最优化第七次作业

张晋 15091060

2017年11月1日

3.1 (a) 由题意可列出以下方程:

$$e: \quad x_{eb} = 1 \tag{1}$$

$$b: \quad x_{bc} - x_{eb} = 0 \tag{2}$$

$$d: \quad x_{dc} = 5 \tag{3}$$

$$c: \quad x_{ca} - x_{cd} - xbc = -4 \tag{4}$$

解得:

$$x_{eb} = 1, x_{bc} = 1, x_{ca} = 2, x_{cd} = 5$$
 (5)

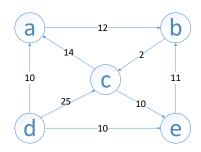
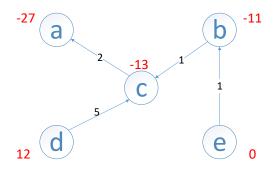


图 1: 例图

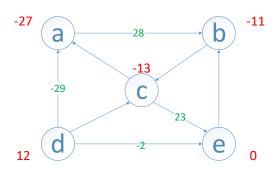
(b) 由 $y_i - y_j = c_{ij}$ 得:

$$y_e = 0, y_b = -11, y_c = -13, y_a = -27, y_d = 12$$
 (6)



(c) 由 $r_{ij} = c_{ij} - (y_i - y_j)$ 得:

$$r_{ab} = 28, r_{ce} = 23, r_{de} = -2, r_{da} = -29$$
 (7)



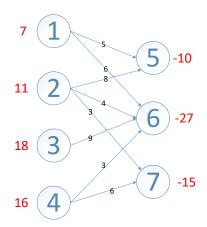
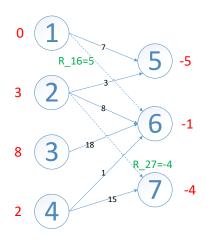
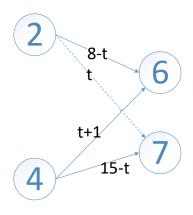


图 2: 例图

3.4 (a) 经计算得: 该树解是可行解,但 $r_{27} = -8$,因此不是对偶可行的,也不是最优解.



(b) 由于弧 l_{27} 的既约费用系数小于 0,首先将弧 l_{27} 进基,然后弧 $l_{27}, l_{26}, l_{46}, l_{47}$ 构成回路,设 l_{27} 上的流量为 t,当 t 从 0 逐渐增大时,弧 l_{26} 上的流量先减少到 0,故选弧 l_{26} 出基



经计算得,更新后的树解,相对费用系数都大于 0,所得即为最优解,最小费用为 314,每条边的流量如图 3 所示.

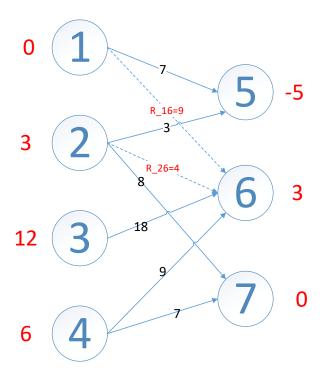


图 3: 最优树解