



Structural Based Testing Strategies

Structured Testing

Objective



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Apply structured
testing technique

McCable Cyclomatic Complexity



| $v(G)$ of a graph with e edges, n nodes and p connected components is $e - n + p$

| In a typical program:
– $v(G) = \text{\#test predicates} + 1$

Example



```
S1;  
if x < 10  
    then S2  
    else if y > 0  
        then S3  
        else S4;  
If z = 5  
    then S6  
    else S7;
```

Application for Testing



- | Impossible to test all paths through code
- | Structured testing provides a strategy for testing a subset of paths
- | Select a set of basis paths (number is $v(G)$)
- | Linear combination of basis paths will generate any path
- | Guarantees branch coverage

Identification of Basis Paths



- | Select an arbitrary path through the graph as initial basis path

- | Flip first decision while keeping other decisions constant

- | Reset first decision and flip second decision

- | Continue until all decisions have been flipped

Example



S1;

if $x < 10$

then S2

else if $y > 0$

then S3

else S4;

If $z = 5$

then S6

else S7;

Summary

