Cascade Operations and E/R Diagrams

Relational Database Operations

SoftUni Team
Technical Trainers



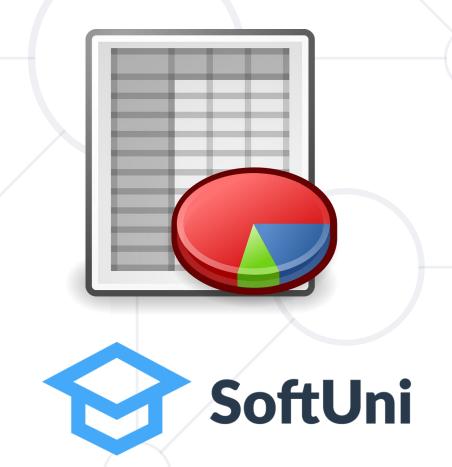


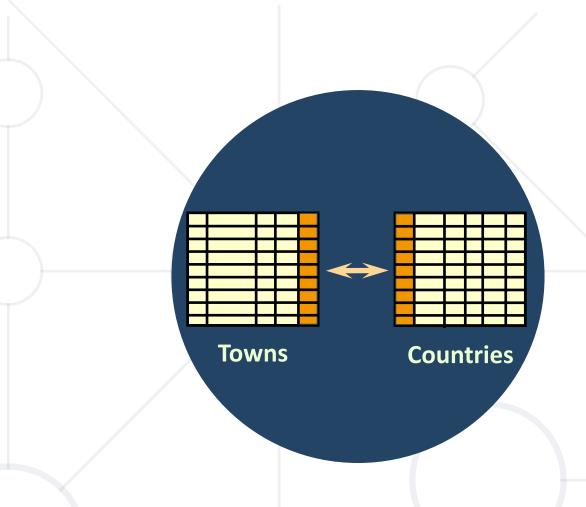


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Retrieving Related Data

Using Simple JOIN Statements

JOIN Statements



- With a JOIN statement, we can get data from two tables simultaneously
 - JOINs require at least two tables and a "join condition"

```
SELECT * FROM Towns
JOIN Countries ON
   Countries.Id = Towns.CountryId
```

Join Condition

Problem: Peaks in Rila



- Use database "Geography". Report all peaks for "Rila" mountain.
 - Report includes mountain's name, peak's name and also peak's elevation
 - Peaks should be sorted by elevation descending

	Mountain Range	PeakName	Elevation
1	Rila	Musala	2925
2	Rila	Malka Musala	2902
3	Rila	Malyovitsa	2729
4	Rila	Orlovets	2685

Solution: Peaks in Rila



Cross Table Selection

SELECT m.MountainRange, p.PeakName, p.Elevation
FROM Mountains AS m
JOIN Peaks As p ON p.MountainId = m.Id
WHERE m.MountainRange = 'Rila'
ORDER BY p.Elevation DESC
Join Condition



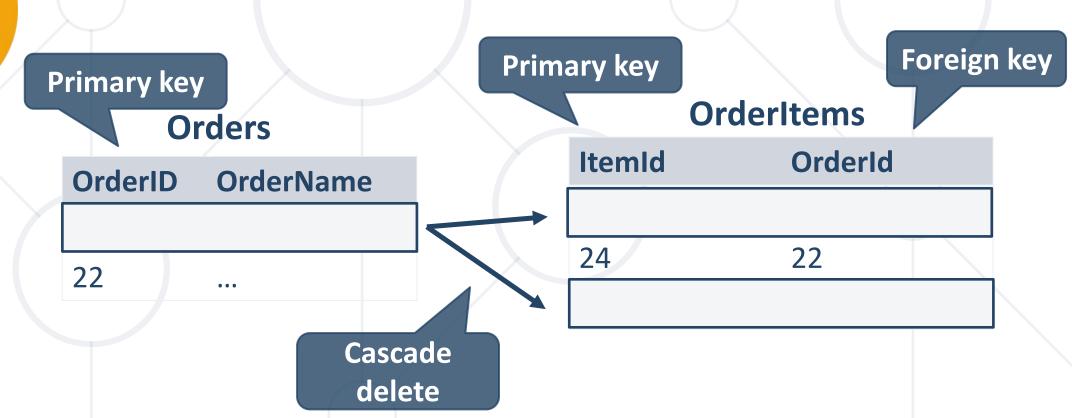
Cascade Operations

Cascade Delete/Update

Definition



 Cascading allows when a change is made to certain entity, this change to apply to all related entities



Cascade Delete



- Cascade can be either Delete or Update.
- Use Cascade Delete when:
 - The related entities are meaningless without the "main" one
- Do not use Cascade Delete when:
 - You perform a "logical delete"
 - Entities are marked as deleted (but not actually deleted)
 - In more complicated relations, cascade delete won't work with circular references

Cascade Update



- Use Cascade Update when:
 - The primary key is not identity (not auto-increment) and therefore it can be changed
 - Best used with unique constraint
- Do not use Cascade Update when:
 - The primary is identity (auto-increment)
- Cascading can be avoided using triggers or procedures.

Cascade Delete: Example

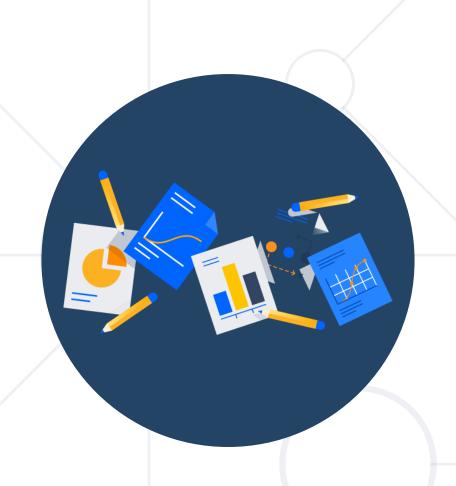


```
CREATE TABLE Drivers(
  DriverID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  DriverName VARCHAR(50)
CREATE TABLE Cars(
  CarID INT PRIMARY KEY,
                                           Foreign Key
  DriverID INT,
  CONSTRAINT FK_Car_Driver FOREIGN KEY(DriverID)
  REFERENCES Drivers(DriverID) ON DELETE CASCADE
                               Cascade
```

Cascade Update: Example



```
CREATE TABLE Products(
  BarcodeId INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR(50)
CREATE TABLE Stock(
                                         Foreign Key
 Id INT PRIMARY KEY,
  Barcode INT,
  CONSTRAINT FK Stock Products FOREIGN KEY(BarcodeId)
  REFERENCES Products(BarcodeId) ON UPDATE CASCADE
                                         Cascade
```



E/R Diagrams

Entity / Relationship Diagrams

Relational Schema



- Relational schema of a DB is the collection of:
 - The schemas of all tables
 - Relationships between the tables
 - Any other database objects (e.g. constraints)
- The relational schema describes the structure of the database
 - Doesn't contain data, but metadata
- Relational schemas are graphically displayed in Entity / Relationship diagrams (E/R Diagrams)

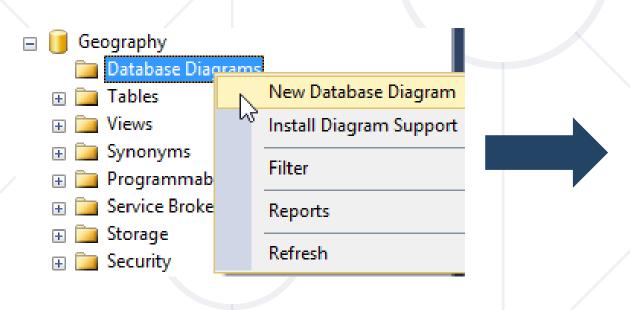
SSMS E/R Diagram: Usage

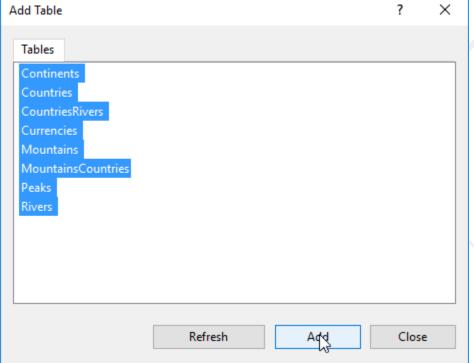


Expand a database in Object Explorer

Right click "Database Diagrams" then select "New Database

Diagram["]



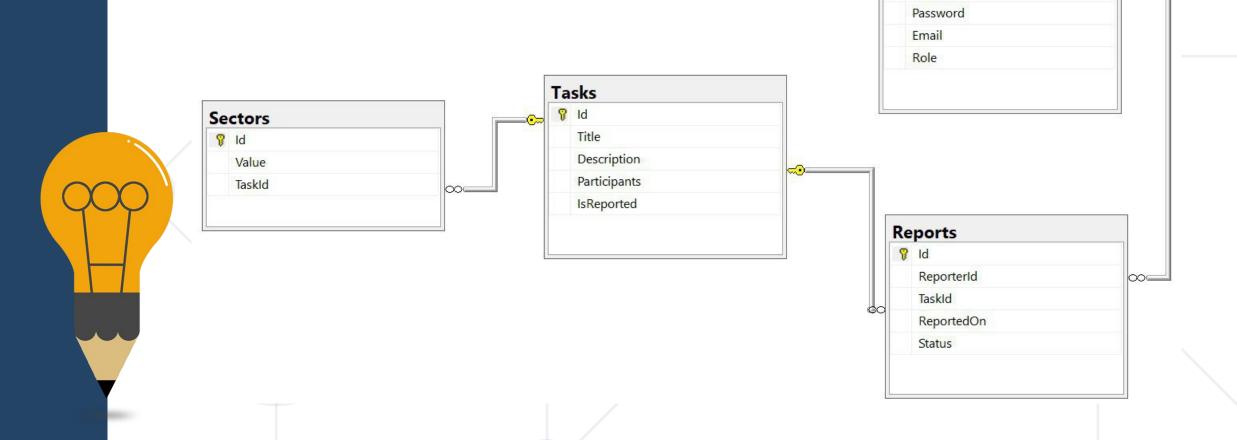


SSMS E/R Diagram



Users Id

Username



Summary



- 1. Using JOIN statements to get results from multiple tables
- 2. Pros and cons of Cascading
- 3. Visualizing relations in a database using **E/R Diagrams**





Questions?

















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