# Package 'Giotto'

July 21, 2020

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2 R topics documented:

```
magrittr,
   limma,
   ggdendro,
   smfishHmrf,
   devtools,
   reshape2,
   ggraph,
   Rcpp,
   Rfast,
   Rtsne (>= 0.15),
   rlang (>= 0.4.3),
   R.utils,
   fitdistrplus,
   quadprog
Suggests knitr,
   rmarkdown,
   MAST,
   scran (>= 1.10.1),
   png,
   FactoMineR,
   tiff.
   biomaRt,
   trendsceek,
   multinet (>= 3.0.2),
   RTriangle (>= 1.6-0.10)
biocViews
VignetteBuilder knitr
LinkingTo Rcpp,
   RcppArmadillo
Remotes lambdamoses/smfishhmrf-r
R topics documented:
     addCellStatistics
```

addGenesPerc 

15

16

18 19

binSpect	21
	22
	24
	25
	25
	26
J 1	27
	28
<b>J</b> 1	80
cellProximitySpatPlot2D	
cellProximitySpatPlot3D	
	35
E	88
changeImageBg	
	9
r r	2
	2
	13
	4
combineMetadata	
	6
	7
createCrossSection	
	9
	0
createGiottoObject	_
createGiottoVisiumObject	
	4
	55
	6
	7
1	8
	0
	0
createSpatialKNNnetwork	
createSpatialNetwork	
create_average_detection_DT	
	4
	5
	6
	7
	7
	8
	9
	0
	1
I	2
	13
	4
	6
	19
dimGenePlot2D 8	08

4

limGenePlot3D
limPlot
dimPlot2D
dimPlot3D
loHclust
doHMRF
doKmeans
doLeidenCluster
doLeidenSubCluster
doLouvainCluster
doLouvainCluster_community
doLouvainCluster_multinet
doLouvainSubCluster
doLouvainSubCluster_community
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet
loRandomWalkCluster
loSNNCluster
estimateImageBg
exportGiottoViewer
•
exprCellCellcom
EDataDT
filterCellProximityGenes
filterCombinations
filterCPG
ilterDistributions
filterGiotto
findCellProximityGenes
indCPG
indGiniMarkers
indGiniMarkers_one_vs_all
indMarkers
findMarkers_one_vs_all
findMastMarkers
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all
findNetworkNeighbors
findScranMarkers
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all
get10Xmatrix
getClusterSimilarity
getDendrogramSplits
getDistinctColors
getGiottoImage
get_os
giotto-class
neatmSpatialCorGenes
hyperGeometricEnrich
nsertCrossSectionGenePlot3D
nsertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D
ackstrawPlot
oadHMRF
makeSignMatrixPAGE
makeSignMatrixRank

mergeClusters
node_clusters
normalizeGiotto
PAGEEnrich
pDataDT
plotCCcomDotplot
plotCCcomHeatmap
plotCellProximityGenes
plotCombineCCcom
plotCombineCellCellCommunication
plotCombineCellProximityGenes
plotCombineCPG
plotCPG
plotGiottoImage
plotHeatmap
plotICG
plotInteractionChangedGenes
plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap
plotMetaDataHeatmap
plotPCA
plotPCA_2D
plotPCA_3D
plotRankSpatvsExpr
plotRecovery
plotRecovery_sub
plotStatDelaunayNetwork
plotTSNE
plotTSNE_2D
plotTSNE_3D
plotUMAP
plotUMAP_2D
plotUMAP_3D
print.giotto
rankEnrich
rankSpatialCorGroups
readExprMatrix
readGiottoInstructions 190
removeCellAnnotation
removeGeneAnnotation
replaceGiottoInstructions
runDWLSDecony
runHyperGeometricEnrich
runPAGEEnrich
runPCA
runRankEnrich
runSpatialDeconv
runSpatialEnrich
runtSNE
runUMAP
screePlot
selectPatternGenes
select_expression_values

show, giotto-method	206
showClusterDendrogram	
showClusterHeatmap	
showGiottoImageNames	
showGiottoInstructions	
showGrids	
showNetworks	
showPattern	
showPattern2D	
showPattern3D	
showPatternGenes	
showProcessingSteps	
showSaveParameters	
showSpatialCorGenes	
signPCA	
silhouetteRank	
spatCellCellcom	
spatCellPlot	
spatCellPlot2D	223
spatDimCellPlot	226
spatDimCellPlot2D	228
spatDimGenePlot	
spatDimGenePlot2D	
spatDimGenePlot3D	
spatDimPlot	
spatDimPlot2D	
spatDimPlot3D	
spatGenePlot	
1	
spatGenePlot2D	
spatGenePlot3D	
spatialAEH	
spatialDE	
spatNetwDistributions	
spatNetwDistributionsDistance	262
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors	263
spatPlot	264
spatPlot2D	266
spatPlot3D	269
specificCellCellcommunicationScores	
split_dendrogram_in_two	
stitchFieldCoordinates	
stitchTileCoordinates	
subClusterCells	
subsetGiotto	
subsetGiottoLocs	
trendSceek	
updateGiottoImage	
viewHMRFresults	
viewHMRFresults2D	
viewHMRFresults3D	282
violinPlot	283
writeHMRFresults	284

addCellIntMetadata 7

	write_giotto_viewe	r_annotation											285
ndex													287
addCe	ellIntMetadata	addCellIntMetadata											

#### **Description**

Creates an additional metadata column with information about interacting and non-interacting cell types of the selected cell-cell interaction.

# Usage

```
addCellIntMetadata(
  gobject,
  spatial_network = "spatial_network",
  cluster_column,
  cell_interaction,
  name = "select_int",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
spatial_network
name of spatial network to use
cluster_column column of cell types
cell_interaction
cell-cell interaction to use
name name for the new metadata column
return_gobject return an updated giotto object
```

#### **Details**

This function will create an additional metadata column which selects interacting cell types for a specific cell-cell interaction. For example, if you want to color interacting astrocytes and oligodendrocytes it will create a new metadata column with the values "select\_astrocytes", "select\_oligodendrocytes", "other\_astrocytes", "other\_oligodendrocytes" and "other". Where "other" is all other cell types found within the selected cell type column.

#### Value

Giotto object

```
addCellIntMetadata(gobject)
```

8 addCellMetadata

addCellMetadata

addCellMetadata

# Description

adds cell metadata to the giotto object

#### Usage

```
addCellMetadata(
  gobject,
  new_metadata,
  vector_name = NULL,
  by_column = FALSE,
  column_cell_ID = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

new_metadata new cell metadata to use (data.table, data.frame, ...)

vector_name (optional) custom name if you provide a single vector

by_column merge metadata based on cell_ID column in pDataDT (default = FALSE)

column_cell_ID column name of new metadata to use if by_column = TRUE
```

# Details

You can add additional cell metadata in two manners:

- 1. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations in the same order as the cell\_ID column in pDataDT(gobject)
- 2. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations and specificy which column contains the cell IDs, these cell IDs need to match with the cell\_ID column in pDataDT(gobject)

### Value

```
giotto object
```

```
addCellMetadata(gobject)
```

addCellStatistics 9

addCellStatistics

addCellStatistics

#### **Description**

adds cells statistics to the giotto object

### Usage

```
addCellStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

#### **Details**

This function will add the following statistics to cell metadata:

- nr\_genes: Denotes in how many genes are detected per cell
- perc\_genes: Denotes what percentage of genes is detected per cell
- total\_expr: Shows the total sum of gene expression per cell

# Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE
```

```
addCellStatistics(gobject)
```

10 addGenesPerc

addGeneMetadata

addGeneMetadata

### **Description**

adds gene metadata to the giotto object

#### Usage

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject, new_metadata, by_column = F, column_gene_ID = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

new_metadata new metadata to use

by_column merge metadata based on gene_ID column in fDataDT

column_gene_ID column name of new metadata to use if by_column = TRUE
```

#### **Details**

You can add additional gene metadata in two manners: 1. Provide a data.table or data.frame with gene annotations in the same order as the gene\_ID column in fDataDT(gobject) 2. Provide a data.table or data.frame with gene annotations and specificy which column contains the gene IDs, these gene IDs need to match with the gene\_ID column in fDataDT(gobject)

#### Value

giotto object

#### **Examples**

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject)
```

addGenesPerc

addGenesPerc

#### **Description**

calculates the total percentage of (normalized) counts for a subset of selected genes

```
addGenesPerc(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  vector_name = "gene_perc",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

addGeneStatistics 11

#### **Arguments**

#### Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE, else a vector with
```

# **Examples**

```
addGenesPerc(gobject)
```

addGeneStatistics

addGeneStatistics

#### **Description**

adds gene statistics to the giotto object

#### Usage

```
addGeneStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
detection_threshold
detection threshold to consider a gene detected
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

### **Details**

This function will add the following statistics to gene metadata:

- nr\_cells: Denotes in how many cells the gene is detected
- per\_cells: Denotes in what percentage of cells the gene is detected
- total\_expr: Shows the total sum of gene expression in all cells
- mean\_expr: Average gene expression in all cells
- mean\_expr\_det: Average gene expression in cells with detectable levels of the gene

#### Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE
```

# **Examples**

addGeneStatistics(gobject)

 ${\tt addGiottoImage}$ 

add Giot to Image

#### **Description**

Adds giotto image objects to your giotto object

# Usage

```
addGiottoImage(gobject, images)
```

# **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

images list of giotto image objects, see createGiottoImage

### Value

an updated Giotto object with access to the list of images

#### **Examples**

```
addGiottoImage(mg_object)
```

 $add {\tt GiottoImageToSpatPlot}$ 

addGiottoImageToSpatPlot

# Description

Add a giotto image to a spatial ggplot object post creation

# Usage

```
addGiottoImageToSpatPlot(spatpl = NULL, gimage = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

spatpl a spatial ggplot object

gimage a giotto image, see createGiottoImage

addHMRF 13

#### Value

an updated spatial ggplot object

# **Examples**

addGiottoImageToSpatPlot(mg\_object)

addHMRF

# Description

Add selected results from doHMRF to the giotto object

addHMRF

# Usage

```
addHMRF(gobject, HMRFoutput, k = NULL, betas_to_add = NULL, hmrf_name = NULL)
```

# Arguments

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF()

k number of domains

hmrf\_name specify a custom name

# **Details**

Description ...

#### Value

giotto object

# **Examples**

addHMRF(gobject)

14 addNetworkLayout

addNetworkLayout

addNetworkLayout

# Description

Add a network layout for a selected nearest neighbor network

#### Usage

```
addNetworkLayout(
  gobject,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  layout_type = c("drl"),
  options_list = NULL,
  layout_name = "layout",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

### **Details**

This function creates layout coordinates based on the provided kNN or sNN. Currently only the force-directed graph layout "drl", see layout\_with\_drl, is implemented. This provides an alternative to tSNE or UMAP based visualizations.

### Value

giotto object with updated layout for selected NN network

```
addNetworkLayout(gobject)
```

addStatistics 15

addStatistics

addStatistics

# Description

adds genes and cells statistics to the giotto object

### Usage

```
addStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

#### **Details**

See addGeneStatistics and addCellStatistics

### Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE, else a list with results
```

### **Examples**

```
addStatistics(gobject)
```

adjustGiottoMatrix adjustGiottoMatrix

# Description

normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

#### Usage

```
adjustGiottoMatrix(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  batch_columns = NULL,
  covariate_columns = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  update_slot = c("custom")
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

batch_columns metadata columns that represent different batch (max = 2)

covariate_columns

metadata columns that represent covariates to regress out

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

update_slot expression slot that will be updated (default = custom)
```

#### **Details**

This function implements the removeBatchEffect function to remove known batch effects and to adjust expression values according to provided covariates.

#### Value

giotto object

#### **Examples**

```
adjustGiottoMatrix(gobject)
```

```
all_plots_save_function 
 all_plots_save_function
```

#### **Description**

Function to automatically save plots to directory of interest

```
all_plots_save_function(
  gobject,
  plot_object,
  save_dir = NULL,
  save_folder = NULL,
  save_name = NULL,
```

```
default_save_name = "giotto_plot",
    save_format = NULL,
    show_saved_plot = F,
    ncol = 1,
    nrow = 1,
    scale = 1,
    base_width = NULL,
    base_height = NULL,
    base_aspect_ratio = NULL,
    units = NULL,
    dpi = NULL,
    limitsize = TRUE,
    ...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
plot_object
                  object to plot
save_dir
                  directory to save to
save_folder
                  folder in save_dir to save to
                  name of plot
save_name
default_save_name
                  default name to save a plot
save_format
                  format (e.g. png, tiff, pdf, ...)
show_saved_plot
                  load & display the saved plot
                  number of columns
ncol
nrow
                  number of rows
scale
                  scale
base_width
                  width
base_height
                  height
base_aspect_ratio
                  aspect ratio
units
                  units
dpi
                  Plot resolution
                  When TRUE (the default), ggsave will not save images larger than 50x50 inches,
limitsize
                  to prevent the common error of specifying dimensions in pixels.
```

#### See Also

```
{\tt general\_save\_function}
```

### **Examples**

```
all_plots_save_function(gobject)
```

additional parameters to ggplot\_save\_function or general\_save\_function

18 annotateGiotto

annotateGiotto

annotate Giotto

#### **Description**

Converts cluster results into provided annotation.

#### Usage

```
annotateGiotto(
  gobject,
  annotation_vector = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  name = "cell_types"
)
```

# Arguments

### **Details**

You need to specifify which (cluster) column you want to annotate and you need to provide an annotation vector like this:

- 1. identify the cell type of each cluster
- 2. create a vector of these cell types, e.g. cell\_types = c('T-cell', 'B-cell', 'Stromal')
- 3. provide original cluster names to previous vector, e.g. names(cell\_types) = c(2, 1, 3)

#### Value

giotto object

```
annotateGiotto(gobject)
```

annotateSpatialGrid 19

```
annotate Spatial Grid \qquad annotate Spatial Grid
```

#### **Description**

annotate spatial grid with cell ID and cell metadata (optional)

### Usage

```
annotateSpatialGrid(
  gobject,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  cluster_columns = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

#### Value

annotated spatial grid data.table

#### **Examples**

```
annotateSpatialGrid()
```

```
annotateSpatialNetwork
```

annotate Spatial Network

# Description

Annotate spatial network with cell metadata information.

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column,
  create_full_network = F
)
```

### **Arguments**

#### Value

annotated network in data.table format

#### **Examples**

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

```
average\_gene\_gene\_expression\_in\_groups \\ average\_gene\_gene\_expression\_in\_groups
```

#### **Description**

calculate average expression per cluster

#### Usage

```
average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups(
  gobject,
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object to use
cluster_column cluster column with cell type information
gene_set_1 first specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_2 second specific gene set from gene pairs
```

#### **Details**

Details will follow soon.

#### Value

data.table with average expression scores for each cluster

```
average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups(gobject)
```

binSpect 21

#### **Description**

Previously: binGetSpatialGenes. BinSpect (Binary Spatial Extraction of genes) is a fast computational method that identifies genes with a spatially coherent expression pattern.

# Usage

```
binSpect(
  gobject,
  bin_method = c("kmeans", "rank"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  nstart = 3,
  iter_max = 10,
  percentage_rank = 30,
  do_fisher_test = TRUE,
  calc_hub = FALSE,
  hub_min_int = 3,
  get_av_expr = TRUE,
  get_high_expr = TRUE,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
bin_method
                  method to binarize gene expression
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  only select a subset of genes to test
subset_genes
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use (default = 'spatial_network')
nstart
                  kmeans: nstart parameter
iter_max
                  kmeans: iter.max parameter
percentage_rank
                  percentage of top cells for binarization
do_fisher_test perform fisher test
                  calculate the number of hub cells
calc_hub
hub_min_int
                  minimum number of cell-cell interactions for a hub cell
                  calculate the average expression per gene of the high expressing cells
get_av_expr
                  calculate the number of high expressing cells per gene
get_high_expr
```

22 calculateHVG

do\_parallel run calculations in parallel with mclapply

cores number of cores to use if do\_parallel = TRUE

verbose be verbose

#### **Details**

We provide two ways to identify spatial genes based on gene expression binarization. Both methods are identicial except for how binarization is performed.

- 1. binarize: Each gene is binarized (0 or 1) in each cell with **kmeans** (k = 2) or based on **rank** percentile
- 2. network: Alll cells are connected through a spatial network based on the physical coordinates
- 3. contingency table: A contingency table is calculated based on all edges of neighboring cells and the binarized expression (0-0, 0-1, 1-0 or 1-1)
- 4. For each gene an odds-ratio (OR) and fisher.test (optional) is calculated

Other statistics are provided (optional):

- Number of cells with high expression (binary = 1)
- Average expression of each gene within high expressing cells
- Number of hub cells, these are high expressing cells that have a user defined number of high expressing neighbors

By selecting a subset of likely spatial genes (e.g. soft thresholding highly variable genes) or using multiple cores can accelerate the speed.

#### Value

data.table with results (see details)

#### **Examples**

```
binSpect(gobject)
```

calculateHVG

calculateHVG

#### **Description**

compute highly variable genes

```
calculateHVG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  method = c("cov_groups", "cov_loess"),
  reverse_log_scale = FALSE,
  logbase = 2,
  expression_threshold = 0,
```

calculateHVG 23

```
nr_expression_groups = 20,
      zscore_threshold = 1.5,
      HVGname = "hvg",
      difference_in_cov = 0.1,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "HVGplot",
      return_gobject = TRUE
    )
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    expression_values
                     expression values to use
   method
                     method to calculate highly variable genes
    reverse_log_scale
                     reverse log-scale of expression values (default = FALSE)
    logbase
                     if reverse_log_scale is TRUE, which log base was used?
    expression_threshold
                     expression threshold to consider a gene detected
    nr_expression_groups
                     number of expression groups for cov_groups
    zscore_threshold
                     zscore to select hvg for cov_groups
                     name for highly variable genes in cell metadata
    HVGname
    difference_in_cov
                     minimum difference in coefficient of variance required
    show_plot
                     show plot
    return_plot
                     return ggplot object
```

# Details

save\_plot
save\_param

default\_save\_name

Currently we provide 2 ways to calculate highly variable genes: 1. high coeff of variance (COV) within groups:

list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function

default save name for saving, don't change, change save name in save param

First genes are binned (*nr\_expression\_groups*) into average expression groups and the COV for each gene is converted into a z-score within each bin. Genes with a z-score higher than the threshold (*zscore\_threshold*) are considered highly variable.

#### 2. high COV based on loess regression prediction:

directly save the plot [boolean]

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

A predicted COV is calculated for each gene using loess regression (COV~log(mean expression)) Genes that show a higher than predicted COV (difference\_in\_cov) are considered highly variable.

24 calculateMetaTable

#### Value

giotto object highly variable genes appended to gene metadata (fDataDT)

# **Examples**

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. highly variable genes detection
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)</pre>
```

calculateMetaTable

calculateMetaTable

#### Description

calculates the average gene expression for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

### Usage

```
calculateMetaTable(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
metadata_cols annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
selected_genes subset of genes to use
```

#### Value

data.table with average expression values for each gene per (combined) annotation

```
calculateMetaTable(gobject)
```

calculateMetaTableCells 25

```
{\tt calculateMetaTableCells}
```

calculateMetaTableCells

# Description

calculates the average metadata values for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

# Usage

```
calculateMetaTableCells(
  gobject,
  value_cols = NULL,
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
value_cols metadata or enrichment value columns to use
metadata_cols annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
spat_enr_names which spatial enrichment results to include
```

#### Value

data.table with average metadata values per (combined) annotation

# **Examples**

```
calculateMetaTableCells(gobject)
```

```
{\tt cellProximityBarplot} \quad \textit{cellProximityBarplot}
```

#### **Description**

Create barplot from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityBarplot(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  min_orig_ints = 5,
  min_sim_ints = 5,
  p_val = 0.05,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
```

```
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "cellProximityBarplot"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
                  filter on minimum original cell-cell interactions
min_orig_ints
min_sim_ints
                  filter on minimum simulated cell-cell interactions
                  p-value
p_val
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

This function creates a barplot that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

#### Value

ggplot barplot

#### **Examples**

```
cellProximityBarplot(CPscore)
```

```
cellProximityEnrichment
```

cellProximityEnrichment

#### **Description**

Compute cell-cell interaction enrichment (observed vs expected)

cellProximityHeatmap 27

#### **Arguments**

#### **Details**

Spatial proximity enrichment or depletion between pairs of cell types is calculated by calculating the observed over the expected frequency of cell-cell proximity interactions. The expected frequency is the average frequency calculated from a number of spatial network simulations. Each individual simulation is obtained by reshuffling the cell type labels of each node (cell) in the spatial network.

#### Value

List of cell Proximity scores (CPscores) in data.table format. The first data.table (raw\_sim\_table) shows the raw observations of both the original and simulated networks. The second data.table (enrichm\_res) shows the enrichment results.

#### **Examples**

```
cellProximityEnrichment(gobject)
```

```
cellProximityHeatmap cellProximityHeatmap
```

### Description

Create heatmap from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityHeatmap(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  scale = T,
  order_cell_types = T,
  color_breaks = NULL,
  color_names = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximityHeatmap")
```

#### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
scale
                  scale cell-cell proximity interaction scores
order_cell_types
                  order cell types based on enrichment correlation
                  numerical vector of length 3 to represent min, mean and maximum
color_breaks
                  character color vector of length 3
color_names
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

This function creates a heatmap that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

#### Value

ggplot heatmap

#### **Examples**

```
cellProximityHeatmap(CPscore)
```

```
cellProximityNetwork cellProximityNetwork
```

### Description

Create network from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityNetwork(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  remove_self_edges = FALSE,
  self_loop_strength = 0.1,
  color_depletion = "lightgreen",
  color_enrichment = "red",
  rescale_edge_weights = TRUE,
  edge_weight_range_depletion = c(0.1, 1),
  edge_weight_range_enrichment = c(1, 5),
  layout = c("Fruchterman", "DrL", "Kamada-Kawai"),
```

cellProximityNetwork 29

```
only_show_enrichment_edges = F,
edge_width_range = c(0.1, 2),
node_size = 4,
node_text_size = 6,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "cellProximityNetwork")
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
remove_self_edges
                  remove enrichment/depletion edges with itself
self_loop_strength
                  size of self-loops
color_depletion
                  color for depleted cell-cell interactions
color_enrichment
                  color for enriched cell-cell interactions
rescale_edge_weights
                  rescale edge weights (boolean)
edge_weight_range_depletion
                  numerical vector of length 2 to rescale depleted edge weights
edge_weight_range_enrichment
                  numerical vector of length 2 to rescale enriched edge weights
layout
                  layout algorithm to use to draw nodes and edges
only_show_enrichment_edges
                  show only the enriched pairwise scores
edge_width_range
                  range of edge width
                  size of nodes
node_size
node_text_size size of node labels
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

This function creates a network that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

#### Value

igraph plot

#### **Examples**

cellProximityNetwork(CPscore)

 ${\tt cellProximitySpatPlot} \ \ \textit{cellProximitySpatPlot}$ 

#### Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

#### Usage

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 Arguments passed on to cellProximitySpatPlot2D
. . .
                 interaction_name cell-cell interaction name
                 cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                 sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                 sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 show_other_cells decide if show cells not in network
                 show_network show spatial network of selected cells
                 show_other_network show spatial network of not selected cells
                 network_color color of spatial network
                 spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
                 show_grid show spatial grid
                 grid_color color of spatial grid
                 spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
                 coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
                 show_legend show legend
                 point_size_select size of selected points
                 point_select_border_col border color of selected points
                 point_select_border_stroke stroke size of selected points
                 point_size_other size of other points
                 point_alpha_other opacity of other points
                 point_other_border_col border color of other points
                 point_other_border_stroke stroke size of other points
                 show_plot show plots
```

```
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
   in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

cellProximitySpatPlot2D and cellProximitySpatPlot3D for 3D

#### **Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity Spat Plot 2D \\ cell Proximity Spat Plot 2D
```

### Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy"
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  coord_fix_ratio = 1,
  show_legend = T,
```

```
point_size_select = 2,
      point_select_border_col = "black",
      point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
      point_size_other = 1,
      point_alpha_other = 0.3,
      point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
      point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    interaction_name
                     cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimy
    cell_color
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                     decide if show cells not in network
                     show spatial network of selected cells
    show_network
    show_other_network
                     show spatial network of not selected cells
                     color of spatial network
    network_color
    spatial_network_name
                     name of spatial network to use
                     show spatial grid
    show_grid
    grid_color
                     color of spatial grid
    spatial_grid_name
                     name of spatial grid to use
    coord_fix_ratio
                     fix ratio between x and y-axis
                     show legend
    show_legend
    point_size_select
                     size of selected points
    point_select_border_col
                     border color of selected points
    point_select_border_stroke
```

stroke size of selected points

```
point_size_other
                  size of other points
point_alpha_other
                  opacity of other points
point_other_border_col
                  border color of other points
point_other_border_stroke
                  stroke size of other points
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### **Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity SpatPlot 3D \\ cell Proximity SpatPlot 2D
```

# Description

Visualize 3D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in plotly mode

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = T,
  show_network = T,
  show_other_network = F,
```

```
network_color = NULL,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      show\_grid = F,
      grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      show_legend = T,
      point_size_select = 4,
      point_size_other = 2,
      point_alpha_other = 0.5,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot3D",
    )
Arguments
                     giotto object
    gobject
    interaction_name
                     cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
    sdimy
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                     z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
    sdimz
    cell_color
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                     decide if show cells not in network
    show_network
                     show spatial network of selected cells
    show_other_network
                     show spatial network of not selected cells
    network_color
                     color of spatial network
    spatial_network_name
                     name of spatial network to use
                     show spatial grid
    show_grid
    grid_color
                     color of spatial grid
    spatial_grid_name
```

name of spatial grid to use

show legend

show\_legend

cellProximityVisPlot 35

```
point_size_select
                  size of selected points
point_size_other
                  size of other points
point_alpha_other
                  opacity of other points
axis_scale
                  scale of axis
custom_ratio
                  custom ratio of axes
x_ticks
                  ticks on x-axis
y_ticks
                  ticks on y-axis
z_ticks
                  ticks on z-axis
                  show plots
show_plot
return_plot
                  return plotly object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  additional parameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

# **Examples**

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity V is Plot \\ cell Proximity V is Plot
```

#### **Description**

Visualize cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates

```
cellProximityVisPlot(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
```

cellProximityVisPlot

```
cell_color_code = NULL,
      color_as_factor = T,
      show_other_cells = F,
      show_network = F,
      show_other_network = F,
      network_color = NULL,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      show_grid = F,
      grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      coord_fix_ratio = 1,
      show_legend = T,
      point_size_select = 2,
      point_select_border_col = "black",
      point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
      point_size_other = 1,
      point_alpha_other = 0.3,
      point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
      point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                    giotto object
    interaction_name
                    cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                    x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
    sdimy
                    y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimz
                    z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
    cell_color
                    color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                    named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                    convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                    show not selected cells
                    show underlying spatial network
    show_network
    show_other_network
```

show underlying spatial network of other cells

color of spatial network

name of spatial network to use

network\_color

spatial\_network\_name

cellProximityVisPlot 37

show\_grid show spatial grid grid\_color color of spatial grid

spatial\_grid\_name

name of spatial grid to use

coord\_fix\_ratio

fix ratio between x and y-axis

show\_legend show legend

point\_size\_select

size of selected points

point\_select\_border\_col

border color of selected points

point\_select\_border\_stroke

stroke size of selected points

point\_size\_other

size of other points

point\_alpha\_other

alpha of other points

point\_other\_border\_col

border color of other points

point\_other\_border\_stroke

stroke size of other points

axis\_scale scale of axis

custom\_ratio custom ratio of scales

 $x_{ticks}$  x ticks  $y_{ticks}$  y ticks  $z_{ticks}$  z ticks

plot\_method method to plot

... additional parameters

# Details

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot or plotly

## **Examples**

 ${\tt cellProximityVisPlot(gobject)}$ 

38 changeImageBg

```
{\tt change} {\tt GiottoInstructions}
```

change Giot to Instructions

### **Description**

Function to change one or more instructions from giotto object

## Usage

```
changeGiottoInstructions(
  gobject,
  params = NULL,
  new_values = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
params parameter(s) to change
new_values new value(s) for parameter(s)
return_gobject (boolean) return giotto object
```

# Value

giotto object with one or more changed instructions

## **Examples**

```
changeGiottoInstructions()
```

changeImageBg

changeImageBg

## Description

Function to change the background color of a magick image plot to another color

```
changeImageBg(
  mg_object,
  bg_color,
  perc_range = 10,
  new_color = "#FFFFFF",
  new_name = NULL
)
```

clusterCells 39

#### **Arguments**

mg\_object magick image or giotto image object
bg\_color estimated current background color
perc\_range range around estimated background color to include (percentage)
new\_color new\_background color
change name of Giotto image

#### Value

magick image or giotto image object with updated background color

#### **Examples**

```
changeImageBg(mg_object)
```

clusterCells

clusterCells

#### **Description**

cluster cells using a variety of different methods

```
clusterCells(
  gobject,
 cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet", "randomwalk",
    "sNNclust", "kmeans", "hierarchical"),
  name = "cluster_name",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  pyth_leid_resolution = 1,
  pyth_leid_weight_col = "weight",
  pyth_leid_part_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition",
    "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  pyth_leid_init_memb = NULL,
  pyth_leid_iterations = 1000,
  pyth_louv_resolution = 1,
  pyth_louv_weight_col = NULL,
  python_louv_random = F,
  python_path = NULL,
  louvain_gamma = 1,
  louvain\_omega = 1,
  walk\_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  sNNclust_k = 20,
  sNNclust_eps = 4,
  sNNclust_minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
```

40 clusterCells

expression\_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),

```
genes_to_use = NULL,
     dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
     dim_reduction_name = "pca",
     dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
     distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
        "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
      km_centers = 10,
      km_iter_max = 100,
     km_nstart = 1000,
     km_algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
     hc_agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
        "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
     hc_k = 10,
     hc_h = NULL
     return_gobject = TRUE,
      set\_seed = T,
      seed_number = 1234
   )
Arguments
                    giotto object
   gobject
   cluster_method community cluster method to use
                    name for new clustering result
   nn_network_to_use
                    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                    name of NN network to use
   network_name
   pyth_leid_resolution
                    resolution for leiden
   pyth_leid_weight_col
                    column to use for weights
   pyth_leid_part_type
                    partition type to use
   pyth_leid_init_memb
                    initial membership
   pyth_leid_iterations
                    number of iterations
   pyth_louv_resolution
                    resolution for louvain
   pyth_louv_weight_col
                    python louvain param: weight column
   python_louv_random
                    python louvain param: random
                    specify specific path to python if required
   python_path
   louvain_gamma
                    louvain param: gamma or resolution
   louvain_omega
                    louvain param: omega
   walk_steps
                    randomwalk: number of steps
   walk_clusters randomwalk: number of clusters
```

clusterCells 41

walk\_weights randomwalk: weight column sNNclust\_k SNNclust: k neighbors to use

sNNclust\_eps SNNclust: epsilon

 $sNNclust\_minPts$ 

SNNclust: min points

borderPoints SNNclust: border points

expression\_values

expression values to use

genes\_to\_use = NULL,
dim\_reduction\_to\_use

dimension reduction to use

dim\_reduction\_name

name of reduction 'pca',

dimensions\_to\_use

dimensions to use

distance\_method

distance method

km\_centers kmeans centers km\_iter\_max kmeans iterations

km\_nstart kmeans random starting points

km\_algorithm kmeans algorithm

hc\_agglomeration\_method

hierarchical clustering method

hc\_k hierachical number of clusters

hc\_h hierarchical tree cutoff

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set\_seed set seed

seed\_number number for seed

#### **Details**

Wrapper for the different clustering methods.

### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

 $\label{lem:cluster_doLouvainCluster_multinet} do Louvain Cluster\_community, do Louvain Cluster\_multinet, do Louvain Cluster, do Random Walk Cluster, do SNN Cluster, do Kmeans, do H clust Cluster, do Louvain Cluster, do Louva$ 

### **Examples**

clusterCells(gobject)

42 combCCcom

```
{\tt clusterSpatialCorGenes}
```

clusterSpatialCorGenes

# Description

Cluster based on spatially correlated genes

## Usage

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes(
  spatCorObject,
  name = "spat_clus",
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  k = 10,
  return_obj = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

spatCorObject spatial correlation object

name name for spatial clustering results hclust\_method method for hierarchical clustering

k number of clusters to extract

return\_obj return spatial correlation object (spatCorObject)

### Value

spatCorObject or cluster results

## **Examples**

clusterSpatialCorGenes(gobject)

combCCcom combCCcom

## Description

Combine spatial and expression based cell-cell communication data.tables

#### Usage

```
combCCcom(
  spatialCC,
  exprCC,
  min_lig_nr = 3,
  min_rec_nr = 3,
  min_padj_value = 1,
  min_log2fc = 0,
  min_av_diff = 0
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
spatialCC spatial cell-cell communication scores
exprCC expression cell-cell communication scores
min_lig_nr minimum number of ligand cells
min_rec_nr minimum number of receptor cells
min_padj_value minimum adjusted p-value
min_log2fc minimum log2 fold-change
min_av_diff minimum average expression difference
```

### Value

combined data.table with spatial and expression communication data

### **Examples**

```
combCCcom(gobject)
```

```
combineCellProximityGenes
```

combine Cell Proximity Genes

# Description

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

```
combineCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0,
```

44 combineCPG

```
min_log2_fc = 0.5,
do_parallel = TRUE,
cores = NA,
verbose = T
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
cpg0bject
                  cell proximity gene score object
selected_ints
                  subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
min_cells
                  minimum number of target cell type
                 minimum number of interacting cell type
min_int_cells
                  minimum adjusted p-value
min_fdr
min_spat_diff
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_log2_fc
                  minimum absolute log2 fold-change
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
verbose
                  verbose
```

## Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

### **Examples**

```
combineCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

combineCPG combineCPG

### **Description**

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

```
combineCPG(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
```

combineMetadata 45

```
min_int_cells = 3,
min_fdr = 0.05,
min_spat_diff = 0,
min_log2_fc = 0.5,
do_parallel = TRUE,
cores = NA,
verbose = T
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
cell proximity gene score object
cpg0bject
                  subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_ints
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
                  minimum number of target cell type
min_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cell type
min_int_cells
min_fdr
                  minimum adjusted p-value
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
                  minimum absolute log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
verbose
                  verbose
```

## Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

#### **Examples**

```
combineCPG(gobject)
```

combineMetadata combineMetadata

### **Description**

This function combines the cell metadata with spatial locations and enrichment results from createSpatialEnrich

```
combineMetadata(gobject, spat_enr_names = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject Giotto object
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
```

### Value

Extended cell metadata in data.table format.

## **Examples**

```
combineMetadata(gobject)
```

 ${\tt convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol}$ 

convert Ensembl To Gene Symbol

## Description

This function convert ensembl gene IDs from a matrix to official gene symbols

# Usage

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol(matrix, species = c("mouse", "human"))
```

### **Arguments**

matrix an expression matrix with ensembl gene IDs as rownames

species species to use for gene symbol conversion

## **Details**

This function requires that the biomaRt library is installed

#### Value

expression matrix with gene symbols as rownames

## **Examples**

convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol(matrix)

## Description

converts a magick image object to a data.table

#### Usage

```
convert_mgImage_to_array_DT(mg_object)
```

## **Arguments**

mg\_object magick image or Giotto image object

#### Value

data.table with image pixel information

## **Description**

Create a virtual 2D cross section.

```
createCrossSection(
  gobject,
  name = "cross_section",
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  thickness_unit = c("cell", "natural"),
  slice_thickness = 2,
  cell_distance_estimate_method = "mean",
  extend_ratio = 0.2,
  method = c("equation", "3 points", "point and norm vector",
    "point and two plane vectors"),
  equation = NULL,
  point1 = NULL,
  point2 = NULL,
  point3 = NULL,
  normVector = NULL,
  planeVector1 = NULL,
  planeVector2 = NULL,
  mesh\_grid\_n = 20,
  return\_gobject = TRUE
```

48 createCrossSection

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

name of cress section object. (default = cross\_sectino)

spatial\_network\_name

name of spatial network object. (default = Delaunay\_network)

thickness\_unit unit of the virtual section thickness. If "cell", average size of the observed

cells is used as length unit. If "natural", the unit of cell location coordinates

is used.(default = cell)

slice\_thickness

thickness of slice. default = 2

cell\_distance\_estimate\_method

method to estimate average distance between neighboring cells. (default = mean)

extend\_ratio deciding the span of the cross section meshgrid, as a ratio of extension compared

to the borders of the vitural tissue section. (default = 0.2)

method method to define the cross section plane. If equation, the plane is defined by

a four element numerical vector (equation) in the form of c(A,B,C,D), corresponding to a plane with equation Ax+By+Cz=D. If 3 points, the plane is define by the coordinates of 3 points, as given by point1, point2, and point3. If point and norm vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of one norm vector (normVector) to the plane. If point and two plane vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of two vectors (planeVector1,

planeVector2) in the plane. (default = equation)

equation equation required by method "equation".equations needs to be a numerical vec-

tor of length 4, in the form of c(A,B,C,D), which defines plane Ax+By+Cz=D.

point1 coordinates of the first point required by method "3 points", "point and norm

vector", and "point and two plane vectors".

point2 coordinates of the second point required by method "3 points" coordinates of the third point required by method "3 points"

normVector coordinates of the norm vector required by method "point and norm vector"

planeVector1 coordinates of the first plane vector required by method "point and two plane

vectors"

planeVector2 coordinates of the second plane vector required by method "point and two plane

vectors"

mesh\_grid\_n numer of meshgrid lines to generate along both directions for the cross section

plane.

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

#### **Details**

Creates a virtual 2D cross section object for a given spatial network object. The users need to provide the definition of the cross section plane (see method).

#### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

createGiottoImage 49

createGiottoImage

## Description

Creates a giotto image that can be added to a Giotto object and/or used to add an image to the spatial plotting functions

# Usage

```
createGiottoImage(
  gobject = NULL,
  spatial_locs = NULL,
  mg_object,
  name = "image",
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
spatial_locs
                  spatial locations (alternative if giobject = NULL)
mg_object
                  magick image object
name
                  name for the image
xmax_adj
                  adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image
xmin_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image
                  adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image
ymax_adj
ymin_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image
```

#### Value

```
a giotto image object
```

## **Examples**

```
createGiottoImage(mg_object)
```

50 createGiottoInstructions

```
createGiottoInstructions
```

createGiottoInstructions

## **Description**

Function to set global instructions for giotto functions

## Usage

```
createGiottoInstructions(
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NULL,
  return_plot = NULL,
  save_plot = NULL,
  save_dir = NULL,
  plot_format = NULL,
  dpi = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  width = NULL
```

## Arguments

```
python_path
                  path to python binary to use
                  print plot to console, default = TRUE
show_plot
                  return plot as object, default = TRUE
return_plot
                  automatically save plot, dafault = FALSE
save_plot
                  path to directory where to save plots
save_dir
plot_format
                  format of plots (defaults to png)
                  resolution for raster images
dpi
units
                  units of format (defaults to in)
                  height of plots
height
width
                  width of plots
```

## Value

named vector with giotto instructions

#### See Also

More online information can be found here https://rubd.github.io/Giotto\_site/articles/instructions\_and\_plotting.html

## **Examples**

createGiottoInstructions()

createGiottoObject 51

#### **Description**

Function to create a giotto object

#### Usage

```
createGiottoObject(
  raw_exprs,
  spatial_locs = NULL,
  norm_expr = NULL,
  norm_scaled_expr = NULL,
  custom_expr = NULL,
  cell_metadata = NULL,
  gene_metadata = NULL,
  spatial_network = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = NULL,
  spatial_grid = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = NULL,
  spatial_enrichment = NULL,
  spatial_enrichment_name = NULL,
  dimension_reduction = NULL,
  nn_network = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  offset_file = NULL,
  instructions = NULL,
  cores = NA
```

# Arguments

```
matrix with raw expression counts [required]
raw_exprs
spatial_locs
                  data.table or data.frame with coordinates for cell centroids
                  normalized expression values
norm_expr
norm_scaled_expr
                  scaled expression values
custom_expr
                  custom expression values
cell_metadata
                  cell annotation metadata
gene_metadata
                  gene annotation metadata
spatial_network
                  list of spatial network(s)
spatial_network_name
                  list of spatial network name(s)
spatial_grid
                  list of spatial grid(s)
spatial_grid_name
                  list of spatial grid name(s)
```

52 createGiottoObject

spatial\_enrichment

list of spatial enrichment score(s) for each spatial region

spatial\_enrichment\_name

list of spatial enrichment name(s)

dimension\_reduction

list of dimension reduction(s)

nn\_network list of nearest neighbor network(s)

images list of images

offset\_file file used to stitch fields together (optional)

instructions list of instructions or output result from createGiottoInstructions cores how many cores or threads to use to read data if paths are provided

#### **Details**

[Requirements] To create a giotto object you need to provide at least a matrix with genes as row names and cells as column names. This matrix can be provided as a base matrix, sparse Matrix, data.frame, data.table or as a path to any of those. To include spatial information about cells (or regions) you need to provide a matrix, data.table or data.frame (or path to them) with coordinates for all spatial dimensions. This can be 2D (x and y) or 3D (x, y, x). The row order for the cell coordinates should be the same as the column order for the provided expression data.

[Instructions] Additionally an instruction file, generated manually or with createGiottoInstructions can be provided to instructions, if not a default instruction file will be created for the Giotto object.

[Multiple fields] In case a dataset consists of multiple fields, like seqFISH+ for example, an offset file can be provided to stitch the different fields together. stitchFieldCoordinates can be used to generate such an offset file.

[**Processed data**] Processed count data, such as normalized data, can be provided using one of the different expression slots (norm\_expr, norm\_scaled\_expr, custom\_expr).

[Metadata] Cell and gene metadata can be provided using the cell and gene metadata slots. This data can also be added afterwards using the addGeneMetadata or addCellMetadata functions.

[Other information] Additional information can be provided through the appropriate slots:

- · spatial networks
- · spatial girds
- · spatial enrichments
- · dimensions reductions
- · nearest neighbours networks
- images

#### Value

giotto object

## Examples

createGiottoObject(raw\_exprs, spatial\_locs)

```
createGiottoVisiumObject
```

create Giot to Visium Object

#### **Description**

creates Giotto object directly from a 10X visium folder

#### Usage

```
createGiottoVisiumObject(
  visium_dir = NULL,
  expr_data = c("raw", "filter"),
  gene_column_index = 1,
  png_name = NULL,
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0,
  instructions = NULL,
  cores = NA
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
path to the 10X visium directory [required]
visium_dir
expr_data
                  raw or filtered data (see details)
gene_column_index
                  which column index to select (see details)
                  select name of png to use (see details)
png_name
xmax_adj
                  adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image
                  adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image
xmin_adj
ymax_adj
                  adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image
ymin_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image
instructions
                  list of instructions or output result from createGiottoInstructions
                  how many cores or threads to use to read data if paths are provided
cores
```

### **Details**

- expr\_data: raw will take expression data from raw\_feature\_bc\_matrix and filter from filtered\_feature\_bc\_matrix
- gene\_column\_index: which gene identifiers (names) to use if there are multiple columns (e.g. ensemble and gene symbol)
- png\_name: by default the first png will be selected, provide the png name to override this (e.g. myimage.png)

## Value

giotto object

54 createHeatmap\_DT

#### **Examples**

```
createGiottoVisiumObject(visium_dir)
```

createHeatmap\_DT

createHeatmap\_DT

#### **Description**

creates order for clusters

### Usage

```
createHeatmap_DT(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  cluster_cor_method = "pearson",
  cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D",
  gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),
  gene_custom_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_hclust_method = "complete"
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
                 genes to use
genes
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order
                 method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order
                 custom order for clusters
cluster_cor_method
                 method for cluster correlation
cluster_hclust_method
                 method for hierarchical clustering of clusters
                 method to determine gene order
gene_order
gene_custom_order
                 custom order for genes
gene_cor_method
                 method for gene correlation
gene_hclust_method
                 method for hierarchical clustering of genes
```

createMetagenes 55

#### **Details**

Creates input data.tables for plotHeatmap function.

#### Value

list

### **Examples**

```
createHeatmap_DT(gobject)
```

createMetagenes

createMetagenes

## **Description**

This function creates an average metagene for gene clusters.

#### Usage

```
createMetagenes(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  gene_clusters,
  name = "metagene",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject Giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
gene_clusters numerical vector with genes as names
name name of the metagene results
return_gobject return giotto object
```

### Details

```
An example for the 'gene_clusters' could be like this: cluster_vector = c(1, 1, 2, 2); names(cluster_vector) = c('geneA', 'geneB', 'geneC', 'geneD')
```

#### Value

giotto object

### **Examples**

```
createMetagenes(gobject)
```

56 createNearestNetwork

createNearestNetwork createNearestNetwork

### **Description**

create a nearest neighbour (NN) network

## Usage

```
createNearestNetwork(
  gobject,
  type = c("sNN", "kNN"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  k = 30,
  minimum_shared = 5,
  top_shared = 3,
  verbose = T,
  ...
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
type
                 sNN or kNN
dim_reduction_to_use
                 dimension reduction method to use
dim_reduction_name
                 name of dimension reduction set to use
dimensions_to_use
                 number of dimensions to use as input
                 if dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, which genes to use
genes_to_use
expression_values
                 expression values to use
                 arbitrary name for NN network
name
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
                 number of k neighbors to use
minimum_shared minimum shared neighbors
top_shared
                 keep at ...
                 be verbose
verbose
                 additional parameters for kNN and sNN functions from dbscan
. . .
```

#### **Details**

This function creates a k-nearest neighbour (kNN) or shared nearest neighbour (sNN) network based on the provided dimension reduction space. To run it directly on the gene expression matrix set  $dim\_reduction\_to\_use = NULL$ .

See also kNN and sNN for more information about how the networks are created.

#### Output for kNN:

- from: cell\_ID for source cell
- to: cell\_ID for target cell
- distance: distance between cells
- weight: weight = 1/(1 + distance)

#### Output for sNN:

- from: cell\_ID for source cell
- to: cell\_ID for target cell
- distance: distance between cells
- weight: 1/(1 + distance)
- shared: number of shared neighbours
- rank: ranking of pairwise cell neighbours

For sNN networks two additional parameters can be set:

- minimum\_shared: minimum number of shared neighbours needed
- top\_shared: keep this number of the top shared neighbours, irrespective of minimum\_shared setting

#### Value

giotto object with updated NN network

### **Examples**

createNearestNetwork(gobject)

createSpatialDefaultGrid

create Spatial Default Grid

### **Description**

Create a spatial grid using the default method

#### Usage

```
createSpatialDefaultGrid(
  gobject,
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

sdimx_stepsize stepsize along the x-axis

sdimy_stepsize stepsize along the y-axis

sdimz_stepsize stepsize along the z-axis

minimum_padding

minimum padding on the edges

name name for spatial grid (default = 'spatial_grid')

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

### **Details**

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

## Value

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

```
create {\it Spatial Delaunay Network} \\ {\it create Spatial Delaunay Network}
```

### **Description**

Create a spatial Delaunay network based on cell centroid physical distances.

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "Delaunay_network",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
```

```
Y = TRUE,
j = TRUE,
S = 0,
verbose = T,
return_gobject = TRUE,
...
)
```

# Arguments

gobject	giotto object	
method	package to use to create a Delaunay network	
dimensions	which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)	
name	name for spatial network (default = 'delaunay_network')	
maximum_distance		
	distance cuttof for Delaunay neighbors to consider. If "auto", "upper wisker" value of the distance vector between neighbors is used; see the boxplotgraphics documentation for more details.(default = "auto")	
minimum_k	minimum number of neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL	
options	(geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull command; see the Qhull documentation (/doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)	
Υ	(RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh boundary.	
j	(RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation from the output.	
S	(RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.	
verbose	verbose	
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)	
	Other additional parameters	

## **Details**

Creates a spatial Delaunay network as explained in delaunayn (default), deldir, or triangulate.

## Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

# **Examples**

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(gobject)
```

60 createSpatialGrid

createSpatialEnrich createSpatialEnrich

#### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using an enrichment test.

## Usage

```
createSpatialEnrich(...)
```

### **Arguments**

```
Arguments passed on to runSpatialEnrich
gobject Giotto object
enrich_method method for gene signature enrichment calculation
sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression_values expression values to use
reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale
logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
p_value calculate p-value (default = FALSE)
n_times (page/rank) number of permutation iterations to calculate p-value
top_percentage (hyper) percentage of cells that will be considered to have
gene expression with matrix binarization
output_enrichment how to return enrichment output
name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE
return_gobject return giotto object
```

## See Also

runSpatialEnrich

 ${\tt createSpatialGrid}$ 

createSpatialGrid

#### **Description**

Create a spatial grid using the default method

```
createSpatialGrid(
  gobject,
  name = NULL,
  method = c("default"),
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

name name for spatial grid

method method to create a spatial grid

sdimx_stepsize stepsize along the x-axis

sdimy_stepsize stepsize along the y-axis

sdimz_stepsize stepsize along the z-axis

minimum_padding

minimum padding on the edges

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

#### **Details**

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

• default method: createSpatialDefaultGrid

#### Value

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork
```

createSpatialKNN network

## Description

Create a spatial knn network.

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork(
  gobject,
  method = "dbscan",
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "knn_network",
  k = 4,
  maximum_distance = NULL,
  minimum_k = 0,
  verbose = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

62 createSpatialNetwork

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object method method to create kNN network dimensions which spatial dimensions to use (default = all) name name for spatial network (default = 'spatial\_network') k number of nearest neighbors based on physical distance maximum\_distance distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network minimum nearest neigbhours if maximum\_distance != NULL minimum\_k verbose verbose return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

**dimensions:** default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specififies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdimx', "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

additional arguments to the selected method function

**maximum\_distance:** to create a network based on maximum distance only, you also need to set k to a very high value, e.g. k = 100

#### **Examples**

```
{\tt createSpatialKNNnetwork(gobject)}
```

createSpatialNetwork createSpatialNetwork

## Description

Create a spatial network based on cell centroid physical distances.

```
createSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  name = NULL,
  dimensions = "all",
  method = c("Delaunay", "kNN"),
  delaunay_method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  maximum_distance_delaunay = "auto",
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  minimum_k = 0,
  knn_method = "dbscan",
```

createSpatialNetwork 63

```
k = 4,
maximum_distance_knn = NULL,
verbose = F,
return_gobject = TRUE,
...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

name for spatial network (default = 'spatial\_network')

dimensions which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)

method which method to use to create a spatial network. (default = Delaunay)

delaunay\_method

Delaunay method to use

maximum\_distance\_delaunay

distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for Delaunay network

options (geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull

command; see the Qhull documentation (../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the

available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)

Y (RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh bound-

ary.

j (RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation

from the output.

S (RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.

minimum\_k minimum nearest neighbours if maximum\_distance != NULL

knn\_method method to create kNN network

k number of nearest neighbors based on physical distance

maximum\_distance\_knn

distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network

verbose verbose

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
... Additional parameters for the selected function

#### **Details**

Creates a spatial network connecting single-cells based on their physical distance to each other. For Delaunay method, neighbors will be decided by delaunay triangulation and a maximum distance criteria. For kNN method, number of neighbors can be determined by k, or maximum distance from each cell with or without setting a minimum k for each cell.

**dimensions:** default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specififies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdimx', "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

#### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

64 create\_average\_DT

#### **Examples**

```
createSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

## Description

calculates average gene detection for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

### Usage

```
create_average_detection_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0
)
```

### **Arguments**

## Value

data.table with average gene epression values for each factor

### **Description**

calculates average gene expression for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

```
create_average_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom")
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

meta_data_name name of metadata column to use
expression_values

which expression values to use
```

#### Value

data.table with average gene epression values for each factor

### **Description**

creates randomized cell ids within a selection of cell types

# Usage

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(
  gobject,
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  needed_cell_types
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object to use

cluster_column cluster column with cell type information

needed_cell_types

vector of cell type names for which a random id will be found
```

## Details

Details will follow.

#### Value

list of randomly sampled cell ids with same cell type composition

## **Examples**

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(gobject)
```

### **Description**

create a crossSection object

#### Usage

```
create_crossSection_object(
  name = NULL,
  method = NULL,
  thickness_unit = NULL,
  slice_thickness = NULL,
  cell_distance_estimate_method = NULL,
  extend_ratio = NULL,
  plane_equation = NULL,
  mesh_grid_n = NULL,
  mesh_obj = NULL,
  cell_subset = NULL,
  cell_subset_spatial_locations = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_locations = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_PCA = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_coords = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

name of cress section object. (default = cross\_sectino) name method method to define the cross section plane. thickness\_unit unit of the virtual section thickness. If "cell", average size of the observed cells is used as length unit. If "natural", the unit of cell location coordinates is used.(default = cell) slice\_thickness thickness of slice cell\_distance\_estimate\_method method to estimate average distance between neighboring cells. (default = mean) extend\_ratio deciding the span of the cross section meshgrid, as a ratio of extension compared to the borders of the vitural tissue section. (default = 0.2) plane\_equation a numerical vector of length 4, in the form of c(A,B,C,D), which defines plane Ax+By+Cz=D. mesh\_grid\_n numer of meshgrid lines to generate along both directions for the cross section mesh\_obj object that stores the cross section meshgrid information. cells selected by the cross section cell\_subset cell\_subset\_spatial\_locations locations of cells selected by the cross section

create\_screeplot 67

```
cell_subset_projection_locations

3D projection coordinates of selected cells onto the cross section plane
cell_subset_projection_PCA

pca of projection coordinates
cell_subset_projection_coords

2D PCA coordinates of selected cells in the cross section plane
```

create\_screeplot

create\_screeplot

### **Description**

create screeplot with ggplot

## Usage

```
create_screeplot(pca_obj, ncp = 20, ylim = c(0, 20))
```

## Arguments

pca\_obj pca dimension reduction object

ncp number of principal components to calculate

ylim y-axis limits on scree plot

### Value

ggplot

 ${\tt crossSectionGenePlot} \quad {\it crossSectionGenePlot}$ 

# Description

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

```
crossSectionGenePlot(
  gobject = NULL,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot",
  ...
)
```

68 crossSectionGenePlot3D

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

crossSection_obj

crossSection object

name name of virtual cross section to use
spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

parameters for spatGenePlot2D
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

## See Also

```
spatGenePlot3D and spatGenePlot2D
```

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D
```

crossSectionGenePlot3D

### **Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot3D",
   ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

crossSectionPlot 69

### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

## **Examples**

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

crossSectionPlot

crossSectionPlot

### **Description**

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

### Usage

```
crossSectionPlot(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  default_save_name = "crossSectionPlot",
   ...
)
```

# Arguments

70 crossSectionPlot3D

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

crossSectionPlot

crossSectionPlot3D

crossSectionPlot3D

# Description

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
crossSectionPlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  default_save_name = "crossSection3D",
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

### **Details**

Description of parameters.

decide\_cluster\_order 71

#### Value

ggplot

### **Examples**

```
crossSectionPlot3D(gobject)
```

```
decide_cluster_order decide_cluster_order
```

### **Description**

creates order for clusters

### Usage

```
decide_cluster_order(
   gobject,
   expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
   genes,
   cluster_column = NULL,
   cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
   cluster_custom_order = NULL,
   cor_method = "pearson",
   hclust_method = "ward.D"
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
genes genes to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order
custom order for clusters
cor_method method for correlation
hclust_method method for hierarchical clustering
```

#### **Details**

Calculates order for clusters.

### Value

custom

#### **Examples**

```
decide_cluster_order(gobject)
```

detectSpatialCorGenes detectSpatialCorGenes

### **Description**

Detect genes that are spatially correlated

## Usage

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  method = c("grid", "network"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_smoothing = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman")
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
method
                  method to use for spatial averaging
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
subset_genes
                  subset of genes to use
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
network_smoothing
                  smoothing factor beteen 0 and 1 (default: automatic)
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
min_cells_per_grid
                  minimum number of cells to consider a grid
cor_method
                  correlation method
```

## **Details**

For method = network, it expects a fully connected spatial network. You can make sure to create a fully connected network by setting  $minimal_k > 0$  in the createSpatialNetwork function.

- 1. grid-averaging: average gene expression values within a predefined spatial grid
- 2. network-averaging: smoothens the gene expression matrix by averaging the expression within one cell by using the neighbours within the predefined spatial network. b is a smoothening factor that defaults to 1 1/k, where k is the median number of k-neighbors in the selected spatial network. Setting b = 0 means no smoothing and b = 1 means no contribution from its own expression.

The spatCorObject can be further explored with showSpatialCorGenes()

detectSpatialPatterns 73

#### Value

```
returns a spatial correlation object: "spatCorObject"
```

#### See Also

```
showSpatialCorGenes
```

## **Examples**

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

```
{\tt detectSpatialPatterns} \ \ \textit{detectSpatialPatterns}
```

## **Description**

Identify spatial patterns through PCA on average expression in a spatial grid.

# Usage

```
detectSpatialPatterns(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  show_plot = T,
  PC_zscore = 1.5
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use (default = 'spatial_grid')
min_cells_per_grid
                  minimum number of cells in a grid to be considered
                  scale features
scale_unit
                  number of principal components to calculate
ncp
show_plot
                  show plots
PC_zscore
                  minimum z-score of variance explained by a PC
```

74 dimCellPlot

#### **Details**

Steps to identify spatial patterns:

- 1. average gene expression for cells within a grid, see createSpatialGrid
- 2. perform PCA on the average grid expression profiles
- 3. convert variance of principlal components (PCs) to z-scores and select PCs based on a z-score threshold

#### Value

```
spatial pattern object 'spatPatObj'
```

#### **Examples**

```
detectSpatialPatterns(gobject)
```

dimCellPlot

dimCellPlot

### **Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimCellPlot(gobject, ...)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 Arguments passed on to dimCellPlot2D
                 dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use
                 dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 cell_annotation_values numeric cell annotation columns
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors for cell annotation values
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
```

dimCellPlot 75

```
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size size of center points
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

# Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimCellPlot2D

### Value

ggplot

# See Also

Other dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: dimCellPlot2D()

### **Examples**

```
dimCellPlot(gobject)
```

76 dimCellPlot2D

dimCellPlot2D

dimCellPlot2D

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
```

dimCellPlot2D 77

```
cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "dimCellPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim1_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    dim2_to_use
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    cell_annotation_values
                     numeric cell annotation columns
    show_NN_network
                     show underlying NN network
    nn_network_to_use
                     type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
    network_name
                     name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors for cell annotation values
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
    select_cells
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    show_other_cells
                     display not selected cells
    other_cell_color
                     color of not selected cells
    other_point_size
                     size of not selected cells
    show_cluster_center
                     plot center of selected clusters
    show_center_label
                     plot label of selected clusters
    center_point_size
                     size of center points
```

78 dimCellPlot2D

```
center_point_border_col
                  border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke
                  border stroke size of center points
                  size of labels
label_size
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape
                  point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
point_alpha
                  transparancy of dim. reduction points
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
legend_symbol_size
                  size of legend symbols
background_color
                  color of plot background
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

## Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

#### Value

ggplot

## See Also

Other dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: dimCellPlot()

# **Examples**

```
dimCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

dimGenePlot 79

dimGenePlot

dimGenePlot

#### **Description**

Visualize gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

#### **Usage**

```
dimGenePlot(...)
```

### **Arguments**

Arguments passed on to dimGenePlot2D gobject giotto object expression\_values gene expression values to use genes genes to show dim\_reduction\_to\_use dimension reduction to use dim\_reduction\_name dimension reduction name dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE network\_color color of NN network edge\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges scale\_alpha\_with\_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter point\_shape point with border or not (border or no\_border) point\_size size of point (cell) point\_alpha transparancy of points cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits point\_border\_col color of border around points point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points show\_legend show legend legend\_text size of legend text background\_color color of plot background axis\_text size of axis text axis\_title size of axis title cow\_n\_col cowplot param: how many columns cow\_rel\_h cowplot param: relative height cow\_rel\_w cowplot param: relative width cow\_align cowplot param: how to align

show\_plot show plots

return\_plot return ggplot object

80 dimGenePlot2D

```
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
dimGenePlot3D
```

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot2D(), dimGenePlot3D()

### **Examples**

```
dimGenePlot(gobject)
```

dimGenePlot2D

dimGenePlot2D

## **Description**

Visualize gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

### Usage

```
dimGenePlot2D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
```

dimGenePlot2D 81

```
point_border_col = "black",
      point_border_stroke = 0.1,
      show_legend = T,
      legend_text = 8,
      background_color = "white",
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      cow_n_col = 2,
      cow_rel_h = 1,
      cow_rel_w = 1,
      cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "dimGenePlot2D"
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    expression_values
                     gene expression values to use
    genes
                     genes to show
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
   dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim1_to_use
    dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    show_NN_network
                     show underlying NN network
   nn_network_to_use
                     type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
   network_name
                     name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
    network_color
                     color of NN network
    edge_alpha
                     column to use for alpha of the edges
    scale_alpha_with_expression
                     scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
                     point with border or not (border or no_border)
   point_shape
   point_size
                     size of point (cell)
   point_alpha
                     transparancy of points
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
```

82 dimGenePlot2D

```
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
background_color
                  color of plot background
                  size of axis text
axis_text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

# Details

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
dimGenePlot3D
```

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot3D(), dimGenePlot()

## **Examples**

```
dimGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

dimGenePlot3D 83

dimGenePlot3D

dimGenePlot3D

### **Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 2,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_legend = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "dimGenePlot3D"
)
```

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
gene expression values to use
genes genes to show
dim_reduction_to_use
dim_neduction_name
dimension reduction name
```

84 dimGenePlot3D

```
dim1_to_use
                  dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use
                  dimension to use on y-axis
                  dimension to use on z-axis
dim3_to_use
show_NN_network
                  show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
network_name
                  color of NN network
network_color
cluster_column cluster column to select groups
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
genes_high_color
                  color for high expression levels
genes_mid_color
                  color for medium expression levels
genes_low_color
                  color for low expression levels
show_legend
                  show legend
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot2D(), dimGenePlot()

### **Examples**

```
dimGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

dimPlot 85

dimPlot dimPlot

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

#### Usage

```
dimPlot(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D . . . gobject giotto object group\_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group\_by\_subset subset the group\_by factor column dim\_reduction\_to\_use dimension reduction to use dim\_reduction\_name dimension reduction name dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis spat\_enr\_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show NN network = TRUE cell\_color color for cells (see details) color\_as\_factor convert color column to factor cell\_color\_code named vector with colors cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell color parameter select\_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size size of not selected cells show\_cluster\_center plot center of selected clusters show\_center\_label plot label of selected clusters center\_point\_size size of center points center\_point\_border\_col border color of center points center\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke size of center points label\_size size of labels label\_fontface font of labels

edge\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges

point\_shape point with border or not (border or no\_border)

```
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

#### Value

ggplot

### See Also

Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), plotPCA\_2D(), plotPCA\_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE\_2D(), plotTSNE\_3D(), plotUMAP\_2D(), plotUMAP\_3D(), plotUMAP()

## **Examples**

dimPlot(gobject)

dimPlot2D

dimPlot2D

## Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

#### Usage

```
dimPlot2D(
  gobject,
  group_by = NULL,
  group_by_subset = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  title = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
```

```
default_save_name = "dimPlot2D"
)
```

#### Arguments

gobject giotto object group\_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group\_by\_subset subset the group\_by factor column dim\_reduction\_to\_use dimension reduction to use dim\_reduction\_name dimension reduction name dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dimension to use on y-axis dim2\_to\_use spat\_enr\_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE network\_name cell\_color color for cells (see details) color\_as\_factor convert color column to factor cell\_color\_code named vector with colors cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color parameter select\_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size size of not selected cells show\_cluster\_center plot center of selected clusters show\_center\_label plot label of selected clusters center\_point\_size size of center points

```
center_point_border_col
                  border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke
                  border stroke size of center points
                  size of labels
label_size
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape
                  point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
point_alpha
                  transparancy of point
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
title
                  title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
                  show legend
show_legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
legend_symbol_size
                  size of legend symbols
background_color
                  color of plot background
axis_text
                  size of axis text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

### **Details**

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

## **Examples**

```
dimPlot2D(gobject)
```

90 dimPlot3D

dimPlot3D

dimPlot3D

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

## Usage

```
dimPlot3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "dim3D"
)
```

dimPlot3D 91

```
dim3_to_use
                  dimension to use on z-axis
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
show_NN_network
                  show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
network_name
color_as_factor
                  convert color column to factor
                  color for cells (see details)
cell_color
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
show_cluster_center
                  plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label
                  plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size
                  size of center points
label_size
                  size of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

### Value

plotly

### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

92 doHclust

#### **Examples**

```
dimPlot3D(gobject)
```

doHclust

doHclust

## **Description**

cluster cells using hierarchical clustering algorithm

## Usage

```
doHclust(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "original", "euclidean", "maximum",
  "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
    "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
  k = 10,
  h = NULL,
  name = "hclust",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
genes_to_use
                 subset of genes to use
dim_reduction_to_use
                 dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                 dimensions reduction name
dimensions_to_use
                 dimensions to use
distance_method
                 distance method
agglomeration_method
                 agglomeration method for hclust
k
                 number of final clusters
```

doHMRF 93

```
h cut hierarchical tree at height = h
name name for hierarchical clustering
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed set seed
seed_number number for seed
```

#### **Details**

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

#### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

## See Also

hclust

## **Examples**

```
doHclust(gobject)
```

doHMRF

doHMRF

## **Description**

Run HMRF

# Usage

```
doHMRF(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  spatial_genes = NULL,
  spatial_dimensions = c("sdimx", "sdimy", "sdimz"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  name = "test",
  k = 10,
  betas = c(0, 2, 50),
  tolerance = 1e-10,
  zscore = c("none", "rowcol", "colrow"),
  numinit = 100,
  python_path = NULL,
  output_folder = NULL,
  overwrite_output = TRUE
)
```

94 doHMRF

## **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

expression\_values

expression values to use

spatial\_network\_name

name of spatial network to use for HMRF

spatial\_genes spatial genes to use for HMRF

spatial\_dimensions

select spatial dimensions to use, default is all possible dimensions

dim\_reduction\_to\_use

use another dimension reduction set as input

dim\_reduction\_name

name of dimension reduction set to use

dimensions\_to\_use

number of dimensions to use as input

name of HMRF run

k number of HMRF domains

betas betas to test for

tolerance tolerance

zscore zscore

numinit number of initializations

python\_path python path to use

output\_folder output folder to save results

overwrite\_output

overwrite output folder

# Details

Description of HMRF parameters ...

## Value

Creates a directory with results that can be viewed with viewHMRFresults

# **Examples**

doHMRF(gobject)

doKmeans 95

doKmeans

doKmeans

# Description

cluster cells using kmeans algorithm

## Usage

```
doKmeans(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
    "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
  centers = 10,
  iter_max = 100,
  nstart = 1000,
  algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
  name = "kmeans",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
                 subset of genes to use
genes_to_use
dim_reduction_to_use
                 dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                 dimensions reduction name
dimensions_to_use
                 dimensions to use
distance_method
                 distance method
                 number of final clusters
centers
                 kmeans maximum iterations
iter_max
nstart
                 kmeans nstart
                 kmeans algorithm
algorithm
name
                 name for kmeans clustering
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed
                 set seed
seed_number
                 number for seed
```

96 doLeidenCluster

#### **Details**

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

#### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

kmeans

### **Examples**

```
doKmeans(gobject)
```

doLeidenCluster

doLeidenCluster

## **Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden community detection algorithm

# Usage

```
doLeidenCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "leiden_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = "weight",
  partition_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition", "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  init_membership = NULL,
  n_iterations = 1000,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

doLeidenSubCluster 97

partition\_type The type of partition to use for optimisation.
init\_membership

initial membership of cells for the partition

n\_iterations number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm. If the number of iterations

is negative, the Leiden algorithm is run until an iteration in which there was no

improvement.

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set\_seed set seed

seed\_number number for seed

#### **Details**

This function is a wrapper for the Leiden algorithm implemented in python, which can detect communities in graphs of millions of nodes (cells), as long as they can fit in memory. See the https://github.com/vtraag/leidenalgleidenalg github page or the https://leidenalg.readthedocs.io/en/stable/index.htmlreadthedocs page for more information.

Partition types available and information:

- RBConfigurationVertexPartition: Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt's Potts model with a configuration null model. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter.
- Modularity Vertex Partition: Implements modularity. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. It does *not* use the resolution parameter

Set  $weight\_col = NULL$  to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

#### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

#### **Examples**

```
doLeidenCluster(gobject)
```

doLeidenSubCluster

doLeidenSubCluster

#### **Description**

Further subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden algorithm

# Usage

98 doLeidenSubCluster

```
hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
k_neighbors = 10,
resolution = 0.5,
n_iterations = 500,
python_path = NULL,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
return_gobject = TRUE,
verbose = T
```

## **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
                  name for new clustering result
name
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
hvg_param
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
                  minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
nn_param
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution of Leiden clustering
n_iterations
                  number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm.
python_path
                  specify specific path to python if required
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use
network_name
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose
                  verbose
```

## **Details**

This function performs subclustering using the Leiden algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

• 1. subset Giotto object

doLouvainCluster 99

- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Leiden clustering

#### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

doLeidenCluster

### **Examples**

```
doLeidenSubCluster(gobject)
```

doLouvainCluster

doLouvainCluster

## **Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm.

## Usage

```
doLouvainCluster(
  gobject,
  version = c("community", "multinet"),
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = NULL,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  louv_random = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
)
```

```
gobject giotto object

version implemented version of Louvain clustering to use

name name for cluster

nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
```

network\_name

python\_path [community] specify specific path to python if required
resolution [community] resolution
weight\_col weight column name
gamma [multinet] Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.
omega [multinet] Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method
louv\_random [community] Will randomize the node evaluation order and the community eval-

uation order to get different partitions at each call

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

name of NN network to use

set\_seed set seed

seed\_number number for seed
... additional parameters

## **Details**

Louvain clustering using the community or multinet implementation of the louvain clustering algorithm.

#### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

doLouvainCluster\_community and doLouvainCluster\_multinet

## **Examples**

```
doLouvainCluster(gobject)
```

```
\label{lower} do Louvain {\it Cluster\_community} \\ do Louvain {\it Cluster\_community}
```

#### Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the community module in Python

## Usage

```
doLouvainCluster_community(
  gobject,
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = NULL,
  louv_random = F,
```

```
return_gobject = TRUE,
set_seed = F,
seed_number = 1234
)
```

### **Arguments**

giotto object gobject name for cluster name nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use network\_name specify specific path to python if required python\_path resolution resolution weight\_col weight column to use for edges Will randomize the node evaluation order and the community evaluation order louv\_random to get different partitions at each call return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

## **Details**

set\_seed

seed\_number

This function is a wrapper for the Louvain algorithm implemented in Python, which can detect communities in graphs of nodes (cells). See the <a href="https://python-louvain.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html">https://python-louvain.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html</a> readthedocs page for more information.

Set *weight\_col* = *NULL* to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

# **Examples**

```
doLouvainCluster_community(gobject)
```

set seed

number for seed

```
\label{lower} do Louvain Cluster\_multinet \\ do Louvain Cluster\_multinet
```

# **Description**

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the multinet package in R.

102 doLouvainSubCluster

#### Usage

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
name name for cluster
nn_network_to_use
```

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

network\_name name of NN network to use

gamma Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.

omega Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method.

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set\_seed set seed

seed\_number number for seed

## **Details**

See glouvain\_ml from the multinet package in R for more information.

## Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

## **Examples**

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(gobject)
```

 ${\tt doLouvainSubCluster} \qquad {\tt doLouvainSubCluster}$ 

## **Description**

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm

doLouvainSubCluster 103

#### Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_clus",
  version = c("community", "multinet"),
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
    = "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  resolution = 0.5,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  python_path = NULL,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
name
                  name for new clustering result
version
                  version of Louvain algorithm to use
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_param
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
                  minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
nn_param
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution for community algorithm
gamma
                  gamma
omega
                  omega
```

#### **Details**

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain clustering

#### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

doLouvainCluster\_multinet and doLouvainCluster\_community

### **Examples**

```
doLouvainSubCluster(gobject)
```

```
\label{lower} do Louvain SubCluster\_community \\ do Louvain SubCluster\_community
```

## Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain community detection algorithm

#### Usage

```
min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
k_neighbors = 10,
resolution = 0.5,
python_path = NULL,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
return_gobject = TRUE,
verbose = T
)
```

### Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
name
                  name for new clustering result
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_param
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                 minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
nn_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution
                  specify specific path to python if required
python_path
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name
                  name of NN network to use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose
                  verbose
```

#### **Details**

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain community algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain community clustering

#### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

#### See Also

```
doLouvainCluster_community
```

### **Examples**

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community(gobject)
```

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet
```

doLouvainSubCluster\_multinet

## **Description**

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain multinet detection algorithm

# Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_mult_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
    = "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

```
gobject giotto object

name name for new clustering result

cluster_column cluster column to subcluster

selected_clusters

only do subclustering on these clusters
```

hvg\_param parameters for calculateHVG

hvg\_min\_perc\_cells

threshold for detection in min percentage of cells

hvg\_mean\_expr\_det

threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection

use\_all\_genes\_as\_hvg

forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA

min\_nr\_of\_hvg minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA

pca\_param parameters for runPCA

nn\_param parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork

k\_neighbors number of k for createNearestNetwork

gamma gamma
omega omega
nn\_network\_to\_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

verbose verbose

#### **Details**

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain multinet algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain multinet clustering

#### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

# See Also

doLouvainCluster\_multinet

## **Examples**

doLouvainSubCluster\_multinet(gobject)

108 doRandomWalkCluster

doRandomWalkCluster

doRandomWalkCluster

## **Description**

Cluster cells using a random walk approach.

### Usage

```
doRandomWalkCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "random_walk_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  walk_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
name
                 name for cluster
nn_network_to_use
                 type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 name of NN network to use
network_name
                 number of walking steps
walk_steps
walk_clusters
                 number of final clusters
walk_weights
                 cluster column defining the walk weights
return_gobject | boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed
                 set seed
seed_number
                 number for seed
```

## **Details**

See cluster\_walktrap function from the igraph package in R for more information.

### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

### **Examples**

```
doRandomWalkCluster(gobject)
```

doSNNCluster 109

doSNNCluster doSNNCluster

# Description

Cluster cells using a SNN cluster approach.

### Usage

```
doSNNCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sNN_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "kNN",
  network_name = "kNN.pca",
  k = 20,
  eps = 4,
  minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object
name name for cluster
nn\_network\_to\_use

type of NN network to use (only works on kNN)

 $network\_name \qquad name \ of \ kNN \ network \ to \ use$ 

k Neighborhood size for nearest neighbor sparsification to create the shared NN

graph.

eps Two objects are only reachable from each other if they share at least eps nearest

neighbors.

minPts minimum number of points that share at least eps nearest neighbors for a point

to be considered a core points.

borderPoints should borderPoints be assigned to clusters like in DBSCAN?

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set\_seed set seed

seed\_number number for seed

### **Details**

See sNNclust from dbscan package

#### Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

110 exportGiottoViewer

### **Examples**

```
doSNNCluster(gobject)
```

 $\verb"estimateImageBg"$ 

estimateImageBg

### **Description**

helps to estimate which color is the background color of your plot

#### Usage

```
estimateImageBg(mg_object, top_color_range = 1:50)
```

### **Arguments**

```
mg_object magick image or Giotto image object top_color_range top possible background colors to return
```

#### Value

vector of pixel color frequencies and an associated barplot

## **Examples**

```
estimateImageBg(mg_object)
```

exportGiottoViewer

*exportGiottoViewer* 

# Description

compute highly variable genes

```
exportGiottoViewer(
  gobject,
  output_directory = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  factor_annotations = NULL,
  numeric_annotations = NULL,
  dim_reductions,
  dim_reduction_names,
  expression_values = c("scaled", "normalized", "custom"),
  dim_red_rounding = NULL,
  dim_red_rescale = c(-20, 20),
  expression_rounding = 2,
  overwrite_dir = T,
  verbose = T
```

exprCellCellcom 111

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
output_directory
                  directory where to save the files
spat_enr_names spatial enrichment results to include for annotations
factor_annotations
                  giotto cell annotations to view as factor
numeric_annotations
                  giotto cell annotations to view as numeric
dim_reductions high level dimension reductions to view
dim_reduction_names
                  specific dimension reduction names
expression_values
                  expression values to use in Viewer
dim_red_rounding
                  numerical indicating how to round the coordinates
dim_red_rescale
                  numericals to rescale the coordinates
expression_rounding
                  numerical indicating how to round the expression data
                  overwrite files in the directory if it already existed
overwrite_dir
verbose
                  be verbose
```

## **Details**

Giotto Viewer expects the results from Giotto Analyzer in a specific format, which is provided by this function. To include enrichment results from createSpatialEnrich include the provided spatial enrichment name (default PAGE or rank) and add the gene signature names (.e.g cell types) to the numeric annotations parameter.

### Value

writes the necessary output to use in Giotto Viewer

#### **Examples**

exportGiottoViewer(gobject)

exprCellCellcom exprCellCellcom

# Description

Cell-Cell communication scores based on expression only

112 exprCellCellcom

#### Usage

### **Arguments**

```
giotto object to use
gobject
cluster_column cluster column with cell type information
                  number of iterations
random_iter
                  first specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_1
                  second specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_2
log2FC_addendum
                  addendum to add when calculating log2FC
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
                  adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
adjust_target
verbose
                  verbose
```

## **Details**

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values, without considering the spatial position of cells. More details will follow soon.

#### Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on expression only

```
exprCellCellcom(gobject)
```

fDataDT

fDataDT

fDataDT

# Description

show gene metadata

# Usage

```
fDataDT(gobject)
```

# Arguments

gobject

giotto object

#### Value

data.table with gene metadata

# **Examples**

```
pDataDT(gobject)
```

filterCellProximityGenes

filter Cell Proximity Genes

### **Description**

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

```
filterCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

114 filterCombinations

#### **Arguments**

```
cpgObject
                 cell proximity gene score object
min_cells
                 minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells
                 minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
                 minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                 minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff
                 minimum absolute spatial expression difference
                 minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                 minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
                 differential expression directions to keep
direction
```

#### Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

### **Examples**

```
filterCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

filterCombinations filterCombinations

### **Description**

Shows how many genes and cells are lost with combinations of thresholds.

```
filterCombinations(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_thresholds = c(1, 2),
  gene_det_in_min_cells = c(5, 50),
  min_det_genes_per_cell = c(200, 400),
  scale_x_axis = "identity",
  x_axis_offset = 0,
  scale_y_axis = "identity",
  y_axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = TRUE,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterCombinations")
```

filterCPG 115

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
{\tt expression\_thresholds}
                  all thresholds to consider a gene expressed
gene_det_in_min_cells
                  minimum number of cells that should express a gene to consider that gene fur-
                  ther
min_det_genes_per_cell
                  minimum number of expressed genes per cell to consider that cell further
scale_x_axis
                  ggplot transformation for x-axis (e.g. log2)
x_axis_offset
                  x-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
scale_y_axis
                  ggplot transformation for y-axis (e.g. log2)
y_axis_offset
                  y-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return only ggplot object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

# **Details**

Creates a scatterplot that visualizes the number of genes and cells that are lost with a specific combination of a gene and cell threshold given an arbitrary cutoff to call a gene expressed. This function can be used to make an informed decision at the filtering step with filterGiotto.

### Value

list of data.table and ggplot object

### **Examples**

filterCombinations(gobject)

filterCPG filterCPG

### **Description**

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

116 filterDistributions

#### Usage

```
filterCPG(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
cell proximity gene score object
cpgObject
                 minimum number of source cell type
min_cells
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells
                 minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
                 minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                 minimum adjusted p-value
                 minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
                 minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                 minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction
                 differential expression directions to keep
```

### Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

### **Examples**

```
filterCPG(gobject)
```

 ${\it filter Distributions} \qquad {\it filter Distributions}$ 

### Description

show gene or cell distribution after filtering on expression threshold

filterDistributions 117

#### Usage

```
filterDistributions(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  detection = c("genes", "cells"),
  plot_type = c("histogram", "violin"),
  nr_bins = 30,
  fill_color = "lightblue",
  scale_axis = "identity",
  axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterDistributions"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
expression_threshold
                  threshold to consider a gene expressed
detection
                  consider genes or cells
plot_type
                  type of plot
nr_bins
                  number of bins for histogram plot
fill_color
                  fill color for plots
scale_axis
                  ggplot transformation for axis (e.g. log2)
axis_offset
                  offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot object

```
filterDistributions(gobject)
```

118 filterGiotto

filterGiotto

filterGiotto

# Description

filter Giotto object based on expression threshold

### Usage

```
filterGiotto(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  gene_det_in_min_cells = 100,
  min_det_genes_per_cell = 100,
  verbose = F
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

expression_threshold

threshold to consider a gene expressed

gene_det_in_min_cells

minimum # of cells that need to express a gene

min_det_genes_per_cell

minimum # of genes that need to be detected in a cell

verbose

verbose
```

### **Details**

The function filterCombinations can be used to explore the effect of different parameter values.

# Value

giotto object

```
filterGiotto(gobject)
```

```
findCellProximityGenes
```

findCellProximityGenes

# **Description**

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

# Usage

```
findCellProximityGenes(
 gobject,
 expression_values = "normalized",
  selected_genes = NULL,
 cluster_column,
 spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 minimum_unique_cells = 1,
 minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
 diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
 mean_method = c("arithmic", "geometric"),
 offset = 0.1,
 adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
 nr_permutations = 1000,
 exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
 do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
cluster_column name of column to use for cell types
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
minimum_unique_cells
                  minimum number of target cells required
minimum_unique_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cells required
diff_test
                  which differential expression test
mean_method
                  method to use to calculate the mean
                  offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
offset
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
nr_permutations
                  number of permutations if diff_test = permutation
```

120 findCPG

#### Details

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results data.table in the cpgObject contains - at least - the following columns:

- genes: All or selected list of tested genes
- sel: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- other: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- log2fc: log2 fold-change between sel and other
- · diff: spatial expression difference between sel and other
- p.value: associated p-value
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- cell\_type: target cell type
- int\_cell\_type: interacting cell type
- nr\_select: number of cells for selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_select: number of cells for interacting cell type
- nr\_other: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_other: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- unif\_int: cell-cell interaction

### Value

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

# **Examples**

findCellProximityGenes(gobject)

findCPG findCPG

### **Description**

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

findCPG 121

#### **Usage**

```
findCPG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = "normalized",
  selected_genes = NULL,
  cluster_column,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 minimum_unique_cells = 1,
 minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
 diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
 mean_method = c("arithmic", "geometric"),
 offset = 0.1,
 adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
 nr_permutations = 100,
 exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
 do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
cluster_column name of column to use for cell types
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
minimum_unique_cells
                  minimum number of target cells required
minimum_unique_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cells required
diff\_test
                  which differential expression test
mean_method
                  method to use to calculate the mean
offset
                  offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
adjust_method
                  which method to adjust p-values
nr_permutations
                  number of permutations if diff_test = permutation
exclude_selected_cells_from_test
                  exclude interacting cells other cells
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
```

# **Details**

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results data.table in the cpgObject contains - at least - the following columns:

122 findGiniMarkers

- genes: All or selected list of tested genes
- sel: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- other: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- log2fc: log2 fold-change between sel and other
- diff: spatial expression difference between sel and other
- p.value: associated p-value
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- cell\_type: target cell type
- int\_cell\_type: interacting cell type
- nr\_select: number of cells for selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_select: number of cells for interacting cell type
- nr\_other: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- int\_nr\_other: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- unif\_int: cell-cell interaction

#### Value

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

# **Examples**

```
findCPG(gobject)
```

findGiniMarkers

findGiniMarkers

# **Description**

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on gini detection and expression scores.

```
findGiniMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.2,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.2,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 5
)
```

findGiniMarkers 123

#### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_1
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2
min_expr_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
min_det_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient for detection
detection_threshold
                  detection threshold for gene expression
                  rank scores for both detection and expression to include
rank_score
                  minimum number of top genes to return
min_genes
```

#### **Details**

Detection of marker genes using the <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gini\_coefficientginic

- 1. calculate average expression per cluster
- 2. calculate detection fraction per cluster
- 3. calculate gini-coefficient for av. expression values over all clusters
- 4. calculate gini-coefficient for detection fractions over all clusters
- 5. convert gini-scores to rank scores
- 6. for each gene create combined score = detection rank x expression rank x expr ginicoefficient x detection gini-coefficient
- 7. for each gene sort on expression and detection rank and combined score

As a results "top gini" genes are genes that are very selectivily expressed in a specific cluster, however not always expressed in all cells of that cluster. In other words highly specific, but not necessarily sensitive at the single-cell level.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specificy cluster IDs to the parameters *group\_1* and *group\_2*.

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

# **Examples**

findGiniMarkers(gobject)

```
find {\it GiniMarkers\_one\_vs\_all} \\ {\it find GiniMarkers\_one\_vs\_all}
```

# Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on gini detection and expression scores.

#### Usage

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 4,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
min_expr_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient on expression
min_det_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient on detection
detection_threshold
                  detection threshold for gene expression
rank_score
                  rank scores for both detection and expression to include
                  minimum number of top genes to return
min_genes
verbose
                  be verbose
```

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

#### See Also

findGiniMarkers

findMarkers 125

#### **Examples**

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

findMarkers

findMarkers

# Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters.

### Usage

```
findMarkers(
 gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 cluster_column = NULL,
 method = c("scran", "gini", "mast"),
 subset_clusters = NULL,
 group_1 = NULL,
 group_2 = NULL,
 min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
 min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
 detection_threshold = 0,
 rank_score = 1,
 min\_genes = 4,
 group_1_name = NULL,
 group_2_name = NULL,
 adjust_columns = NULL,
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
method
                  method to use to detect differentially expressed genes
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
group_1
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2
min_expr_gini_score
                  gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
min\_det\_gini\_score
                  gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection
detection\_threshold
                  gini: detection threshold for gene expression
```

```
rank_score gini: rank scores to include
min_genes minimum number of top genes to return (for gini)
group_1_name mast: custom name for group_1 clusters
group_2_name mast: custom name for group_2 clusters
adjust_columns mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran or zlm function in MAST
```

#### **Details**

Wrapper for all individual functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

#### See Also

findScranMarkers, findGiniMarkers and findMastMarkers

### **Examples**

```
findMarkers(gobject)
```

### **Description**

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner.

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  method = c("scran", "gini", "mast"),
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
)
```

findMarkers\_one\_vs\_all 127

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

expression\_values

gene expression values to use

cluster\_column clusters to use

subset\_clusters

selection of clusters to compare

method method to use to detect differentially expressed genes

pval scran & mast: filter on minimal p-value

logFC scan & mast: filter on logFC

min\_genes minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC

min\_expr\_gini\_score

gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression

min\_det\_gini\_score

gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection

detection\_threshold

gini: detection threshold for gene expression

rank\_score gini: rank scores to include

adjust\_columns mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)

verbose be verbose

... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran or zlm function in

MAST

### **Details**

Wrapper for all one vs all functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

### See Also

findScranMarkers\_one\_vs\_all, findGiniMarkers\_one\_vs\_all and findMastMarkers\_one\_vs\_all

```
{\tt findMarkers\_one\_vs\_all(gobject)}
```

128 findMastMarkers

findMastMarkers

findMastMarkers

### **Description**

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on the MAST package.

# Usage

```
findMastMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_1_name = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  group_2_name = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  ...
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_1
                  custom name for group_1 clusters
group_1_name
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2
group_2_name
                  custom name for group_2 clusters
adjust_columns column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
                  additional parameters for the zlm function in MAST
. . .
```

### **Details**

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the zlm from the MAST package to detect differentially expressed genes.

### Value

data.table with marker genes

```
findMastMarkers(gobject)
```

### **Description**

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on the MAST package.

### Usage

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  pval = 0.001,
  logFC = 1,
  min_genes = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
adjust_columns column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
                  filter on minimal p-value
pval
logFC
                  filter on logFC
min_genes
                  minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC
                  be verbose
verbose
                  additional parameters for the zlm function in MAST
```

## Value

data.table with marker genes

## See Also

findMastMarkers

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

130 findScranMarkers

```
findNetworkNeighbors findNetworkNeighbors
```

#### **Description**

Find the spatial neighbors for a selected group of cells within the selected spatial network.

# Usage

```
findNetworkNeighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name,
  source_cell_ids = NULL,
  name = "nb_cells"
)
```

## **Arguments**

### Value

data.table

### **Examples**

findNetworkNeighbors(gobject)

 ${\tt findScranMarkers}$ 

findScranMarkers

### **Description**

Identify marker genes for all or selected clusters based on scran's implementation of findMarkers.

```
findScranMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  ...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

### **Details**

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the findMarkers function from the scran package.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specificy cluster IDs to the parameters *group\_1* and *group\_2*.

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

### **Examples**

```
findScranMarkers(gobject)
```

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all findScranMarkers_one_vs_all
```

### **Description**

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on scran's implementation of findMarkers.

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

132 get10Xmatrix

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

expression\_values

gene expression values to use

cluster\_column clusters to use

subset\_clusters

subset of clusters to use

pval filter on minimal p-value

logFC filter on logFC

min\_genes minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC

verbose be verbose

... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran

#### Value

data.table with marker genes

#### See Also

findScranMarkers

# **Examples**

findScranMarkers\_one\_vs\_all(gobject)

get10Xmatrix

get10Xmatrix

#### **Description**

This function creates an expression matrix from a 10X structured folder

# Usage

```
get10Xmatrix(path_to_data, gene_column_index = 1)
```

### **Arguments**

```
\label{eq:path_to_data} \begin{array}{ll} \text{path to the } 10X \text{ folder} \\ \text{gene\_column\_index} \end{array}
```

which column from the features or genes .tsv file to use for row ids

#### **Details**

A typical 10X folder is named raw\_feature\_bc\_matrix or raw\_feature\_bc\_matrix and tt has 3 files:

- barcodes.tsv(.gz)
- features.tsv(.gz) or genes.tsv(.gz)
- matrix.mtx(.gz)

By default the first column of the features or genes .tsv file will be used, however if multiple annotations are provided (e.g. ensembl gene ids and gene symbols) the user can select another column.

getClusterSimilarity 133

#### Value

sparse expression matrix from 10X

#### **Examples**

```
get10Xmatrix(path_to_data)
```

```
getClusterSimilarity
getClusterSimilarity
```

### **Description**

Creates data.table with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster.

# Usage

```
getClusterSimilarity(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman")
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cor correlation score to calculate distance
```

### **Details**

Creates data.table with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster and the group size (# of cells) for each cluster. This information can be used together with mergeClusters to combine very similar or small clusters into bigger clusters.

# Value

data.table

```
getClusterSimilarity(gobject)
```

134 getDendrogramSplits

```
getDendrogramSplits getDendrogramSplits
```

### **Description**

Split dendrogram at each node and keep the leave (label) information..

#### Usage

```
getDendrogramSplits(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  show_dend = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
                  correlation score to calculate distance
cor
                  distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
distance
h
                  height of horizontal lines to plot
h_color
                  color of horizontal lines
show_dend
                  show dendrogram
verbose
                  be verbose
```

### **Details**

Creates a data.table with three columns and each row represents a node in the dendrogram. For each node the height of the node is given together with the two subdendrograms. This information can be used to determine in a hierarchical manner differentially expressed marker genes at each node.

## Value

data.table object

```
{\tt getDendrogramSplits(gobject)}
```

getDistinctColors 135

getDistinctColors

getDistinctColors

# Description

Returns a number of distint colors based on the RGB scale

# Usage

```
getDistinctColors(n)
```

# **Arguments**

n

number of colors wanted

# Value

number of distinct colors

getGiottoImage

getGiottoImage

# Description

```
get get a giotto image from a giotto object
```

# Usage

```
getGiottoImage(gobject, image_name)
```

# Arguments

gobject

giotto object

 ${\tt image\_name}$ 

name of giotto image showGiottoImageNames

# Value

a giotto image

```
getGiottoImage(gobject)
```

giotto-class

get\_os

get\_os

# Description

return the type of operating system, see https://conjugateprior.org/2015/06/identifying-the-os-from-r/

### Usage

get\_os()

#### Value

character osx, linux or windows

giotto-class

S4 giotto Class

#### **Description**

Framework of giotto object to store and work with spatial expression data

### **Slots**

```
raw_exprs raw expression counts
norm_expr normalized expression counts
norm_scaled_expr normalized and scaled expression counts
custom_expr custom normalized counts
spatial_locs spatial location coordinates for cells
cell_metadata metadata for cells
gene_metadata metadata for genes
cell_ID unique cell IDs
gene_ID unique gene IDs
spatial_network spatial network in data.table/data.frame format
spatial_grid spatial grid in data.table/data.frame format
spatial_enrichment slot to save spatial enrichment-like results
dimension_reduction slot to save dimension reduction coordinates
nn_network nearest neighbor network in igraph format
images slot to store giotto images
parameters slot to save parameters that have been used
instructions slot for global function instructions
offset_file offset file used to stitch together image fields
OS_platform Operating System to run Giotto analysis on
```

 $heatmSpatialCorGenes \quad \textit{heatmSpatialCorGenes}$ 

#### **Description**

Create heatmap of spatially correlated genes

# Usage

```
heatmSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_cluster_annot = TRUE,
  show_row_dend = T,
  show_column_dend = F,
  show_row_names = F,
  show_column_names = F,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "heatmSpatialCorGenes",
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 spatial correlation object
spatCorObject
use_clus_name
                 name of clusters to visualize (from clusterSpatialCorGenes())
show_cluster_annot
                 show cluster annotation on top of heatmap
show_row_dend
                 show row dendrogram
show_column_dend
                 show column dendrogram
show_row_names show row names
show_column_names
                 show column names
show_plot
                 show plot
return_plot
                 return ggplot object
                 directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                 list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                 default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                 additional parameters to the Heatmap function from ComplexHeatmap
. . .
```

#### Value

Heatmap generated by ComplexHeatmap

### **Examples**

heatmSpatialCorGenes(gobject)

hyperGeometricEnrich hyperGeometricEnrich

### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test.

### Usage

```
hyperGeometricEnrich(...)
```

# **Arguments**

... Arguments passed on to runHyperGeometricEnrich

gobject Giotto object
sign\_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression\_values expression values to use
reverse\_log\_scale reverse expression values from log scale
logbase log base to use if reverse\_log\_scale = TRUE

top\_percentage percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix binarization

output\_enrichment how to return enrichment output p\_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE) name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank return\_gobject return giotto object

### See Also

run Hyper Geometric Enrich

```
insert {\tt CrossSectionGenePlot3D}
```

insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D

### **Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

#### Usage

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
 crossSection_obj = NULL,
 name = NULL,
 spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
 mesh_grid_width = 3,
 mesh_grid_style = "dot",
 sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  show_other_cells = F,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D_with_cross_section",
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
crossSection_obj
                  cross section object as alternative input. default = NULL.
                  name of virtual cross section to use
name
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
mesh_grid_color
                  color for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_width
                  width for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_style
                  style for the meshgrid lines
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimx
sdimy
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
```

```
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
axis_scale
                  axis_scale
custom_ratio
                  custom_ratio
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  parameters for spatGenePlot3D
. . .
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

### **Examples**

insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)

```
insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D} \\ insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D}
```

### **Description**

Visualize the meshgrid lines of cross section together with cells

```
insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D(
 gobject,
 crossSection_obj = NULL,
 name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
 mesh_grid_width = 3,
 mesh_grid_style = "dot",
 sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
 sdimz = "sdimz",
 show_other_cells = F,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 default_save_name = "spat3D_with_cross_section",
)
```

jackstrawPlot 141

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
crossSection_obj
                  cross section object as alternative input. default = NULL.
                  name of virtual cross section to use
name
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
mesh_grid_color
                  color for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_width
                  width for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_style
                  style for the meshgrid lines
sdimx
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimy
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
axis_scale
                  axis_scale
custom_ratio
                  custom_ratio
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  parameters for spatPlot3D
```

### **Details**

Description of parameters.

### Value

ggplot

# Examples

 $insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D(gobject)}$ 

jackstrawPlot jackstrawPlot

### **Description**

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs)

142 jackstrawPlot

#### Usage

```
jackstrawPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = FALSE,
  scale_unit = FALSE,
  ncp = 20,
  ylim = c(0, 1),
  iter = 10,
  threshold = 0.01,
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "jackstrawPlot"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  cells or genes
reduction
                  subset of genes to use for PCA
genes_to_use
                  center data before PCA
center
scale_unit
                  scale features before PCA
ncp
                  number of principal components to calculate
                  y-axis limits on jackstraw plot
ylim
                  number of interations for jackstraw
iter
                  p-value threshold to call a PC significant
threshold
verbose
                  show progress of jackstraw method
                  show plot
show_plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
default_save_name
```

#### **Details**

The Jackstraw method uses the permutationPA function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

loadHMRF

### Value

ggplot object for jackstraw method

# **Examples**

```
jackstrawPlot(gobject)
```

loadHMRF

loadHMRF

# Description

load previous HMRF

# Usage

```
loadHMRF(
  name_used = "test",
  output_folder_used,
  k_used = 10,
  betas_used,
  python_path_used
)
```

# Arguments

```
name_used name of HMRF that was run
output_folder_used
output folder that was used

k_used number of HMRF domains that was tested
betas_used betas that were tested
python_path_used
python path that was used
```

## **Details**

Description of HMRF parameters ...

## Value

reloads a previous ran HMRF from doHRMF

```
loadHMRF(gobject)
```

144 makeSignMatrixRank

makeSignMatrixPAGE makeSignMatrixPAGE

#### **Description**

Function to convert a list of signature genes (e.g. for cell types or processes) into a binary matrix format that can be used with the PAGE enrichment option. Each cell type or process should have a vector of cell-type or process specific genes. These vectors need to be combined into a list (sign\_list). The names of the cell types or processes that are provided in the list need to be given (sign\_names).

#### Usage

```
makeSignMatrixPAGE(sign_names, sign_list)
```

#### **Arguments**

sign\_names vector with names for each provided gene signature

sign\_list list of genes (signature)

#### Value

matrix

#### See Also

**PAGEEnrich** 

# **Examples**

makeSignMatrixPAGE()

 $make Sign Matrix Rank \qquad make Sign Matrix Rank$ 

# Description

Function to convert a single-cell count matrix and a corresponding single-cell cluster vector into a rank matrix that can be used with the Rank enrichment option.

### Usage

```
makeSignMatrixRank(sc_matrix, sc_cluster_ids, gobject = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

sc\_matrix matrix of single-cell RNAseq expression data

sc\_cluster\_ids vector of cluster ids

gobject if giotto object is given then only genes present in both datasets will be consid-

ered

mergeClusters 145

#### Value

matrix

#### See Also

rankEnrich

### **Examples**

makeSignMatrixRank()

mergeClusters

mergeClusters

# Description

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

# Usage

```
mergeClusters(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  new_cluster_name = "merged_cluster",
  min_cor_score = 0.8,
  max_group_size = 20,
  force_min_group_size = 10,
  max_sim_clusters = 10,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
                  correlation score to calculate distance
{\tt new\_cluster\_name}
                  new name for merged clusters
min_cor_score min correlation score to merge pairwise clusters
max_group_size max cluster size that can be merged
force_min_group_size
                  size of clusters that will be merged with their most similar neighbor(s)
max_sim_clusters
                  maximum number of clusters to potentially merge to reach force_min_group_size
return_gobject return giotto object
verbose
                  be verbose
```

node\_clusters

#### **Details**

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster. To avoid large clusters to merge the max\_group\_size can be lowered. Small clusters can be forcibly merged with their most similar pairwise cluster by adjusting the force\_min\_group\_size parameter. Clusters smaller than this value will be merged independent on the provided min\_cor\_score value. The force\_min\_group\_size might not always be reached if clusters have already been merged before A giotto object is returned by default, if FALSE then the merging vector will be returned.

#### Value

Giotto object

# **Examples**

```
mergeClusters(gobject)
```

node\_clusters

node\_clusters

# **Description**

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

# Usage

```
node_clusters(hclus_obj, verbose = TRUE)
```

# **Arguments**

hclus\_obj hclus object
verbose be verbose

# Value

list of splitted dendrogram nodes from high to low node height

```
node_clusters(hclus_obj)
```

normalizeGiotto 147

normalizeGiotto	normalizeGiotto
-----------------	-----------------

# **Description**

fast normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

#### Usage

```
normalizeGiotto(
  gobject,
  norm_methods = c("standard", "osmFISH"),
  library_size_norm = TRUE,
  scalefactor = 6000,
  log_norm = TRUE,
  log_offset = 1,
  logbase = 2,
  scale_genes = T,
  scale_cells = T,
  scale_order = c("first_genes", "first_cells"),
  verbose = F
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
norm_methods
                  normalization method to use
library_size_norm
                  normalize cells by library size
scalefactor
                  scale factor to use after library size normalization
                  transform values to log-scale
log_norm
log_offset
                  offset value to add to expression matrix, default = 1
logbase
                  log base to use to log normalize expression values
                  z-score genes over all cells
scale_genes
scale_cells
                  z-score cells over all genes
scale_order
                  order to scale genes and cells
verbose
                  be verbose
```

### **Details**

Currently there are two 'methods' to normalize your raw counts data.

A. The standard method follows the standard protocol which can be adjusted using the provided parameters and follows the following order:

- 1. Data normalization for total library size and scaling by a custom scale-factor.
- 2. Log transformation of data.
- 3. Z-scoring of data by genes and/or cells.

148 PAGEEnrich

- B. The normalization method as provided by the osmFISH paper is also implemented:
  - 1. First normalize genes, for each gene divide the counts by the total gene count and multiply by the total number of genes.
  - 2. Next normalize cells, for each cell divide the normalized gene counts by the total counts per cell and multiply by the total number of cells.

This data will be saved in the Giotto slot for custom expression.

#### Value

giotto object

# **Examples**

normalizeGiotto(gobject)

**PAGEEnrich** 

runPAGEEnrich

#### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using PAGE.

# Usage

```
PAGEEnrich(...)
```

# Arguments

... Arguments passed on to runPAGEEnrich

gobject Giotto object

sign\_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process

 ${\tt expression\_values} \ \ expression \ values \ \ to \ use$ 

reverse\_log\_scale reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse\_log\_scale = TRUE

 ${\tt output\_enrichment}$  how to return enrichment output

p\_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)

 $n\_times \ number of \ permutations \ to \ calculate \ for \ p\_value$ 

name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE

return\_gobject return giotto object

### See Also

runPAGEEnrich

pDataDT

pDataDT

pDataDT

## **Description**

show cell metadata

## Usage

```
pDataDT(gobject)
```

#### **Arguments**

gobject

giotto object

#### Value

data.table with cell metadata

#### **Examples**

```
pDataDT(gobject)
```

plotCCcomDotplot

plotCCcomDotplot

# Description

Plots dotplot for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

```
plotCCcomDotplot(
  gobject,
  comScores,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  show_LR_names = TRUE,
  show_cell_LR_names = TRUE,
  cluster_on = c("PI", "LR_expr", "log2fc"),
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"),
 aggl_method = c("ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average", "mcquitty",
    "median", "centroid"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCCcomDotplot"
)
```

150 plotCCcomHeatmap

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  communinication scores from exprCellCellcom or spatCellCellcom
comScores
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor combinations
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
show_LR_names
                  show ligand-receptor names
show_cell_LR_names
                  show cell-cell names
                  values to use for clustering of cell-cell and ligand-receptor pairs
cluster_on
                  correlation method used for clustering
cor_method
                  agglomeration method used by hclust
aggl\_method
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot

# **Examples**

```
plotCCcomDotplot(CPGscores)
```

plotCCcomHeatmap plotCCcomHeatmap

## **Description**

Plots heatmap for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

```
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "plotCCcomHeatmap")
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
comScores
                  communinication scores from exprCellCellcom or spatCellCellcom
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor combinations
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
show_LR_names
                  show ligand-receptor names
show_cell_LR_names
                  show cell-cell names
show
                  values to show on heatmap
                  correlation method used for clustering
cor_method
                  agglomeration method used by hclust
aggl_method
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
{\tt default\_save\_name}
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot

# **Examples**

```
plotCCcomHeatmap(CPGscores)
```

```
plot Cell Proximity Genes \\ plot Cell Proximity Genes
```

# **Description**

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

### Usage

```
plotCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
    "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCellProximityGenes"
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
cpgObject
                  cell proximity gene score object
method
                  plotting method to use
min_cells
                  minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
                  minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                  minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
                  minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                  minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction
                  differential expression directions to keep
cell_color_code
                  vector of colors with cell types as names
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

plotCombineCCcom 153

#### Value

plot

## **Examples**

```
plotCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)
```

plotCombineCCcom

plotCombineCCcom

### **Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

# Usage

```
plotCombineCCcom(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCCcom"
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
{\sf combCCcom}
                  combined communcation scores, output from combCCcom()
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor pair
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
{\tt detail\_plot}
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
simple_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
```

```
facet_nrow ggplot facet nrow parameter

colors vector with two colors to use

show_plot show plots

return_plot return plotting object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

### Value

ggplot

# **Examples**

```
plotCombineCCcom(CPGscores)
```

```
plot {\tt Combine Cell Cell Communication} \\ plot {\tt Combine Cell Cell Communication} \\
```

# Description

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCellCellCommunication"
```

#### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
combCCcom
                  combined communcation scores, output from combCCcom()
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor pair
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
detail_plot
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_ncol
facet_nrow
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

### Value

ggplot

# **Examples**

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(CPGscores)
```

```
plot {\tt Combine Cell Proximity Genes} \\ plot {\tt Combine Cell Proximity Genes}
```

## **Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
```

```
simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
facet_scales = "fixed",
facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
combCpgObject
                  CPGscores, output from combineCellProximityGenes()
selected_interactions
                  interactions to show
selected_gene_to_gene
                  pairwise gene combinations to show
detail_plot
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
simple_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_nrow
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)
```

plotCombineCPG 157

plotCombineCPG plotCombineCPG

#### **Description**

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

# Usage

```
plotCombineCPG(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
combCpgObject
                 CPGscores, output from combineCellProximityGenes()
selected_interactions
                 interactions to show
selected_gene_to_gene
                 pairwise gene combinations to show
detail_plot
                 show detailed info in both interacting cell types
simple_plot
                 show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                 facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                 ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol
                 ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_nrow
                 ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                 vector with two colors to use
show_plot
                 show plots
return_plot
                 return plotting object
                 directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                 list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

158 plotCPG

#### Value

ggplot

#### **Examples**

```
plotCombineCPG(CPGscores)
```

plotCPG

plotCPG

## **Description**

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

# Usage

```
plotCPG(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
    "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 5,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCPG"
)
```

```
gobject giotto object
cpgObject cell proximity gene score object
method plotting method to use
min_cells minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
```

plotGiottoImage 159

min\_fdr minimum adjusted p-value

min\_spat\_diff minimum absolute spatial expression difference

min\_log2\_fc minimum log2 fold-change min\_zscore minimum z-score change

zscores\_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes direction differential expression directions to keep

cell\_color\_code

vector of colors with cell types as names

show\_plot show plots

return\_plot return plotting object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

## Value

plot

# **Examples**

plotCPG(CPGscores)

plotGiottoImage plotGiottoImage

# **Description**

get plot a giotto image from a giotto object

# Usage

```
plotGiottoImage(gobject, image_name)
```

# **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

image\_name name of giotto image showGiottoImageNames

# Value

plot

```
\verb|plotGiottoImage(gobject)|
```

160 plotHeatmap

plotHeatmap

plotHeatmap

### **Description**

Creates heatmap for genes and clusters.

### Usage

```
plotHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  cluster_color_code = NULL,
  cluster_cor_method = "pearson",
  cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D"
  gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),
  gene_custom_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_hclust_method = "complete",
  show_values = c("rescaled", "z-scaled", "original"),
  size_vertical_lines = 1.1,
  gradient_colors = c("blue", "yellow", "red"),
  gene_label_selection = NULL,
  axis_text_y_size = NULL,
  legend_nrows = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotHeatmap"
)
```

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
genes genes to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order
custom order for clusters
cluster_color_code
color code for clusters
cluster_cor_method
method for cluster correlation
```

plotHeatmap 161

```
cluster_hclust_method
                  method for hierarchical clustering of clusters
                  method to determine gene order
gene_order
gene_custom_order
                  custom order for genes
{\tt gene\_cor\_method}
                  method for gene correlation
gene_hclust_method
                  method for hierarchical clustering of genes
show_values
                  which values to show on heatmap
size_vertical_lines
                  sizes for vertical lines
gradient_colors
                  colors for heatmap gradient
gene_label_selection
                  subset of genes to show on y-axis
axis_text_y_size
                  size for y-axis text
legend_nrows
                  number of rows for the cluster legend
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name
```

### Details

If you want to display many genes there are 2 ways to proceed:

- 1. set axis\_text\_y\_size to a really small value and show all genes
- 2. provide a subset of genes to display to gene\_label\_selection

#### Value

ggplot

```
## Not run:
plotHeatmap(gobject)
## End(Not run)
```

162 plotICG

plotICG plotICG

## **Description**

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

# Usage

```
plotICG(
   gobject,
   cpgObject,
   source_type,
   source_markers,
   ICG_genes,
   cell_color_code = NULL,
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotICG"
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  cell proximity gene score object
cpgObject
source_type
                  cell type of the source cell
source_markers markers for the source cell type
ICG_genes
                  named character vector of ICG genes
cell_color_code
                  cell color code for the interacting cell types
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

plot

```
plotICG(CPGscores)
```

```
plotInteraction {\tt Changed Genes} \\ plotInteraction {\tt Changed Genes} \\
```

# Description

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

## Usage

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes(
   gobject,
   cpgObject,
   source_type,
   source_markers,
   ICG_genes,
   cell_color_code = NULL,
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotInteractionChangedGenes")
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
cpgObject
                  cell proximity gene score object
                  cell type of the source cell
source_type
source_markers markers for the source cell type
ICG_genes
                  named character vector of ICG genes
cell_color_code
                  cell color code for the interacting cell types
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default\_save\_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

# Value

plot

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes(CPGscores)
```

```
plot {\tt MetaDataCellsHeatmap} \\ plot {\tt MetaDataCellsHeatmap}
```

## **Description**

Creates heatmap for numeric cell metadata within aggregated clusters.

# Usage

```
plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(
  gobject,
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  value_cols = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_values_order = NULL,
  values_cor_method = "pearson",
  values_cluster_method = "complete",
  midpoint = 0,
  x_{text_size} = 8,
  x_{text_angle} = 45,
  y_{text_size} = 8,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap"
)
```

```
clus_cor_method
```

correlation method for clusters

clus\_cluster\_method

hierarchical cluster method for the clusters

custom\_values\_order

custom values order (default = NULL)

values\_cor\_method

correlation method for values

values\_cluster\_method

hierarchical cluster method for the values

midpoint midpoint of show\_values

x\_text\_size size of x-axis text

x\_text\_angle angle of x-axis text

y\_text\_size size of y-axis text

strip\_text\_size

size of strip text

show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

# Details

Creates heatmap for the average values of selected value columns in the different annotation groups.

# Value

ggplot or data.table

# See Also

plotMetaDataHeatmap for gene expression instead of numeric cell annotation data.

# **Examples**

plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(gobject)

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap
```

# Description

Creates heatmap for genes within aggregated clusters.

# Usage

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_gene_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_cluster_method = "complete",
  gradient_color = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = 0,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  x_{text_size} = 10,
  x_{text_angle} = 45,
  y_{text_size} = 10,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataHeatmap"
```

plotMetaDataHeatmap 167

```
clus_cor_method
                  correlation method for clusters
clus_cluster_method
                  hierarchical cluster method for the clusters
custom_gene_order
                  custom gene order (default = NULL)
gene_cor_method
                  correlation method for genes
gene_cluster_method
                  hierarchical cluster method for the genes
gradient_color vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
x_text_size
                  size of x-axis text
x_text_angle
                  angle of x-axis text
y_text_size
                  size of y-axis text
strip_text_size
                  size of strip text
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name
```

# Details

Creates heatmap for the average expression of selected genes in the different annotation/cluster groups. Calculation of cluster or gene order is done on the provided expression values, but visualization is by default on the z-scores. Other options are the original values or z-scores rescaled per gene (-1 to 1).

# Value

ggplot or data.table

### See Also

plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap for numeric cell annotation instead of gene expression.

### **Examples**

plotMetaDataHeatmap(gobject)

168 plotPCA

plotPCA plotPCA

### **Description**

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

#### Usage

```
plotPCA(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "pca", default_save_name = "PCA", ...)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of PCA
default_save_name
                 default save name of PCA plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
. . .
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 center_point_border_col border color of center points
                 center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 label_fontface font of labels
```

plotPCA\_2D 169

```
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotPCA\_3D

### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

#### **Examples**

plotPCA(gobject)

plotPCA\_2D

plotPCA\_2D

# **Description**

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

plotPCA\_2D

```
plotPCA_2D(
      gobject,
      dim_reduction_name = "pca",
      default_save_name = "PCA_2D",
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    dim_reduction_name
                     name of PCA
    default_save_name
                     default save name of PCA plot
                      Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
    . . .
                     group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                     group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                     dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                     dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                     spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                      show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                     nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                     network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                     cell_color color for cells (see details)
                     color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                     cell_color_code named vector with colors
                     cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                     gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                     gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                      select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                          eter
                     select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                     show_other_cells display not selected cells
                     other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                     other_point_size size of not selected cells
                     show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                     show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                     center_point_size size of center points
                     center_point_border_col border color of center points
                     center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
                     label_size size of labels
                     label_fontface font of labels
                     edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                     point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
                     point_size size of point (cell)
                     point_alpha transparancy of point
```

plotPCA\_3D 171

```
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotPCA\_3D

#### Value

ggplot

# See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

# Examples

```
plotPCA_2D(gobject)
```

plotPCA\_3D

plotPCA\_3D

### **Description**

Visualize cells according to 3D PCA dimension reduction

```
plotPCA_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  default_save_name = "PCA_3D",
   ...
)
```

plotPCA\_3D

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                  name of PCA
default_save_name
                  default save name of PCA plot
                  Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
. . .
                  dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                  dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                  dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                  spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                  show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                  nn\_network\_to\_use \ type \ of \ NN \ network \ to \ use \ (kNN \ vs \ sNN)
                  network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                  cell_color color for cells (see details)
                  color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                  cell_color_code named vector with colors
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                  select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  show_other_cells display not selected cells
                  other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                  other_point_size size of not selected cells
                  show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                  show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                  center_point_size size of center points
                  label_size size of labels
                  edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                  point_size size of point (cell)
                  show_plot show plot
                  return_plot return ggplot object
                  save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
                  save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

# See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

```
plotPCA_3D(gobject)
```

plotRankSpatvsExpr 173

plotRankSpatvsExpr plotRankSpatvsExpr

#### **Description**

Plots dotplot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

# Usage

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(
  gobject,
  combCC,
  expr_rnk_column = "LR_expr_rnk",
  spat_rnk_column = "LR_spat_rnk",
  midpoint = 10,
  size\_range = c(0.01, 1.5),
  xlims = NULL,
  ylims = NULL,
  selected_ranks = c(1, 10, 20),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotRankSpatvsExpr"
)
```

```
giotto object
gobject
combCC
                  combined communinication scores from combCCcom
expr_rnk_column
                  column with expression rank information to use
spat_rnk_column
                  column with spatial rank information to use
midpoint
                  midpoint of colors
                  size ranges of dotplot
size_range
xlims
                  x-limits, numerical vector of 2
ylims
                  y-limits, numerical vector of 2
selected_ranks numerical vector, will be used to print out the percentage of top spatial ranks are
                  recovered
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return plotting object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

174 plotRecovery

#### Value

ggplot

## **Examples**

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(CPGscores)
```

plotRecovery

plotRecovery

## **Description**

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

# Usage

```
plotRecovery(
   gobject,
   combCC,
   expr_rnk_column = "exprPI_rnk",
   spat_rnk_column = "spatPI_rnk",
   ground_truth = c("spatial", "expression"),
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotRecovery"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
                  combined communinication scores from combCCcom
combCC
expr_rnk_column
                  column with expression rank information to use
spat_rnk_column
                  column with spatial rank information to use
ground_truth
                  what to consider as ground truth (default: spatial)
                  show plots
show_plot
return_plot
                  return plotting object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

### Value

ggplot

plotRecovery\_sub 175

# **Examples**

```
plotRecovery(CPGscores)
```

```
plotRecovery_sub
```

plotRecovery\_sub

## Description

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

# Usage

```
plotRecovery_sub(combCC, first_col = "LR_expr_rnk", second_col = "LR_spat_rnk")
```

## **Arguments**

combCC combined communinication scores from combCCcom

first\_col first column to use second\_col second column to use

## **Examples**

```
plotRecovery_sub(CPGscores)
```

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork
```

plot Stat Delaunay Network

### **Description**

Plots network statistics for a Delaunay network..

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  dimensions = "all",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotStatDelaunayNetwork",
)
```

176 plotTSNE

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

method package to use to create a Delaunay network

dimensions which spatial dimensions to use (maximum 2 dimensions)

maximum\_distance

distance cuttof for Delaunay neighbors to consider

minimum\_k minimum neighbours if maximum\_distance != NULL

options (geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull

command; see the Qhull documentation (../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the

available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)

Y (RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh bound-

ary.

j (RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation

from the output.

S (RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.

show\_plot show plots

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

... Other parameters

#### Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

# **Examples**

 $\verb|plotStatDelaunayNetwork(gobject)|$ 

plotTSNE plotTSNE

## **Description**

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

```
plotTSNE(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "tsne", default_save_name = "tSNE", ...)
```

plotTSNE 177

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object dim\_reduction\_name name of TSNE default\_save\_name default save name of TSNE plot Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D . . . group\_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group\_by\_subset subset the group\_by factor column dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis spat\_enr\_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE cell\_color color for cells (see details) color\_as\_factor convert color column to factor cell\_color\_code named vector with colors cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color paramselect\_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size size of not selected cells show\_cluster\_center plot center of selected clusters show\_center\_label plot label of selected clusters center\_point\_size size of center points center\_point\_border\_col border color of center points center\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke size of center points label\_size size of labels label\_fontface font of labels edge\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges point\_shape point with border or not (border or no\_border) point\_size size of point (cell) point\_alpha transparancy of point point\_border\_col color of border around points point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points title title for plot, defaults to cell\_color parameter show\_legend show legend legend\_text size of legend text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols background\_color color of plot background

178 plotTSNE\_2D

```
axis_text size of axis text

axis_title size of axis title

cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns

cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height

cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width

cow_align cowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotTSNE\_3D

#### Value

ggplot

### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

# **Examples**

```
plotTSNE(gobject)
```

plotTSNE\_2D

plotTSNE\_2D

## **Description**

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

```
plotTSNE_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "tSNE_2D",
   ...
)
```

plotTSNE\_2D 179

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object dim\_reduction\_name name of TSNE default\_save\_name default save name of TSNE plot Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D . . . group\_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group\_by\_subset subset the group\_by factor column dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis spat\_enr\_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE cell\_color color for cells (see details) color\_as\_factor convert color column to factor cell\_color\_code named vector with colors cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color paramselect\_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size size of not selected cells show\_cluster\_center plot center of selected clusters show\_center\_label plot label of selected clusters center\_point\_size size of center points center\_point\_border\_col border color of center points center\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke size of center points label\_size size of labels label\_fontface font of labels edge\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges point\_shape point with border or not (border or no\_border) point\_size size of point (cell) point\_alpha transparancy of point point\_border\_col color of border around points point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points title title for plot, defaults to cell\_color parameter show\_legend show legend legend\_text size of legend text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols background\_color color of plot background

180 plotTSNE\_3D

```
axis_text size of axis text

axis_title size of axis title

cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns

cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height

cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width

cow_align cowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotTSNE\_3D

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

## **Examples**

```
plotTSNE_2D(gobject)
```

```
plotTSNE_3D
```

plotTSNE\_3D

# Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

```
plotTSNE_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "TSNE_3D",
   ...
)
```

plotTSNE\_3D

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of TSNE
default_save_name
                 default save name of TSNE plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                 point_size size of point (cell)
                 show_plot show plot
                 return_plot return ggplot object
                 save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
                  save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

### Details

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

182 plotUMAP

#### **Examples**

```
plotTSNE_3D(gobject)
```

plotUMAP

plotUMAP

#### **Description**

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

#### Usage

```
plotUMAP(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "umap", default_save_name = "UMAP", ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
. . .
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                      eter
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
```

plotUMAP 183

```
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotUMAP\_3D

### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D()
```

### **Examples**

```
plotUMAP(gobject)
```

184 plotUMAP\_2D

plotUMAP\_2D

plotUMAP\_2D

#### **Description**

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

# Usage

```
plotUMAP_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "umap";
  default_save_name = "UMAP_2D",
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                      eter
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
```

plotUMAP\_2D 185

```
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotUMAP\_3D

### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

### **Examples**

```
plotUMAP_2D(gobject)
```

186 plotUMAP\_3D

plotUMAP\_3D

plotUMAP\_3D

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

# Usage

```
plotUMAP_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "umap"
  default_save_name = "UMAP_3D",
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                 point_size size of point (cell)
                 show_plot show plot
```

print.giotto 187

```
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

#### See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP()
```

## **Examples**

```
plotUMAP_3D(gobject)
```

print.giotto

print method for giotto class

## Description

print method for giotto class. Prints the chosen number of genes (rows) and cells (columns) from the raw count matrix. Also print the spatial locations for the chosen number of cells.

## Usage

```
print.giotto(object, ...)
```

# Arguments

nr\_genes number of genes (rows) to print
nr\_cells number of cells (columns) to print

rankEnrich

rankEnrich

### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a rank based approach.

# Usage

```
rankEnrich(...)
```

### **Arguments**

... Arguments passed on to runRankEnrich

gobject Giotto object

 $\verb|sign_matrix| Matrix| of signature genes for each cell type / process$ 

expression\_values expression values to use

reverse\_log\_scale reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse\_log\_scale = TRUE
output\_enrichment how to return enrichment output

p\_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)

n\_times number of permutations to calculate for p\_value name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank

return\_gobject return giotto object

## See Also

runRankEnrich

 ${\tt rankSpatialCorGroups} \quad \textit{rankSpatialCorGroups}$ 

### Description

Rank spatial correlated clusters according to correlation structure

# Usage

```
rankSpatialCorGroups(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "rankSpatialCorGroups"
)
```

readExprMatrix 189

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

spatCorObject spatial correlation object

use\_clus\_name name of clusters to visualize (from clusterSpatialCorGenes())

show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

#### Value

data.table with positive (within group) and negative (outside group) scores

## **Examples**

rankSpatialCorGroups(gobject)

readExprMatrix readExprMatrix

## Description

Function to read an expression matrix into a sparse matrix.

# Usage

```
readExprMatrix(path, cores = NA, transpose = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

path path to the expression matrix cores number of cores to use transpose matrix

#### **Details**

The expression matrix needs to have both unique column names and row names

#### Value

sparse matrix

### **Examples**

readExprMatrix()

190 removeCellAnnotation

```
{\tt readGiottoInstructions}
```

readGiottoInstrunctions

## Description

Retrieves the instruction associated with the provided parameter

## Usage

```
readGiottoInstructions(giotto_instructions, param = NULL)
```

### **Arguments**

```
giotto_instructions
```

giotto object or result from createGiottoInstructions()

param parameter to retrieve

#### Value

specific parameter

## **Examples**

readGiottoInstrunctions()

removeCellAnnotation removeCellAnnotation

# Description

removes cell annotation of giotto object

## Usage

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

columns names of columns to remove

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

### **Details**

if return\_gobject = FALSE, it will return the cell metadata

#### Value

giotto object

removeGeneAnnotation 191

### **Examples**

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject)
```

removeGeneAnnotation removeGeneAnnotation

## Description

removes gene annotation of giotto object

### Usage

```
removeGeneAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

columns names of columns to remove

return\_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

#### **Details**

if return\_gobject = FALSE, it will return the gene metadata

### Value

giotto object

### **Examples**

removeGeneAnnotation(gobject)

```
replaceGiottoInstructions
```

replace Giot to Instructions

### **Description**

Function to replace all instructions from giotto object

#### Usage

```
replaceGiottoInstructions(gobject, instructions = NULL)
```

## Arguments

gobject giotto object

instructions new instructions (e.g. result from createGiottoInstructions)

runDWLSDeconv

#### Value

giotto object with replaces instructions

## **Examples**

```
replaceGiottoInstructions()
```

runDWLSDeconv

runDWLSDeconv

### **Description**

Function to perform DWLS deconvolution based on single cell expression data

## Usage

```
runDWLSDeconv(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized"),
  logbase = 2,
  cluster_column = "leiden_clus",
  sign_matrix,
  n_cell = 50,
  cutoff = 2,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
logbase
                  base used for log normalization
cluster_column name of cluster column
                  sig matrix for deconvolution
sign_matrix
                  number of cells per spot
n_cell
cutoff
                  cut off (default = 2)
                  name to give to spatial deconvolution results, default = DWLS
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

# Value

giotto object or deconvolution results

```
runHyperGeometricEnrich
```

runHyperGeometricEnrich

### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test.

### Usage

```
runHyperGeometricEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  top_percentage = 5,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
                  Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
sign_matrix
expression_values
                  expression values to use
reverse_log_scale
                  reverse expression values from log scale
logbase
                  log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
top_percentage percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix
                  binarization
output_enrichment
                  how to return enrichment output
                  calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
p_value
                  to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank
return_gobject return giotto object
```

#### **Details**

The enrichment score is calculated based on the p-value from the hypergeometric test, -log10(p-value).

#### Value

data.table with enrichment results

194 runPAGEEnrich

runPAGEEnrich

runPAGEEnrich

### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using PAGE.

### Usage

```
runPAGEEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  n_times = 1000,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
Giotto object
gobject
sign_matrix
                  Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression_values
                  expression values to use
reverse_log_scale
                  reverse expression values from log scale
logbase
                  log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
output_enrichment
                  how to return enrichment output
                  calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
p_value
                  number of permutations to calculate for p_value
n_times
                  to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

#### **Details**

sign\_matrix: a binary matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a list of signature genes can be provided to makeSignMatrixPAGE, which will create the matrix for you.

The enrichment Z score is calculated by using method (PAGE) from Kim SY et al., BMC bioinformatics, 2005 as  $Z=((Sm^{\smallsmile}mu)*m^(1/2))/delta$ . For each gene in each spot, mu is the fold change values versus the mean expression and delta is the standard deviation. Sm is the mean fold change value of a specific marker gene set and m is the size of a given marker gene set.

runPCA 195

#### Value

data.table with enrichment results

#### See Also

makeSignMatrixPAGE

runPCA

runPCA

#### **Description**

runs a Principal Component Analysis

### Usage

```
runPCA(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  name = "pca",
  genes_to_use = "hvg",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
  rev = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  cells or genes
reduction
                  arbitrary name for PCA run
name
                  subset of genes to use for PCA
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
center
                  center data first (default = FALSE)
scale_unit
                  scale features before PCA (default = FALSE)
                  number of principal components to calculate
ncp
method
                  which implementation to use
                  do a reverse PCA
rev
                  verbosity of the function
verbose
                  additional parameters for PCA (see details)
. . .
```

196 runRankEnrich

#### **Details**

See prcomp\_irlba and PCA for more information about other parameters.

- genes\_to\_use = NULL: will use all genes from the selected matrix
- genes\_to\_use = <hvg name>: can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes, created by (see calculateHVG)
- genes\_to\_use = c('geneA', 'geneB', ...): will use all manually provided genes

#### Value

giotto object with updated PCA dimension recuction

### **Examples**

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
plotPCA(VC_small)</pre>
```

runRankEnrich

runRankEnrich

#### **Description**

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a rank based approach.

#### Usage

```
runRankEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  n_times = 1000,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

runSpatialDeconv 197

#### **Arguments**

gobject Giotto object

sign\_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process

expression\_values

expression values to use

reverse\_log\_scale

reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse\_log\_scale = TRUE

output\_enrichment

how to return enrichment output

p\_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)

n\_times number of permutations to calculate for p\_value

name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank

return\_gobject return giotto object

#### **Details**

sign\_matrix: a rank-fold matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a scRNA-seq matrix and vector with clusters can be provided to makeSignMatrixRank, which will create the matrix for you.

First a new rank is calculated as  $R = (R1*R2)^{(1/2)}$ , where R1 is the rank of fold-change for each gene in each spot and R2 is the rank of each marker in each cell type. The Rank-Biased Precision is then calculated as:  $RBP = (1 - 0.99) * (0.99)^{(R - 1)}$  and the final enrichment score is then calculated as the sum of top 100 RBPs.

### Value

data.table with enrichment results

### See Also

 ${\it make Sign Matrix Rank}$ 

runSpatialDeconv

runSpatialDeconv

## Description

Function to perform deconvolution based on single cell expression data

runSpatialEnrich

#### Usage

```
runSpatialDeconv(
  gobject,
  deconv_method = c("DWLS"),
  expression_values = c("normalized"),
  logbase = 2,
  cluster_column = "leiden_clus",
  sign_matrix,
  n_cell = 50,
  cutoff = 2,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
giotto object
gobject
                  method to use for deconvolution
deconv_method
expression_values
                  expression values to use
logbase
                  base used for log normalization
cluster_column name of cluster column
                  signature matrix for deconvolution
sign_matrix
n_cell
                  number of cells per spot
cutoff
                  cut off (default = 2)
                  name to give to spatial deconvolution results
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

### Value

giotto object or deconvolution results

 $run Spatial Enrich \\ run Spatial Enrich$ 

## Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using an enrichment test.

### Usage

```
runSpatialEnrich(
  gobject,
  enrich_method = c("PAGE", "rank", "hypergeometric"),
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
```

runtSNE 199

```
p_value = FALSE,
n_times = 1000,
top_percentage = 5,
output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
name = NULL,
return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

gobject Giotto object method for gene signature enrichment calculation enrich\_method Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process sign\_matrix expression\_values expression values to use reverse\_log\_scale reverse expression values from log scale logbase log base to use if reverse\_log\_scale = TRUE calculate p-value (default = FALSE) p\_value (page/rank) number of permutation iterations to calculate p-value n\_times (hyper) percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with top\_percentage matrix binarization output\_enrichment how to return enrichment output to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE

# Details

For details see the individual functions:

return\_gobject return giotto object

PAGE: runPAGEEnrichRank: runRankEnrich

• Hypergeometric: runHyperGeometricEnrich

### Value

Giotto object or enrichment results if return\_gobject = FALSE

runtSNE	runtSNE	

## Description

run tSNE

200 runtSNE

#### Usage

```
runtSNE(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
 dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
 dim_reduction_name = "pca",
 dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
 name = "tsne",
 genes_to_use = NULL,
 return_gobject = TRUE,
 dims = 2,
 perplexity = 30,
  theta = 0.5,
 do_PCA_first = F,
  set\_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234,
 verbose = TRUE,
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
reduction
                 cells or genes
dim_reduction_to_use
                 use another dimension reduction set as input
dim_reduction_name
                 name of dimension reduction set to use
dimensions_to_use
                 number of dimensions to use as input
                 arbitrary name for tSNE run
name
                 if dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, which genes to use
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
dims
                 tSNE param: number of dimensions to return
                 tSNE param: perplexity
perplexity
                 tSNE param: theta
theta
                 tSNE param: do PCA before tSNE (default = FALSE)
do_PCA_first
set_seed
                 use of seed
seed_number
                 seed number to use
                 verbosity of the function
verbose
                 additional tSNE parameters
. . .
```

runUMAP 201

#### **Details**

See Rtsne for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for tSNE dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set dim\_reduction\_to\_use = NULL
- If dim\_reduction\_to\_use = NULL, genes\_to\_use can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes (see calculateHVG) or simply provide a vector of genes
- multiple tSNE results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

#### Value

giotto object with updated tSNE dimension recuction

#### **Examples**

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runTSNE(VC_small, dimensions_to_use = 1:5, n_threads = 2)
plotTSNE(gobject = VC_small)</pre>
```

runUMAP

runUMAP

#### **Description**

run UMAP

# Usage

```
runUMAP(
   gobject,
   expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
   reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
   dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
   dim_reduction_name = "pca",
   dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
   name = "umap",
   genes_to_use = NULL,
   return_gobject = TRUE,
   n_neighbors = 40,
```

202 runUMAP

```
n_components = 2,
n_epochs = 400,
min_dist = 0.01,
n_threads = 1,
spread = 5,
set_seed = T,
seed_number = 1234,
verbose = T,
...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
reduction
                 cells or genes
dim_reduction_to_use
                 use another dimension reduction set as input
dim_reduction_name
                 name of dimension reduction set to use
dimensions_to_use
                 number of dimensions to use as input
                 arbitrary name for UMAP run
name
                 if dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, which genes to use
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
n_neighbors
                 UMAP param: number of neighbors
n_components
                 UMAP param: number of components
                 UMAP param: number of epochs
n_epochs
min_dist
                 UMAP param: minimum distance
                 UMAP param: threads to use
n_threads
spread
                 UMAP param: spread
set_seed
                 use of seed
seed_number
                 seed number to use
verbose
                 verbosity of function
                 additional UMAP parameters
. . .
```

## Details

See umap for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for UMAP dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set dim\_reduction\_to\_use = NULL
- If dim\_reduction\_to\_use = NULL, genes\_to\_use can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes (see calculateHVG) or simply provide a vector of genes
- multiple UMAP results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

screePlot 203

#### Value

giotto object with updated UMAP dimension recuction

### **Examples**

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runUMAP(VC_small, dimensions_to_use = 1:5, n_threads = 2)
plotUMAP(gobject = VC_small)</pre>
```

screePlot

screePlot

### Description

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs) using an screeplot (a.k.a. elbowplot)

# Usage

```
screePlot(
  gobject,
  name = "pca",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
  rev = FALSE,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  ylim = c(0, 20),
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "screePlot",
)
```

204 screePlot

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

name of PCA object if available

expression\_values

expression values to use

reduction cells or genes

method which implementation to use

rev do a reverse PCA

genes\_to\_use subset of genes to use for PCA

center center data before PCA
scale\_unit scale features before PCA

ncp number of principal components to calculate

ylim y-axis limits on scree plot

verbose verobsity show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function()

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

... additional arguments to pca function, see runPCA

#### **Details**

Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC provides a significant contribution (a.k.a 'elbow method').

Screeplot will use an available pca object, based on the parameter 'name', or it will create it if it's not available (see runPCA)

#### Value

ggplot object for scree method

# Examples

screePlot(gobject)

selectPatternGenes 205

selectPatternGenes

selectPatternGenes

## Description

Select genes correlated with spatial patterns

### Usage

```
selectPatternGenes(
   spatPatObj,
   dimensions = 1:5,
   top_pos_genes = 10,
   top_neg_genes = 10,
   min_pos_cor = 0.5,
   min_neg_cor = -0.5,
   return_top_selection = FALSE
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
spatPatObj Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimensions dimensions to identify correlated genes for.
top_pos_genes Top positively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes Top negatively correlated genes.
min_pos_cor Minimum positive correlation score to include a gene.
min_neg_cor Minimum negative correlation score to include a gene.
return_top_selection
only return selection based on correlation criteria (boolean)
```

### Details

Description.

#### Value

Data.table with genes associated with selected dimension (PC).

### **Examples**

```
selectPatternGenes(gobject)
```

# Description

helper function to select expression values

### Usage

```
select_expression_values(gobject, values)
```

# Arguments

gobject giotto object

values expression values to extract

## Value

expression matrix

show, giotto-method show method for giotto class

## Description

show method for giotto class

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'giotto'
show(object)
```

 $\verb|showClusterDendrogram| showClusterDendrogram|$ 

## Description

Creates dendrogram for selected clusters.

#### Usage

```
showClusterDendrogram(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  rotate = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterDendrogram",
  ...
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
                  correlation score to calculate distance
cor
distance
                  distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
                  height of horizontal lines to plot
h
h_color
                  color of horizontal lines
rotate
                  rotate dendrogram 90 degrees
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  additional parameters for ggdendrogram()
```

#### **Details**

Expression correlation dendrogram for selected clusters.

#### Value

ggplot

### **Examples**

```
showClusterDendrogram(gobject)
```

208 showClusterHeatmap

showClusterHeatmap showClusterHeatmap

#### **Description**

Creates heatmap based on identified clusters

#### Usage

```
showClusterHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = "all",
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterHeatmap",
  ...
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  vector of genes to use, default to 'all'
genes
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cor
                  correlation score to calculate distance
                  distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
distance
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  additional parameters for the Heatmap function from ComplexHeatmap
```

#### **Details**

Correlation heatmap of selected clusters.

# Value

ggplot

### **Examples**

```
showClusterHeatmap(gobject)
```

 $show Giot to Image Names \\ show Giot to Image Names$ 

## Description

Prints the available giotto images that are attached to the Giotto object

## Usage

```
showGiottoImageNames(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

gobject a giotto object

verbose verbosity of function

#### Value

a vector of giotto image names attached to the giotto object

### **Examples**

```
showGiottoImageNames(gobject)
```

showGiottoInstructions

showGiottoInstructions

# Description

Function to display all instructions from giotto object

# Usage

```
showGiottoInstructions(gobject)
```

### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

### Value

named vector with giotto instructions

### **Examples**

showGiottoInstructions()

210 showNetworks

showGrids

showGrids

## Description

Prints the available spatial grids that are attached to the Giotto object

## Usage

```
showGrids(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

gobject

a giotto object

verbose

verbosity of function#'

## Value

vector

# **Examples**

showGrids()

showNetworks

showNetworks

# Description

Prints the available spatial networks that are attached to the Giotto object

### Usage

```
showNetworks(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

gobject

a giotto object

verbose

verbosity of function#'

#### Value

vector

# **Examples**

showNetworks()

showPattern 211

showPattern

showPattern

### **Description**

show patterns for 2D spatial data

### Usage

```
showPattern(gobject, spatPatObj, ...)
```

# Arguments

gobject giotto object

spatPatObj Output from detectSpatialPatterns

... Arguments passed on to showPattern2D

dimension dimension to plot trim Trim ends of the PC values.

background\_color background color for plot

grid\_border\_color color for grid
show\_legend show legend of ggplot

point\_size size of points
show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

# Value

ggplot

### See Also

showPattern2D

## **Examples**

showPattern(gobject)

212 showPattern2D

showPattern2D

showPattern2D

### **Description**

show patterns for 2D spatial data

### Usage

```
showPattern2D(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
  background_color = "white",
  grid_border_color = "grey",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPattern2D"
)
```

### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
spatPatObj
                  Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimension
                  dimension to plot
trim
                  Trim ends of the PC values.
background_color
                  background color for plot
grid_border_color
                  color for grid
                  show legend of ggplot
show_legend
point_size
                  size of points
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

# Value

ggplot

showPattern3D 213

### **Examples**

```
showPattern2D(gobject)
```

showPattern3D

showPattern3D

### **Description**

show patterns for 3D spatial data

## Usage

```
showPattern3D(
 gobject,
 spatPatObj,
 dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
 background_color = "white",
 grid_border_color = "grey",
  show_legend = T,
 point_size = 1,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 x_ticks = NULL,
 y_ticks = NULL,
 z_{ticks} = NULL,
 show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "showPattern3D"
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  Output from detectSpatialPatterns
spatPatObj
                  dimension to plot
dimension
trim
                  Trim ends of the PC values.
background_color
                  background color for plot
grid_border_color
                  color for grid
                  show legend of plot
show_legend
point_size
                  adjust the point size
axis_scale
                  scale the axis
custom_ratio
                  cutomize the scale of the axis
x_ticks
                  the tick number of x_axis
```

214 showPatternGenes

```
the tick number of y_axis
y_ticks
z_ticks
                  the tick number of z_axis
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return plot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
{\tt default\_save\_name}
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

### Value

plotly

# **Examples**

```
showPattern3D(gobject)
```

 ${\it showPatternGenes}$ show Pattern Genes

### **Description**

show genes correlated with spatial patterns

#### Usage

```
showPatternGenes(
 gobject,
  spatPatObj,
 dimension = 1,
  top_pos_genes = 5,
  top_neg_genes = 5,
 point_size = 1,
 return_DT = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "showPatternGenes"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
spatPatObj
                  Output from detectSpatialPatterns
                  dimension to plot genes for.
dimension
                  Top positively correlated genes.
top_pos_genes
                  Top negatively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes
```

point\_size size of points showProcessingSteps 215

return\_DT if TRUE, it will return the data.table used to generate the plots

show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

## Value

ggplot

# **Examples**

showPatternGenes(gobject)

showProcessingSteps

*showProcessingSteps* 

# Description

shows the sequential processing steps that were performed in a summarized format

## Usage

```
showProcessingSteps(gobject)
```

## Arguments

gobject giotto object

### Value

list of processing steps and names

### **Examples**

showProcessingSteps(gobject)

216 showSpatialCorGenes

showSaveParameters showSaveParameters

## Description

Description of Giotto saving options, links to all\_plots\_save\_function

#### Usage

```
showSaveParameters()
```

#### Value

Instruction on how to use the automatic plot saving options within Giotto

#### **Examples**

```
showSaveParameters()
```

showSpatialCorGenes

show Spatial Cor Genes

## Description

Shows and filters spatially correlated genes

### Usage

```
showSpatialCorGenes(
   spatCorObject,
   use_clus_name = NULL,
   selected_clusters = NULL,
   genes = NULL,
   min_spat_cor = 0.5,
   min_expr_cor = NULL,
   min_cor_diff = NULL,
   min_rank_diff = NULL,
   show_top_genes = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

signPCA 217

```
min_cor_diff filter on minimum correlation difference (spatial vs expression)
min_rank_diff filter on minimum correlation rank difference (spatial vs expression)
show_top_genes show top genes per gene
```

#### Value

data.table with filtered information

# **Examples**

```
showSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

signPCA

signPCA

## **Description**

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs)

# Usage

```
signPCA(
 gobject,
 name = "pca",
 method = c("screeplot", "jackstraw"),
 expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
 pca_method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
 rev = FALSE,
 genes_to_use = NULL,
 center = T,
  scale_unit = T,
 ncp = 50,
 scree_ylim = c(0, 10),
  jack_iter = 10,
  jack_threshold = 0.01,
  jack_ylim = c(0, 1),
 verbose = TRUE,
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "signPCA"
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

name name of PCA object if available

method method to use to identify significant PCs
```

218 signPCA

expression\_values

expression values to use

reduction cells or genes

pca\_method which implementation to use

rev do a reverse PCA

genes\_to\_use subset of genes to use for PCA

center center data before PCA

scale\_unit scale features before PCA

ncp number of principal components to calculate

scree\_ylim y-axis limits on scree plot

jack\_iter number of interations for jackstraw

jack\_threshold p-value threshold to call a PC significant

jack\_ylim y-axis limits on jackstraw plot

verbose verbosity show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters from all\_plots\_save\_function()

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

#### **Details**

Two different methods can be used to assess the number of relevant or significant prinicipal components (PC's).

- 1. Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC provides a significant contribution (a.k.a. 'elbow method').
- 2. The Jackstraw method uses the permutationPA function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.

#### Value

ggplot object for scree method and maxtrix of p-values for jackstraw

## **Examples**

signPCA(gobject)

silhouetteRank 219

silhouetteRank silhouetteRank

## **Description**

Previously: calculate\_spatial\_genes\_python. This method computes a silhouette score per gene based on the spatial distribution of two partitions of cells (expressed L1, and non-expressed L0). Here, rather than L2 Euclidean norm, it uses a rank-transformed, exponentially weighted function to represent the local physical distance between two cells.

## Usage

```
silhouetteRank(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metric = "euclidean",
  subset_genes = NULL,
  rbp_p = 0.95,
  examine_top = 0.3,
  python_path = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use

metric distance metric to use

subset_genes only run on this subset of genes

rbp_p fractional binarization threshold

examine_top top fraction to evaluate with silhouette

python_path specify specific path to python if required
```

## Value

data.table with spatial scores

# **Examples**

```
silhouetteRank(gobject)
```

220 spatCellCellcom

spatCellCellcom spatCellCellcom

## **Description**

Spatial Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

## Usage

```
spatCellCellcom(
  gobject,
 spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 cluster_column = "cell_types",
  random_iter = 1000,
 gene_set_1,
 gene_set_2,
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
 min_observations = 2,
 adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
  do_parallel = TRUE,
 cores = NA,
  verbose = c("a little", "a lot", "none")
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object to use
spatial_network_name
                  spatial network to use for identifying interacting cells
cluster_column cluster column with cell type information
                  number of iterations
random_iter
                  first specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_1
gene_set_2
                  second specific gene set from gene pairs
log2FC_addendum
                  addendum to add when calculating log2FC
min_observations
                  minimum number of interactions needed to be considered
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
                  adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
adjust_target
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
                  verbose
verbose
```

## **Details**

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother.. More details will follow soon.

spatCellPlot 221

#### Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

#### **Examples**

```
spatCellCellcom(gobject)
```

spatCellPlot

spatCellPlot

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatCellPlot(...)
```

# Arguments . . .

```
Arguments passed on to spatCellPlot2D
gobject giotto object
show_image show a tissue background image
gimage a giotto image
image_name name of a giotto image
sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_annotation_values numeric cell annotation columns
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
    eter
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of spatial points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size size of center points
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
```

222 spatCellPlot

```
show_network show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
network_color color of spatial network
network_alpha alpha of spatial network
show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

# Details

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

# See Also

Other spatial cell annotation visualizations: spatCellPlot2D()

#### **Examples**

```
spatCellPlot(gobject)
```

spatCellPlot2D

spatCellPlot2D

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatCellPlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy"
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
 gradient_midpoint = NULL,
 gradient_limits = NULL,
 select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 3,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
 point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show\_center\_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 network_color = NULL,
 network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
 background_color = "white",
```

224 spatCelIPlot2D

```
vor_border_color = "white",
      vor_max_radius = 200,
      vor_alpha = 1,
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      cow_n_col = 2,
      cow_rel_h = 1,
      cow_rel_w = 1,
      cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatCellPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    show_image
                     show a tissue background image
    gimage
                     a giotto image
    image_name
                     name of a giotto image
    sdimx
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimy
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    cell_annotation_values
                     numeric cell annotation columns
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select_cells
                     shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
    point_shape
   point_size
                     size of point (cell)
    point_alpha
                     transparancy of spatial points
   point_border_col
                     color of border around points
   point_border_stroke
                     stroke size of border around points
    show_cluster_center
                     plot center of selected clusters
```

plot label of selected clusters

show\_center\_label

center\_point\_size size of center points center\_point\_border\_col border color of center points center\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke size of center points label\_size size of labels label\_fontface font of labels show underlying spatial network show\_network spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use color of spatial network network\_color alpha of spatial network network\_alpha show\_grid show spatial grid spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use color of spatial grid grid\_color show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size point size of not selected cells other\_cells\_alpha alpha of not selected cells coord\_fix\_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis show\_legend show legend

legend\_text size of legend text

legend\_symbol\_size

size of legend symbols

background\_color

color of plot background

vor\_border\_color

border colorr for voronoi plot

vor\_max\_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' vor\_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'

axis\_text size of axis text
axis\_title size of axis title

cow\_n\_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow\_rel\_h cowplot param: relative height
cow\_rel\_w cowplot param: relative width
cow\_align cowplot param: how to align

show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

Other spatial cell annotation visualizations: spatCellPlot()

## **Examples**

```
spatCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimCellPlot

spatDimCellPlot

## **Description**

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

## Usage

```
spatDimCellPlot(...)
```

## **Arguments**

```
and the control of th
```

```
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border)
dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points
dim_point_border_col border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
spat_point_size size of spatial points
spat_point_alpha transparancy of spatial points
spat_point_border_col border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point
dim_label_size size of the center label
dim_label_fontface font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
spat_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
spat_center_point_size size of the spatial center points
spat_center_point_border_col border color of the spatial center points
spat_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of the spatial center points
spat_label_size size of the center label
spat_label_fontface font of the center label
show_NN_network show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
nn_network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
dim_edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
spat_show_network show spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color color of spatial network
spat_network_alpha alpha of spatial network
spat_show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells
```

```
coord_fix_ratio ratio for coordinates
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
dim_background_color background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color background color of spatial points
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters.

# Value

ggplot

## See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: spatDimCellPlot2D()

#### **Examples**

spatDimCellPlot(gobject)

spatDimCellPlot2D

spatDimCellPlot2D

# Description

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

#### Usage

```
spatDimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
 gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
 plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
 spat_enr_names = NULL,
 cell_annotation_values = NULL,
 dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
 dim_reduction_name = "umap",
 dim1_to_use = 1,
 dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  dim_point_size = 1,
 dim_point_alpha = 1,
 dim_point_border_col = "black",
 dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  spat_point_size = 1,
  spat_point_alpha = 1,
  spat_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
 dim_show_cluster_center = F,
  dim_show_center_label = T,
  dim_center_point_size = 4,
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
 dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_label_size = 4,
  dim_label_fontface = "bold",
  spat_show_cluster_center = F,
  spat_show_center_label = F,
  spat_center_point_size = 4,
  spat_center_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_label_size = 4,
  spat_label_fontface = "bold",
  show_NN_network = F,
 nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
 nn_network_name = "sNN.pca",
  dim_edge_alpha = 0.5,
  spat_show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  spat_network_color = "red",
  spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
```

```
spat_show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  spat_grid_color = "green",
  show_other_cells = TRUE,
  other_cell_color = "grey",
  dim_other_point_size = 0.5,
  spat_other_point_size = 0.5,
  spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  dim_background_color = "white",
  spat_background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  vor_alpha = 1,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatDimCellPlot2D"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  show a tissue background image
show_image
gimage
                  a giotto image
                  name of a giotto image
image_name
plot_alignment direction to align plot
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_annotation_values
                  numeric cell annotation columns
dim_reduction_to_use
                  dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                  dimension reduction name
                  dimension to use on x-axis
dim1_to_use
dim2_to_use
                  dimension to use on y-axis
                  = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
sdimx
sdimy
                  = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
```

gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color parameter select subset of cells based on cell IDs select\_cells dim\_point\_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no\_border) dim\_point\_size size of points in dim. reduction space dim\_point\_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim\_point\_border\_col border color of points in dim. reduction space dim\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space spat\_point\_shape shape of points (border, no\_border or voronoi) spat\_point\_size size of spatial points spat\_point\_alpha transparancy of spatial points spat\_point\_border\_col border color of spatial points spat\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke of spatial points dim\_show\_cluster\_center show the center of each cluster dim\_show\_center\_label provide a label for each cluster dim\_center\_point\_size size of the center point dim\_center\_point\_border\_col border color of center point dim\_center\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of center point dim\_label\_size size of the center label dim\_label\_fontface font of the center label spat\_show\_cluster\_center show the center of each cluster spat\_show\_center\_label provide a label for each cluster spat\_center\_point\_size size of the spatial center points  ${\tt spat\_center\_point\_border\_col}$ border color of the spatial center points

spat\_center\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of the spatial center points spat\_label\_size size of the center label spat\_label\_fontface font of the center label show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) nn\_network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE dim\_edge\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges spat\_show\_network show spatial network spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spat\_network\_color color of spatial network spat\_network\_alpha alpha of spatial network spat\_show\_grid show spatial grid spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use spat\_grid\_color color of spatial grid show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells dim\_other\_point\_size size of not selected dim cells spat\_other\_point\_size size of not selected spat cells spat\_other\_cells\_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells show legend show\_legend size of legend text legend\_text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols dim\_background\_color background color of points in dim. reduction space spat\_background\_color background color of spatial points vor\_border\_color border colorr for voronoi plot vor\_max\_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'

spatDimGenePlot 233

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
coord_fix_ratio
                  ratio for coordinates
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_n_col
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters.

## Value

ggplot

## See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: spatDimCellPlot()

## **Examples**

```
{\tt spatDimCellPlot2D(gobject)}
```

spatDimGenePlot	spatDimGenePlot
Spatibilioener 10t	spaiDinidener ioi

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

## Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot(...)
```

234 spatDimGenePlot

## **Arguments**

Arguments passed on to spatDimGenePlot2D gobject giotto object show\_image show a tissue background image gimage a giotto image image\_name name of a giotto image expression\_values gene expression values to use plot\_alignment direction to align plot genes genes to show dim\_reduction\_to\_use dimension reduction to use dim\_reduction\_name dimension reduction name dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis dim\_point\_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no\_border) dim\_point\_size dim reduction plot: point size dim\_point\_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim\_point\_border\_col color of border around points dim\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network show\_spatial\_network show underlying spatial netwok nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE dim\_network\_color color of NN network dim\_edge\_alpha dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges scale\_alpha\_with\_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter sdimx spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx') sdimy spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy') spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spatial\_network\_color color of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid grid\_color color of spatial grid spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use spat\_point\_shape spatial points with border or not (border or no\_border) spat\_point\_size spatial plot: point size spat\_point\_alpha transparancy of spatial points spat\_point\_border\_col color of border around points spat\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points spat\_edge\_alpha edge alpha cell\_color\_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient\_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient\_limits vector with lower and upper limits show\_legend show legend legend\_text\_size of legend text dim\_background\_color color of plot background for dimension plot spat\_background\_color color of plot background for spatial plot

spatDimGenePlot2D 235

```
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plots
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatDimGenePlot3D
```

Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot2D(), spatDimGenePlot3D()

## **Examples**

```
spatDimGenePlot(gobject)
```

spatDimGenePlot2D

spatDimGenePlot2D

# Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

# Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
```

236

genes,

```
dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
dim_reduction_name = "umap",
dim1_to_use = 1,
dim2_to_use = 2,
dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
dim_point_size = 1,
dim_point_alpha = 1,
dim_point_border_col = "black",
dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_NN_network = F,
show_spatial_network = F,
dim_network_color = "gray",
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
dim_edge_alpha = NULL,
scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
sdimx = "sdimx",
sdimy = "sdimy",
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spatial_network_color = NULL,
show_spatial_grid = F,
grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_alpha = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_edge_alpha = NULL,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
vor_alpha = 1,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot2D"
```

spatDimGenePlot2D 237

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object show a tissue background image show\_image gimage a giotto image name of a giotto image image\_name expression\_values gene expression values to use plot\_alignment direction to align plot genes genes to show  ${\tt dim\_reduction\_to\_use}$ dimension reduction to use dim\_reduction\_name dimension reduction name dimension to use on x-axis dim1\_to\_use dimension to use on y-axis dim2\_to\_use dim\_point\_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no\_border) dim\_point\_size dim reduction plot: point size dim\_point\_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim\_point\_border\_col color of border around points dim\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network show\_spatial\_network show underlying spatial netwok dim\_network\_color color of NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE network\_name dim\_edge\_alpha dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges scale\_alpha\_with\_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter sdimx spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx') spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy') sdimy spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spatial\_network\_color color of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid color of spatial grid grid\_color

238 spatDimGenePlot2D

```
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
spat_point_shape
                  spatial points with border or not (border or no_border)
spat_point_size
                  spatial plot: point size
spat_point_alpha
                  transparancy of spatial points
spat_point_border_col
                  color of border around points
spat_point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
spat_edge_alpha
                  edge alpha
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
dim_background_color
                  color of plot background for dimension plot
spat_background_color
                  color of plot background for spatial plot
vor_border_color
                  border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters.

spatDimGenePlot3D 239

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatDimGenePlot3D
Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot3D(),
spatDimGenePlot()
```

# **Examples**

```
spatDimGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimGenePlot3D

spatDimGenePlot3D

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

## Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
 dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
 dim_reduction_name = "umap",
 dim1_to_use = 1,
 dim2\_to\_use = 2,
 dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1.5,
 show_NN_network = FALSE,
 nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
 nn_network_color = "lightgrey",
 nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
 network_name = "sNN.pca",
 label_size = 16,
  genes_low_color = "blue",
 genes_mid_color = "white",
 genes_high_color = "red",
  dim_point_size = 3,
```

240 spatDimGenePlot3D

```
show_spatial_network = FALSE,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      spatial_network_color = "lightgray",
      spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
      show_spatial_grid = FALSE,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      spatial_grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
      spatial_point_size = 3,
      legend_text_size = 12,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot3D"
    )
Arguments
                     giotto object
    gobject
    expression_values
                     gene expression values to use
    plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim1_to_use
    dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    dim3_to_use
                     dimension to use on z-axis
    sdimx
                     spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                     spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimz
                     spatial dimension to use on z-axis
    genes
                     genes to show
    cluster_column cluster column to select groups
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select_cells
    show_other_cells
                     display not selected cells
    other_cell_color
                     color of not selected cells
    other_point_size
                     size of not selected cells
```

show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) nn\_network\_color color of NN network nn\_network\_alpha alpha of NN network name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE network\_name label\_size size of labels genes\_low\_color color for low expression levels genes\_mid\_color color for medium expression levels genes\_high\_color color for high expression levels dim\_point\_size dim reduction plot: point size show\_spatial\_network show spatial network (boolean) spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spatial\_network\_color color of spatial network spatial\_network\_alpha alpha of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid (boolean) spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use spatial\_grid\_color color of spatial grid spatial\_grid\_alpha alpha of spatial grid spatial\_point\_size spatial plot: point size legend\_text\_size size of legend the way to scale the axis axis\_scale customize the scale of the plot custom\_ratio x\_ticks set the number of ticks on the x-axis y\_ticks set the number of ticks on the y-axis set the number of ticks on the z-axis z\_ticks show\_plot show plots return plotly object return\_plot directly save the plot [boolean] save\_plot list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters save\_param default\_save\_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param edge\_alpha\_dim dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

#### See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot2D(), spatDimGenePlot()

spatDimPlot

spatDimPlot

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

#### Usage

```
spatDimPlot(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
Arguments passed on to spatDimPlot2D
gobject giotto object
show_image show a tissue background image
gimage a giotto image
image_name name of a giotto image
plot_alignment direction to align plot
dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
sdimx = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
sdimy = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_color color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor convert color column to factor
cell_color_code named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
    eter
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
```

dim\_point\_size size of points in dim. reduction space dim\_point\_alpha transparancy of point in dim. reduction space dim\_point\_border\_col border color of points in dim. reduction space dim\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space spat\_point\_shape shape of points (border, no border or voronoi) spat\_point\_size size of spatial points spat\_point\_alpha transparancy of spatial points spat\_point\_border\_col border color of spatial points spat\_point\_border\_stroke border stroke of spatial points dim\_show\_cluster\_center show the center of each cluster dim\_show\_center\_label provide a label for each cluster dim\_center\_point\_size size of the center point dim\_center\_point\_border\_col border color of center point dim\_center\_point\_border\_stroke stroke size of center point dim label size size of the center label dim\_label\_fontface font of the center label spat\_show\_cluster\_center show the center of each cluster spat\_show\_center\_label provide a label for each cluster spat\_center\_point\_size size of the center point spat\_center\_point\_border\_col border color of spatial center points spat\_center\_point\_border\_stroke border strike size of spatial center points spat\_label\_size size of the center label spat\_label\_fontface font of the center label show\_NN\_network show underlying NN network nn\_network\_to\_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network\_name name of NN network to use, if show\_NN\_network = TRUE nn\_network\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges show\_spatial\_network show spatial network spat\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spat\_network\_color color of spatial network spat\_network\_alpha alpha of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid spat\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use spat\_grid\_color color of spatial grid show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells dim\_other\_point\_size size of not selected dim cells spat\_other\_point\_size size of not selected spat cells spat\_other\_cells\_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells dim\_show\_legend show legend of dimension reduction plot spat\_show\_legend show legend of spatial plot legend\_text size of legend text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols dim\_background\_color background color of points in dim. reduction space spat\_background\_color background color of spatial points

```
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatDimPlot2D and spatDimPlot3D for 3D visualization.

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot2D(), spatDimPlot3D()
```

## **Examples**

```
spatDimPlot(gobject)
```

 ${\tt spatDimPlot2D}$ 

spatDimPlot2D

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

## Usage

```
spatDimPlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
```

```
spat_enr_names = NULL,
cell_color = NULL,
color_as_factor = T,
cell_color_code = NULL,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
dim_point_size = 1,
dim_point_alpha = 1,
dim_point_border_col = "black",
dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_alpha = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
dim_show_cluster_center = F,
dim_show_center_label = T,
dim_center_point_size = 4,
dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
dim_label_size = 4,
dim_label_fontface = "bold"
spat_show_cluster_center = F,
spat_show_center_label = F,
spat_center_point_size = 4,
spat_center_point_border_col = "blue",
spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_label_size = 4,
spat_label_fontface = "bold",
show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
nn_network_alpha = 0.05,
show_spatial_network = F,
spat_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spat_network_color = "blue",
spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spat_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_grid_color = "blue",
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
dim_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
dim_show_legend = F,
spat_show_legend = F,
legend_text = 8,
```

```
legend_symbol_size = 1,
      dim_background_color = "white",
      spat_background_color = "white",
      vor_border_color = "white",
      vor_max_radius = 200,
      vor_alpha = 1,
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimPlot2D"
   )
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    show_image
                     show a tissue background image
                     a giotto image
    gimage
                     name of a giotto image
    image\_name
    plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
   dim1_to_use
                     dimension to use on x-axis
   dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimx
                     = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                     = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select cells
    dim_point_shape
                     point with border or not (border or no_border)
```

dim\_point\_size size of points in dim. reduction space

dim\_point\_alpha

transparancy of point in dim. reduction space

dim\_point\_border\_col

border color of points in dim. reduction space

dim\_point\_border\_stroke

border stroke of points in dim. reduction space

spat\_point\_shape

shape of points (border, no\_border or voronoi)

spat\_point\_size

size of spatial points

spat\_point\_alpha

transparancy of spatial points

spat\_point\_border\_col

border color of spatial points

spat\_point\_border\_stroke

border stroke of spatial points

dim\_show\_cluster\_center

show the center of each cluster

dim\_show\_center\_label

provide a label for each cluster

dim\_center\_point\_size

size of the center point

dim\_center\_point\_border\_col

border color of center point

dim\_center\_point\_border\_stroke

stroke size of center point

dim\_label\_size size of the center label

dim\_label\_fontface

font of the center label

spat\_show\_cluster\_center

show the center of each cluster

spat\_show\_center\_label

provide a label for each cluster

spat\_center\_point\_size

size of the center point

spat\_center\_point\_border\_col

border color of spatial center points

spat\_center\_point\_border\_stroke

border strike size of spatial center points

spat\_label\_size

size of the center label

spat\_label\_fontface

font of the center label

show\_NN\_network

show underlying NN network

nn\_network\_to\_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

nn\_network\_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges show\_spatial\_network show spatial network spat\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spat\_network\_color color of spatial network spat\_network\_alpha alpha of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid spat\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use spat\_grid\_color color of spatial grid show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells dim\_other\_point\_size size of not selected dim cells spat\_other\_point\_size size of not selected spat cells spat\_other\_cells\_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells dim\_show\_legend show legend of dimension reduction plot spat\_show\_legend show legend of spatial plot size of legend text legend\_text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols dim\_background\_color background color of points in dim. reduction space spat\_background\_color background color of spatial points vor\_border\_color border colorr for voronoi plot vor\_max\_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' vor\_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells' size of axis text axis\_text axis\_title size of axis title show plot show\_plot return\_plot return ggplot object save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean] list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

save\_param

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

## See Also

```
spatDimPlot3D
```

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot3D(), spatDimPlot()

## **Examples**

```
spatDimPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimPlot3D

spatDimPlot3D

## Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in plotly mode

# Usage

```
spatDimPlot3D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  show_NN_network = FALSE,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  nn_network_color = "lightgray",
  nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 16,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1.5,
```

```
cell_color = NULL,
      color_as_factor = T,
      cell_color_code = NULL,
      dim_point_size = 3,
      show_spatial_network = F,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      spatial_network_color = "lightgray",
      spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
      show_spatial_grid = F,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      spatial_grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
      spatial_point_size = 3,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      legend_text_size = 12,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimPlot3D"
    )
Arguments
                    giotto object
   gobject
   plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                    dimension reduction to use
   dim_reduction_name
                    dimension reduction name
   dim1_to_use
                    dimension to use on x-axis
                    dimension to use on y-axis
   dim2_to_use
   dim3_to_use
                    dimension to use on z-axis
    sdimx
                    = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                    = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimz
                    = spatial dimension to use on z-axis
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    show_NN_network
                    show underlying NN network
    nn_network_to_use
                    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                    name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
   network_name
    nn_network_color
                    color of nn network
   nn_network_alpha
```

column to use for alpha of the edges

show\_cluster\_center show the center of each cluster show\_center\_label provide a label for each cluster center\_point\_size size of the center point size of the center label label\_size select\_cell\_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell\_color parameter select\_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size size of not selected cells color for cells (see details) cell\_color color\_as\_factor convert color column to factor cell\_color\_code named vector with colors dim\_point\_size size of points in dim. reduction space show\_spatial\_network show spatial network spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use spatial\_network\_color color of spatial network spatial\_network\_alpha alpha of spatial network show\_spatial\_grid show spatial grid  ${\tt spatial\_grid\_name}$ name of spatial grid to use spatial\_grid\_color color of spatial grid spatial\_point\_size size of spatial points axis\_scale the way to scale the axis customize the scale of the plot custom\_ratio x\_ticks set the number of ticks on the x-axis y\_ticks set the number of ticks on the y-axis set the number of ticks on the z-axis z\_ticks legend\_text\_size size of legend show\_plot show plot

return\_plot

return ggplot object

252 spatGenePlot

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

plotly

#### See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot2D(), spatDimPlot()

## **Examples**

```
spatDimPlot3D(gobject)
```

spatGenePlot

spatGenePlot

## **Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

# Usage

```
spatGenePlot(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
Arguments passed on to spatGenePlot2D
. . .
                 gobject giotto object
                 show_image show a tissue background image
                 gimage a giotto image
                 image_name name of a giotto image
                 sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                 sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                 expression_values gene expression values to use
                 genes genes to show
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 show_network show underlying spatial network
                 network_color color of spatial network
                 spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
```

spatGenePlot 253

```
edge_alpha alpha of edge
show_grid show spatial grid
grid_color color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
midpoint expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plots
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatGenePlot3D and spatGenePlot2D
Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot2D(), spatGenePlot3D()
```

#### **Examples**

```
spatGenePlot(gobject)
```

254 spatGenePlot2D

spatGenePlot2D

spatGenePlot2D

## **Description**

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatGenePlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
 gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 genes,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
 gradient_midpoint = NULL,
 gradient_limits = NULL,
 show_network = F,
 network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
 show\_grid = F,
 grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 midpoint = 0,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
 point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 1,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
 point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
 legend_text = 8,
 background_color = "white",
 vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_alpha = 1,
  vor_max_radius = 200,
 axis_text = 8,
 axis_title = 8,
 cow_n_col = 2,
 cow_rel_h = 1,
 cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
```

spatGenePlot2D 255

```
default_save_name = "spatGenePlot2D"
)
```

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

show\_image show a tissue background image

gimage a giotto image

image\_name name of a giotto image

sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')

expression\_values

gene expression values to use

genes genes to show

cell\_color\_gradient

vector with 3 colors for numeric data

gradient\_midpoint

midpoint for color gradient

gradient\_limits

vector with lower and upper limits

show\_network show underlying spatial network

network\_color color of spatial network

spatial\_network\_name

name of spatial network to use

edge\_alpha alpha of edge show\_grid show spatial grid grid\_color color of spatial grid

spatial\_grid\_name

name of spatial grid to use

midpoint expression midpoint
scale\_alpha\_with\_expression

scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter

point\_shape shape of points (border, no\_border or voronoi)

point\_size size of point (cell)

point\_alpha transparancy of points

point\_border\_col

color of border around points

point\_border\_stroke

stroke size of border around points

show\_legend show legend

legend\_text size of legend text

background\_color

color of plot background

vor\_border\_color

border colorr for voronoi plot

256 spatGenePlot3D

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_n_col
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

# See Also

```
spatGenePlot3D
```

Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot3D(), spatGenePlot()

# **Examples**

```
spatGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

spatGenePlot3D	spatGenePlot3D
Spatuellel Iutsu	spaidener ioisb

# Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

spatGenePlot3D 257

#### Usage

```
spatGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
 expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = FALSE,
 network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 edge_alpha = NULL,
 cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
 select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 genes_high_color = NULL,
 genes_mid_color = "white",
 genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_grid = FALSE,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 2,
  show_legend = TRUE,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 x_ticks = NULL,
 y_ticks = NULL,
 z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
genes
                  genes to show
                  show underlying spatial network
show_network
network_color
                  color of spatial network
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
edge_alpha
                  alpha of edges
cluster_column cluster column to select groups
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
select_cells
```

258 spatGenePlot3D

```
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
genes_high_color
                  color represents high gene expression
genes_mid_color
                  color represents middle gene expression
genes_low_color
                  color represents low gene expression
show_grid
                  show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
                  size of point (cell)
point_size
                  show legend
show_legend
axis_scale
                  the way to scale the axis
custom_ratio
                  customize the scale of the plot
x_ticks
                  set the number of ticks on the x-axis
                  set the number of ticks on the y-axis
y_ticks
z_ticks
                  set the number of ticks on the z-axis
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  color of spatial grid
grid_color
```

## **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

# See Also

Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot2D(), spatGenePlot()

#### **Examples**

```
spatGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

spatialAEH 259

spatialAEH spatialAEH

# Description

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

## Usage

```
spatialAEH(
  gobject = NULL,
  SpatialDE_results = NULL,
  name_pattern = "AEH_patterns",
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  pattern_num = 6,
  l = 1.05,
  python_path = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

# Details

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialAEH method implemented in the ...

# Value

An updated giotto object

260 spatialDE

spatialDE	spatialDE
-----------	-----------

## **Description**

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

Giotto object

## Usage

```
spatialDE(
  gobject = NULL,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  size = c(4, 2, 1),
  color = c("blue", "green", "red"),
  sig_alpha = 0.5,
  unsig_alpha = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "SpatialDE"
)
```

# Arguments

gobject

```
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
size
                  size of plot
color
                  low/medium/high color scheme for plot
sig_alpha
                  alpha value for significance
unsig_alpha
                  alpha value for unsignificance
                  specify specific path to python if required
python_path
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

## **Details**

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialDE method implemented in the ...

# Value

a list of data.frames with results and plot (optional)

spatNetwDistributions 261

```
{\tt spatNetwDistributions} \ \textit{spatNetwDistributionsDistance}
```

#### **Description**

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor

## Usage

```
spatNetwDistributions(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  distribution = c("distance", "k_neighbors"),
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributions"
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
                  show the distribution of cell-to-cell distance or number of k neighbors
distribution
hist_bins
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
test_distance_limit
                  effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
                  number of columns to visualize the histograms in
ncol
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

The **distance** option shows the spatial distance distribution for each nearest neighbor rank (1st, 2nd, 3th, ... neigbor). With this option the user can also test the effect of a distance limit on the spatial network. This distance limit can be used to remove neigbor cells that are considered to far away. The **k\_neighbors** option shows the number of k neighbors distribution over all cells.

#### Value

```
ggplot plot
```

#### **Examples**

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

```
spat Netw Distributions Distance \\ spat Netw Distributions Distance
```

# **Description**

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor

## Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsDistance")
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
hist_bins
test_distance_limit
                  effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
ncol
                  number of columns to visualize the histograms in
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot plot

#### **Examples**

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

```
spat Netw Distributions Kneighbors \\ spat Netw Distributions Kneighbors
```

## **Description**

This function returns a histogram displaying the number of k-neighbors distribution for each cell

## Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors")
```

#### **Arguments**

```
Giotto object
gobject
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
hist_bins
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

#### Value

ggplot plot

#### **Examples**

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(gobject)
```

264 spatPlot

spatPlot

spatPlot

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

#### Usage

```
spatPlot(...)
```

# Arguments

```
Arguments passed on to spatPlot2D
gobject giotto object
show_image show a tissue background image
gimage a giotto image
image_name name of a giotto image
group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_color color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor convert color column to factor
cell_color_code named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
    eter
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size size of center points
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
show_network show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
```

spatPlot 265

```
network_color color of spatial network
network_alpha alpha of spatial network
show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
title title of plot
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatPlot3D
```

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot2D(), spatPlot3D()

#### **Examples**

```
spatPlot(gobject)
```

266 spatPlot2D

spatPlot2D

spatPlot2D

#### **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

## Usage

```
spatPlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
 group_by = NULL,
 group_by_subset = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
 cell_color = NULL,
 color_as_factor = T,
 cell_color_code = NULL,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
 select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
 point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 3,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
 label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 network_color = NULL,
 network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
```

spatPlot2D 267

```
title = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  vor_alpha = 1,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatPlot2D"
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  show a tissue background image
show_image
                  a giotto image
gimage
                  name of a giotto image
image_name
                  create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by
group_by_subset
                  subset the group_by factor column
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimx
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimy
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_color
                  color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor
                  convert color column to factor
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_shape
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
```

268 spatPlot2D

point\_alpha transparancy of point point\_border\_col color of border around points point\_border\_stroke stroke size of border around points show\_cluster\_center plot center of selected clusters show\_center\_label plot label of selected clusters center\_point\_size size of center points center\_point\_border\_col border color of center points  ${\tt center\_point\_border\_stroke}$ border stroke size of center points label\_size size of labels label\_fontface font of labels show\_network show underlying spatial network spatial\_network\_name name of spatial network to use color of spatial network network\_color alpha of spatial network network\_alpha show\_grid show spatial grid spatial\_grid\_name name of spatial grid to use grid\_color color of spatial grid show\_other\_cells display not selected cells other\_cell\_color color of not selected cells other\_point\_size point size of not selected cells other\_cells\_alpha alpha of not selected cells coord\_fix\_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis title title of plot show\_legend show legend legend\_text size of legend text legend\_symbol\_size size of legend symbols background\_color color of plot background vor\_border\_color border colorr for voronoi plot vor\_max\_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' spatPlot3D 269

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
                  size of axis text
axis_text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

#### **Details**

Description of parameters.

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

```
spatPlot3D
```

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot3D(), spatPlot()

#### **Examples**

```
spatPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatPlot3D spatPlot3D

## **Description**

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

# Usage

```
spatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  cell_color = NULL,
```

270 spatPlot3D

```
cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show\_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  grid_color = NULL,
  grid_alpha = 1,
  title = "",
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spat3D"
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object
sdimx
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                  size of point (cell)
point_size
cell_color
                  color for cells (see details)
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
select_cells
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
```

spatPlot3D 271

other\_cell\_alpha

alpha of not selected cells

show\_network show underlying spatial network

spatial\_network\_name

name of spatial network to use

network\_color color of spatial network

network\_alpha opacity of spatial network

show\_grid show spatial grid

spatial\_grid\_name

name of spatial grid to use

grid\_color color of spatial grid grid\_alpha opacity of spatial grid

title title of plot show\_legend show legend

axis\_scale the way to scale the axis

custom\_ratio customize the scale of the plot

x\_ticks
 y\_ticks
 set the number of ticks on the y-axis
 z\_ticks
 set the number of ticks on the y-axis
 set the number of ticks on the z-axis

show\_plot show plot

return\_plot return ggplot object

save\_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save\_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default\_save\_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save\_name in save\_param

#### Value

ggplot

#### See Also

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot2D(), spatPlot()

#### **Examples**

spatPlot3D(gobject)

```
specific Cell Cell communication Scores\\ specific Cell Cell communication Scores
```

# Description

Specific Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

#### Usage

```
specificCellCellcommunicationScores(
 gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  random_iter = 100,
  cell_type_1 = "astrocyte",
  cell_type_2 = "endothelial",
 gene_set_1,
 gene_set_2,
 log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
 min_observations = 2,
 adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
  verbose = T
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                  giotto object to use
spatial_network_name
                  spatial network to use for identifying interacting cells
cluster_column cluster column with cell type information
random\_iter
                  number of iterations
                  first cell type
cell_type_1
cell_type_2
                  second cell type
gene_set_1
                  first specific gene set from gene pairs
                  second specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_2
log2FC_addendum
                  addendum to add when calculating log2FC
min_observations
                  minimum number of interactions needed to be considered
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
adjust_target
                  adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
verbose
                  verbose
```

#### **Details**

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother.. More details will follow soon.

## Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

# **Examples**

```
specificCellCellcommunicationScores(gobject)
```

## **Description**

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

#### Usage

```
split_dendrogram_in_two(dend)
```

# Arguments

dend

dendrogram object

## Value

list of two dendrograms and height of node

## **Examples**

```
split_dendrogram_in_two(dend)
```

stitchFieldCoordinates

stitchFieldCoordinates

# Description

Helper function to stitch field coordinates together to form one complete picture

274 stitchFieldCoordinates

#### Usage

```
stitchFieldCoordinates(
  location_file,
  offset_file,
  cumulate_offset_x = F,
  cumulate_offset_y = F,
  field_col = "Field of View",
  X_coord_col = "X",
  Y_coord_col = "Y",
  reverse_final_x = F,
  reverse_final_y = T
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
location_file
                location dataframe with X and Y coordinates
offset_file
                  dataframe that describes the offset for each field (see details)
cumulate_offset_x
                  (boolean) Do the x-axis offset values need to be cumulated?
cumulate_offset_y
                  (boolean) Do the y-axis offset values need to be cumulated?
field_col
                  column that indicates the field within the location_file
X_coord_col
                  column that indicates the x coordinates
Y_coord_col
                  column that indicates the x coordinates
reverse_final_x
                  (boolean) Do the final x coordinates need to be reversed?
reverse_final_y
                  (boolean) Do the final y coordinates need to be reversed?
```

#### **Details**

Stitching of fields:

- 1. have cell locations: at least 3 columns: field, X, Y
- 2. create offset file: offset file has 3 columns: field, x\_offset, y\_offset
- 3. create new cell location file by stitching original cell locations with stitchFieldCoordinates
- 4. provide new cell location file to createGiottoObject

#### Value

Updated location dataframe with new X ['X\_final'] and Y ['Y\_final'] coordinates

## **Examples**

```
stitchFieldCoordinates(gobject)
```

stitchTileCoordinates 275

```
stitchTileCoordinates
```

# Description

Helper function to stitch tile coordinates together to form one complete picture

## Usage

```
stitchTileCoordinates(location_file, Xtilespan, Ytilespan)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{location\_file} & \mbox{location dataframe with } X \mbox{ and } Y \mbox{ coordinates} \\ \mbox{Xtilespan} & \mbox{numerical value specifying the width of each tile} \\ \mbox{Ytilespan} & \mbox{numerical value specifying the height of each tile} \\ \end{array}
```

#### **Details**

•••

#### **Examples**

```
stitchTileCoordinates(gobject)
```

subClusterCells

subClusterCells

## **Description**

subcluster cells

# Usage

```
subClusterCells(
 gobject,
 name = "sub_clus",
 cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet"),
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_variance = 1, expression_values
   = "normalized"),
 hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
 hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
 use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
 min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
 pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
 nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
 k_neighbors = 10,
 resolution = 1,
```

276 subClusterCells

```
n_iterations = 1000,
gamma = 1,
omega = 1,
python_path = NULL,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
return_gobject = TRUE,
verbose = T
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 name for new clustering result
name
cluster_method clustering method to use
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                 only do subclustering on these clusters
                 parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_param
hvg_min_perc_cells
                 threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                 threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                 forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
                 minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                 parameters for runPCA
pca_param
                 parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
nn_param
                 number of k for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors
resolution
                 resolution
n_iterations
                 number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm.
gamma
                 gamma
omega
                 omega
python_path
                 specify specific path to python if required
nn_network_to_use
                 type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 name of NN network to use
network_name
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose
                 verbose
```

#### **Details**

This function performs subclustering on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do clustering

subsetGiotto 277

#### Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

# See Also

 ${\tt doLouvainCluster\_multinet}, {\tt doLouvainCluster\_community} \ and \ @see also \ {\tt doLeidenCluster}$ 

# **Examples**

```
subClusterCells(gobject)
```

subsetGiotto

subsetGiot to

# Description

subsets Giotto object including previous analyses.

# Usage

```
subsetGiotto(gobject, cell_ids = NULL, gene_ids = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

gobject giotto object
cell\_ids cell IDs to keep
gene\_ids gene IDs to keep
verbose be verbose

# Value

giotto object

# **Examples**

subsetGiotto(gobject)

278 subsetGiottoLocs

subsetGiottoLocs

subsetGiottoLocs

# Description

subsets Giotto object based on spatial locations

## Usage

```
subsetGiottoLocs(
  gobject,
  x_max = NULL,
  x_min = NULL,
  y_max = NULL,
  y_min = NULL,
  z_max = NULL,
  z_min = NULL,
  return_gobject = T,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 maximum x-coordinate
x_max
                 minimum x-coordinate
x_min
y_max
                 maximum y-coordinate
                 minimum y-coordinate
y_min
                 maximum z-coordinate
z_max
                 minimum z-coordinate
z\_min
return_gobject return Giotto object
                 be verbose
verbose
```

#### **Details**

if return\_gobject = FALSE, then a filtered combined metadata data.table will be returned

# Value

giotto object

# **Examples**

```
subsetGiottoLocs(gobject)
```

trendSceek 279

trendSceek	trendSceek
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## **Description**

Compute spatial variable genes with trendsceek method

# Usage

```
trendSceek(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "raw"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  nrand = 100,
  ncores = 8,
  ...
)
```

# **Arguments**

#### **Details**

This function is a wrapper for the trendsceek\_test method implemented in the trendsceek package

## Value

data.frame with trendsceek spatial genes results

## **Examples**

```
trendSceek(gobject)
```

280 viewHMRFresults

updateGiottoImage

# **Description**

Updates the boundaries of a giotto image attached to a giotto object

# Usage

```
updateGiottoImage(
  gobject,
  image_name,
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
image_name spatial locations

xmax_adj adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image

xmin_adj adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image

ymax_adj adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image

ymin_adj adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image

return_gobject return a giotto object
```

#### Value

a giotto object or an updated giotto image if return\_gobject = F

# **Examples**

```
updateGiottoImage(gobject)
```

viewHMRFresults viewHMRFresults

# Description

View results from doHMRF.

viewHMRFresults2D 281

## Usage

```
viewHMRFresults(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  third_dim = FALSE,
)
```

# Arguments

gobject giotto object HMRFoutput HMRF output from doHMRF number of HMRF domains k results from different betas that you want to view betas\_to\_view third\_dim 3D data (boolean) additional paramters (see details)

#### Value

. . .

spatial plots with HMRF domains

# See Also

```
spatPlot2D and spatPlot3D
```

viewHMRFresults2D viewHMRFresults2D

## **Description**

View results from doHMRF.

# Usage

```
viewHMRFresults2D(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  third_dim = NULL,
)
```

282 viewHMRFresults3D

# **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF k number of HMRF domains

betas\_to\_view results from different betas that you want to view

... paramters to visPlot()

## **Details**

Description ...

#### Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

## See Also

```
spatPlot2D
```

## **Examples**

viewHMRFresults2D(gobject)

viewHMRFresults3D

viewHMRFresults3D

# Description

View results from doHMRF.

# Usage

```
viewHMRFresults3D(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  third_dim = NULL,
  ...
)
```

# **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{HMRF output from doHMRF} \\ \mbox{k} & \mbox{number of HMRF domains} \end{array}$ 

betas\_to\_view results from different betas that you want to view

... paramters to visPlot()

violinPlot 283

#### **Details**

Description ...

#### Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

#### See Also

```
spatPlot3D
```

# **Examples**

```
viewHMRFresults3D(gobject)
```

violinPlot

violinPlot

## **Description**

Creates violinplot for selected clusters

# Usage

```
violinPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column,
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  color_violin = c("genes", "cluster"),
  cluster_color_code = NULL,
  strip_position = c("top", "right", "left", "bottom"),
  strip_text = 7,
  axis_text_x_size = 10,
  axis_text_y_size = 6,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "violinPlot"
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
genes genes to plot
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
```

284 writeHMRFresults

```
cluster_custom_order
                  custom order of clusters
color_violin
                  color violin according to genes or clusters
cluster_color_code
                  color code for clusters
strip_position position of gene labels
                  size of strip text
strip_text
axis_text_x_size
                  size of x-axis text
axis_text_y_size
                  size of y-axis text
                  show plot
show_plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

## Value

ggplot

## **Examples**

violinPlot(gobject)

writeHMRFresults

writeHMRFresults

## **Description**

write results from doHMRF to a data.table.

# Usage

```
writeHMRFresults(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  print_command = F
)
```

#### **Arguments**

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF

k k to write results for

betas\_to\_view results from different betas that you want to view

print\_command see the python command

#### Value

data.table with HMRF results for each b and the selected k

## **Examples**

```
writeHMRFresults(gobject)
```

## **Description**

write out factor-like annotation data from a giotto object for the Viewer

## Usage

```
write_giotto_viewer_annotation(
  annotation,
  annot_name = "test",
  output_directory = getwd()
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
annotation annotation from the data.table from giotto object annot_name name of the annotation output_directory directory where to save the files
```

#### Value

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation

#### **Description**

write out dimensional reduction data from a giotto object for the Viewer

# Usage

```
write_giotto_viewer_dim_reduction(
  dim_reduction_cell,
  dim_red = NULL,
  dim_red_name = NULL,
  dim_red_rounding = NULL,
  dim_red_rescale = c(-20, 20),
  output_directory = getwd()
)
```

#### **Arguments**

#### Value

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation

## **Description**

write out numeric annotation data from a giotto object for the Viewer

#### Usage

```
write_giotto_viewer_numeric_annotation(
  annotation,
  annot_name = "test",
  output_directory = getwd()
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
annotation annotation from the data.table from giotto object
annot_name name of the annotation
output_directory
directory where to save the files
```

## Value

write a .txt and .annot file for the selection annotation

# Index

Turis giotto	
*Topic <b>giotto</b> ,	cellProximitySpatPlot3D, 31, 33
giotto-class, 136	cellProximityVisPlot, 35
print.giotto, 187	changeGiottoInstructions, 38
show, giotto-method, 206	changeImageBg, 38
*Topic <b>giotto</b>	cluster_walktrap, 108
createGiottoObject, 51	clusterCells, 39
*Topic <b>object</b>	clusterSpatialCorGenes, 42
giotto-class, 136	combCCcom, 42, 173–175
print.giotto, 187	combineCellProximityGenes, 43
show,giotto-method,206	combineCPG, 44
	combineMetadata, 45
addCellIntMetadata, 7	convert_mgImage_to_array_DT,47
addCellMetadata, 8, 52	<pre>convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol, 46</pre>
addCellStatistics, 9, 15	create_average_detection_DT,64
addGeneMetadata, 10, 52	create_average_DT, 64
addGenesPerc, 10	<pre>create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs, 65</pre>
addGeneStatistics, 11, <i>15</i>	<pre>create_crossSection_object,66</pre>
addGiottoImage, 12	create_screeplot,67
addGiottoImageToSpatPlot, 12	<pre>createCrossSection, 47</pre>
addHMRF, 13	createGiottoImage, $12,49$
addNetworkLayout, 14	createGiottoInstructions, 50, 52, 53
addStatistics, 15	createGiottoObject, 51, 274
adjustGiottoMatrix, 15	<pre>createGiottoVisiumObject, 53</pre>
all_plots_save_function, 16, 23, 26, 28,	createHeatmap_DT, 54
29, 31, 33, 35, 115, 117, 140,	createMetagenes, 55
150–152, 154–157, 159, 162, 163,	createNearestNetwork, 56
<i>173, 174, 216, 261–263</i>	createSpatialDefaultGrid, 57, 61
annotateGiotto, 18	createSpatialDelaunayNetwork, 58
annotateSpatialGrid, 19	createSpatialEnrich, 60, 111
annotateSpatialNetwork, 19	createSpatialGrid, 60
<pre>average_gene_gene_expression_in_groups,</pre>	createSpatialKNNnetwork, 61
20	createSpatialNetwork, 62, 72
	crossSectionGenePlot,67
binSpect, 21	crossSectionGenePlot3D,68
	crossSectionPlot, 69, 70
calculateHVG, 22, 196, 201, 202	crossSectionPlot3D,70
calculateMetaTable, 24	
calculateMetaTableCells, 25	decide_cluster_order,71
cellProximityBarplot, 25	delaunayn, 59
cellProximityEnrichment, 26	deldir,59
cellProximityHeatmap,27	detectSpatialCorGenes, 72
cellProximityNetwork, 28	detectSpatialPatterns,73
cellProximitySpatPlot, 30	dimCellPlot, 74, 78
cellProximitySpatPlot2D, 30, 31, 31	dimCellPlot2D, <i>74</i> , <i>75</i> , <i>7</i> 6

288 INDEX

dimGenePlot, 79, 82, 84	getGiottoImage, 135
dimGenePlot2D, 79, 80, 80, 84	giotto (giotto-class), 136
dimGenePlot3D, 80, 82, 83	giotto-class, 136
dimPlot, 85, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178, 180,	glouvain_ml, 102
181, 183, 185, 187	<b>5</b> – /
dimPlot2D, 85, 86, 86, 91, 168–172, 177–185,	hclust, 93
187	Heatmap, <i>137</i>
dimPlot3D, 78, 86, 89, 90, 169, 171, 172, 178,	heatmSpatialCorGenes, 137
180, 181, 183, 185–187	hyperGeometricEnrich, 138
doHclust, 41, 92	•
doHMRF, 93	insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D, 139
doKmeans, <i>41</i> , 95	<pre>insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D, 140</pre>
doLeidenCluster, <i>41</i> , 96, 99, 277	
doLeidenSubCluster, 97	jackstrawPlot, 141
doLouvainCluster, 41, 99	
doLouvainCluster_community, 41, 100, 100,	kmeans, 96
104, 106, 277	kNN, <i>57</i>
doLouvainCluster_multinet, 41, 100, 101,	
104, 107, 277	layout_with_drl, 14
	loadHMRF, 143
doLouvainSubCluster, 102	L C' N . ' DIOT 144 105
doLouvainSubCluster_community, 104	makeSignMatrixPAGE, 144, 195
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet, 106	makeSignMatrixRank, 144, 197
doRandomWalkCluster, 41, 108	mergeClusters, 145
doSNNCluster, 41, 109	made alvetone 146
	node_clusters, 146
estimateImageBg, 110	normalizeGiotto, 147
exportGiottoViewer, 110	PAGEEnrich, <i>144</i> , 148
exprCellCellcom, 111, <i>150</i> , <i>151</i>	PCA, 196
fDataDT, 113	pDataDT, 19, 149
filterCellProximityGenes, 113	permutationPA, 142, 218
filterCombinations, 114, 118	plotCCcomDotplot, 149
filterCPG, 115	plotCCcomHeatmap, 150
filterDistributions, 116	plotCellProximityGenes, 151
filterGiotto, 118	plotCombineCCcom, 153
findCellProximityGenes, 119	plotCombineCellCellCommunication, 154
findCPG, 120	plotCombineCellProximityGenes, 155
findGiniMarkers, 122, 124, 126	plotCombineCPG, 157
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all, 124, 127	plotCPG, 158
findMarkers, 125, 131	plotGiottoImage, 159
findMarkers_one_vs_all, 126	plotHeatmap, 160
findMastMarkers, <i>126</i> , 128, <i>129</i>	plotICG, 162
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all, 127, 129	plotInteractionChangedGenes, 163
findNetworkNeighbors, 130	plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap, 164, 167
findScranMarkers, 126, 130, 132	plotMetaDataHeatmap, 165, 166
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all, 127, 131	plotPCA, 86, 89, 91, 168, 171, 172, 178, 180, 181, 183, 185, 187
<pre>general_save_function, 17</pre>	plotPCA_2D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 169, 172, 178,
get10Xmatrix, 132	180, 181, 183, 185, 187
get_os, 136	plotPCA_3D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 171, 178,
getClusterSimilarity, 133	180, 181, 183, 185, 187
getDendrogramSplits, 134	plotRankSpatvsExpr, 173
getDistinctColors, 135	plotRecovery, 174

INDEX 289

plotRecovery_sub, 175	172, 176, 178, 180, 181, 183, 185,
plotStatDelaunayNetwork, 175	187, 189, 207, 208, 211, 212, 214,
plotTSNE, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 176, 180,	215, 216, 222, 226, 228, 233, 235,
181, 183, 185, 187	238, 241, 244, 248, 252, 253, 256,
plotTSNE_2D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178,	258, 260, 265, 269, 271, 284
178, <i>181</i> , <i>183</i> , <i>185</i> , <i>187</i>	showSpatialCorGenes, 73, 216
plotTSNE_3D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178,	signPCA, 217
<i>180</i> , 180, <i>183</i> , <i>185</i> , <i>187</i>	silhouetteRank, 219
plotUMAP, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178, 180,	sNN, <i>57</i>
<i>181</i> , 182, <i>185</i> , <i>187</i>	sNNclust, 109
plotUMAP_2D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178,	spatCellCellcom, <i>150</i> , <i>151</i> , 220
<i>180, 181, 183,</i> 184 <i>, 187</i>	spatCellPlot, 221, 226
plotUMAP_3D, 86, 89, 91, 169, 171, 172, 178,	spatCellPlot2D, 221, 222, 223
180, 181, 183, 185, 186	spatDimCellPlot, 226, 233
prcomp_irlba, 196	spatDimCellPlot2D, 226, 228, 228
print.giotto, 187	spatDimGenePlot, 233, 239, 242
	spatDimGenePlot2D, 234, 235, 235, 242
rankEnrich, <i>145</i> , 188	spatDimGenePlot3D, 235, 239, 239
rankSpatialCorGroups, 188	spatDimPlot, 242, 249, 252
readExprMatrix, 189	spatDimPlot2D, 242, 244, 244, 252
readGiottoInstructions, 190	spatDimPlot3D, 244, 249, 249
removeBatchEffect, 16	spatGenePlot, 252, 256, 258
removeCellAnnotation, 190	spatGenePlot2D, 68, 252, 253, 254, 258
removeGeneAnnotation, 191	spatGenePlot3D, 68, 253, 256, 256
replaceGiottoInstructions, 191	spatialAEH, 259
Rtsne, 201	SpatialDE, 259
runDWLSDeconv, 192	spatialDE, 260
runHyperGeometricEnrich, 138, 193, 199	spatNetwDistributions, 261
runPAGEEnrich, <i>148</i> , 194, <i>199</i>	spatNetwDistributionsDistance, 262
runPCA, 195, 204	spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors, 263
runRankEnrich, 188, 196, 199	spatPlot, 264, 269, 271
runSpatialDeconv, 197	spatPlot2D, 264, 265, 266, 271, 281, 282
runSpatialEnrich, 60, 198	spatPlot3D, 265, 269, 269, 281, 283
runtSNE, 199	specificCellCellcommunicationScores,
runUMAP, 201	272
-1 · 000	<pre>split_dendrogram_in_two, 273</pre>
screePlot, 203	stitchFieldCoordinates, 52, 273
select_expression_values, 206	stitchTileCoordinates, 275
selectPatternGenes, 205	subClusterCells, 275
show, giotto-method, 206	subsetGiotto, 277
showClusterDendrogram, 206	subsetGiottoLocs, 278
showClusterHeatmap, 208	
showGiottoImageNames, 135, 159, 209	trendSceek, 279
showGiottoInstructions, 209	trendsceek_test, 279
showGrids, 19, 210	triangulate,59
showNetworks, 210	
showPattern, 211	umap, 202
showPattern2D, <i>211</i> , 212	updateGiottoImage, 280
showPattern3D, 213	
showPatternGenes, 214	viewHMRFresults, 280
showProcessingSteps, 215	viewHMRFresults2D, 281
showSaveParameters, 75, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86,	viewHMRFresults3D, 282
89, 91, 137, 161, 165, 167, 169, 171,	violinPlot, 283

290 INDEX

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} write\_giotto\_viewer\_annotation, 285\\ write\_giotto\_viewer\_dim\_reduction, 285\\ write\_giotto\_viewer\_numeric\_annotation, \\ 286\\ writeHMRFresults, 284\\ \\ zlm, 128\\ \end{tabular}
```