



Specification Based Testing – Part 2

Mutation Testing

Objective



Objective

Understand
Metamorphic
Testing

Test Oracle Problem



| A set of tests has been developed by an organization

| The organization executes the tests against a program

| All of the tests pass

| What can we conclude?

Mutation Testing



- | Introduce defects (mutants) into program undergoing test

- | Check to see if test cases can detect the mutant

- | Work began in early 70's but was not widely adopted due to cost

- | Today's automated testing environments make mutation testing feasible

Creating Mutants



| **Mutants are typically created via syntactical modifications of source code**

| **Mutation generation tools exist for this**

| **Examples of mutations**

- Modify Boolean expressions ($<$ vs $<=$)
- Delete Statement
- Modify Variable
- Modify arithmetic operation

Mutation Testing Assumptions



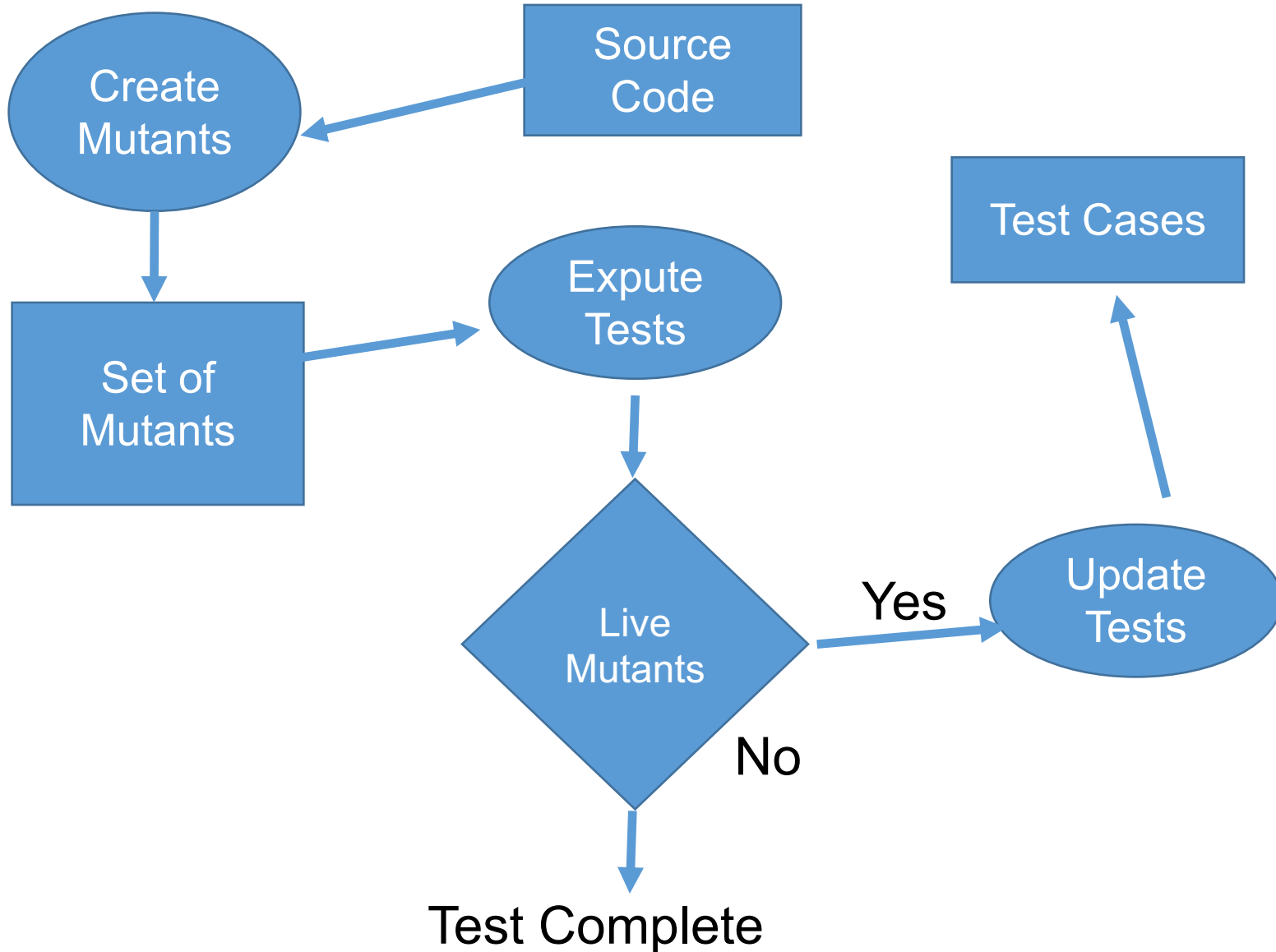
| The Competent Programmer Hypothesis

- Programmers generally create code that is close to being correct reflecting only minor errors

| The Coupling Effect

- Belief that test data that can detect small errors can also detect complex errors

The Mutation Testing Process



Summary

