### Introduction to ASP.NET Core (MVC)

ASP.NET Core, Controllers & Actions, Routing, Razor, Identity



**SoftUni Team Technical Trainers** 







https://softuni.bg

### **Table of Contents**



- 1. ASP.NET MVC Overview
- 2. Creating an ASP.NET MVC App
  - Controllers
  - Views
- 3. ASP.NET Controllers
- 4. Razor View Engine





### **ASP.NET MVC Overview**

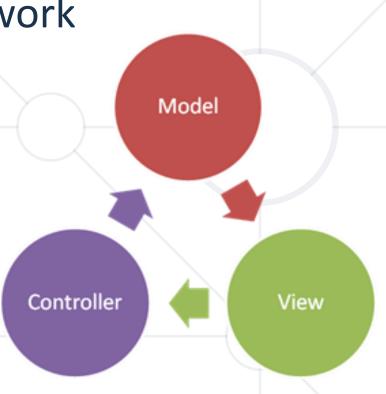
ASP.NET MVC, Razor

### **ASP.NET MVC Overview**



Open Source Web Application MVC framework

- Developed by Microsoft
- Code and markup are separated
- Based on .NET Framework / .NET Core
  - Develop Web apps using C# and use all of its features and .NET APIs
- Often combined with Entity Framework for ORM
- Typically uses Razor as a view engine (templating engine)



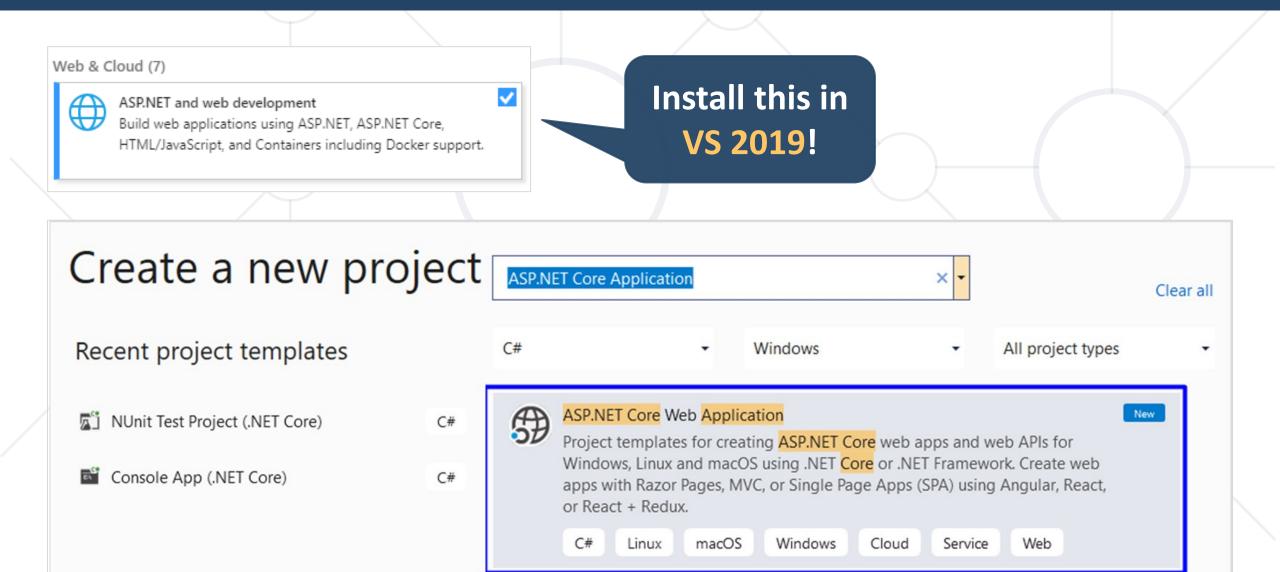


# Creating an ASP.NET MVC App

Project Setup in Visual Studio. What's Inside?

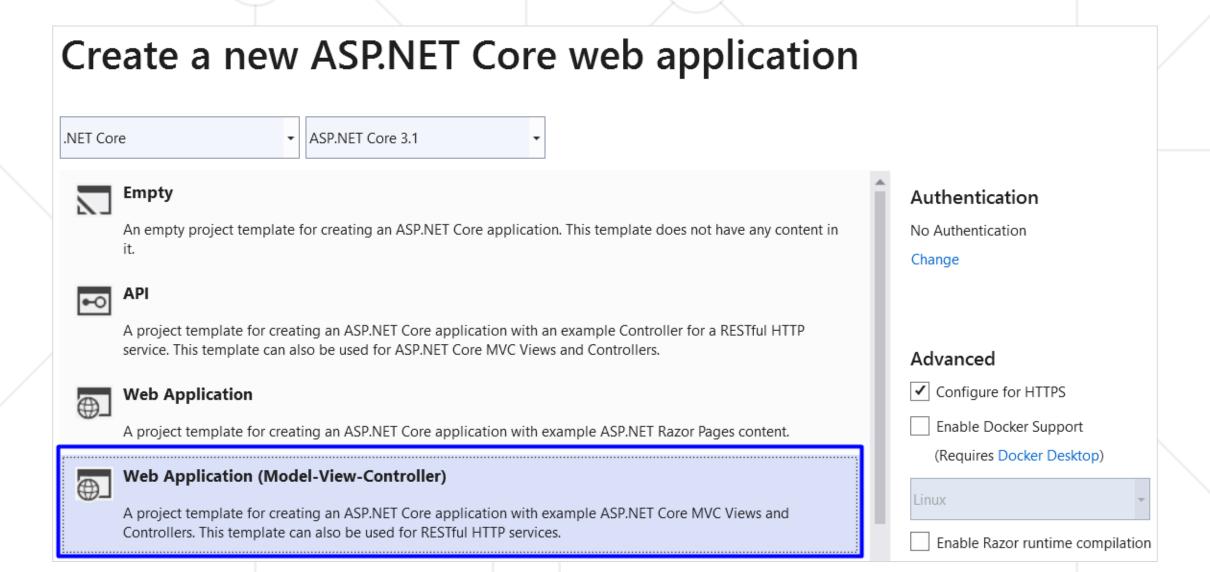
### Create ASP.NET MVC App: Project Type





### Create ASP.NET MVC App: Choose Template





### MVC App: What's Inside?



#### **Static files:**

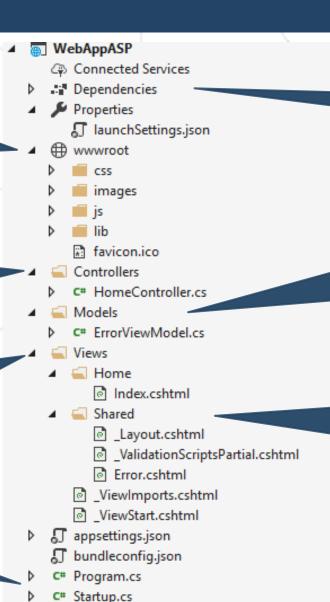
CSS styles images, fonts, ...

**Controller** classes holding actions

#### Views:

HTML templates for the pages

**App start files** 



**NuGet packages** 

Models: EF classes + view models

Shared views:
layout for all pages
+ partial views

### Controllers



- MVC controllers hold logic to process user actions
- The URL /Home/About invokes HomeController → About()

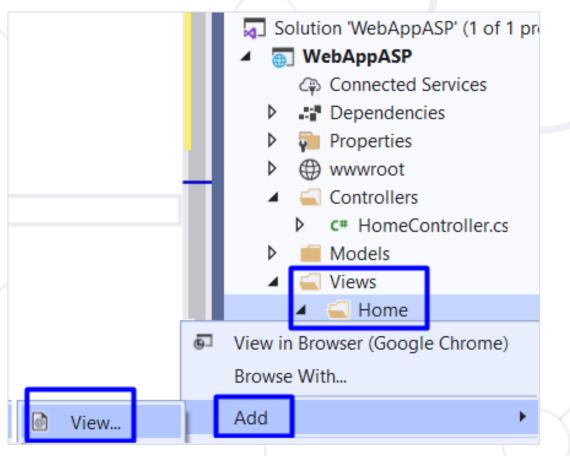
```
\Controllers\HomeController.cs
public class HomeController : Controller
  public ActionResult About()
     ViewBag.Message = "Your application description page.";
     return View();
                                    Renders
                           Views\Home\About.cshtml
```

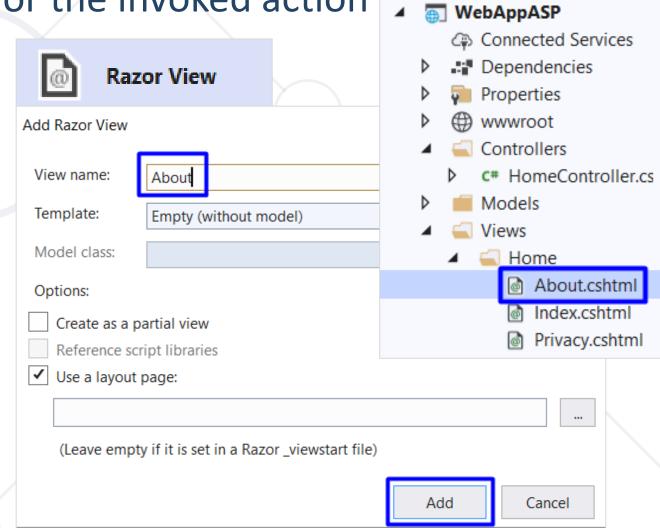
#### Views



Solution 'WebAppASP' (1 of 1

- Views render the HTML code for the invoked action
- Create About.cshtml view





#### Views



- ASP.NET MVC uses Razor view engine
- Views combine HTML with C# code

### **Example: Print the Numbers 1...50**



Create an action /Home/Numbers + view Numbers.cshtml

```
HomeController.cs
public class HomeController :
Controller
  public ActionResult Numbers()
    return View();
```

```
\Views\Home\Numbers.cshtml
@{ ViewBag.Title = "Nums 1 ... 50"; }
<h2>@ViewBag.Title</h2>
<l
@for(inti=1;i <= 50;i++)
 %li>@i
```

### **Changing the Page Layout**



```
Views
                                                                                Home
<div class="navbar-collapse collapse d-sm-inline-flex flex-sm-row-reverse">
                                                                                Shared
   _Layout.cshtml
       class="nav-item">
          <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-accion= index >nome</a>
       class="nav-item">
          <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Privacy">Privacy</a>
       class="nav-item">
          <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="About">About</a>
       class="nav-item">
          <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area="" asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Numbers">Nums 1...50</a>
       </div>
```

### **Checking Result**



- Press [Ctrl+F5]
- You will see your app's home page
- Go to the newly created link and check result

WebAppASP Home Privacy About Nums 1...50

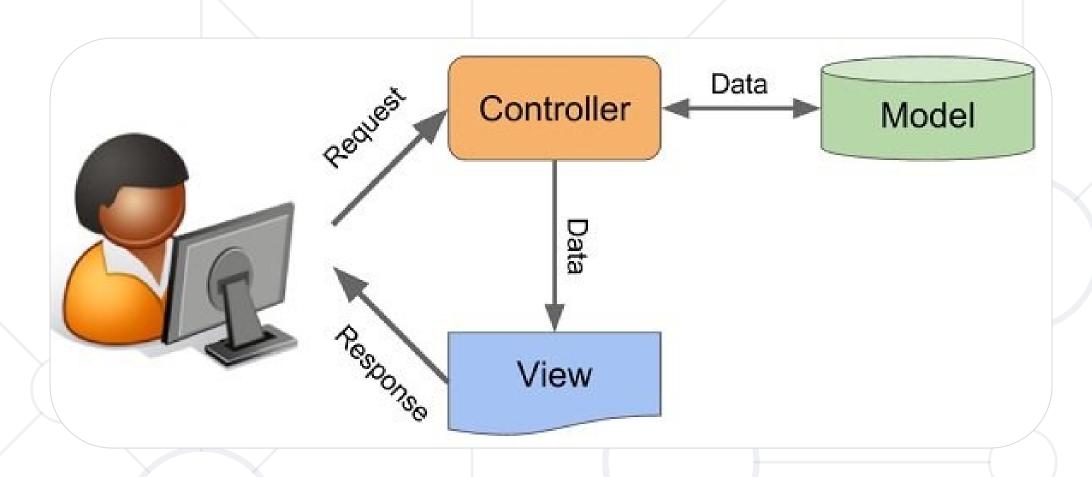
## Welcome

Learn about building Web apps with ASP.NET Core.

WebAppASP Home Privacy About Nums 1...50

#### Nums 1 ... 50

- '
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5



### **ASP.NET Controllers**

### **ASP.NET Controllers**



- Controllers hold multiple actions on different routes
- Route configuration is defined in RouteConfig.cs
- Routes are automatically generated, based on RouteConfig

### **Example: Print the Numbers 1...N**



```
HomeController.cs
public class HomeController
  : Controller
  public ActionResult
    Numbers(int count = 5)
    ViewBag.Count = count;
    return View();
         Nums 1 ... 3
                        Submit
```

```
\Views\Home\Numbers.cshtml
@{ ViewBag.Title =
  "Nums 1..." + ViewBag.Count; }
<h2>@ViewBag.Title</h2>
<l
@for (int i = 1; i <= ViewBag.Count; i++)</pre>
{ %i}
@using (Html.BeginForm())
 @Html.TextBox("count");
  <input type="submit" />
```

### **Controller Actions**



• Annotated with [Http{method}]

```
[HttpGet]
public IActionResult Index() {
  return View();
}
```

```
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult Create()
{
    ...
}
```

### **Processing GET Requests**



Create controller action, which processes a HTTP GET request:

```
[HttpGet]
public ActionResult Index()
{
  return View();
}
```

Returns the view in Views/{controller}/{action}.cshtml

### **Processing POST Requests**



Similar to [HttpGet], there is also an alias for method POST:

```
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult Register()
{
    ...
}
```

Similar attributes exist for all other types of request methods

## Razor View Engine

What is it? How do I use it?

### What is Razor?



- Simple-syntax view engine
- Code-focused templating approach
- Easy transition between HTML and code
- Examples: combining HTML and C#:

### Razor View Engine: Example



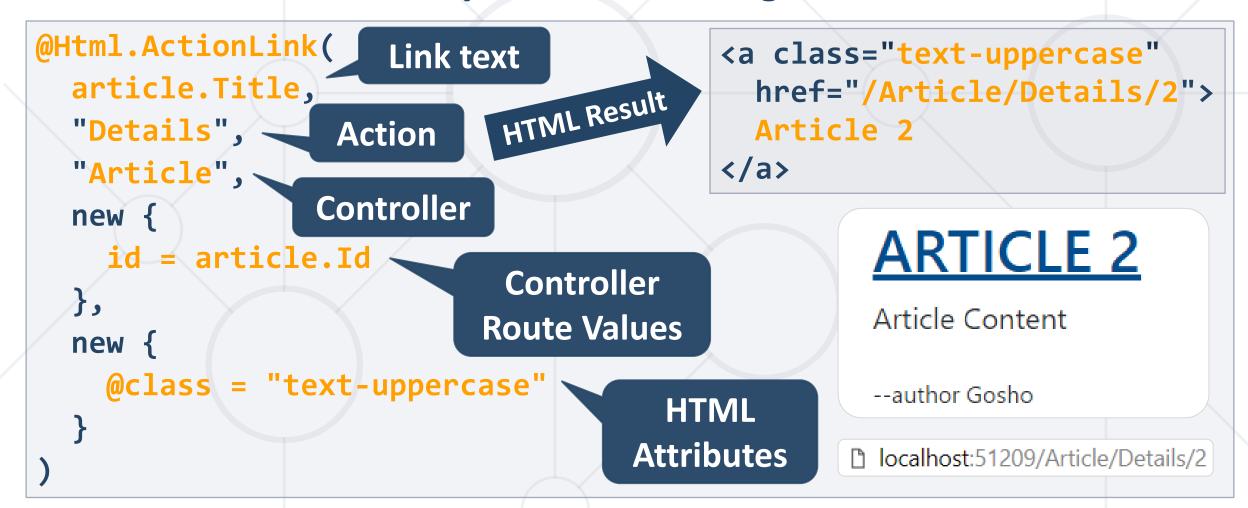
■ HTML mixed with C# code (@ switches to C#):

```
<div class="row">
    @foreach(var article in Model)
                                      C# foreach
                       C# code
      <article>
        <h2>@article.Title</h2>
HTML
        @article.Content
Syntax
        <small>--@article.Author.FullName</small>
      </article>
                               C# code
  </div>
```

### HTML Helpers: Example



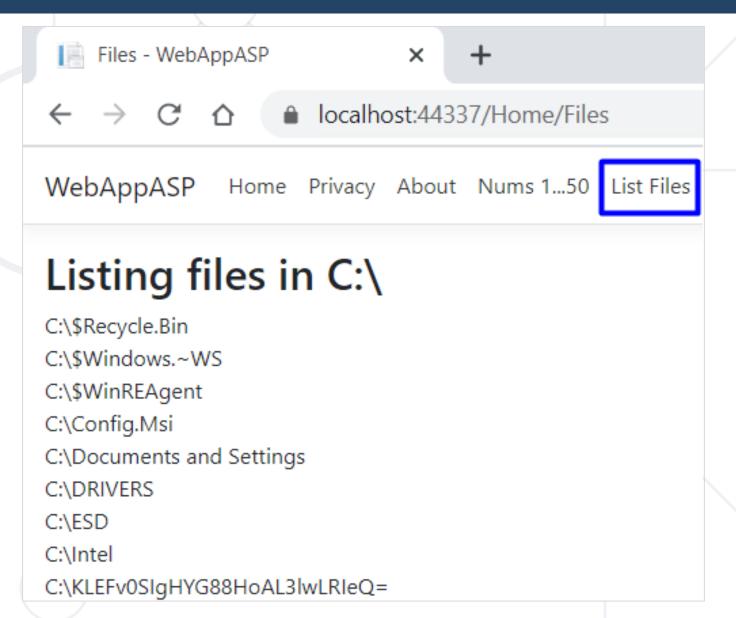
We can use HTML helpers in Razor to generate HTML:



### **Example: List Files**



Create an action
 Files to show the
 folders and files in



#### **Solution: List Files**



```
HomeController.cs
public ActionResult Files()
  var path = @"C:\";
  var files = Directory
    .GetDirectories(path)
    .ToList();
  files.AddRange(
    Directory.GetFiles(path));
  return View(files);
```

```
\Views\Home\Files.cshtml
@{ ViewBag.Title = "Files"; }
<h2>Listing files in C:\</h2>
@model List<string>
@foreach (var file in Model)
   <div> @file </div>
Lavout.cshtml* → X Numbers.cshtml
 <div class="navbar-collapse collapse d-sm-inline-flex flex-sm-row-reverse">
   ...
     ...
     class="nav-item">...
     ...
     class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link text-dark" asp-area=""</pre>
         asp-controller="Home" asp-action="Files">List Files</a>
      </div>
```

### Summary



- ASP.NET MVC is powerful Web dev platform
  - Views render HTML code

```
@foreach (var item in @Model)
{ @item }
```

Controllers process HTTP GET / POST actions

```
public ActionResult Index()
{ return this.View(GetAllItems()); }
```



# Questions?

















**SoftUni Digital** 



**SoftUni Foundation** 



### License



- This course (slides, examples, demos, exercises, homework, documents, videos and other assets) is copyrighted content
- Unauthorized copy, reproduction or use is illegal
- © SoftUni <a href="https://softuni.org">https://softuni.org</a>
- © Software University <a href="https://softuni.bg">https://softuni.bg</a>



### Trainings @ Software University (SoftUni)



- Software University High-Quality Education,
   Profession and Job for Software Developers
  - softuni.bg, softuni.org
- Software University Foundation
  - softuni.foundation
- Software University @ Facebook
  - facebook.com/SoftwareUniversity
- Software University Forums
  - forum.softuni.bg







