

```
heatmSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

---

hyperGeometricEnrich    *hyperGeometricEnrich*

---

### Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test.

**Usage**

```
hyperGeometricEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  top_percentage = 5,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>sign_matrix</code>	Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reverse_log_scale</code>	reverse expression values from log scale
<code>logbase</code>	log base to use if <code>reverse_log_scale = TRUE</code>
<code>top_percentage</code>	percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix binarization
<code>output_enrichment</code>	how to return enrichment output

**Details**

The enrichment score is calculated based on the p-value from the hypergeometric test,  $-\log_{10}(\text{p-value})$ .

**Value**

data.table with enrichment results

**Examples**

```
hyperGeometricEnrich(gobject)
```

---

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D
```

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D
```

---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```

insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
  mesh_grid_width = 3,
  mesh_grid_style = "dot",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = F,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "darkblue",
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 2,
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D_with_cross_section"
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>mesh_grid_color</code>	color for the meshgrid lines
<code>mesh_grid_width</code>	width for the meshgrid lines

mesh_grid_style	style for the meshgrid lines
sdimx	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
expression_values	gene expression values to use
genes	genes to show
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
genes_high_color	color represents high gene expression
genes_mid_color	color represents middle gene expression
genes_low_color	color represents low gene expression
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
grid_color	color of spatial grid
midpoint	expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

---

```
insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D
      insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D
```

---

## Description

Visualize the meshgrid lines of cross section together with cells

## Usage

```
insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
  mesh_grid_width = 3,
  mesh_grid_style = "dot",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  point_size = 2,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  title = "",
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spat3D_with_cross_section"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of virtual cross section to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>mesh_grid_color</code>	color for the meshgrid lines
<code>mesh_grid_width</code>	width for the meshgrid lines
<code>mesh_grid_style</code>	style for the meshgrid lines
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	point size of not selected cells
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>title</code>	title of plot
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>axis_scale</code>	the way to scale the axis
<code>custom_ratio</code>	customize the scale of the plot
<code>x_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the x-axis
<code>y_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the y-axis
<code>z_ticks</code>	set the number of ticks on the z-axis
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>



**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D(gobject)
```

---

jackstrawPlot	<i>jackstrawPlot</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

identify significant principal components (PCs)

**Usage**

```
jackstrawPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 20,
  ylim = c(0, 1),
  iter = 10,
  threshold = 0.01,
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "jackstrawPlot"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
reduction	cells or genes
genes_to_use	subset of genes to use for PCA
center	center data before PCA
scale_unit	scale features before PCA
ncp	number of principal components to calculate

ylim	y-axis limits on jackstraw plot
iter	number of iterations for jackstraw
threshold	p-value threshold to call a PC significant
verbose	show progress of jackstraw method
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

The Jackstraw method uses the [permutationPA](#) function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.  
multiple PCA results can be stored by changing the *name* parameter

Value

ggplot object for jackstraw method

Examples

jackstrawPlot(gobject)

---

kmeans_binarize	<i>kmeans_binarize</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

Description

create binarized scores from a vector using kmeans

Usage

kmeans\_binarize(x, nstart = 3, iter.max = 10)

---

libNorm_giotto	<i>libNorm_giotto</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

Description

libNorm\_giotto

Usage

libNorm\_giotto(mymatrix, scalefactor)

---

loadHMRF	<i>loadHMRF</i>
----------	-----------------

---

**Description**

load previous HMRF

**Usage**

```
loadHMRF(  
  name_used = "test",  
  output_folder_used,  
  k_used = 10,  
  betas_used,  
  python_path_used  
)
```

**Arguments**

- name\_used            name of HMRF that was run
- output\_folder\_used            output folder that was used
- k\_used            number of HMRF domains that was tested
- betas\_used            betas that were tested
- python\_path\_used            python path that was used

**Details**

Description of HMRF parameters ...

**Value**

reloads a previous ran HMRF from doHRMF

**Examples**

```
loadHMRF(gobject)
```

---

logNorm_giotto	<i>logNorm_giotto</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

logNorm\_giotto

**Usage**

```
logNorm_giotto(mymatrix, base, offset)
```

---

makeSignMatrixPAGE	<i>makeSignMatrixPAGE</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Function to convert a list of signature genes (e.g. for cell types or processes) into a binary matrix format that can be used with the PAGE enrichment option. Each cell type or process should have a vector of cell-type or process specific genes. These vectors need to be combined into a list (sign\_list). The names of the cell types or processes that are provided in the list need to be given (sign\_names).

**Usage**

```
makeSignMatrixPAGE(sign_names, sign_list)
```

**Arguments**

- sign\_names      vector with names for each provided gene signature
- sign\_list      list of genes (signature)

**Value**

matrix

**See Also**

[PAGEEnrich](#)

**Examples**

```
makeSignMatrixPAGE()
```

---

makeSignMatrixRank	<i>makeSignMatrixRank</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Function to convert a single-cell count matrix and a corresponding single-cell cluster vector into a rank matrix that can be used with the Rank enrichment option.

**Usage**

```
makeSignMatrixRank(sc_matrix, sc_cluster_ids, gobject = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- sc\_matrix      matrix of single-cell RNAseq expression data
- sc\_cluster\_ids      vector of cluster ids
- gobject      if giotto object is given then only genes present in both datasets will be considered

**Value**

matrix

**See Also**

[rankEnrich](#)

**Examples**

```
makeSignMatrixRank()
```

---

```
make_simulated_network
```

```
make_simulated_network
```

---

**Description**

Simulate random network.

**Usage**

```
make_simulated_network(  
  gobject,  
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",  
  cluster_column,  
  number_of_simulations = 100  
)
```

**Examples**

```
make_simulated_network(gobject)
```

---

```
mean_expr_det_test
```

```
mean_expr_det_test
```

---

**Description**

mean\_expr\_det\_test

**Usage**

```
mean_expr_det_test(mymatrix, detection_threshold = 1)
```

---

mergeClusters	<i>mergeClusters</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

## Description

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

## Usage

```
mergeClusters(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  new_cluster_name = "merged_cluster",
  min_cor_score = 0.8,
  max_group_size = 20,
  force_min_group_size = 10,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
cluster_column	name of column to use for clusters
cor	correlation score to calculate distance
new_cluster_name	new name for merged clusters
min_cor_score	min correlation score to merge pairwise clusters
max_group_size	max cluster size that can be merged
force_min_group_size	size of clusters that will be merged with their most similar neighbor(s)
return_gobject	return giotto object
verbose	be verbose

## Details

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster. To avoid large clusters to merge the `max_group_size` can be lowered. Small clusters can be forcibly merged with their most similar pairwise cluster by adjusting the `force_min_group_size` parameter. Clusters smaller than this value will be merged independent on the provided `min_cor_score` value. A giotto object is returned by default, if FALSE then the merging vector will be returned.

## Value

Giotto object

**Examples**

```
mergeClusters(gobject)
```

---

mygini\_fun

*mygini\_fun*

---

**Description**

calculate gini coefficient

**Usage**

```
mygini_fun(x, weights = rep(1, length(x)))
```

**Value**

gini coefficient

---

my\_aronMeans

*my\_aronMeans*

---

**Description**

arithmic rowMeans that works for a single column

**Usage**

```
my_aronMeans(x)
```

**Examples**

```
my_aronMeans(x)
```

---

my\_growMeans

*my\_growMeans*

---

**Description**

geometric rowMeans that works for a single column

**Usage**

```
my_growMeans(x, offset = 0.1)
```

**Examples**

```
my_growMeans(x)
```

---

my_rowMeans	<i>my_rowMeans</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

arithmetic or geometric rowMeans that works for a single column

**Usage**

```
my_rowMeans(x, method = c("arithmetic", "geometric"), offset = 0.1)
```

**Examples**

```
my_rowMeans(x)
```

---

nnDT_to_kNN	<i>nnDT_to_kNN</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Convert a nearest network data.table to a kNN object

**Usage**

```
nnDT_to_kNN(nnDT)
```

**Arguments**

nnDT	nearest neighbor network in data.table format
------	-----------------------------------------------

**Value**

kNN object

---

node_clusters	<i>node_clusters</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

**Usage**

```
node_clusters(hclus_obj, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

hclus_obj	hclus object
verbose	be verbose



**Value**

list of splitted dendrogram nodes from high to low node height

**Examples**

```
node_clusters(hclus_obj)
```

---

normalizeGiotto	<i>normalizeGiotto</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

fast normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

**Usage**

```
normalizeGiotto(
  gobject,
  norm_methods = c("standard", "osmFISH"),
  library_size_norm = TRUE,
  scalefactor = 6000,
  log_norm = TRUE,
  log_offset = 1,
  logbase = 2,
  scale_genes = T,
  scale_cells = T,
  scale_order = c("first_genes", "first_cells"),
  verbose = F
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
norm_methods	normalization method to use
library_size_norm	normalize cells by library size
scalefactor	scale factor to use after library size normalization
log_norm	transform values to log-scale
log_offset	offset value to add to expression matrix, default = 1
logbase	log base to use to log normalize expression values
scale_genes	z-score genes over all cells
scale_cells	z-score cells over all genes
scale_order	order to scale genes and cells
verbose	be verbose

## Details

Currently there are two 'methods' to normalize your raw counts data.

A. The standard method follows the standard protocol which can be adjusted using the provided parameters and follows the following order:

- 1. Data normalization for total library size and scaling by a custom scale-factor.
- 2. Log transformation of data.
- 3. Z-scoring of data by genes and/or cells.

B. The normalization method as provided by the osmFISH paper is also implemented:

- 1. First normalize genes, for each gene divide the counts by the total gene count and multiply by the total number of genes.
- 2. Next normalize cells, for each cell divide the normalized gene counts by the total counts per cell and multiply by the total number of cells.

This data will be saved in the Giotto slot for custom expression.

## Value

giotto object

## Examples

```
normalizeGiotto(gobject)
```

---

PAGEEnrich

*PAGEEnrich*

---

## Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using PAGE.

## Usage

```
PAGEEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>sign_matrix</code>	Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reverse_log_scale</code>	reverse expression values from log scale
<code>logbase</code>	log base to use if <code>reverse_log_scale = TRUE</code>
<code>output_enrichment</code>	how to return enrichment output

**Details**

`sign_matrix`: a binary matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a list of signature genes can be provided to `makeSignMatrixPAGE`, which will create the matrix for you.

The enrichment Z score is calculated by using method (PAGE) from Kim SY et al., BMC bioinformatics, 2005 as  $Z = ((Sm^{\mu}mu) * m^{(1/2)})/delta$ . For each gene in each spot, mu is the fold change values versus the mean expression and delta is the standard deviation. Sm is the mean fold change value of a specific marker gene set and m is the size of a given marker gene set.

**Value**

data.table with enrichment results

**See Also**

[makeSignMatrixPAGE](#)

**Examples**

```
PAGEEnrich(gobject)
```

---

`pca_giotto`

*pca\_giotto*

---

**Description**

performs PCA based on Rfast

**Usage**

```
pca_giotto(mymatrix, center = T, scale = T, k = 50)
```

**Arguments**

<code>mymatrix</code>	matrix or object that can be converted to matrix
<code>center</code>	center data
<code>scale</code>	scale features
<code>k</code>	number of principal components to calculate

**Value**

list of eigenvalues, eigenvectors and pca coordinates

---

pDataDT	<i>pDataDT</i>
---------	----------------

---

**Description**

show cell metadata

**Usage**

pDataDT(gobject)

**Arguments**

gobject                  giotto object

**Value**

data.table with cell metadata

**Examples**

pDataDT(gobject)

---

plotCCcomDotplot	<i>plotCCcomDotplot</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Plots dotplot for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

**Usage**

```
plotCCcomDotplot(  
  gobject,  
  comScores,  
  selected_LR = NULL,  
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,  
  show_LR_names = TRUE,  
  show_cell_LR_names = TRUE,  
  cluster_on = c("PI", "LR_expr", "log2fc"),  
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"),  
  aggl_method = c("ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average", "mcquitty",  
    "median", "centroid"),  
  show_plot = NA,  
  return_plot = NA,  
  save_plot = NA,  
  save_param = list(),  
  default_save_name = "plotCCcomDotplot"  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>comScores</code>	communication scores from <a href="#">exprCellCellcom</a> or <a href="#">spatCellCellcom</a>
<code>selected_LR</code>	selected ligand-receptor combinations
<code>selected_cell_LR</code>	selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
<code>show_LR_names</code>	show ligand-receptor names
<code>show_cell_LR_names</code>	show cell-cell names
<code>cluster_on</code>	values to use for clustering of cell-cell and ligand-receptor pairs
<code>cor_method</code>	correlation method used for clustering
<code>aggl_method</code>	agglomeration method used by hclust
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotting object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>show</code>	values to show on heatmap

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotCCcomDotplot(CPGscores)
```

---

<code>plotCCcomHeatmap</code>	<i>plotCCcomHeatmap</i>
-------------------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Plots heatmap for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

**Usage**

```
plotCCcomHeatmap(
  gobject,
  comScores,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  show_LR_names = TRUE,
  show_cell_LR_names = TRUE,
  show = c("PI", "LR_expr", "log2fc"),
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"),
  aggl_method = c("ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average", "mcquitty"),
```

```

    "median", "centroid"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCCcomHeatmap"
)

```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
comScores	communication scores from <a href="#">exprCellCellcom</a> or <a href="#">spatCellCellcom</a>
selected_LR	selected ligand-receptor combinations
selected_cell_LR	selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
show_LR_names	show ligand-receptor names
show_cell_LR_names	show cell-cell names
show	values to show on heatmap
cor_method	correlation method used for clustering
aggl_method	agglomeration method used by hclust
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plotCCcomHeatmap(CPGscores)
```

---

plotCellProximityGenes

*plotCellProximityGenes*

---

### Description

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```

plotCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  cpqObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
    "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCellProximityGenes"
)

```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
cpqObject	cell proximity gene score object
method	plotting method to use
min_cells	minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr	minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells	minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr	minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum log2 fold-change
min_zscore	minimum z-score change
zscores_column	calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction	differential expression directions to keep
cell_color_code	vector of colors with cell types as names
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Value**

plot

**Examples**

```
plotCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)
```

---

plotCombineCCcom

*plotCombineCCcom*


---

**Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```
plotCombineCCcom(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCCcom"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
combCCcom	combined communication scores, output from combCCcom()
selected_LR	selected ligand-receptor pair
selected_cell_LR	selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
detail_plot	show detailed info in both interacting cell types
simple_plot	show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet	facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales	ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol	ggplot facet ncol parameter



facet_nrow	ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors	vector with two colors to use
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotCombineCCcom(CPGscores)
```

---

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication
      plotCombineCellCellCommunication
```

---

**Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCellCellCommunication"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>combCCcom</code>	combined communication scores, output from <code>combCCcom()</code>
<code>selected_LR</code>	selected ligand-receptor pair
<code>selected_cell_LR</code>	selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
<code>detail_plot</code>	show detailed info in both interacting cell types
<code>simple_plot</code>	show a simplified plot
<code>simple_plot_facet</code>	facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
<code>facet_scales</code>	ggplot facet scales parameter
<code>facet_ncol</code>	ggplot facet ncol parameter
<code>facet_nrow</code>	ggplot facet nrow parameter
<code>colors</code>	vector with two colors to use
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotting object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(CPGscores)
```

---

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes
```

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes
```

---

**Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
```

```

    simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
    facet_scales = "fixed",
    facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
    facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
    colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>combCpgObject</code>	CPGscores, output from <code>combineCellProximityGenes()</code>
<code>selected_interactions</code>	interactions to show
<code>selected_gene_to_gene</code>	pairwise gene combinations to show
<code>detail_plot</code>	show detailed info in both interacting cell types
<code>simple_plot</code>	show a simplified plot
<code>simple_plot_facet</code>	facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
<code>facet_scales</code>	ggplot facet scales paramter
<code>facet_ncol</code>	ggplot facet ncol parameter
<code>facet_nrow</code>	ggplot facet nrow parameter
<code>colors</code>	vector with two colors to use
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotting object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)
```

plotCombineCPG

*plotCombineCPG***Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```
plotCombineCPG(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>combCpgObject</code>	CPGscores, output from <code>combineCellProximityGenes()</code>
<code>selected_interactions</code>	interactions to show
<code>selected_gene_to_gene</code>	pairwise gene combinations to show
<code>detail_plot</code>	show detailed info in both interacting cell types
<code>simple_plot</code>	show a simplified plot
<code>simple_plot_facet</code>	facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
<code>facet_scales</code>	ggplot facet scales paramter
<code>facet_ncol</code>	ggplot facet ncol parameter
<code>facet_nrow</code>	ggplot facet nrow parameter
<code>colors</code>	vector with two colors to use
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotting object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotCombineCPG(CPGscores)
```

---

plotCPG	<i>plotCPG</i>
---------	----------------

---

**Description**

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

**Usage**

```
plotCPG(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
    "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 5,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCPG"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>cpgObject</code>	cell proximity gene score object
<code>method</code>	plotting method to use
<code>min_cells</code>	minimum number of source cell type
<code>min_cells_expr</code>	minimum expression level for source cell type
<code>min_int_cells</code>	minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
<code>min_int_cells_expr</code>	minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type

min_fdr	minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff	minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc	minimum log2 fold-change
min_zscore	minimum z-score change
zscores_column	calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction	differential expression directions to keep
cell_color_code	vector of colors with cell types as names
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

plot

Examples

plotCPG(CPGscores)

---

plotHeatmap	<i>plotHeatmap</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

Description

Creates heatmap for genes and clusters.

Usage

```
plotHeatmap(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  genes,  
  cluster_column = NULL,  
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),  
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,  
  cluster_color_code = NULL,  
  cluster_cor_method = "pearson",  
  cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D",  
  gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),  
  gene_custom_order = NULL,  
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",  
  gene_hclust_method = "complete",  
  show_values = c("rescaled", "z-scaled", "original"),  
  size_vertical_lines = 1.1,  
)
```

```

gradient_colors = c("blue", "yellow", "red"),
gene_label_selection = NULL,
axis_text_y_size = NULL,
legend_nrows = 1,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "plotHeatmap"
)

```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
genes	genes to use
cluster_column	name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order	method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order	custom order for clusters
cluster_color_code	color code for clusters
cluster_cor_method	method for cluster correlation
cluster_hclust_method	method for hierarchical clustering of clusters
gene_order	method to determine gene order
gene_custom_order	custom order for genes
gene_cor_method	method for gene correlation
gene_hclust_method	method for hierarchical clustering of genes
show_values	which values to show on heatmap
size_vertical_lines	sizes for vertical lines
gradient_colors	colors for heatmap gradient
gene_label_selection	subset of genes to show on y-axis
axis_text_y_size	size for y-axis text
legend_nrows	number of rows for the cluster legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name

**Details**

If you want to display many genes there are 2 ways to proceed:

- 1. set axis\_text\_y\_size to a really small value and show all genes
- 2. provide a subset of genes to display to gene\_label\_selection

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotHeatmap(gobject)
```

---

plotICG	<i>plotICG</i>
---------	----------------

---

**Description**

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

**Usage**

```
plotICG(  
  gobject,  
  cpqObject,  
  source_type,  
  source_markers,  
  ICG_genes,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  show_plot = NA,  
  return_plot = NA,  
  save_plot = NA,  
  save_param = list(),  
  default_save_name = "plotICG"  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
cpqObject	cell proximity gene score object
source_type	cell type of the source cell
source_markers	markers for the source cell type
ICG_genes	named character vector of ICG genes
cell_color_code	cell color code for the interacting cell types
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]



save\_param      list of saving parameters from [all\\_plots\\_save\\_function](#)  
 default\_save\_name      default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

### Value

plot

### Examples

```
plotICG(CPGscores)
```

---

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes
      plotInteractionChangedGenes
```

---

### Description

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

### Usage

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  source_type,
  source_markers,
  ICG_genes,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotInteractionChangedGenes"
)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
cpgObject	cell proximity gene score object
source_type	cell type of the source cell
source_markers	markers for the source cell type
ICG_genes	named character vector of ICG genes
cell_color_code	cell color code for the interacting cell types
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Value**

plot

**Examples**

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes(CPGscores)
```

---

plotly_axis_scale_2D	<i>plotly_axis_scale_2D</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

adjust the axis scale in 3D plotly plot

**Usage**

```
plotly_axis_scale_2D(  
  cell_locations,  
  sdimx = NULL,  
  sdimy = NULL,  
  mode = c("cube", "real", "custom"),  
  custom_ratio = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

- cell\_locations    spatial\_loc in giotto object
- sdimx            x axis of cell spatial location
- sdimy            y axis of cell spatial location
- mode             axis adjustment mode
- custom\_ratio    set the ratio artificially

**Value**

edges in spatial grid as data.table()

**Examples**

```
plotly_axis_scale_2D(gobject)
```

---

plotly\_axis\_scale\_3D     *plotly\_axis\_scale\_3D*


---

**Description**

adjust the axis scale in 3D plotly plot

**Usage**

```
plotly_axis_scale_3D(
  cell_locations,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  mode = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

cell_locations	spatial_loc in giotto object
sdimx	x axis of cell spatial location
sdimy	y axis of cell spatial location
sdimz	z axis of cell spatial location
mode	axis adjustment mode
custom_ratio	set the ratio artificially

**Value**

edges in spatial grid as data.table()

**Examples**

```
plotly_axis_scale_3D(gobject)
```

---

plotly\_grid     *plotly\_grid*


---

**Description**

provide grid segment to draw in plot\_ly()

**Usage**

```
plotly_grid(
  spatial_grid,
  x_start = "x_start",
  y_start = "y_start",
  x_end = "x_end",
  y_end = "y_end"
)
```

**Arguments**

spatial\_grid      spatial\_grid in giotto object

**Value**

edges in spatial grid as data.table()

**Examples**

plotly\_grid(gobject)

---

plotly_network	<i>plotly_network</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

provide network segment to draw in 3D plot\_ly()

**Usage**

```
plotly_network(  
  network,  
  x = "sdimx_begin",  
  y = "sdimy_begin",  
  z = "sdimz_begin",  
  x_end = "sdimx_end",  
  y_end = "sdimy_end",  
  z_end = "sdimz_end"  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject              network in giotto object

**Value**

edges in network as data.table()

**Examples**

plotly\_network(gobject)

---

plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap

*plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap*


---

## Description

Creates heatmap for numeric cell metadata within aggregated clusters.

## Usage

```
plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(
  gobject,
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  value_cols = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_values_order = NULL,
  values_cor_method = "pearson",
  values_cluster_method = "complete",
  midpoint = 0,
  x_text_size = 8,
  x_text_angle = 45,
  y_text_size = 8,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
metadata_cols	annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
spat_enr_names	spatial enrichment results to include
value_cols	value columns to use
first_meta_col	if more than 1 metadata column, select the x-axis factor
second_meta_col	if more than 1 metadata column, select the facetting factor
show_values	which values to show on heatmap
custom_cluster_order	custom cluster order (default = NULL)

clus_cor_method	correlation method for clusters
clus_cluster_method	hierarchical cluster method for the clusters
midpoint	midpoint of show_values
x_text_size	size of x-axis text
x_text_angle	angle of x-axis text
y_text_size	size of y-axis text
strip_text_size	size of strip text
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
custom_gene_order	custom gene order (default = NULL)
gene_cor_method	correlation method for genes
gene_cluster_method	hierarchical cluster method for the genes

## Details

Creates heatmap for the average values of selected value columns in the different annotation groups.

## Value

ggplot or data.table

## See Also

[plotMetaDataHeatmap](#) for gene expression instead of numeric cell annotation data.

## Examples

```
plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(gobject)
```

---

plotMetaDataHeatmap	<i>plotMetaDataHeatmap</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

## Description

Creates heatmap for genes within aggregated clusters.

## Usage

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_gene_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_cluster_method = "complete",
  gradient_color = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = 0,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  x_text_size = 10,
  x_text_angle = 45,
  y_text_size = 10,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataHeatmap"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
metadata_cols	annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
selected_genes	subset of genes to use
first_meta_col	if more than 1 metadata column, select the x-axis factor
second_meta_col	if more than 1 metadata column, select the facetting factor
show_values	which values to show on heatmap
custom_cluster_order	custom cluster order (default = NULL)

clus_cor_method	correlation method for clusters
clus_cluster_method	hierarchical cluster method for the clusters
custom_gene_order	custom gene order (default = NULL)
gene_cor_method	correlation method for genes
gene_cluster_method	hierarchical cluster method for the genes
gradient_color	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
x_text_size	size of x-axis text
x_text_angle	angle of x-axis text
y_text_size	size of y-axis text
strip_text_size	size of strip text
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name

## Details

Creates heatmap for the average expression of selected genes in the different annotation/cluster groups. Calculation of cluster or gene order is done on the provided expression values, but visualization is by default on the z-scores. Other options are the original values or z-scores rescaled per gene (-1 to 1).

## Value

ggplot or data.table

## See Also

[plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap](#) for numeric cell annotation instead of gene expression.

## Examples

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap(gobject)
```



plotPCA

*plotPCA***Description**

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

**Usage**

```
plotPCA(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "pca", default_save_name = "PCA", ...)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by_subset	subset the group_by factor column
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
spat_enr_names	names of spatial enrichment results to include
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells

other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

### Details

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotPCA\\_3D](#)

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plotPCA(gobject)
```

---

plotPCA\_2D

*plotPCA\_2D*


---

## Description

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

## Usage

```
plotPCA_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  default_save_name = "PCA_2D",
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>groub_by</code>	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter

select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

## Details

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotPCA\\_3D](#)

## Value

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotPCA_2D(gobject)
```

---

plotPCA\_3D

*plotPCA\_3D*


---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to 3D PCA dimension reduction

**Usage**

```
plotPCA_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  default_save_name = "PCA_3D",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	pca dimension reduction name
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, ideally change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells

show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### Examples

```
plotPCA_3D(gobject)
```

---

plotRankSpatvsExpr	<i>plotRankSpatvsExpr</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

### Description

Plots dotplot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

### Usage

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(
  gobject,
  combCC,
  expr_rnk_column = "LR_expr_rnk",
  spat_rnk_column = "LR_spat_rnk",
  midpoint = 10,
  size_range = c(0.01, 1.5),
  xlims = NULL,
  ylims = NULL,
  selected_ranks = c(1, 10, 20),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
```

```

    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "plotRankSpatvsExpr"
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>combCC</code>	combined communication scores from <a href="#">combCCcom</a>
<code>expr_rnk_column</code>	column with expression rank information to use
<code>spat_rnk_column</code>	column with spatial rank information to use
<code>midpoint</code>	midpoint of colors
<code>size_range</code>	size ranges of dotplot
<code>xlims</code>	x-limits, numerical vector of 2
<code>ylims</code>	y-limits, numerical vector of 2
<code>selected_ranks</code>	numerical vector, will be used to print out the percentage of top spatial ranks are recovered
<code>show_plot</code>	show plots
<code>return_plot</code>	return plotting object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(CPGscores)
```

---

plotRecovery

*plotRecovery*

---

### Description

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

Usage

```
plotRecovery(  
  gobject,  
  combCC,  
  expr_rnk_column = "exprPI_rnk",  
  spat_rnk_column = "spatPI_rnk",  
  ground_truth = c("spatial", "expression"),  
  show_plot = NA,  
  return_plot = NA,  
  save_plot = NA,  
  save_param = list(),  
  default_save_name = "plotRecovery"  
)
```

Arguments

gobject	giotto object
combCC	combined communication scores from <a href="#">combCCcom</a>
expr_rnk_column	column with expression rank information to use
spat_rnk_column	column with spatial rank information to use
ground_truth	what to consider as ground truth (default: spatial)
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotting object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotRecovery(CPGscores)
```

---

plotRecovery_sub	<i>plotRecovery_sub</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

Description

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

Usage

```
plotRecovery_sub(combCC, first_col = "LR_expr_rnk", second_col = "LR_spat_rnk")
```



**Arguments**

combCC	combined communication scores from <a href="#">combCCcom</a>
first_col	first column to use
second_col	second column to use

**Examples**

```
plotRecovery_sub(CPGscores)
```

---

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork
      plotStatDelaunayNetwork
```

---

**Description**

Plots network statistics for a Delaunay network..

**Usage**

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle", ),
  dimensions = "all",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotStatDelaunayNetwork",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dimensions	which spatial dimensions to use (maximum 2 dimensions)
maximum_distance	distance cutoff for Delaunay neighbors to consider
minimum_k	minimum neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL
options	(geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull command; see the Qhull documentation ( <a href="#">../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html</a> ) for the available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)
Y	(RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh boundary.

j	(RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation from the output.
S	(RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	Other parameters of the <a href="#">triangulate</a> function
name	name for spatial network (default = 'delaunay_network')

### Details

Plots statistics for a spatial Delaunay network as explained in [triangulate](#). This can be used to further finetune the [createDelaunayNetwork](#) function.

### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

### Examples

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork(gobject)
```

---

plotTSNE	<i>plotTSNE</i>
----------	-----------------

---

### Description

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

### Usage

```
plotTSNE(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "tsne", default_save_name = "tSNE", ...)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by_subset	subset the group_by factor column
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis

spat_enr_names	names of spatial enrichment results to include
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols

background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

### Details

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotTSNE\\_3D](#)

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plotTSNE(gobject)
```

---

plotTSNE\_2D

*plotTSNE\_2D*


---

### Description

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

### Usage

```
plotTSNE_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "tSNE_2D",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>
<code>groub_by</code>	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network</code> = TRUE
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges

point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

**Details**

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotTSNE\\_3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

`plotTSNE_2D(gobject)`

---

plotTSNE_3D	<i>plotTSNE_3D</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
plotTSNE_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "TSNE_3D",
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	tsne dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
dim3_to_use	dimension to use on z-axis
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend

show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

plotly

**Examples**

plotTSNE\_3D(gobject)

---

plotUMAP	<i>plotUMAP</i>
----------	-----------------

---

**Description**

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

**Usage**

plotUMAP(gobject, dim\_reduction\_name = "umap", default\_save\_name = "UMAP", ...)

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by_subset	subset the group_by factor column
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
spat_enr_names	names of spatial enrichment results to include
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)



color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width

cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

**Details**

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotUMAP\\_3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plotUMAP(gobject)
```

---

plotUMAP_2D	<i>plotUMAP_2D</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

**Usage**

```
plotUMAP_2D(  
  gobject,  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  default_save_name = "UMAP_2D",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by_subset	subset the group_by factor column
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
spat_enr_names	names of spatial enrichment results to include
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network

nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape	point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
title	title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
axis_text	size of axis text

axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

**Details**

Description of parameters, see [dimPlot2D](#). For 3D plots see [plotUMAP\\_3D](#)

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

`plotUMAP_2D(gobject)`

---

<code>plotUMAP_3D</code>	<i>plotUMAP_3D</i>
--------------------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```
plotUMAP_3D(  
  gobject,  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  default_save_name = "UMAP_3D",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_name	umap dimension reduction name
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
dim3_to_use	dimension to use on z-axis

show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### Examples

```
plotUMAP_3D(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_network_layer_ggplot  
    plot_network_layer_ggplot
```

---

### Description

Visualize cells in network layer according to dimension reduction coordinates

### Usage

```
plot_network_layer_ggplot(  
  gobject,  
  annotated_network_DT,  
  edge_alpha = NULL,  
  show_legend = T  
)
```

### Arguments

annotated_network_DT	annotated network data.table of selected cells
edge_alpha	alpha of network edges
show_legend	show legend
gobject	giotto object

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plot_network_layer_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_point_layer_ggplot  
    plot_point_layer_ggplot
```

---

### Description

Visualize cells in point layer according to dimension reduction coordinates

**Usage**

```

plot_point_layer_ggplot(
  ggobject,
  annotated_DT_selected,
  annotated_DT_other,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = 0,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_size = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_legend = T
)

```

**Arguments**

annotated_DT_selected	annotated data.table of selected cells
annotated_DT_other	annotated data.table of not selected cells
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_size	size of point (cell)

point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_legend	show legend
gobject	giotto object

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plot_point_layer_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL
```

```
plot_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL
```

---

### Description

Visualize cells in point layer according to dimension reduction coordinates without borders



**Usage**

```

plot_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL(
  ggobject,
  annotated_DT_selected,
  annotated_DT_other,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = 0,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_size = 1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_legend = T
)

```

**Arguments**

annotated_DT_selected	annotated data.table of selected cells
annotated_DT_other	annotated data.table of not selected cells
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters

center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	size of not selected cells
show_legend	show legend
gobject	giotto object

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plot_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot
      plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot
```

---

### Description

creat ggplot point layer for spatial coordinates

### Usage

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot(
  ggobject,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  cell_locations_metadata_selected,
  cell_locations_metadata_other,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
```

```

    point_size = 2,
    point_border_col = "lightgrey",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    show_cluster_center = F,
    show_center_label = T,
    center_point_size = 4,
    center_point_border_col = "black",
    center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    label_size = 4,
    label_fontface = "bold",
    show_other_cells = T,
    other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
    other_point_size = 1,
    show_legend = TRUE
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>cell_locations_metadata_selected</code>	annotated location from selected cells
<code>cell_locations_metadata_other</code>	annotated location from non-selected cells
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points

label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color for not selected cells
other_point_size	point size for not selected cells
show_legend	show legend
gobject	giotto object

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL
      plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL
```

---

### Description

creat ggplot point layer for spatial coordinates without borders

### Usage

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL(
  ggobject,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  cell_locations_metadata_selected,
  cell_locations_metadata_other,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_size = 2,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
```

```

    center_point_size = 4,
    label_size = 4,
    label_fontface = "bold",
    show_other_cells = T,
    other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
    other_point_size = 1,
    show_legend = TRUE
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>cell_locations_metadata_selected</code>	annotated location from selected cells
<code>cell_locations_metadata_other</code>	annotated location from non-selected cells
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color for not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	point size for not selected cells
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>gobject</code>	giotto object

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plot_spat_point_layer_ggplot_noFILL(gobject)
```

---

```
plot_spat_voronoi_layer_ggplot
```

```
plot_spat_voronoi_layer_ggplot
```

---

**Description**

creat ggplot point layer for spatial coordinates without borders

**Usage**

```
plot_spat_voronoi_layer_ggplot(
  ggobject,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  cell_locations_metadata_selected,
  cell_locations_metadata_other,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_size = 2,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  show_legend = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>cell_locations_metadata_selected</code>	annotated location from selected cells
<code>cell_locations_metadata_other</code>	annotated location from non-selected cells
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color for not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	point size for not selected cells
<code>background_color</code>	background color
<code>vor_border_color</code>	border color of voronoi plot
<code>vor_max_radius</code>	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>gobject</code>	giotto object

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
plot_spat_voronoi_layer_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

print.giotto	<i>print method for giotto class</i>
--------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

print method for giotto class. Prints the chosen number of genes (rows) and cells (columns) from the raw count matrix. Also print the spatial locations for the chosen number of cells.

**Usage**

```
print.giotto(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- nr\_genes            number of genes (rows) to print
- nr\_cells            number of cells (columns) to print

---

projection_fun	<i>projection_fun</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

project a point onto a plane

**Usage**

```
projection_fun(point_to_project, plane_point, plane_norm)
```



rankEnrich

*rankEnrich***Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a rank based approach.

**Usage**

```
rankEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>sign_matrix</code>	Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reverse_log_scale</code>	reverse expression values from log scale
<code>logbase</code>	log base to use if <code>reverse_log_scale = TRUE</code>
<code>output_enrichment</code>	how to return enrichment output

**Details**

`sign_matrix`: a rank-fold matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a scRNA-seq matrix and vector with clusters can be provided to `makeSignMatrixRank`, which will create the matrix for you.

First a new rank is calculated as  $R = (R1 * R2)^{(1/2)}$ , where  $R1$  is the rank of fold-change for each gene in each spot and  $R2$  is the rank of each marker in each cell type. The Rank-Biased Precision is then calculated as:  $RBP = (1 - 0.99) * (0.99)^{(R - 1)}$  and the final enrichment score is then calculated as the sum of top 100 RBPs.

**Value**

data.table with enrichment results

**See Also**

[makeSignMatrixRank](#)

**Examples**

```
rankEnrich(gobject)
```

---

```
rankSpatialCorGroups    rankSpatialCorGroups
```

---

**Description**

Rank spatial correlated clusters according to correlation structure

**Usage**

```
rankSpatialCorGroups(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "rankSpatialCorGroups"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>spatCorObject</code>	spatial correlation object
<code>use_clus_name</code>	name of clusters to visualize (from <code>clusterSpatialCorGenes()</code> )
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Value**

data.table with positive (within group) and negative (outside group) scores

**Examples**

```
rankSpatialCorGroups(gobject)
```

---

rank_binarize	<i>rank_binarize</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

create binarized scores from a vector using arbitrary rank

**Usage**

```
rank_binarize(x, max_rank = 200)
```

---

readExprMatrix	<i>readExprMatrix</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

Function to read an expression matrix into a sparse matrix.

**Usage**

```
readExprMatrix(path, cores = NA)
```

**Arguments**

path	path to the expression matrix
------	-------------------------------

**Details**

The expression matrix needs to have both unique column names and row names

**Value**

sparse matrix

**Examples**

```
readExprMatrix()
```

---

readGiottoInstructions	<i>readGiottoInstructions</i>
------------------------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Retrieves the instruction associated with the provided parameter

**Usage**

```
readGiottoInstructions(giotto_instructions, param = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

giotto_instructions	giotto object or result from createGiottoInstructions()
param	parameter to retrieve

**Value**

specific parameter

**Examples**

```
readGiottoInstructions()
```

---

read_crossSection	<i>read_crossSection</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

read a cross section object from a giotto object

**Usage**

```
read_crossSection(gobject, name = NULL, spatial_network_name = NULL)
```

---

removeCellAnnotation	<i>removeCellAnnotation</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

removes cell annotation of giotto object

**Usage**

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
columns	names of columns to remove
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

if return\_gobject = FALSE, it will return the cell metadata

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject)
```

---

removeGeneAnnotation	<i>removeGeneAnnotation</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

removes gene annotation of giotto object

**Usage**

```
removeGeneAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
columns	names of columns to remove
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

**Details**

if return\_gobject = FALSE, it will return the gene metadata

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
removeGeneAnnotation(gobject)
```

---

```
replaceGiottoInstructions  
  replaceGiottoInstructions
```

---

**Description**

Function to replace all instructions from giotto object

**Usage**

```
replaceGiottoInstructions(gobject, instructions = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
instructions	new instructions (e.g. result from createGiottoInstructions)

**Value**

named vector with giotto instructions

**Examples**

```
replaceGiottoInstructions()
```

---

```
reshape_to_data_point  reshape_to_data_point
```

---

**Description**

reshape a mesh grid line object to data point matrix

**Usage**

```
reshape_to_data_point(mesh_grid_obj)
```

---

reshape_to_mesh_grid_obj	
	<i>reshape_to_mesh_grid_obj</i>

---

**Description**

reshape a data point matrix to a mesh grid line object

**Usage**

```
reshape_to_mesh_grid_obj(data_points, mesh_grid_n)
```

---

rowMeans_giotto	<i>rowMeans_giotto</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

rowMeans\_giotto

**Usage**

```
rowMeans_giotto(mymatrix)
```

---

rowSums_giotto	<i>rowSums_giotto</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

**Description**

rowSums\_giotto

**Usage**

```
rowSums_giotto(mymatrix)
```

---

`runPCA`*runPCA*

---

## Description

runs a Principal Component Analysis

## Usage

```
runPCA(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),  
  name = "pca",  
  genes_to_use = NULL,  
  return_gobject = TRUE,  
  center = F,  
  scale_unit = F,  
  ncp = 100,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reduction</code>	cells or genes
<code>name</code>	arbitrary name for PCA run
<code>genes_to_use</code>	subset of genes to use for PCA
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>center</code>	center data first (default = FALSE)
<code>scale_unit</code>	scale features before PCA
<code>ncp</code>	number of principal components to calculate
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for PCA (see details)

## Details

See [PCA](#) for more information about other parameters.

## Value

giotto object with updated PCA dimension reduction

## Examples

```
runPCA(gobject)
```



runtSNE

*runtSNE***Description**

run tSNE

**Usage**

```

runtSNE(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  name = "tsne",
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  dims = 2,
  perplexity = 30,
  theta = 0.5,
  do_PCA_first = F,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reduction</code>	cells or genes
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	use another dimension reduction set as input
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	name of dimension reduction set to use
<code>dimensions_to_use</code>	number of dimensions to use as input
<code>name</code>	arbitrary name for tSNE run
<code>genes_to_use</code>	if <code>dim_reduction_to_use = NULL</code> , which genes to use
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>dims</code>	tSNE param: number of dimensions to return
<code>perplexity</code>	tSNE param: perplexity
<code>theta</code>	tSNE param: theta
<code>do_PCA_first</code>	tSNE param: do PCA before tSNE (default = FALSE)
<code>set_seed</code>	use of seed
<code>seed_number</code>	seed number to use
<code>...</code>	additional tSNE parameters

## Details

See [Rtsne](#) for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for tSNE dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set `dim_reduction_to_use = NULL`
- multiple tSNE results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

## Value

giotto object with updated tSNE dimension reduction

## Examples

```
runtSNE(gobject)
```

---

runUMAP

---

*runUMAP*


---

## Description

run UMAP

## Usage

```
runUMAP(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  name = "umap",
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  n_neighbors = 40,
  n_components = 2,
  n_epochs = 400,
  min_dist = 0.01,
  n_threads = 1,
  spread = 5,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reduction</code>	cells or genes
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	use another dimension reduction set as input
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	name of dimension reduction set to use
<code>dimensions_to_use</code>	number of dimensions to use as input
<code>name</code>	arbitrary name for UMAP run
<code>genes_to_use</code>	if <code>dim_reduction_to_use = NULL</code> , which genes to use
<code>return_gobject</code>	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
<code>n_neighbors</code>	UMAP param: number of neighbors
<code>n_components</code>	UMAP param: number of components
<code>n_epochs</code>	UMAP param: number of epochs
<code>min_dist</code>	UMAP param: minimum distance
<code>n_threads</code>	UMAP param: threads to use
<code>spread</code>	UMAP param: spread
<code>set_seed</code>	use of seed
<code>seed_number</code>	seed number to use
<code>...</code>	additional UMAP parameters

**Details**

See [umap](#) for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for UMAP dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set `dim_reduction_to_use = NULL`
- multiple UMAP results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

**Value**

giotto object with updated UMAP dimension reduction

**Examples**

```
runUMAP(gobject)
```

---

screePlot

*screePlot*


---

## Description

identify significant principal components (PCs) using an screeplot (a.k.a. elbowplot)

## Usage

```
screePlot(
  gobject,
  name = "pca",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  ylim = c(0, 20),
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "screePlot"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of PCA object if available
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reduction</code>	cells or genes
<code>genes_to_use</code>	subset of genes to use for PCA
<code>center</code>	center data before PCA
<code>scale_unit</code>	scale features before PCA
<code>ncp</code>	number of principal components to calculate
<code>ylim</code>	y-axis limits on scree plot
<code>verbose</code>	verbosity
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <code>all_plots_save_function()</code>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Details**

Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC does not show a significant contribution anymore (= 'elbow method').

**Value**

ggplot object for scree method

**Examples**

```
screePlot(gobject)
```

---

selectPatternGenes	<i>selectPatternGenes</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Select genes correlated with spatial patterns

**Usage**

```
selectPatternGenes(
  spatPatObj,
  dimensions = 1:5,
  top_pos_genes = 10,
  top_neg_genes = 10,
  min_pos_cor = 0.5,
  min_neg_cor = -0.5,
  return_top_selection = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

spatPatObj	Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimensions	dimensions to identify correlated genes for.
top_pos_genes	Top positively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes	Top negatively correlated genes.
min_pos_cor	Minimum positive correlation score to include a gene.
min_neg_cor	Minimum negative correlation score to include a gene.

**Details**

Description.

**Value**

Data.table with genes associated with selected dimension (PC).

**Examples**

```
selectPatternGenes(gobject)
```

---

```
select_expression_values
    select_expression_values
```

---

**Description**

helper function to select expression values

**Usage**

```
select_expression_values(gobject, values)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
values	expression values to extract

**Value**

expression matrix

---

```
select_spatialNetwork select_spatialNetwork
```

---

**Description**

function to select a spatial network

**Usage**

```
select_spatialNetwork(gobject, name = NULL, return_network_Obj = FALSE)
```

---

```
set_giotto_python_path
    set_giotto_python_path
```

---

**Description**

sets the python path and/or install miniconda and the python modules

**Usage**

```
set_giotto_python_path(
    python_path = NULL,
    packages_to_install = c("pandas", "networkx", "python-igraph", "leidenalg",
        "python-louvain")
)
```

---

show,giotto-method	<i>show method for giotto class</i>
--------------------	-------------------------------------

---

### Description

show method for giotto class

### Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'giotto'
show(object)
```

---

showClusterDendrogram	<i>showClusterDendrogram</i>
-----------------------	------------------------------

---

### Description

Creates dendrogram for selected clusters.

### Usage

```
showClusterDendrogram(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  rotate = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterDendrogram",
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
cluster_column	name of column to use for clusters
cor	correlation score to calculate distance
distance	distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
h	height of horizontal lines to plot
h_color	color of horizontal lines

rotate	rotate dendrogram 90 degrees
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	additional parameters for ggdendrogram()

### Details

Expression correlation dendrogram for selected clusters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
showClusterDendrogram(gobject)
```

---

showClusterHeatmap	<i>showClusterHeatmap</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

### Description

Creates heatmap based on identified clusters

### Usage

```
showClusterHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = "all",
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterHeatmap",
  ...
)
```



**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	vector of genes to use, default to 'all'
<code>cluster_column</code>	name of column to use for clusters
<code>cor</code>	correlation score to calculate distance
<code>distance</code>	distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
<code>...</code>	additional parameters for the Heatmap function from ComplexHeatmap

**Details**

Correlation heatmap of selected clusters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
showClusterHeatmap(gobject)
```

---

```
showGiottoInstructions
```

```
showGiottoInstructions
```

---

**Description**

Function to display all instructions from giotto object

**Usage**

```
showGiottoInstructions(gobject)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
----------------------	---------------

**Value**

named vector with giotto instructions

**Examples**

```
showGiottoInstructions()
```

---

showPattern	<i>showPattern</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

## Description

show patterns for 2D spatial data

## Usage

```
showPattern(gobject, spatPatObj, ...)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
spatPatObj	Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimension	dimension to plot
trim	Trim ends of the PC values.
background_color	background color for plot
grid_border_color	color for grid
show_legend	show legend of ggplot
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

[showPattern2D](#)

## Examples

```
showPattern(gobject)
```

---

showPattern2D	<i>showPattern2D</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

## Description

show patterns for 2D spatial data

## Usage

```
showPattern2D(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
  background_color = "white",
  grid_border_color = "grey",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPattern2D"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>spatPatObj</code>	Output from <code>detectSpatialPatterns</code>
<code>dimension</code>	dimension to plot
<code>trim</code>	Trim ends of the PC values.
<code>background_color</code>	background color for plot
<code>grid_border_color</code>	color for grid
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend of ggplot
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
showPattern2D(gobject)
```

showPattern3D

*showPattern3D***Description**

show patterns for 3D spatial data

**Usage**

```
showPattern3D(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
  background_color = "white",
  grid_border_color = "grey",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size = 1,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPattern3D"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>spatPatObj</code>	Output from <code>detectSpatialPatterns</code>
<code>dimension</code>	dimension to plot
<code>trim</code>	Trim ends of the PC values.
<code>background_color</code>	background color for plot
<code>grid_border_color</code>	color for grid
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend of plot
<code>point_size</code>	adjust the point size
<code>axis_scale</code>	scale the axis
<code>custom_ratio</code>	customize the scale of the axis
<code>x_ticks</code>	the tick number of <code>x_axis</code>
<code>y_ticks</code>	the tick number of <code>y_axis</code>
<code>z_ticks</code>	the tick number of <code>z_axis</code>

show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return plot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Value**

plotly

**Examples**

```
showPattern3D(gobject)
```

---

showPatternGenes	<i>showPatternGenes</i>
------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

show genes correlated with spatial patterns

**Usage**

```
showPatternGenes(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  top_pos_genes = 5,
  top_neg_genes = 5,
  point_size = 1,
  return_DT = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPatternGenes"
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
spatPatObj	Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimension	dimension to plot genes for.
top_pos_genes	Top positively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes	Top negatively correlated genes.
point_size	size of points
return_DT	if TRUE, it will return the data.table used to generate the plots
show_plot	show plot

return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
showPatternGenes(gobject)
```

---

showProcessingSteps	<i>showProcessingSteps</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

**Description**

shows the sequential processing steps that were performed in a summarized format

**Usage**

```
showProcessingSteps(gobject)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
---------	---------------

**Value**

list of processing steps and names

**Examples**

```
showProcessingSteps(gobject)
```

---

showSpatialCorGenes	<i>showSpatialCorGenes</i>
---------------------	----------------------------

---

## Description

Shows and filters spatially correlated genes

## Usage

```
showSpatialCorGenes(  
  spatCorObject,  
  use_clus_name = NULL,  
  selected_clusters = NULL,  
  genes = NULL,  
  min_spat_cor = 0.5,  
  min_expr_cor = NULL,  
  min_cor_diff = NULL,  
  min_rank_diff = NULL,  
  show_top_genes = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

spatCorObject	spatial correlation object
use_clus_name	cluster information to show
selected_clusters	subset of clusters to show
genes	subset of genes to show
min_spat_cor	filter on minimum spatial correlation
min_expr_cor	filter on minimum single-cell expression correlation
min_cor_diff	filter on minimum correlation difference (spatial vs expression)
min_rank_diff	filter on minimum correlation rank difference (spatial vs expression)
show_top_genes	show top genes per gene

## Value

data.table with filtered information

## Examples

```
showSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

signPCA

*signPCA***Description**

identify significant principal components (PCs)

**Usage**

```
signPCA(
  gobject,
  name = "pca",
  method = c("screeplot", "jackstraw"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = T,
  scale_unit = T,
  ncp = 50,
  scree_ylim = c(0, 10),
  jack_iter = 10,
  jack_threshold = 0.01,
  jack_ylim = c(0, 1),
  jack_verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "signPCA"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>name</code>	name of PCA object if available
<code>method</code>	method to use to identify significant PCs
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>reduction</code>	cells or genes
<code>genes_to_use</code>	subset of genes to use for PCA
<code>center</code>	center data before PCA
<code>scale_unit</code>	scale features before PCA
<code>ncp</code>	number of principal components to calculate
<code>scree_ylim</code>	y-axis limits on scree plot
<code>jack_iter</code>	number of iterations for jackstraw
<code>jack_threshold</code>	p-value threshold to call a PC significant
<code>jack_ylim</code>	y-axis limits on jackstraw plot



jack_verbose	show progress of jackstraw method
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Two different methods can be used to assess the number of relevant or significant principal components (PC's).

1. Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC does not show a significant contribution anymore (= 'elbow method').
2. The Jackstraw method uses the [permutationPA](#) function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.

multiple PCA results can be stored by changing the *name* parameter

## Value

ggplot object for scree method and maxtrix of p-values for jackstraw

## Examples

```
signPCA(gobject)
```

---

silhouetteRank	<i>silhouetteRank</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

## Description

Previously: calculate\_spatial\_genes\_python. This method computes a silhouette score per gene based on the spatial distribution of two partitions of cells (expressed L1, and non-expressed L0). Here, rather than L2 Euclidean norm, it uses a rank-transformed, exponentially weighted function to represent the local physical distance between two cells.

## Usage

```
silhouetteRank(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metric = "euclidean",
  subset_genes = NULL,
  rbp_p = 0.95,
  examine_top = 0.3,
  python_path = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	expression values to use
<code>metric</code>	distance metric to use
<code>subset_genes</code>	only run on this subset of genes
<code>rbp_p</code>	fractional binarization threshold
<code>examine_top</code>	top fraction to evaluate with silhouette
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required

**Value**

data.table with spatial scores

**Examples**

```
silhouetteRank(gobject)
```

---

```
sort_combine_two_DT_columns
```

```
sort_combine_two_DT_columns
```

---

**Description**

fast sorting and pasting of 2 character columns

**Usage**

```
sort_combine_two_DT_columns(DT, column1, column2, myname = "unif_gene_gene")
```

**Examples**

```
sort_combine_two_DT_columns()
```

---

```
spatCellCellcom
```

```
spatCellCellcom
```

---

**Description**

Spatial Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

**Usage**

```

spatCellCellcom(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  random_iter = 1000,
  gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2,
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
  min_observations = 2,
  adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = c("a little", "a lot", "none")
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object to use
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	spatial network to use for identifying interacting cells
<code>cluster_column</code>	cluster column with cell type information
<code>random_iter</code>	number of iterations
<code>gene_set_1</code>	first specific gene set from gene pairs
<code>gene_set_2</code>	second specific gene set from gene pairs
<code>log2FC_addendum</code>	addendum to add when calculating log2FC
<code>min_observations</code>	minimum number of interactions needed to be considered
<code>adjust_method</code>	which method to adjust p-values
<code>adjust_target</code>	adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
<code>do_parallel</code>	run calculations in parallel with mclapply
<code>cores</code>	number of cores to use if <code>do_parallel = TRUE</code>
<code>verbose</code>	verbose

**Details**

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother.. More details will follow soon.

**Value**

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

**Examples**

```
spatCellCellcom(gobject)
```

---

spatCellPlot

*spatCellPlot*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatCellPlot(
  gobject,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  point_size = 3,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
```

```

cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatCellPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_shape</code>	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>network_alpha</code>	alpha of spatial network

show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
spatCellPlot(gobject)
```

---

spatCellPlot2D

*spatCellPlot2D*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  point_size = 3,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
```

```

cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatCellPlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_shape</code>	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>network_alpha</code>	alpha of spatial network



show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
spatCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

---

spatDimCellPlot

*spatDimCellPlot*


---

## Description

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

## Usage

```
spatDimCellPlot(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  dim_point_size = 1,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  spat_point_size = 1,
  spat_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_show_cluster_center = F,
  dim_show_center_label = T,
  dim_center_point_size = 4,
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_label_size = 4,
  dim_label_fontface = "bold",
  spat_show_cluster_center = F,
  spat_show_center_label = F,
  spat_center_point_size = 4,
  spat_center_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_label_size = 4,
  spat_label_fontface = "bold",
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  nn_network_name = "sNN.pca",
```

```

dim_edge_alpha = 0.5,
spat_show_network = F,
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spat_network_color = "red",
spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
spat_show_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_grid_color = "green",
show_other_cells = TRUE,
other_cell_color = "grey",
dim_other_point_size = 0.5,
spat_other_point_size = 0.5,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimCellPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>sdimx</code>	= spatial dimension to use on x-axis
<code>sdimy</code>	= spatial dimension to use on y-axis
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data

```

gradient_midpoint      midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits        vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells           select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape        spatial points with border or not (border or no_border)
dim_point_size         size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_col   border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape       shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
spat_point_size        size of spatial points
spat_point_border_col  border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label  provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size  size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point
dim_label_size         size of the center label
dim_label_fontface     font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
spat_show_center_label  provide a label for each cluster
spat_center_point_size  size of the center point
spat_label_size        size of the center label
spat_label_fontface     font of the center label
show_NN_network         show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use       type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

```

nn_network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
dim_edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
spat_show_network	show spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color	color of spatial network
spat_show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size	size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size	size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected spat cells
coord_fix_ratio	ratio for coordinates
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
dim_background_color	background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color	background color of spatial points
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
spatDimCellPlot(gobject)
```

---

spatDimCellPlot2D	<i>spatDimCellPlot2D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

**Usage**

```
spatDimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  dim_point_size = 1,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  spat_point_size = 1,
  spat_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_show_cluster_center = F,
  dim_show_center_label = T,
  dim_center_point_size = 4,
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_label_size = 4,
```

```
dim_label_fontface = "bold",
spat_show_cluster_center = F,
spat_show_center_label = F,
spat_center_point_size = 4,
spat_center_point_border_col = "black",
spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_label_size = 4,
spat_label_fontface = "bold",
show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
nn_network_name = "sNN.pca",
dim_edge_alpha = 0.5,
spat_show_network = F,
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spat_network_color = "red",
spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
spat_show_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_grid_color = "green",
show_other_cells = TRUE,
other_cell_color = "grey",
dim_other_point_size = 0.5,
spat_other_point_size = 0.5,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimCellPlot2D"
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_annotation_values</code>	numeric cell annotation columns

```

dim_reduction_to_use      dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name        dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use               dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use               dimension to use on y-axis
sdimx                     = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
sdimy                     = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
cell_color_gradient       vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint         midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits           vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups        select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells              select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape           dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border)
dim_point_size            size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_col      border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke   border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape          shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
spat_point_size           size of spatial points
spat_point_border_col     border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke  border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center   show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label     provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size     size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point
dim_label_size            size of the center label
dim_label_fontface        font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center  show the center of each cluster

```



```

    spat_show_center_label
                        provide a label for each cluster
    spat_center_point_size
                        size of the center point
    spat_label_size
                        size of the center label
    spat_label_fontface
                        font of the center label
    show_NN_network
                        show underlying NN network
    nn_network_to_use
                        type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
    nn_network_name
                        name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
    dim_edge_alpha
    spat_show_network
                        show spatial network
    spatial_network_name
                        name of spatial network to use
    spat_network_color
                        color of spatial network
    spat_show_grid
    spatial_grid_name
                        name of spatial grid to use
    spat_grid_color
                        color of spatial grid
    show_other_cells
                        display not selected cells
    other_cell_color
                        color of not selected cells
    dim_other_point_size
                        size of not selected dim cells
    spat_other_point_size
                        size of not selected spat cells
    spat_other_cells_alpha
                        alpha of not selected spat cells
    show_legend
    legend_text
    legend_symbol_size
                        size of legend symbols
    dim_background_color
                        background color of points in dim. reduction space
    spat_background_color
                        background color of spatial points
    vor_border_color
                        border color for voronoi plot
    vor_max_radius
    
```

axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
coord_fix_ratio	ratio for coordinates
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
spatDimCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

---

spatDimGenePlot	<i>spatDimGenePlot</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),  
  genes,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),  
  dim_point_size = 1,  
  dim_point_border_col = "black",  
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
)
```

```

show_NN_network = F,
show_spatial_network = F,
show_spatial_grid = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
edge_alpha_dim = NULL,
scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
sdimx = "sdimx",
sdimy = "sdimy",
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot"
)

```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis

```

dim_point_shape
    dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border)
dim_point_size  dim reduction plot: point size
dim_point_border_col
    color of border around points
dim_point_border_stroke
    stroke size of border around points
show_NN_network
    show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name    name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
edge_alpha_dim  dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges
scale_alpha_with_expression
    scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
sdimx           spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy           spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spatial_network_name
    name of spatial network to use
spatial_grid_name
    name of spatial grid to use
spat_point_shape
    spatial points with border or not (border or no_border)
spat_point_size
    spatial plot: point size
spat_point_border_col
    color of border around points
spat_point_border_stroke
    stroke size of border around points
cell_color_gradient
    vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
    midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
    vector with lower and upper limits
show_legend     show legend
legend_text     size of legend text
dim_background_color
    color of plot background for dimension plot
spat_background_color
    color of plot background for spatial plot
vor_border_color
    border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius  maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text       size of axis text
axis_title      size of axis title

```

cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[spatDimGenePlot3D](#)

Examples

spatDimGenePlot(gobject)

---

spatDimGenePlot2D	<i>spatDimGenePlot2D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot2D(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),  
  genes,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),  
  dim_point_size = 1,  
  dim_point_border_col = "black",  
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  show_NN_network = F,  
)
```

```

show_spatial_network = F,
show_spatial_grid = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
edge_alpha_dim = NULL,
scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
sdimx = "sdimx",
sdimy = "sdimy",
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim_point_shape</code>	dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border)

dim\_point\_size dim reduction plot: point size  
 dim\_point\_border\_col color of border around points  
 dim\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points  
 show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network  
 nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)  
 network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE  
 edge\_alpha\_dim dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges  
 scale\_alpha\_with\_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter  
 sdimx spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')  
 sdimy spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')  
 spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use  
 spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use  
 spat\_point\_shape spatial points with border or not (border or no\_border)  
 spat\_point\_size spatial plot: point size  
 spat\_point\_border\_col color of border around points  
 spat\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points  
 cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data  
 gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient  
 gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits  
 cow\_n\_col cowplot param: how many columns  
 cow\_rel\_h cowplot param: relative height  
 cow\_rel\_w cowplot param: relative width  
 cow\_align cowplot param: how to align  
 show\_legend show legend  
 legend\_text size of legend text  
 dim\_background\_color color of plot background for dimension plot  
 spat\_background\_color color of plot background for spatial plot  
 vor\_border\_color border color for voronoi plot  
 vor\_max\_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'

axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[spatDimGenePlot3D](#)

Examples

spatDimGenePlot2D(gobject)

---

spatDimGenePlot3D	<i>spatDimGenePlot3D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot3D(  
  gobject,  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim3_to_use = NULL,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  sdimz = "sdimz",  
  genes,  
  cluster_column = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,
```



```

show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
other_point_size = 1.5,
show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
label_size = 16,
genes_low_color = "blue",
genes_mid_color = "white",
genes_high_color = "red",
dim_point_size = 3,
nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_network = F,
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
network_color = "lightgray",
spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spatial_grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
spatial_point_size = 3,
legend_text_size = 12,
axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
custom_ratio = NULL,
x_ticks = NULL,
y_ticks = NULL,
z_ticks = NULL,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot3D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network

nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
dim_point_size	dim reduction plot: point size
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spatial_point_size	spatial plot: point size
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return plotly object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
edge_alpha_dim	dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

Examples

spatDimGenePlot3D(gobject)

---

spatDimPlot	<i>spatDimPlot</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

**Usage**

```
spatDimPlot(  
  gobject,  
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  spat_enr_names = NULL,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),  
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,  
  gradient_limits = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),  
  dim_point_size = 1,  
  dim_point_border_col = "black",  
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),  
  spat_point_size = 1,  
  spat_point_border_col = "black",  
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  dim_show_cluster_center = F,  
  dim_show_center_label = T,  
  dim_center_point_size = 4,  
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",  
  dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  dim_label_size = 4,  
  dim_label_fontface = "bold",  
  spat_show_cluster_center = F,  
  spat_show_center_label = F,  
  spat_center_point_size = 4,  
  spat_label_size = 4,  
  spat_label_fontface = "bold",  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  nn_network_alpha = 0.05,  
  show_spatial_network = F,  
  spat_network_name = "spatial_network",  
  spat_network_color = "blue",  
  spat_network_alpha = 0.5,  
  show_spatial_grid = F,  
  spat_grid_name = "spatial_grid",  
  spat_grid_color = "blue",  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
```

```

dim_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
dim_show_legend = F,
spat_show_legend = F,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>sdimx</code>	= spatial dimension to use on x-axis
<code>sdimy</code>	= spatial dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>dim_point_shape</code>	point with border or not (border or no_border)

```

dim_point_size  size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_col
                border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke
                border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape
                shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
spat_point_size
                size of spatial points
spat_point_border_col
                border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke
                border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center
                show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label
                provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size
                size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col
                border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke
                stroke size of center point
dim_label_size  size of the center label
dim_label_fontface
                font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center
                show the center of each cluster
spat_show_center_label
                provide a label for each cluster
spat_center_point_size
                size of the center point
spat_label_size
                size of the center label
spat_label_fontface
                font of the center label
show_NN_network
                show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
                type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name    name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
nn_network_alpha
                column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network
                show spatial network
spat_network_name
                name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color
                color of spatial network

```

show_spatial_grid	show spatial grid
spat_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size	size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size	size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected spat cells
dim_show_legend	show legend of dimension reduction plot
spat_show_legend	show legend of spatial plot
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
dim_background_color	background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color	background color of spatial points
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

[spatDimPlot2D](#) and [spatDimPlot3D](#) for 3D visualization.

## Examples

```
spatDimPlot(gobject)
```

---

spatDimPlot2D

*spatDimPlot2D*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

## Usage

```
spatDimPlot2D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  dim_point_size = 1,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  spat_point_size = 1,
  spat_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_show_cluster_center = F,
  dim_show_center_label = T,
  dim_center_point_size = 4,
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_label_size = 4,
  dim_label_fontface = "bold",
  spat_show_cluster_center = F,
  spat_show_center_label = F,
  spat_center_point_size = 4,
  spat_label_size = 4,
  spat_label_fontface = "bold",
```

```

show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
nn_network_alpha = 0.05,
show_spatial_network = F,
spat_network_name = "spatial_network",
spat_network_color = "blue",
spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spat_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_grid_color = "blue",
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
dim_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
dim_show_legend = F,
spat_show_legend = F,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimPlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>sdimx</code>	= spatial dimension to use on x-axis
<code>sdimy</code>	= spatial dimension to use on y-axis
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors



cell\_color\_gradient  
     vector with 3 colors for numeric data  
 gradient\_midpoint  
     midpoint for color gradient  
 gradient\_limits  
     vector with lower and upper limits  
 select\_cell\_groups  
     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color parameter  
 select\_cells  
     select subset of cells based on cell IDs  
 dim\_point\_shape  
     point with border or not (border or no\_border)  
 dim\_point\_size  
     size of points in dim. reduction space  
 dim\_point\_border\_col  
     border color of points in dim. reduction space  
 dim\_point\_border\_stroke  
     border stroke of points in dim. reduction space  
 spat\_point\_shape  
     shape of points (border, no\_border or voronoi)  
 spat\_point\_size  
     size of spatial points  
 spat\_point\_border\_col  
     border color of spatial points  
 spat\_point\_border\_stroke  
     border stroke of spatial points  
 dim\_show\_cluster\_center  
     show the center of each cluster  
 dim\_show\_center\_label  
     provide a label for each cluster  
 dim\_center\_point\_size  
     size of the center point  
 dim\_center\_point\_border\_col  
     border color of center point  
 dim\_center\_point\_border\_stroke  
     stroke size of center point  
 dim\_label\_size  
     size of the center label  
 dim\_label\_fontface  
     font of the center label  
 spat\_show\_cluster\_center  
     show the center of each cluster  
 spat\_show\_center\_label  
     provide a label for each cluster  
 spat\_center\_point\_size  
     size of the center point  
 spat\_label\_size  
     size of the center label  
 spat\_label\_fontface  
     font of the center label  
 show\_NN\_network  
     show underlying NN network

```

nn_network_to_use
    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name    name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
nn_network_alpha
    column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network
    show spatial network
spat_network_name
    name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color
    color of spatial network
show_spatial_grid
    show spatial grid
spat_grid_name  name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color
    color of spatial grid
show_other_cells
    display not selected cells
other_cell_color
    color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size
    size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size
    size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha
    alpha of not selected spat cells
dim_show_legend
    show legend of dimension reduction plot
spat_show_legend
    show legend of spatial plot
legend_text     size of legend text
legend_symbol_size
    size of legend symbols
dim_background_color
    background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color
    background color of spatial points
vor_border_color
    border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius  maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text       size of axis text
axis_title      size of axis title
show_plot       show plot
return_plot      return ggplot object
save_plot       directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param      list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function
default_save_name
    default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

```

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**See Also**

[spatDimPlot3D](#)

**Examples**

spatDimPlot2D(gobject)

---

spatDimPlot3D	<i>spatDimPlot3D</i>
---------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in plotly mode

**Usage**

```
spatDimPlot3D(  
  gobject,  
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim3_to_use = 3,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  sdimz = "sdimz",  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  show_cluster_center = F,  
  show_center_label = T,  
  center_point_size = 4,  
  label_size = 16,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  other_point_size = 1.5,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  dim_point_size = 3,
```

```

nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_network = F,
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
network_color = "lightgray",
spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spatial_grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
spatial_point_size = 3,
axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
custom_ratio = NULL,
x_ticks = NULL,
y_ticks = NULL,
z_ticks = NULL,
legend_text_size = 12,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimPlot3D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>sdimx</code>	= spatial dimension to use on x-axis
<code>sdimy</code>	= spatial dimension to use on y-axis
<code>sdimz</code>	= spatial dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	show the center of each cluster
<code>show_center_label</code>	provide a label for each cluster
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of the center point
<code>label_size</code>	size of the center label

```

select_cell_groups      select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells           select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells        display not selected cells
other_cell_color        color of not selected cells
other_point_size        size of not selected cells
cell_color              color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor         convert color column to factor
cell_color_code         named vector with colors
dim_point_size          size of points in dim. reduction space
nn_network_alpha        column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network    show spatial network
spatial_network_name     name of spatial network to use
spatial_network_alpha    alpha of spatial network
show_spatial_grid       show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name        name of spatial grid to use
spatial_grid_color       color of spatial grid
spatial_point_size       size of spatial points
show_plot               show plot
return_plot              return ggplot object
save_plot                directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param               list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function
default_save_name        default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
dim_point_border_col     border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke  border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spatial_network_color    color of spatial network
spatial_other_point_size size of not selected spatial points
spatial_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spatial points
dim_other_point_size     size of not selected dim. reduction points
show_legend              show legend

```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

Examples

spatDimPlot3D(gobject)

---

spatGenePlot	<i>spatGenePlot</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatGenePlot(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  genes,  
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),  
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,  
  gradient_limits = NULL,  
  show_network = F,  
  network_color = NULL,  
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",  
  edge_alpha = NULL,  
  show_grid = F,  
  grid_color = NULL,  
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",  
  midpoint = 0,  
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,  
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),  
  point_size = 1,  
  point_border_col = "black",  
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  show_legend = T,  
  legend_text = 8,  
  background_color = "white",  
  vor_border_color = "white",  
  vor_max_radius = 200,  
  axis_text = 8,  
  axis_title = 8,  
  cow_n_col = 2,  
  cow_rel_h = 1,
```

```

cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatGenePlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>midpoint</code>	expression midpoint
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>point_shape</code>	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>legend_text</code>	size of legend text
<code>background_color</code>	color of plot background
<code>vor_border_color</code>	border color for voronoi plot
<code>vor_max_radius</code>	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'

axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[spatGenePlot3D](#) and [spatGenePlot2D](#)

Examples

spatGenePlot(gobject)

---

spatGenePlot2D	<i>spatGenePlot2D</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatGenePlot2D(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  genes,  
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),  
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,  
  gradient_limits = NULL,  
  show_network = F,
```



```

network_color = NULL,
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
edge_alpha = NULL,
show_grid = F,
grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
midpoint = 0,
scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
point_size = 1,
point_border_col = "black",
point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatGenePlot2D"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid

spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
midpoint	expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_shape	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**See Also**

[spatGenePlot3D](#)

**Examples**

```
spatGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

---

spatGenePlot3D	<i>spatGenePlot3D</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 2,
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
genes	genes to show
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network

spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
genes_high_color	color represents high gene expression
genes_mid_color	color represents middle gene expression
genes_low_color	color represents low gene expression
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
point_size	size of point (cell)
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plots
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
grid_color	color of spatial grid
midpoint	expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
...	parameters for cowplot::save_plot()

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

spatGenePlot3D(gobject)

---

spatialAEH	<i>spatialAEH</i>
------------	-------------------

---

Description

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

Usage

```
spatialAEH(  
  gobject = NULL,  
  SpatialDE_results = NULL,  
  name_pattern = "AEH_patterns",  
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),  
  pattern_num = 6,  
  l = 1.05,  
  python_path = NULL,  
  return_gobject = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

gobject	Giotto object
SpatialDE_results	results of <a href="#">SpatialDE</a> function
name_pattern	name for the computed spatial patterns
expression_values	gene expression values to use
pattern_num	number of spatial patterns to look for
l	lengthscale
python_path	specify specific path to python if required
return_gobject	show plot

Details

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialAEH method implemented in the ...

Value

An updated giotto object

Examples

```
spatialAEH(gobject)
```

---

spatialDE	<i>spatialDE</i>
-----------	------------------

---

Description

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

**Usage**

```
spatialDE(
  gobject = NULL,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  size = c(4, 2, 1),
  color = c("blue", "green", "red"),
  sig_alpha = 0.5,
  unsig_alpha = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "SpatialDE"
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>size</code>	size of plot
<code>color</code>	low/medium/high color scheme for plot
<code>sig_alpha</code>	alpha value for significance
<code>unsig_alpha</code>	alpha value for unsignificance
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <code>all_plots_save_function()</code>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, don't change, change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Details**

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialDE method implemented in the ...

**Value**

a list of data.frames with results and plot (optional)

**Examples**

```
spatialDE(gobject)
```

---

Spatial_AEH	<i>Spatial_AEH</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

calculate automatic expression histology with spatialDE method

**Usage**

```
Spatial_AEH(  
  gobject = NULL,  
  results = NULL,  
  pattern_num = 5,  
  l = 1.05,  
  show_AEH = T,  
  sdimx = NULL,  
  sdimy = NULL,  
  point_size = 3,  
  point_alpha = 1,  
  low_color = "blue",  
  mid_color = "white",  
  high_color = "red",  
  midpoint = 0,  
  python_path = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |                                             |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------|
| gobject     | Giotto object                               |
| results     | output from spatial_DE                      |
| pattern_num | the number of gene expression patterns      |
| show_AEH    | show AEH plot                               |
| python_path | specify specific path to python if required |

**Details**

Description.

**Value**

a list or a dataframe of SVs

**Examples**

```
Spatial_AEH(gobject)
```

---

Spatial\_DE

*Spatial\_DE*


---

### Description

calculate spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

### Usage

```
Spatial_DE(
  gobject = NULL,
  show_plot = T,
  size = c(4, 2, 1),
  color = c("blue", "green", "red"),
  sig_alpha = 0.5,
  unsig_alpha = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL
)
```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>show_plot</code>	show FSV plot
<code>python_path</code>	specify specific path to python if required

### Details

Description.

### Value

a list or a dataframe of SVs

### Examples

```
Spatial_DE(gobject)
```

---

spatNetwDistributions *spatNetwDistributionsDistance*


---

### Description

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor



**Usage**

```

spatNetwDistributions(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  distribution = c("distance", "k_neighbors"),
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributions"
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network
<code>distribution</code>	show the distribution of cell-to-cell distance or number of k neighbors
<code>hist_bins</code>	number of binds to use for the histogram
<code>test_distance_limit</code>	effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
<code>ncol</code>	number of columns to visualize the histograms in
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, alternatively change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

**Details**

The **distance** option shows the spatial distance distribution for each nearest neighbor rank (1st, 2nd, 3th, ... neighbor). With this option the user can also test the effect of a distance limit on the spatial network. This distance limit can be used to remove neighbor cells that are considered to far away. The **k\_neighbors** option shows the number of k neighbors distribution over all cells.

**Value**

ggplot plot

**Examples**

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

---

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance
      spatNetwDistributionsDistance
```

---

## Description

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor

## Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsDistance"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network
<code>hist_bins</code>	number of binds to use for the histogram
<code>test_distance_limit</code>	effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
<code>ncol</code>	number of columns to visualize the histograms in
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, alternatively change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

## Value

ggplot plot

## Examples

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

---

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors
      spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors
```

---

## Description

This function returns a histogram displaying the number of k-neighbors distribution for each cell

## Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network
<code>hist_bins</code>	number of binds to use for the histogram
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_param</code>	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
<code>default_save_name</code>	default save name for saving, alternatively change <code>save_name</code> in <code>save_param</code>

## Value

ggplot plot

## Examples

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(gobject)
```

---

spatPlot

*spatPlot*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatPlot(
  gobject,
  group_by = NULL,
  group_by_subset = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  point_size = 3,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = NULL,
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  title = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
```

```

background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatPlot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>point_shape</code>	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters

center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
show_network	show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
network_color	color of spatial network
network_alpha	alpha of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

[spatPlot3D](#)

## Examples

```
spatPlot(gobject)
```

---

spatPlot2D	<i>spatPlot2D</i>
------------	-------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatPlot2D(
  gobject,
  group_by = NULL,
  group_by_subset = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  point_size = 3,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
```

```

    spatial_network_name = NULL,
    network_color = NULL,
    network_alpha = 1,
    show_grid = F,
    spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
    grid_color = NULL,
    show_other_cells = T,
    other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
    other_point_size = 1,
    other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
    coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
    title = NULL,
    show_legend = T,
    legend_text = 8,
    legend_symbol_size = 1,
    background_color = "white",
    vor_border_color = "white",
    vor_max_radius = 200,
    axis_text = 8,
    axis_title = 8,
    cow_n_col = 2,
    cow_rel_h = 1,
    cow_rel_w = 1,
    cow_align = "h",
    show_plot = NA,
    return_plot = NA,
    save_plot = NA,
    save_param = list(),
    default_save_name = "spatPlot2D"
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>group_by_subset</code>	subset the <code>group_by</code> factor column
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>cell_color_gradient</code>	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
<code>gradient_midpoint</code>	midpoint for color gradient
<code>gradient_limits</code>	vector with lower and upper limits



select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_shape	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
show_network	show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
network_color	color of spatial network
network_alpha	alpha of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border color for voronoi plot

vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
groub_by	create multiple plots based on cell annotation column

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[spatPlot3D](#)

Examples

spatPlot2D(gobject)

---

spatPlot2D_single	<i>spatPlot2D_single</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatPlot2D_single(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = "sdimx",  
  sdimy = "sdimy",  
  spat_enr_names = NULL,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,
```

```

cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
point_size = 3,
point_border_col = "black",
point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_cluster_center = F,
show_center_label = F,
center_point_size = 4,
center_point_border_col = "black",
center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
label_size = 4,
label_fontface = "bold",
show_network = F,
spatial_network_name = NULL,
network_color = NULL,
network_alpha = 1,
show_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
grid_color = NULL,
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
other_point_size = 1,
other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
title = NULL,
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
legend_symbol_size = 1,
background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatPlot2D_single"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>spat_enr_names</code>	names of spatial enrichment results to include
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)

color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient	vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint	midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits	vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_shape	shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
show_network	show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
network_color	color of spatial network
network_alpha	alpha of spatial network
show_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
other_point_size	point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha	alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis

title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
legend_text	size of legend text
legend_symbol_size	size of legend symbols
background_color	color of plot background
vor_border_color	border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius	maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text	size of axis text
axis_title	size of axis title
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

[spatPlot3D](#)

Examples

spatPlot2D\_single(gobject)

---

spatPlot3D	<i>spatPlot3D</i>
------------	-------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```

spatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  point_size = 3,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  title = "",
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spat3D"
)

```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells

other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
axis_scale	the way to scale the axis
custom_ratio	customize the scale of the plot
x_ticks	set the number of ticks on the x-axis
y_ticks	set the number of ticks on the y-axis
z_ticks	set the number of ticks on the z-axis
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters from <a href="#">all_plots_save_function</a>
default_save_name	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

spatPlot3D(gobject)

---

spat_fish_func	<i>spat_fish_func</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

Description

performs fisher exact test

Usage

spat\_fish\_func(gene, bin\_matrix, spat\_mat, calc\_hub = F, hub\_min\_int = 3)

---

spat_OR_func	<i>spat_OR_func</i>
--------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

calculate odds-ratio

**Usage**

```
spat_OR_func(gene, bin_matrix, spat_mat, calc_hub = F, hub_min_int = 3)
```

---

specificCellCellcommunicationScores	<i>specificCellCellcommunicationScores</i>
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Specific Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

**Usage**

```
specificCellCellcommunicationScores(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  random_iter = 100,
  cell_type_1 = "astrocyte",
  cell_type_2 = "endothelial",
  gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2,
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
  min_observations = 2,
  adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
  verbose = T
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object to use
spatial_network_name	spatial network to use for identifying interacting cells
cluster_column	cluster column with cell type information
random_iter	number of iterations
cell_type_1	first cell type
cell_type_2	second cell type



gene_set_1	first specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_2	second specific gene set from gene pairs
log2FC_addendum	addendum to add when calculating log2FC
min_observations	minimum number of interactions needed to be considered
adjust_method	which method to adjust p-values
adjust_target	adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
verbose	verbose

Details

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother.. More details will follow soon.

Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

Examples

```
specificCellCellcommunicationScores(gobject)
```

---

split_dendrogram_in_two	<i>split_dendrogram_in_two</i>
-------------------------	--------------------------------

---

Description

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

Usage

```
split_dendrogram_in_two(dend)
```

Arguments

dend	dendrogram object
------	-------------------

Value

list of two dendrograms and height of node

Examples

```
split_dendrogram_in_two(dend)
```

---

standardise_giotto	<i>standardise_giotto</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

### Description

standardises a matrix

### Usage

```
standardise_giotto(x, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

x	matrix
center	center data
scale	scale data

### Value

standardized matrix

---

stitchFieldCoordinates	<i>stitchFieldCoordinates</i>
------------------------	-------------------------------

---

### Description

Helper function to stitch field coordinates together to form one complete picture

### Usage

```
stitchFieldCoordinates(
  location_file,
  offset_file,
  cumulate_offset_x = F,
  cumulate_offset_y = F,
  field_col = "Field of View",
  X_coord_col = "X",
  Y_coord_col = "Y",
  reverse_final_x = F,
  reverse_final_y = T
)
```

**Arguments**

location\_file    location dataframe with X and Y coordinates  
 offset\_file     dataframe that describes the offset for each field (see details)  
 cumulate\_offset\_x  
                   (boolean) Do the x-axis offset values need to be cumulated?  
 cumulate\_offset\_y  
                   (boolean) Do the y-axis offset values need to be cumulated?  
 field\_col        column that indicates the field within the location\_file  
 X\_coord\_col     column that indicates the x coordinates  
 Y\_coord\_col     column that indicates the x coordinates  
 reverse\_final\_x  
                   (boolean) Do the final x coordinates need to be reversed?  
 reverse\_final\_y  
                   (boolean) Do the final y coordinates need to be reversed?

**Details**

Stitching of fields:

- 1. have cell locations: at least 3 columns: field, X, Y
- 2. create offset file: offset file has 3 columns: field, x\_offset, y\_offset
- 3. create new cell location file by stitching original cell locations with stitchFieldCoordinates
- 4. provide new cell location file to [createGiottoObject](#)

**Value**

Updated location dataframe with new X ['X\_final'] and Y ['Y\_final'] coordinates

**Examples**

```
stitchFieldCoordinates(gobject)
```

---

```
stitchTileCoordinates    stitchTileCoordinates
```

---

**Description**

Helper function to stitch tile coordinates together to form one complete picture

**Usage**

```
stitchTileCoordinates(location_file, Xtilespan, Ytilespan)
```

**Arguments**

location\_file    location dataframe with X and Y coordinates  
 Xtilespan        numerical value specifying the width of each tile  
 Ytilespan        numerical value specifying the height of each tile

Details

...

Examples

```
stitchTileCoordinates(gobject)
```

---

subClusterCells	<i>subClusterCells</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

Description

subcluster cells

Usage

```
subClusterCells(  
  gobject,  
  name = "sub_clus",  
  cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet"),  
  cluster_column = NULL,  
  selected_clusters = NULL,  
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values  
    = "normalized"),  
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,  
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,  
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,  
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,  
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),  
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),  
  k_neighbors = 10,  
  resolution = 1,  
  gamma = 1,  
  omega = 1,  
  python_path = NULL,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  return_gobject = TRUE,  
  verbose = T  
)
```

Arguments

gobject	giotto object
name	name for new clustering result
cluster_method	clustering method to use
cluster_column	cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters	only do subclustering on these clusters
hvg_param	parameters for calculateHVG

hvg_min_perc_cells	threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det	threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg	forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg	minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
pca_param	parameters for runPCA
nn_param	parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors	number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution	resolution
gamma	gamma
omega	omega
python_path	specify specific path to python if required
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose	verbose

## Details

This function performs subclustering on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do clustering

## Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

## See Also

[doLouvainCluster\\_multinet](#), [doLouvainCluster\\_community](#) and @seealso [doLeidenCluster](#)

## Examples

```
subClusterCells(gobject)
```

---

`subsetGiotto`*subsetGiotto*

---

**Description**

subsets Giotto object including previous analyses.

**Usage**

```
subsetGiotto(gobject, cell_ids = NULL, gene_ids = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>cell_ids</code>	cell IDs to keep
<code>gene_ids</code>	gene IDs to keep
<code>verbose</code>	be verbose

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
subsetGiotto(gobject)
```

---

`subsetGiottoLocs`*subsetGiottoLocs*

---

**Description**

subsets Giotto object based on spatial locations

**Usage**

```
subsetGiottoLocs(  
  gobject,  
  x_max = NULL,  
  x_min = NULL,  
  y_max = NULL,  
  y_min = NULL,  
  z_max = NULL,  
  z_min = NULL,  
  return_gobject = T,  
  verbose = FALSE  
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>x_max</code>	maximum x-coordinate
<code>x_min</code>	minimum x-coordinate
<code>y_max</code>	maximum y-coordinate
<code>y_min</code>	minimum y-coordinate
<code>z_max</code>	maximum z-coordinate
<code>z_min</code>	minimum z-coordinate
<code>return_gobject</code>	return Giotto object

**Details**

if `return_gobject = FALSE`, then a filtered combined metadata `data.table` will be returned

**Value**

giotto object

**Examples**

```
subsetGiottoLocs(gobject)
```

---

`transform_2d_mesh_to_3d_mesh`  
*transform\_2d\_mesh\_to\_3d\_mesh*

---

**Description**

transform 2d mesh to 3d mesh by reversing PCA

**Usage**

```
transform_2d_mesh_to_3d_mesh(  
  mesh_line_obj_2d,  
  pca_out,  
  center_vec,  
  mesh_grid_n  
)
```

---

trendSceek	<i>trendSceek</i>
------------	-------------------

---

## Description

Compute spatial variable genes with trendsceek method

## Usage

```
trendSceek(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "raw"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  nrand = 100,
  ncores = 8,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	Giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>subset_genes</code>	subset of genes to run trendsceek on
<code>nrand</code>	An integer specifying the number of random resamplings of the mark distribution as to create the null-distribution.
<code>ncores</code>	An integer specifying the number of cores to be used by BiocParallel
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters to the <a href="#">trendSceek_test</a> function

## Details

This function is a wrapper for the `trendSceek_test` method implemented in the `trendSceek` package

## Value

data.frame with trendsceek spatial genes results

## Examples

```
trendSceek(gobject)
```



---

viewHMRFresults	<i>viewHMRFresults</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

## Description

View results from doHMRF.

## Usage

```
viewHMRFresults(  
  gobject,  
  HMRFoutput,  
  k = NULL,  
  betas_to_view = NULL,  
  third_dim = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
HMRFoutput	HMRF output from doHMRF
k	number of HMRF domains
betas_to_view	results from different betas that you want to view
...	paramters to visPlot()

## Details

Description ...

## Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

## See Also

[visPlot](#)

## Examples

```
viewHMRFresults(gobject)
```

---

viewHMRFresults2D	<i>viewHMRFresults2D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

## Description

View results from doHMRF.

## Usage

```
viewHMRFresults2D(  
  gobject,  
  HMRFoutput,  
  k = NULL,  
  betas_to_view = NULL,  
  third_dim = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
HMRFoutput	HMRF output from doHMRF
k	number of HMRF domains
betas_to_view	results from different betas that you want to view
...	paramters to visPlot()

## Details

Description ...

## Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

## See Also

[spatPlot2D](#)

## Examples

```
viewHMRFresults2D(gobject)
```

---

viewHMRFresults3D	<i>viewHMRFresults3D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

## Description

View results from doHMRF.

## Usage

```
viewHMRFresults3D(  
  gobject,  
  HMRFoutput,  
  k = NULL,  
  betas_to_view = NULL,  
  third_dim = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
HMRFoutput	HMRF output from doHMRF
k	number of HMRF domains
betas_to_view	results from different betas that you want to view
...	paramters to visPlot()

## Details

Description ...

## Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

## See Also

[spatPlot3D](#)

## Examples

```
viewHMRFresults3D(gobject)
```

---

violinPlot

*violinPlot*


---

## Description

Creates violinplot for selected clusters

## Usage

```
violinPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column,
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  color_violin = c("genes", "cluster"),
  cluster_color_code = NULL,
  strip_position = c("top", "right", "left", "bottom"),
  strip_text = 7,
  axis_text_x_size = 10,
  axis_text_y_size = 6,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "violinPlot"
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	expression values to use
genes	genes to plot
cluster_column	name of column to use for clusters
cluster_custom_order	custom order of clusters
color_violin	color violin according to genes or clusters
cluster_color_code	color code for clusters
strip_position	position of gene labels
strip_text	size of strip text
axis_text_x_size	size of x-axis text
axis_text_y_size	size of y-axis text
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object

save\_plot            directly save the plot [boolean]  
 save\_param          list of saving parameters from [all\\_plots\\_save\\_function](#)  
 default\_save\_name            default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
violinPlot(gobject)
```

---

visDimGenePlot	<i>visDimGenePlot</i>
----------------	-----------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
visDimGenePlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  midpoint = 0,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_legend = T,
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
  show_plots = F
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>midpoint</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cow_n_col</code>	cowplot param: how many columns
<code>cow_rel_h</code>	cowplot param: relative height
<code>cow_rel_w</code>	cowplot param: relative width
<code>cow_align</code>	cowplot param: how to align
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plots</code>	show plots

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
visDimGenePlot(gobject)
```

---

```
visDimGenePlot_2D_ggplot
      visDimGenePlot_2D_ggplot
```

---

## Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
visDimGenePlot_2D_ggplot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = "red",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  midpoint = 0,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_legend = T,
  show_plots = F
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
expression_values	gene expression values to use
genes	genes to show
dim_reduction_to_use	dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis

dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
midpoint	size of point (cell)
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_legend	show legend
show_plots	show plots

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
visDimGenePlot_2D_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

```
visDimGenePlot_3D_plotly
visDimGenePlot_3D_plotly
```

---

### Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates



**Usage**

```
visDimGenePlot_3D_plotly(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 1,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_legend = T,
  show_plots = F
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plots</code>	show plots

**Details**

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
visDimGenePlot_3D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

visDimPlot	<i>visDimPlot</i>
------------	-------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
visDimPlot(  
  gobject,  
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",  
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",  
  dim1_to_use = 1,  
  dim2_to_use = 2,  
  dim3_to_use = NULL,  
  show_NN_network = F,  
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",  
  network_name = "sNN.pca",  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  other_point_size = 0.5,  
  show_cluster_center = F,  
  show_center_label = T,  
  center_point_size = 4,  
  center_point_border_col = "black",  
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  label_size = 4,  
  label_fontface = "bold",  
  edge_alpha = NULL,  
  point_size = 3,  
  point_border_col = "black",  
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),  
  show_legend = T,  
  show_plot = F,  
  return_plot = TRUE,  
  save_plot = F,  
  save_dir = NULL,
```

```

    save_folder = NULL,
    save_name = NULL,
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ...
)

```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>label_fontface</code>	font of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_dir</code>	directory to save the plot

save_folder	(optional) folder in directory to save the plot
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format of plot (e.g. tiff, png, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot or plotly

### Examples

```
visDimPlot(gobject)
```

---

visDimPlot_2D_ggplot	<i>visDimPlot_2D_ggplot</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

### Usage

```
visDimPlot_2D_ggplot(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
```

```

    edge_alpha = NULL,
    point_size = 1,
    point_border_col = "black",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    show_legend = T,
    show_plot = F,
    return_plot = TRUE,
    save_plot = F,
    save_dir = NULL,
    save_folder = NULL,
    save_name = NULL,
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>other_point_size</code>	size of not selected cells
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points

label_size	size of labels
label_fontface	font of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
visDimPlot_2D_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

visDimPlot\_2D\_plotly    *visDimPlot\_2D\_plotly*

---

### Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

### Usage

```
visDimPlot_2D_plotly(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
```

```

    center_point_size = 4,
    label_size = 4,
    edge_alpha = NULL,
    point_size = 5
  )

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>show_cluster_center</code>	plot center of selected clusters
<code>show_center_label</code>	plot label of selected clusters
<code>center_point_size</code>	size of center points
<code>label_size</code>	size of labels
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### Examples

```
visDimPlot_2D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

visDimPlot\_3D\_plotly    *visDimPlot\_3D\_plotly*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
visDimPlot_3D_plotly(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 1
)
```

## Arguments

gobject	giotto object
dim_reduction_to_use	dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
dim3_to_use	dimension to use on z-axis
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)



network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
show_cluster_center	plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label	plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size	size of center points
label_size	size of labels
edge_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size	size of point (cell)

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### Examples

```
visDimPlot_3D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

visForceLayoutPlot	<i>visForceLayoutPlot</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

### Description

Visualize cells according to forced layout algorithm coordinates

### Usage

```
visForceLayoutPlot(
  gobject,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  layout_name = "layout",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = TRUE,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 1,
```

```

    point_border_col = "black",
    point_border_stroke = 0.1,
    show_legend = T,
    show_plot = F,
    return_plot = TRUE,
    save_plot = F,
    save_dir = NULL,
    save_folder = NULL,
    save_name = NULL,
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	NN network to use
<code>layout_name</code>	name of layout to use
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>edge_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>return_plot</code>	return ggplot object
<code>save_plot</code>	directly save the plot [boolean]
<code>save_dir</code>	directory to save the plot
<code>save_folder</code>	(optional) folder in directory to save the plot
<code>save_name</code>	name of plot
<code>save_format</code>	format of plot (e.g. tiff, png, pdf, ...)
<code>show_saved_plot</code>	load & display the saved plot

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
visForceLayoutPlot(gobject)
```

---

visGenePlot	<i>visGenePlot</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
visGenePlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  midpoint = 0,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_size = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
  show_plots = F
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>genes_high_color</code>	color represents high gene expression
<code>genes_mid_color</code>	color represents middle gene expression
<code>genes_low_color</code>	color represents low gene expression
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>midpoint</code>	expression midpoint
<code>scale_alpha_with_expression</code>	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>cow_n_col</code>	cowplot param: how many columns
<code>cow_rel_h</code>	cowplot param: relative height
<code>cow_rel_w</code>	cowplot param: relative width
<code>cow_align</code>	cowplot param: how to align
<code>axis_scale</code>	three mode to adjust axis scale
<code>x_ticks</code>	number of ticks on x axis
<code>y_ticks</code>	number of ticks on y axis
<code>z_ticks</code>	number of ticks on z axis
<code>plot_method</code>	two methods of plot
<code>show_plots</code>	show plots

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot or plotly

**Examples**

```
visGenePlot(gobject)
```

---

```
visGenePlot_2D_ggplot  visGenePlot_2D_ggplot
```

---

**Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
visGenePlot_2D_ggplot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  genes_high_color = "darkred",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "darkblue",
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  midpoint = 0,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_size = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plots = F
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>genes_high_color</code>	color represents high gene expression
<code>genes_mid_color</code>	color represents middle gene expression

genes_low_color	color represents low gene expression
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
midpoint	expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_size	size of point (cell)
point_border_col	color of border around points
point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_legend	show legend
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_plots	show plots

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
visGenePlot_2D_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

visGenePlot\_3D\_plotly    *visGenePlot\_3D\_plotly*

---

### Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
visGenePlot_3D_plotly(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  show_grid = F,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 1,
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plots = F
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>genes_high_color</code>	color represents high gene expression
<code>genes_mid_color</code>	color represents middle gene expression
<code>genes_low_color</code>	color represents low gene expression
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>axis_scale</code>	three mode to adjust axis scale
<code>x_ticks</code>	number of ticks on x axis
<code>y_ticks</code>	number of ticks on y axis

z_ticks	number of ticks on z axis
show_plots	show plots
grid_color	color of spatial grid
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

Examples

```
visGenePlot_3D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

visPlot	<i>visPlot</i>
---------	----------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
visPlot(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = NULL,  
  sdimy = NULL,  
  sdimz = NULL,  
  point_size = 3,  
  point_border_col = "black",  
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  color_as_factor = T,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  show_network = F,  
  network_color = NULL,  
  network_alpha = 1,  
  other_cell_alpha = 0.1,  
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",  
  show_grid = F,  
)
```



```

    grid_color = NULL,
    grid_alpha = 1,
    spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
    coord_fix_ratio = 0.6,
    title = "",
    show_legend = T,
    axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
    custom_ratio = NULL,
    x_ticks = NULL,
    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL,
    plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
    show_plot = F,
    return_plot = TRUE,
    save_plot = F,
    save_dir = NULL,
    save_folder = NULL,
    save_name = NULL,
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use

show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_dir	directory to save the plot
save_folder	(optional) folder in directory to save the plot
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format of plot (e.g. tiff, png, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

visPlot(gobject)

---

visPlot_2D_ggplot	<i>visPlot_2D_ggplot</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

**Usage**

```
visPlot_2D_ggplot(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = NULL,  
  sdimy = NULL,  
  point_size = 3,  
  point_border_col = "black",  
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,
```

```

    color_as_factor = T,
    select_cell_groups = NULL,
    select_cells = NULL,
    show_other_cells = T,
    other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
    show_network = F,
    network_color = NULL,
    network_alpha = 1,
    other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
    spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
    show_grid = F,
    grid_color = NULL,
    spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
    coord_fix_ratio = 0.6,
    title = "",
    show_legend = T,
    axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
    custom_ratio = NULL,
    x_ticks = NULL,
    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL,
    show_plot = F,
    return_plot = TRUE,
    save_plot = F,
    save_dir = NULL,
    save_folder = NULL,
    save_name = NULL,
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs

show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
coord_fix_ratio	fix ratio between x and y-axis
title	title of plot
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_dir	directory to save the plot
save_folder	(optional) folder in directory to save the plot
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format of plot (e.g. tiff, png, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## Examples

```
visPlot_2D_ggplot(gobject)
```

---

visPlot_2D_plotly	<i>visPlot_2D_plotly</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
visPlot_2D_plotly(
  gobject,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  network_color = "lightgray",
  network_alpha = 1,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  grid_alpha = 1,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = F
)
```

## Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	
	named vector with colors
<code>color_as_factor</code>	
	convert color column to factor

select_cell_groups	select a subset of the groups from cell_color
show_network	show underlying spatial network
network_color	color of spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
show_grid	show spatial grid
grid_color	color of spatial grid
grid_alpha	alpha of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

Examples

visPlot\_2D\_plotly(gobject)

---

visPlot_3D_plotly	<i>visPlot_3D_plotly</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
visPlot_3D_plotly(  
  gobject,  
  sdimx = NULL,  
  sdimy = NULL,  
  sdimz = NULL,  
  point_size = 3,  
  cell_color = NULL,  
  cell_color_code = NULL,  
  select_cell_groups = NULL,  
  select_cells = NULL,  
  show_other_cells = T,  
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",  
  other_point_size = 0.5,  
  show_network = F,
```

```

    network_color = NULL,
    network_alpha = 1,
    other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
    spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
    spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
    title = "",
    show_legend = T,
    axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
    custom_ratio = NULL,
    x_ticks = NULL,
    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL,
    show_plot = F
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>point_size</code>	size of point (cell)
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select a subset of the groups from <code>cell_color</code>
<code>show_network</code>	show underlying spatial network
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>title</code>	title of plot
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot
<code>point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>show_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>coord_fix_ratio</code>	fix ratio between x and y-axis

**Details**

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
visPlot_3D_plotly(gobject)
```

---

visSpatDimGenePlot	<i>visSpatDimGenePlot</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

integration of visSpatDimGenePlot\_2D(ggplot) and visSpatDimGenePlot\_3D(plotly)

**Usage**

```
visSpatDimGenePlot(
  gobject,
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  genes,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  edge_alpha_dim = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  label_size = 16,
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_high_color = "red",
  dim_point_size = 3,
  nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_spatial_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
```



```

show_spatial_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spatial_grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
spatial_point_size = 3,
spatial_point_border_col = "black",
spatial_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
legend_text_size = 12,
axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
custom_ratio = NULL,
x_ticks = NULL,
y_ticks = NULL,
z_ticks = NULL,
midpoint = 0,
point_size = 1,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_legend = T,
show_plots = F
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>expression_values</code>	gene expression values to use
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>sdimx</code>	x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
<code>sdimy</code>	y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
<code>sdimz</code>	z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
<code>genes</code>	genes to show
<code>dim_point_border_col</code>	color of border around points
<code>dim_point_border_stroke</code>	stroke size of border around points
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>

edge_alpha_dim	dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
label_size	size for the label
genes_low_color	color to represent low expression of gene
genes_high_color	color to represent high expression of gene
dim_point_size	dim reduction plot: point size
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spatial_point_size	spatial plot: point size
spatial_point_border_col	color of border around points
spatial_point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
legend_text_size	the size of the text in legend
axis_scale	three modes to adjust axis scale ratio
custom_ratio	set the axis scale ratio on custom
x_ticks	number of ticks on x axis
y_ticks	number of ticks on y axis
z_ticks	number of ticks on z axis
midpoint	size of point (cell)
point_size	size of point (cell)
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot or plotly

## Examples

```
visSpatDimGenePlot(gobject)
```

---

visSpatDimGenePlot\_2D    *visSpatDimGenePlot\_2D*


---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

## Usage

```
visSpatDimGenePlot_2D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  genes,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  point_size = 1,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_NN_network = F,
  show_spatial_network = F,
  show_spatial_grid = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  edge_alpha_dim = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  spatial_point_size = 1,
  spatial_point_border_col = "black",
  spatial_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  midpoint = 0,
  genes_high_color = "red",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  show_plots = F
)
```

## Arguments

gobject                  giotto object

expression_values	gene expression values to use
plot_alignment	direction to align plot
genes	genes to show
dim_reduction_to_use	dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
point_size	size of point (cell)
dim_point_border_col	color of border around points
dim_point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
edge_alpha_dim	dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges
scale_alpha_with_expression	scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spatial_point_size	spatial plot: point size
spatial_point_border_col	color of border around points
spatial_point_border_stroke	stroke size of border around points
midpoint	size of point (cell)
cow_n_col	cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h	cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w	cowplot param: relative width
cow_align	cowplot param: how to align
show_legend	show legend
dim_point_size	dim reduction plot: point size
show_plot	show plot

## Details

Description of parameters.

**Value**

ggplot

**Examples**

```
visSpatDimGenePlot_2D(gobject)
```

---

```
visSpatDimGenePlot_3D  visSpatDimGenePlot_3D
```

---

**Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in plotly mode

**Usage**

```
visSpatDimGenePlot_3D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  genes,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  label_size = 16,
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_high_color = "red",
  dim_point_size = 3,
  nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_spatial_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_spatial_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  spatial_grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
  spatial_point_size = 3,
  legend_text_size = 12,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
```

```

    y_ticks = NULL,
    z_ticks = NULL
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>genes_low_color</code>	color represent high gene expression (see details)
<code>genes_high_color</code>	color represent high gene expression (see details)
<code>nn_network_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>show_spatial_network</code>	show spatial network
<code>spatial_network_name</code>	name of spatial network to use
<code>network_color</code>	color of spatial/nn network
<code>spatial_network_alpha</code>	alpha of spatial network
<code>show_spatial_grid</code>	show spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_name</code>	name of spatial grid to use
<code>spatial_grid_color</code>	color of spatial grid
<code>spatial_grid_alpha</code>	alpha of spatial grid
<code>legend_text_size</code>	text size of legend
<code>show_legend</code>	show legend
<code>show_plot</code>	show plot

### Details

Description of parameters.

**Value**

plotly

**Examples**

```
visSpatDimPlot_3D(gobject)
```

---

visSpatDimPlot

*visSpatDimPlot*


---

**Description**

integration of visSpatDimPlot\_2D and visSpatDimPlot\_3D

**Usage**

```
visSpatDimPlot(
  gobject,
  plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
  plot_alignment = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdims = NULL,
  sdims = NULL,
  sdims = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = NULL,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  dim_point_size = 3,
  dim_point_border_col = "black",
  dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  nn_network_alpha = NULL,
  show_spatial_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
```

```

show_spatial_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spatial_grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
spatial_point_size = 3,
legend_text_size = 12,
spatial_point_border_col = "black",
spatial_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_legend = T,
axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
custom_ratio = NULL,
x_ticks = NULL,
y_ticks = NULL,
z_ticks = NULL,
show_plot = F
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>dim3_to_use</code>	dimension to use on z-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)
<code>color_as_factor</code>	convert color column to factor
<code>cell_color_code</code>	named vector with colors
<code>select_cell_groups</code>	select subset of cells/clusters based on <code>cell_color</code> parameter
<code>select_cells</code>	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
<code>show_other_cells</code>	display not selected cells
<code>other_cell_color</code>	color of not selected cells
<code>nn_network_alpha</code>	column to use for alpha of the edges
<code>show_spatial_network</code>	show spatial network



```

spatial_network_name
    name of spatial network to use
spatial_network_alpha
    alpha of spatial network
show_spatial_grid
    show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name
    name of spatial grid to use
spatial_grid_color
    color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_alpha
    alpha of spatial grid
legend_text_size
    text size of legend
show_legend
    show legend
show_plot
    show plot
plot_mode
    choose the mode to draw plot : ggplot or plotly
spatial_network_color
    color of spatial network

```

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot or plotly

### Examples

```
visSpatDimPlot(gobject)
```

---

visSpatDimPlot_2D	<i>visSpatDimPlot_2D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

### Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot2 mode

### Usage

```

visSpatDimPlot_2D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,

```

```

show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
show_cluster_center = F,
show_center_label = T,
center_point_size = 4,
label_size = 4,
label_fontface = "bold",
cell_color = NULL,
color_as_factor = T,
cell_color_code = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
dim_plot_mode = NULL,
dim_point_size = 1,
dim_point_border_col = "black",
dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
nn_network_alpha = 0.05,
show_spatial_network = F,
spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
spatial_network_color = NULL,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spatial_grid_color = NULL,
spatial_point_size = 1,
spatial_point_border_col = "black",
spatial_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_legend = T,
show_plot = F,
plot_method = "ggplot"
)

```

### Arguments

<code>gobject</code>	giotto object
<code>plot_alignment</code>	direction to align plot
<code>dim_reduction_to_use</code>	dimension reduction to use
<code>dim_reduction_name</code>	dimension reduction name
<code>dim1_to_use</code>	dimension to use on x-axis
<code>dim2_to_use</code>	dimension to use on y-axis
<code>show_NN_network</code>	show underlying NN network
<code>nn_network_to_use</code>	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
<code>network_name</code>	name of NN network to use, if <code>show_NN_network = TRUE</code>
<code>cell_color</code>	color for cells (see details)

color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
select_cell_groups	select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells	select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells	display not selected cells
other_cell_color	color of not selected cells
nn_network_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network	show spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spatial_network_color	color of spatial network
show_spatial_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spatial_grid_color	color of spatial grid
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_dir	directory to save the plot
save_folder	(optional) folder in directory to save the plot
save_name	name of plot
save_format	format of plot (e.g. tiff, png, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot	load & display the saved plot

### Details

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

### Examples

```
visSpatDimPlot_2D(gobject)
```

---

visSpatDimPlot_3D	<i>visSpatDimPlot_3D</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

---

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in plotly mode

## Usage

```
visSpatDimPlot_3D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 16,
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  dim_point_size = 3,
  nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_spatial_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_spatial_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  spatial_grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
  spatial_point_size = 3,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  legend_text_size = 12
)
```

## Arguments

gobject                  giotto object

plot_alignment	direction to align plot
dim_reduction_to_use	dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name	dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use	dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use	dimension to use on y-axis
dim3_to_use	dimension to use on z-axis
show_NN_network	show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use	type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name	name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
cell_color	color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor	convert color column to factor
cell_color_code	named vector with colors
nn_network_alpha	column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network	show spatial network
spatial_network_name	name of spatial network to use
spatial_network_alpha	alpha of spatial network
show_spatial_grid	show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name	name of spatial grid to use
spatial_grid_color	color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_alpha	alpha of spatial grid
legend_text_size	text size of legend
spatial_network_color	color of spatial network
show_legend	show legend
show_plot	show plot

## Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

plotly

**Examples**

```
visSpatDimPlot_3D(gobject)
```

---

writeHMRResults	<i>writeHMRResults</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

write results from doHMRF to a data.table.

**Usage**

```
writeHMRResults(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  print_command = F
)
```

**Arguments**

gobject	giotto object
HMRFoutput	HMRF output from doHMRF
k	k to write results for
betas_to_view	results from different betas that you want to view
print_command	see the python command

**Value**

data.table with HMRF results for each b and the selected k

**Examples**

```
writeHMRResults(gobject)
```

---

write_giotto_viewer_annotation	<i>write_giotto_viewer_annotation</i>
--------------------------------	---------------------------------------

---

**Description**

write out factor-like annotation data from a giotto object for the Viewer

**Usage**

```
write_giotto_viewer_annotation(
  annotation,
  annot_name = "test",
  output_directory = getwd()
)
```

**Arguments**

annotation	annotation from the data.table from giotto object
annot_name	name of the annotation
output_directory	directory where to save the files

**Value**

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation

---

```
write_giotto_viewer_dim_reduction
      write_giotto_viewer_dim_reduction
```

---

**Description**

write out dimensional reduction data from a giotto object for the Viewer

**Usage**

```
write_giotto_viewer_dim_reduction(
  dim_reduction_cell,
  dim_red = NULL,
  dim_red_name = NULL,
  dim_red_rounding = NULL,
  dim_red_rescale = c(-20, 20),
  output_directory = getwd()
)
```

**Arguments**

dim_reduction_cell	dimension reduction slot from giotto object
dim_red	high level name of dimension reduction
dim_red_name	specific name of dimension reduction to use
dim_red_rounding	numerical indicating how to round the coordinates
dim_red_rescale	numericals to rescale the coordinates
output_directory	directory where to save the files

**Value**

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation

---

```
write_giotto_viewer_numeric_annotation  
    write_giotto_viewer_numeric_annotation
```

---

**Description**

write out numeric annotation data from a giotto object for the Viewer

**Usage**

```
write_giotto_viewer_numeric_annotation(  
  annotation,  
  annot_name = "test",  
  output_directory = getwd()  
)
```

**Arguments**

annotation	annotation from the data.table from giotto object
annot_name	name of the annotation
output_directory	directory where to save the files

**Value**

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation



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