Appendix-1.R

sebastian sosa

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```
# Function from :
{\it \# https://besjournals.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1111/2041-210X.13400}
library(ANTs)
library(ggplot2)
library(ggpubr)
make_network <- function(obs, focal.id) {</pre>
  N <- ncol(obs)
  network <- matrix(0, nrow = N, ncol = N)</pre>
  for (i in 1:(N - 1)) {
    for (j in (i + 1):N) {
      xab \leftarrow sum(obs[which(focal.id %in% c(i, j)), c(i, j)] > 0)
      fa <- sum(focal.id == i)</pre>
      fb <- sum(focal.id == j)</pre>
      ya <- fa - xab
      yb <- fb - xab
      if (yb < 0) {
         yb = 0
      if (ya < 0) {</pre>
        ya = 0
      sri <- ((xab) / (xab + ya + yb))</pre>
      if (!is.nan(sri)) {
        network[i, j] <- sri</pre>
        network[j, i] <- sri</pre>
      } else{
        network[i, j] <- 0</pre>
        network[j, i] <- 0</pre>
    }
  }
  return(network)
make_network.corrected <- function(obs, focal.id) {</pre>
  N <- ncol(obs)
  network <- matrix(0, nrow = N, ncol = N)#SRI</pre>
  # Calcule SRI
  for (i in 1:(N - 1)) {
    for (j in (i + 1):N) {
```

```
xab \leftarrow sum(obs[which(focal.id %in% c(i, j)), c(i, j)] > 0)
    fa <- sum(focal.id == i)</pre>
    fb <- sum(focal.id == j)</pre>
    ya <- fa - xab
    yb <- fb - xab
    if (yb < 0) {
      yb = 0
    if (ya < 0) {
      ya = 0
    }
    sri <- ((xab) / (xab + ya + yb))</pre>
    gi = fa + fb
    if (!is.nan(sri)) {
      network[i, j] <- sri</pre>
      network[j, i] <- sri</pre>
    } else{
      network[i, j] <- 0</pre>
      network[j, i] <- 0</pre>
  }
}
# Calcule Bias d'ibservations
obs.per.ind.Bias = rep(0, nrow(network))
for (x in 1:ncol(network)) {
  obs.per.ind.Bias[x] = length(which(focal.id %in% x))
mean.obs = mean(obs.per.ind.Bias, na.rm = T)
dif.mean = mean.obs - obs.per.ind.Bias
dif.mean.obs = abs(dif.mean)
\#dif.mean = abs(dif.mean.obs)
# Calcule Nombre d'interactions
int = colSums(obs)
# définition de dif.mean
#dif.mean = dif.mean/dif.mean.obs
dif.mean = dif.mean.obs # similar false negatives rates
# CReation matrice en fonction de la définition de dif.mean
fa = matrix(0, ncol = nrow(network), nrow = nrow(network))
for (a in 1:nrow(network)) {
  fa[a, ] = dif.mean[a]
fb = t(fa)
sampling.effort = (fa + fb)
diag(sampling.effort) = 0
```

```
# Formule de correction
 GI = (network / (sd(int) / sampling.effort))
 return(GI)
error.rates <- function(R, p.side = "two.side") {</pre>
  if (p.side == "two.side") {
   d1 = data.frame(
      "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
      "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
      "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
      "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
      "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
      "strength" = c(
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) * 100 /
          nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) * 100 /
          nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
          R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
      "eigenvector" = c(
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) * 100 /
          nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) * 100 /
          nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
      ),
      "Alters" = c(
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
          100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                         R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
        sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) * 100 /
          nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T & R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
     )
   )
   d2 = data.frame(
      "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
      "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
      "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
      "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
      "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
      "strength" = c(
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sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
  )
)
d3 = data.frame(
  "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
  "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
  "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
  "strength" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
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sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
  ),
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F & R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
  )
)
d4 = data.frame(
  "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
  "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
  "strength" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected3", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ]$p_value_two_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
  )
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)
}
if (p.side == "rigth.side") {
  d1 = data.frame(
    "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
    "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
    "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
    "strength" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                 R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
             R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
    ),
    "eigenvector" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
             R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
             R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
    ),
    "Alters" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
    )
  )
  d2 = data.frame(
    "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
    "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
    "strength" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
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R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ]$p value rigth side > 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ] p_value_rigth_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
  )
)
d3 = data.frame(
  "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
  "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
  "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
  "strength" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ] $p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
               R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
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R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
  ),
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ] p_value_rigth_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
  )
)
d4 = data.frame(
  "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
  "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
  "strength" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected3", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ]$p_value_rigth_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
  )
)
```

```
if (p.side == "left.side") {
 d1 = data.frame(
    "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
    "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
    "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
    "strength" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                 R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
             R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
    ),
    "eigenvector" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
             R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
    ),
    "Alters" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ] $p_value_left_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
   )
 )
 d2 = data.frame(
    "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "Error Type" = rep("False negatives rates", 2),
    "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
    "strength" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
              R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                       R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
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sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ] p_value_left_side > 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
               R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
  "Alters" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
            R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ] p_value_left_side > 0.05, na.rm = T) *
      100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == T &
                     R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
  )
)
d3 = data.frame(
  "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
  "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "GI" = rep(FALSE, 2),
  "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
  "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
  "strength" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
               R$test %in% "Strength.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Strength.network", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Strength.network", ])
  ),
  "eigenvector" = c(
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric", ]),
    sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
            R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) * 100 /
      nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
           R$test %in% "Eigen.network", ])
```

```
"Alters" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.parametric", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Alters.network", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *</pre>
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.network", ])
   )
 )
 d4 = data.frame(
    "Error Type" = rep("False positives rates", 2),
    "Biases" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "GI" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "two.side" = rep(TRUE, 2),
    "approches" = c("Parametric", "Nertwork permutations"),
    "strength" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Strength.parametric.corrected", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ]$p value left side < 0.05) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Strength.network.corrected", ])
    ),
    "eigenvector" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Eigen.parametric.corrected", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05) * 100 /
        nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                 R$test %in% "Eigen.network.corrected", ])
   ),
    "Alters" = c(
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected3", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.parametric.corrected", ]),
      sum(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
              R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ]$p_value_left_side < 0.05, na.rm = T) *
        100 / nrow(R[R$FemPhenotypeBias == F &
                       R$test %in% "Alters.network.corrected", ])
   )
 )
}
```

```
RESULTS = rbind(d1, d2, d3, d4)
  return(RESULTS)
}
### function to generate pre-network permutations (swaps of individuals between focals)
rand_network <- function(obs.p, focal.id, n.perm, n_focals) {</pre>
  N <- ncol(obs.p)</pre>
  networks_rand <- array(0, c(n.perm, N, N))</pre>
  for (i in 1:n.perm) {
    # first randomly select two focal observations
    repeat {
      o <- 1:n focals
      a <- sample(o, 1)
      b <- sample(o[-a], 1)
      # check if these are different individuals and they have associates
      if ((focal.id[a] != focal.id[b]) &
          (sum(obs.p[a, ]) > 0) & (sum(obs.p[b, ]) > 0)) {
        # next select two associates to swap
        d \leftarrow sample(which(obs.p[a, ] > 0), 1)
        e \leftarrow sample(which(obs.p[b, ] > 0), 1)
        # check they do not occur in the other focal
        if ((obs.p[a, e] == 0) \& obs.p[b, d] == 0) {
          # now check we have 4 distinct individuals, otherwise repeat this process
          if (!(d %in% c(focal.id[a], focal.id[b], e)) &
               !(e %in% c(focal.id[a], focal.id[b], d))) {
            break
          }
        }
      }
    }
    # swap individuals
    obs.p[a, d] \leftarrow 0
    obs.p[b, d] <- 1
    obs.p[b, e] \leftarrow 0
    obs.p[a, e] \leftarrow 1
    # caculate network
    networks_rand[i, , ] <- make_network(obs.p, focal.id)</pre>
  }
  return(networks_rand)
# Data stream with GI
rand_network2 <- function(obs.p, focal.id, n.perm, n_focals) {</pre>
  N <- ncol(obs.p)</pre>
  networks_rand <- array(0, c(n.perm, N, N))</pre>
  for (i in 1:n.perm) {
    # first randomly select two focal observations
    repeat {
      o <- 1:n_focals
```

```
a <- sample(o, 1)
      b <- sample(o[-a], 1)
      # check if these are different individuals and they have associates
      if ((focal.id[a] != focal.id[b]) &
           (sum(obs.p[a, ]) > 0) & (sum(obs.p[b, ]) > 0)) {
        # next select two associates to swap
        d <- sample(which(obs.p[a, ] > 0), 1)
        e <- sample(which(obs.p[b, ] > 0), 1)
        # check they do not occur in the other focal
        if ((obs.p[a, e] == 0) & obs.p[b, d] == 0) {
          # now check we have 4 distinct individuals, otherwise repeat this process
          if (!(d %in% c(focal.id[a], focal.id[b], e)) &
               !(e %in% c(focal.id[a], focal.id[b], d))) {
            break
          }
        }
      }
    }
    # swap individuals
    obs.p[a, d] \leftarrow 0
    obs.p[b, d] <- 1
    obs.p[b, e] \leftarrow 0
    obs.p[a, e] \leftarrow 1
    # caculate network
    networks_rand[i, , ] <- make_network.corrected(obs.p, focal.id)</pre>
  return(networks_rand)
### Function to allocate number of observations to groups
rand_vect <- function(N, M, sd = 1, pos.only = TRUE) {</pre>
  vec <- rnorm(N, M / N, sd)</pre>
  if (abs(sum(vec)) < 0.01)
    vec <- vec + 1
  vec <- round(vec / sum(vec) * M)</pre>
  deviation <- M - sum(vec)</pre>
  for (. in seq_len(abs(deviation))) {
    vec[i] <- vec[i <- sample(N, 1)] + sign(deviation)</pre>
  if (pos.only)
    while (any(vec < 0)) {</pre>
      negs <- vec < 0
      pos <- vec > 0
      vec[negs][i] <- vec[negs][i <- sample(sum(negs), 1)] + 1</pre>
      vec[pos][i] <- vec[pos][i <- sample(sum(pos), 1)] - 1</pre>
    }
  vec
}
```

MAIN SIMULATION FUNCTION

@param GS numeric argument indicating group size @param ObsBia numeric argument indicating the percent of censoring bias [0.5-1.0] @param FemPhenotypeBias boolean argument indicating whether a phenotype bias is present among females @param nfocals numeric argument indicating number of focal samples @param N.perm numeric argument indicating number of permutations

```
Simulation <-
  function(GS,
           ObsBias,
           FemSexRatio,
           FemPhenotypeBias,
           nfocals,
           N.Perm,
           print = FALSE)
    # Set parameters
    N <- GS
    n focals <- nfocals
    # Generate nodes
    NumFem <- round(GS * FemSexRatio)</pre>
    NumMal <- GS - NumFem
    Sex <- c(rep("F", NumFem), rep("M", NumMal))</pre>
    Sex <- sample(Sex, GS, replace = F)</pre>
    ids <- data.frame(ID = 1:(N), SEX = Sex)</pre>
    # Generate a distribution of group sizes
    group_size <- sample(c(1:(N / 2)), n_focals, replace = TRUE)</pre>
    # Create blank observation matrix
    obs <- matrix(0, nrow = n_focals, ncol = N)
    ## set number of observations of an individual in a group per individual
    ids$OBS <- rand_vect(N, sum(group_size), pos.only = TRUE)</pre>
    ## Variables to Allocate individuals to groups,
    GroupID <- c(1:n_focals)</pre>
    group_size.tmp <- group_size</pre>
    # IF Fem phenotype is stronger than males, start with males so that they end up in smaller groups
    if (FemPhenotypeBias == T)
      which.males <- which(ids$SEX == "M")</pre>
      which.females <- which(ids$SEX == "F")</pre>
      for (i in which.males)
        g <- sample(GroupID[which(group_size.tmp > 0)], ids$OBS[i])
        group_size.tmp[g] <- group_size.tmp[g] - 1</pre>
        obs[g, i] <- 1
      }
      for (i in which.females)
        if ((sum(group_size.tmp > 0) < ids$OBS[i]))</pre>
          Needed <- ids$OBS[i] - (sum(group_size.tmp > 0))
          group.tmp <- group_size</pre>
          group.tmp[group_size.tmp > 0] = 0
          BiggestGroups <-</pre>
             sort(group.tmp,
```

```
decreasing = T,
              index.return = T)$ix
      ExtraGroups <- BiggestGroups[1:Needed]</pre>
      g <- c(GroupID[which(group_size.tmp > 0)], ExtraGroups)
    } else
    {
      g <- sample(GroupID[which(group_size.tmp > 0)], ids$OBS[i])
    group_size.tmp[g] <- group_size.tmp[g] - 1</pre>
    obs[g, i] \leftarrow 1
} else
  # IF Fem phenotype is equal to males, allocate indivdiuals to groups at random
  Inds \leftarrow c(1:GS)
  for (. in 1:GS)
    id <- Inds[1]
    if (length(Inds) > 1) {
      id <- sample(Inds, 1)</pre>
    Inds <- Inds[-which(Inds == id)]</pre>
    if ((sum(group_size.tmp > 0) < ids$OBS[id]))</pre>
      Needed <- ids$OBS[id] - (sum(group_size.tmp > 0))
      Fullgroups <- which(group size.tmp == 0)</pre>
      ExtraGroups <- sample(Fullgroups, Needed, replace = F)</pre>
      g <- c(GroupID[which(group_size.tmp > 0)], ExtraGroups)
    } else
    {
      g <- sample(GroupID[which(group_size.tmp > 0)], ids$OBS[id])
    group_size.tmp[g] <- group_size.tmp[g] - 1</pre>
    obs[g, id] <- 1
  }
}
# Select a focal individual from each group
focal.id <- apply(obs, 1, function(x) {</pre>
  sample(which(x == 1), 1)
# Now remove cases where individuals occur in a group for which they are focal
obs[cbind(1:n_focals, focal.id)] <- 0
## NOW DO NETWORK ANALYSIS ON THESE DATA
# Calculate network
Net.Ori <- make_network(obs, focal.id)</pre>
Net.Ori.corrected <- make_network.corrected(obs, focal.id)</pre>
Net.Ori.corrected[is.infinite(Net.Ori.corrected)] = 0
# Remove some observations according to the degre of observation bias ObsBias
# Generate probability of being observed (males=1,females=0bsBias)
```

```
ids$0BS_PROB <- ObsBias</pre>
ids$OBS_PROB[which(ids$SEX == "M")] <- 1
# Remove observations from GBI
obs.Bias <- obs
for (i in 1:N) {
  obs.Bias[which(obs.Bias[, i] > 0), i] <-
    sample(
      c(0, 1),
      sum(obs.Bias[, i]),
      replace = TRUE,
      prob = c(1 - ids$OBS_PROB[i], ids$OBS_PROB[i])
}
# Calculate new network
Net.Biais <- make_network(obs.Bias, focal.id)</pre>
Net.Biais.corrected <- make_network.corrected(obs.Bias, focal.id)</pre>
Net.Biais.corrected[is.infinite(Net.Biais.corrected)] = 0
Net.Biais.corrected[is.nan(Net.Biais.corrected)] = 0
# Calculate Strength
ids$DEGREE <- rowSums(Net.Ori)</pre>
ids$DEGREE.Corrected <- rowSums(Net.Ori.corrected)</pre>
ids$DEGREE.Bias <- rowSums(Net.Biais)</pre>
ids$DEGREE.Bias.Corrected <- rowSums(Net.Biais.corrected)</pre>
# Sampling effort for each individuals----
obs.per.ind.Bias = rep(0, nrow(ids))
for (x in 1:nrow(ids)) {
  obs.per.ind.Bias[x] = length(which(focal.id %in% x))
ids$obs.bias = obs.per.ind.Bias
if (print) {
  print(ggplot(ids, aes(
    x = DEGREE, y = DEGREE.Bias, color = SEX
  )) + geom_point())
}
####### Modification 2 (extension): Compute degree and eigenvector
ids$alters <- met.degree(Net.Ori)</pre>
ids$alters.Bias <- met.degree(Net.Biais)</pre>
ids$alters.Bias.Corrected <- (ids$alters.Bias) / obs.per.ind.Bias
if (any(is.infinite(ids$alters.Bias.Corrected))) {
  ids$alters.Bias.Corrected[which(is.infinite(ids$alters.Bias.Corrected))] = NA
}
ids$eigen <- met.eigen(Net.Ori)</pre>
ids$eigen.Bias <- ((met.eigen(Net.Biais)))</pre>
ids$eigen.Bias.Corrected <- ((met.eigen(Net.Biais.corrected)))</pre>
###################################
```

```
####### results visualization
    p1 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = DEGREE, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom point()
   p2 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = DEGREE.Bias, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p3 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = DEGREE.Bias.Corrected, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p4 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = DEGREE.Bias.Corrected2, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p4 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = alters, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p5 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = alters.Bias, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p6 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = alters.Bias.Corrected, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p7 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = eigen, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p8 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = eigen.Bias, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   p9 = ggplot(ids, aes(x = SEX, y = eigen.Bias.Corrected, group = SEX)) + geom_boxplot() +
     geom_point()
   if (print) {
     print(ggarrange(
       p1,
       p2,
       р3,
       p4,
       p5,
       p6,
       p7,
       p8,
       p9,
       ncol = 3,
       nrow = 3
     ))
   }
   return(ids)
 }
# Testing presence of exposure bias in simulation
N = 100
result = NULL
for (a in 1:N) {
 GS.sample = sample(30:100, 1)
 ObsBias.sample = sample(0.5:0.1)# exposure bias appear when censoring bias is simulated
 sim = Simulation(
   GS = GS.sample,
```

Rate of exposure biases in simulations: 100 %