Lab: Intro to Data Structures

You can check your solutions here: https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/3189/Additional-Exercises.

1. Linked Strings

Use LinkedList<T> class and add strings in a given order:

- **First string** becomes **first** in the sequence
- **Second string** becomes **last** in the sequence
- Third string should be right after the first one
- Fourth string should be right before the last one

Print all strings in the right order, separated by ", ".

Examples

Input	Output
First Last After First Before Last	First, After First, Before Last, Last

Input	Output			
how today	how,	are,	you,	today
are				
you				

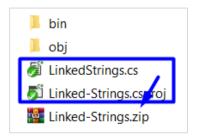
Solution

Use AddFirst(), AddLast(), AddAfter() and AddBefore() methods of LinkedList<T>, like shown below:

```
static void Main()
{
    LinkedList<string> list = new LinkedList<string>();
    string firstWord = Console.ReadLine();
    string secondWord = Console.ReadLine();
    string thirdWord = Console.ReadLine();
    string fourthWord = Console.ReadLine();
    list.AddFirst(firstWord);
    list.AddLast(secondWord);
    list.AddAfter(list.First, thirdWord);
    list.AddBefore(list.Last, fourthWord);
    Console.WriteLine(string.Join(", ", list));
}
```

Submit to Judge

Go to the folder with your solution and archive the .cs and .csproj files (do not include the bin and obj folders) to a .zip archive:



















Page 1 of 4

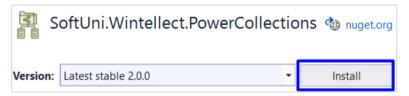
2. Bag of Words

Use the class **OrderedBag<T>** to read **n words** from the console and print the words in a **sorted order** and each on a **new line**.

Input	Output
5	Ana
Peter	Maria
Maria	Mitko
Ana	Nina
Nina	Peter
Mitko	

Input	Output
4 apple banana pear watermelon	apple banana pear watermelon

Note that you should first install **SoftUni.Wintellect.PowerCollections** from NuGet Packages.



Do not forget to import the namespace Wintellect.PowerCollections at the start of your C# code:

```
using Wintellect.PowerCollections;
```

Solution

```
OrderedBag<string> bag = new OrderedBag<string>();
int n = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    string word = Console.ReadLine();
    bag.Add(word);
foreach (var element in bag)
    Console.WriteLine(element);
```

3. Phone Book

Use the MultiDictionary<K, V> class to read a phone book, where each person can have multiple phone numbers.

Note that you should first install **SoftUni.Wintellect.PowerCollections** from NuGet Packages.

Input

The input consists of:

- N- number of lines
- N lines with the given structure: "{name} {phoneNumber1}"













Output

Print each **person** with their **phone numbers** the following way: "{name}:

{phoneNumber1, phoneNumber2,...}". Phone numbers should be separated by comma (","). Use the default printing of MultiDictionary<K, V> class.

Note that **order** in **MultiDictionary<K**, **V>** can be different (keys order is unpredictable, values keep their insertion order). Sort result by name (ascending).

Examples

Input	Output
5	Ana: {0877 410 456}
Peter - 0877 565 565	Maria: {02 875 5645}
Peter - 0875 696 969	Peter: {0877 565 565,0875 696 969,0879 563 021}
Maria - 02 875 5645	
Ana - 0877 410 456	
Peter - 0879 563 021	

Hints

You can print the result as shown below, because .Value property formats the result like this: {phoneNumber1,phoneNumber2,...}.

```
foreach (var kvp in phoneBook.OrderBy(x => x.Key))
   Console.WriteLine($"{kvp.Key}: {kvp.Value}");
```

4. Heap of Names

Read n names from the console. Use the MaxHeap<T> class to sort names in descending order. Print each name, using the **ExtractMax()** method.

Note that you should first install MoreComplexDataStructures from NuGet Packages.



MoreComplexDataStructures by Alastair Wyse

MoreComplexDataStructures is a class library containing a collection of data structures (plus related utility classes) more complex than those found in the standard .NET framework.

Examples

Input	Output
4	Pesho
Pesho	Miro
Kiro	Kiro
Asen	Asen
Miro	

Hints

Print the result with the **ExtractMax()** method like this:

















```
while (heap.Count > 0)
{
    Console.WriteLine(heap.ExtractMax());
}
```

















