BGP ATTACK ANALYSIS EPITA (LSE

Research project supported by the Security Lab of EPITA (LSE).



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HYPOTHESIS:

Can we support data analysts in their interpretation by creating an automatic detection process relying on the state-of-the-art tool Tabi?

OUR GOAL:

- Gather data in real time
- Detect BGP hijacks
- Build pretty graph:)
- Implement alerting bot
- Automate the process

COLLECTING DATA:

RIPE

Collect BGP announcements as MRT files (routing data export format).

Dataset is updated every 5min.

Source: rrc21.ripe.net at Paris, France



PARSING MRT FILES:

MABO

Transpose MRT data into usable input for Tabi.

Output:

update_xxx.json



HIJACK DETECTION:

TABI

Compute data and highlights routing anomalies, aka hijacks.

Output:

- all.default.json
- all.hijacks.json
- all.routes.json



RESULT AND ALERTING:

All results are stored as log files containing all alerts for each 5min frame.

For each hijack, we export:

- the legit AS ID
- the current AS ID (corrupted)
- more network data

A WRAPPING TOOL TO AUTOMATE THE DETECTION PROCESS.



DISCORD BOT: Display informations for one or all hijacks



MAIL ALERTING: Send informations for all hijacks

DISPLAY THE GRAPH:

GEPHI

Implements Leiden algorithm for community computation. Graphical tool for metrics managment.

Output:

export.svg



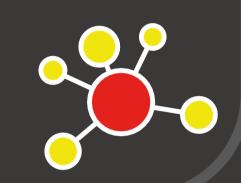
BUILD THE GRAPH:

IGRAPH

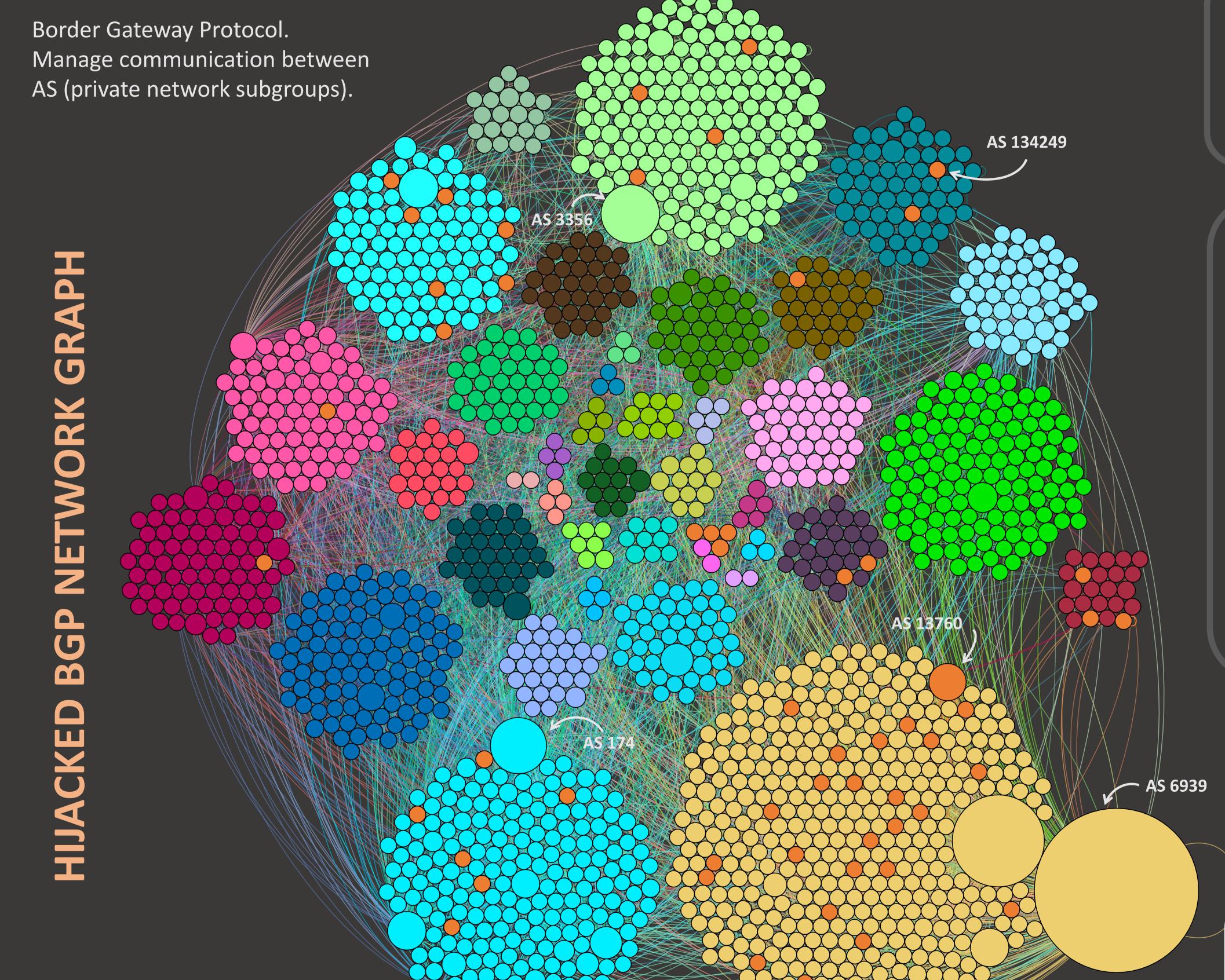
Transpose hijacks and routes into a drawable graph. iGraph is a python library.

Output:

routes.graphML



WHAT IS BGP?





AS 6939:

Hurricane Electric LLC

AS 174:

Cogent Communications

AS 3356:

Level 3 Parent, LLC

AS 13760 : hijacked

Unity Fiber Holdings Inc.

AS 134249: hijacked

Margo Networks Pvt Ltd.

THANK YOU SEE OUR GITHUB



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