# Lab: Streams, Files and Directories

You can check your solutions here: https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/3183/Additional-Exercises.

**NOTE**: For these problems follow the instructions for the required methods and classes. For each problem **submit** zipped folder of your project without the "bin" and "obj" folders in it.

## **Text File Operations**

#### 1. Odd Lines

Write a program that reads a text file (e. g. input.txt) and writes its every odd line in another file. Line numbers starts from 0.

Note: use the following structure:

```
public class OddLines
{
    static void Main()
        string inputFilePath = @"..\..\Files\input.txt";
        string outputFilePath = @"..\..\Files\output.txt";
        ExtractOddLines(inputFilePath, outputFilePath);
    }
   public static void ExtractOddLines(string inputFilePath, string outputFilePath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
```

### **Examples**

input.txt	output.txt
Two households, both alike in dignity, In fair Verona, where we lay our scene, From ancient grudge break to new mutiny, Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean. From forth the fatal loins of these two foes A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life; Whose misadventured piteous overthrows Do with their death bury their parents' strife.	<pre>In fair Verona, where we lay our scene, Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean. A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life; Do with their death bury their parents' strife</pre>

#### 2. Line Numbers

Write a program that reads a text file (e.g. input.txt) and inserts line numbers in front of each of its lines. The result should be written to another text file (e.g. output.txt). Use StreamReader and StreamWriter.

**NOTE**: use the following structure:















```
public class LineNumbers
{
    static void Main()
    {
        string inputFilePath = @"..\..\Files\input.txt";
        string outputFilePath = @"..\..\Files\output.txt";
        RewriteFileWithLineNumbers(inputFilePath, outputFilePath);
    }
    public static void RewriteFileWithLineNumbers(string inputFilePath, string
outputFilePath)
    {
        // TODO: write your code here...
    }
```

#### **Examples**

input.txt	output.txt
Two households, both alike in dignity, In fair Verona, where we lay our scene, From ancient grudge break to new mutiny, Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean.	<ol> <li>Two households, both alike in dignity,</li> <li>In fair Verona, where we lay our scene,</li> <li>From ancient grudge break to new mutiny,</li> <li>Where civil blood makes civil hands unclean.</li> </ol>
From forth the fatal loins of these two foes	5. From forth the fatal loins of these two foes
A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life;	6. A pair of star-cross'd lovers take their life;
Whose misadventured piteous overthrows Do with their death bury their parents' strife.	7. Whose misadventured piteous overthrows 8. Do with their death bury their parents' strife.

#### 3. Word Count

Write a program that reads a list of words from given file (e. g. words.txt) and finds how many times each of the words occurs in another file (e. g. text.txt). Matching should be case-insensitive. The result should be written to an output text file (e.g. output.txt). Sort the words by frequency in descending order.

**NOTE**: use the following structure:

```
public class WordCount
{
    public static void CalculateWordCounts(string wordsFilePath, string
textFilePath, string outputFilePath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
}
```

## **Examples**

words.txt	text.txt	output.txt
quick is	-I was quick to judge him, but it	is - 3
fault	wasn't his fault.	quick - 2

















	-Is this some kind of joke?! Is it?	fault - 1
-Quick, hide hereIt is safer.		

## 4. Merge Text Files

Write a program that reads the contents of two input text files (e.g. input1.txt and input2.txt) and merges them line by line together into a third text file (e. g. output.txt). The merging is done as follows:

- Line 1 from input1.txt
- Line 1 from input2.txt
- Line 2 from input1.txt
- Line 2 from input2.txt

If some of the files has more lines than the other, append at the end of the output the lines, which cannot be matched with the other file.

**NOTE**: use the following structure:

```
public class MergeFiles
    public static void MergeTextFiles(string firstInputFilePath, string
secondInputFilePath, string outputFilePath)
    {
        // TODO: write your code here...
    }
}
```

#### **Examples**

input1.txt	input2.txt	output.txt
1	2	1
3	4	2
5	6	3
	7	4
		5
		6
		7

## **Binary File Operations**

## 5. Extract Special Bytes

You are given a binary file (e. g. example.png) and a text file (e. g. bytes.txt), holding a list of bytes in the range [0...255]. Write a program to extract occurrences of all given bytes from the input file to an output binary file (e. g. output.bin).

**NOTE**: use the following structure:













```
public class ExtractBytes
    public static void ExtractBytesFromBinaryFile(string binaryFilePath, string
bytesFilePath, string outputPath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
    }
}
```

#### **Examples**

example.png bytes.tx t	output.bin	
20 46 183 212    Output bin +2 ×		

## 6. Split / Merge Binary Files

You are given an input binary file (e. g. example.png). Write a program to split it to two equal-sized files (e. g. part-1.bin and part-2.bin). When the input file size is odd number, the first part should be 1 byte bigger than the second.

After splitting the input file, join the obtained files into a new file (e.g. example-joined.png). The obtained result file should be the same as the initial input file.

**NOTE**: use the following structure:

```
public class SplitMergeBinaryFile
{
    public static void SplitBinaryFile(string sourceFilePath, string
partOneFilePath, string partTwoFilePath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
    }
    public static void MergeBinaryFiles(string partOneFilePath, string
partTwoFilePath, string joinedFilePath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
```

## **III. Directory Operations**

#### 7. Folder Size

You are given a folder in the file system (e.g. **TestFolder**). Calculate the size of all files in the folder, and its subfolders. The result should be written to another text (e. g. output.txt) file in kilobytes.

**NOTE**: use the following structure:

















```
public class FolderSize
    public static void GetFolderSize(string folderPath, string outputFilePath)
        // TODO: write your code here...
}
```

## **Examples**

output.txt

0.0869140625 KB















