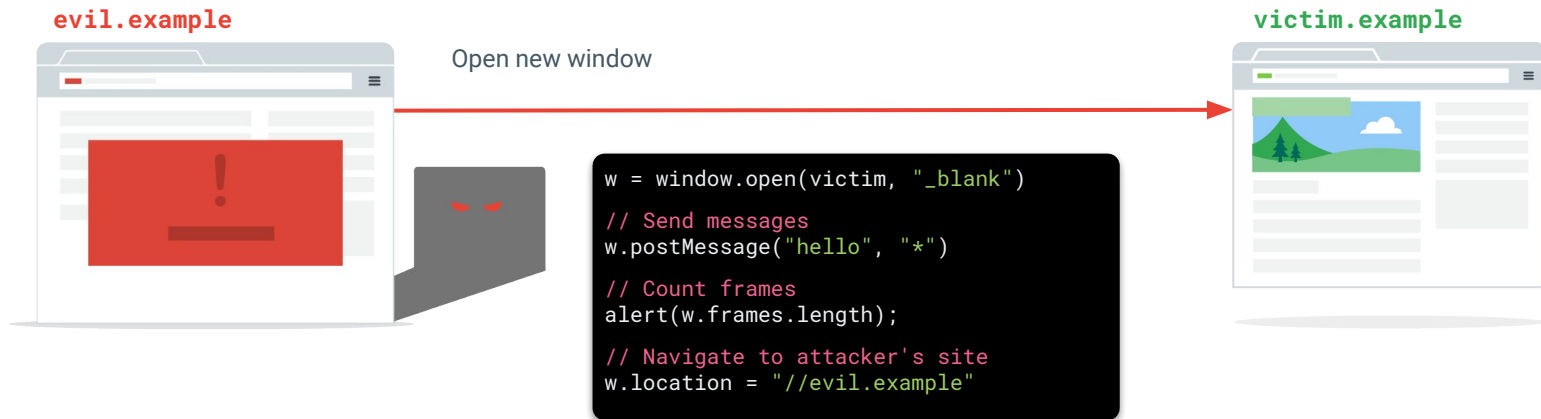


Cross Origin Opener Policy

lwe@google.com, W3C TPAC '19

COOP – Why do we need isolation?



COOP – Why do we need isolation?

A window with a Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy will be put in a **different browsing context group** from its cross-site opener:

- External documents will lose direct references to the window

```
>> window.opener.postMessage('evil!', '*')
```

❗ `TypeError: window.opener is null` [\[Learn More\]](#)



prevents **attacks on window references**:

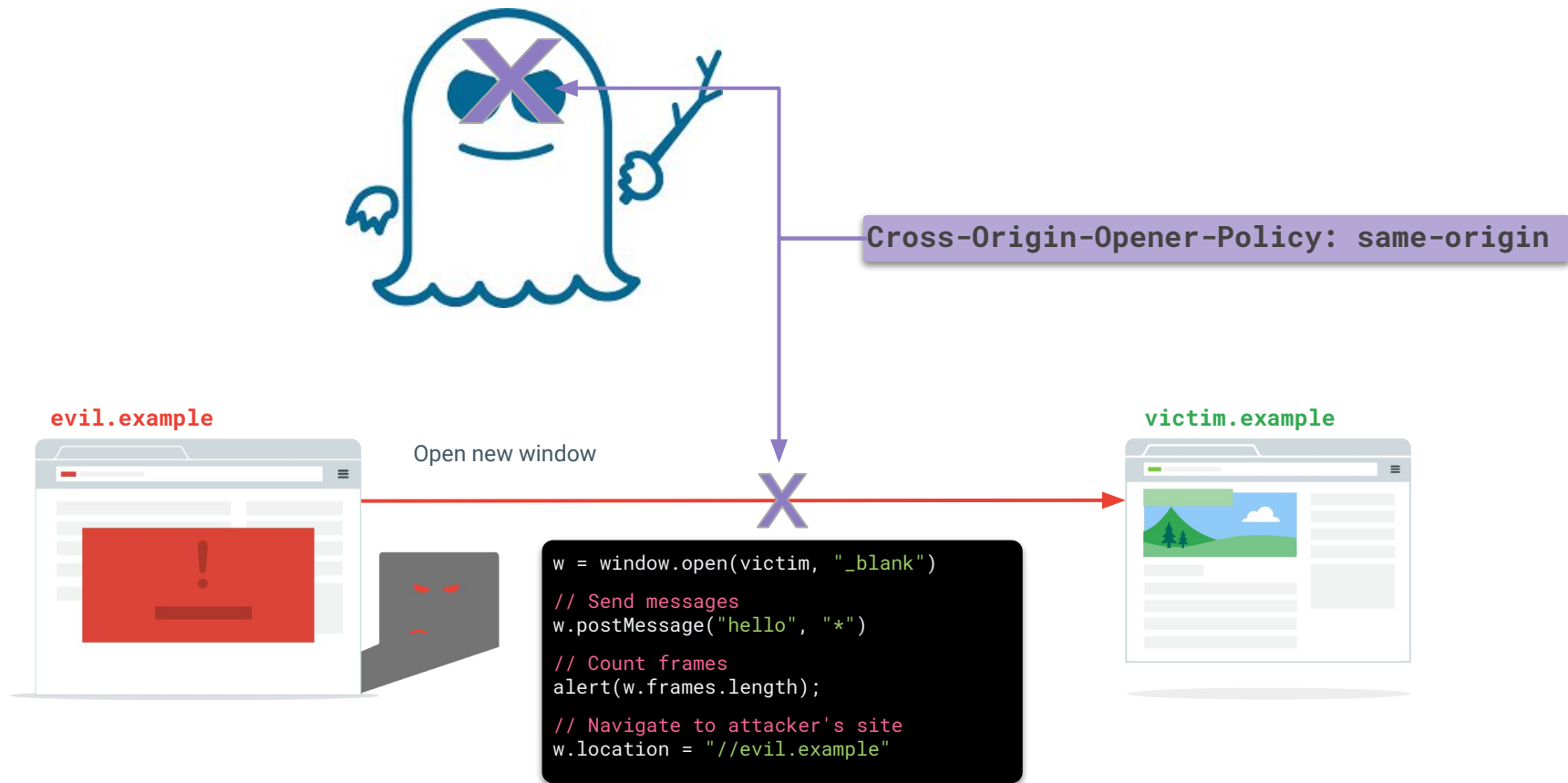
XS-Search, tabnabbing, login detection, Spectre

- Allows browsers without Site Isolation to put document in separate process





protects the data from speculative execution bugs (Spectre)

COOP – Why do we need isolation?



COOP – Overview

- If the COOP values are the same, and the origins of the documents match the relationship declared in the COOP header
 documents can interact with each other.
- Otherwise, if at least one of the documents sets COOP
 the browser will create a new browsing context group, severing the link between the documents.

COOP – Overview

- The browser enforces COOP by consulting the Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy **response header** on every top-level navigation

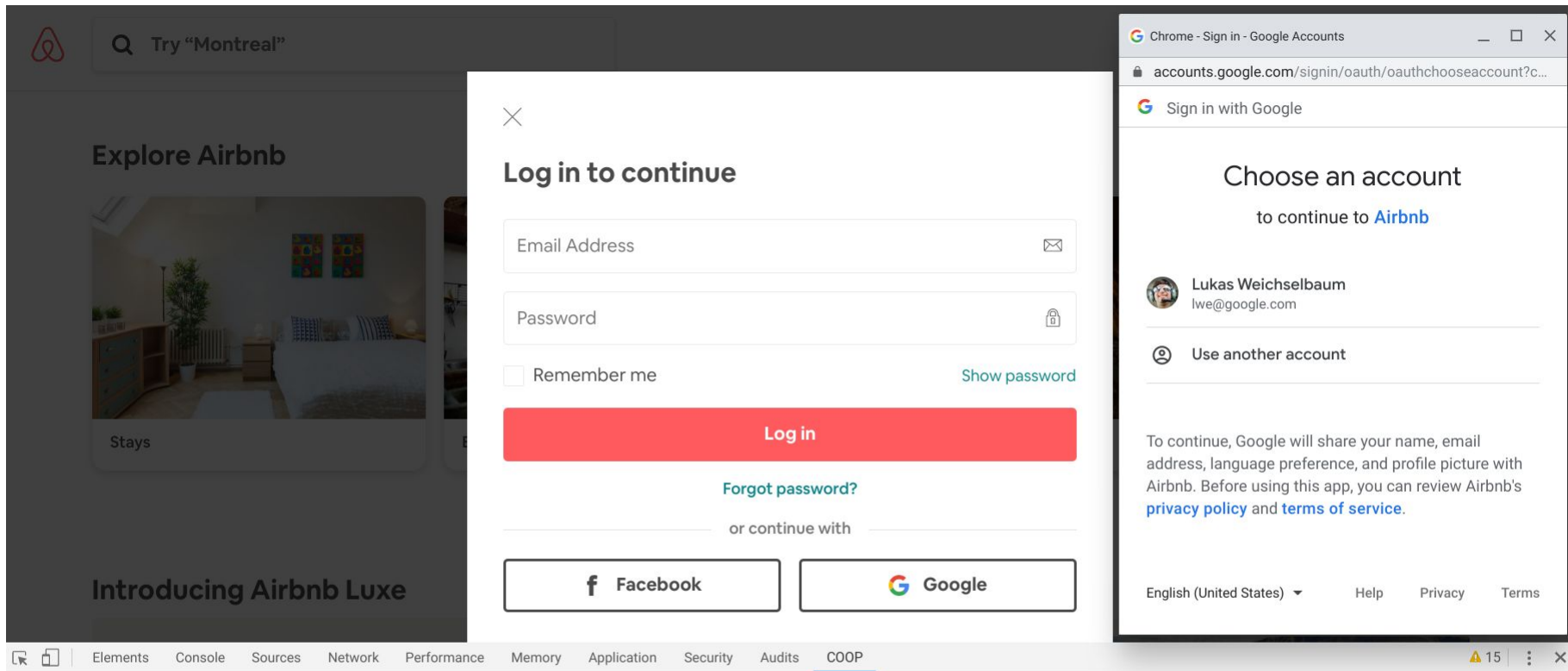
Origin 1	COOP 1	Origin 2	COOP 2	New browsing context group?	Why?
a.example.org	[none]	b.example.org	[none]	No	No COOP
a.example.org	[none]	b.example.org	same-origin	Yes	COOP values don't match
a.example.org	same-site	b.example.org	same-site	No	COOP value & same-site match
a.example.org	same-origin	b.example.org	same-origin	Yes	Origin sameness doesn't match COOP
a.example.org	same-origin	a.example.org	same-site	Yes	COOP values don't match
a.example.org	[none]	a.example.org	same-origin	Yes	COOP values don't match

COOP – Overview

- Only applies to top-level documents (--> doesn't apply to iframes)
- Relaxations:
 - **'unsafe-allow-outgoing'** can be used to allow pop-ups being opened in same browsing context group
 - **'unsafe-inherit'** to accept the opener's choice of COOP
→ site can be used as a pop-up same-origin/same-site/cross-site.
- Neither of these values can be used in documents which desire threaded access to SharedArrayBuffer

COOP – Case Study

- Investigated over 50 Google and external sites
- Methodology
 - Created Chrome extension to track window.open and cross window interactions
 - Log such interactions
 - Keep track of origins (esp. log if same-site openee navigates to cross-origin)
 - Picked ~ 50 popular sites and sites where we expected cross-window interaction
 - Manually interacted with sites and monitored for cross window interactions
 - Investigated cross window interactions
 - Confirmed assumptions in Firefox nightly with injected COOP headers
- Credits: Raluca Radu who did all the work!



Count	From	Action	Opener	Openee	Origin	Site	Stack Trace
	fromOpener	open	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://www.airbnb.com/oauth...	same-origin	same-site	window.open (<anonymous>:4:...
10	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://www.airbnb.com/oauth...	same-origin	same-site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...
	fromOpener	GET window	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://www.airbnb.com/oauth...	same-origin	same-site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...
17	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://www.airbnb.com/oauth...	same-origin	same-site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...
6	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://accounts.google.com/...	✗ cross origin	✗ cross site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...
1277	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.airbnb.com/	https://accounts.google.com/s...	✗ cross origin	✗ cross site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...



I'm not a robot



reCAPTCHA
Privacy - Terms



Continue with Facebook



Continue with Google

OR



Continue with email

By proceeding, you agree to our [Terms of Use](#) and confirm you have read our [Privacy Policy](#).

Chrome - Sign in - Google Accounts

accounts.google.com/signin/oauth/oauthchooseaccount?client_id=10...

Sign in with Google

Choose an account

to continue to [TripAdvisor](#)

Lukas Weichselbaum
lwe@google.com

Use another account

To continue, Google will share your name, email address, language preference, and profile picture with TripAdvisor. Before using this app, you can review TripAdvisor's [privacy policy](#) and [terms of service](#).

Count	From	Action	Opener	Openee	Origin	Site	Stack Trace
	fromOpener	open	https://www.tripadvisor.com/R...	https://accounts.google.com/o...	cross origin	cross site	window.open (<anonymous>:4:...
	fromOpener	focus	https://www.tripadvisor.com/R...	https://accounts.google.com/o...	cross origin	cross site	Object.focus (<anonymous>:3:...
4	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.tripadvisor.com/R...	https://accounts.google.com/o...	cross origin	cross site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...
184	fromOpener	GET closed	https://www.tripadvisor.com/R...	https://accounts.google.com/s...	cross origin	cross site	Object.get (<anonymous>:1:42...

COOP – Case Study Results

Breakdown of instances where window.open was called

- **33 instances** had no cross window interaction [COOP safe]
 - Gmail <-> Hangouts used Broadcast Channel API instead of window references
- **3 instances** were cross window interactions were same-origin [COOP safe]
- **15 instances** were cross window interactions were cross/same-site [COOP interferes]
 - Paypal integration on Google Play - uses .closed [fails]
 - Federated login when using pop-ups - implementation specific [some fail gracefully]
 - "Share on Facebook" - uses .focus() [fails gracefully]
 - Open booking.com from Google Maps - booking counts frame of opener [fails gracefully]
 - Google Script Editor - uses postMessage [fails gracefully] (more investigation needed)

COOP – Case Study Conclusion

- Majority of sites could enable COOP **without changes**
 - Most sites don't use cross-site cross window communication
 - Usages of `.focus()` after opening would be blocked by COOP, but is a no-op.
- The rest could enable COOP with
 - **refactoring** e.g. use of Broadcast Channel API and/or
 - COOP **policy adjustments** e.g. `'unsafe-inherit'` / `'unsafe-allow-outgoing'`
 - Most common case was federated login
 - redirect based oauth was not affected though!
 - Issues implementation specific
- Policy adjustment examples:
 - Federated login providers (e.g. Google Oauth) could set COOP to `'unsafe-inherit'`
 - Google Play could set `'unsafe-allow-outgoing'` in COOP for their Paypal integration

COOP – Deployment Hurdles

- Rollouts need to be coordinated across **multiple** origins/services

- Hard to rollout header across different services simultaneously
- Even harder for percent rollouts (experiments)
- No rollback safety, if only one service rolls back



➡ Enable COOP 'unsafe-inherit' **before** rolling out actual COOP enforcement

- Sites involved in cross window communication are often unknown upfront

- COOP header needs to be set on **all** sites involved in cross window communication!

➡ Reporting **[Feature Request]**

- COOP setup cannot be tested without enforcing (breakages erode trust)
- If COOP breaks (niche) functionality, discovery could be slow

➡ "report-only" mode **[Feature Request]**

COOP – Discussion

- Chrome extension DEMO, if there's interest
- Which form of reporting can we support?
 - full report-only mode
 - reporting only when COOP kicks in (window.open / child navigation)
 - no reporting
- What to use instead of reference based cross window interaction?
→ Broadcast Channel API for framed A on B -> child A?
- Allowing SharedArrayBuffer access in presence of COOP & COEP?
- Is there an easier mechanism than COOP to achieve the same?
 - allow postMessage (via IPC) via a flag could potentially simplify adoption