

Introdução à Banco de dados

Trilha de Banco de Dados Relacional

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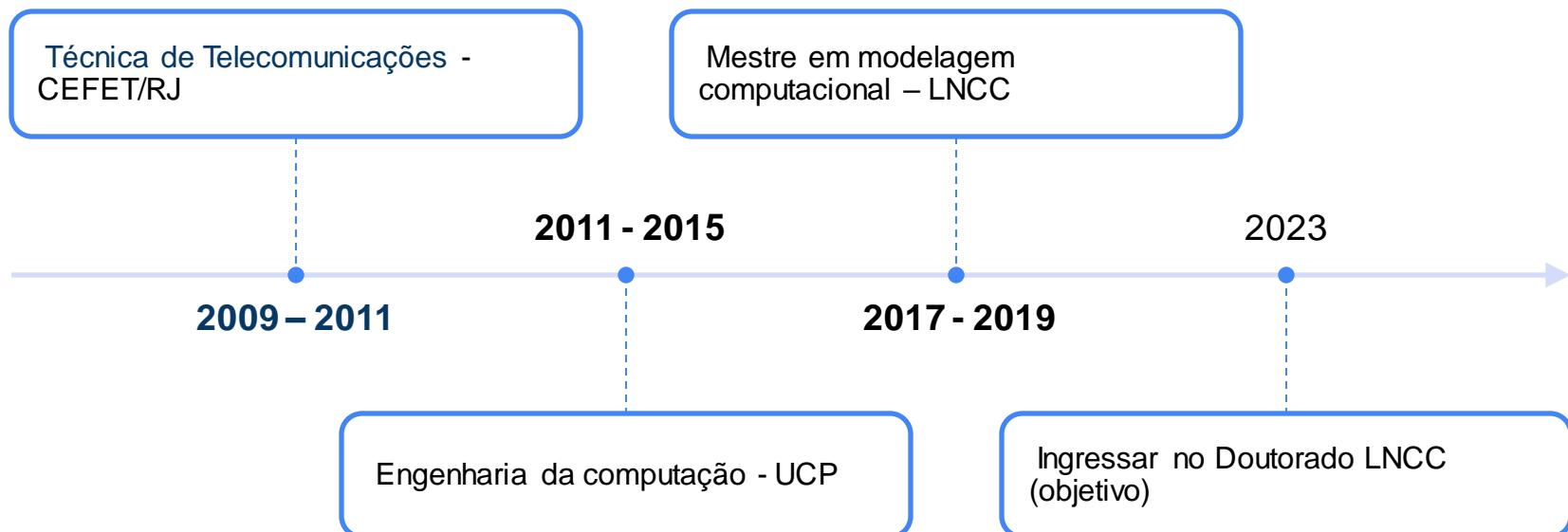
@SimplificandoProgramação

Cientista de dados

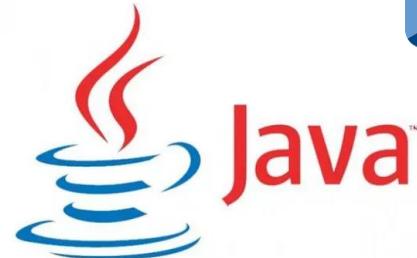
Desenvolvedora Java/Python

Me Modelagem Computacional - LNCC

Sobre Mim



Sobre Mim



PostgreSQL



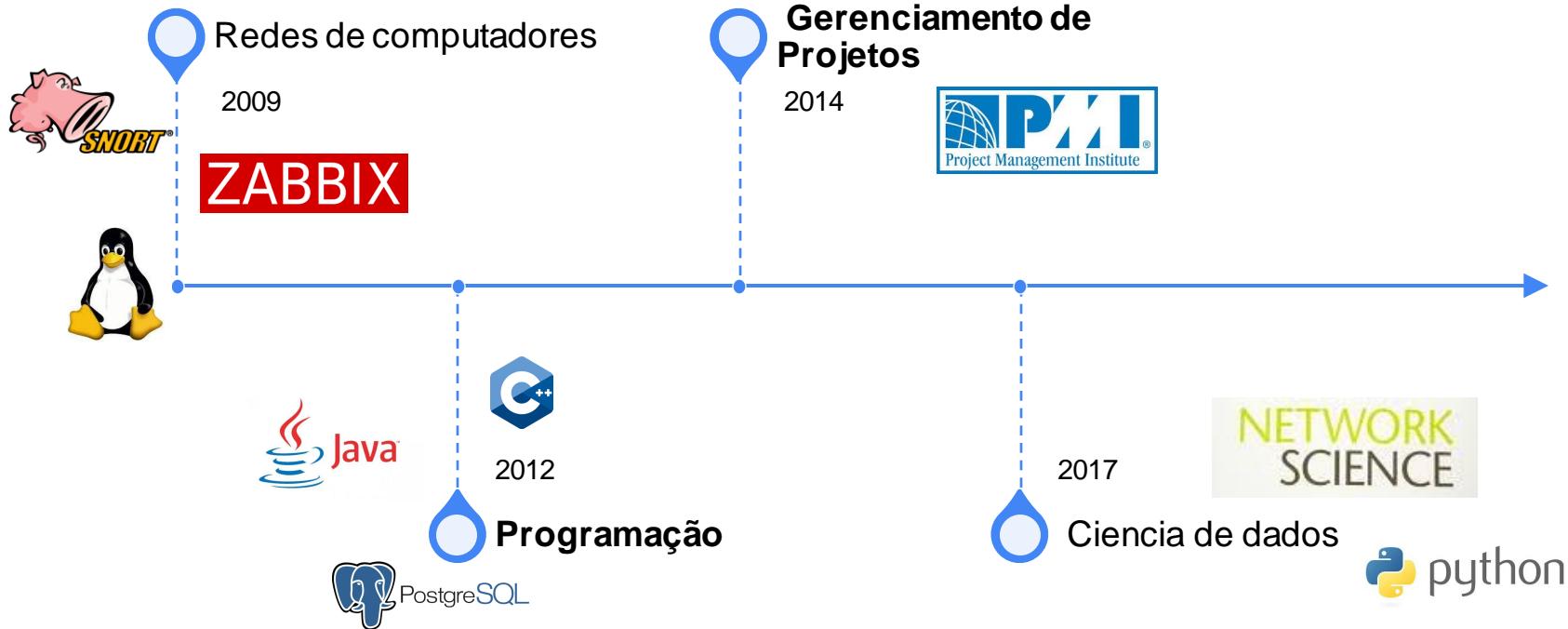
APACHE



ZABBIX



Sobre Mim



Cursos

Conhecendo os principais protocolos de comunicação da internet

HTTP | Web socket

Juliana Mascarenhas

Tech Education Specialist / Sócia - criadora de conteúdo no @Simplificandoredes e @SimplificandoProgramação

Mestre em modelagem computacional

[@in/juliana-mascarenhas-ds/](https://www.linkedin.com/in/juliana-mascarenhas-ds/)

Waiting for file-powerpoint.html to open...



Introdução à Programação e Pensamento Computacional

Curso base para iniciante

Juliana Mascarenhas

Tech Education Specialist / Sócia (Content Creator) @SimplificandoRedes

Me Modelagem Computacional / Cientista de dados

[@in/juliana-mascarenhas-ds/](https://www.linkedin.com/in/juliana-mascarenhas-ds/)



Criando um Microserviço de Upload de Imagens com o Amazon S3

Juliana Mascarenhas
Me. Modelagem Computacional



Criando uma API REST conectada a Amazon RDS com Java

Juliana Mascarenhas
Me. Modelagem Computacional



Java Spring com RabbitMQ

Juliana Mascarenhas
Mestre em modelagem computacional

Objetivo Geral

Objetivo deste módulo é apresentar o mundo da modelagem de dados voltado para um sistema de banco de dados. Dessa forma, o dev irá dar seu primeiro mergulho no mundo de Banco de dados obtendo uma visão geral sobre o assunto.

Objetivo Geral



Contextualização

Histórico
O que são BDs ?
Era dos dados



Introdução à Modelagem de Dados

Modelagem e SQL
Instalando e Configurando seu SGBD



Características principais
StakeHolders
Vantagens e quando não usar?



Explorando SGBDs



Modelos, Esquemas, linguagens, ambientes

Arquitetura de SGBDs

Etapa 1

Contextualizando – O que são banco de dados?

// Introdução à Banco de dados

Conversa

Cenário de dados

Contextualizando

SGBDs

Sistemas de Gerenciamento de BDs

O que são Banco de dados?



Contextualizando



Contextualizando

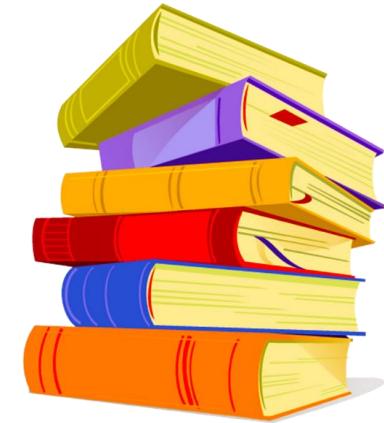


Contextualizando



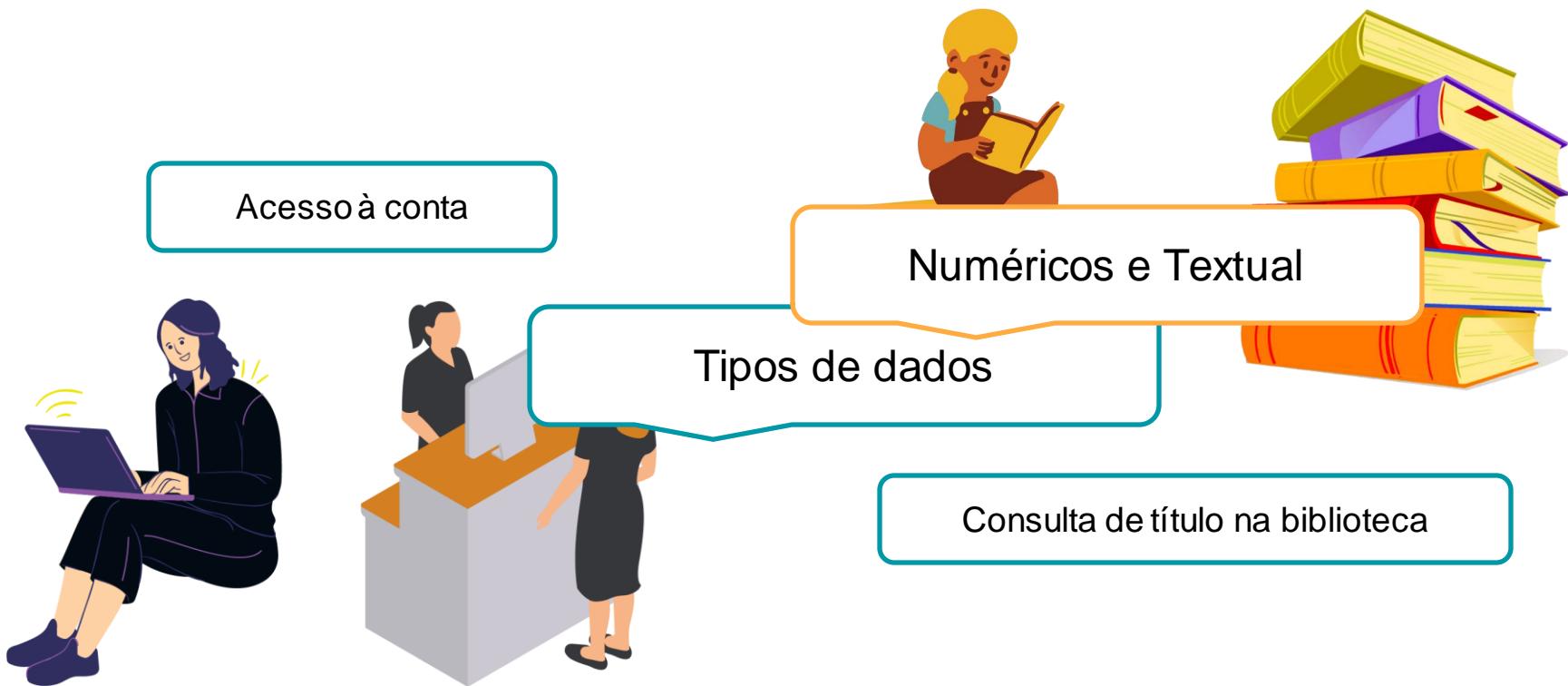
Contextualizando

Acesso à conta

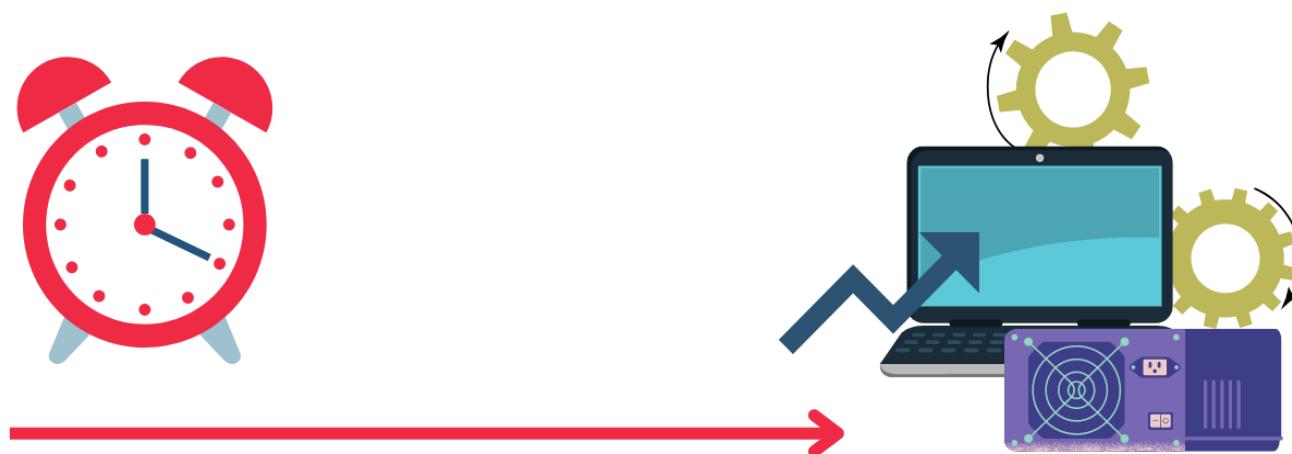


Consulta de título na biblioteca

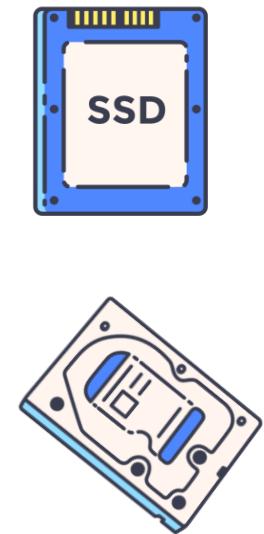
Contextualizando



Contextualizando



Contextualizando



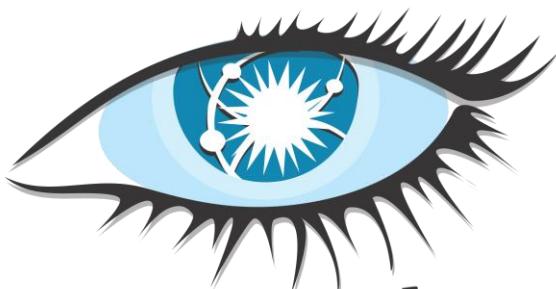
Contextualizando



Contextualizando



Contextualizando



cassandra



mongoDB®



redis

O que são banco de dados?



O que são Banco de Dados?

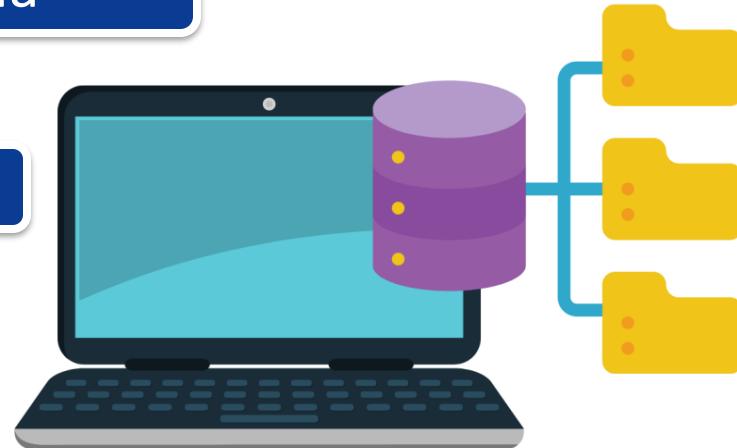
Negócios

E-commerce

Engenharia

Medicina

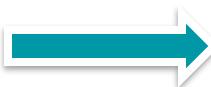
Social Media



O que são Banco de Dados?

Formalmente:

- Dados relacionados



Database



Fatos

O que são Banco de Dados?

CADASTRO

Nome
Telefone
Email
Whats app



Significado

O que são Banco de Dados?

Podemos considerar uma coleção de palavras, que dentre elas há relacionamentos entre dados, constituindo então um banco de dados.

Definição geral

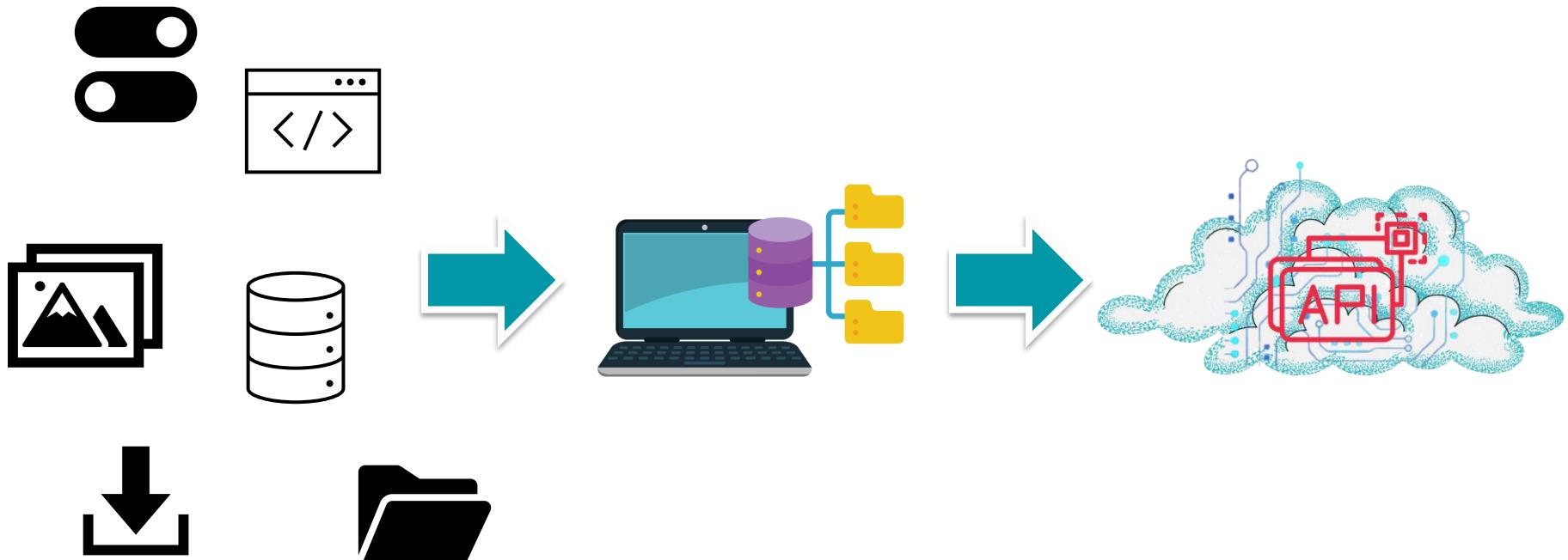
O que são Banco de Dados?



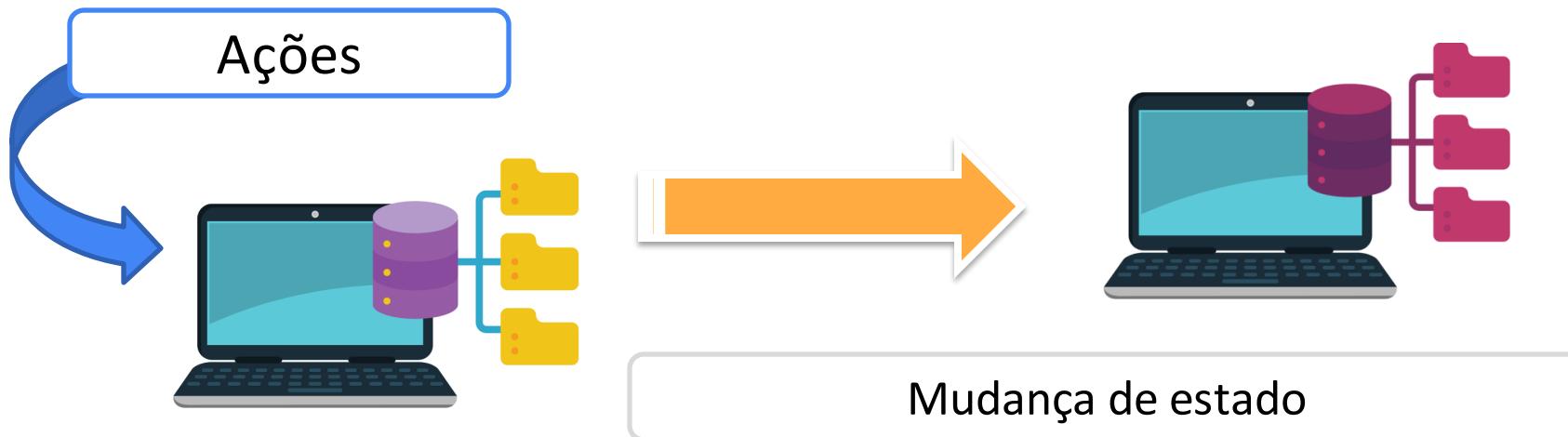
- Contexto - representação do mundo real;
- Coerência;
- Propósito

Uso + restrito

O que são Banco de Dados?



O que são Banco de Dados?

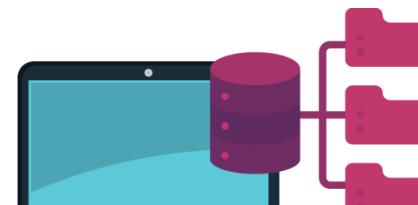
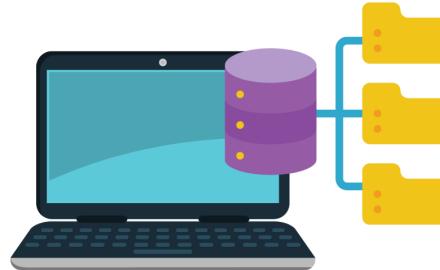


O que são Banco de Dados?

Confiável

Acurado

Ações



Mudança de estado

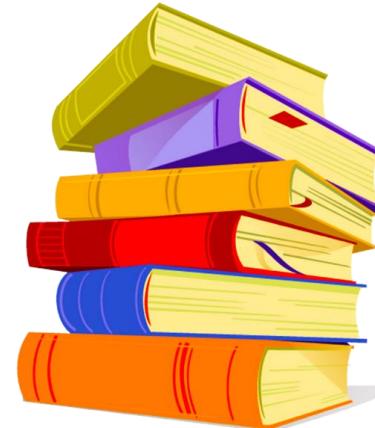
Reflexo "imediato"

O que são Banco de Dados?

Tamanho?



Centenas



Bilhões



O que são Banco de Dados?



friends



Complexidade

Manutenção do modelo e estado do bd

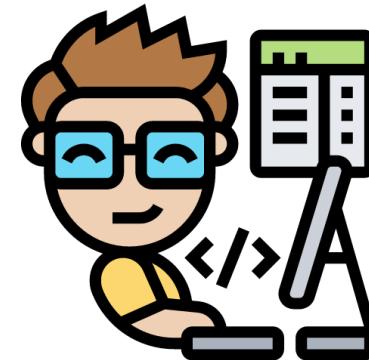
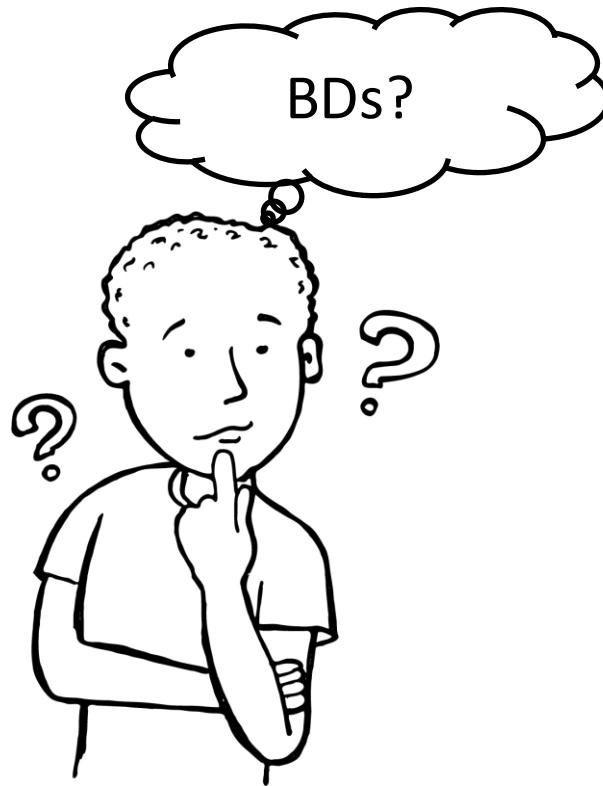
O que são Banco de Dados?



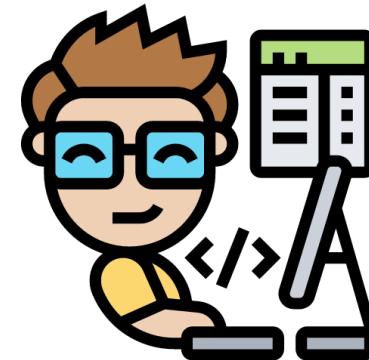
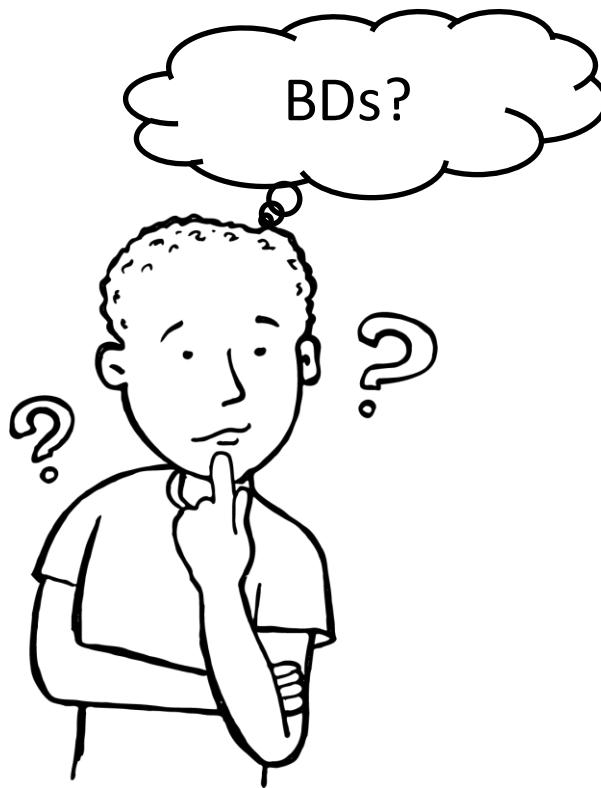
amazon

- 60 milhões de users
- 42 Terabytes
- SGBD distribuído

O que são Banco de Dados?



O que são Banco de Dados?

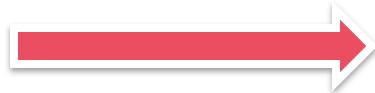


SGBDs - Sistemas de Gerenciamento de Banco de Dados



SGBDs

- Definição
- Construção
- Manipulação
- Compartilhamento



Tipo de dados

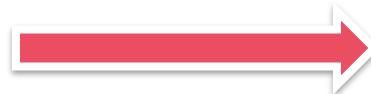
Estrutura

Constrains

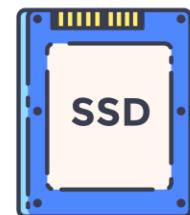
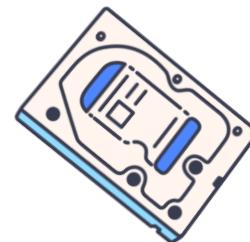
Software de propósito geral

SGBDs

- Definição
- Construção
- Manipulação
- Compartilhamento



Inserção de dados



Software de propósito geral

SGBDs

- Definição
- Construção
- Manipulação
- Compartilhamento

Recuperação

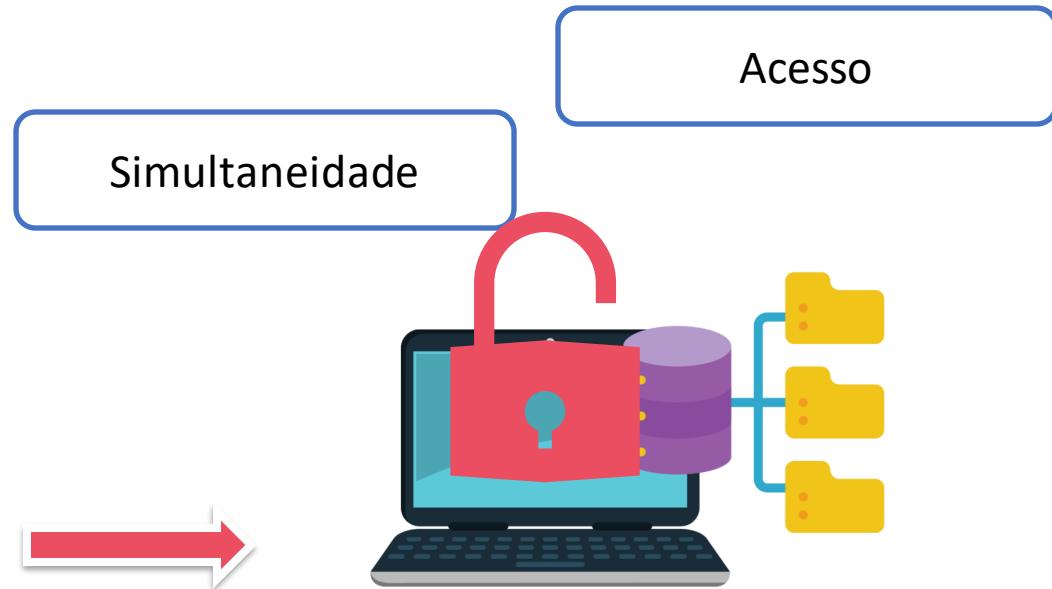
Relatórios



Software de propósito geral

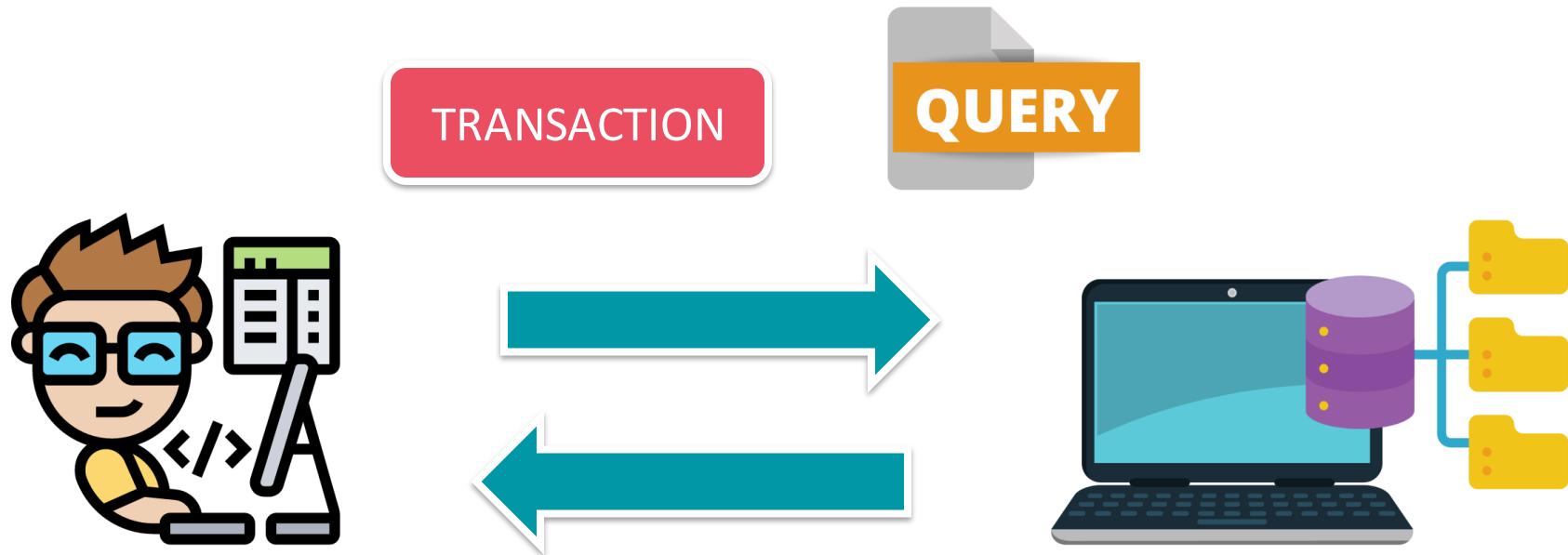
SGBDs

- Definição
- Construção
- Manipulação
- Compartilhamento



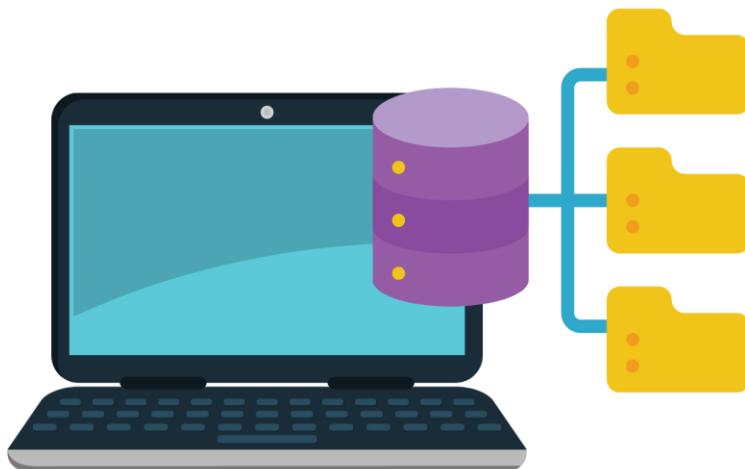
Software de propósito geral

SGBDs



Retorno: dados

SGBDs



Além disso ...

Acesso

Mal funcionamento

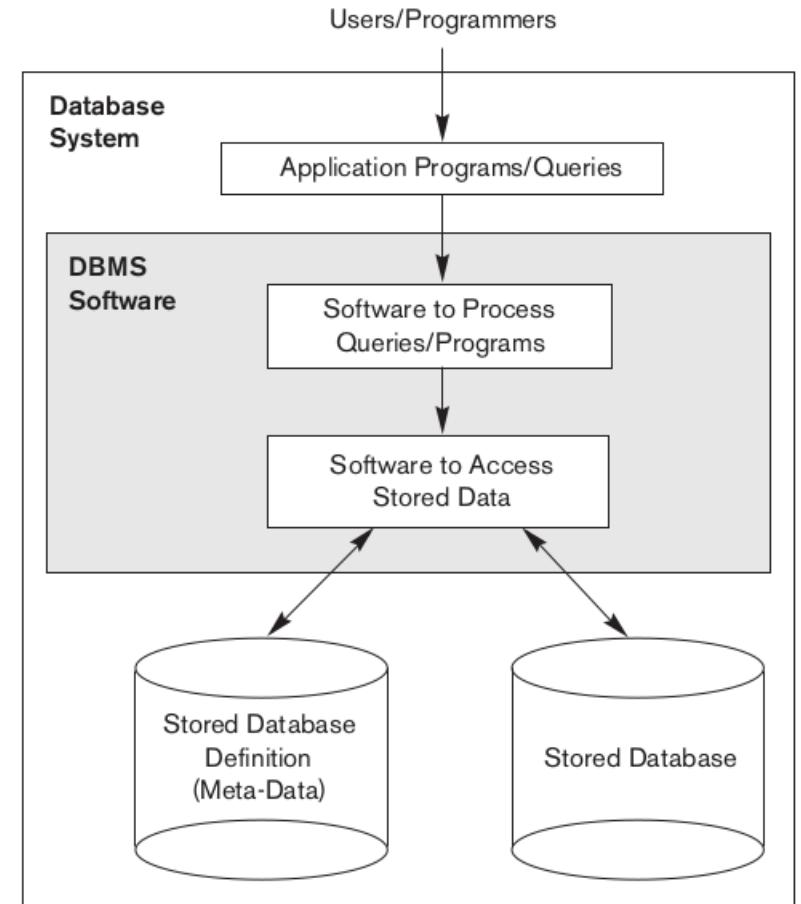
Proteção

Ciclo de vida de longo prazo

SGBDs - Exemplo

Contexto: Universidade

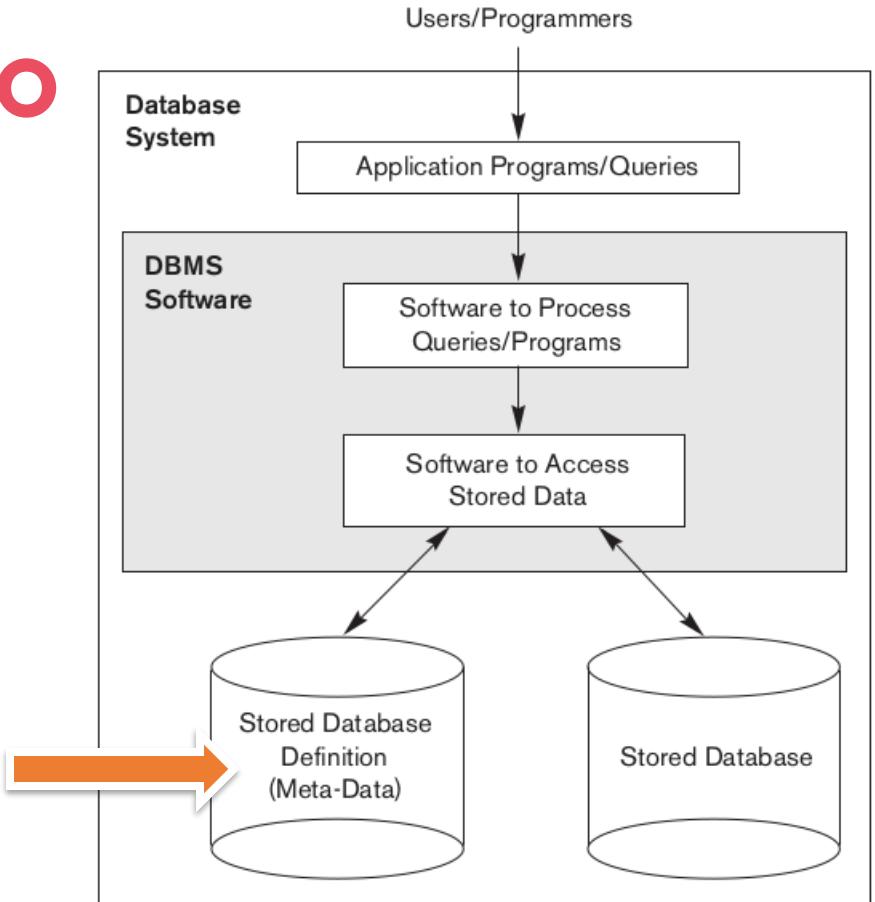
- Nome completo
- Matrícula
- Endereço
- Campus
- Curso
- Telefone
- Email
- ...



SGBDs - Exemplo

Definição

- Estudantes
- Cursos
- Seção
- Pré-requisitos
- Report da grade



SGBDs - Exemplo

Definição

- Estudantes
- Cursos
- Seção
- Pré-requisitos
- Report da grade

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Intro to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
Smith	17	1	CS
Brown	8	2	CS

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
85	MATH2410	Fall	07	King
92	CS1310	Fall	07	Anderson
102	CS3320	Spring	08	Knuth
112	MATH2410	Fall	08	Chang
119	CS1310	Fall	08	Anderson
135	CS3380	Fall	08	Stone

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
17	112	B
17	119	C
8	85	A
8	92	A
8	102	B
8	135	A

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
CS3380	CS3320
CS3380	MATH2410
CS3320	CS1310

SGBDs - Exemplo

Definição

- Estudantes
- Cursos
- Seção
- Pré-requisitos
- Report da grade

Tipos de dado

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
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GRADE_REPORT

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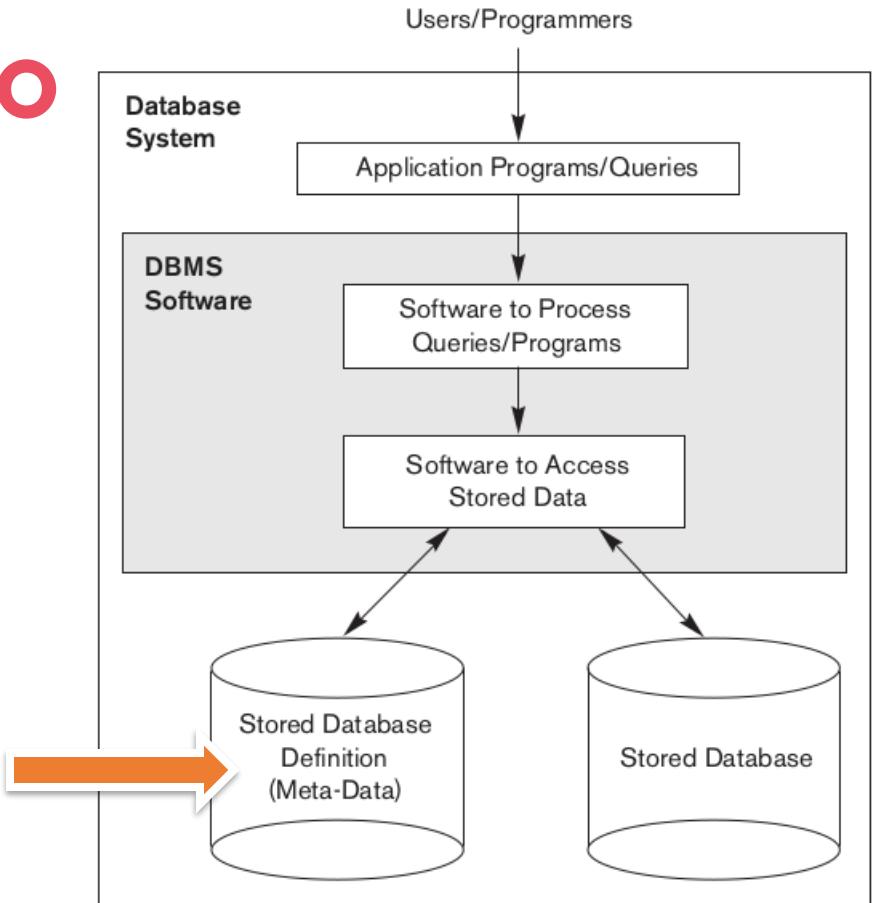
PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
CS3380	CS3320
CS3380	MATH2410
CS3320	CS1310

SGBDs - Exemplo

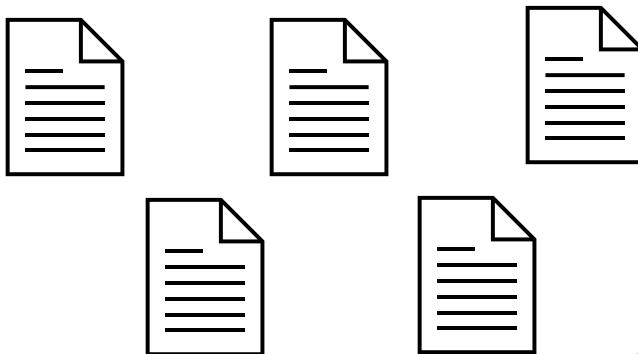
Metadados

Informações que fornecem uma descrição concisa dos dados contidos no BD

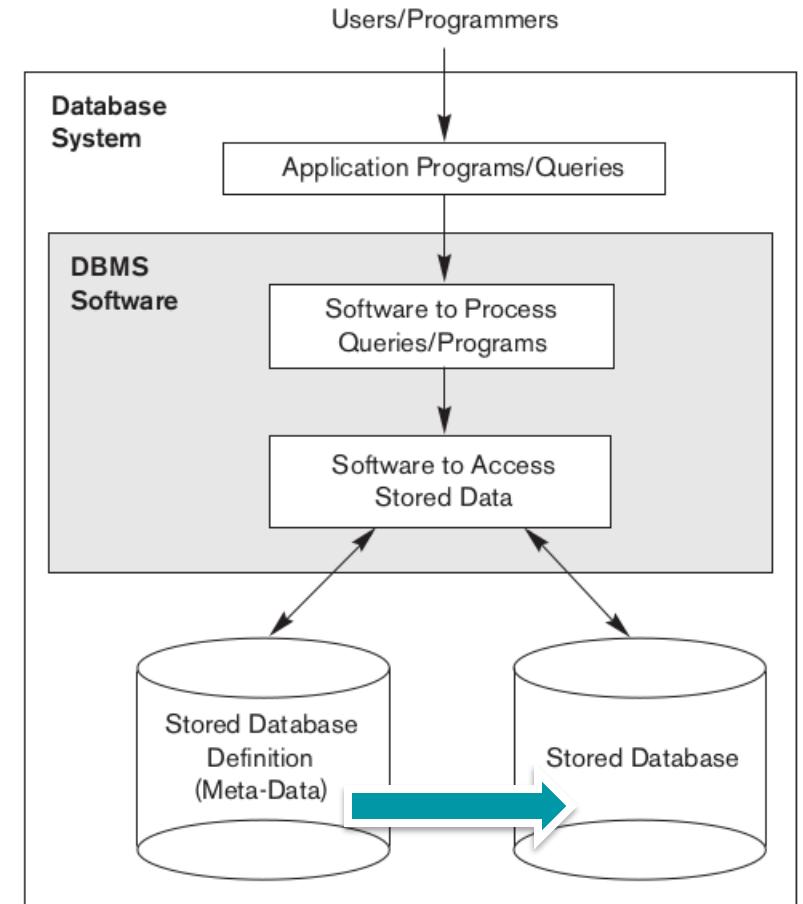


SGBDs - Exemplo

Construção



Arquivos

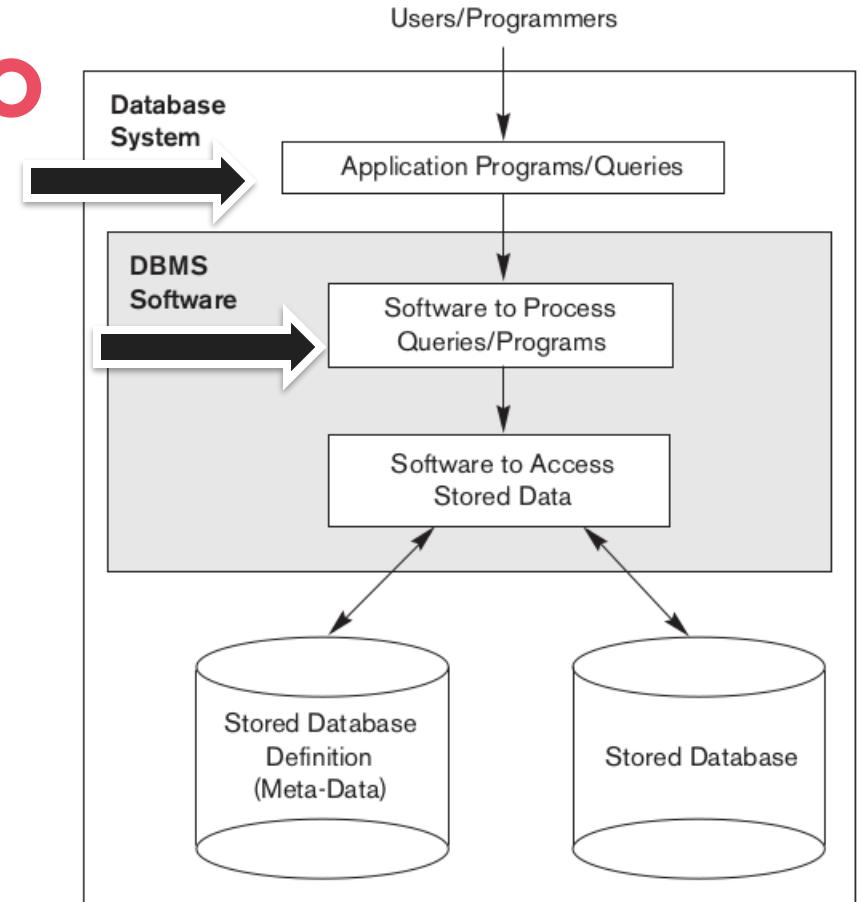


SGBDs - Exemplo

Manipulação

QUERY

Updates

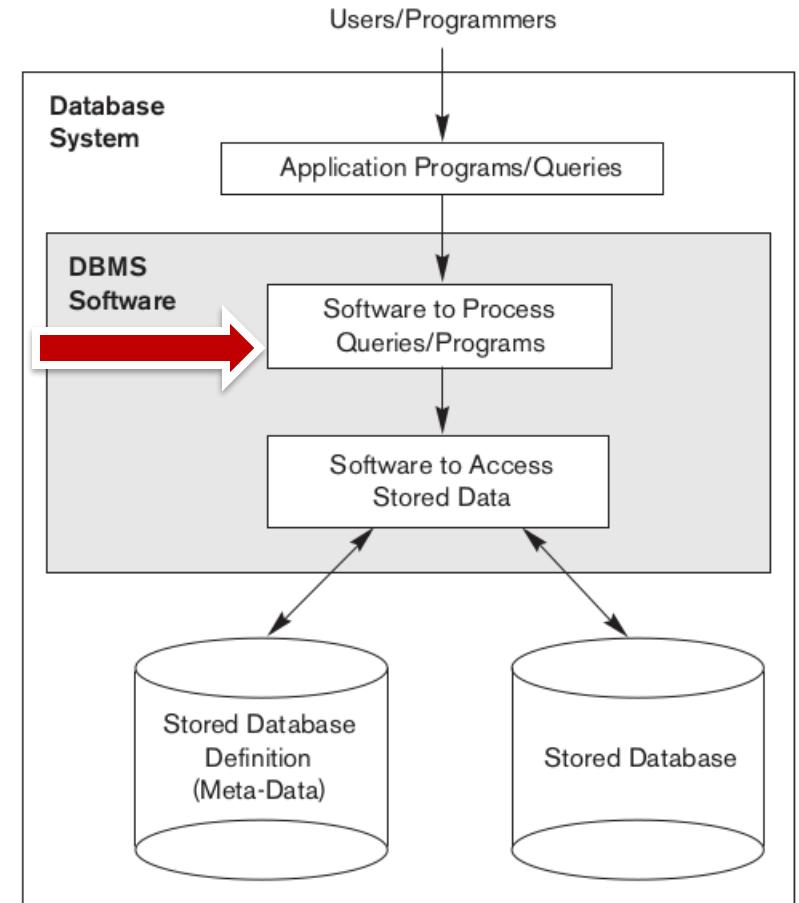


SGBDs - Exemplo

Compartilhamento

Por padrão o BD realiza o bloqueio e a liberação das tabelas

Transações



Etapa 2

Contextualizando – breve histórico e conceitos

// Introdução à Banco e dados

Conversa

Breve histórico

Como surgiu?

Mercado

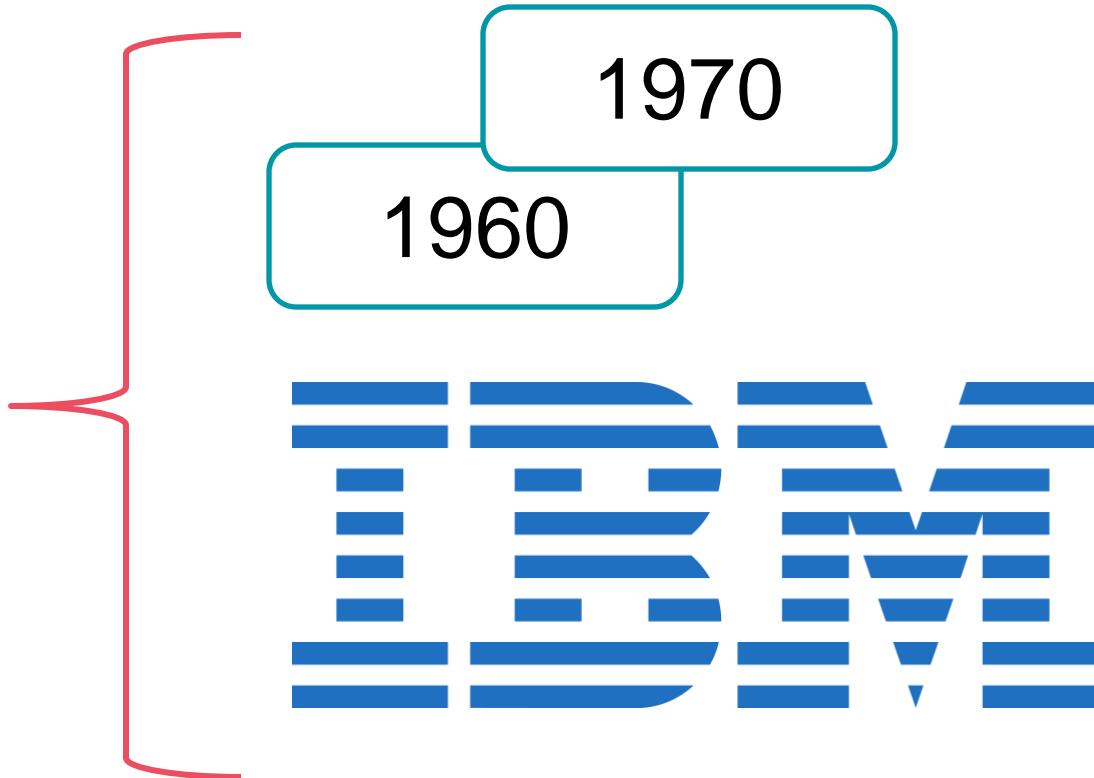
Sistemas de Gerenciamento de BDs mais utilizados

Visão geral de características e propriedades

Modelo de BD Relacional

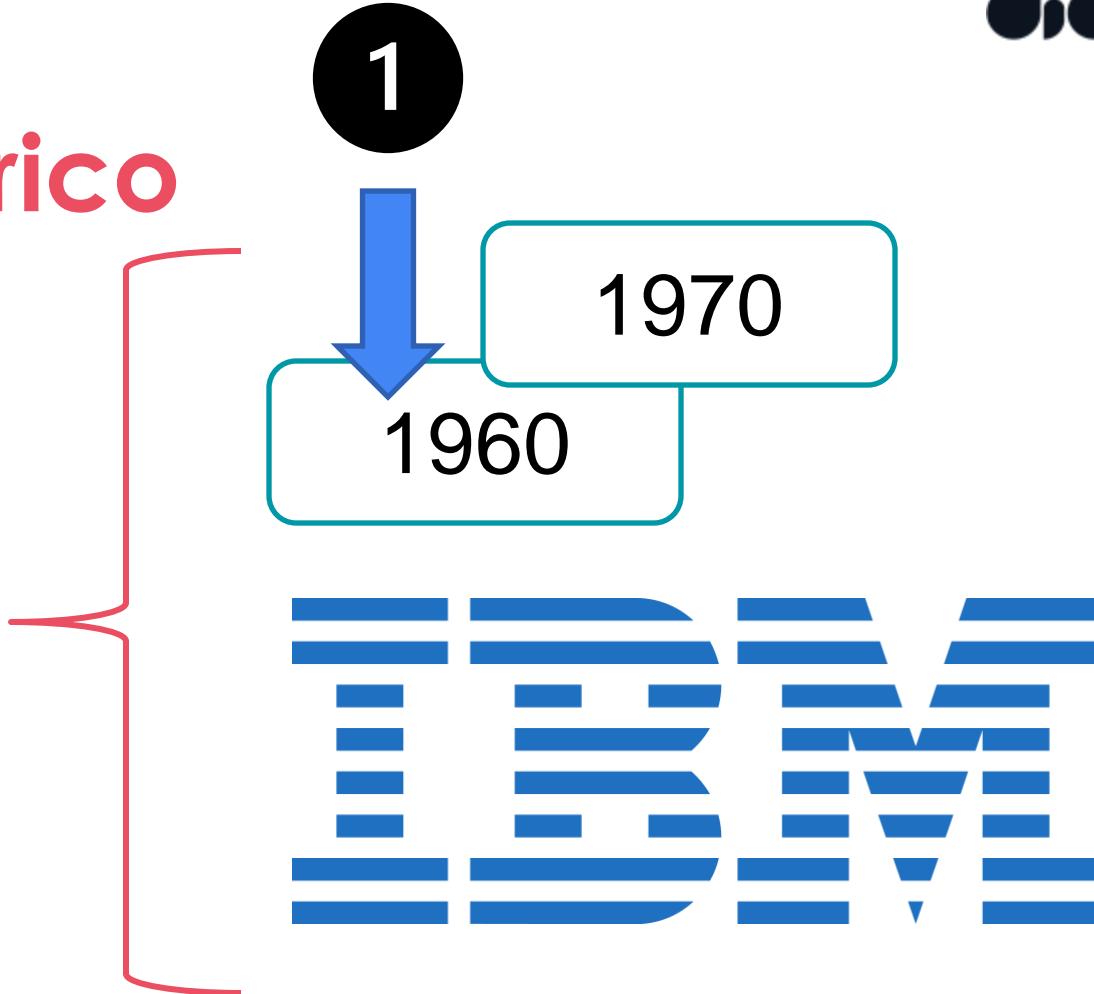
Breve Histórico

Modelo Relacional
de BDs

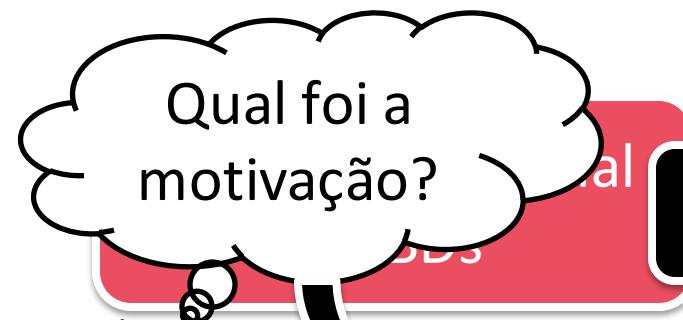


Breve Histórico

Modelo Relacional
de BDs



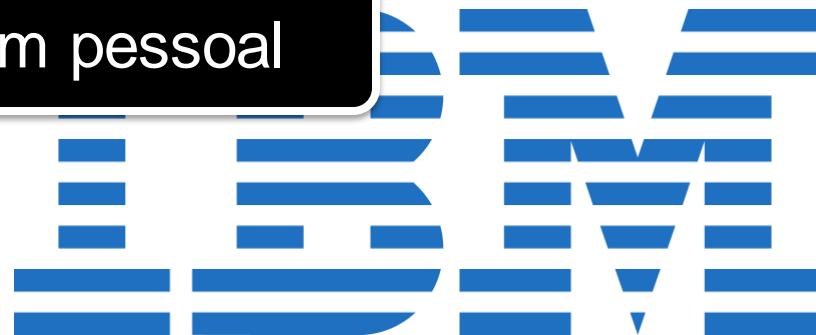
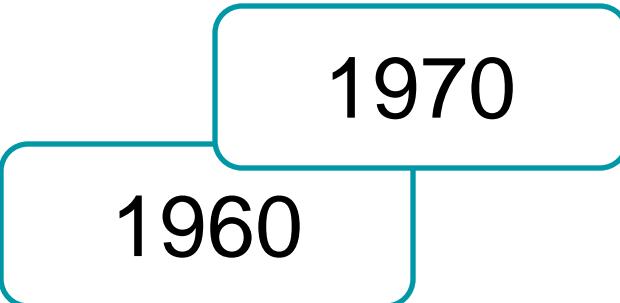
Breve Histórico



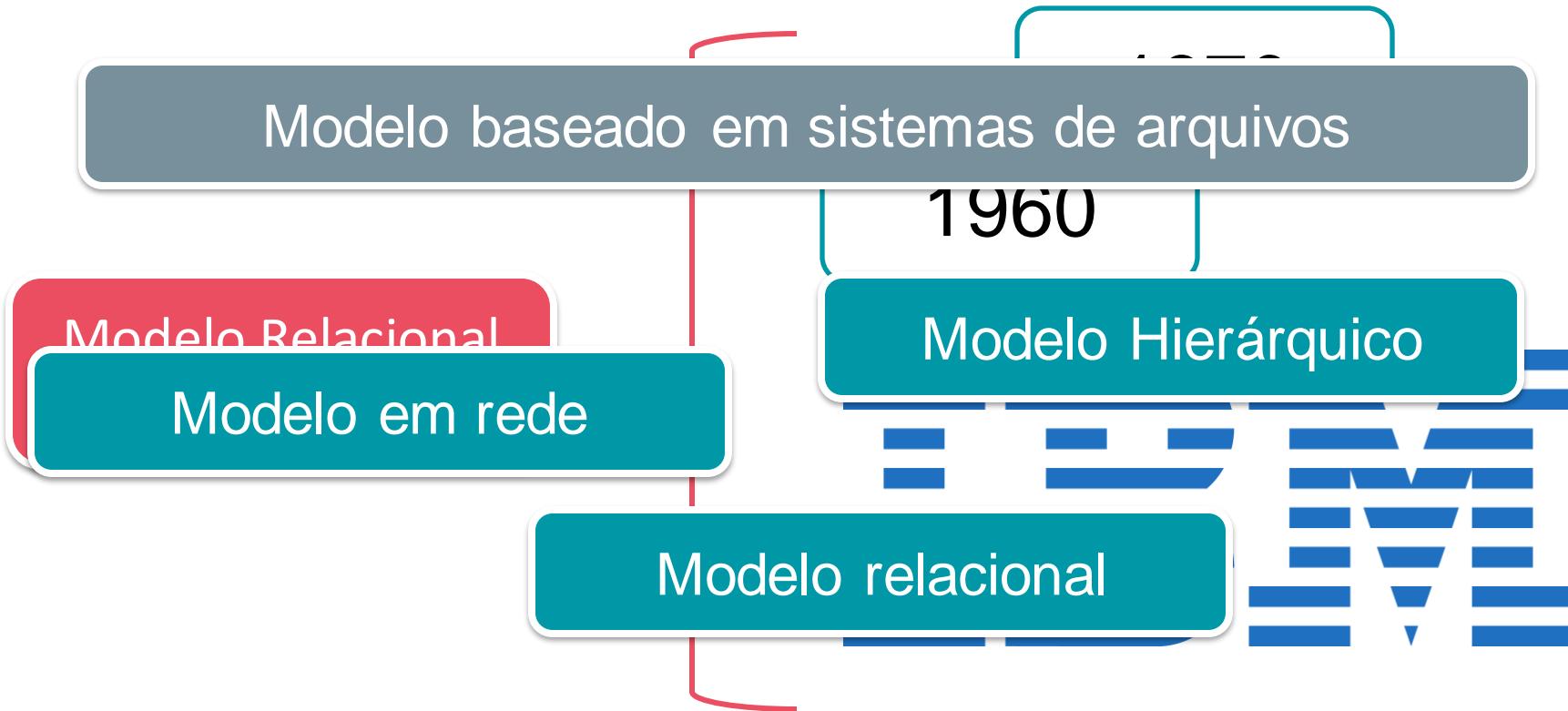
Custo com pessoal

1960

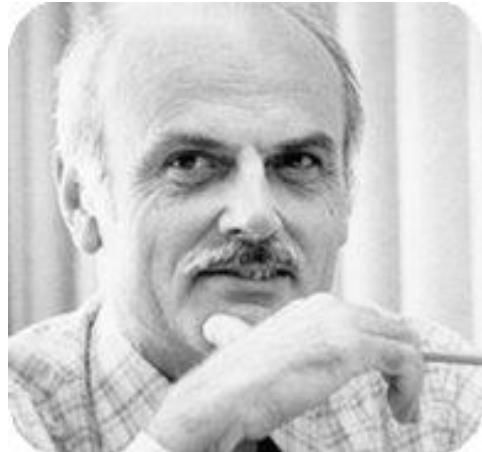
1970



Breve Histórico



Breve Histórico



Criador: Ted Codd

Cálculo e Álgebra Relacional

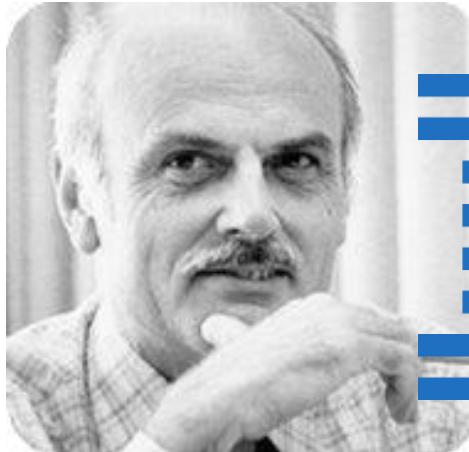


Artigo

1970

Breve Histórico

Cálculo e Álgebra Relacional

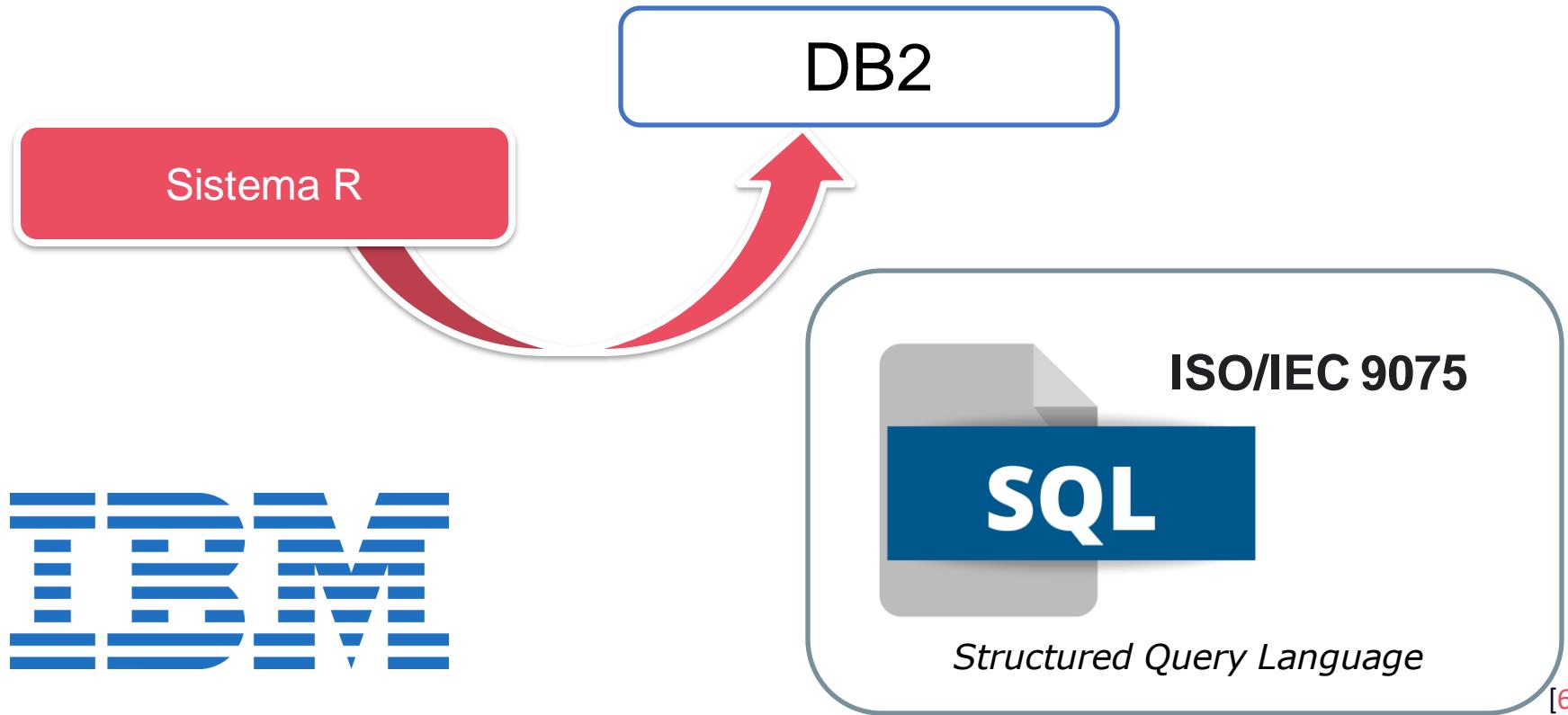


Criador: Ted Codd

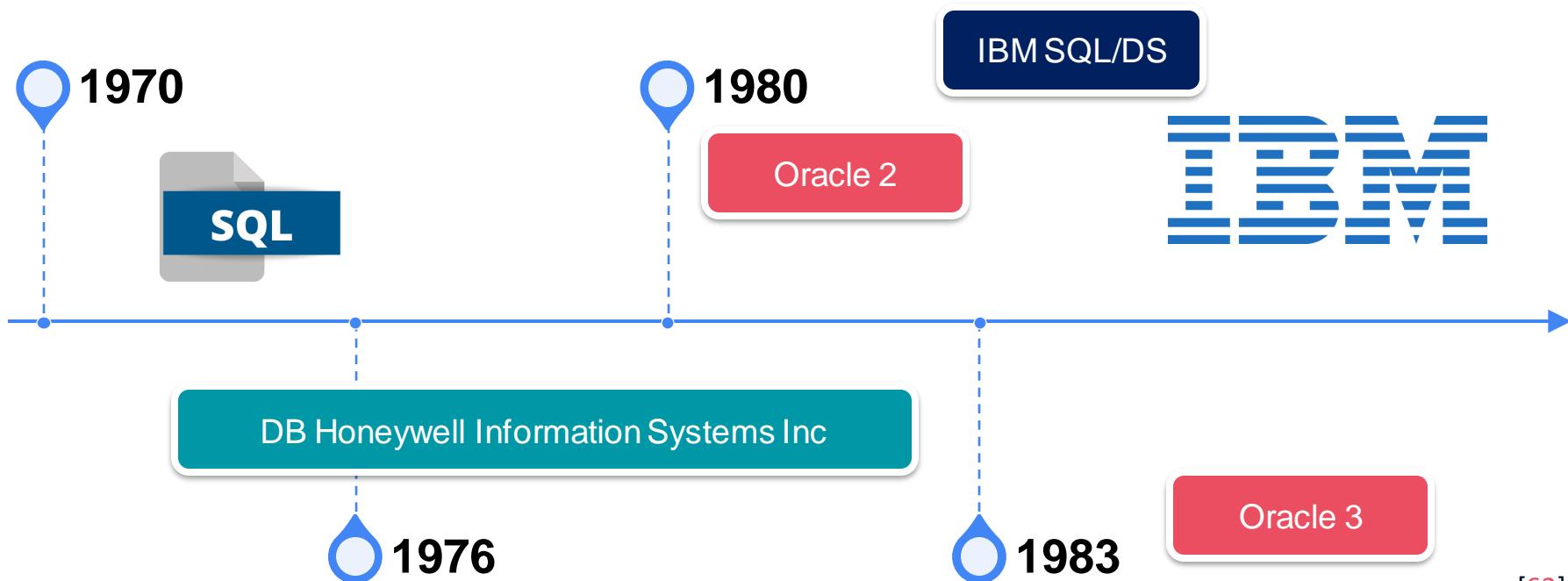
Artigo

1970

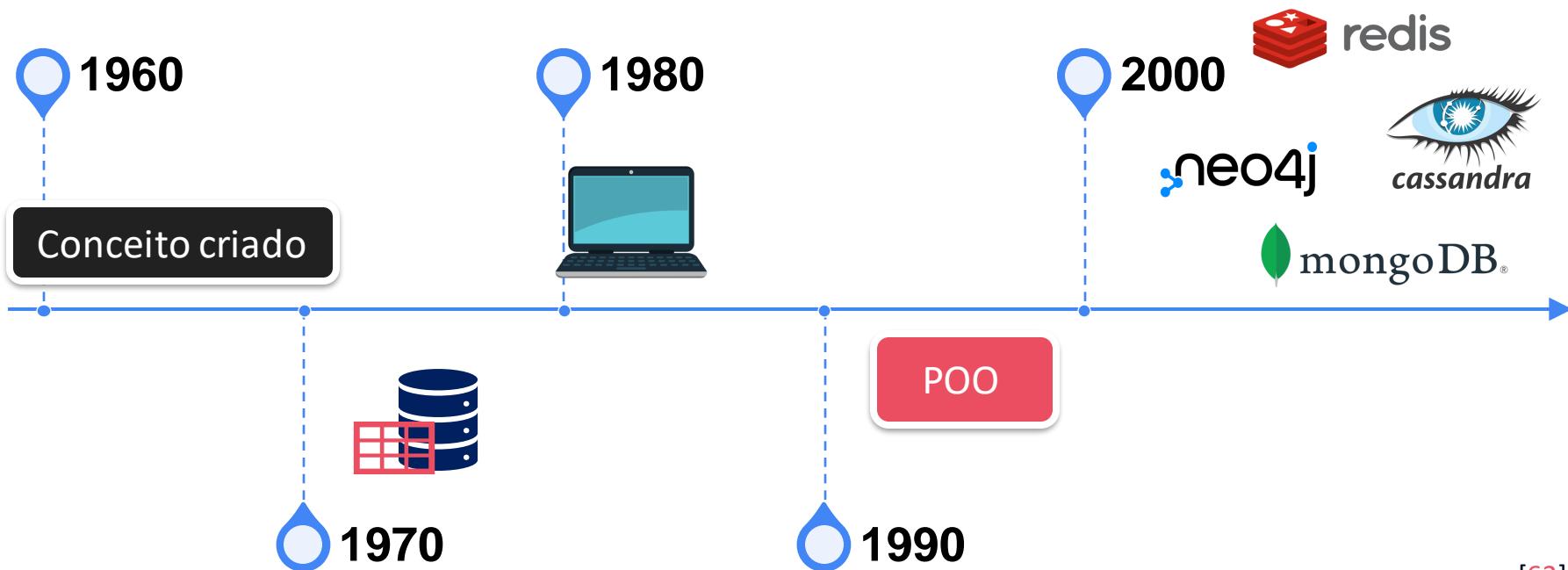
Breve Histórico



Sequência de Eventos



Linha do Tempo



Primeiros do Mercado

Uso dos pcs



Evolução do modelo relacional - 80's

Feedback

Sistemas distribuídos

Desenvolvimento dos sistemas

8 MB

TeraBytes



1980

Modelo Hierárquico

Clipper

BDDBase

COBOL

Fox Pro

IMS – Information Management

- Registros: links e dados
- TAD tree – com raiz

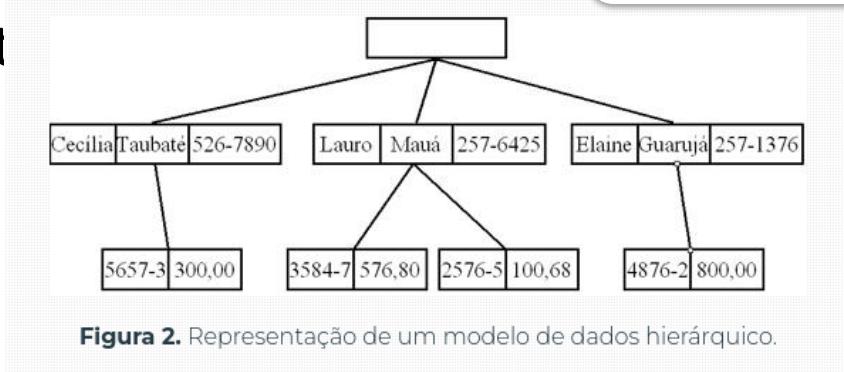


Figura 2. Representação de um modelo de dados hierárquico.

Modelo Hierárquico

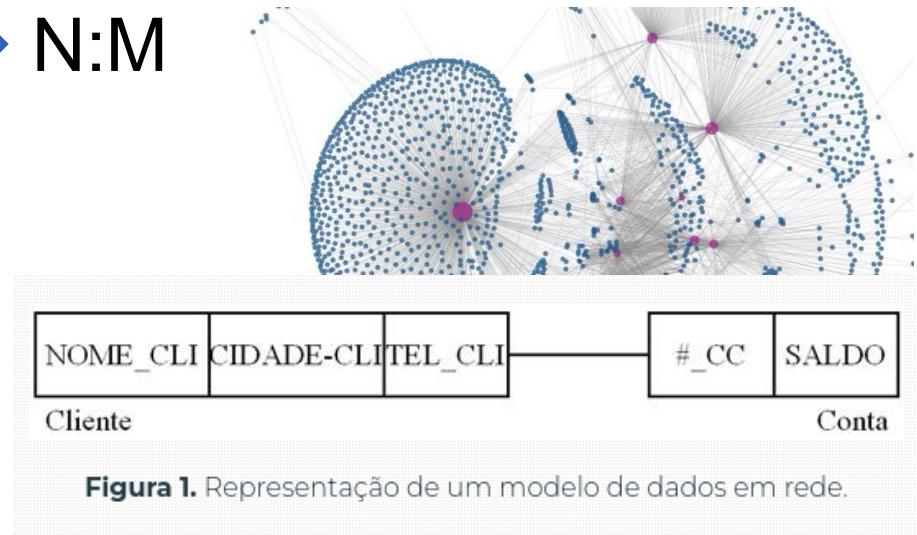
Modelo em Rede

Relacionamento → N:M

CODASYL

- Links - Ponteiros entre nós
- 1964

Conhecimento da estrutura física do BD



Modelo em rede

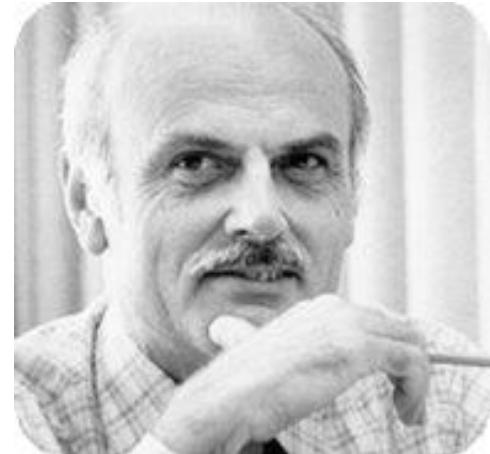
Modelo de Banco de dados Relacional



Modelo Relacional

Características

- Álgebra relacional
- Relações
- TAD para armazenamento
- Transparência



1970

Codd, E. F. A relational model for large shared data banks. Communications of the ACM 13(6):377-387, 1970.

Modelo Relacional

Modelo Relacional

Usuários de BDs



User convencional



Administrador do BD

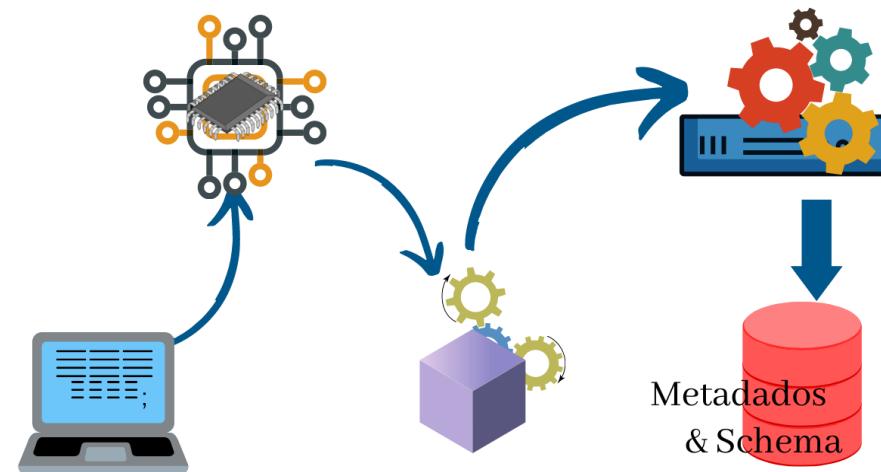
Modelo Relacional

- Definição das tabelas e constraints para dados
- Comandos traduzidos pelo processador LDD

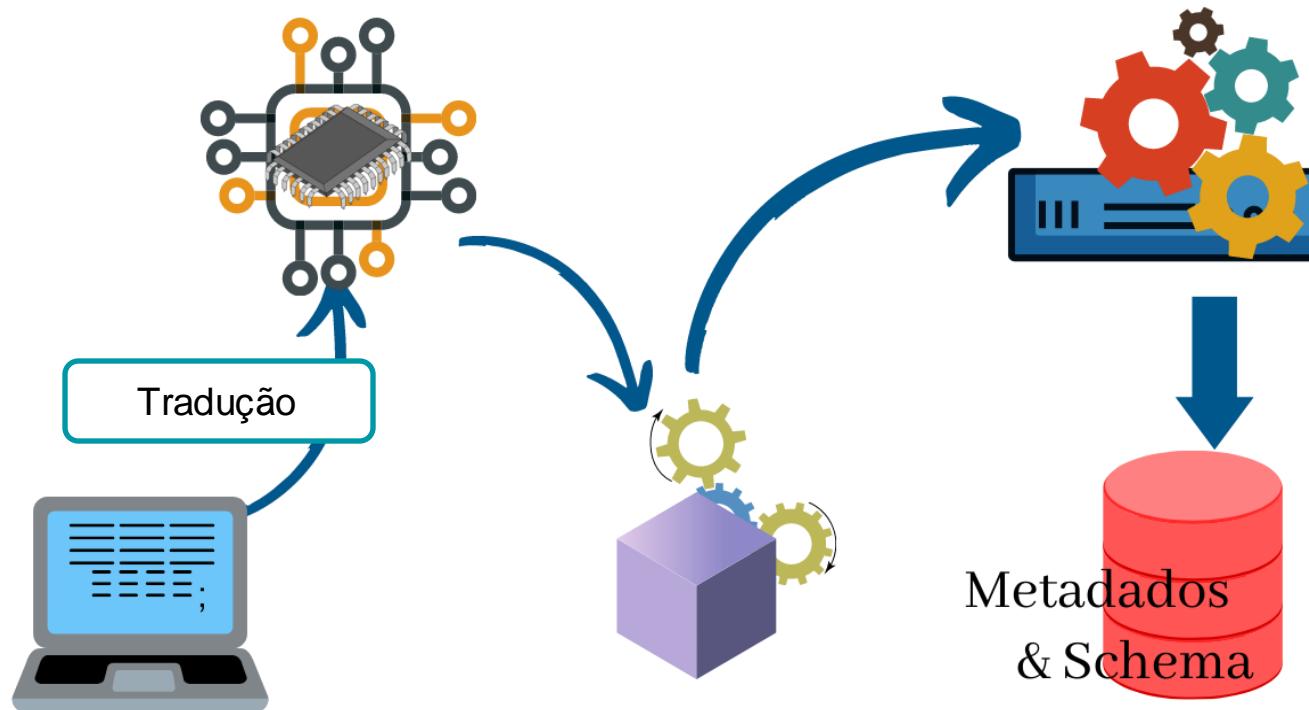


LDD – Linguagem de Definição de Dados

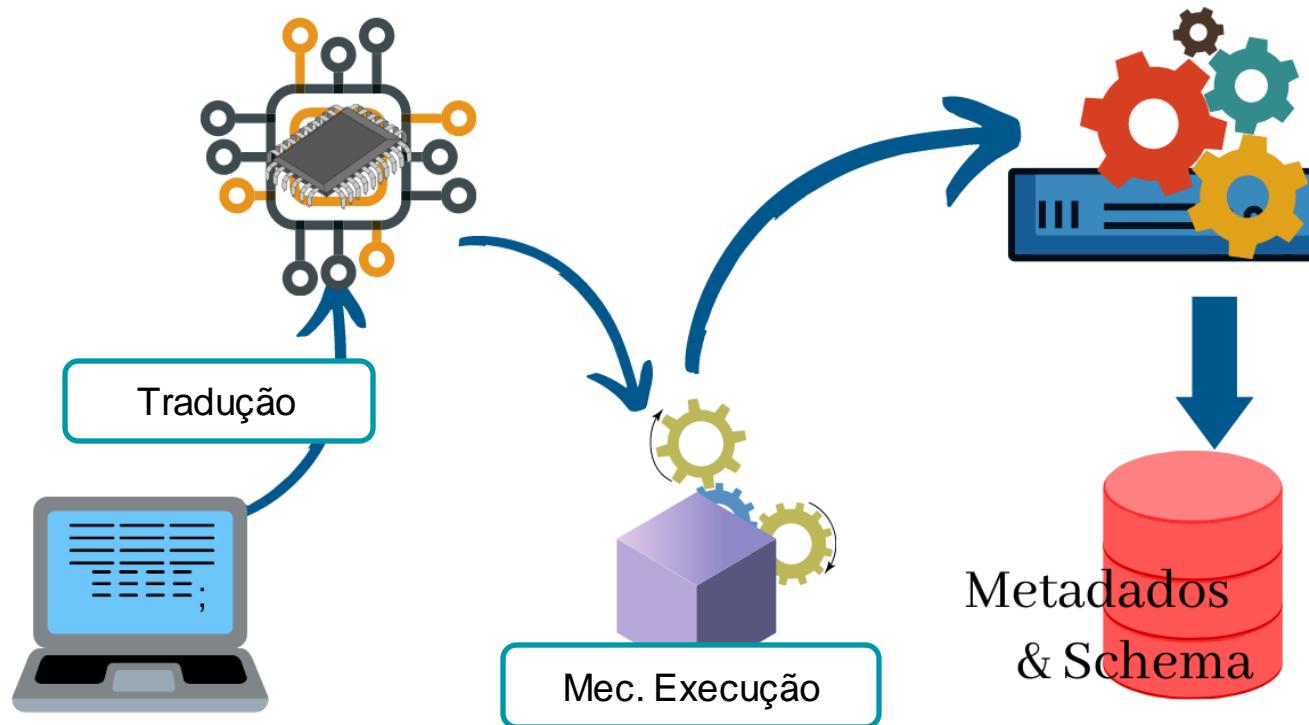
Modelo Relacional



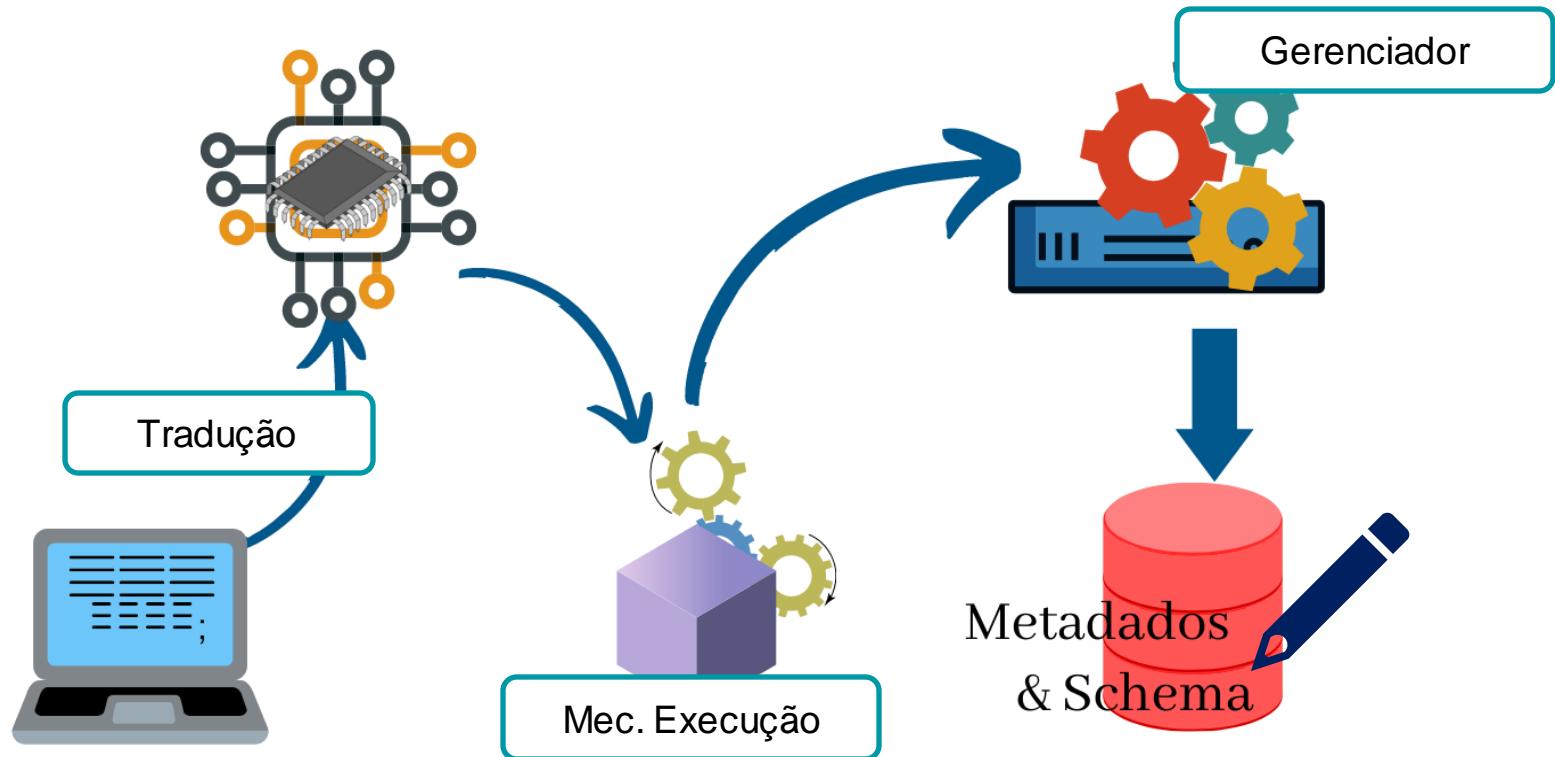
Modelo Relacional



Modelo Relacional



Modelo Relacional



Modelo Relacional

Características:

- Altera e extrai informações
- Duráveis

Transações



LMD – Linguagem de Definição de Dados

Modelo Relacional

Características:

- Altera e extrai informações
- Duráveis

Agrupar para executar

Transações

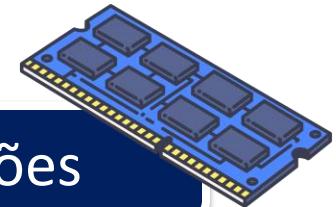


LMD – Linguagem de Definição de Dados

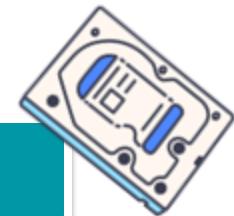
Storage & Buffer

- Gerenciador de armazenamento
- Gerenciador de buffer

Ações



Dados



LMD – Linguagem de Definição de Dados

Storage & Buffer

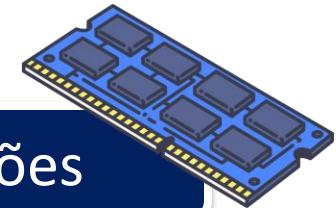
Movimento

- Gerenciador de armazenamento

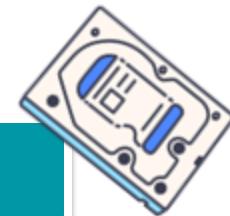
Troca

- Gerenciador de buffer

Ações

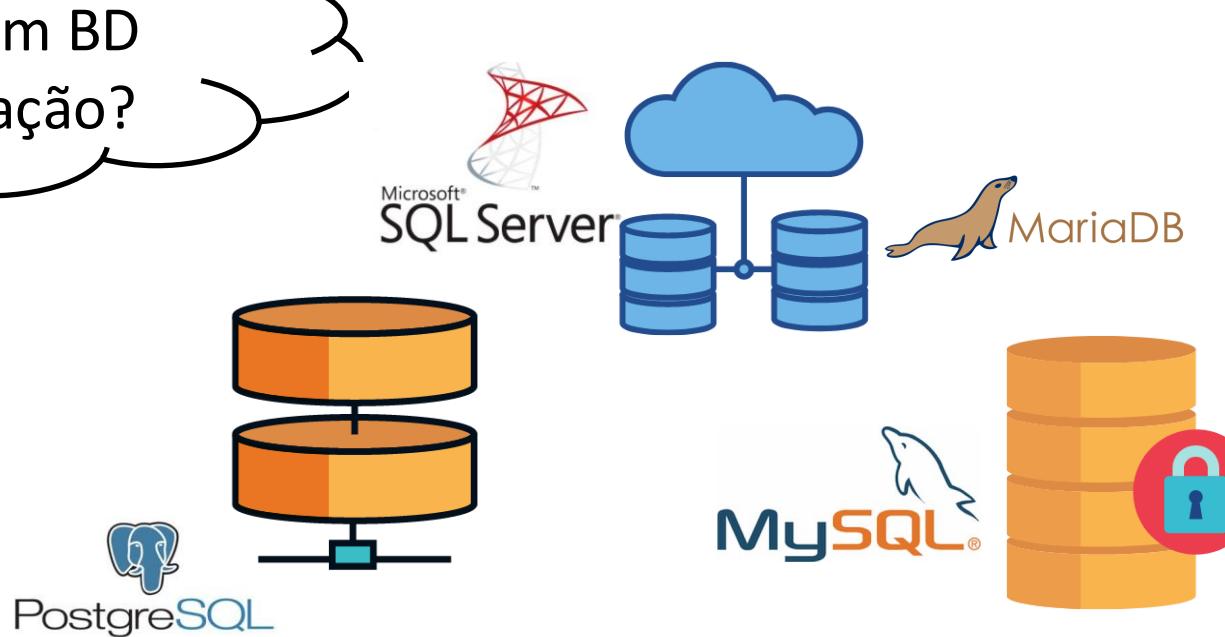
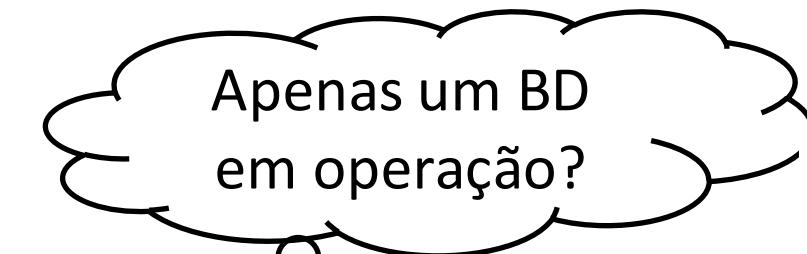


Dados

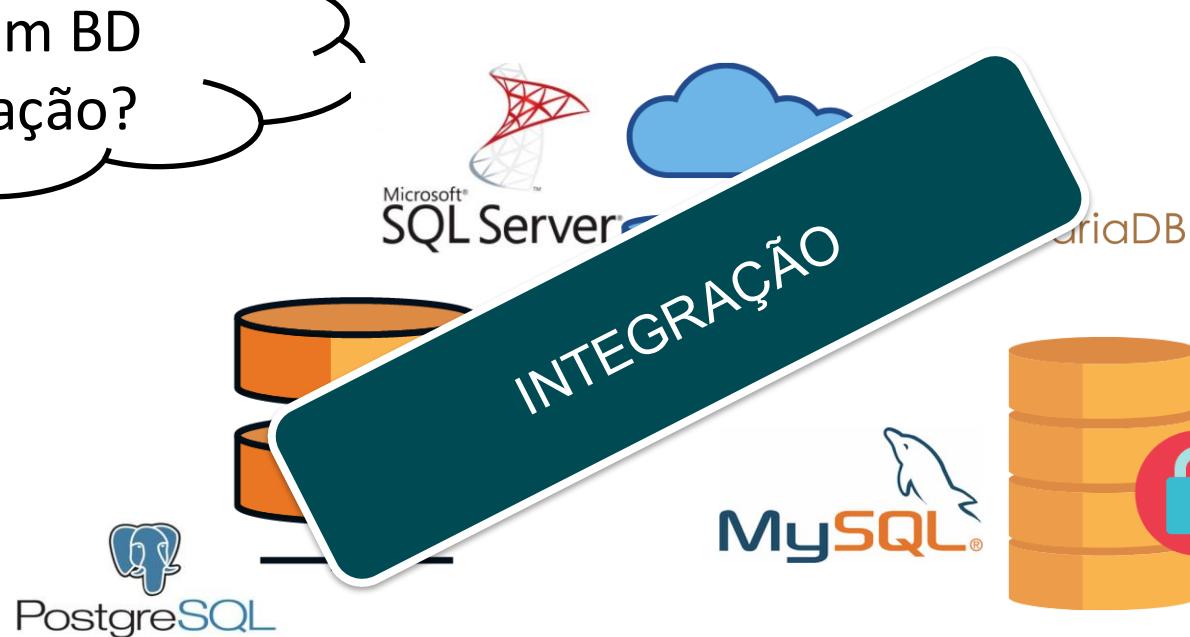
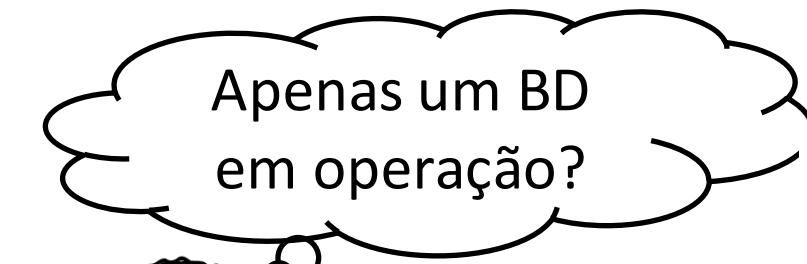


LMD – Linguagem de Definição de Dados

Cenário



Cenário



Cenário



Data warehouses

- Repositórios centralizados
- Mediadores



Middleware



Robertson, T., et al. (2014). The GBIF Integrated Publishing Toolkit: Facilitating the Efficient Publishing of Biodiversity Data on the Internet. PLoS ONE, 9(8), e102623.

SGBDs utilizados pelo mercado



Mais utilizados pelo mercado

1

ORACLE®



2

3

Microsoft®
SQL Server®

T-SQL

4



mongoDB.®

5



redis

6

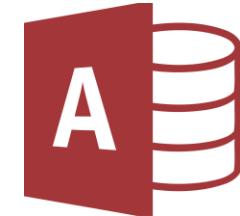
<https://db-engines.com/en/ranking>

Mais utilizados pelo mercado



ElasticSearch

7



9

12



MariaDB



cassandra

11

Mais utilizados pelo mercado

Popularidade

Tempo de marcado

Documentação

Robustez

Confiabilidade

Segurança

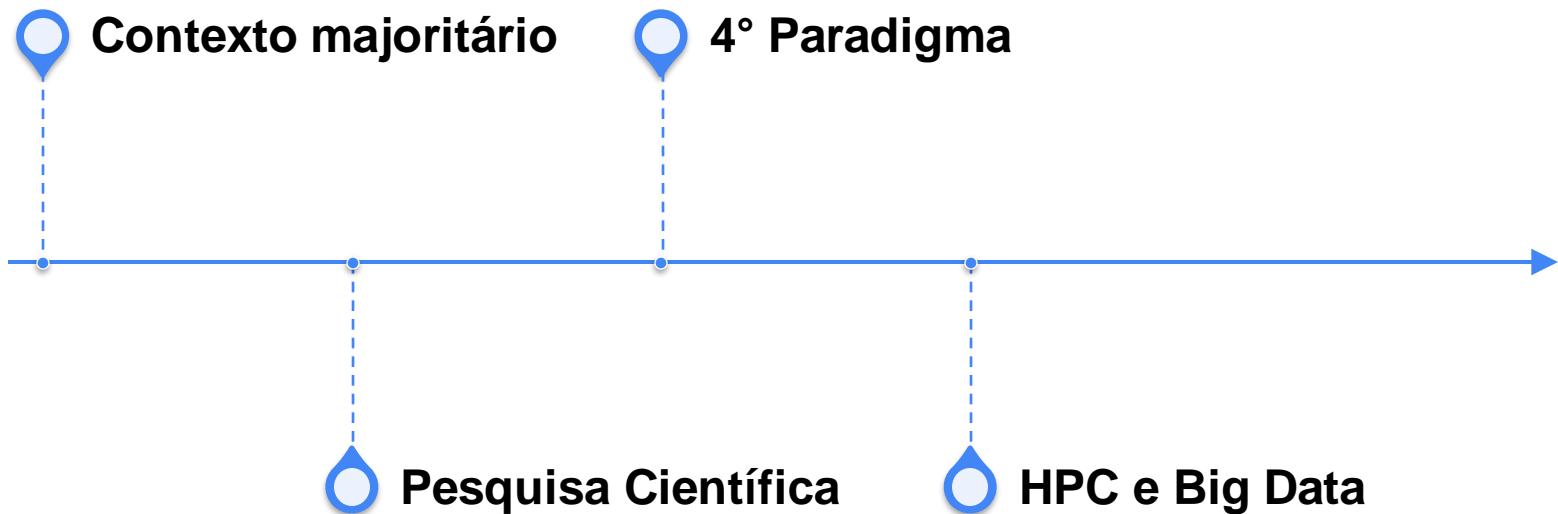
Multiplataforma

Etapa 3

A era dos dados e o futuro da modelagem

// Introdução à Banco e dados

Conversa



Contexto dos dados

- Papel central – Sistemas Corporativos

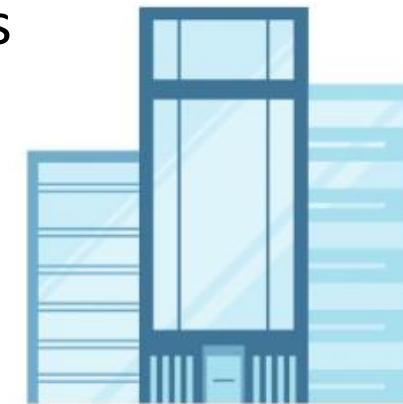
MIN/MAX

COUNT

MÉDIA

SOMA

Maioria dos cenários



Researching



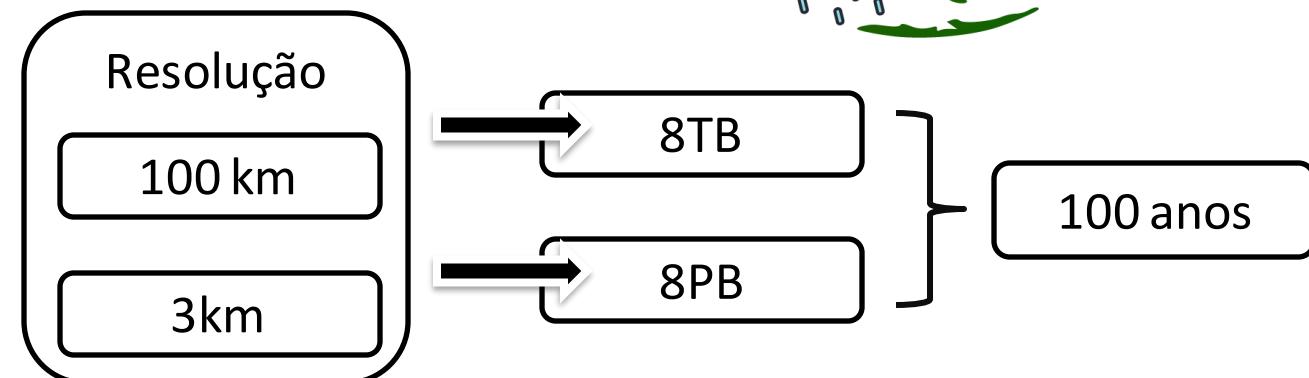
Researching



- N° de tarefas computacionais
- Quantidade de dados
- Heterogeneidade
- Computação paralela e distribuída

Researching

Exemplos

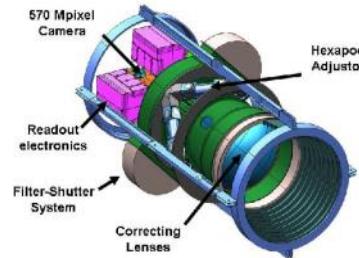


Researching

Exemplos



Fonte: Dark Energy Survey (<http://www.darkenergysurvey.org>)

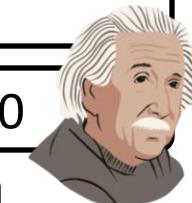


Mapeamento de galáxias,
supernovas e padrões

6.6TB/dia

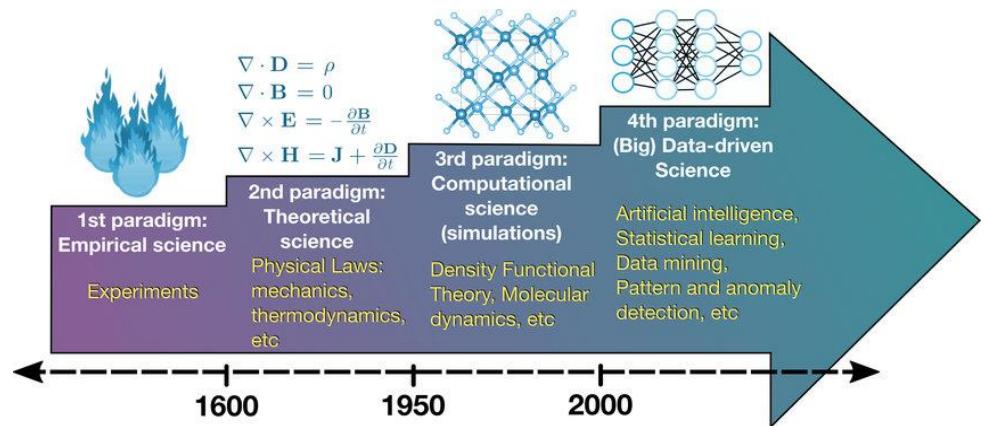
400

25 instituições



4º Paradigma

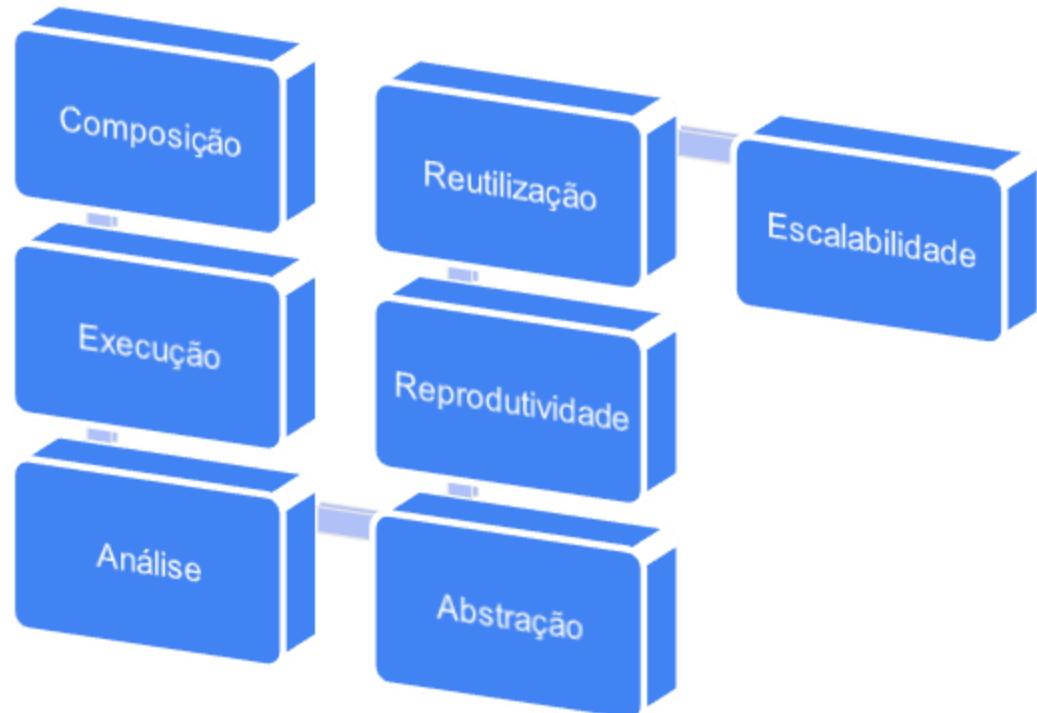
Instrumentos e simulações que geram grande volume de dados



Novo modelo: base na análise e exploração de dados (e-Ciência)

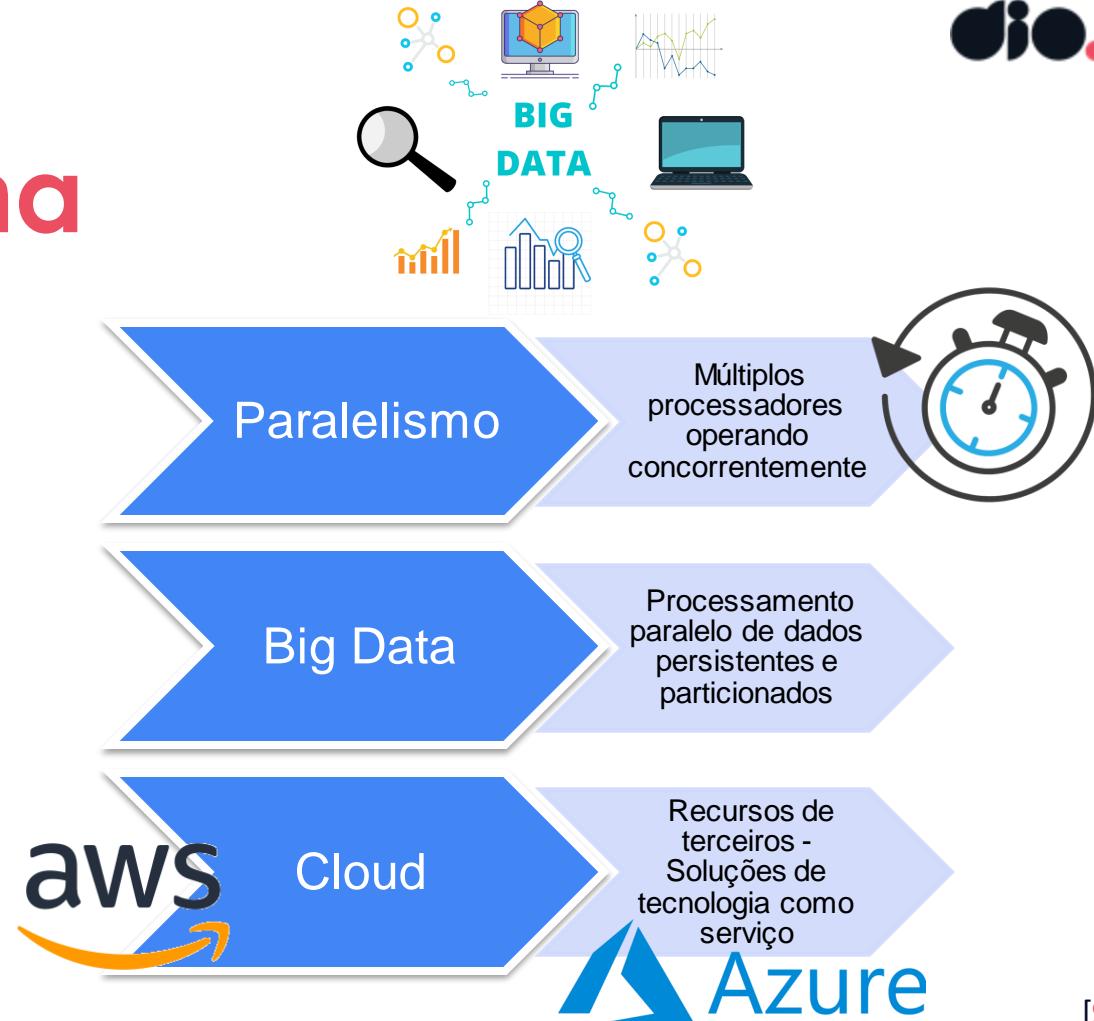
Modelo anterior: empírico, teórico e computacional

4º Paradigma

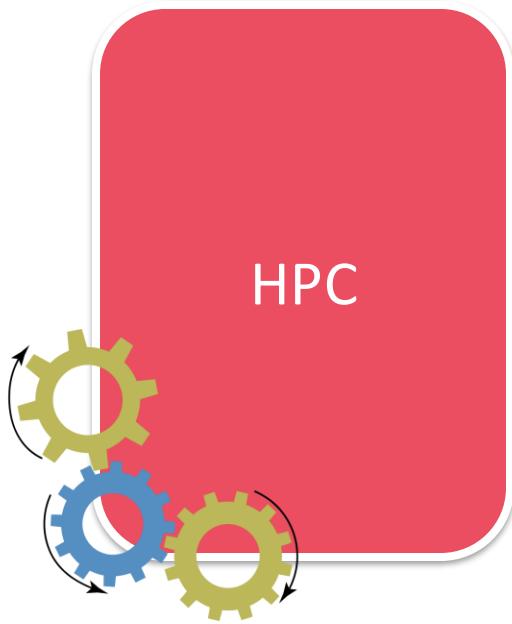


4º Paradigma

Experimentos
realizados em larga
escala

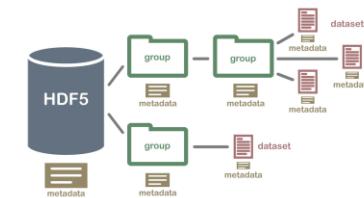


High Performance Computing



- Nós de processamento
- Sistema de arquivos paralelos – sem persistência
- Modelos: MPI, OpenMP, OpenCL
- Acesso: HFF5 e NetCDF

lustre™



Big Data



- Process e Storage: nós de processamento
- Sistema de arquivos paralelos – persistente
- Modelos: MapReduce, Spark, SGBDs paralelos

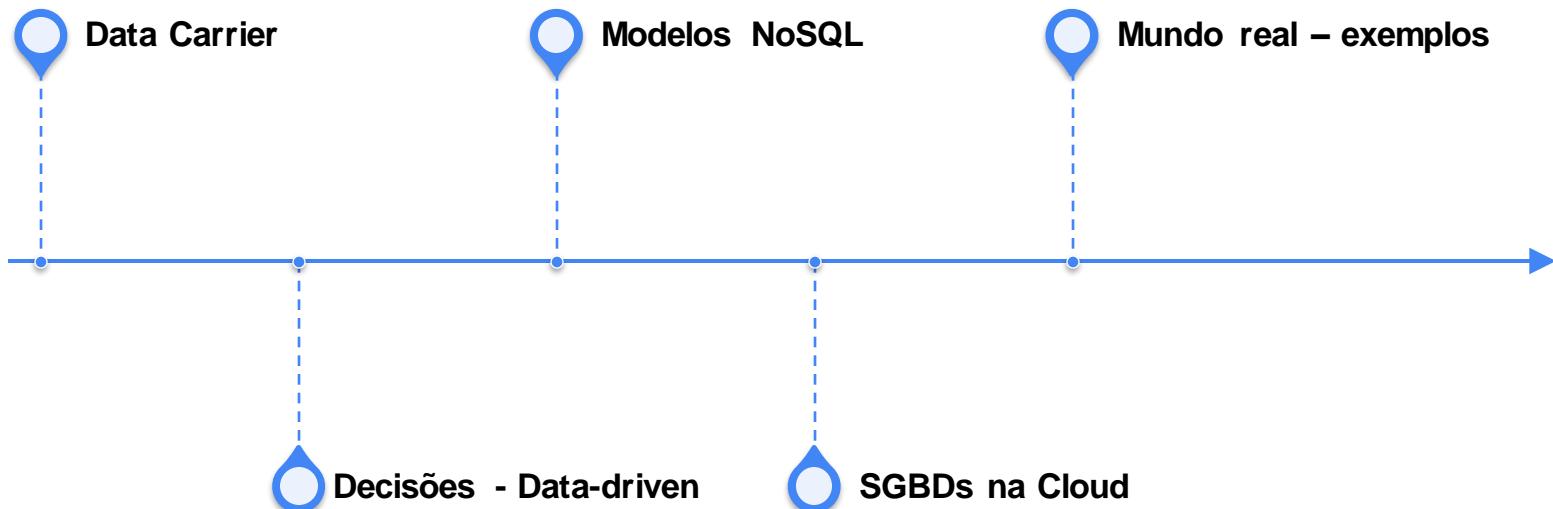


Etapa 4

Novo cenário e novas tecnologias - E agora?

// Introdução à Banco e dados

Conversa



Novo cenário



- Carreira Tech em Data
- Data-driven
- Novos modelos de SGBDs



Mercado de data



Perfil de profissional em data

Mercado de data



Engenheiro de dados

- Desenho/Construção/
- Sustentação das soluções de dados

Extração de dados de fontes heterogêneas
Disponibilizar os dados para serem
consumidos pelos analistas e cientistas

Engenheiro de dados

Mercado de data



Cientista de dados

- Modelagem
- Reconhecimento de padrões / Predição

Busca responder perguntas atreladas ao contexto do negócio. Buscando insights através de técnicas de modelagem

Cientista de dados

Mercado de data

Analista de dados

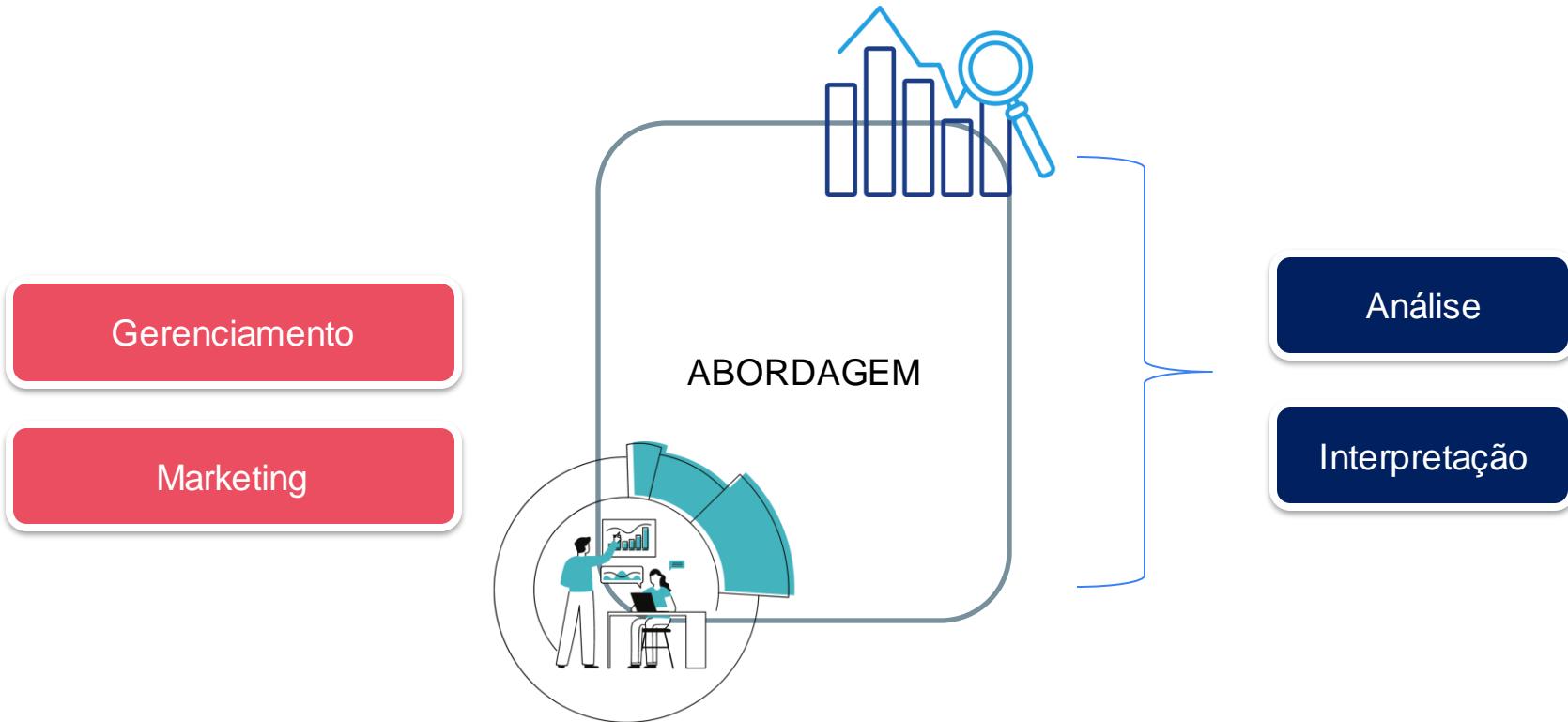


- Criação de dashboards
- Apresentação visual dos dados

Busca entender o comportamento do negócio a partir dos dados. Realiza o diagnóstico, identifica possíveis motivos para comportamentos e verifica métricas

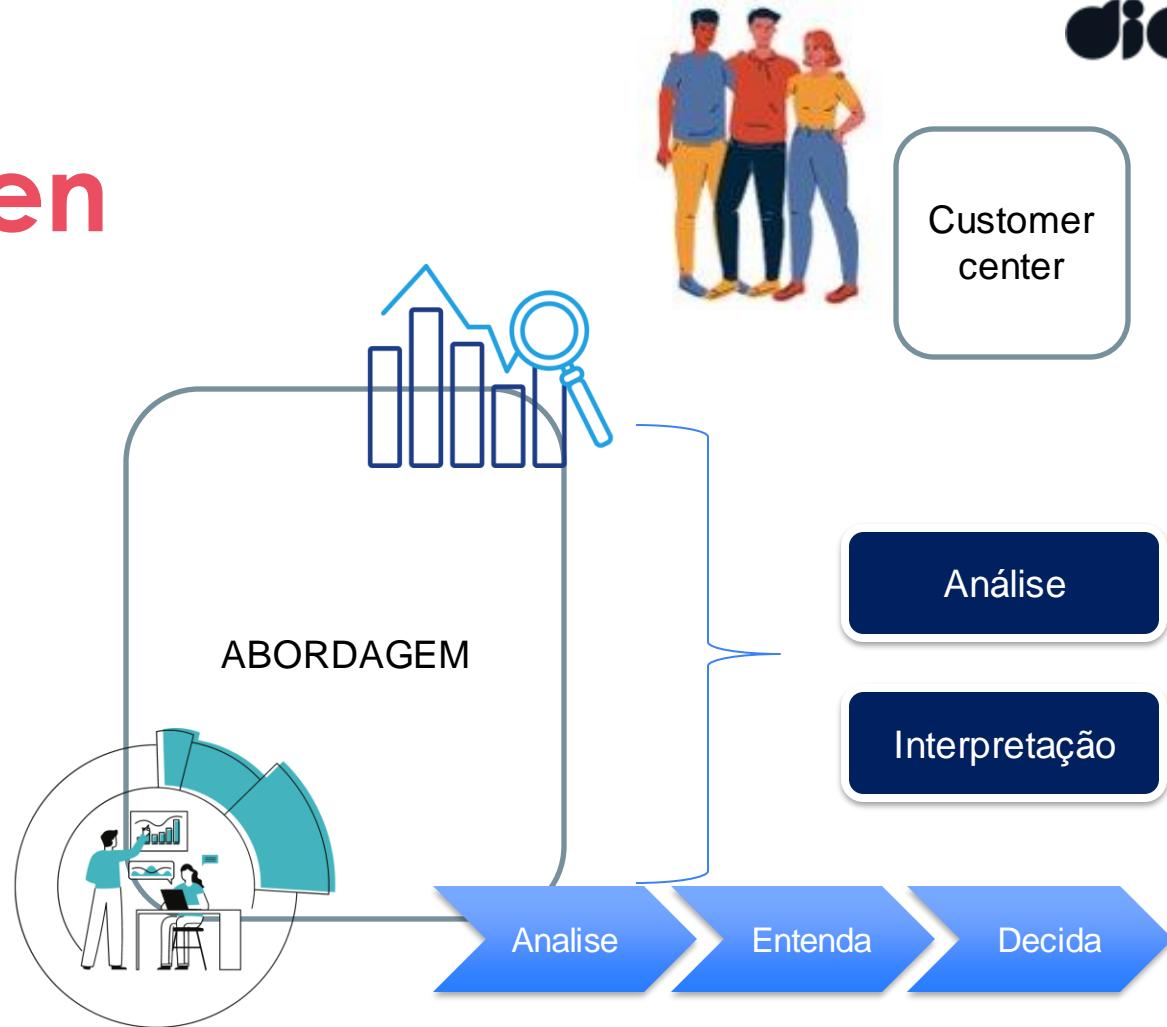
Analista de dados

Data-driven



Data-driven

- Área estratégica
- Gerenciamento
- Marketing



Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

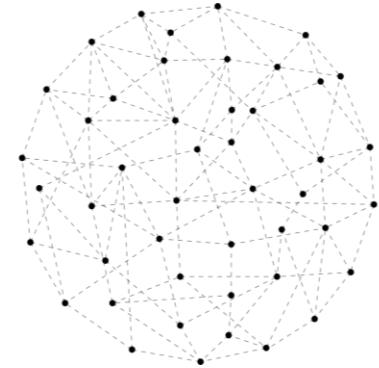
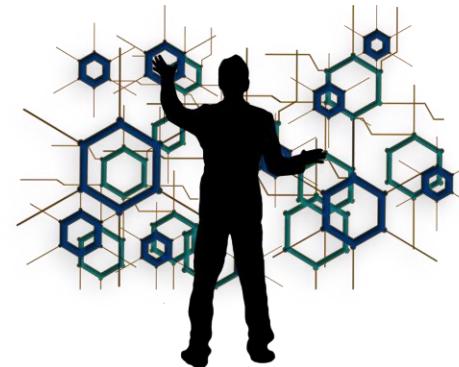
Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

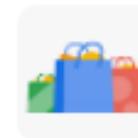
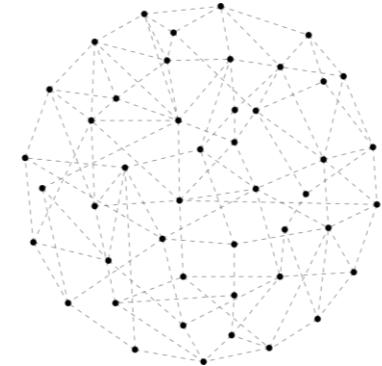
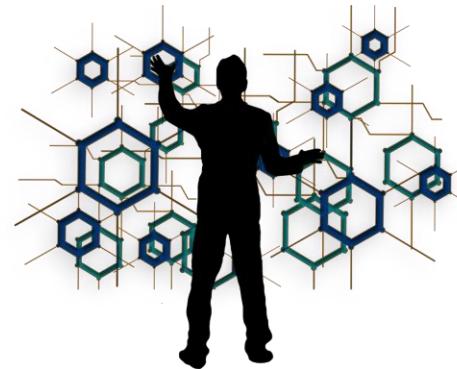
Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Black Friday

Friday, November 25, 2022

⋮



Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

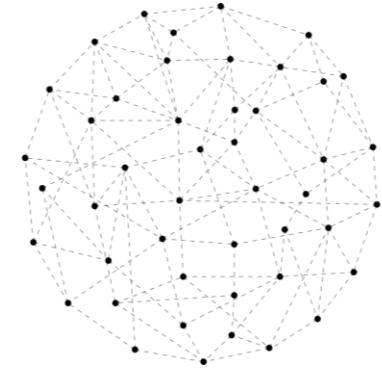
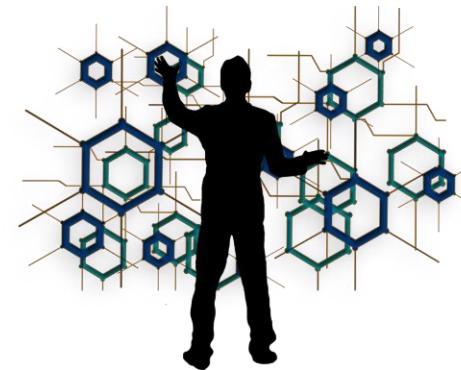
Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



NoSQL

Not only SQL



Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Orientado à Documentos

- Baixa curva de aprendizado
- Baseado em JSON
- Escalabilidade horizontal
- Multi-plataforma
- Transações ACID para multi-documento
- Consultas: Suporta javascript

Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Orientado à Colunas

- Origem: Facebook
- Open-source: 2008
- Performático
- Descentralizado
- Consultas: CQL



Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Orientado à Key-Value

- 2009 - Escrito em C
- Compatível c/ outras linguagens
- Performático
- Support: strings, lists, maps, sets, JSON, Graphs ...

Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Orientado à Grafos



- 2007 - escrito em java
- TAD: grafos
- Cypher: query para grafos
- Data science
- Compatível: Python, NodeJS, GO, .NET e Java ...

Modelos NoSQL

SGBDs NoSQL

Documentos

Wide-columns

Key-Value

Grafos

Orientado à Objetos



Orientado à Objetos

- 2008 – open-source
- Escrito em .NET e Java
- Cross-plataform

db4o contains a function to store any object:

```
objectContainer.store(new SomeClass());
```

DB & Cloud



Amazon **Aurora**



DynamoDB



Amazon **Redshift**



Azure BD



Mundo Real



ORACLE
DATABASE



PostgreSQL

ORACLE
DATABASE

NETFLIX MySQL

DB
DB.io
Database of
Databases

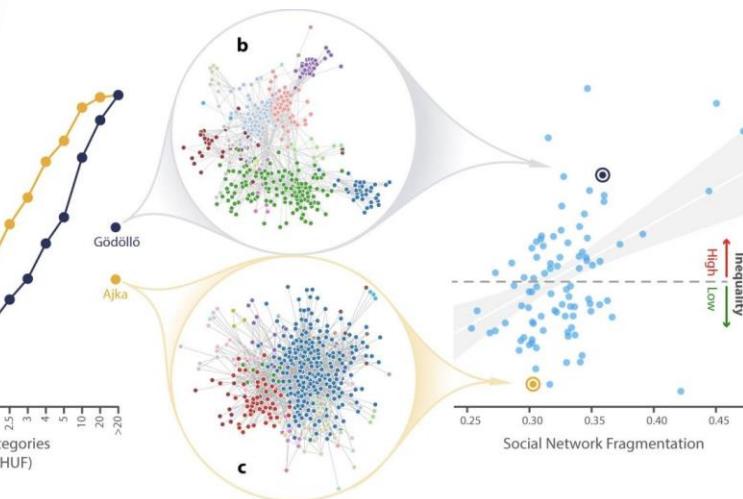
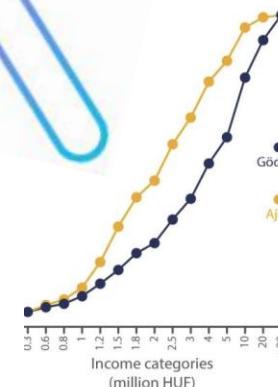


Mundo Real



Black Friday

Friday, November 25, 2022

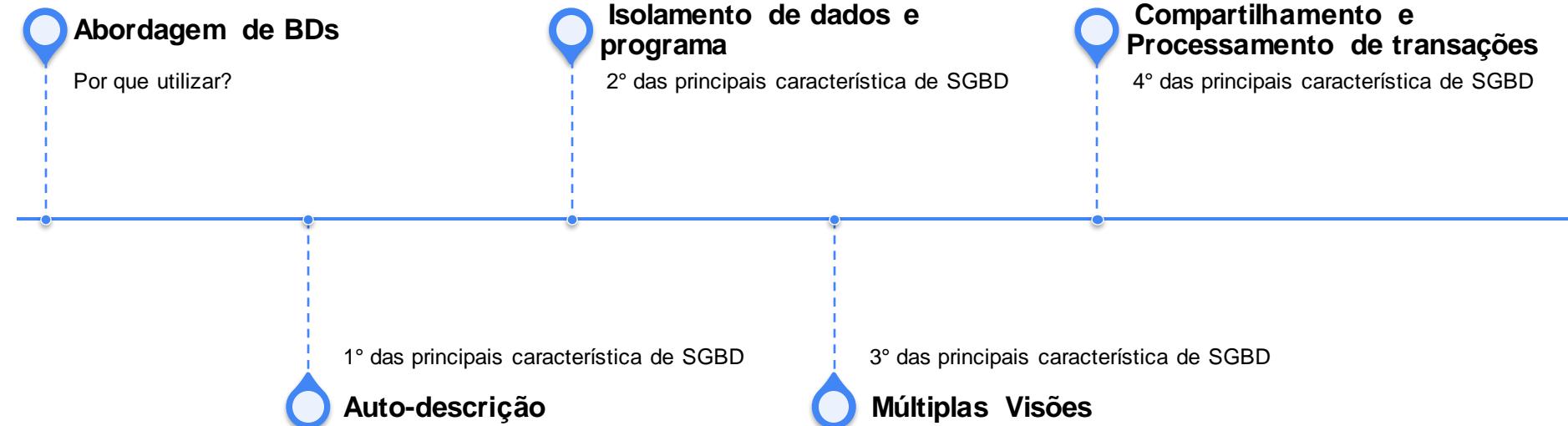


Etapa 5

Explorando a abordagem de um SGBD – Isolamento, Auto-descrição, Compartilhamento e Visões

// Introdução à Banco e dados

Conversa



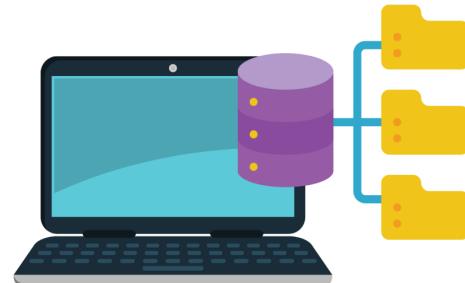
Abordagem de BD



Abordagem de BD



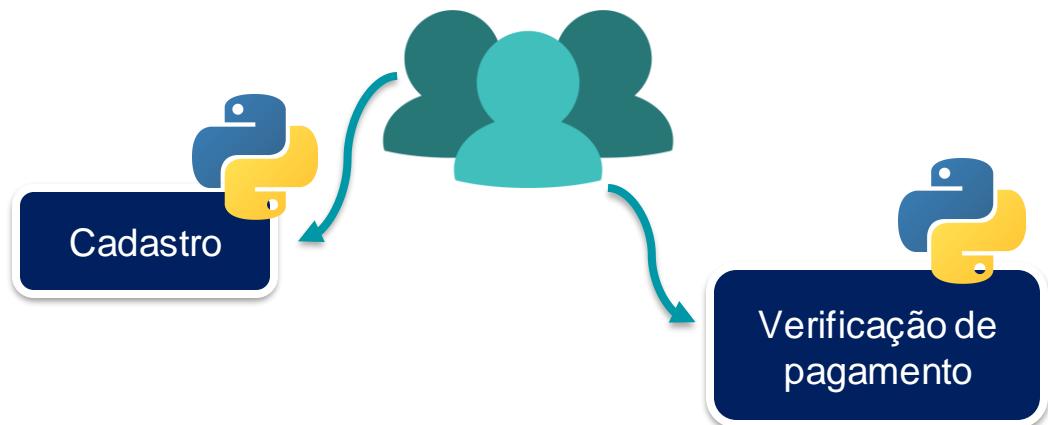
Abordagem tradicional



Abordagem BDs

Abordagem de BD

Suponha as aplicações



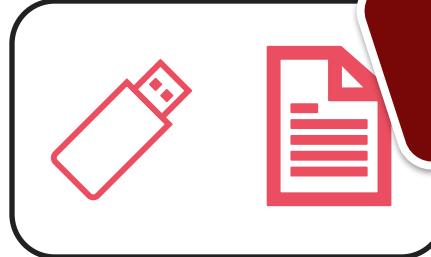
Abordagem de BD

Suponha as aplicações

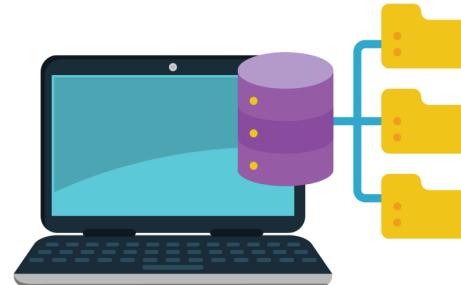
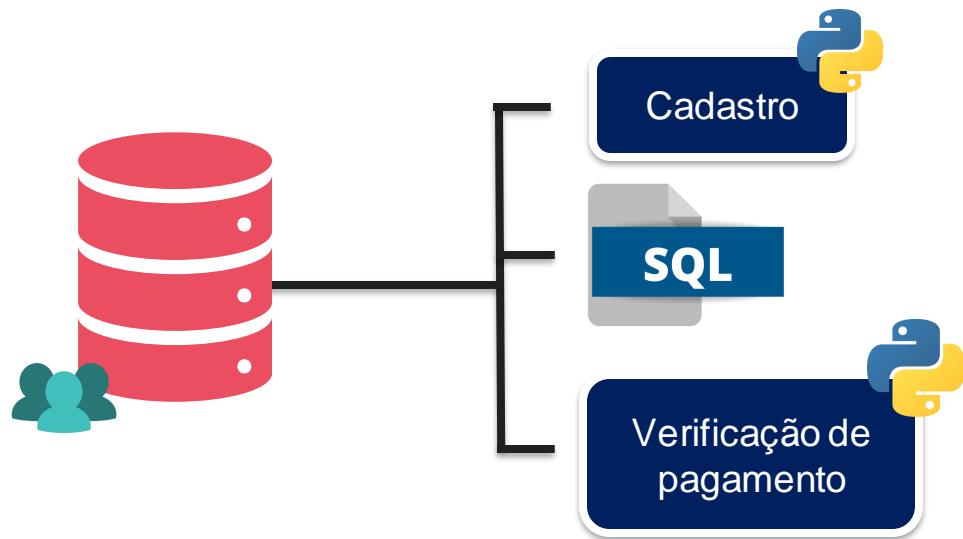


Abordagem de BD

Suponha as aplicações:



Abordagem de BD



Abordagem BDs

Abordagem de BD

Características principais:

Abstração

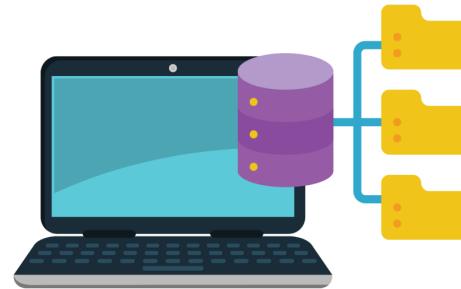
Auto-descrição

Isolamento

Compartilhamento

Múltiplas visões

Transação
multiuser



Abordagem BDs

Natureza auto-descritiva da abordage de BD



Natureza Auto-descritiva



Descrição da estrutura
e constraints

DB schema



Natureza Auto-descritiva



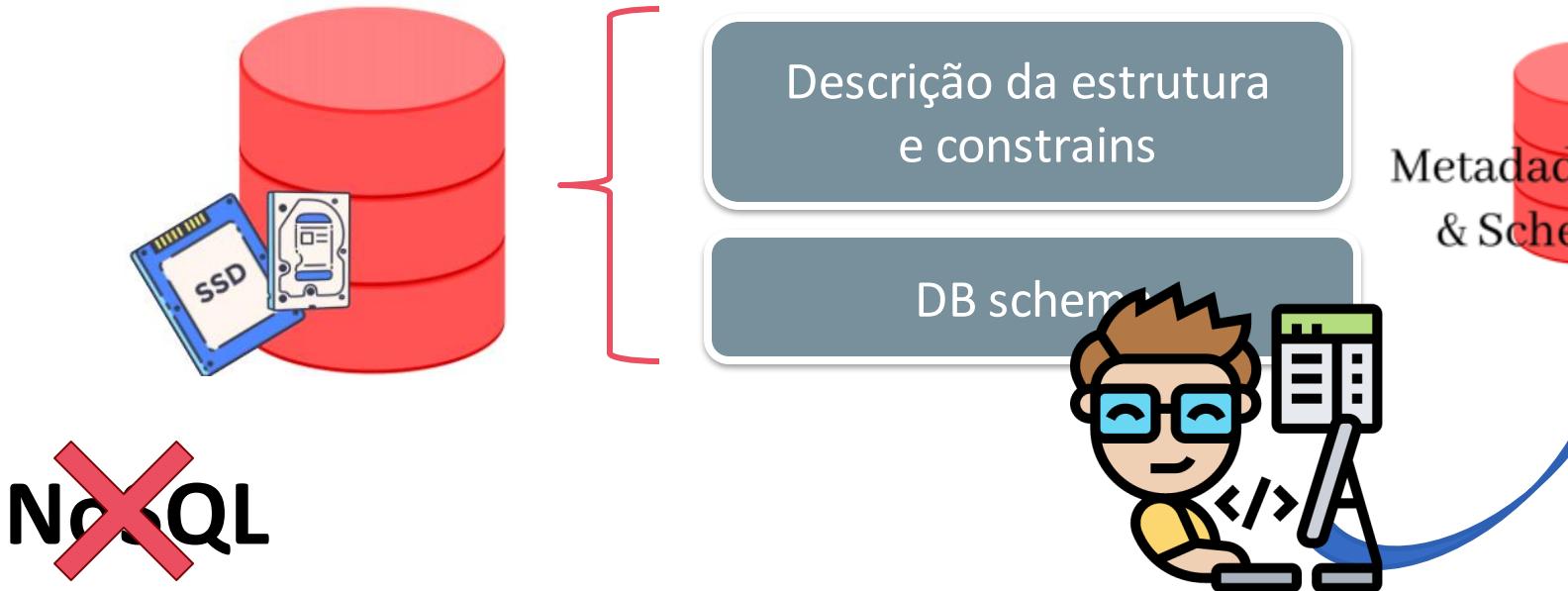
Descrição da estrutura
e constraints

DB schema



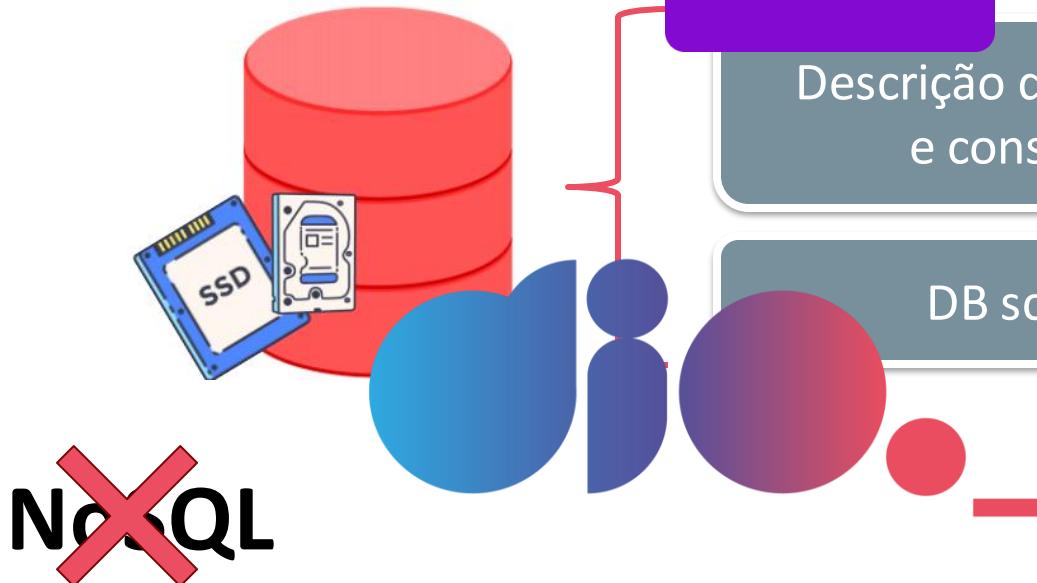
NoSQL

Natureza Auto-descritiva

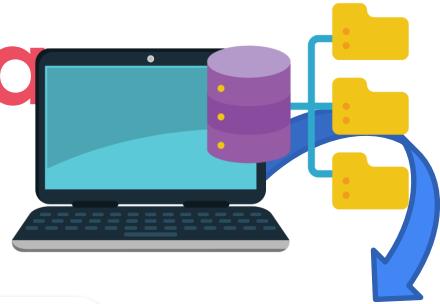


Natureza Autônoma e Criativa

amazon.com.br

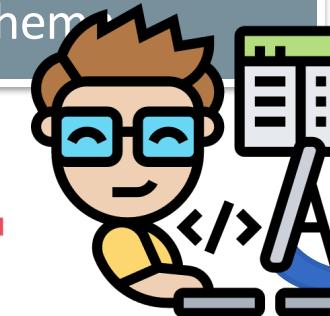


criativa



Descrição da estrutura
e constraints

DB schema



Natureza Auto-descritiva



Abordagem tradicional



Programa da Aplicação

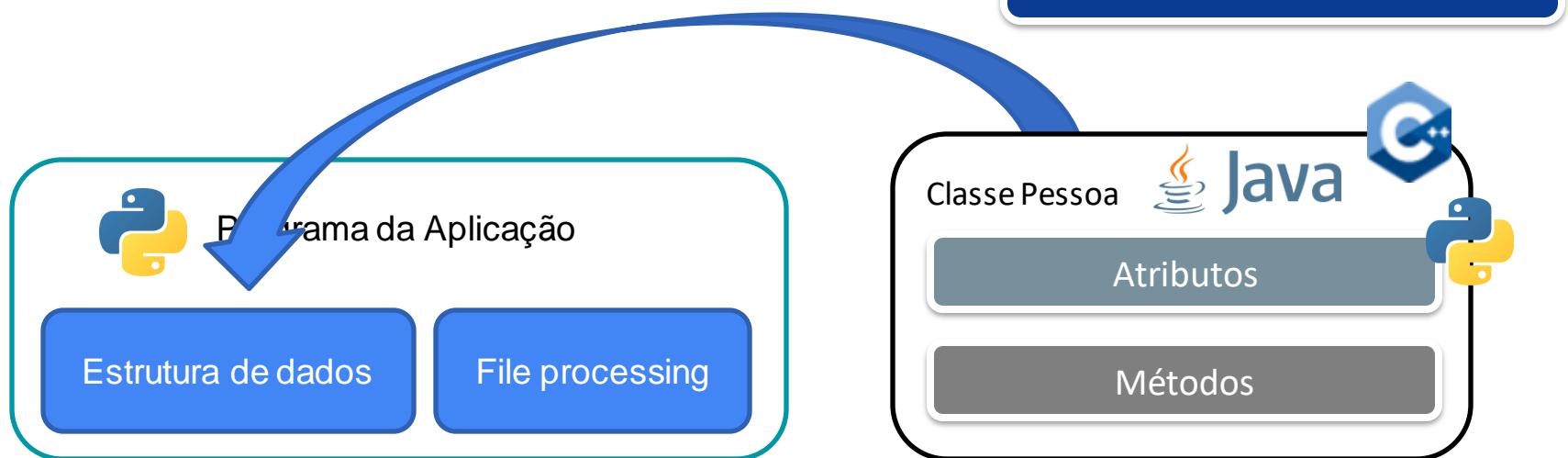
Estrutura de dados

File processing

Natureza Auto-descritiva



Abordagem tradicional



Catálogo

RELATIONS

Relation_name	No_of_columns
STUDENT	4
COURSE	4
SECTION	5
GRADE_REPORT	3
PREREQUISITE	2

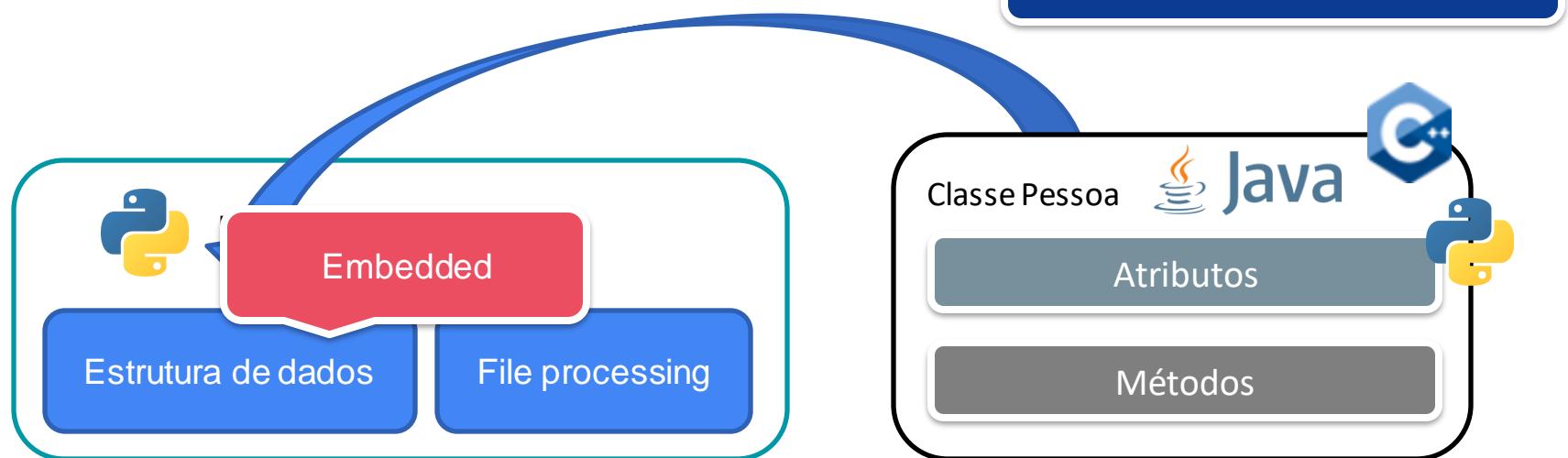
COLUMNS

Column_name	Data_type	Belongs_to_relation
Name	Character (30)	STUDENT
Student_number	Character (4)	STUDENT
Class	Integer (1)	STUDENT
Major	Major_type	STUDENT
Course_name	Character (10)	COURSE
Course_number	XXXXNNNN	COURSE
....
....
....
Prerequisite_number	XXXXNNNN	PREREQUISITE

Isolamento entre Program/Data e Abstração



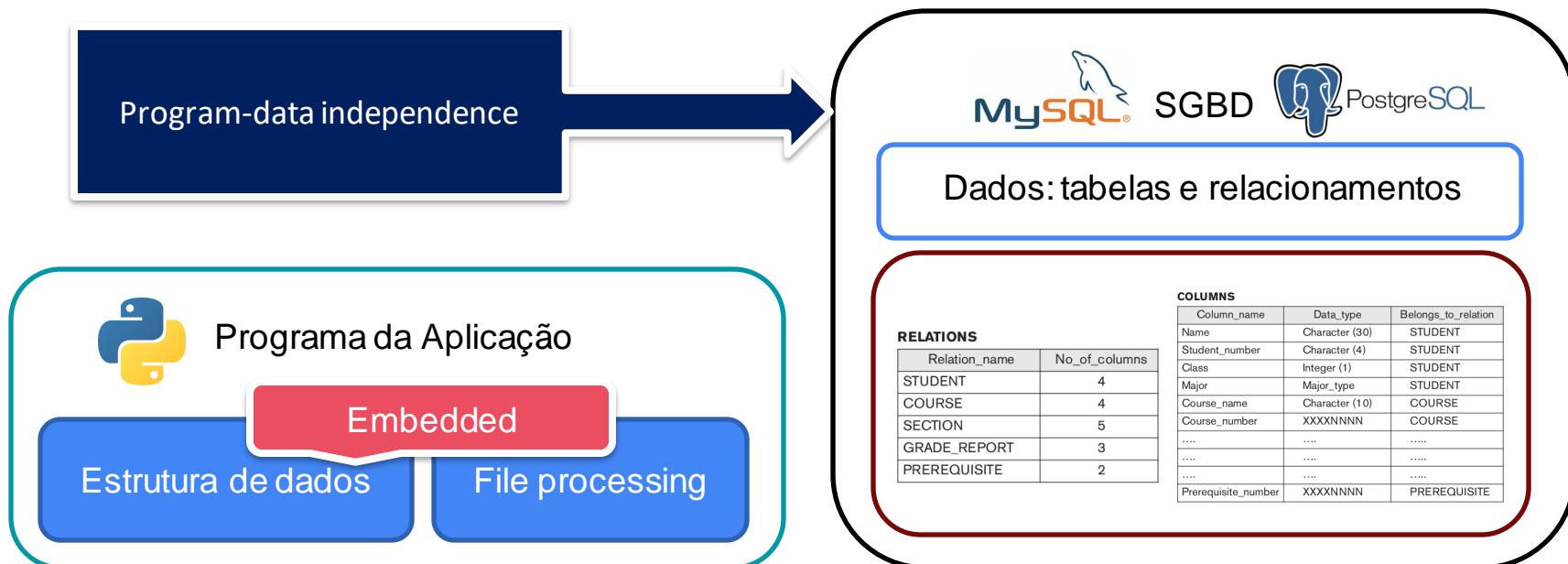
Isolamento e abstração



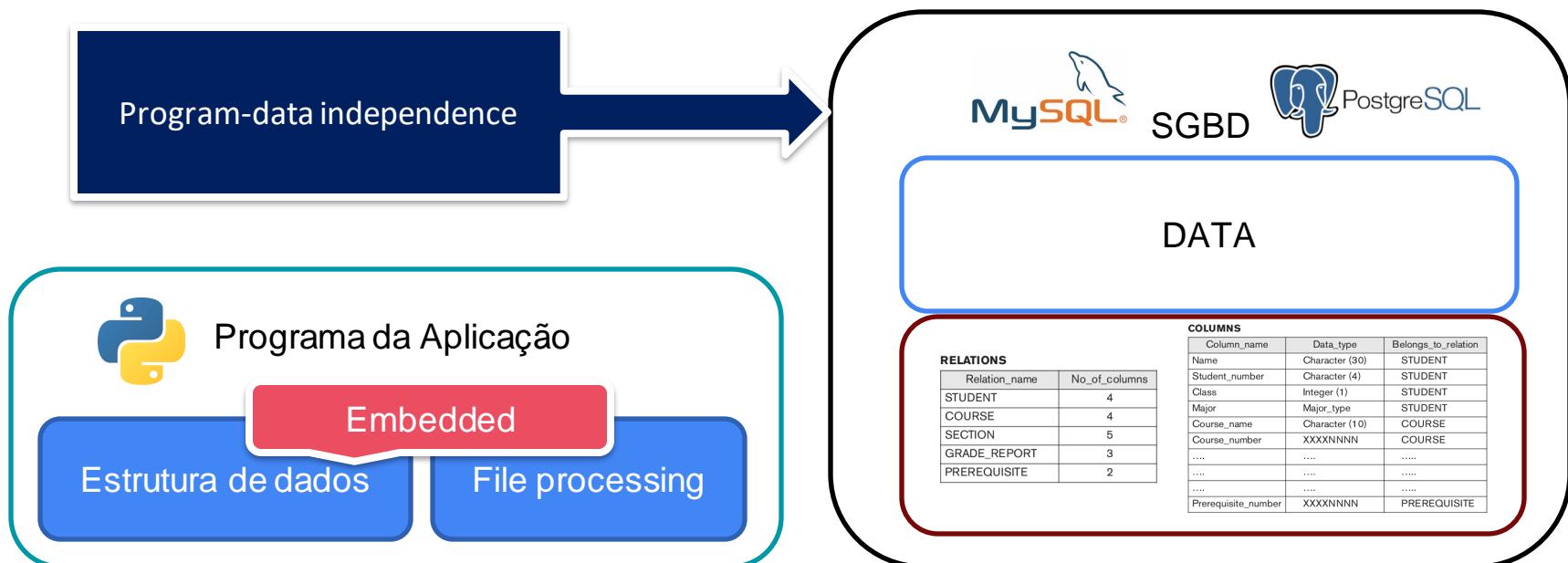
Isolamento e abstração



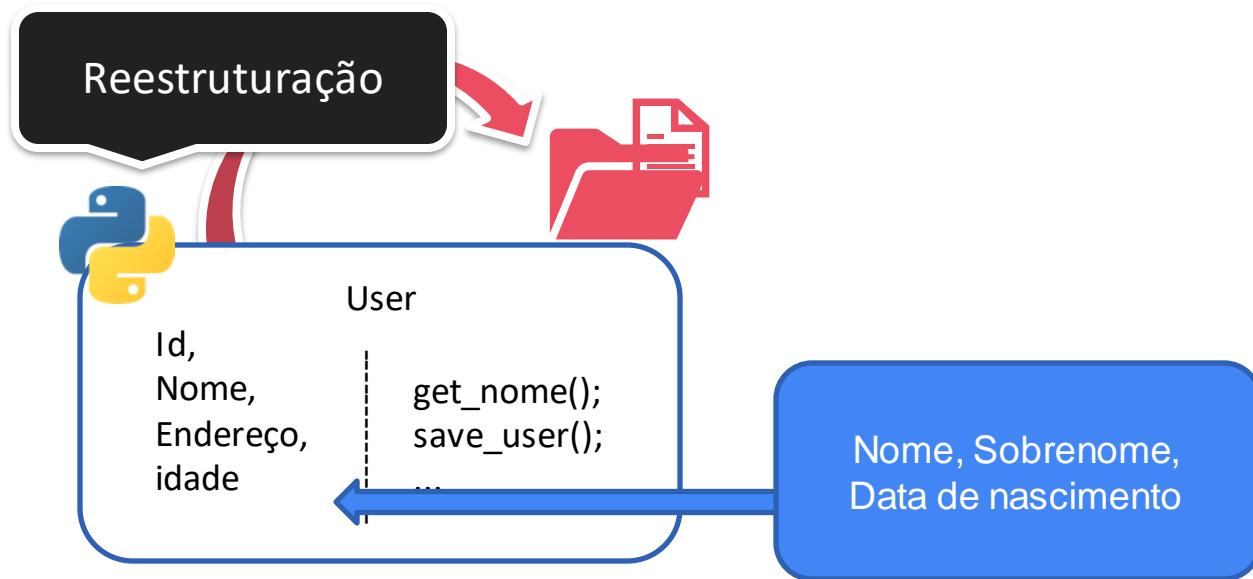
Isolamento e abstração



Isolamento e abstração



Isolamento e abstração



Isolamento e abstração



Isolamento e abstração

- Abstração
- Transparência



Independência do
programa e dados

Isolamento e abstração

- Abstração
- Transparência



Isolamento e abstração

Data Item Name	Starting Position in Record	Length in Characters (bytes)
Name	1	30
Student_number	31	4
Class	35	1
Major	36	4



Catálogo

Suporte a Múltiplas Visões dos dados



Table Views

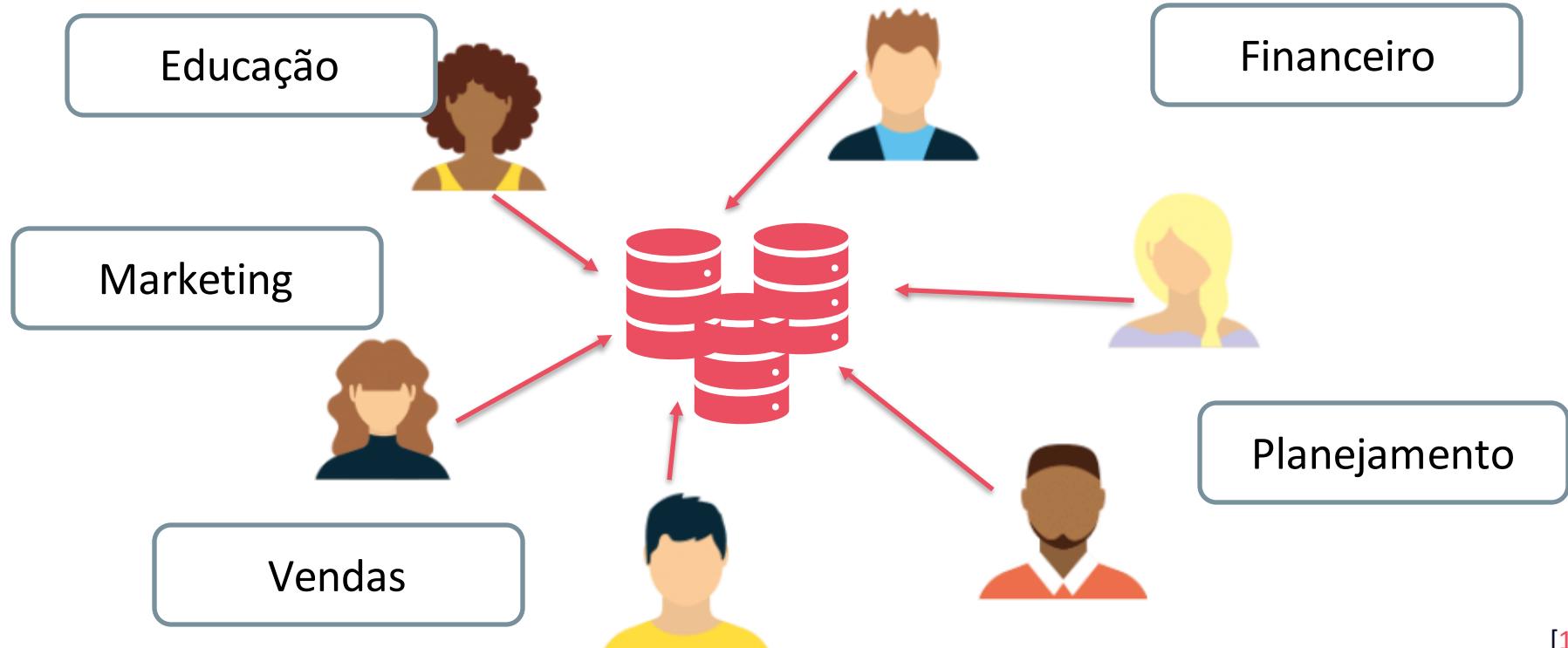


Table Views

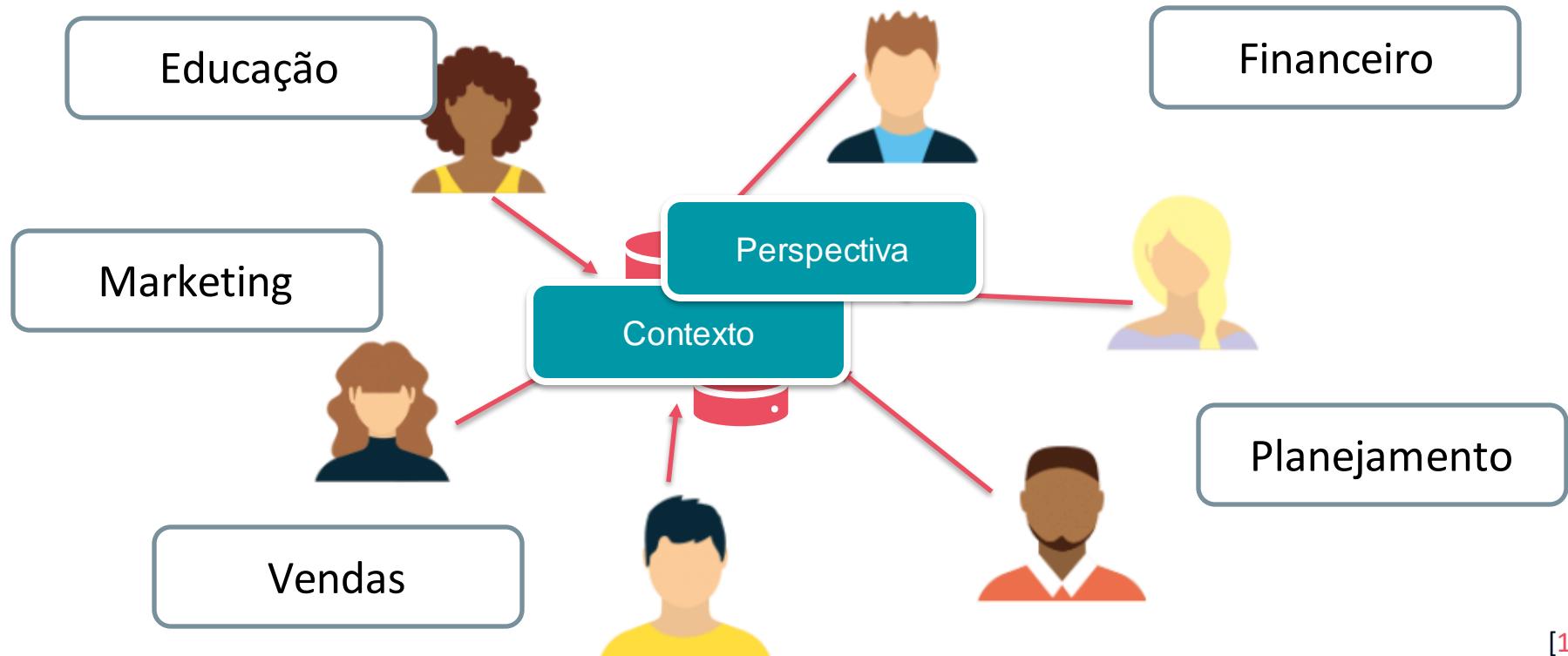


Table Views

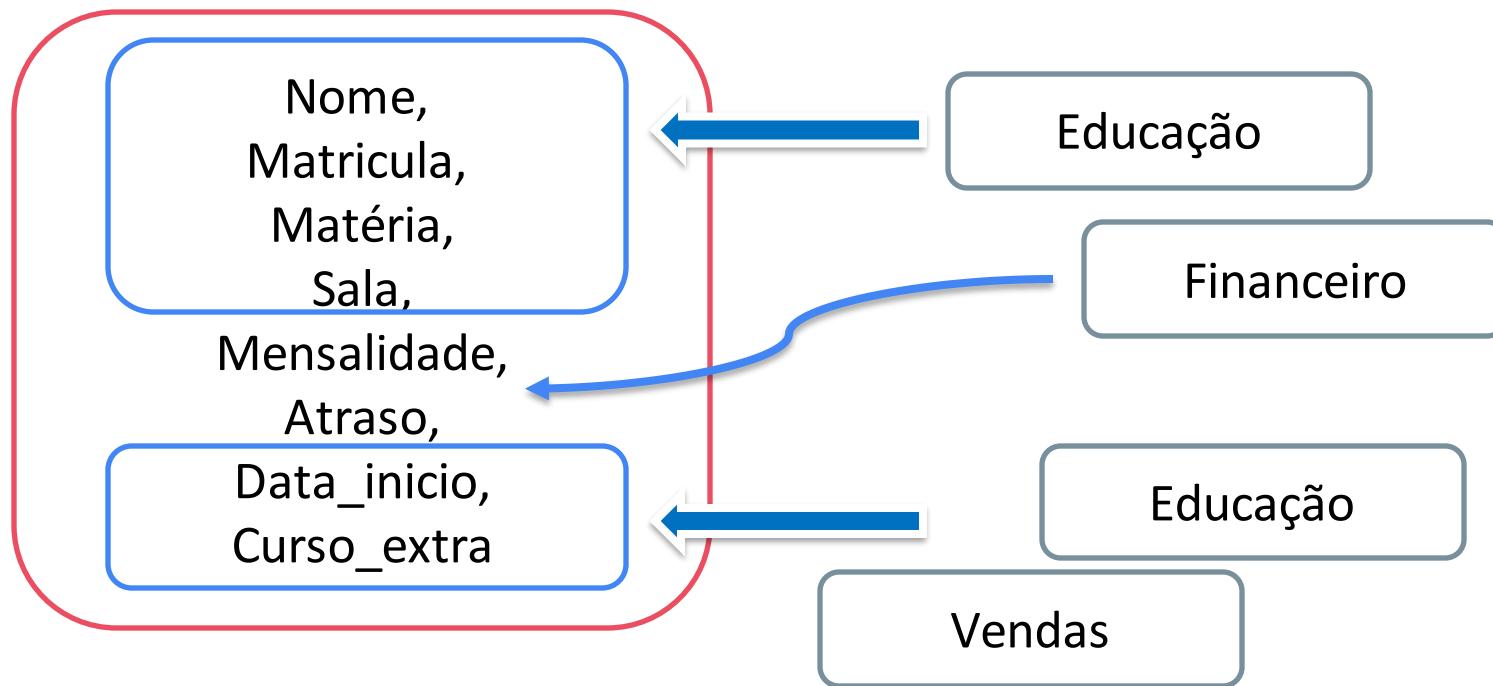


Table Views

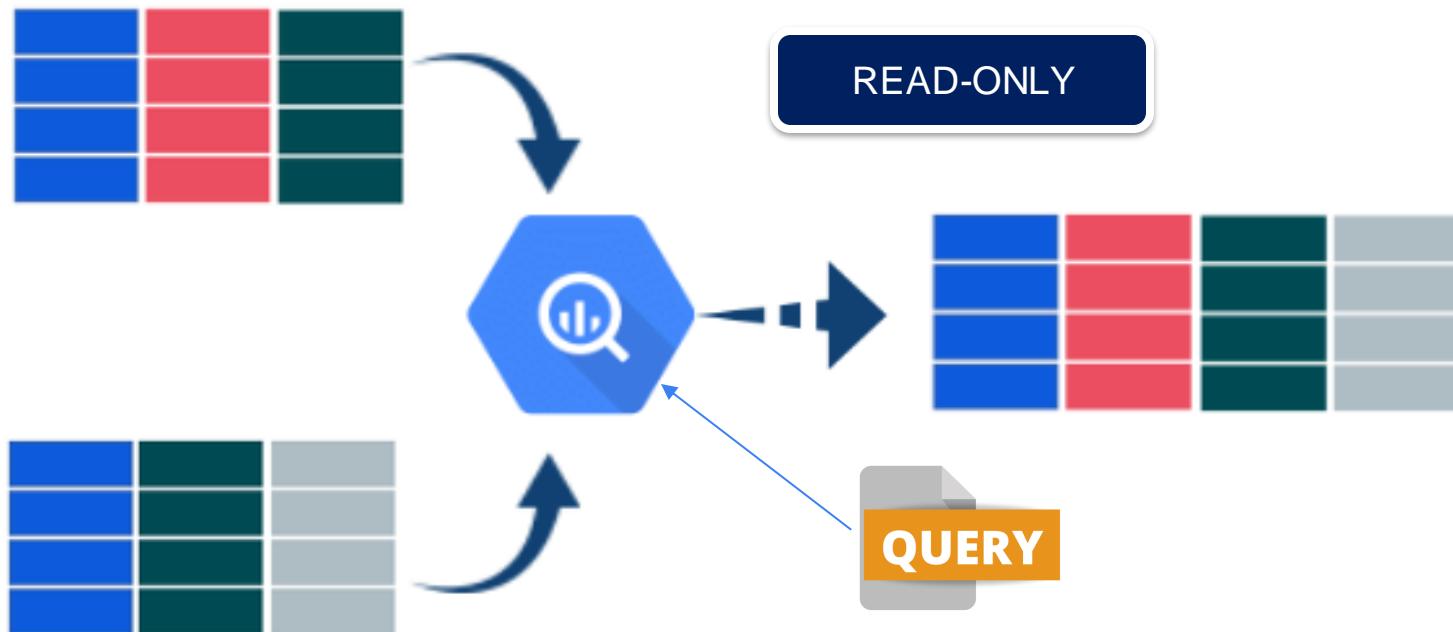


Table Views

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
CS3380	CS3320
CS3380	MATH2410
CS3320	CS1310

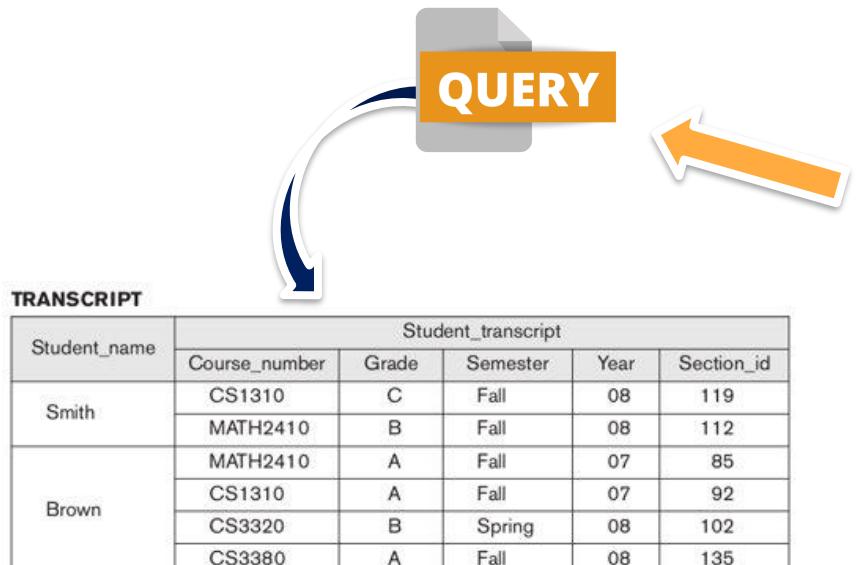
COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Intro to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

**COURSE_PREREQUISITES**

Course_name	Course_number	Prerequisites
Database	CS3380	CS3320
		MATH2410
Data Structures	CS3320	CS1310

Table Views



STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
Smith	17	1	CS
Brown	8	2	CS

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
17	112	B
17	119	C
8	85	A
8	92	A
8	102	B
8	135	A

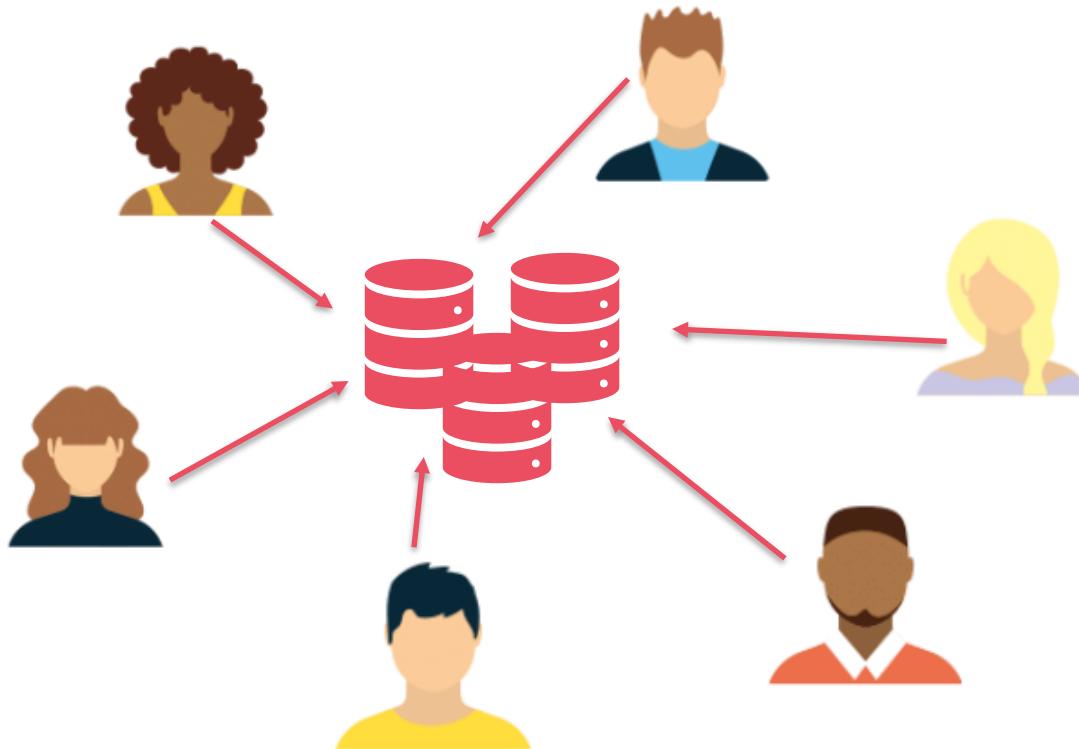
SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
85	MATH2410	Fall	07	King
92	CS1310	Fall	07	Anderson
102	CS3320	Spring	08	Knuth
112	MATH2410	Fall	08	Chang
119	CS1310	Fall	08	Anderson
135	CS3380	Fall	08	Stone

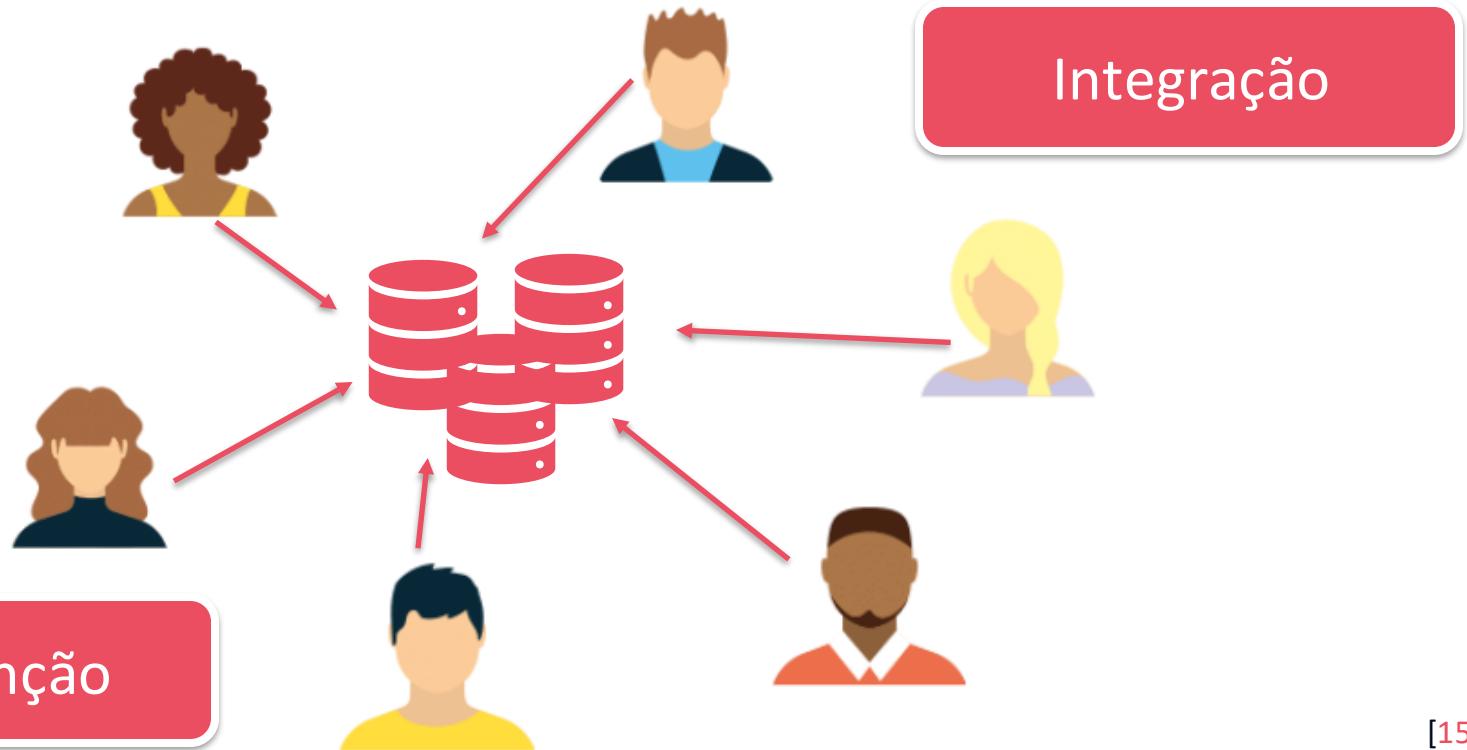
Compartilhamento de dados e processamento de transações multiusuários



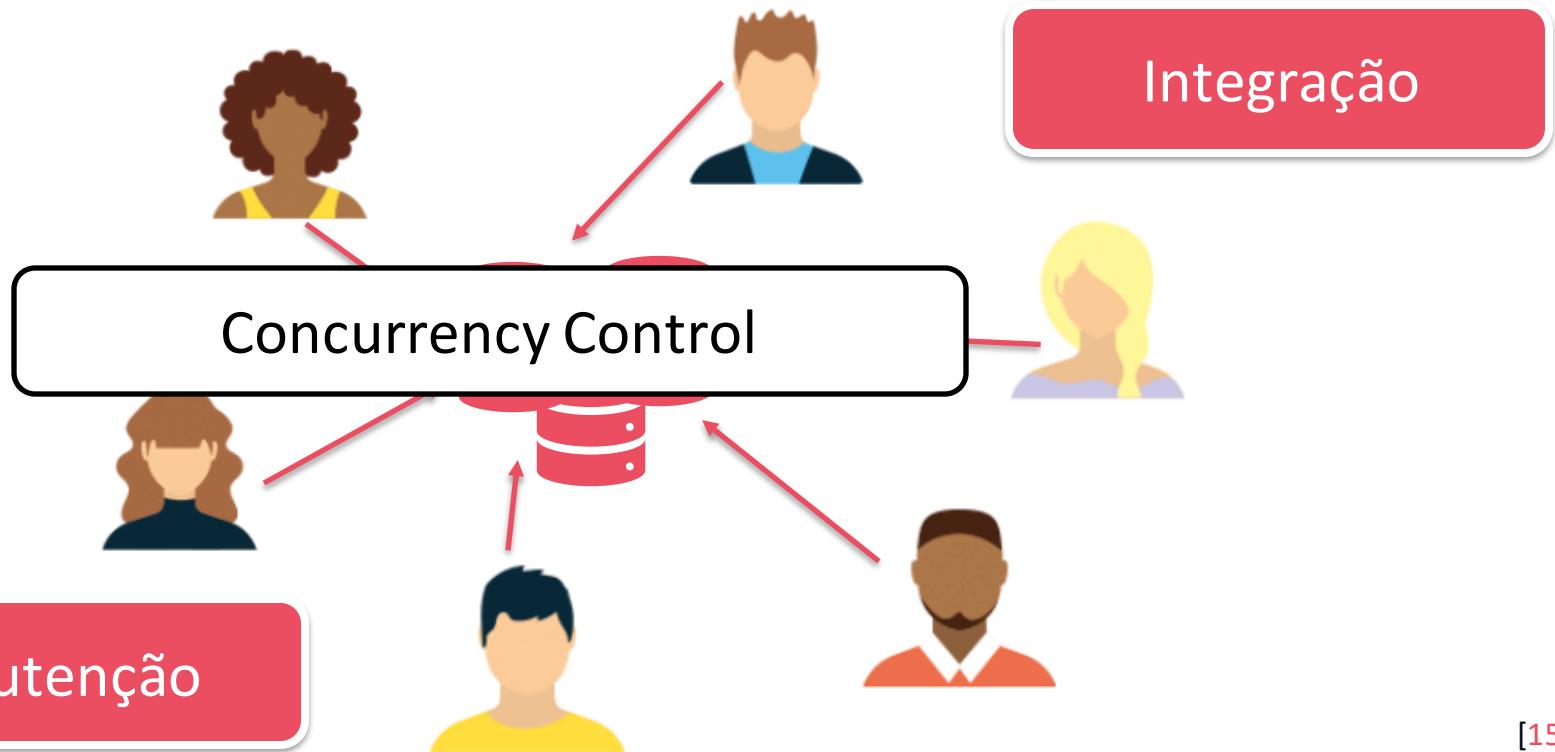
Design – Múltiplos acessos



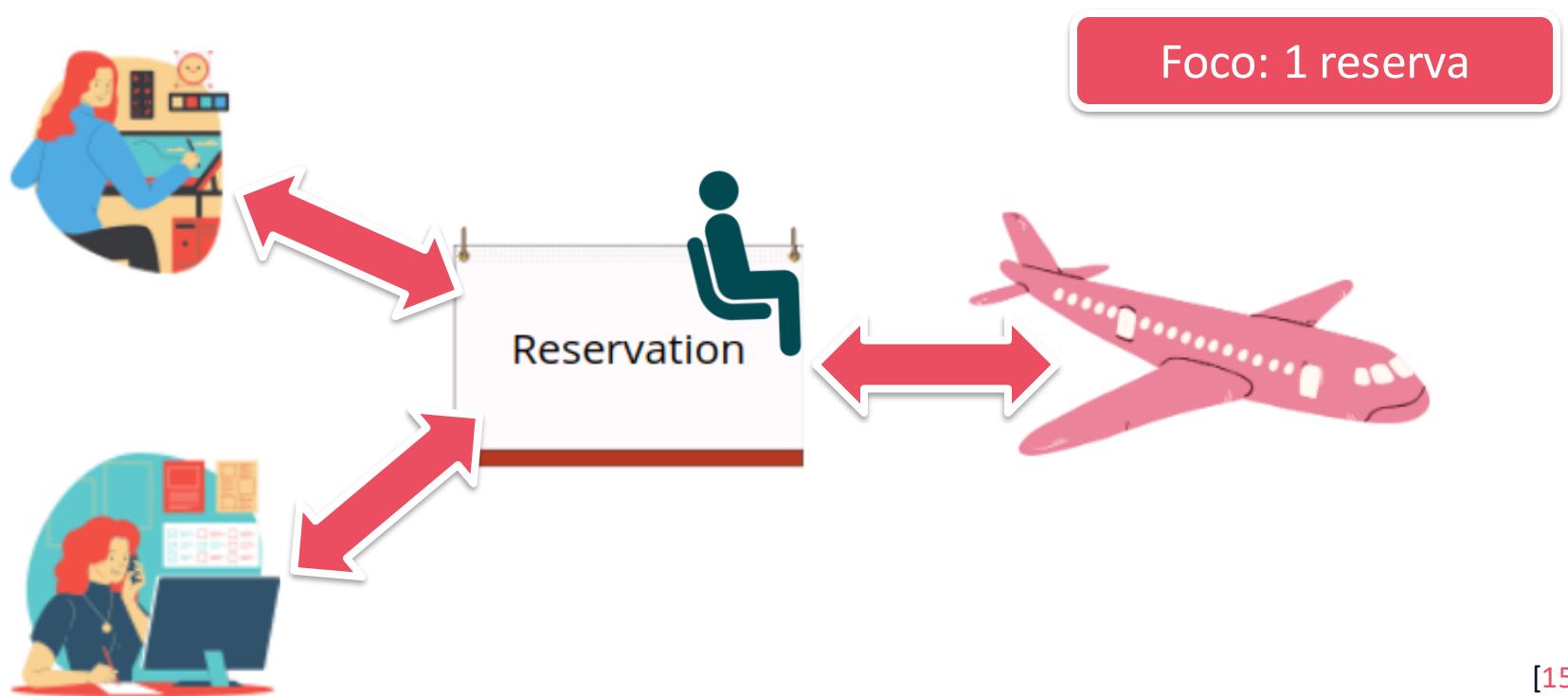
Design – Múltiplos acessos



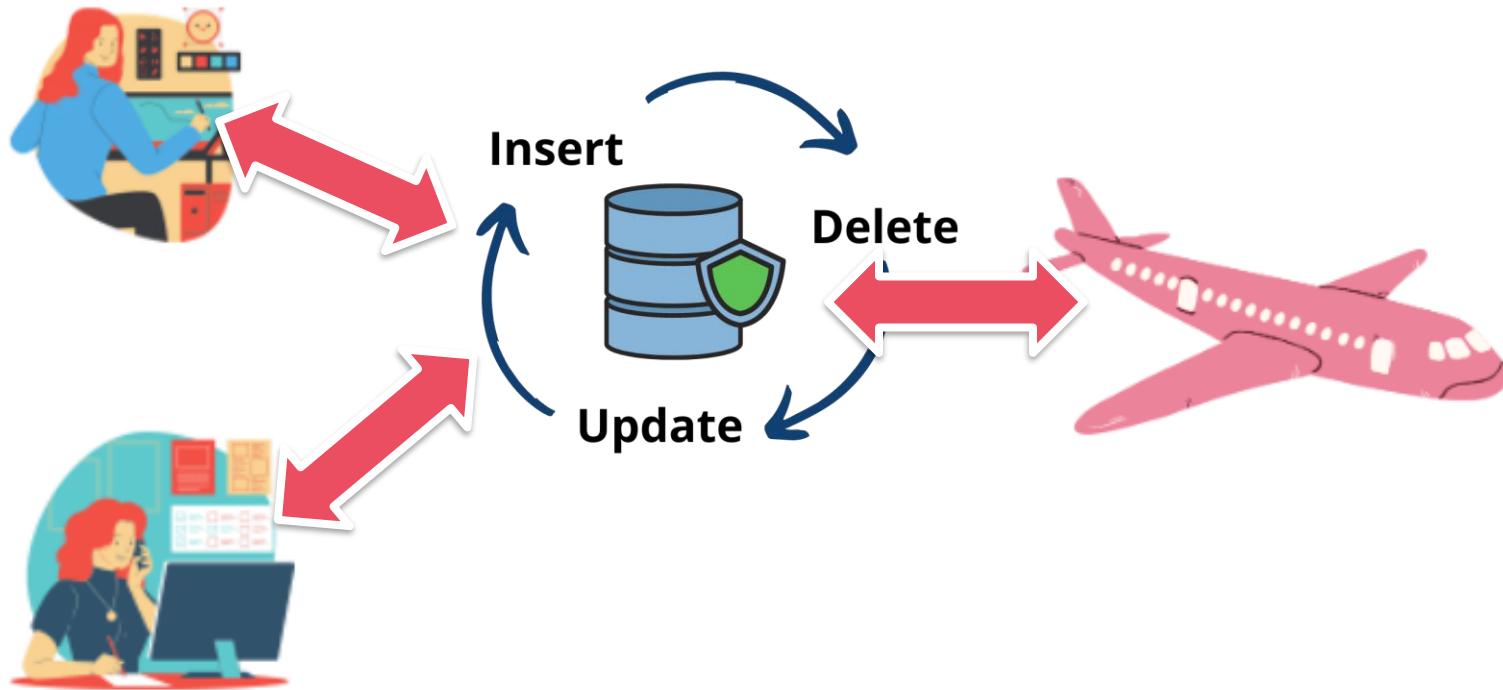
Concorrência



Múltiplos acessos



OLTP



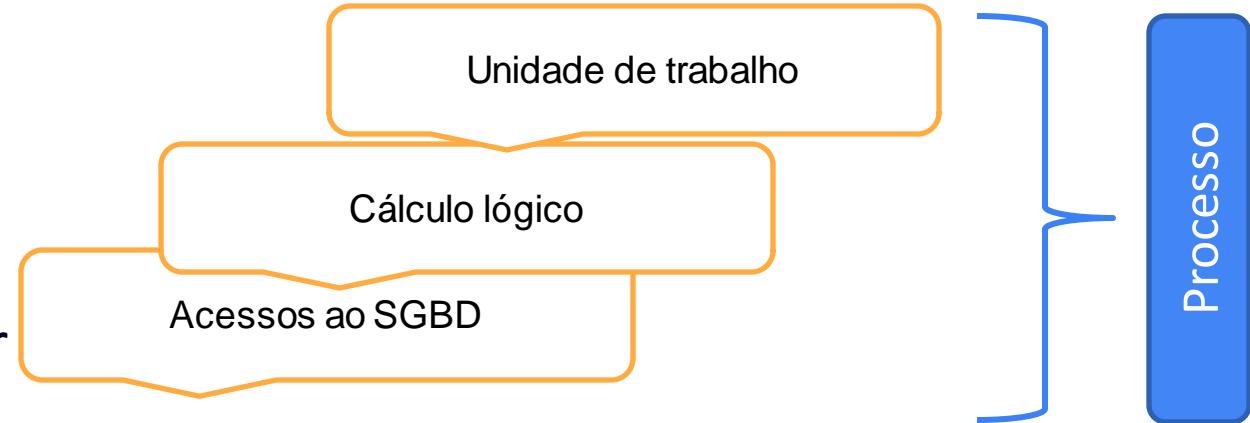
OLTP

- App multiuser
- Gerenciador: transações concorrentes

Online Transaction Processing

OLTP

- App multiuser
- Gerenciador: transações concorrentes



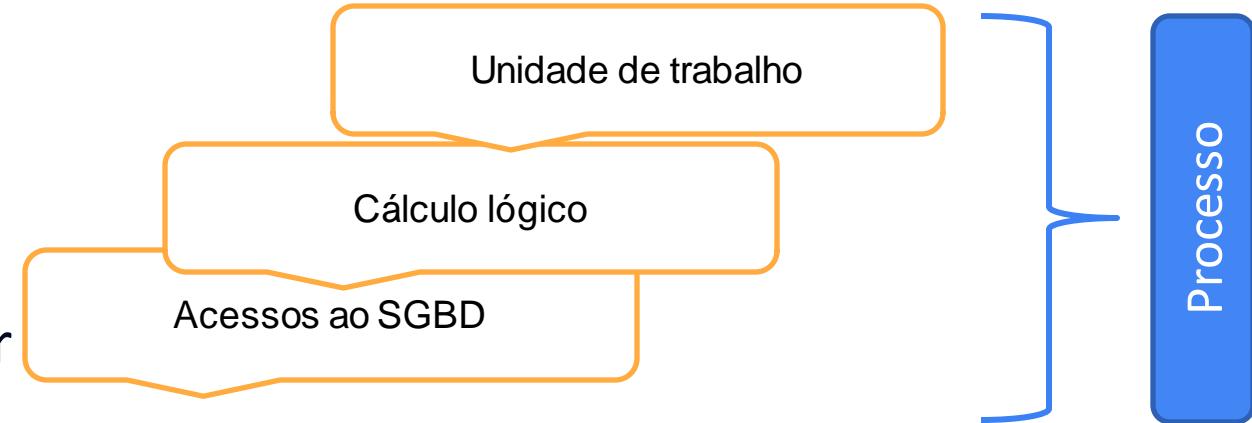
Execução sem interferência

Isolamento

Online Transaction Processing

OLTP

- App multiuser
- Gerenciador: transações concorrentes



Execução sem interferência

Atomicidade

8 ou 80!

Online Transaction Processing

OLTP



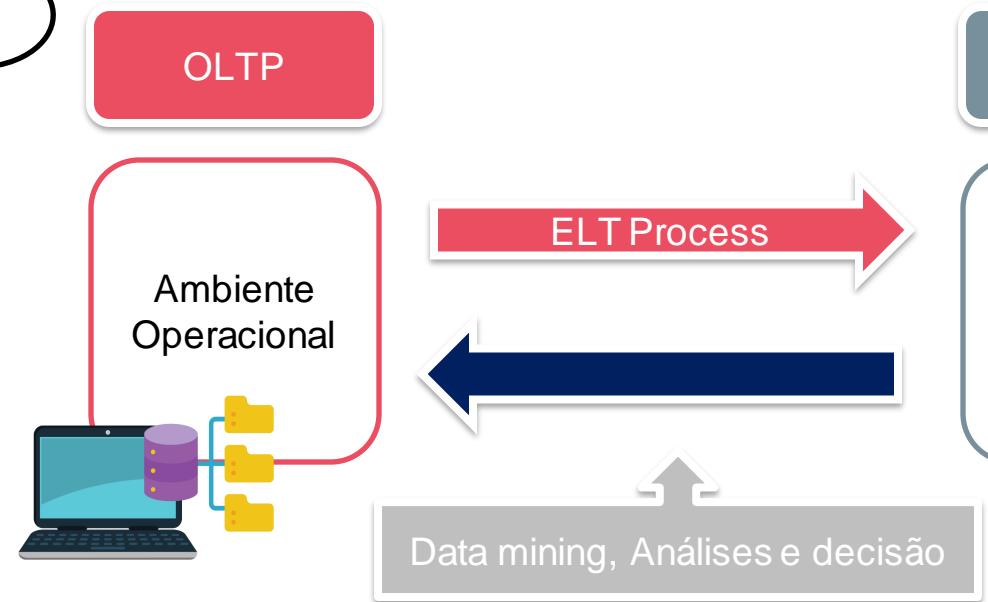
Operacional

Processamento de dados

Processamento de dados

Transaction-driven

OLTP

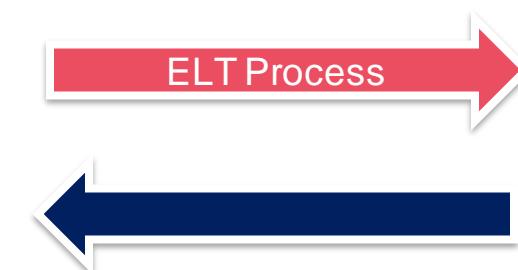


Data mining, Análises e decisão

OLTP



ELT Process

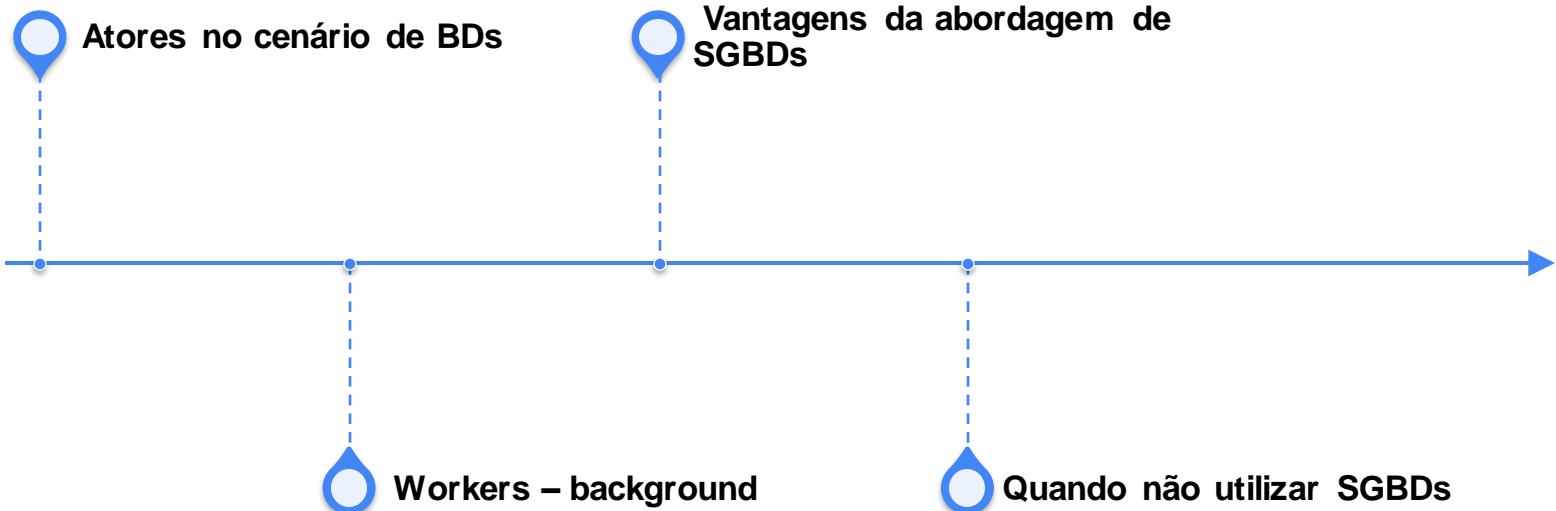


Etapa 6

Explorando abordagem de SGBDs – Atores, Workers nos bastidores, Vantagens e Quando não utilizar?

// Introdução à Banco de dados

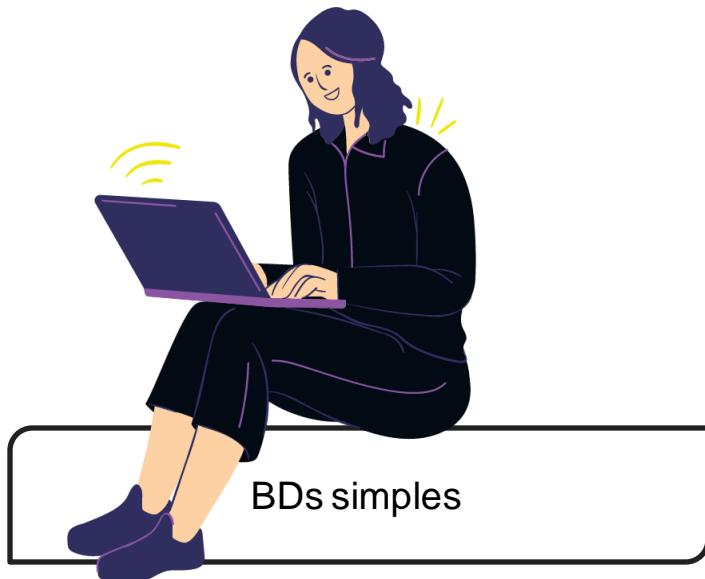
Conversa



Quais são os atores em Banco de Dados?

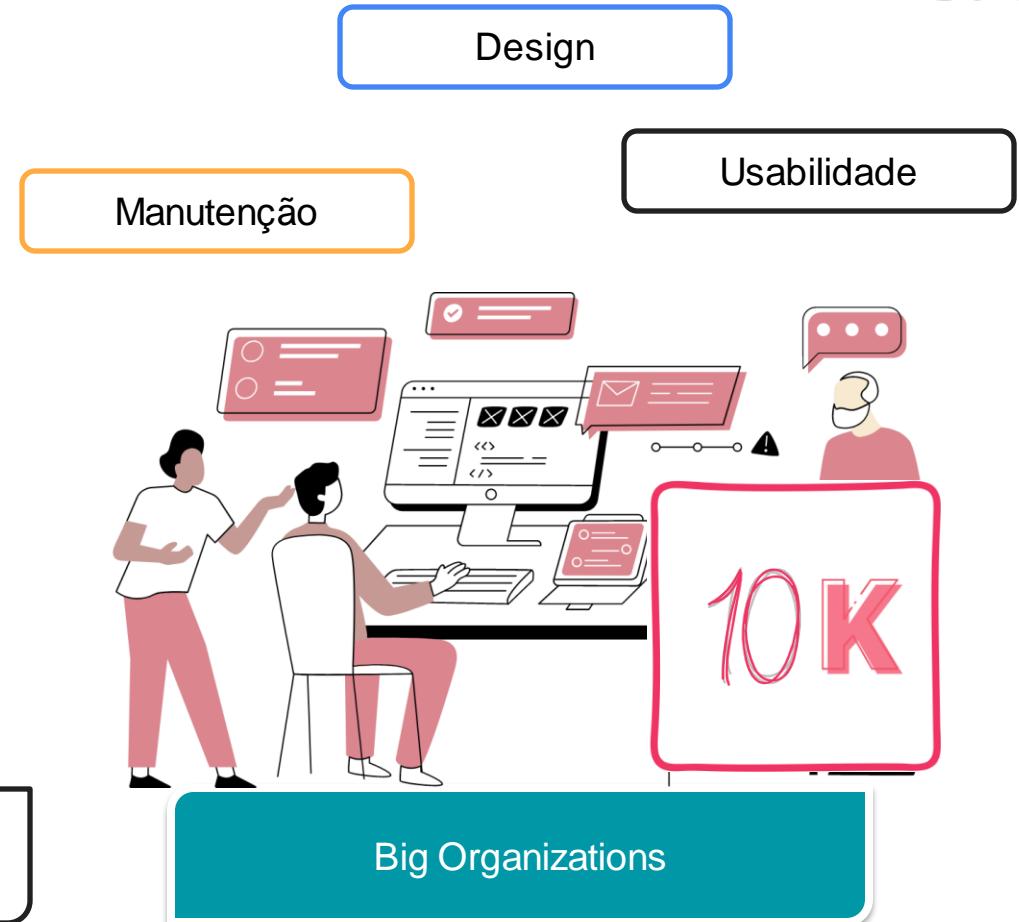
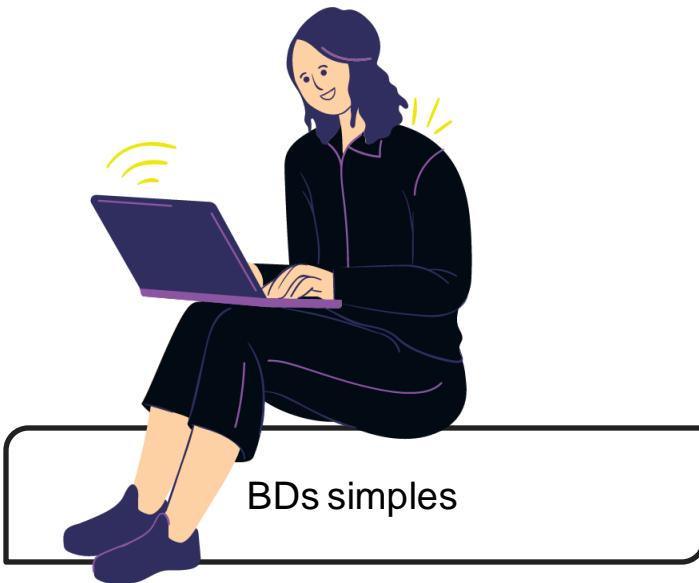


Atores



Big Organizations

Atores



Atores



Administrador

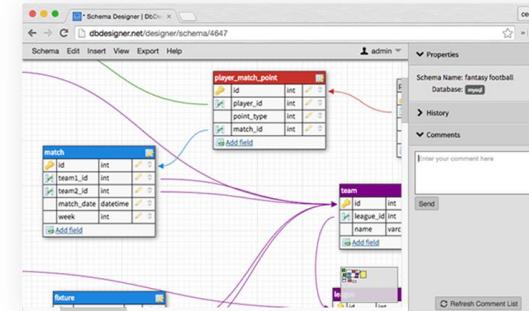
Designers

- Dia-a-dia
- Diretamente ligados ao contexto

Usuários finais



Atores - Designer

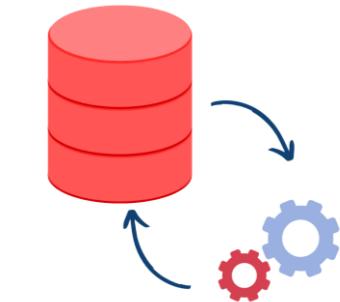


- Identificar dados e requisitos
- Representação e Estrutura
- Fase preliminar

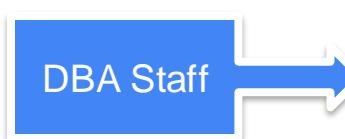
Modelagem



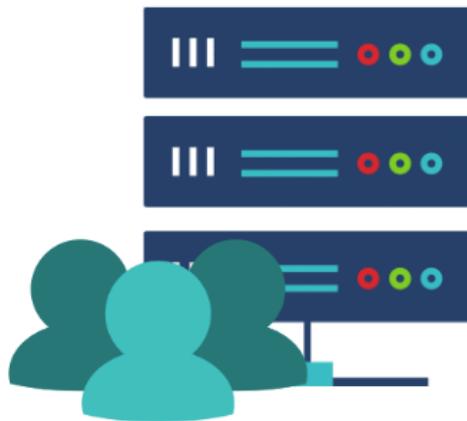
Atores - Administrador



- Gerencia Recursos
- Orquestração
- Autorização de acesso



Atores - Usuários Finais



- Acesso -> Querying
- Categorizados



Atores - Usuários Finais

- Casuais
- Ingênuos
- Sofisticados
- Standalone

Acessos ocasionais

Diferentes informações

Uso de APIs



Propósito do SGBD

Atores - Usuários Finais

- Casuais
- **Ingênuos**
- Sofisticados
- Standalone

Considerável porção

Canned Transactions

Erro: raro



Propósito do SGBD

Atores - Usuários Finais

- Casuais
- **Ingênuos**
- Sofisticados
- Standalone



Propósito do SGBD

Atores - Usuários Finais

- Casuais
- Ingênuos
- **Sofisticados**
- Standalone

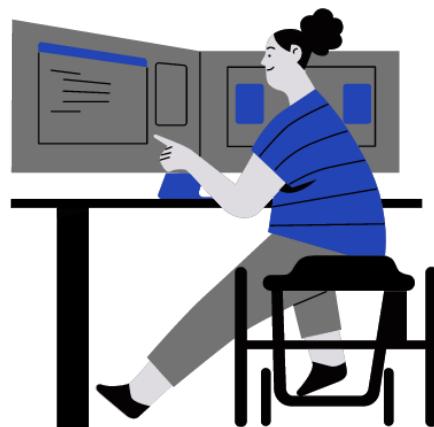


Propósito do SGBD

Atores - Usuários Finais

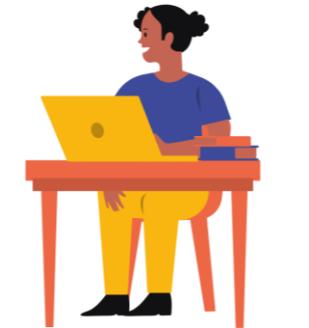
- Casuais
- Ingênuos
- Sofisticados
- **Standalone**

BD pessoal



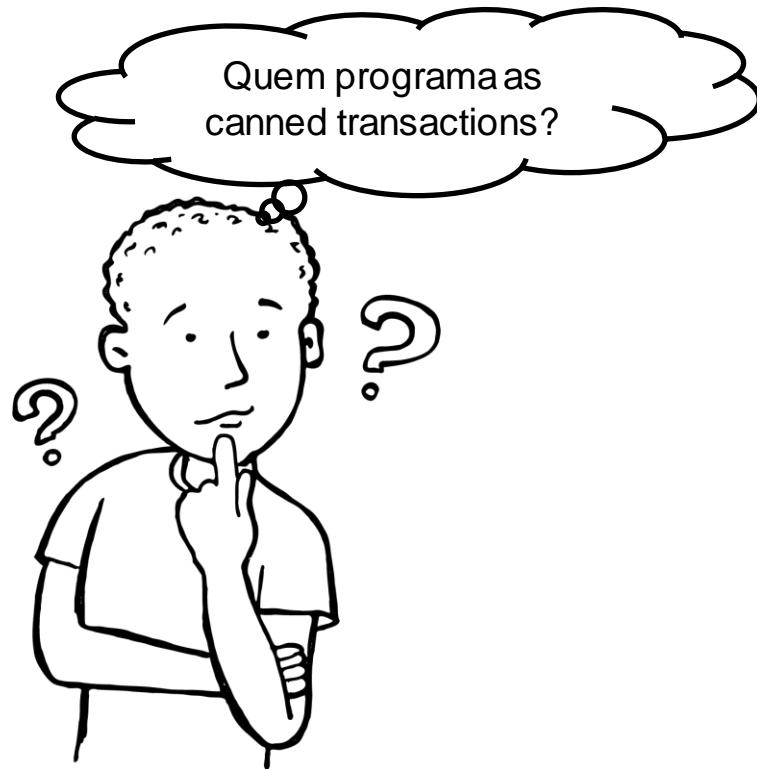
Propósito do SGBD

Atores - Usuários Finais

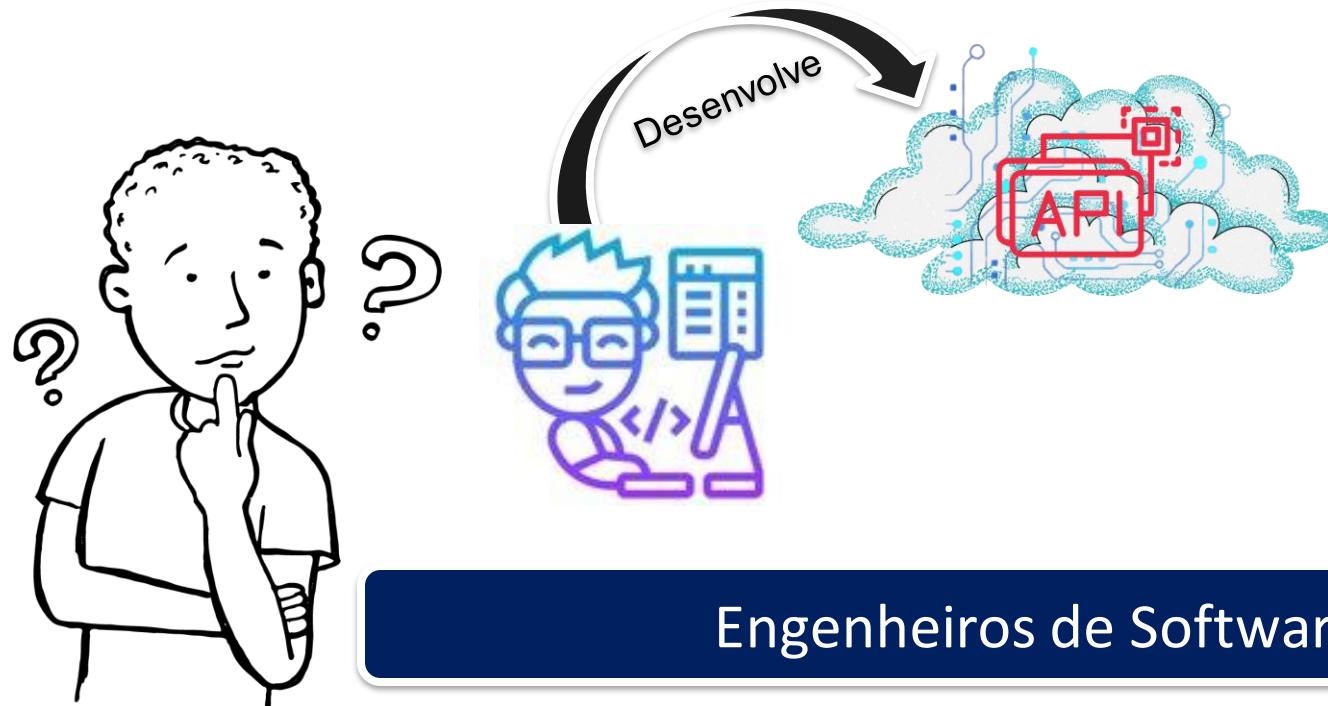


Diversas facilidades são implementadas para os users do SGBD

Atores

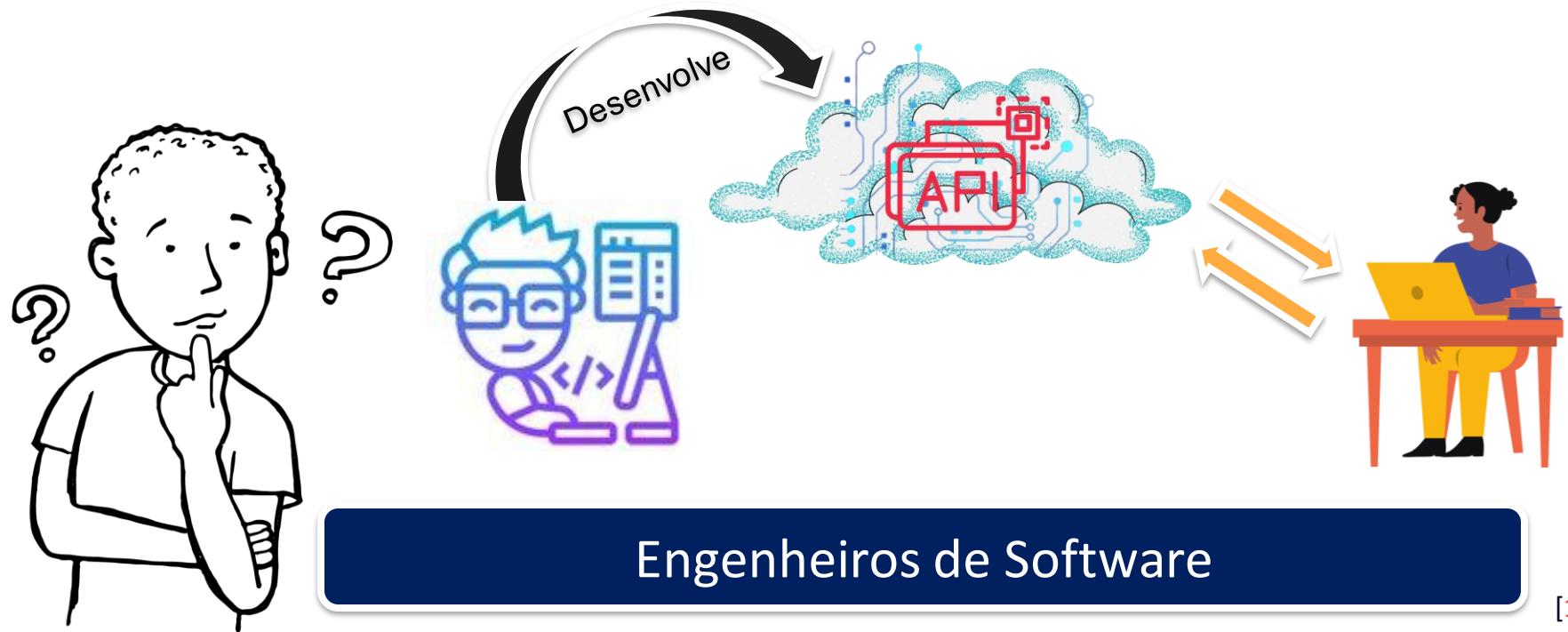


Atores

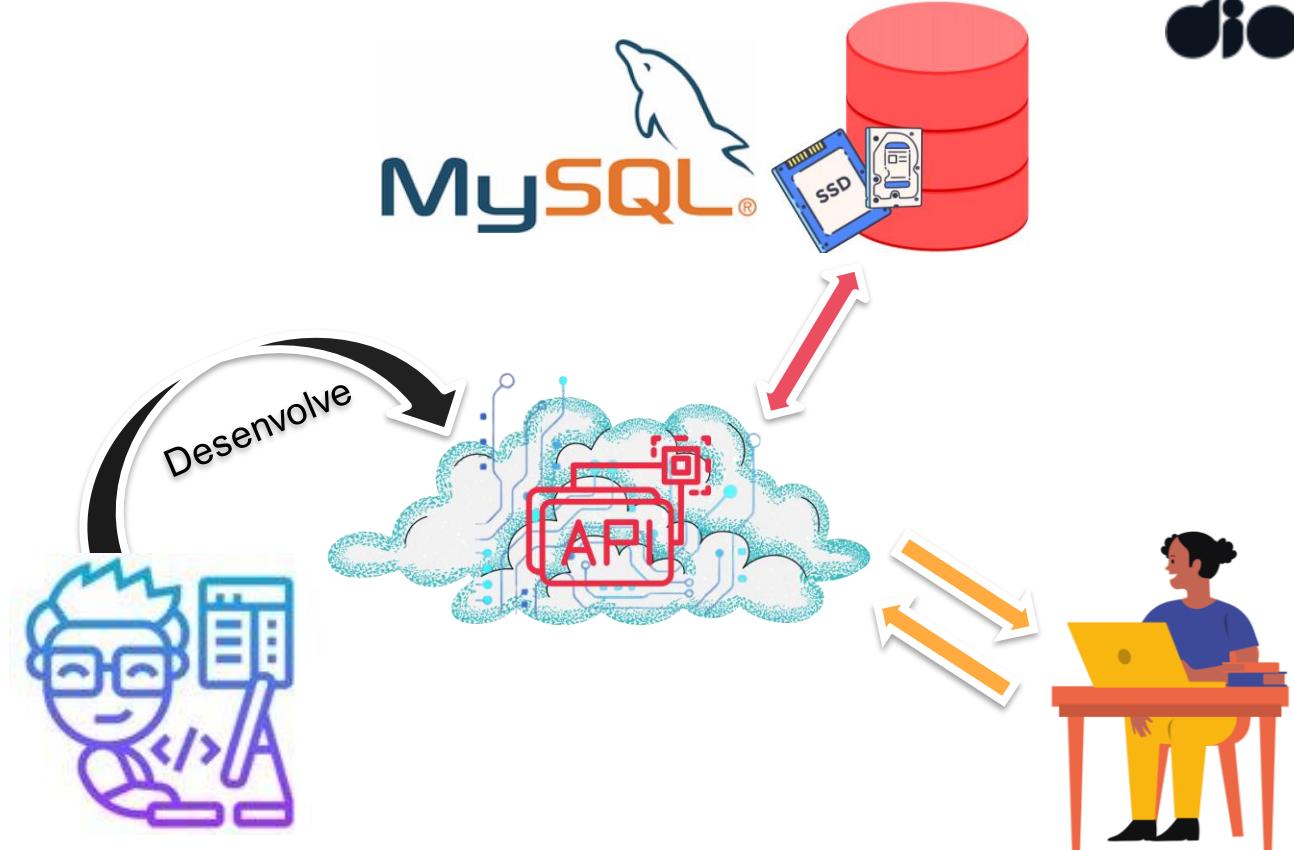


Engenheiros de Software

Atores



Atores



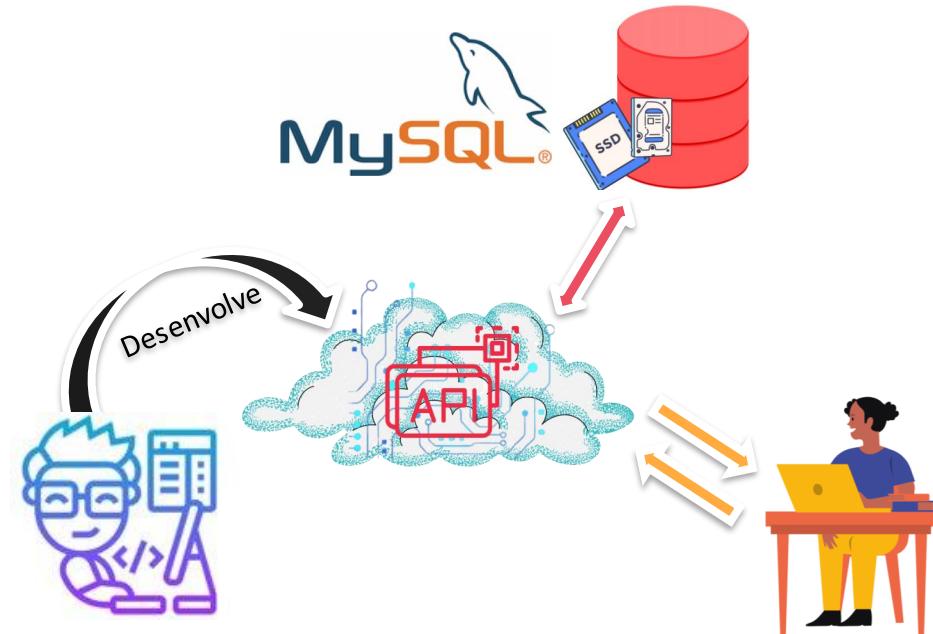
Engenheiros de Software

Atores

Análise de Sistema

Desenvolvimento da
aplicação

Teste e documentação da
aplicação



Engenheiros de Software

Workers em background – Banco de dados



Background

Fora do contexto de BD

Designer do sistema de SGBD

Pessoal de operação e manutenção

Implementação do sistema de SGBD

Desenvolvedores de ferramentas

Background

Mantém o SGBD disponível para users

Designer do sistema de SGBD

Pessoal de operação e manutenção

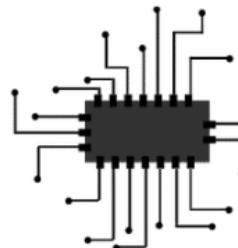
Implementação do sistema de SGBD

Desenvolvedores de ferramentas

Background



Background



Responsável pelo ambiente de hardware e software para SGBD



Designer do sistema de SGBD

Pessoal de operação e manutenção

Implementação do sistema de SGBD

Desenvolvedores de ferramentas

Background



Ferramentas opcionais para diversos fins, como:
performance, modelagem, análise



Designer do sistema de SGBD

Pessoal de operação e manutenção

Implementação do sistema de SGBD

Desenvolvedores de ferramentas

Vantagens de utilizar a abordagem com SGBD



Vantagens do SGBD

Abstração

Auto-descrição

Isolamento

Compartilhamento

Múltiplas visões

Transação
multiuser

Além das 4 características...

Vantagens do SGBD



Controle de Redundância

Restrição de acesso

Storage – prove persistência

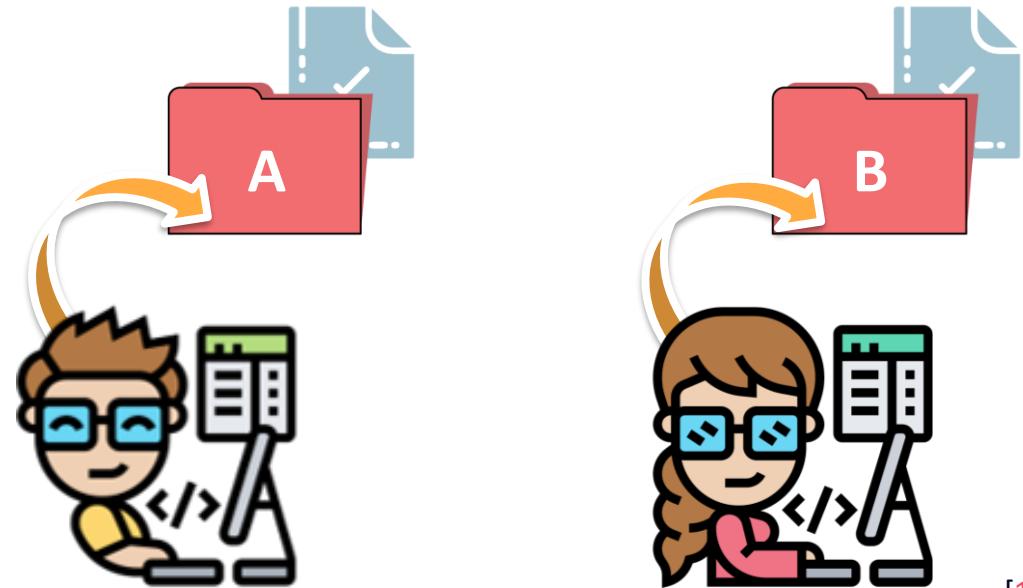
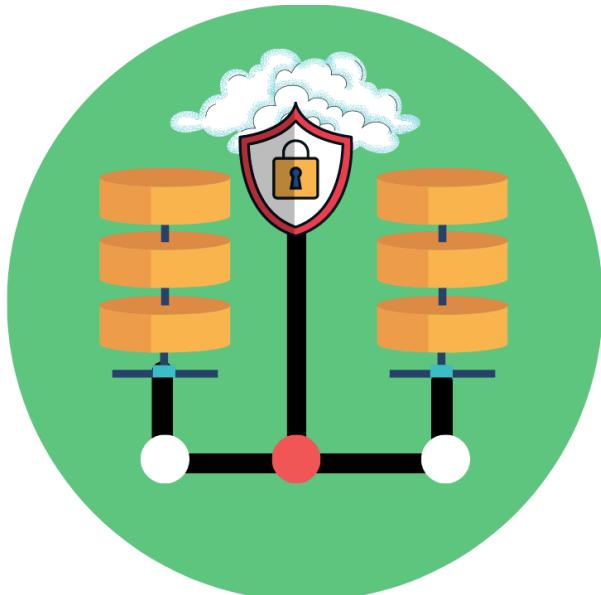
Storage – prove estrutura

Backup e Recovery

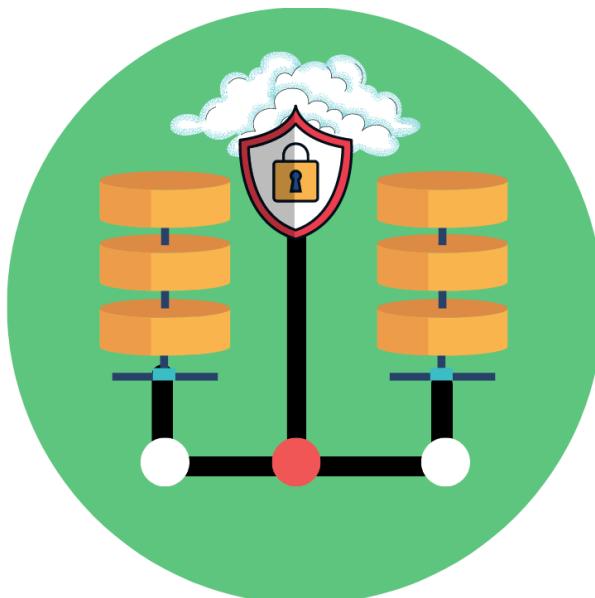


Vantagens do SGBD

Controle de Redundância



Vantagens do SGBD



Controle de Redundância

C: (storage)
Estudantes
Cursos
Relação alunoxcurso
...



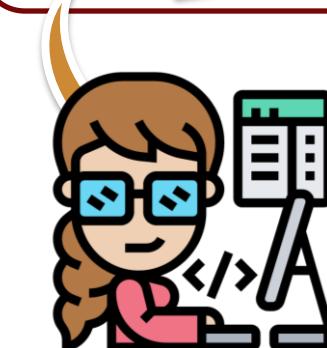
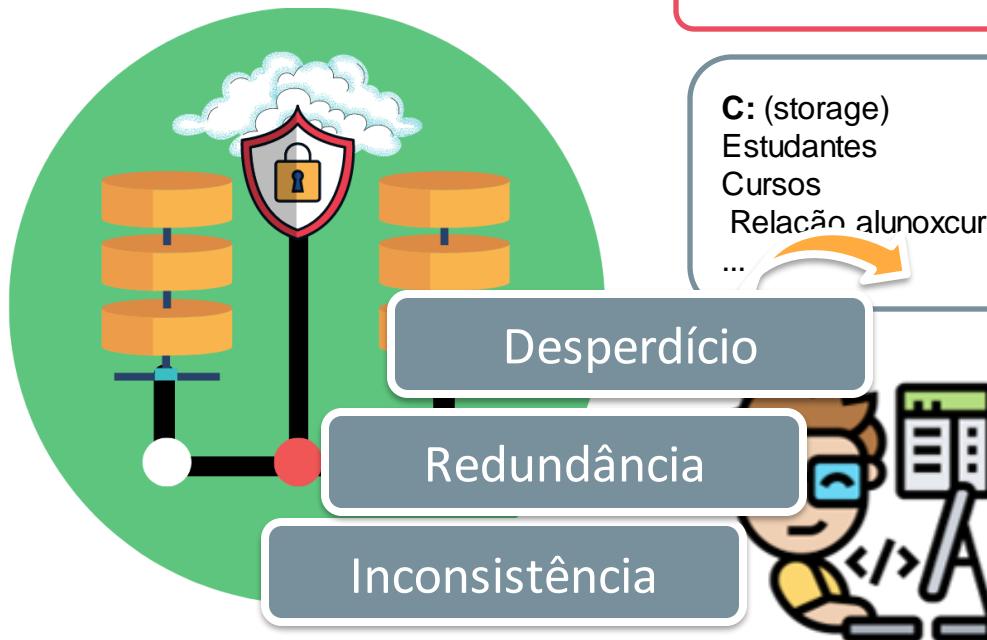
D: (storage)
Estudantes
Cursos
Relação alunoxcurso
...



Vantagens do SGBD

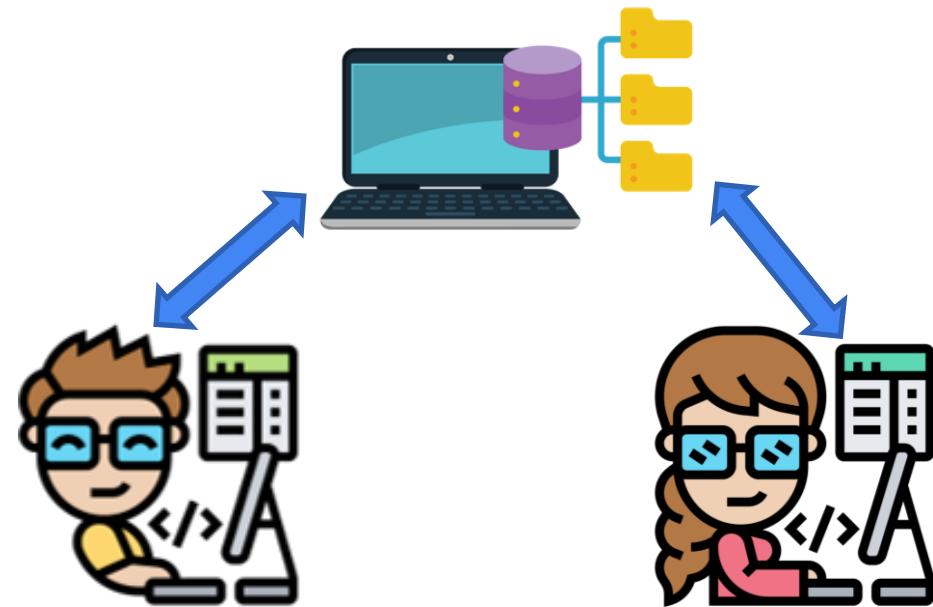
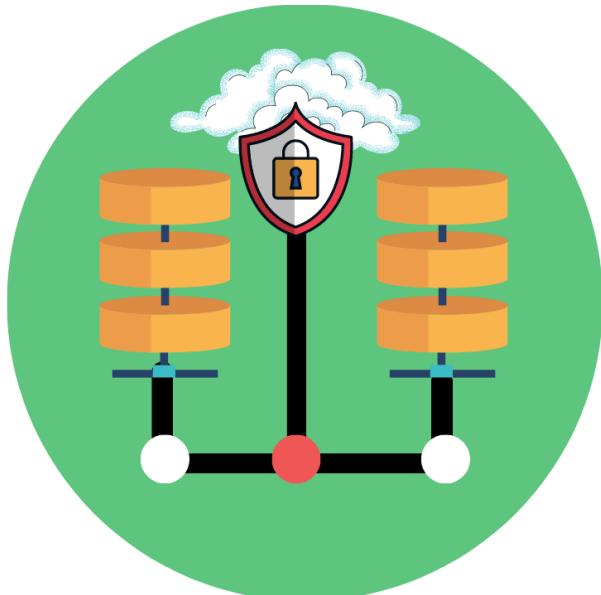
Updates desnecessários

Controle de Redundância

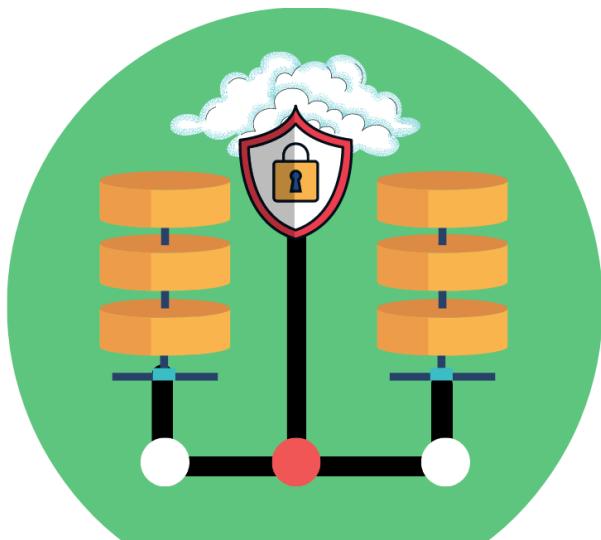


Vantagens do SGBD

Controle de Redundância



Vantagens do SGBD

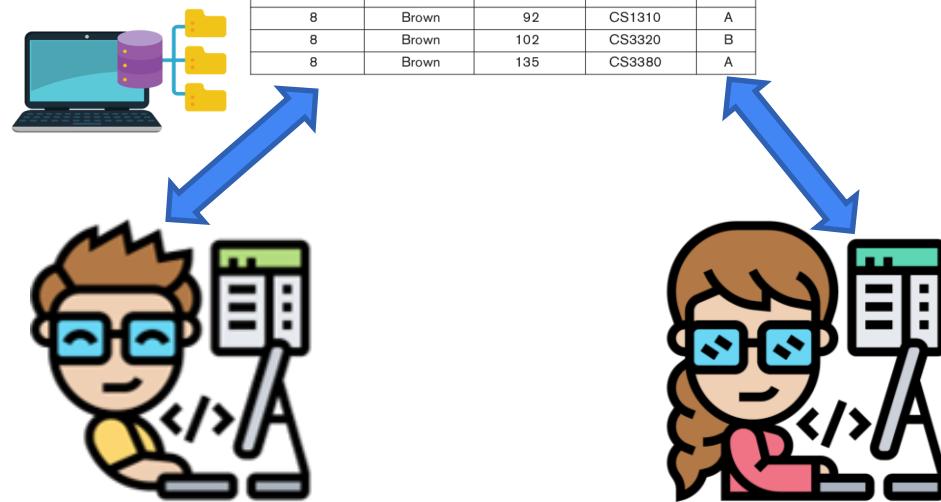


Desnormalização

Controle de Redundância

GRADE_REPORT

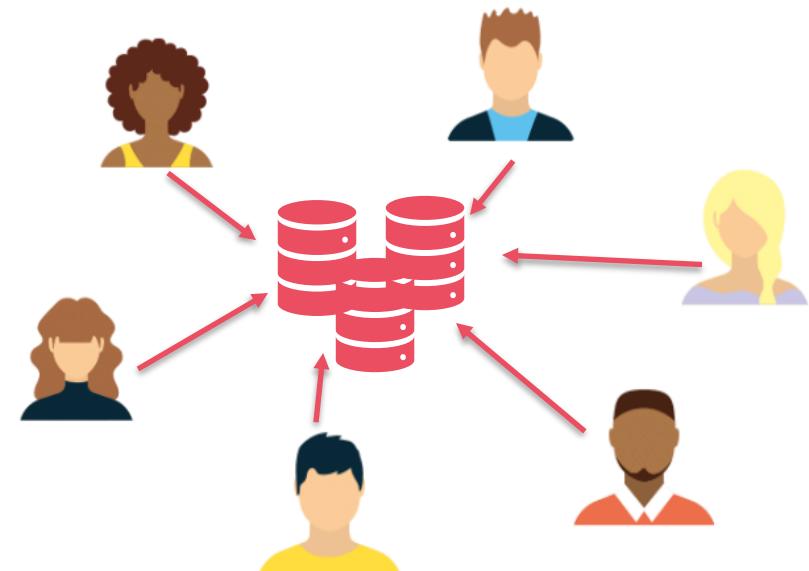
Student_number	Student_name	Section_identifier	Course_number	Grade
17	Smith	112	MATH2410	B
17	Smith	119	CS1310	C
8	Brown	85	MATH2410	A
8	Brown	92	CS1310	A
8	Brown	102	CS3320	B
8	Brown	135	CS3380	A



Vantagens do SGBD



Restrição de acesso

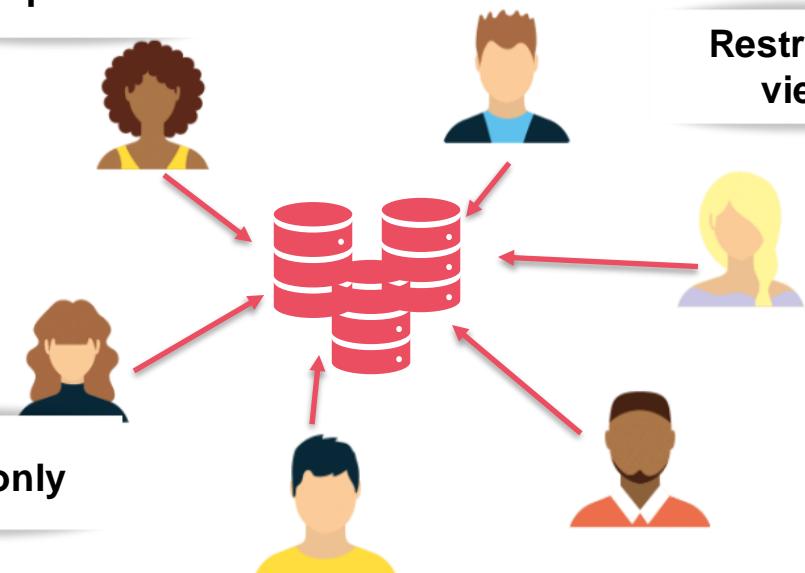


Vantagens do SGBD



Restrição de acesso

Update



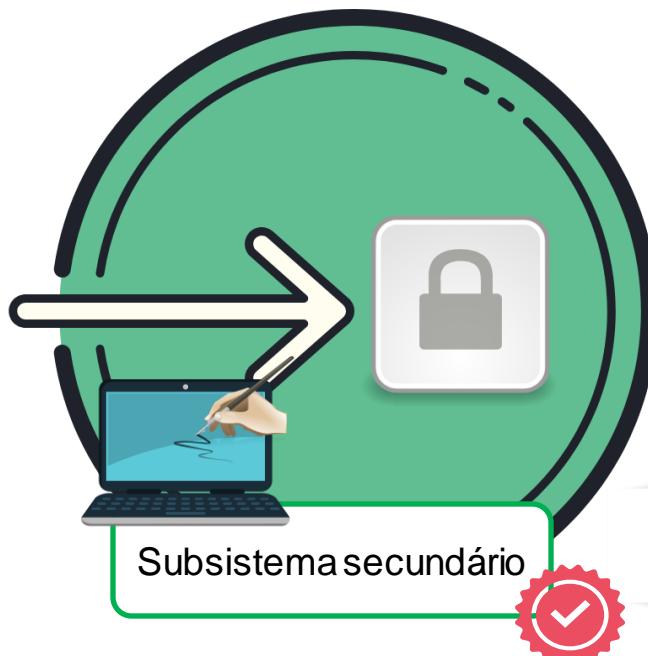
Vantagens do SGBD

DBA

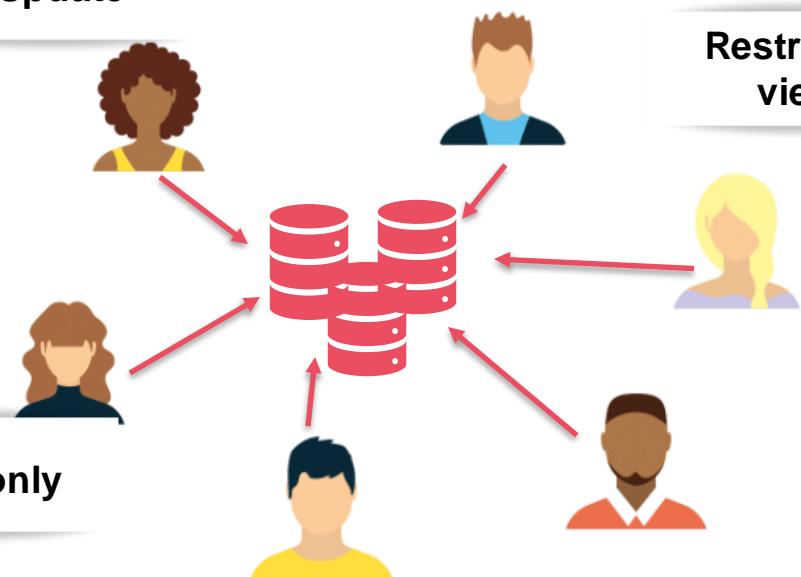
Restrição de acesso

Update

Restricted view

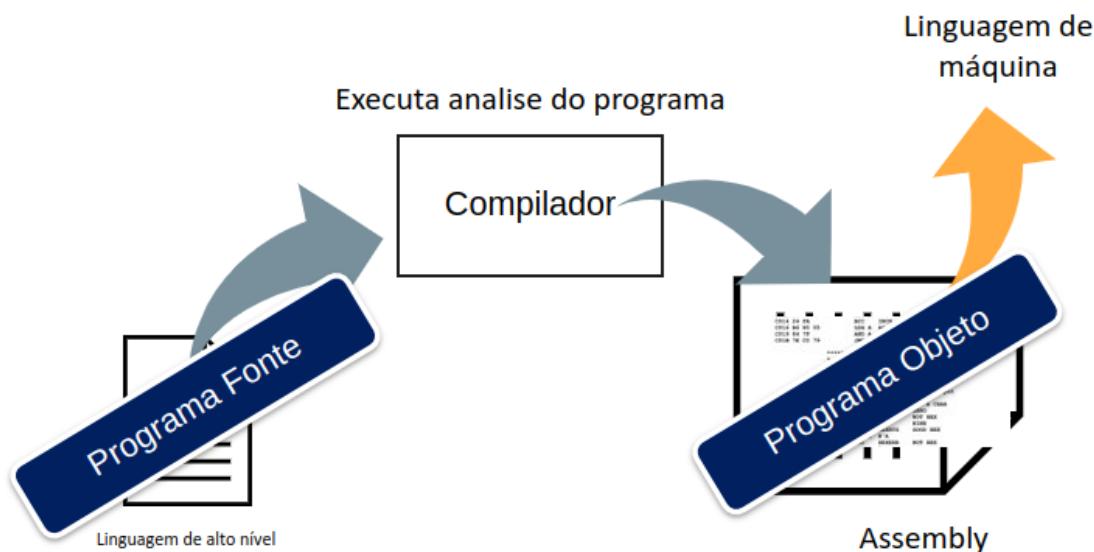
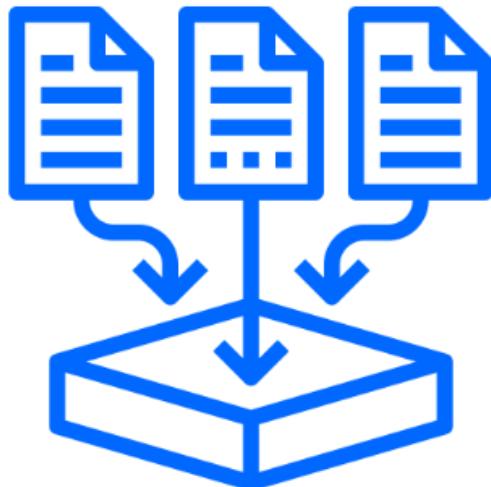


Read-only



Vantagens do SGBD

Provendo Persistência

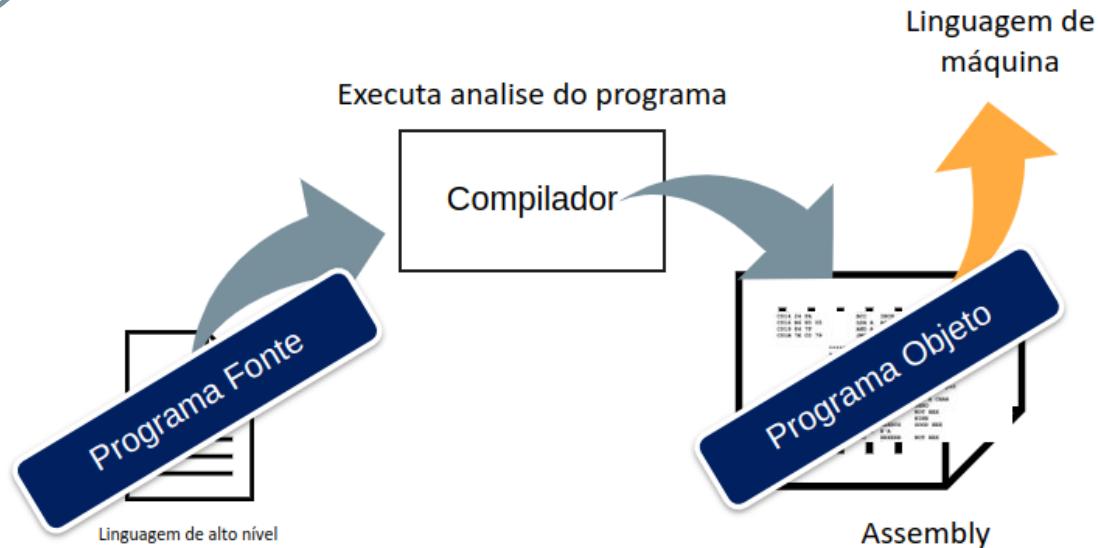


Vantagens do SGBD

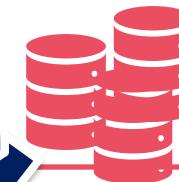
O que acontece com
os dados de um
programa objeto?



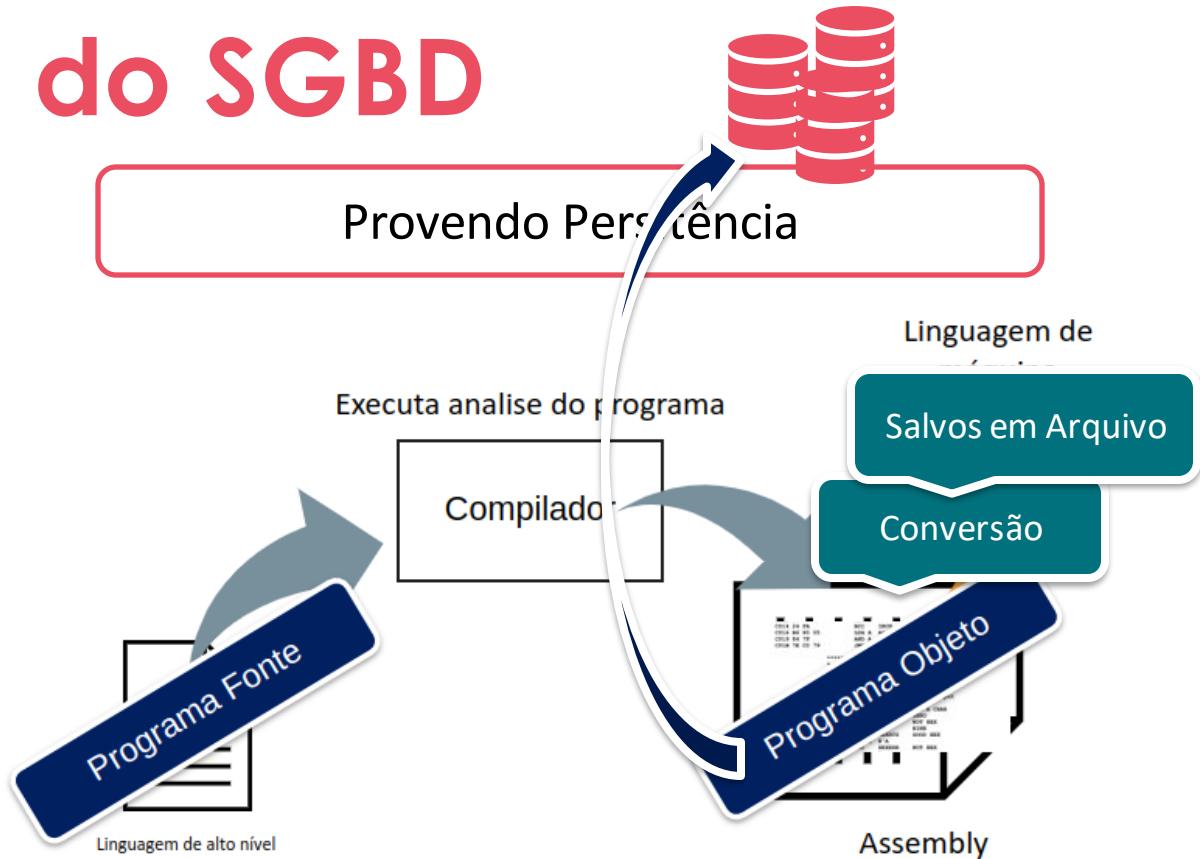
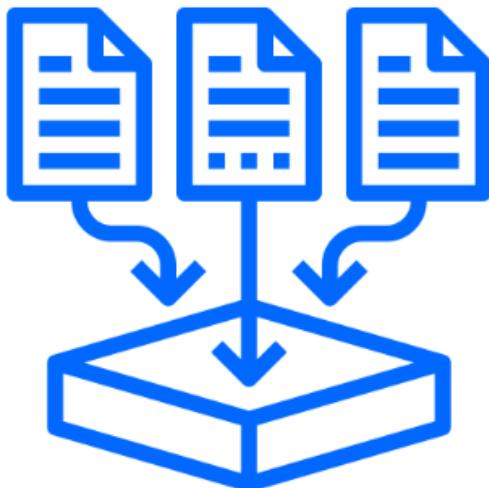
Provendo Persistência



Vantagens do SGBD

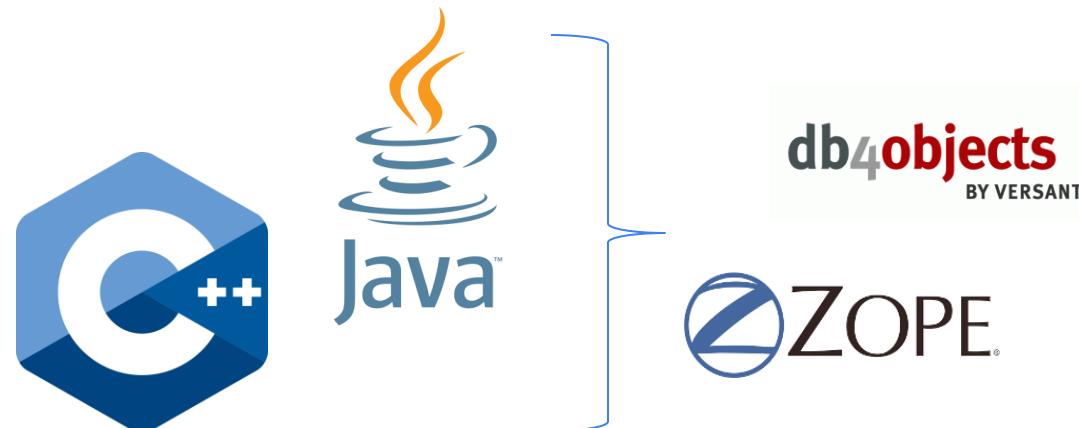
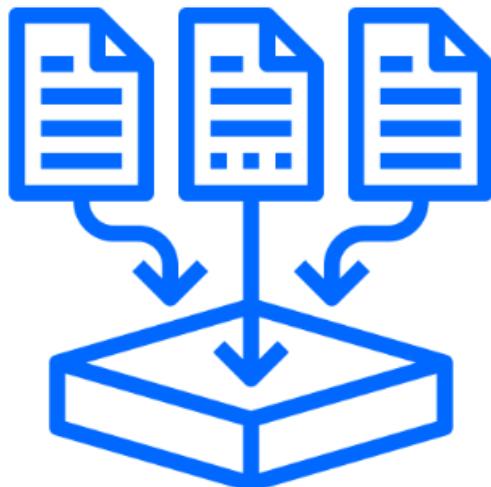


Provendo Persistência



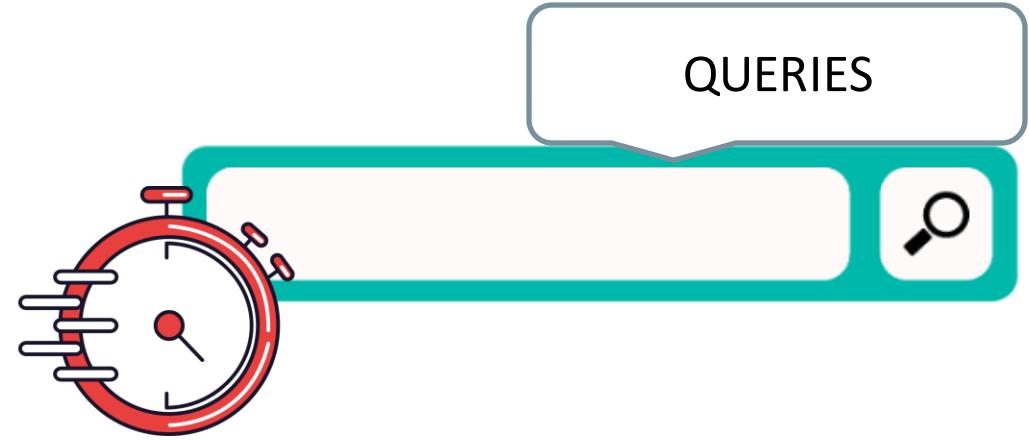
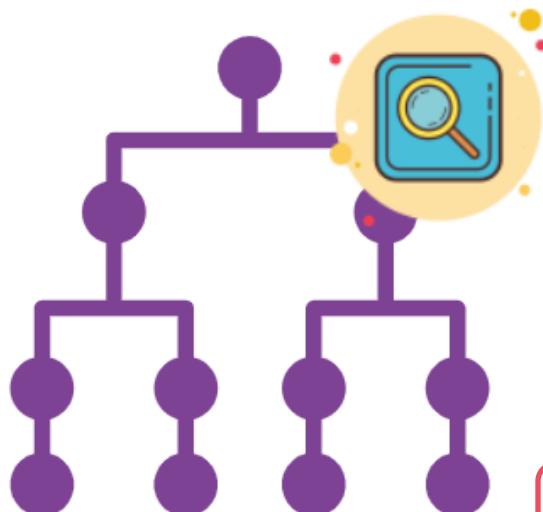
Vantagens do SGBD

Provendo Persistência



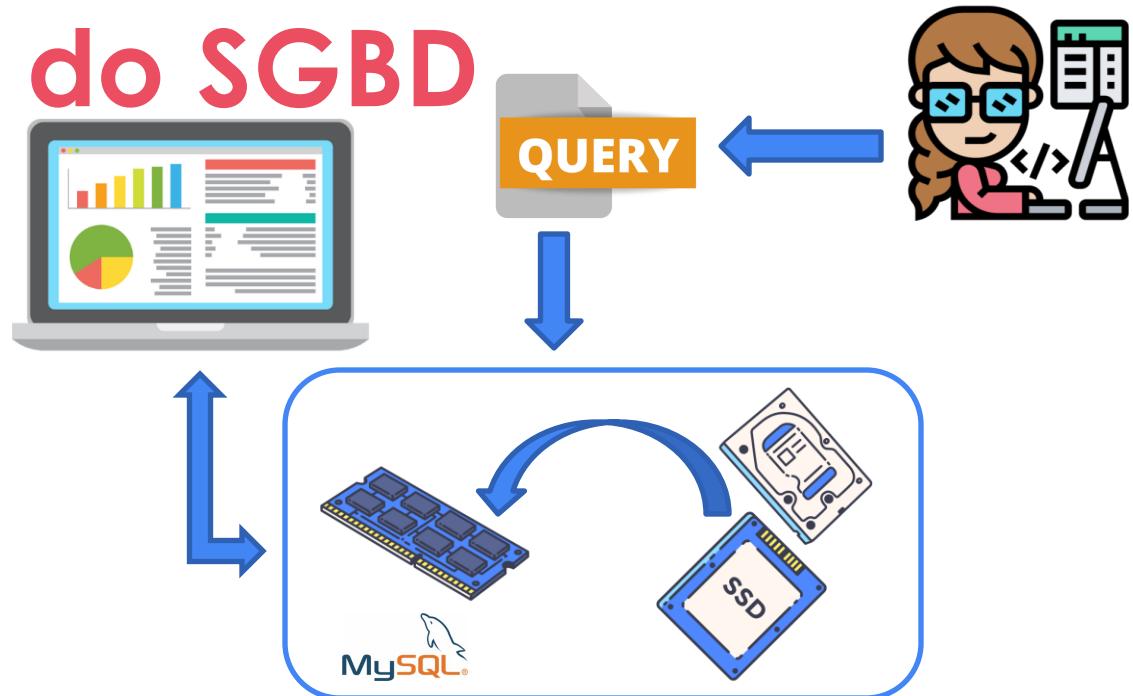
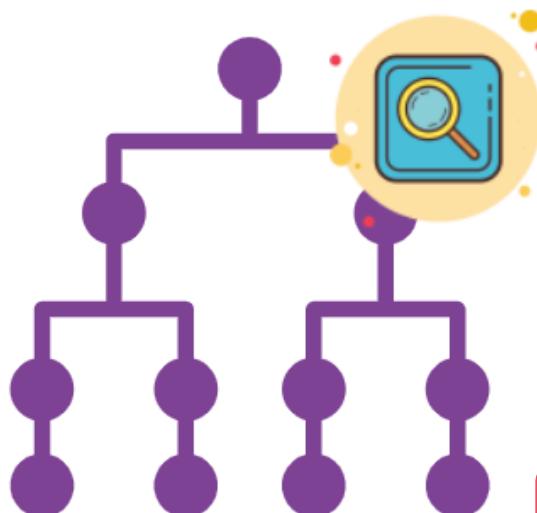
Impedance Mismatch Problem

Vantagens do SGBD



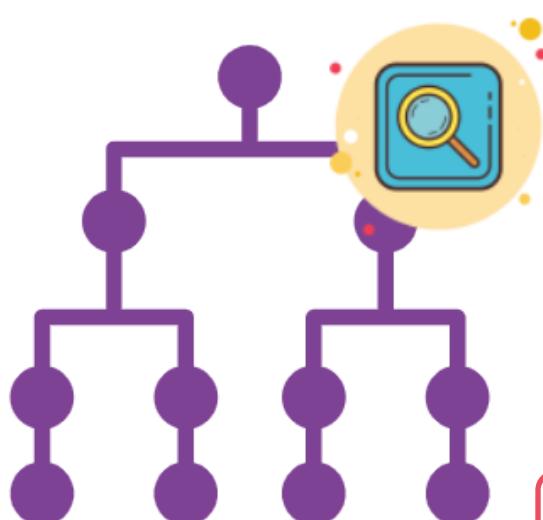
Estrutura de armazenamento e Técnicas de busca

Vantagens do SGBD



Estrutura de armazenamento e Técnicas de busca

Vantagens do SGBD



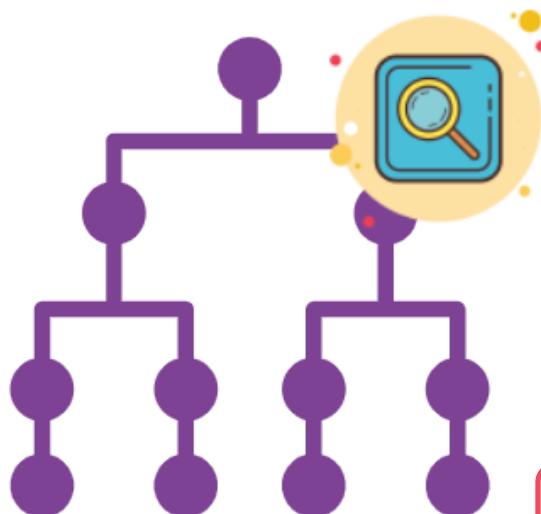
```
SELECT course_nome FROM COURSES WHERE  
Credit_hours = MAX(Credit_hours)
```

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Intro to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

Estrutura de armazenamento e Técnicas de busca

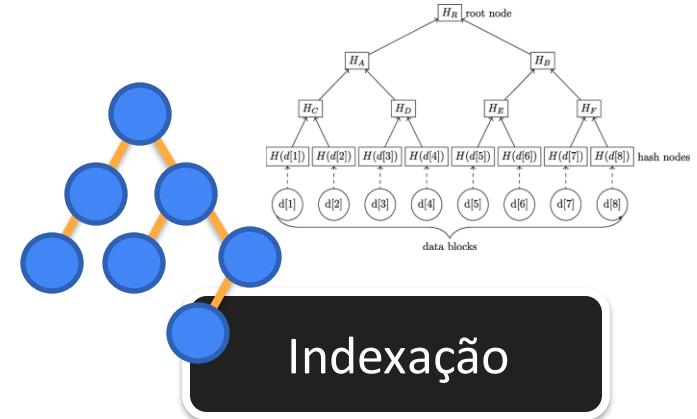
Vantagens do SGBD



Caching

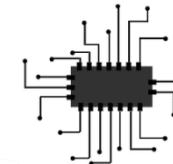
Buffering

Estrutura de armazenamento e Técnicas de busca

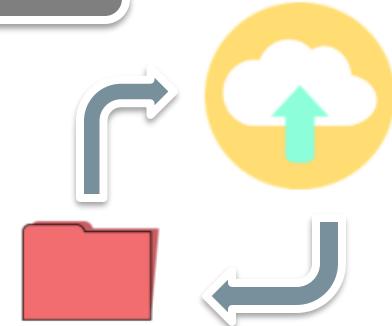


Vantagens do SGBD

Backup e Recovery

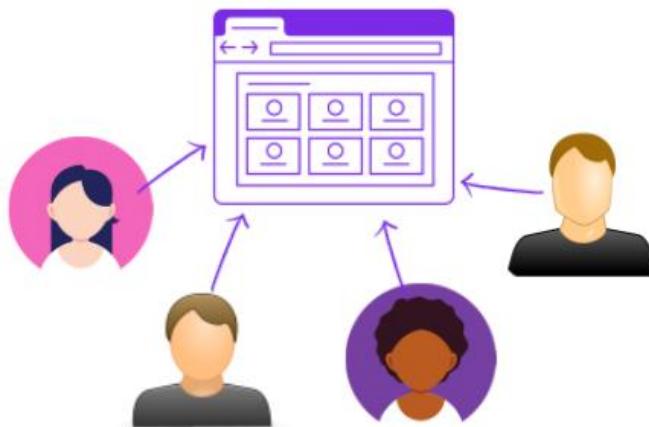


Recursos de Recovery



Vantagens do SGBD

Provendo interface Multi-user



Perfis de usuário

Interfaces

Vantagens do SGBD

Mobile apps

Provendo interface Multi-user

Natural Language Interface

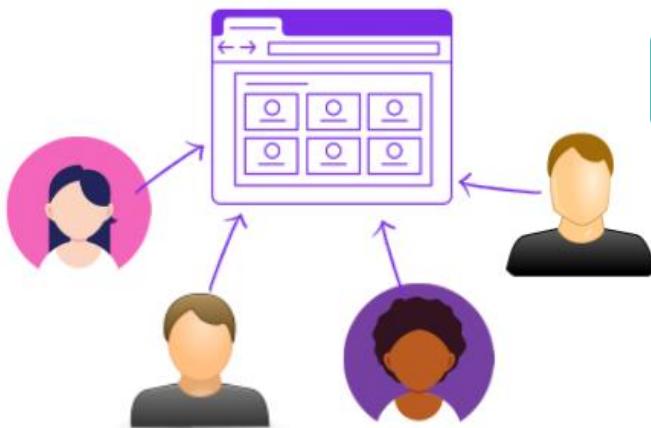
Query language

Forms & command codes



Menu-driven

Programming lang. interface



Vantagens do SGBD



Repres. Relações complexas

- Variedade de dados inter-relacionados

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
Smith	17	1	CS
Brown	8	2	CS

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
17	112	B
17	119	C
8	85	A
8	92	A
8	102	B
8	135	A

Vantagens do SGBD

Integridade de dados



Data type



Definição e Imposição



Vantagens do SGBD

Integridade de dados

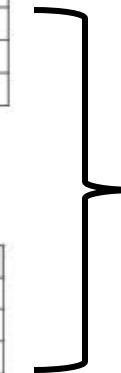


COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Introduction to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
85	MATH2410	Fall	07	King
92	CS1310	Fall	07	Anderson
102	CS3320	Spring	08	Knuth
112	MATH2410	Fall	08	Chang
119	CS1310	Fall	08	Anderson
135	CS3380	Fall	08	Stone



Integridade
de
Referência

Vantagens do SGBD

Integridade de dados



Regras de Domínio

Asserções

Integridade Referencial

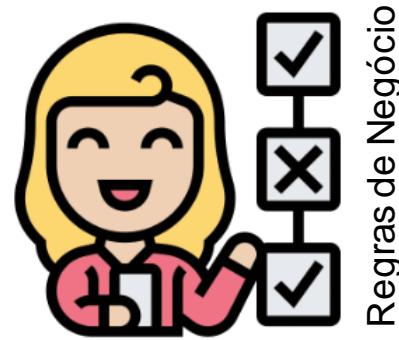
Gatilhos

Dependências Funcionais

Constrains and Triggers

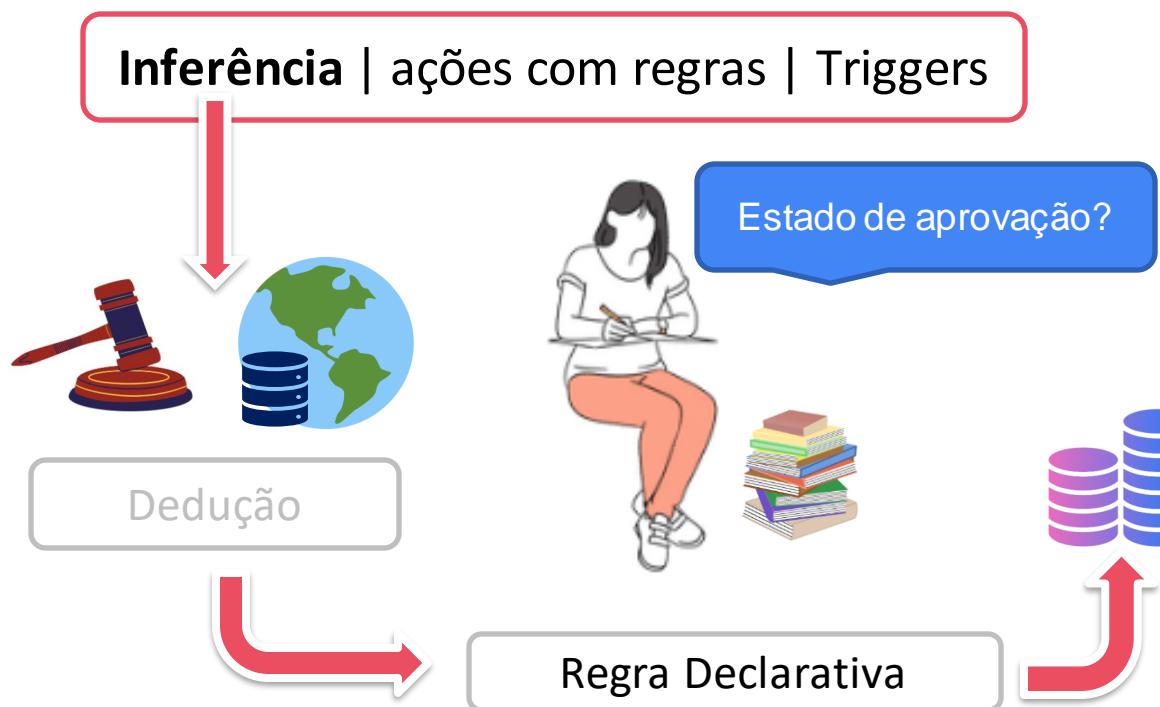
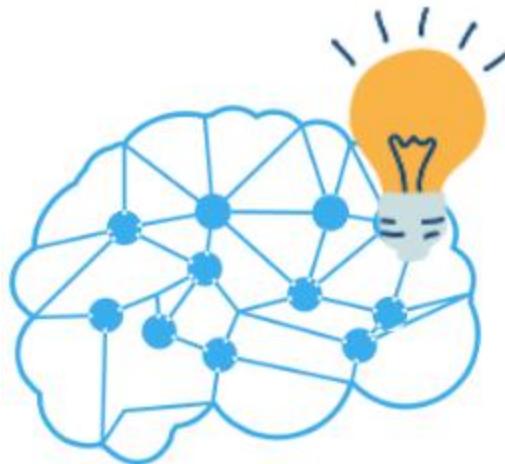
Vantagens do SGBD

Integridade de dados

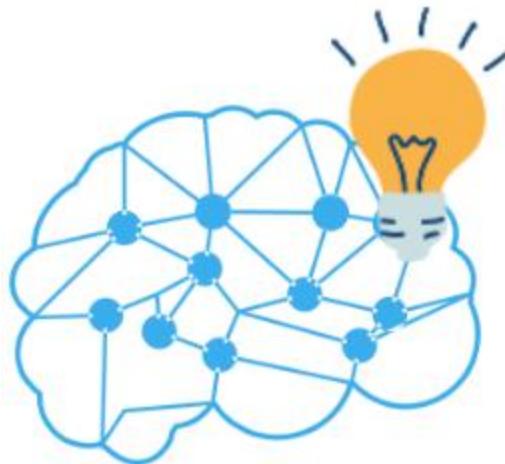


Semântica

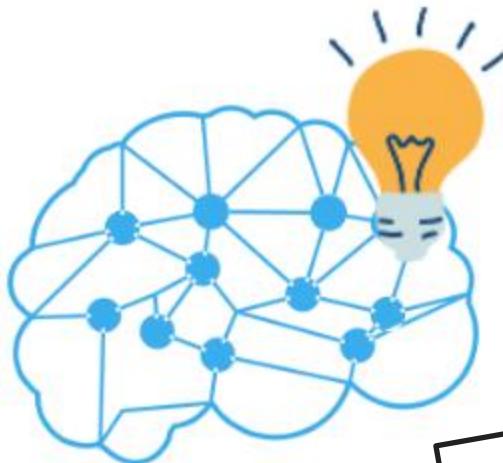
Vantagens do SGBD



Vantagens do SGBD



Vantagens do SGBD



Inferência | ações com regras | Triggers

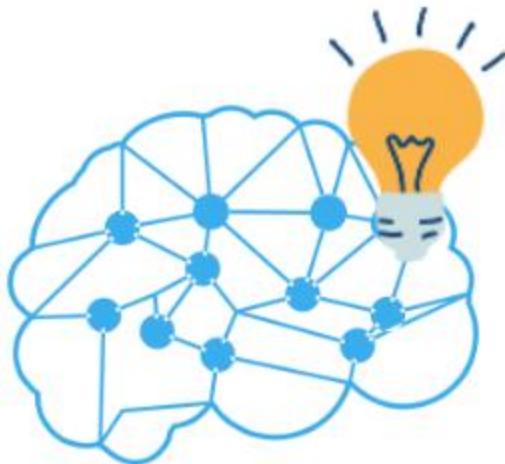
Regras e dedução

Prog. Procedural

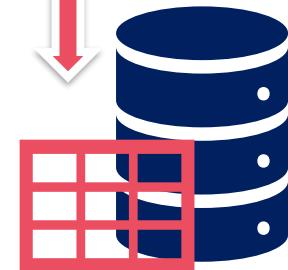
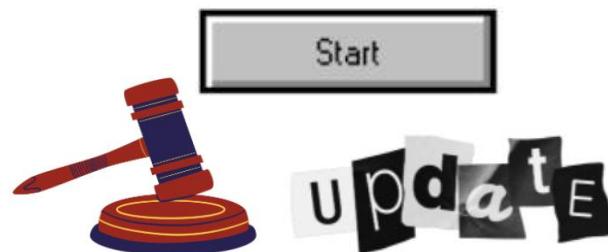
Regra Declarativa



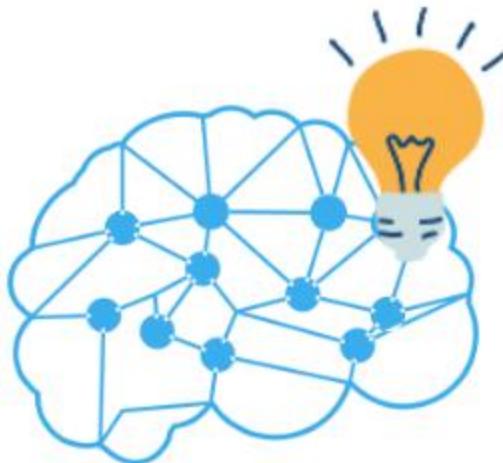
Vantagens do SGBD



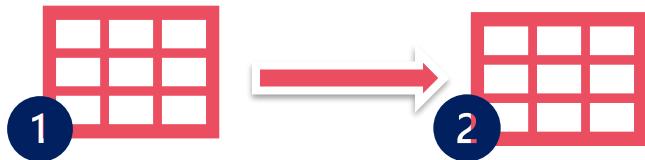
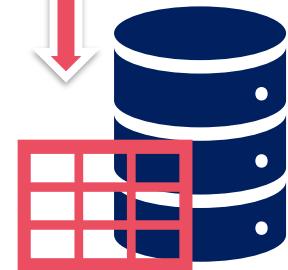
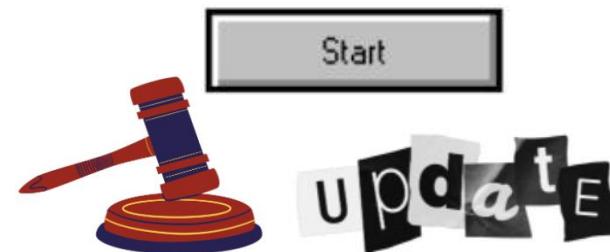
Inferência | ações com regras | Triggers



Vantagens do SGBD



Inferência | ações com regras | Triggers



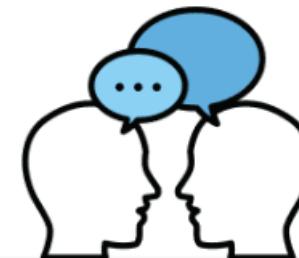
Ganhos em utilizar Sistemas de Gerenciamento de Banco de Dados



Ganhos com SGBD



- Padronização
- Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da aplicação
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade de info atualizadas
- Economia com escalabilidade



Ganhos com SGBD

Entre databases dentro da organização.



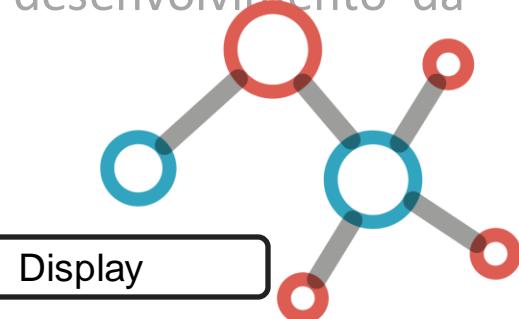
- Padronização

• Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da

Tipos de dados

- Flexibilidade

- Disponibilidade de



Display

- Economia com escalabilidade

Relatórios

Padronização

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
CS3380	CS3320
CS3380	MATH2410
CS3320	CS1310

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
Smith	17	1	CS
Brown	8	2	CS

COURSE

Tipo de dados

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Intro to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

SECTION

Estrutura definida

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
85	MATH2410	Fall	07	King
92	CS1310	Fall	07	Anderson
102	CS3320	Spring	08	Knuth
112	MATH2410	Fall	08	Chang
119	CS1310	Fall	08	Anderson
135	CS3380	Fall	08	Stone

Base dos relatórios

GRADE REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
17	112	B
17	119	C
8	85	A
8	92	A
8	102	B
8	135	A

Ganhos com SGBD



- P Features do app descontinuadas: **retrieval**
- Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da aplicação
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade de info atualizadas
- Economia com escalabilidade



Ganhos com SGBD



- Padronização
- Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da aplicação
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade de info atualizadas
- Economia com escalabilidade



Ganhos com SGBD



- Padronização
- Redução de custos no desenvolvimento da aplicação
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade de info atualizadas
- Economia com escalabilidade



Novo requisito



Time

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
CS3380	CS3320
CS3380	M
CS3320	C

Adicionar ano que cursou matéria

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
Smith	17	1	CS
		2	CS

Adicionar coordenador

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
Intro to Computer Science	CS1310	4	CS
Data Structures	CS3320	4	CS
Discrete Mathematics	MATH2410	3	MATH
Database	CS3380	3	CS

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
85	MATH2410	Fall	07	King
92	CS1310	Fall	07	Anderson
102	CS3320	Spring	08	Knuth
112	MATH2410	Fall	08	Chang
	CS1310	Fall	08	Anderson
	CS3380	Fall	08	Stone

GRADE REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
17	112	B
17	119	C
8	85	A
8	92	A
8	102	B
8	135	A

Ganhos com SGBD

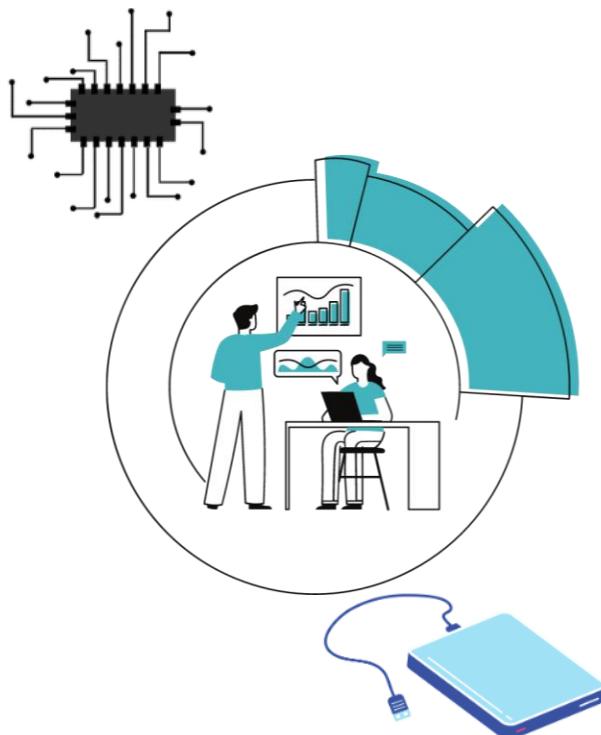


- Padronização
- Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da aplicacão
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade de info up-to-date
- Economia com escalabilidade

Update imediato



Ganhos com SGBD



- Padronização
- Redução de tempo no desenvolvimento da aplicação
- Flexibilidade
- Disponibilidade
- Economia de escala

Operacional & Gerenciamento



Consolidação



Overlap

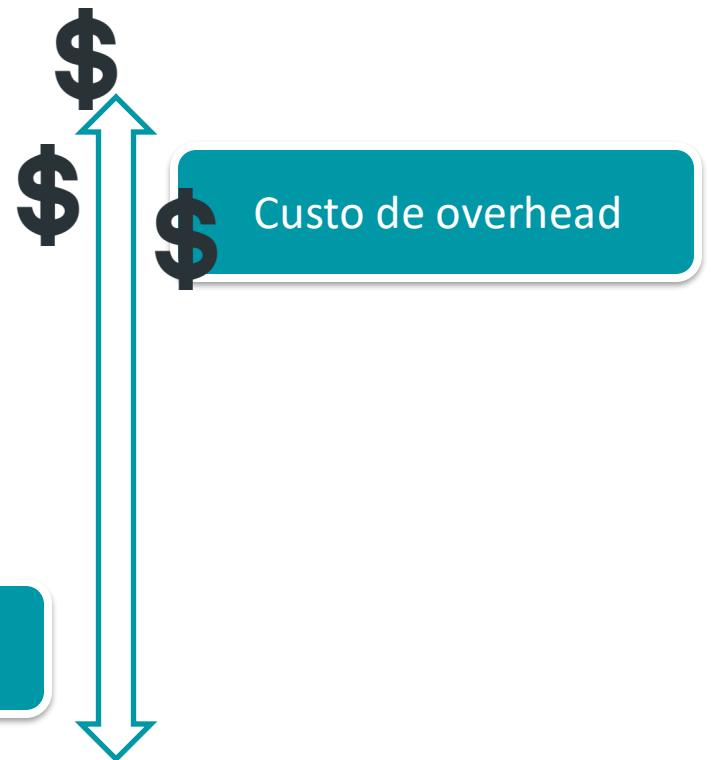
Quando não usar um SGBD?



Not use!



Custo-benefício



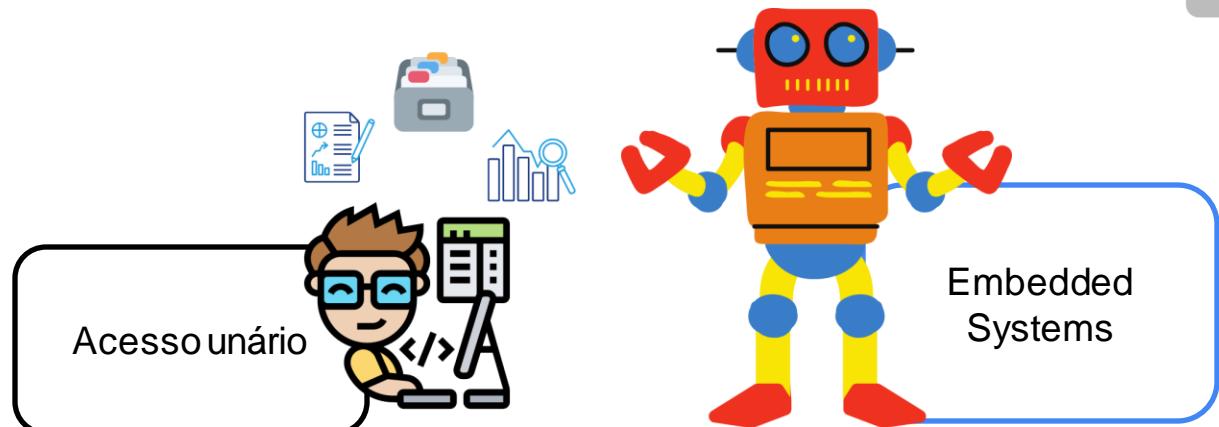
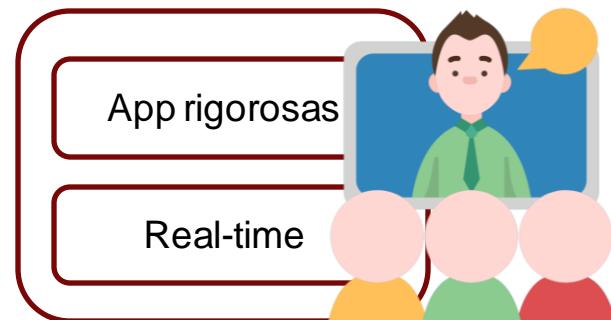
Not use!



Custo

- Investimento inicial
- Generelidade na definição e processamento
- Segurança, controle de concorrência, recovery, funções de integridade

Not use!

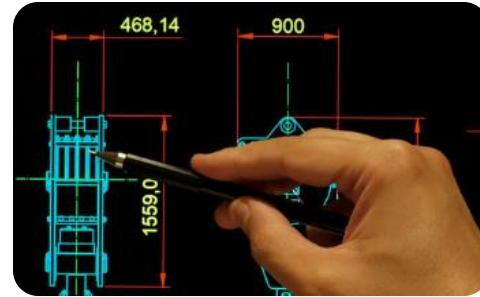


Situações

Not use!



COMUTAÇÃO



GIS Systems

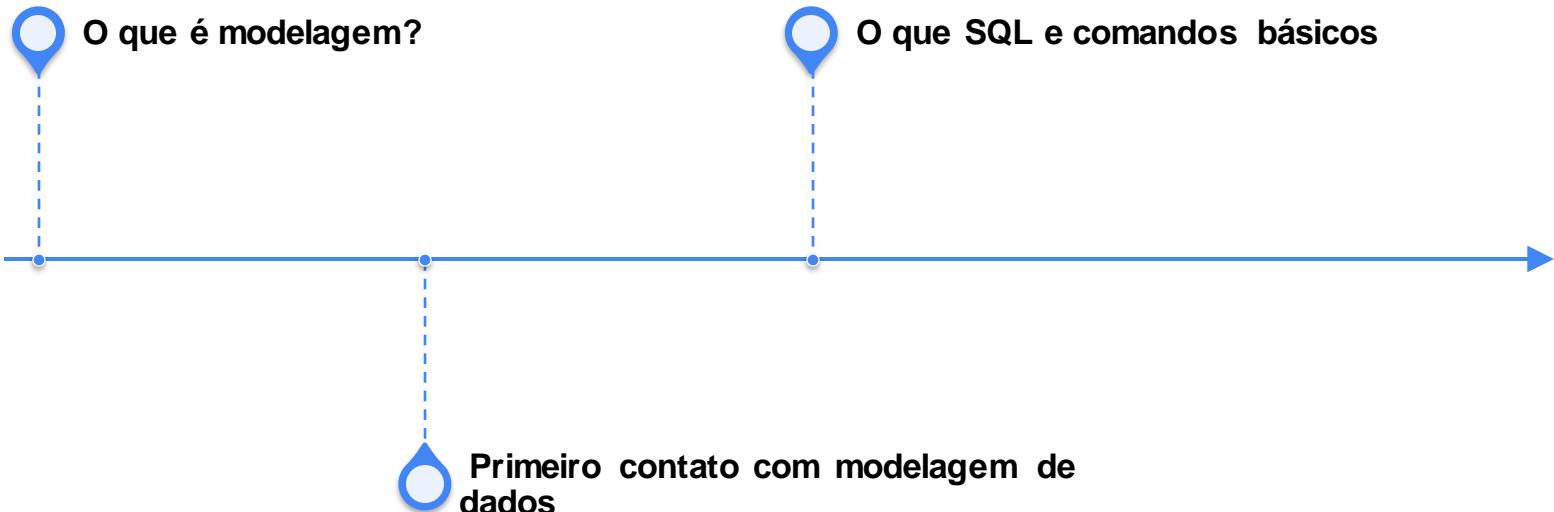


Etapa 7

Introdução à Modelagem de Banco de Dados e SQL

// Introdução à Banco e dados

Conversa



Por que modelar?



Construção
Plantas baixa

Desenvolvimento
Protótipos

Eletrônicos
Esquema de circuitos



Compreensão do sistema



Modelagem

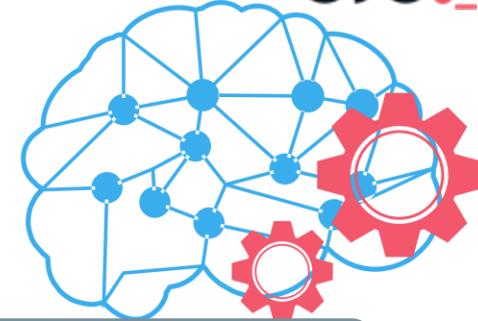


Modelagem

Representação

Modelo

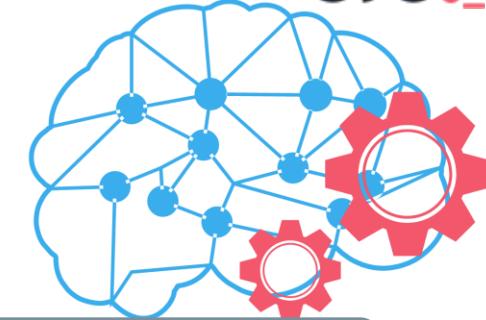
Referência



Modelagem



Modelagem



Software

Dados

Computacional

Conceitual

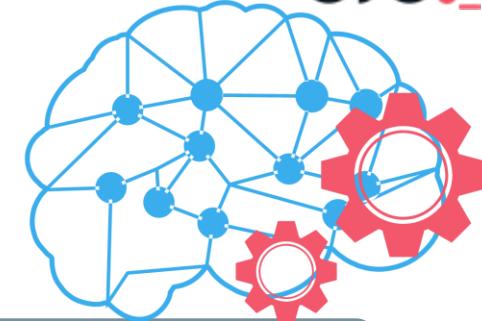
Processo de negócios

Matemática

Modelagem



Modelagem



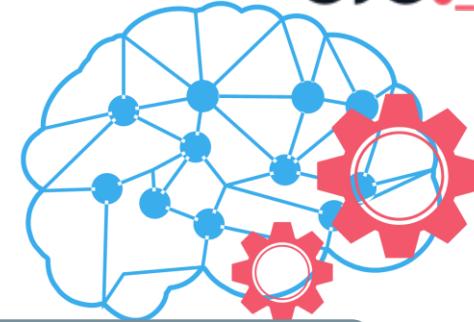
Possui foco na descrição e relacionamento dos elementos que compõem a representação do contexto (mini-mundo)



Modelagem



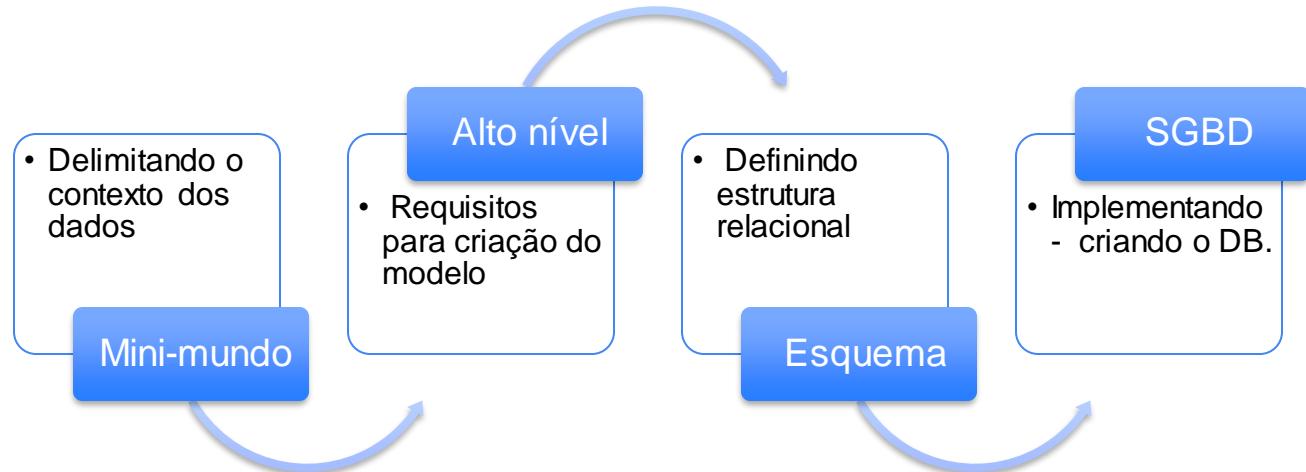
Modelagem



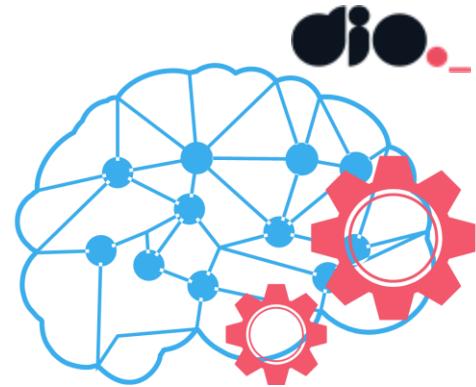
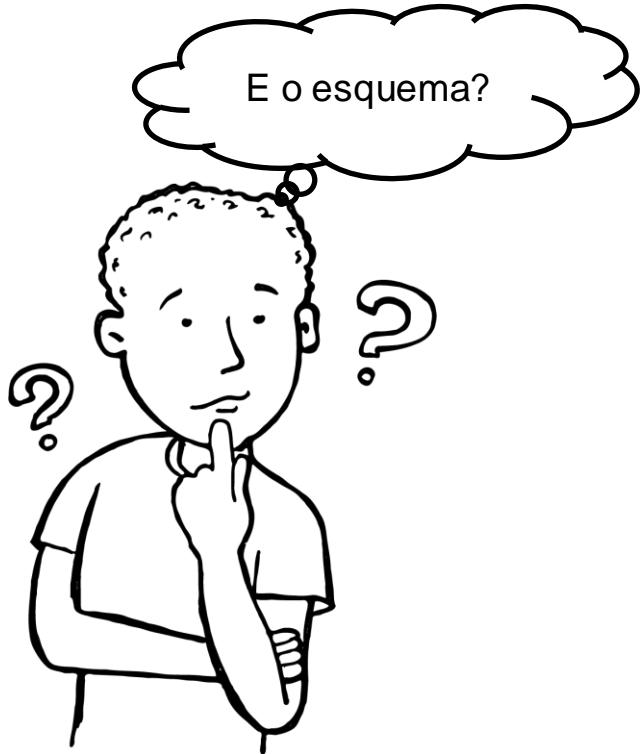
Possui foco na descrição e relacionamento dos elementos que compõem a representação do contexto (mini-mundo)



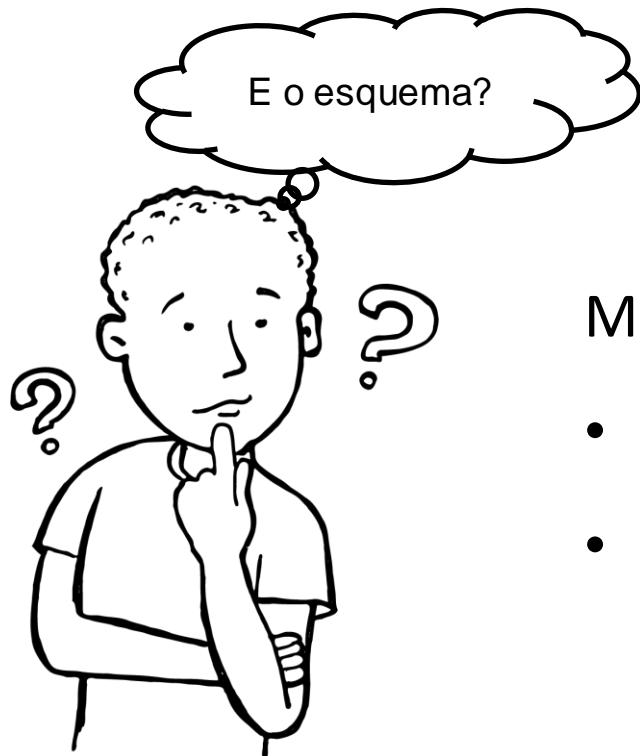
Modelagem



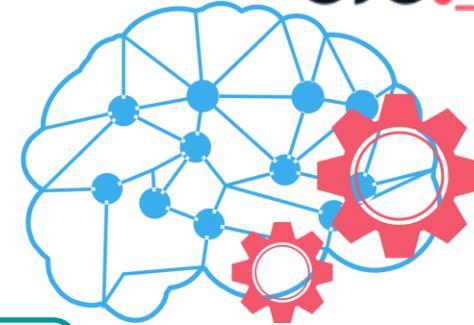
Modelagem



Modelagem



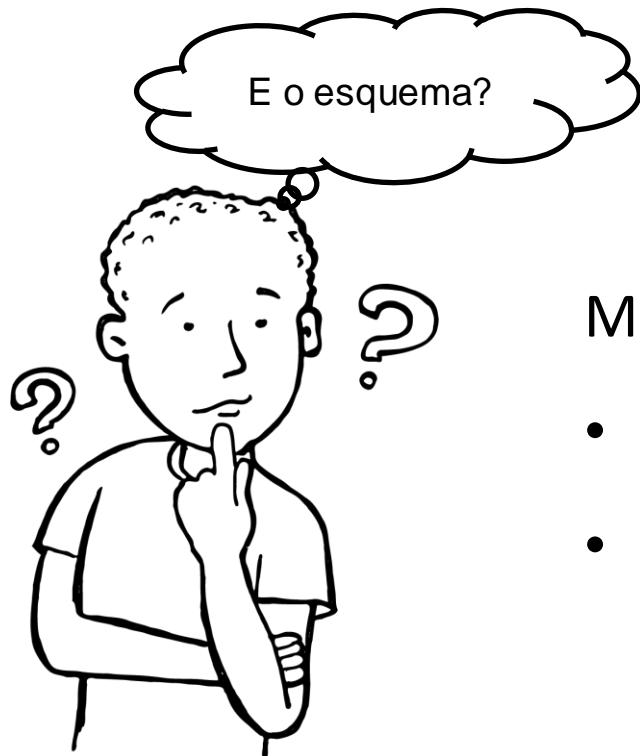
Facilita a compreensão do contexto dos dados



Modelos de alto nível:

- Entidade-Relacionamento
- UML (Unified Modeling Language)

Modelagem



Facilita a compreensão do contexto dos dados

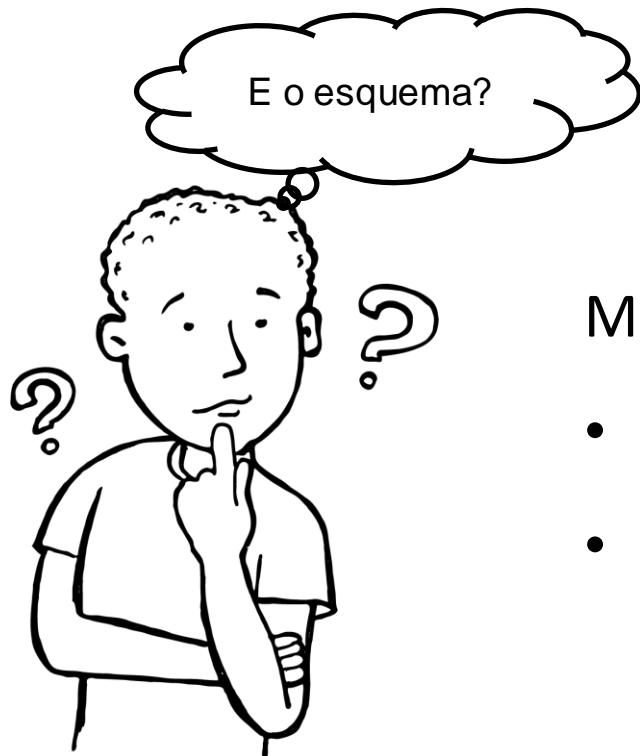
Modelos de alto nível:

- Entidade-Relacionamento
- UML

Modelos



Modelagem



Facilita a compreensão do contexto dos dados

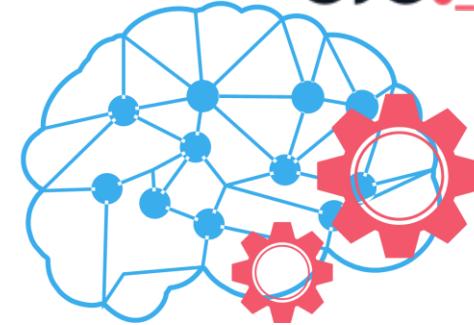
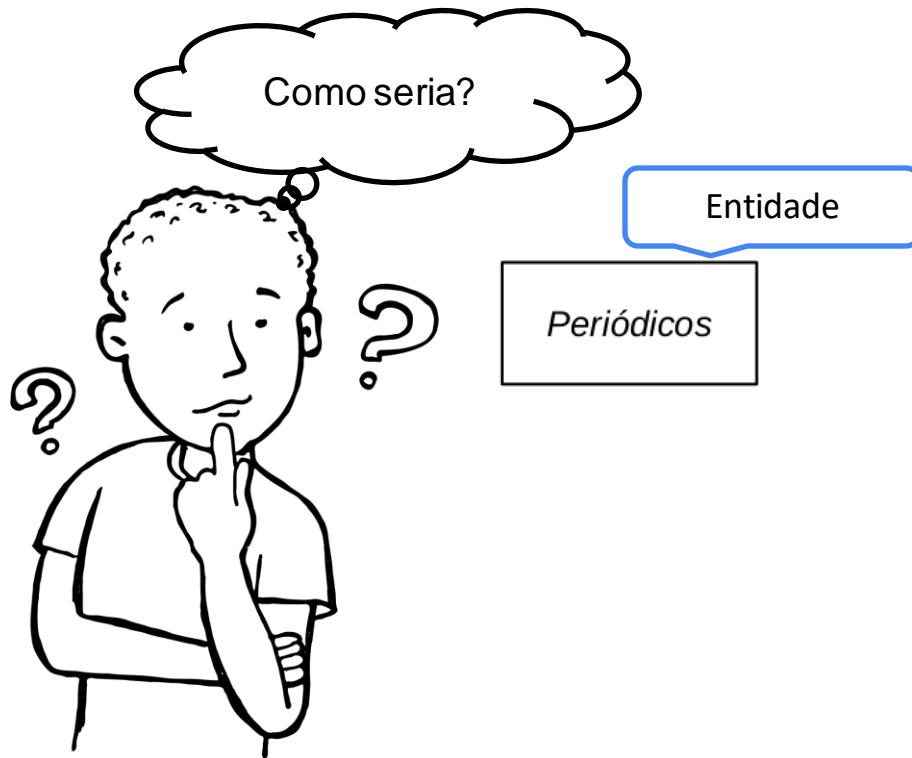
Modelos de alto nível:

- **Entidade-Relacionamento**
- **UML**

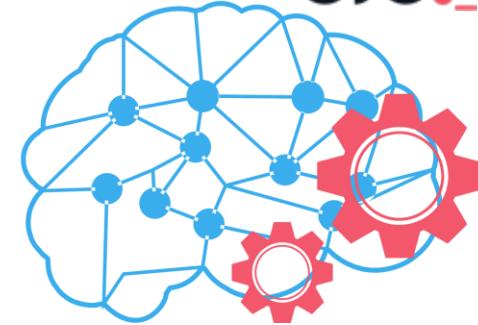
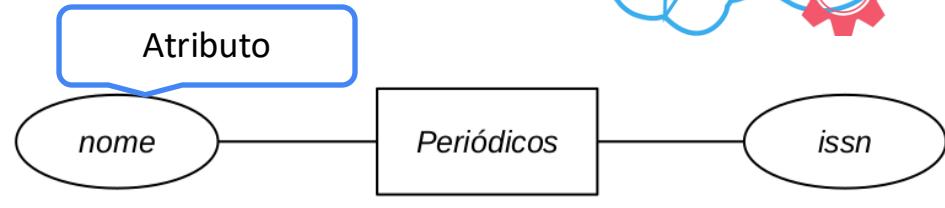
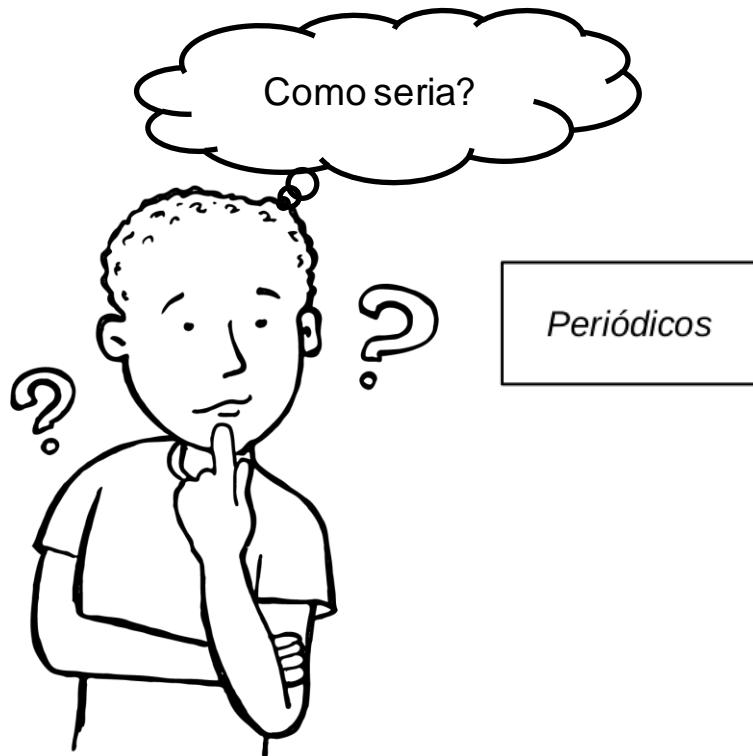
Modelos



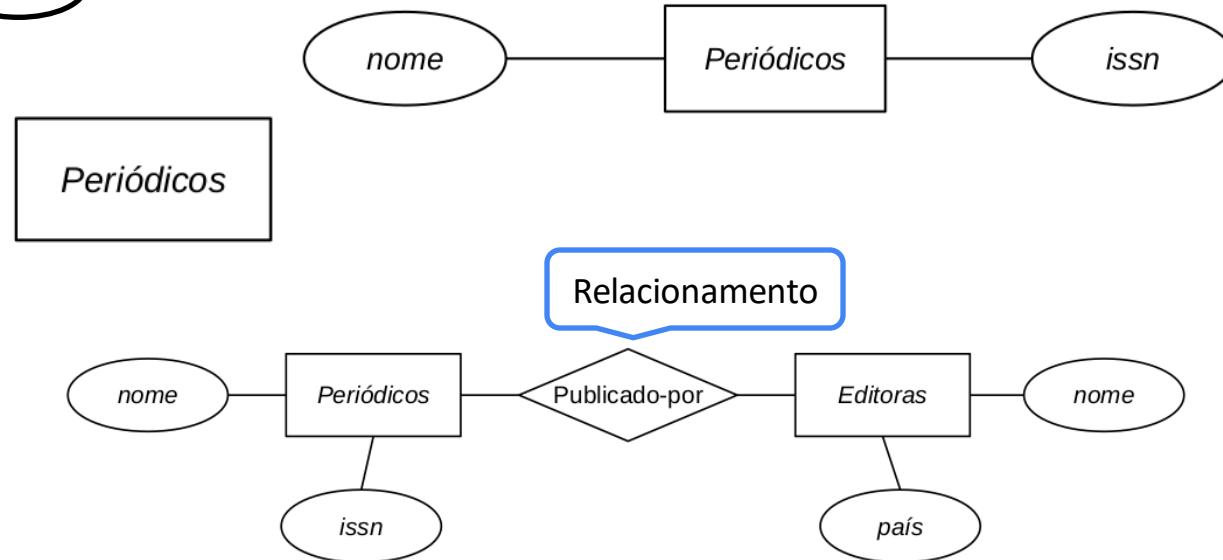
Modelagem



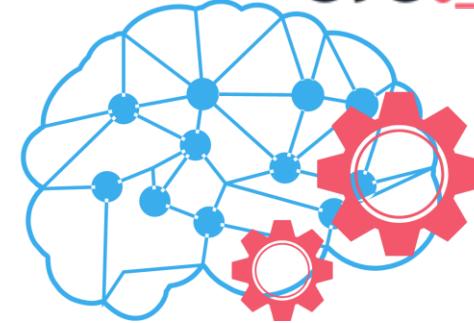
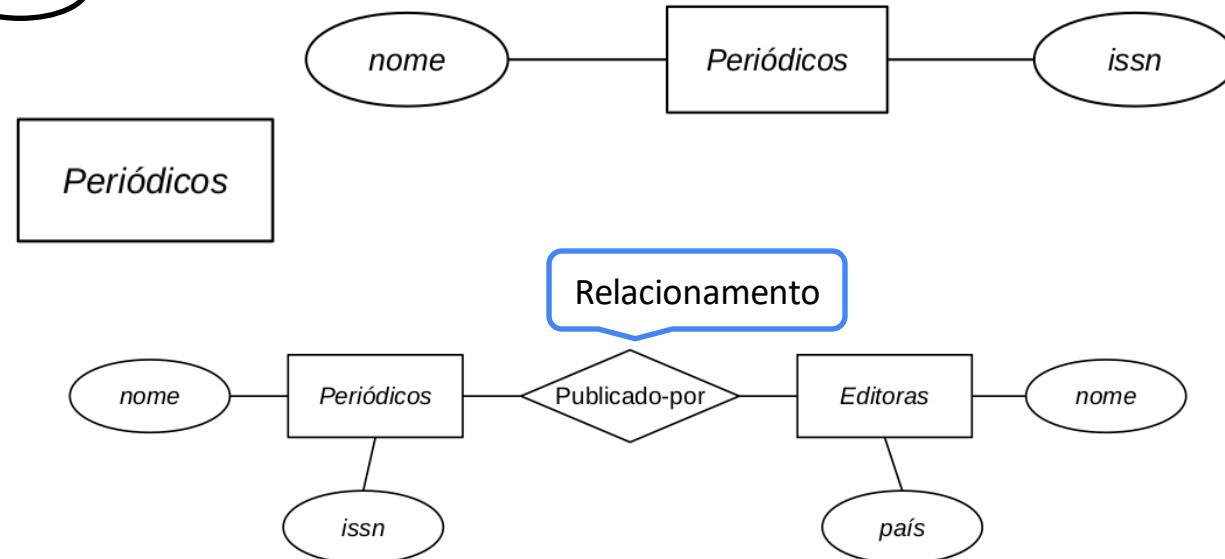
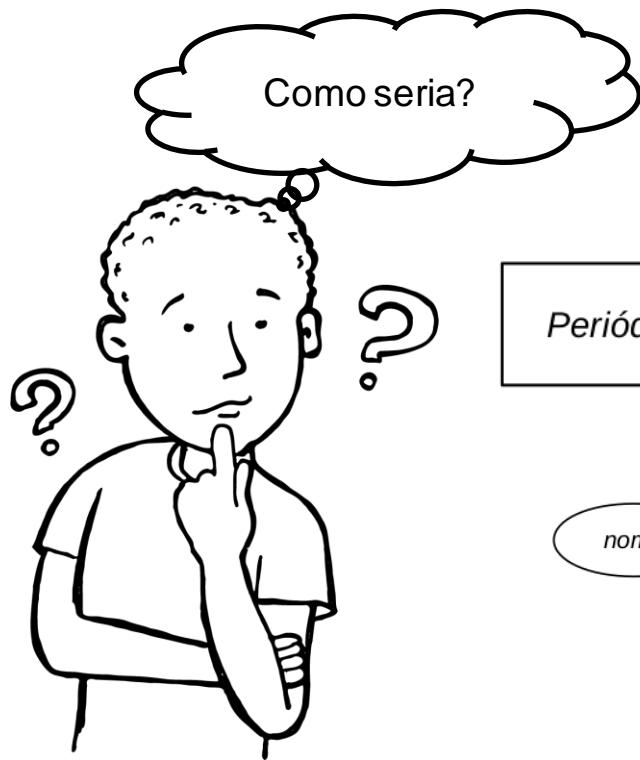
Modelagem



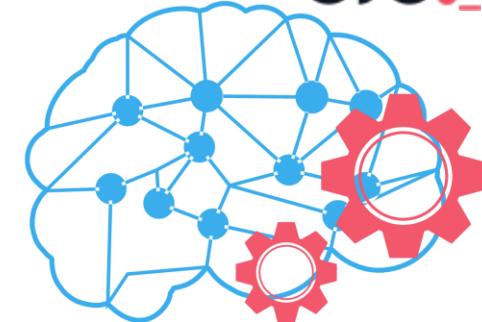
Modelagem



Modelagem



Modelagem



Instâncias

Multiplicidade

Chaves e constraints

Integridade de dados ...

Modelagem



Facilita a compreensão do contexto dos dados

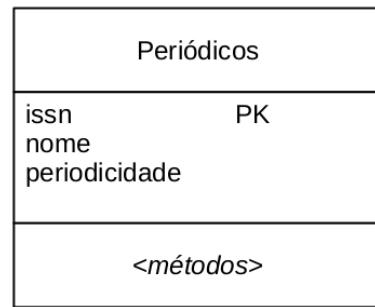
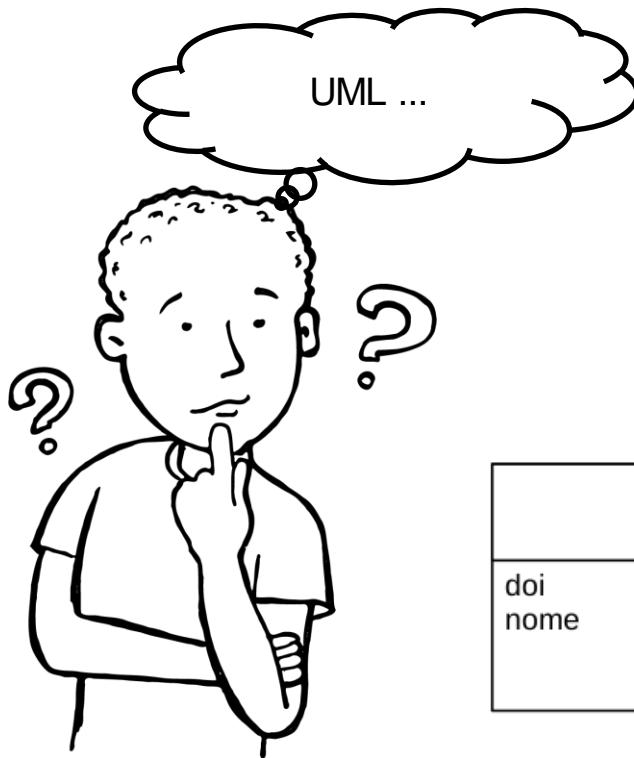
Modelos de alto nível:

- Entidade-Relacionamento
- UML

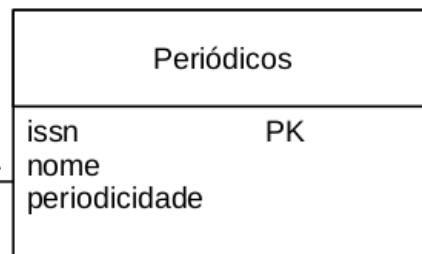
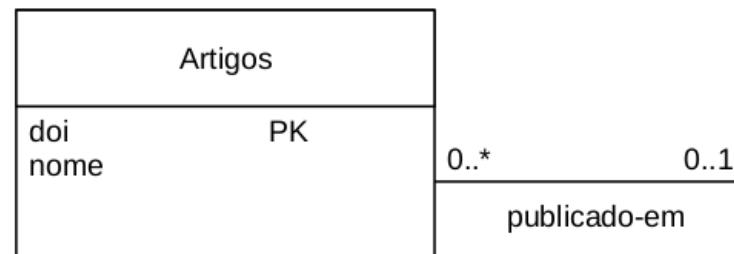
Modelos



Modelagem



- Nome da classe
- Atributos
- Métodos



Modelagem



CREATE, ALTER, DROP ...

SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE ...



Linguagem declarativa

SQL – como acessar?

The screenshot shows the phpMyAdmin interface with the following sections visible:

- General Settings:** Shows the MySQL connection selected as "soft_general".
- Apache module settings:** Includes "Language" set to English, "Timezone" set to "America/Sao_Paulo", and "Port" set to 80.
- MySQL connections:** Displays MySQL client version 8.0.29 and PHP version 8.0.29.
- MySQL & storage engines:** Lists InnoDB, BDB, MyISAM, and MEMORY storage engines.

```
jm@jm-HP-G42-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo mysql
[sudo] password for jm:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 8
Server version: 8.0.29-0ubuntu0.20.04.3 (Ubuntu)

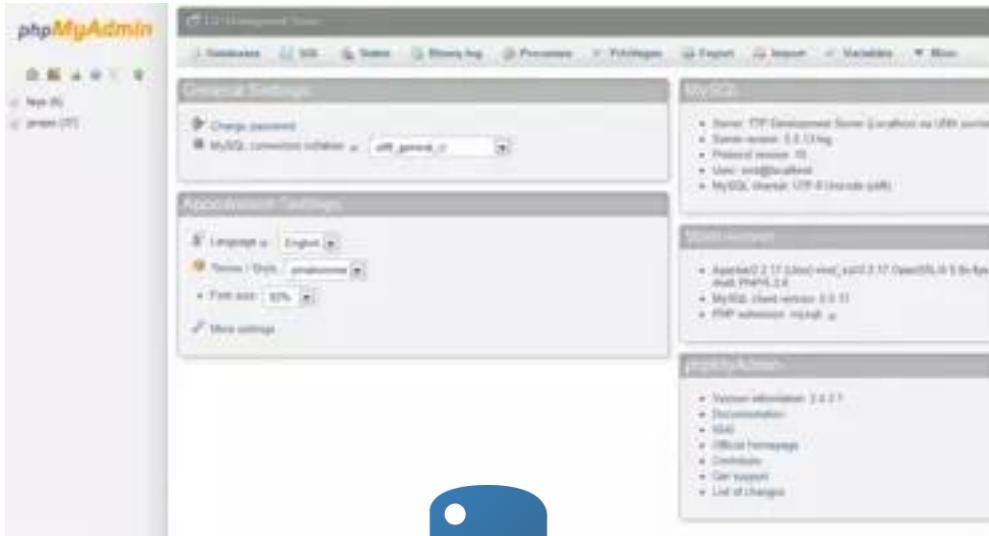
Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> 
```

SQL – como acessar?



```
jm@jm-HP-G42-Notebook-PC: ~
[sudo] password for jm:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 8
Server version: 8.0.29-0ubuntu0.20.04.3 (Ubuntu)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2022, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> 
```



SQL – 1º exemplo

```
CREATE DATABASE firstexample;
```

```
CREATE TABLE periodicos(
```

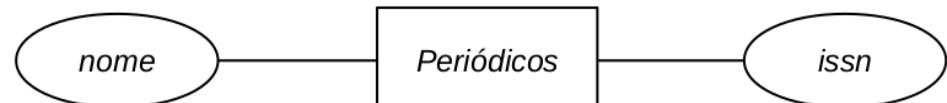
```
    id integer,
```

```
    nome varchar(120),
```

```
    issn integer
```

```
);
```

Criando a tabela periódicos



SQL – 1º exemplo

```
CREATE DATABASE firstexample;
```

```
CREATE TABLE periodicos(
```

```
    id integer,
```

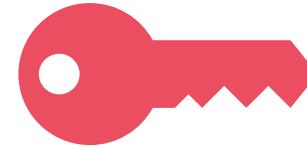
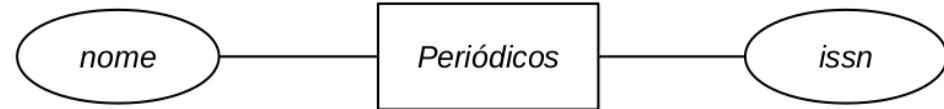
```
    nome varchar
```

```
    issn :
```

Como garantir unicidade?

```
);
```

Criando a tabela periódicos



Primary Key

SQL – 1º exemplo

```
CREATE DATABASE firstexample;
```

```
CREATE TABLE periodicos(
```

```
    id integer,
```

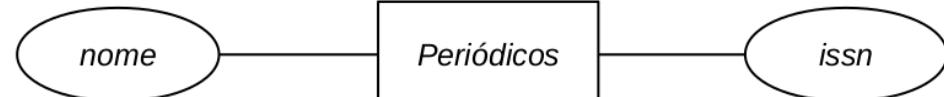
```
    nome varchar(120),
```

```
    issn integer,
```

```
    PRIMARY KEY (id)
```

```
);
```

Criando a tabela periódicos



Primary Key



SQL – 1º exemplo

```
CREATE TABLE editora(
```

```
    id integer,
```

```
    nome_editora varchar(120),
```

```
    País integer,
```

```
    PRIMARY KEY (id)
```

```
);
```

Criando a tabela editoras



SQL – 1º exemplo

```
CREATE TABLE periodicos(
```

```
    id integer,
```

```
    nome varchar(120),
```

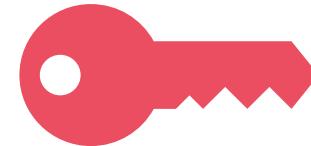
```
    issn integer,
```

```
    PRIMARY KEY (id),
```

```
    FOREIGN KEY (id) REFERENCES editora(id)
```

```
);
```

Definindo relacionamento



Desafio



Etapa 8

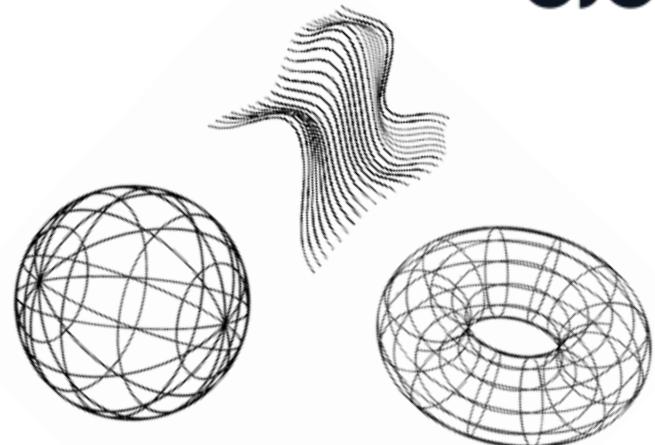
Arquitetura: Modelos, Esquemas e Instâncias

// Introdução à Banco de dados

Conversa



Modelo

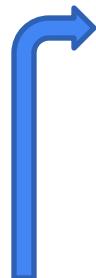
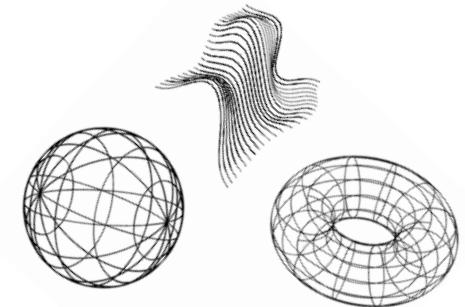
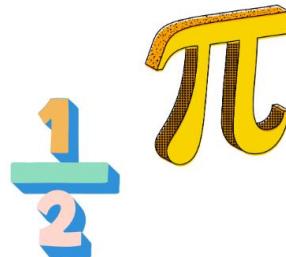


Abstração



essencial

Modelo



Data model

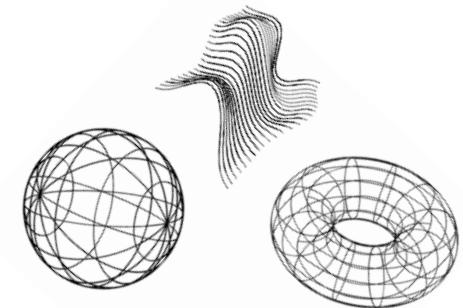
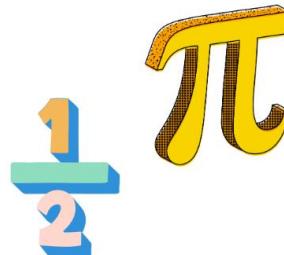


Abstração



essencial

Modelo



Operações



Data model

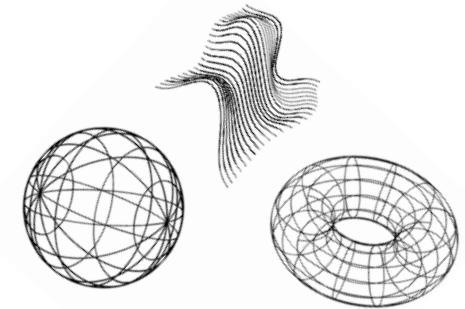
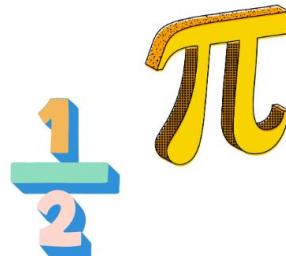


Abstração



essencial

Modelo



Operações



Data model



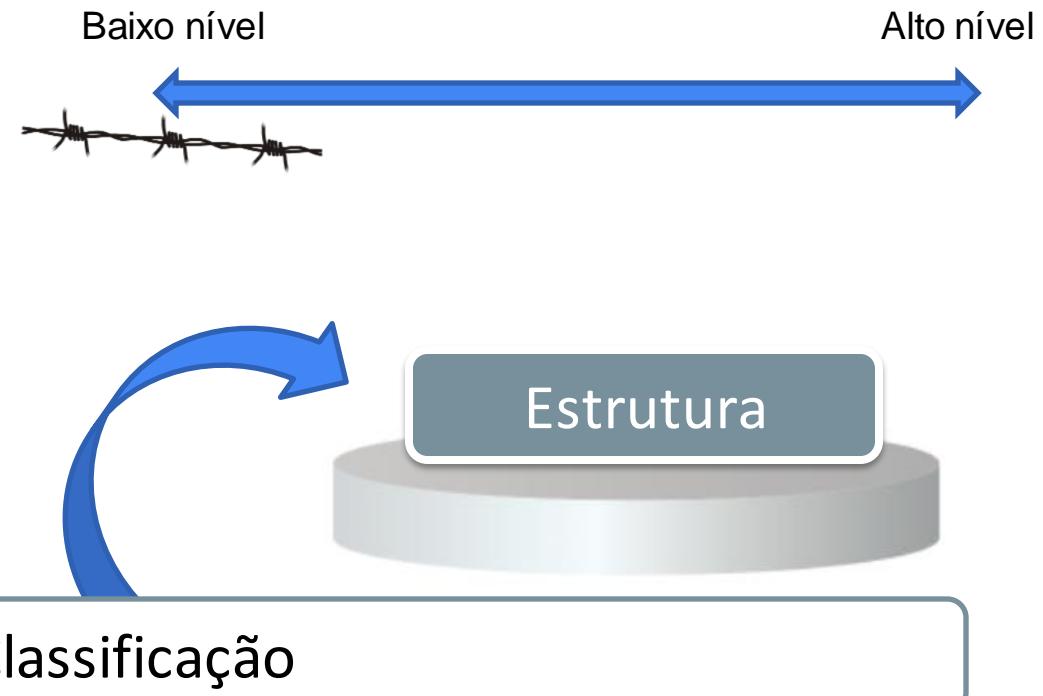
Classificação

Abstração

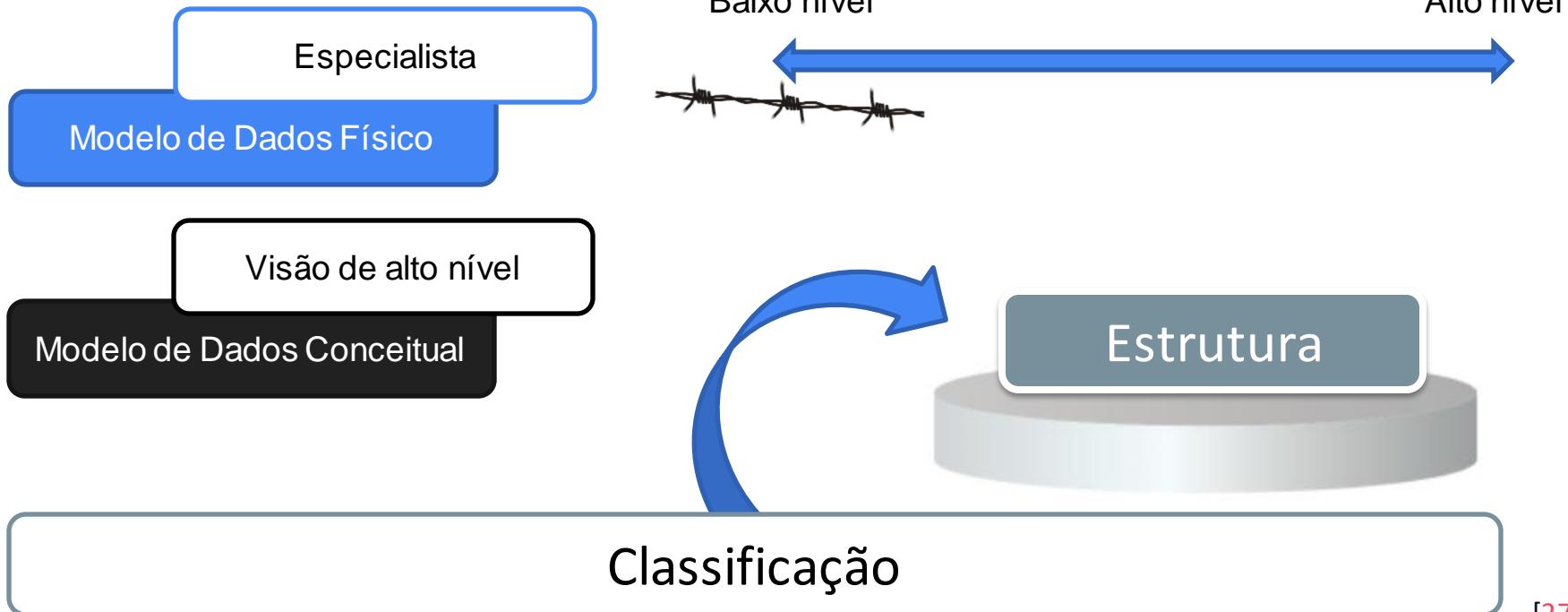


essencial

Modelo



Modelo



Modelo

Especialista
Modelo de Dados Físico

Visão de alto nível
Modelo de Dados Conceitual

Classificação

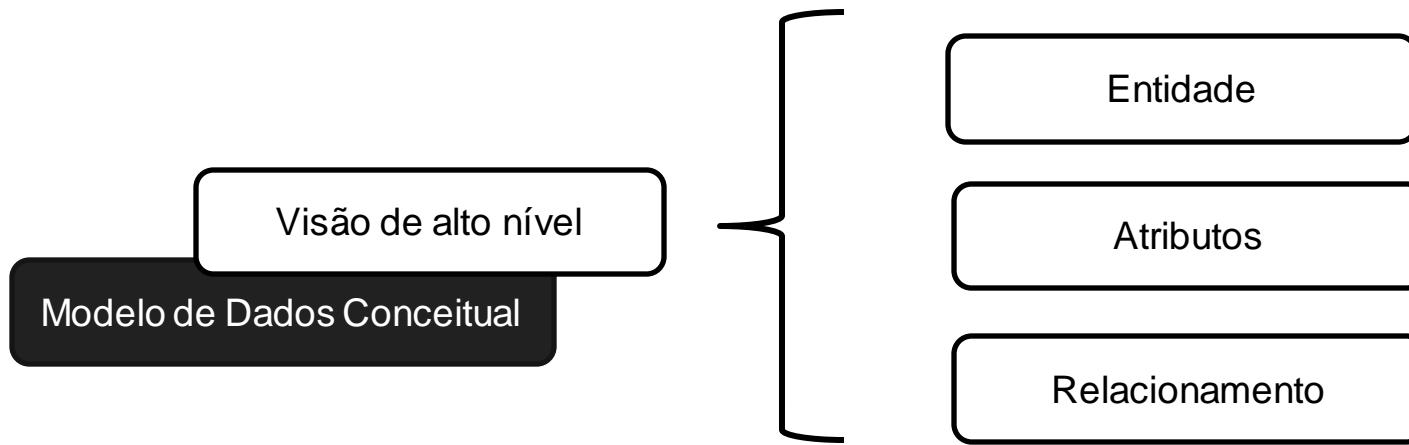


Representacional
Modelo de Dados de implementação



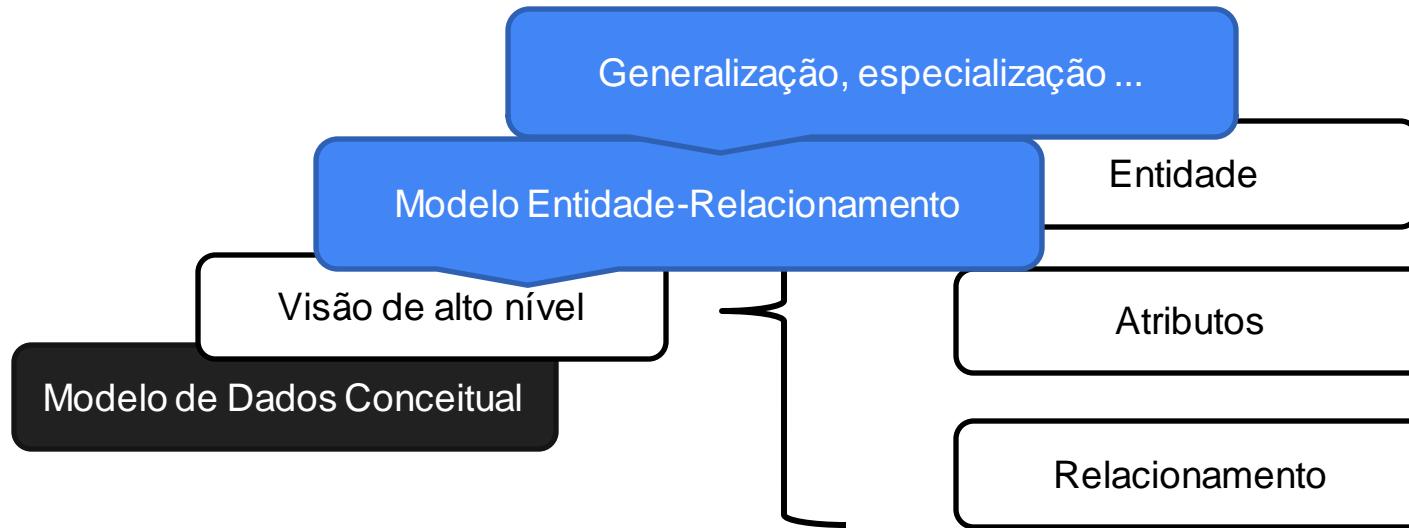
Estrutura

Modelo



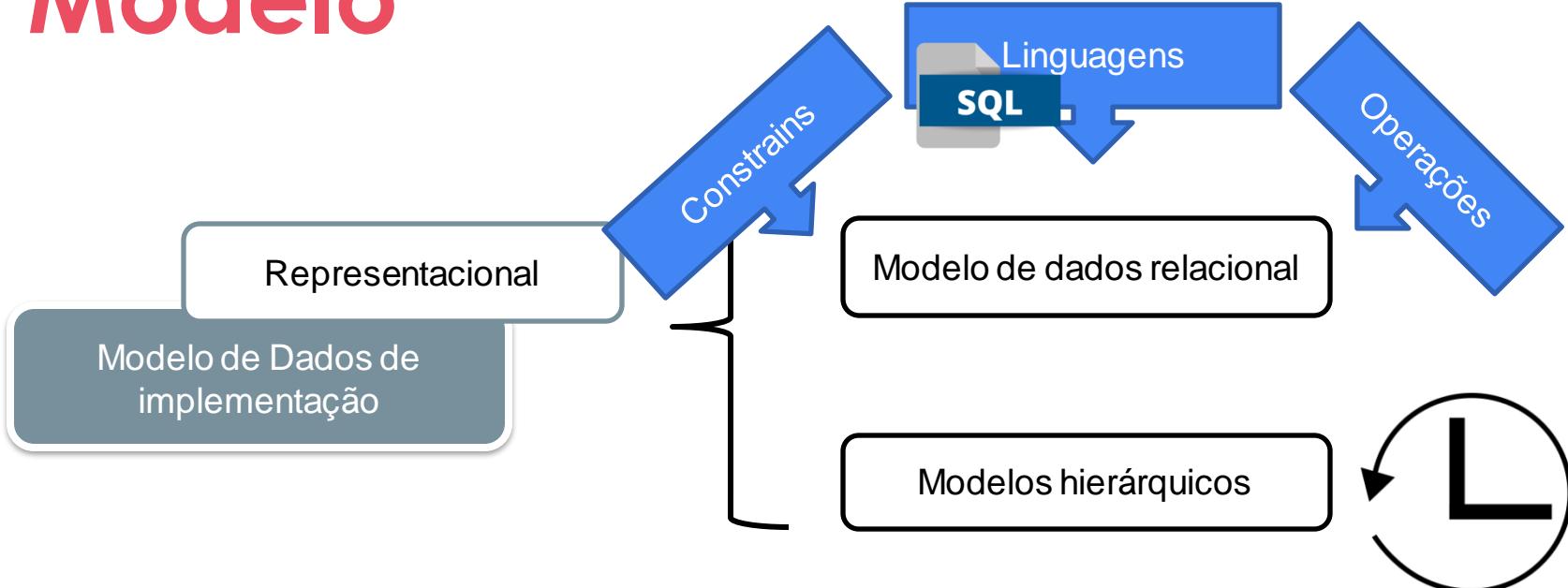
Classificação

Modelo



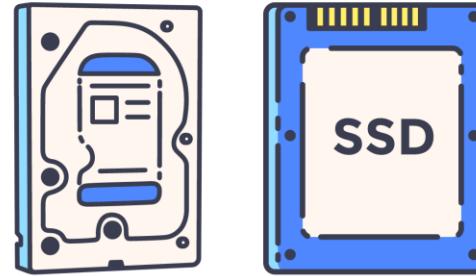
Classificação

Modelo



Classificação

Modelo



Modelo de Dados Físico

Especialista

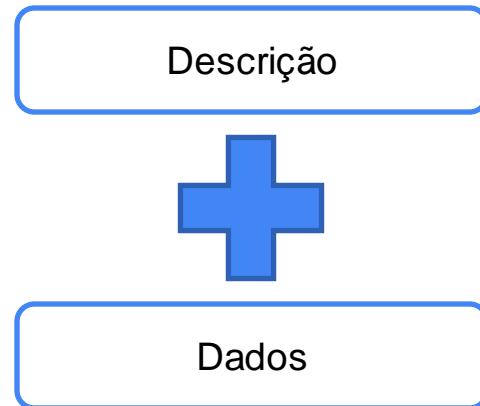


.CSV

Classificação

Modelo

Modelo de Dados
Auto-descritivo



XML

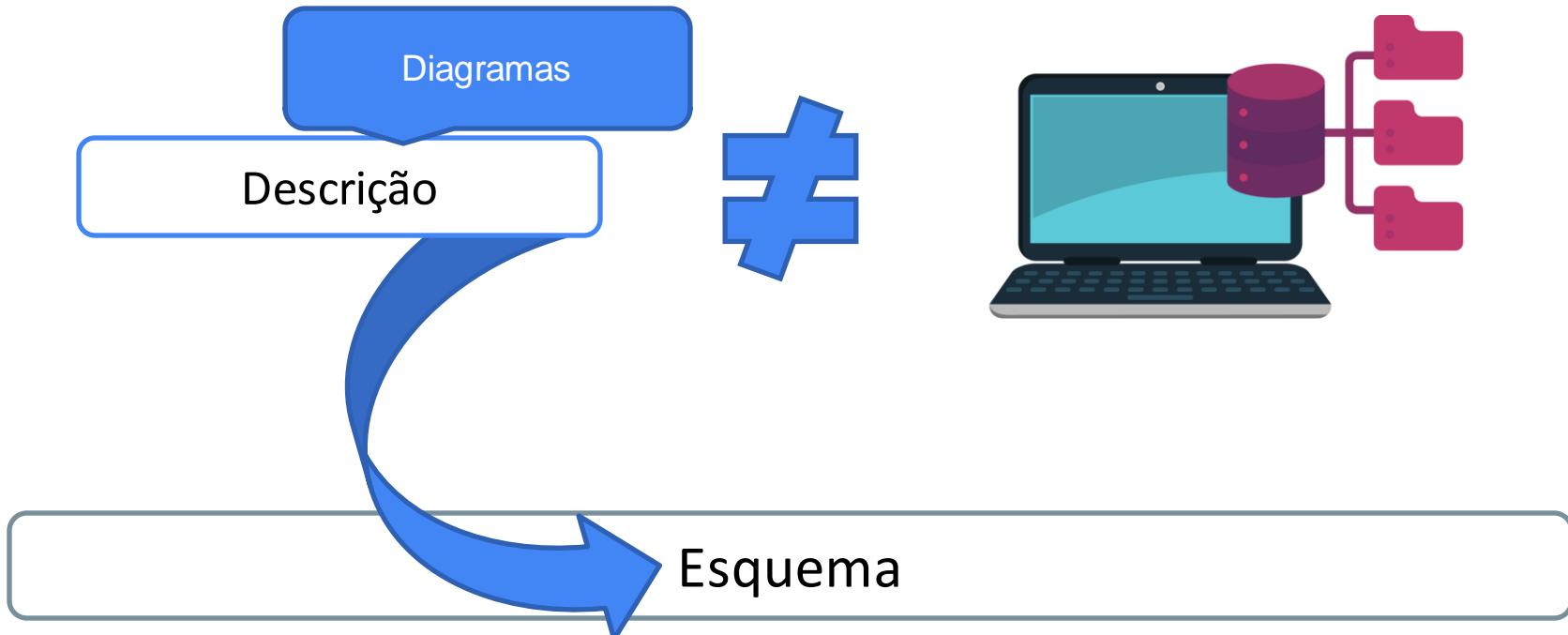
KEY-VALUE

Classificação

Esquemas, Instâncias e Estados do BD



Esquema



Esquema

Diagramas

Descrição

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
-------------	---------------	--------------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
----------------	--------------------	-------

Esquema

Esquema

Diagrams

Descrição

Construct

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
-------------	---------------	--------------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
----------------	--------------------	-------

Esquema

Esquema

Diagramas

Descrição

Tipos de dados & Itens

Construct

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
-------------	---------------	--------------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

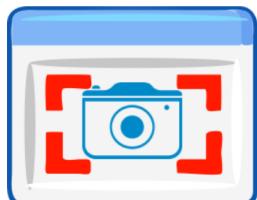
Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
----------------	--------------------	-------

Esquema

Snapshot



Dados mudam

Instância | Ocorrência

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
-------------	---------------	--------------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

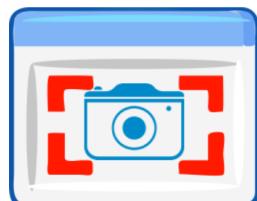
Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
----------------	--------------------	-------

Esquema

Snapshot



Dados mudam

Instância | Ocorrência

Esquema

Insert, Delete

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Offering	Capacity	Department
-------------	---------------	----------	----------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

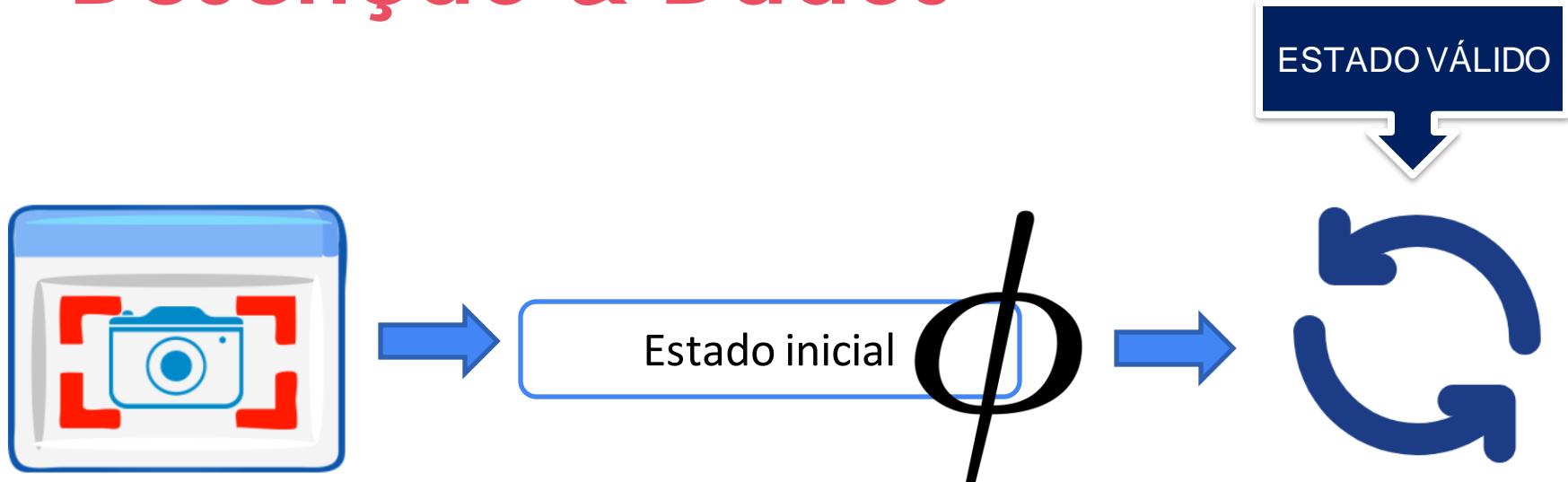
GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Score
----------------	-------

Mudança de estado

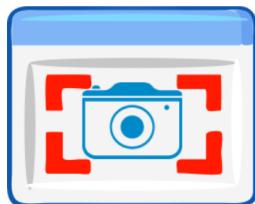
Update

Descrição & Dados



Esquema

Snapshot



Dados mudam

Mudança = evolução

STUDENT

Name	Student_number	Class	Major
------	----------------	-------	-------

COURSE

Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department
-------------	---------------	--------------	------------

PREREQUISITE

Course_number	Prerequisite_number
---------------	---------------------

SECTION

Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor
--------------------	---------------	----------	------	------------

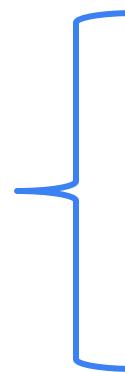
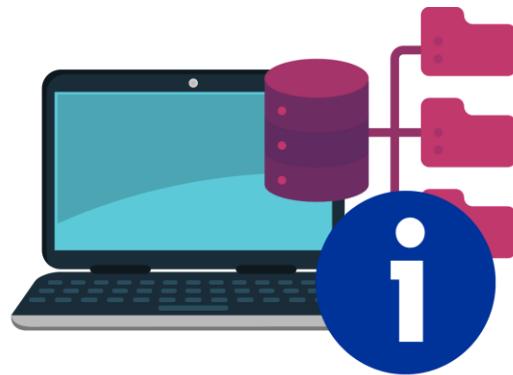
GRADE_REPORT

Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade
----------------	--------------------	-------

Instância | Ocorrência

Esquema

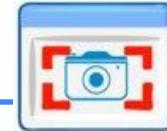
Meta dados



Descrição esquema

Construtores

Constrains



Esquema

Three-Schema Architecture



Three-Schema

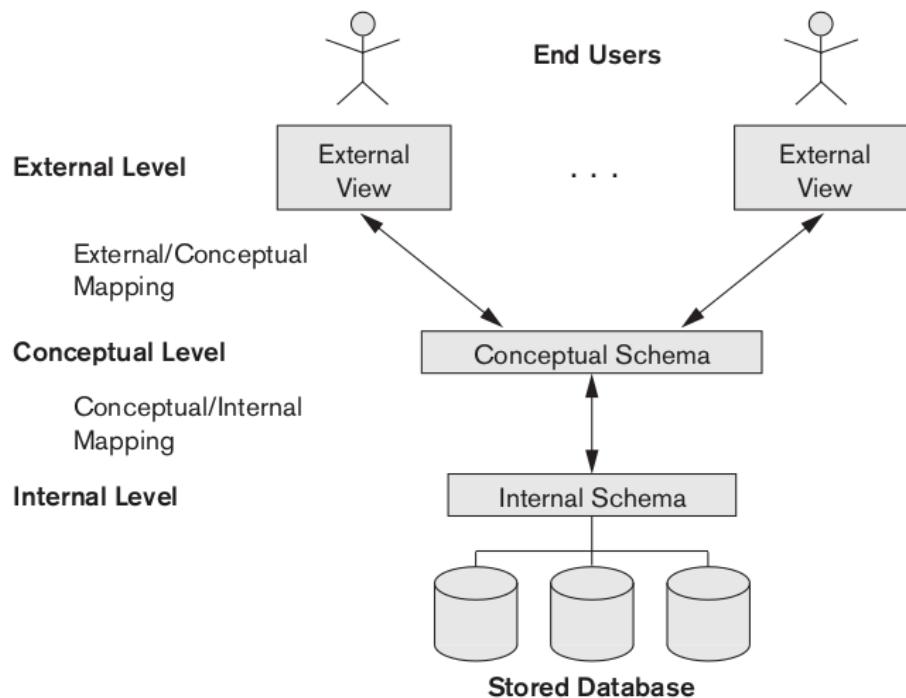
Catálogo

Isolamento
data/program

Views

Esquema

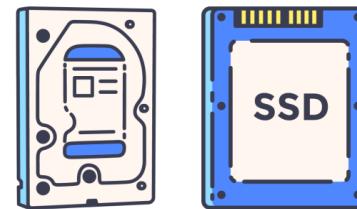
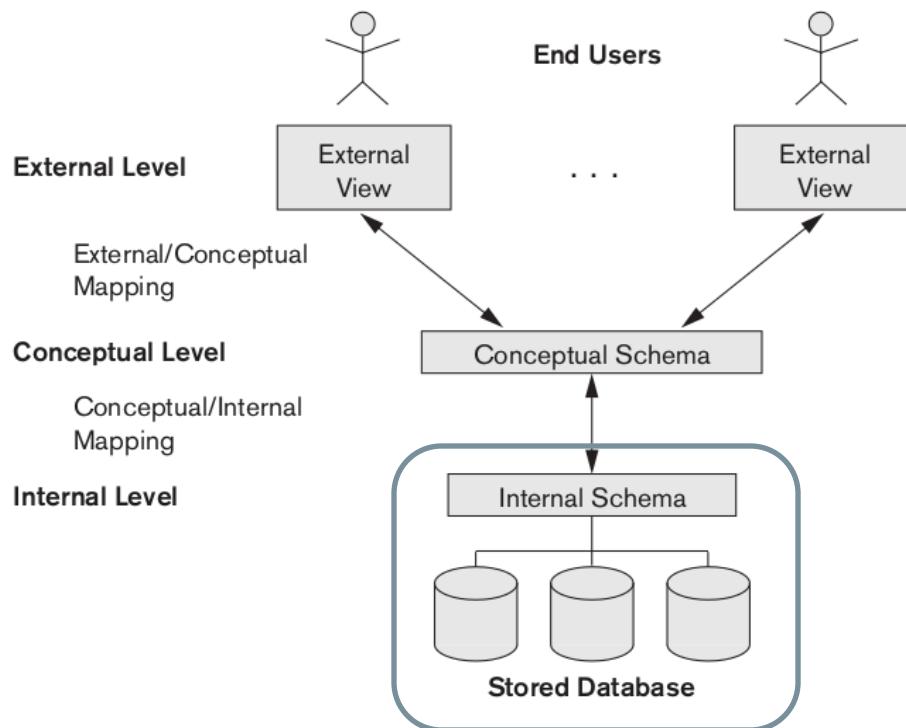
Arquitetura



Aplicações de Usuário

Físico BD

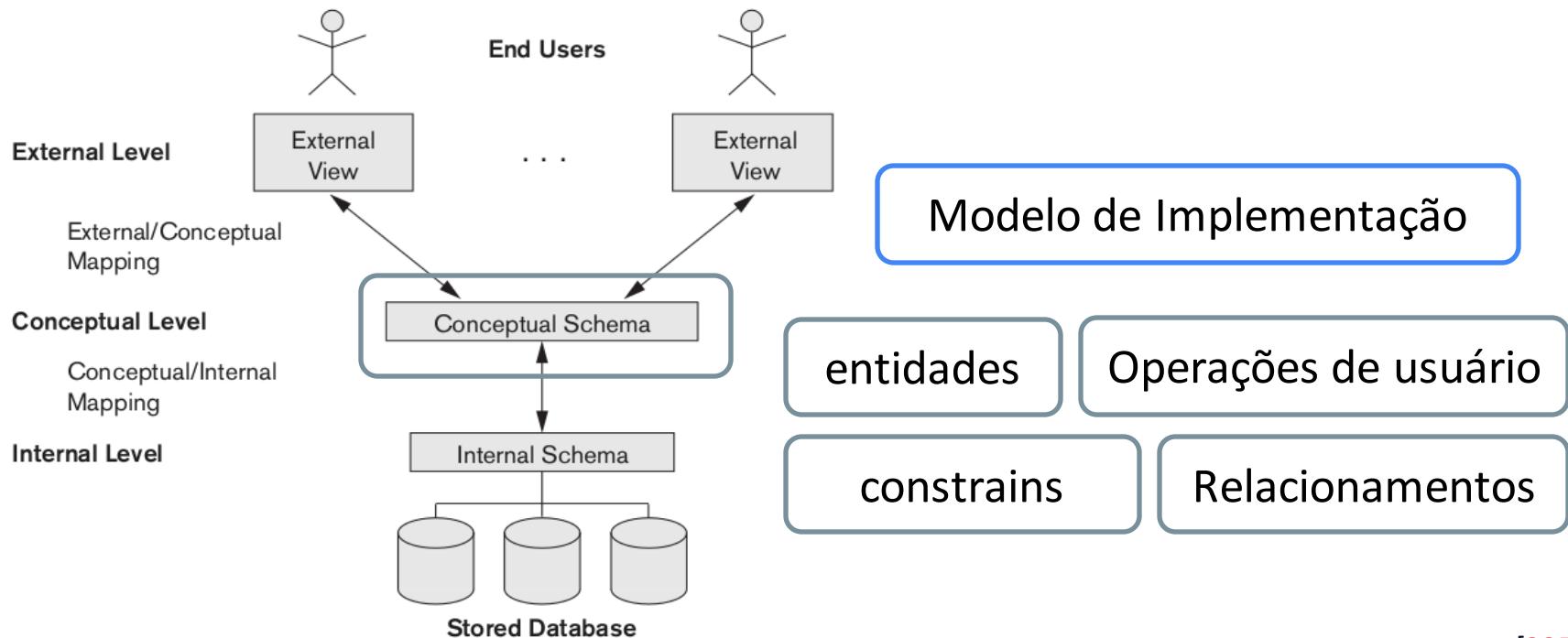
Arquitetura



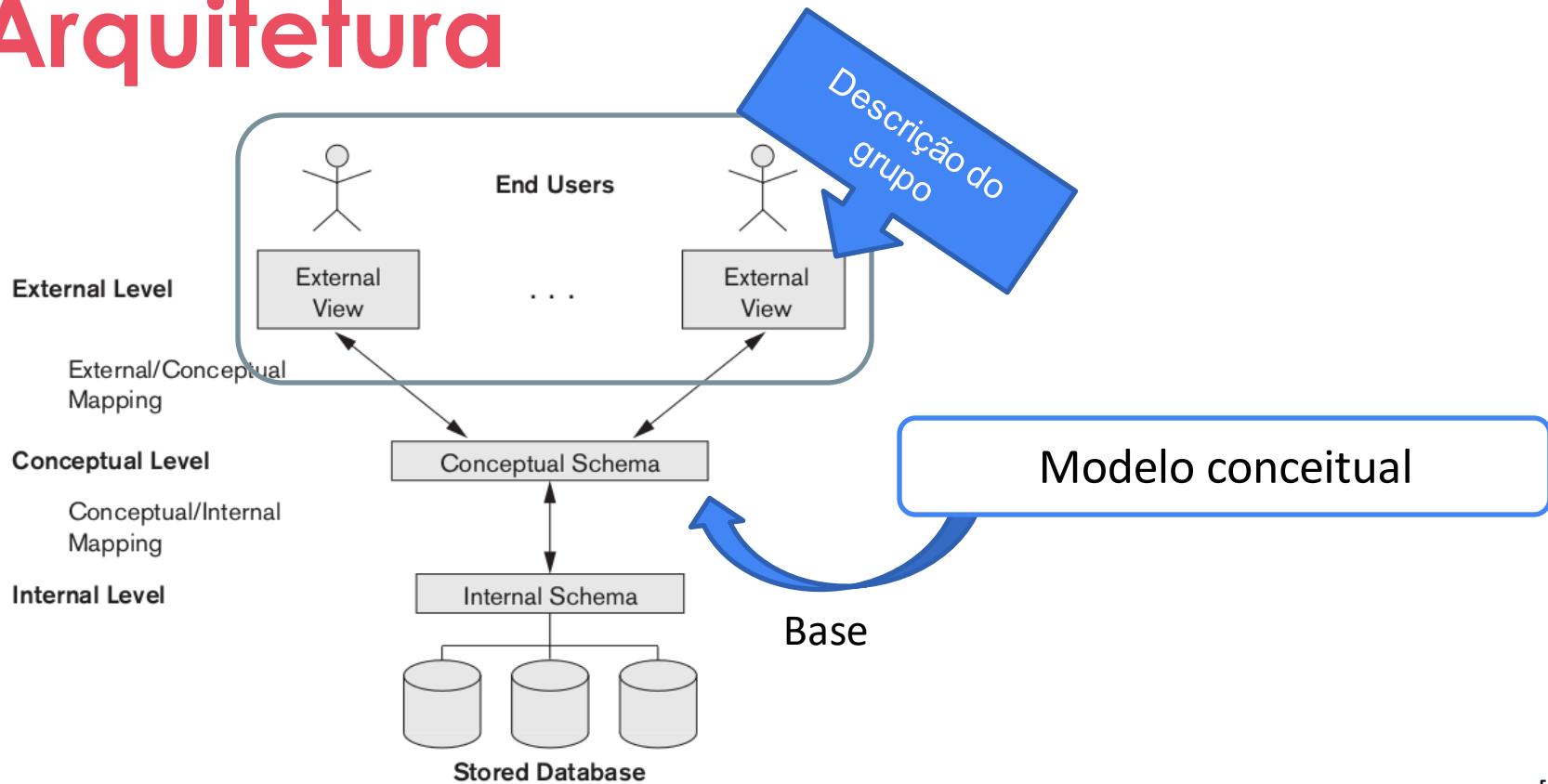
Modelo de dados físico



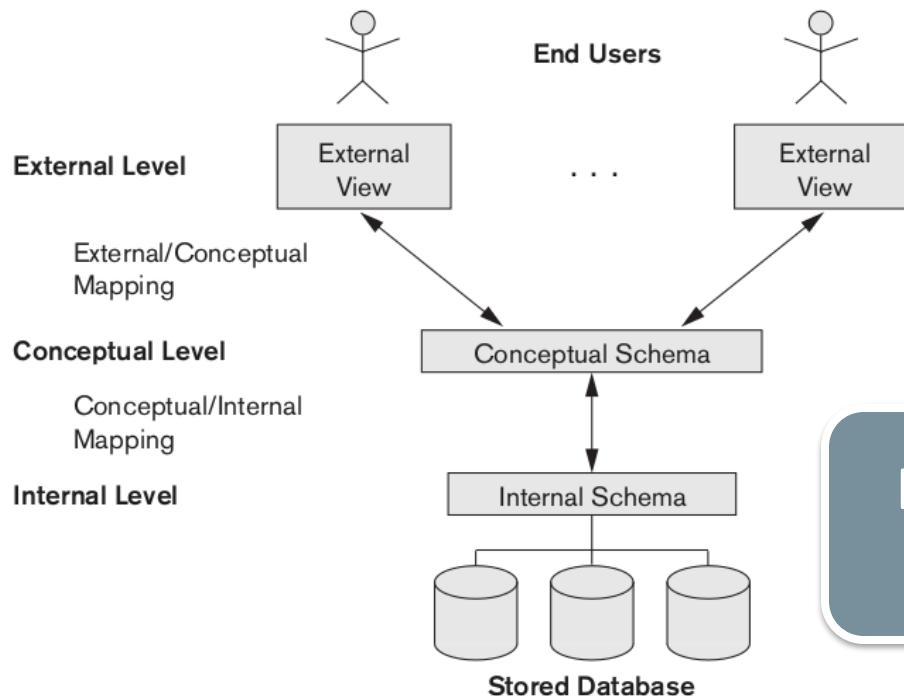
Arquitetura



Arquitetura



Arquitetura



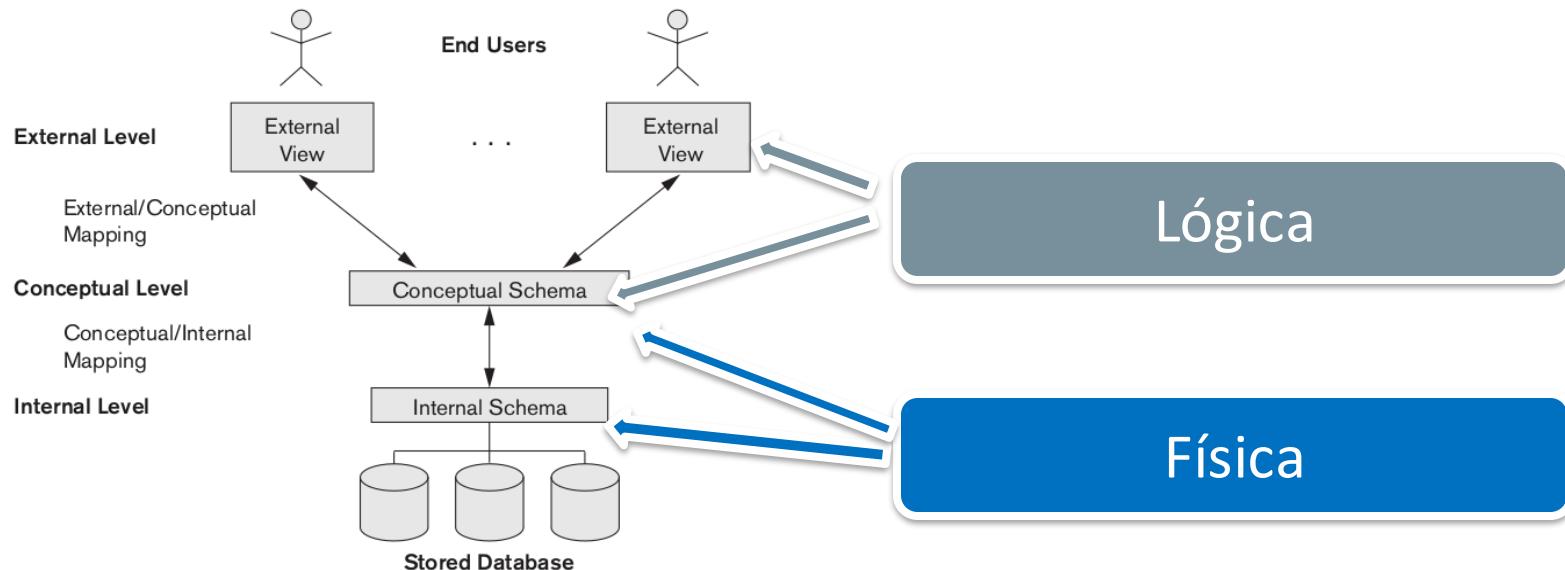
Explicitamente

NOT

Completamente

Desenvolvimento e Design
do sistema

Independência de dados

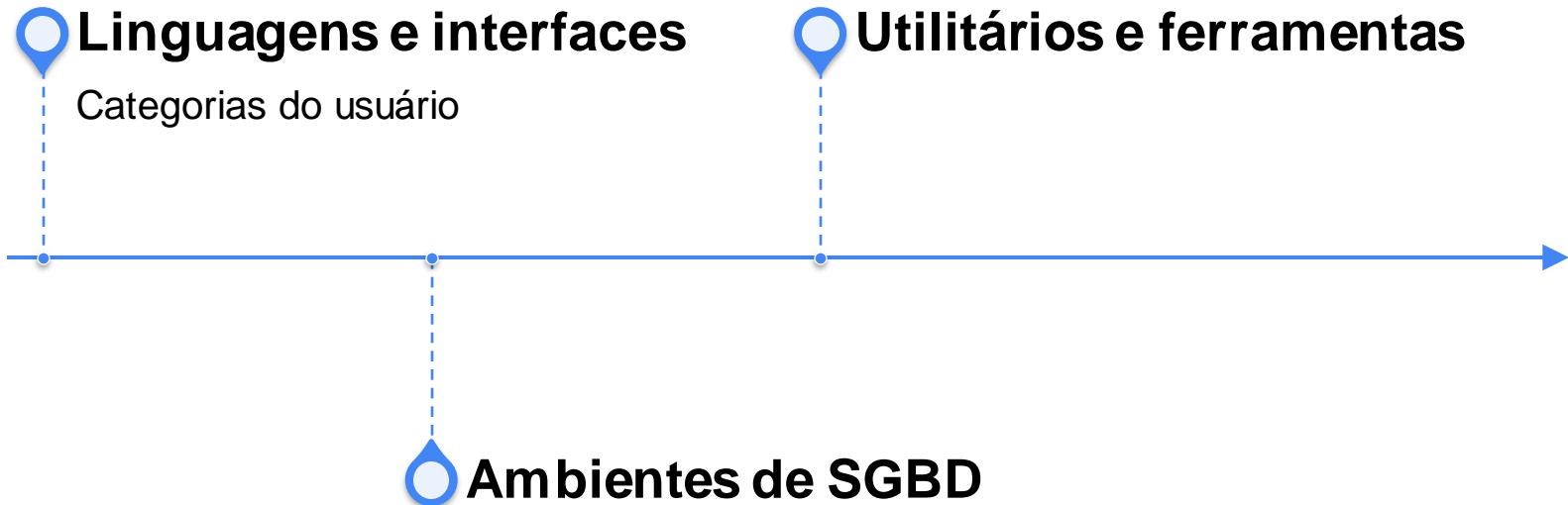


Etapa 9

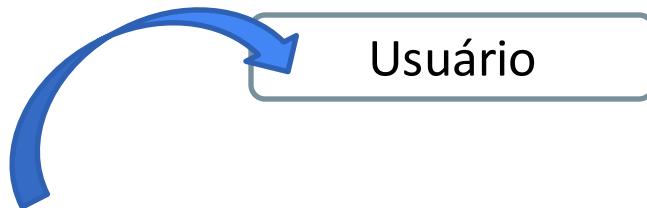
Arquitetura: Linguagem, Interface e Ambiente de SGBDs

// Introdução à Banco de dados

Conversa



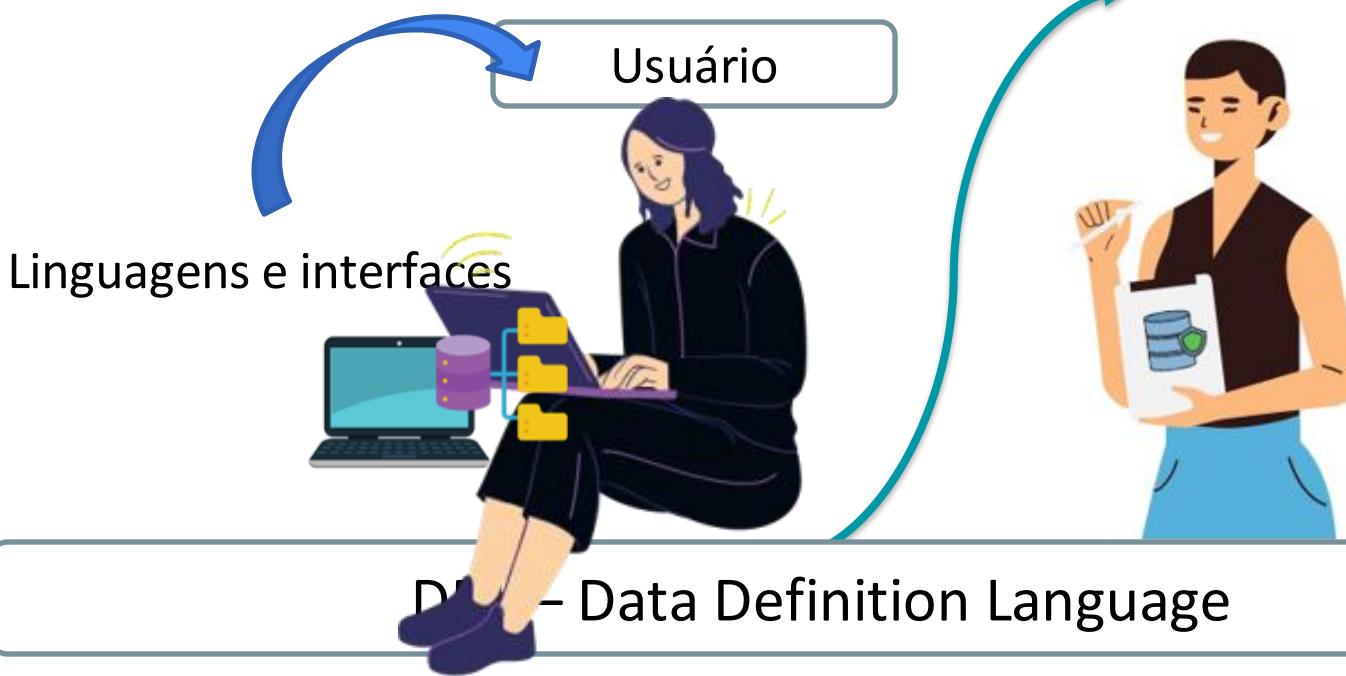
Linguagens



Linguagens e interfaces

DDL – Data Definition Language

Linguagens



STUDENT			
Name	Student_number	Class	Major

COURSE			
Course_name	Course_number	Credit_hours	Department

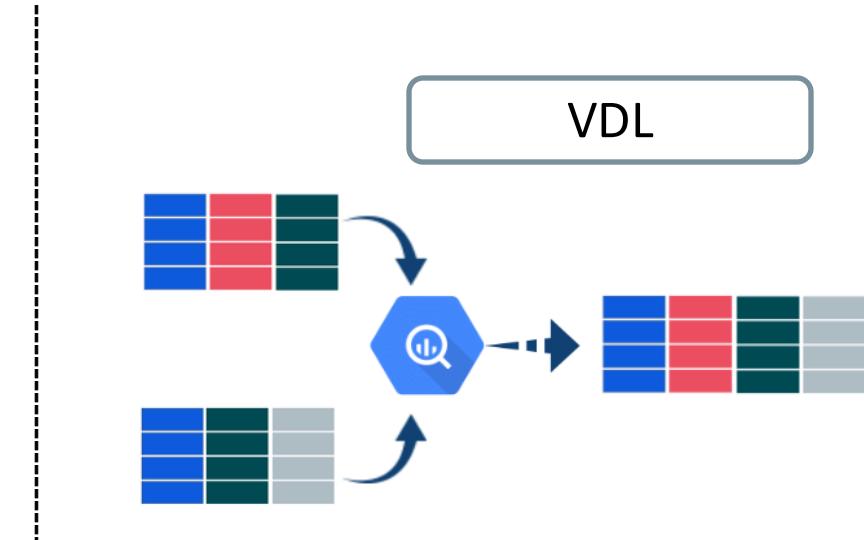
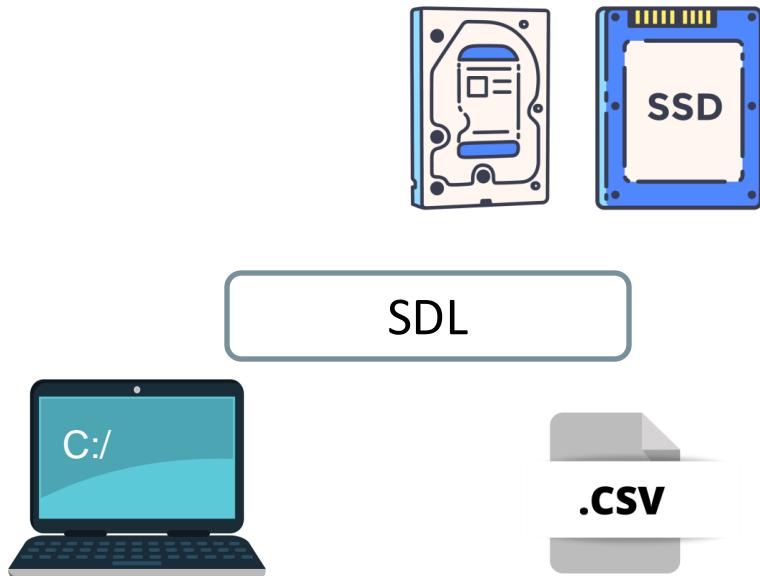
PREREQUISITE	
Course_number	Prerequisite_number

SECTION				
Section_identifier	Course_number	Semester	Year	Instructor

GRADE_REPORT		
Student_number	Section_identifier	Grade

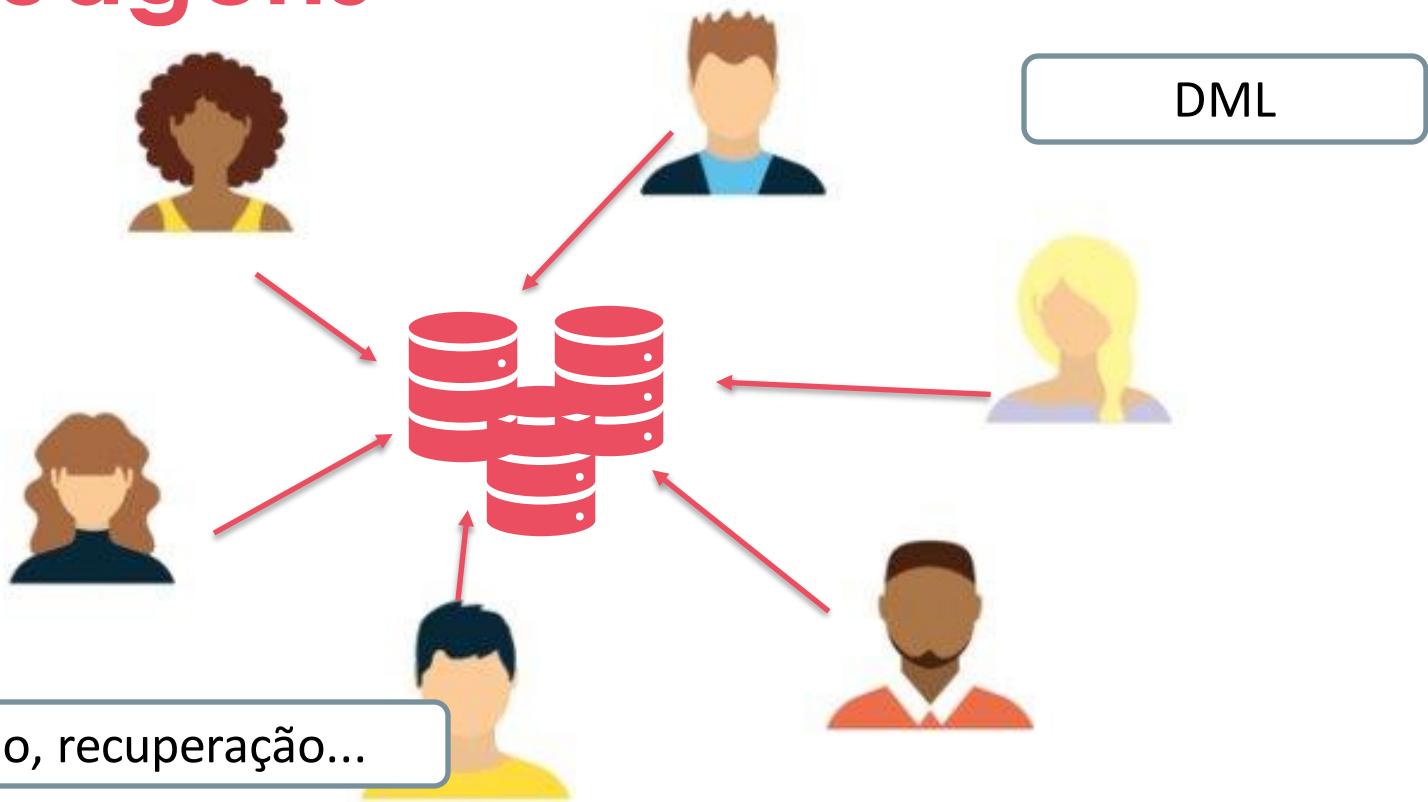


Linguagens

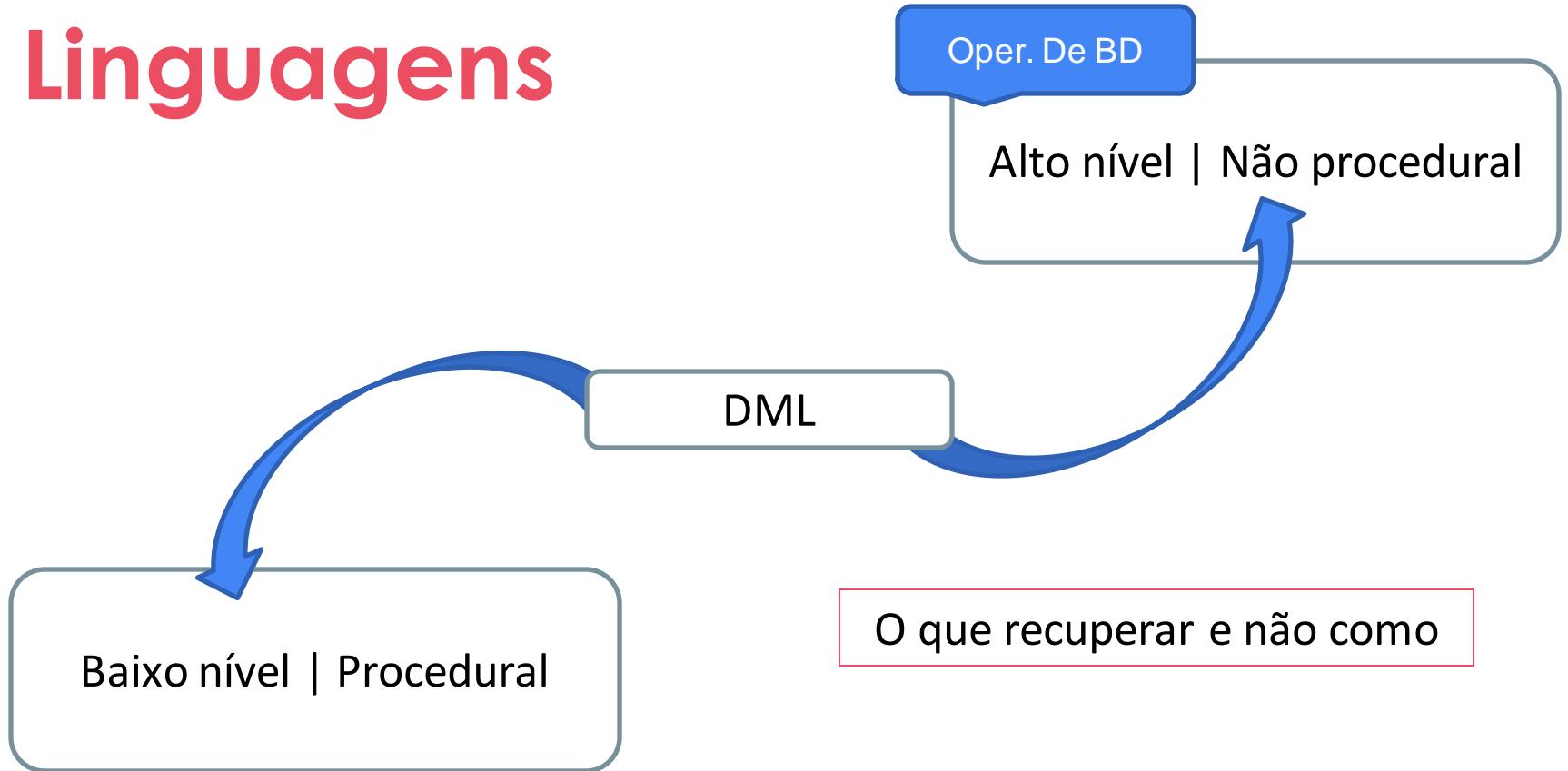


Separação explícita

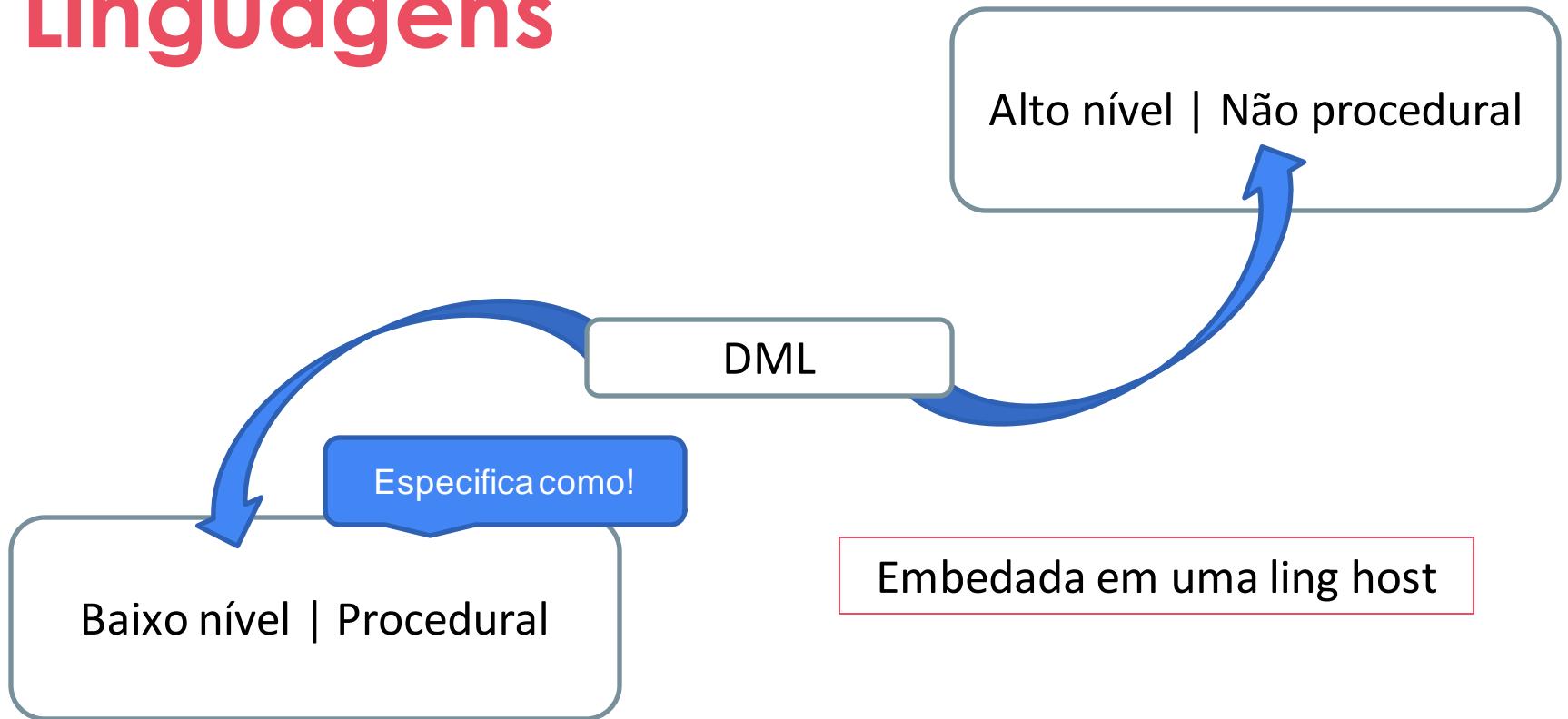
Linguagens



Linguagens



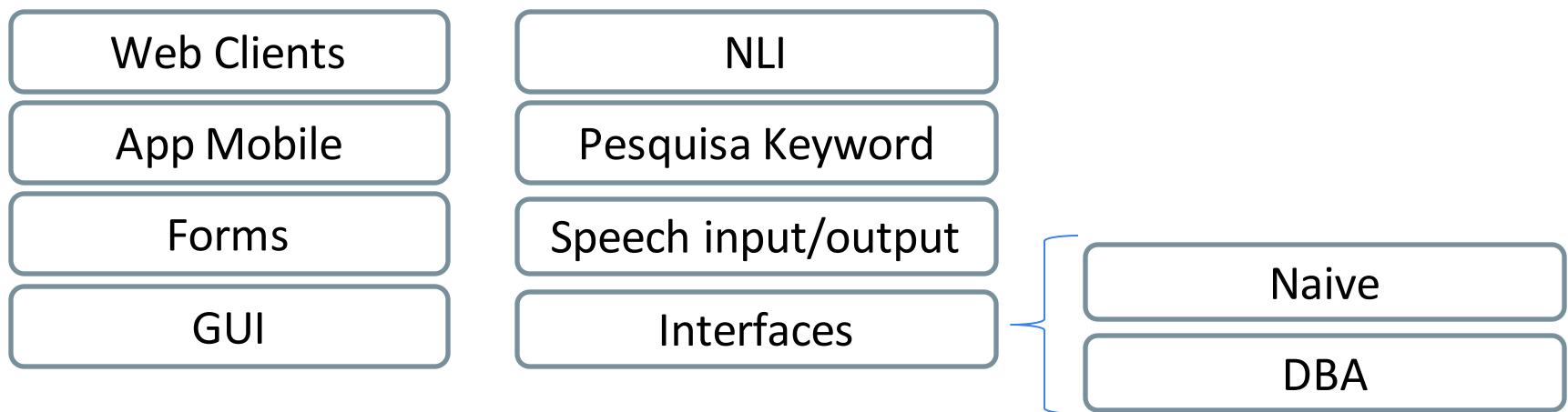
Linguagens



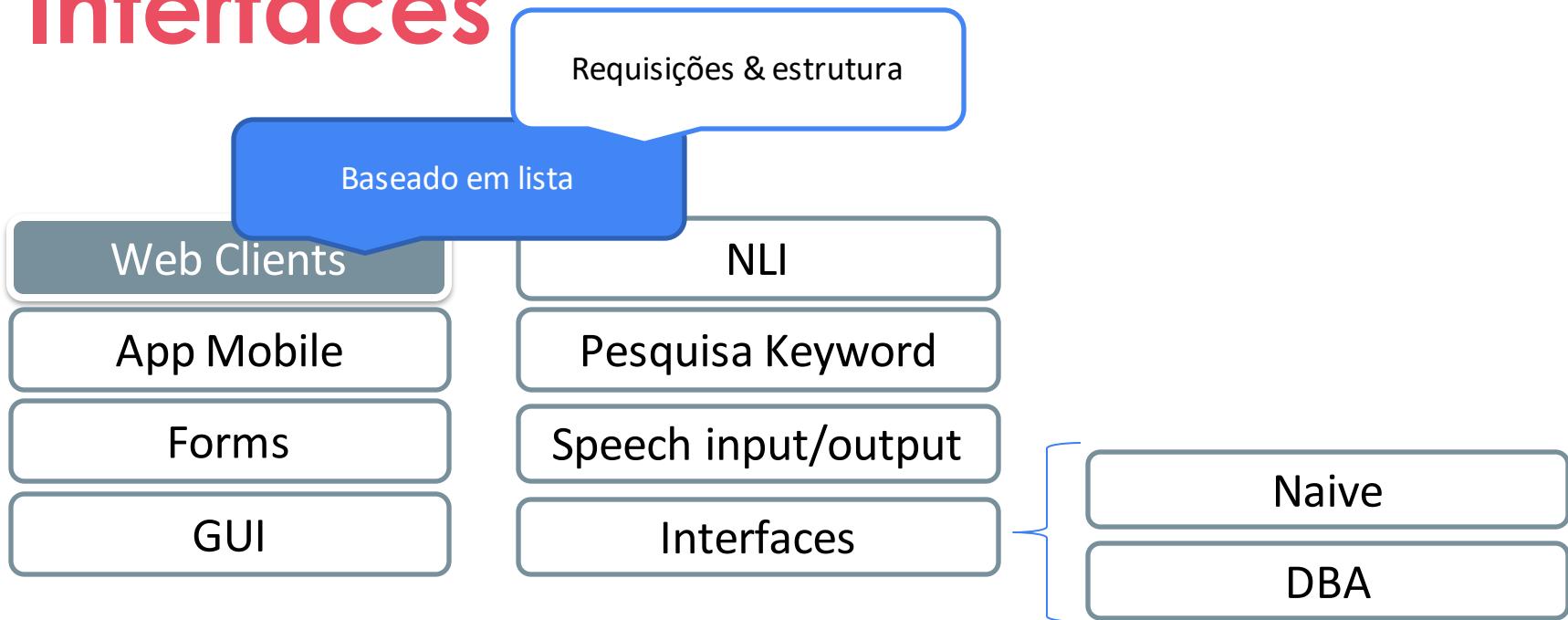
Interfaces



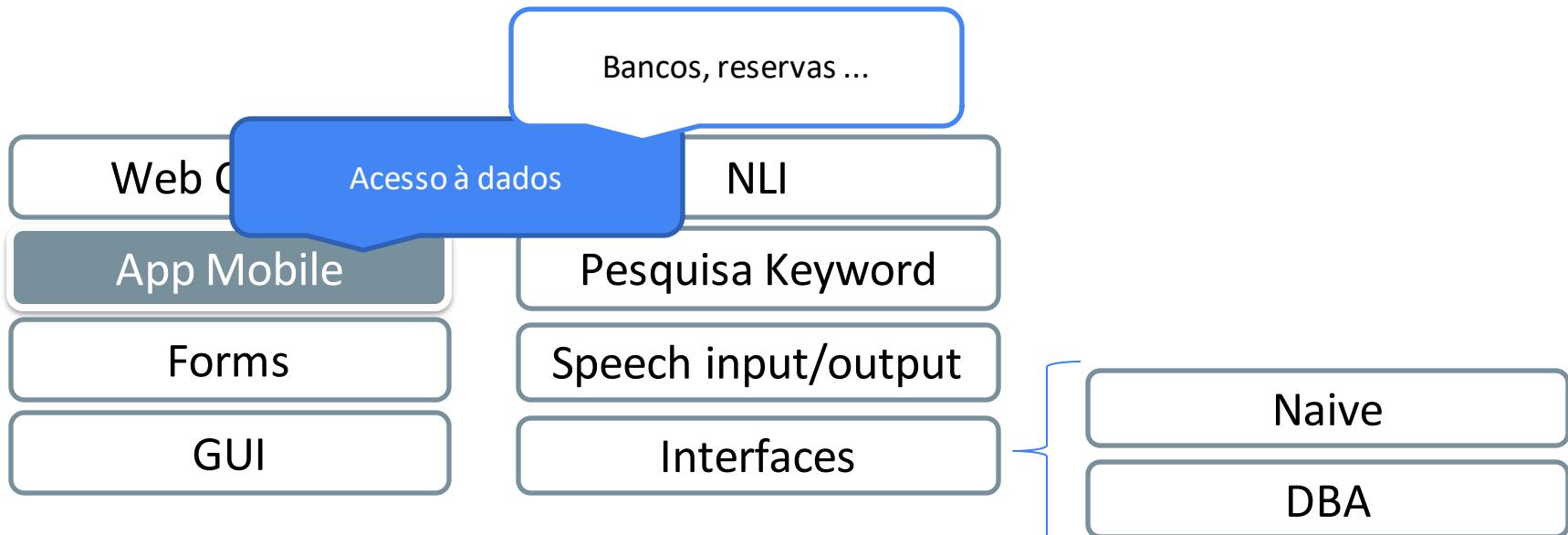
Interfaces



Interfaces

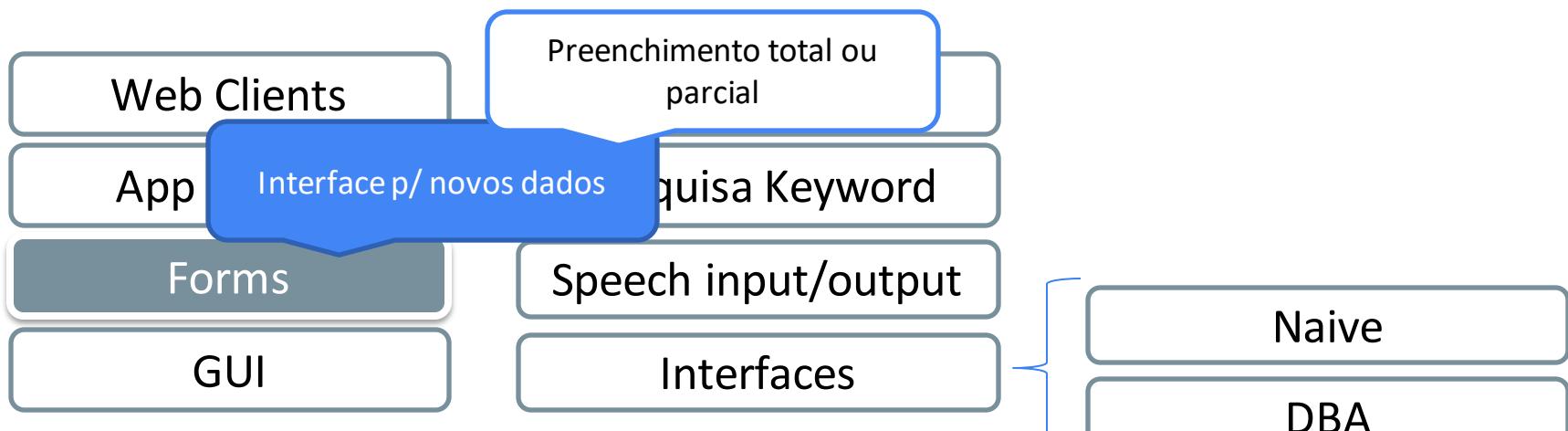


Interfaces



Menu limitado pelo app

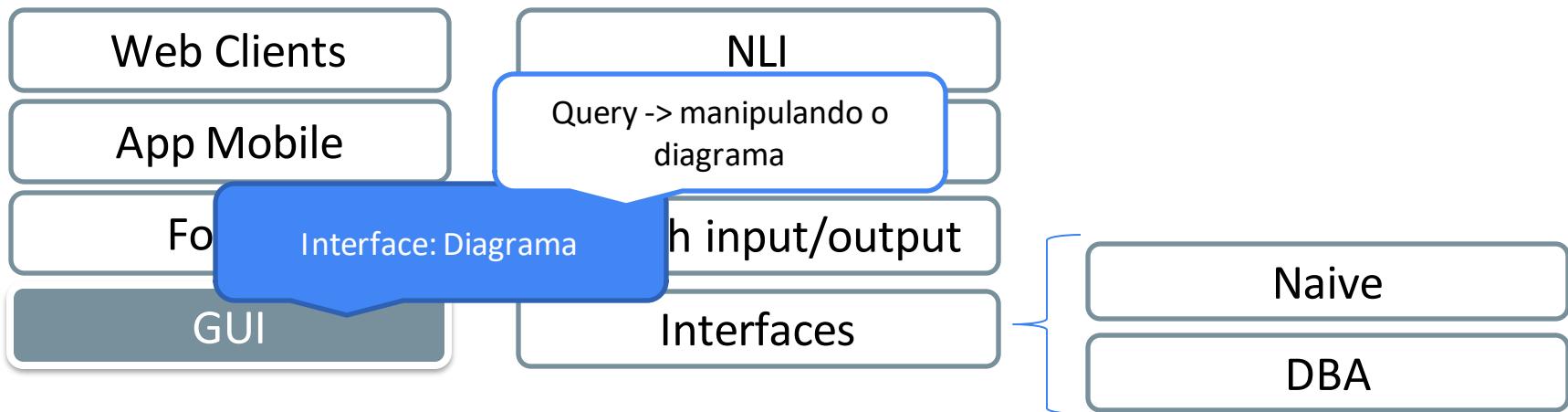
Interfaces



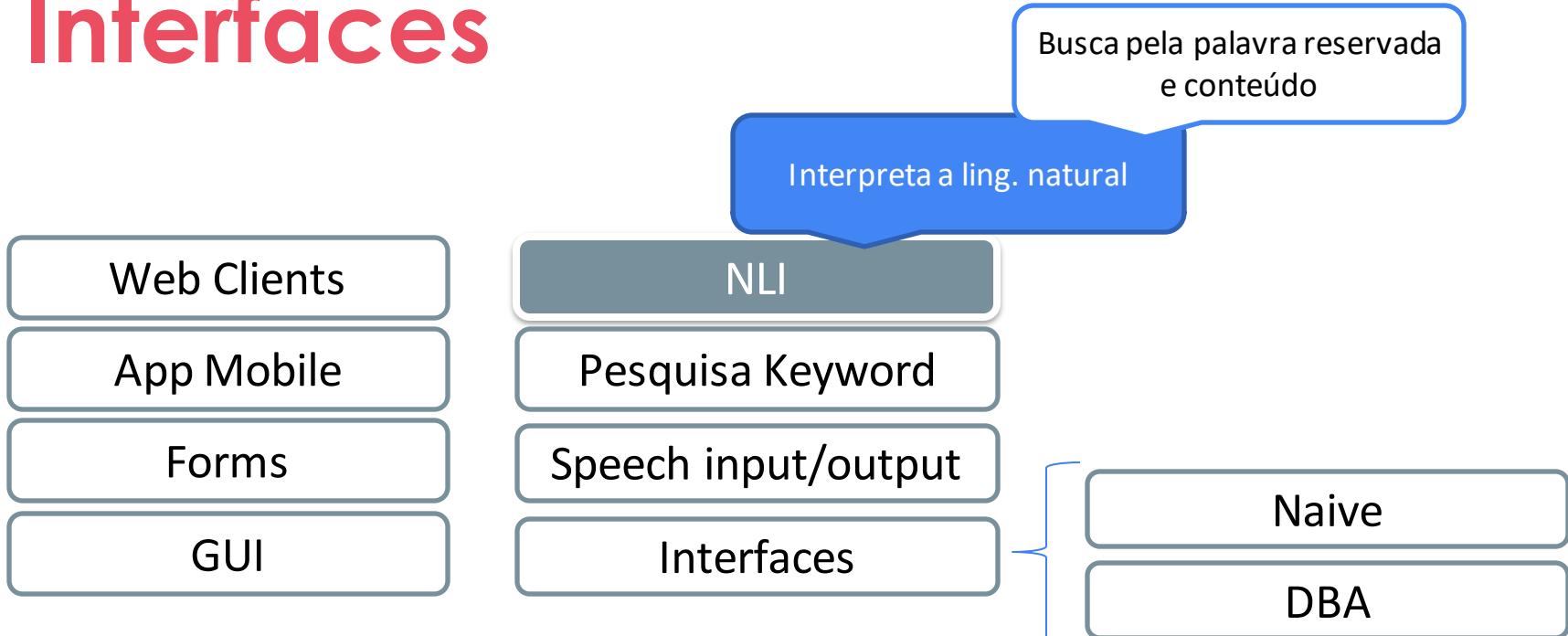
Voltados para Naive com transações canned

SQL*Forms

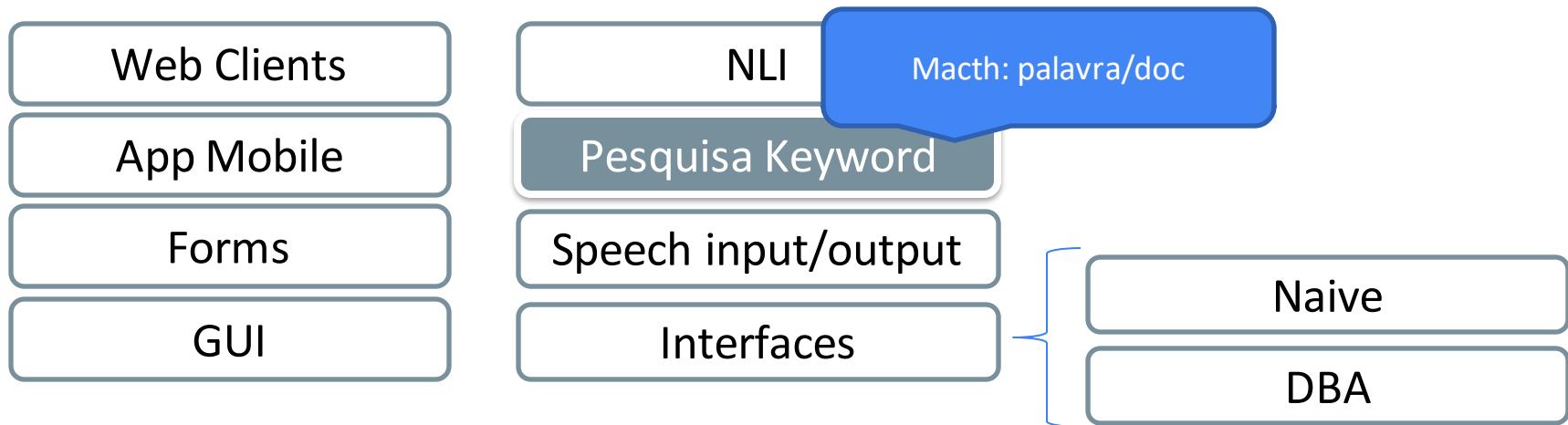
Interfaces



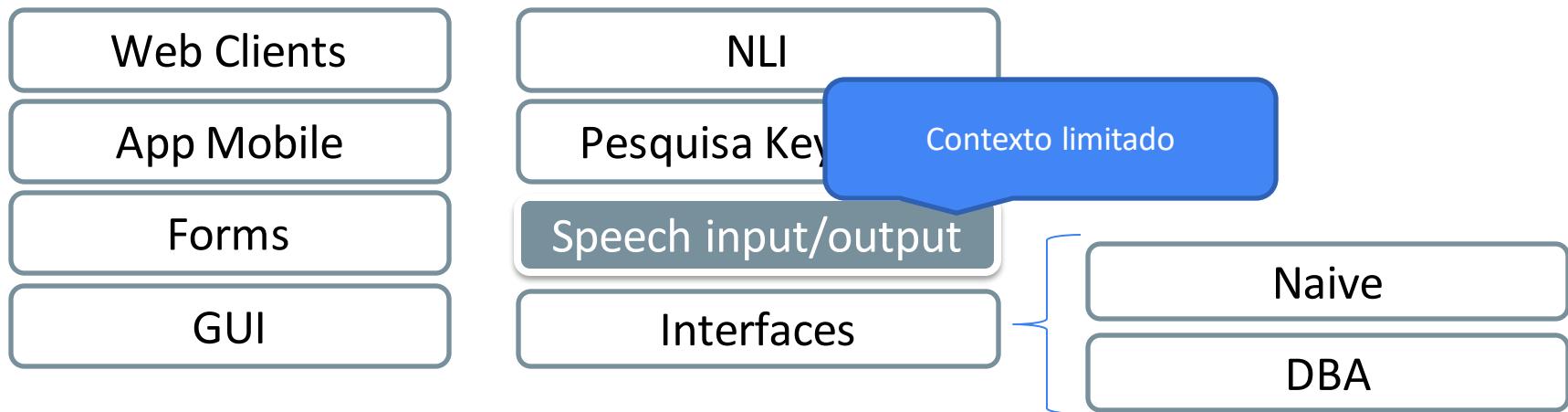
Interfaces



Interfaces

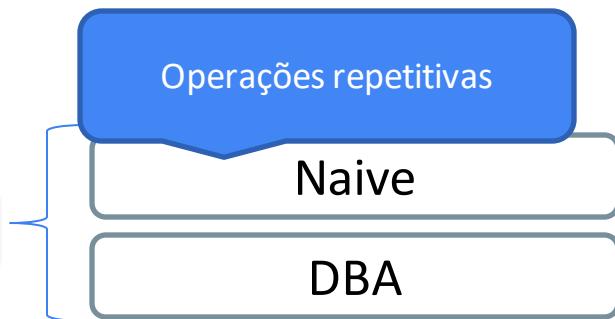
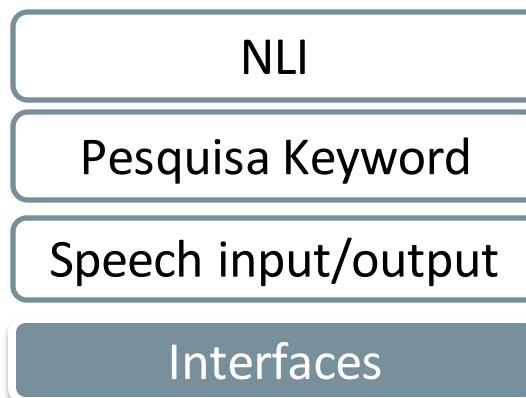


Interfaces



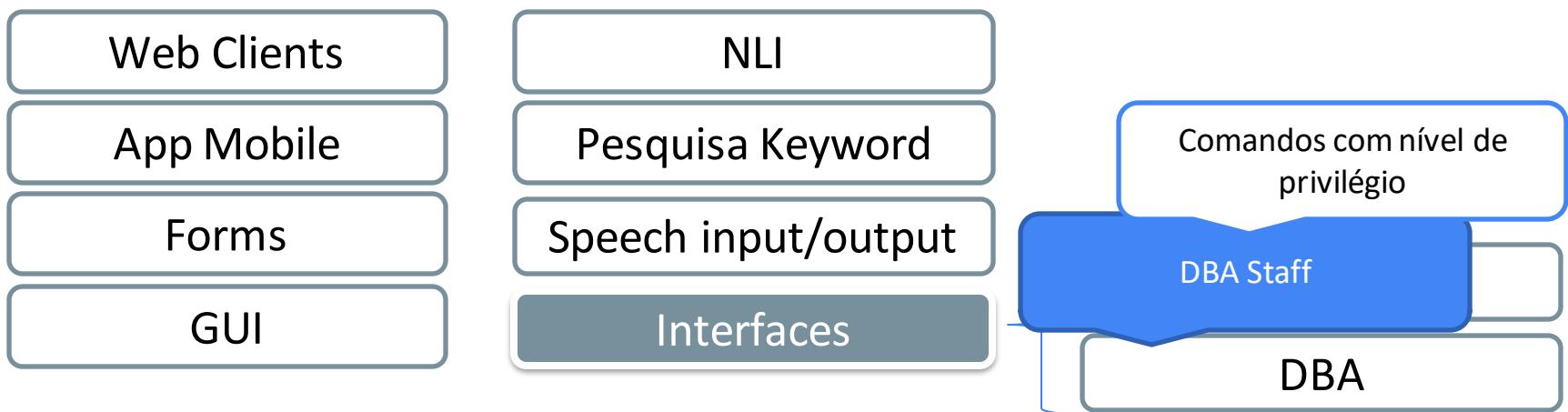
Speech como input e resposta

Interfaces



Transações de rotina e repetitivas - saldo do banco

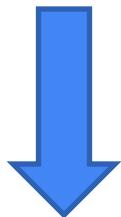
Interfaces



Ambiente



Componentes



Software



Modularizado

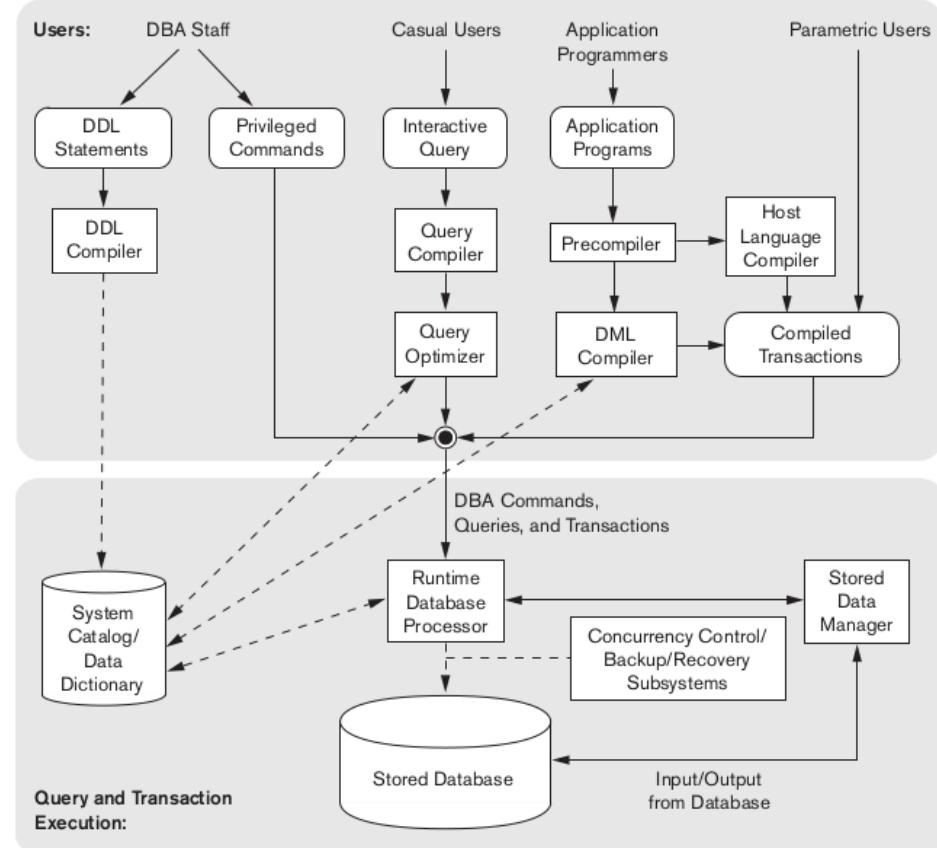


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

Ambiente de BD

Módulos internos

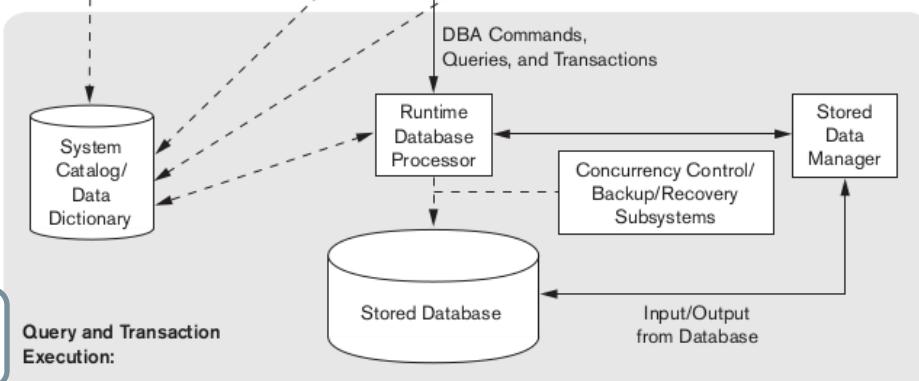
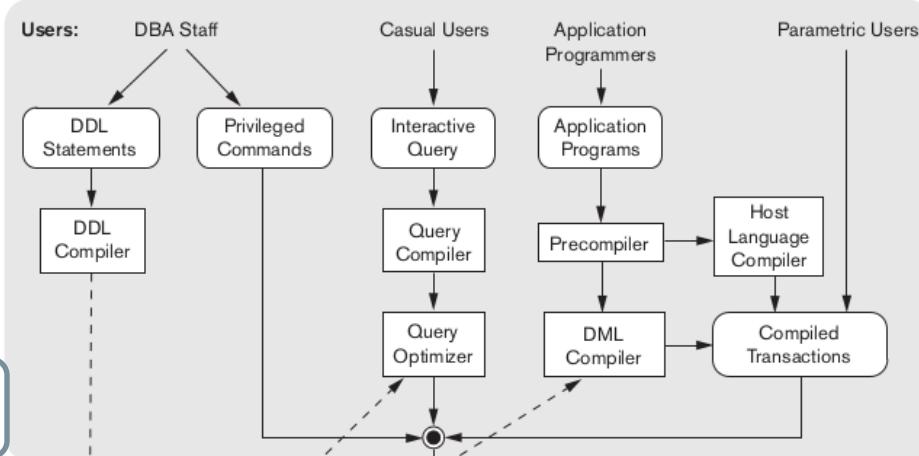


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

Esquema

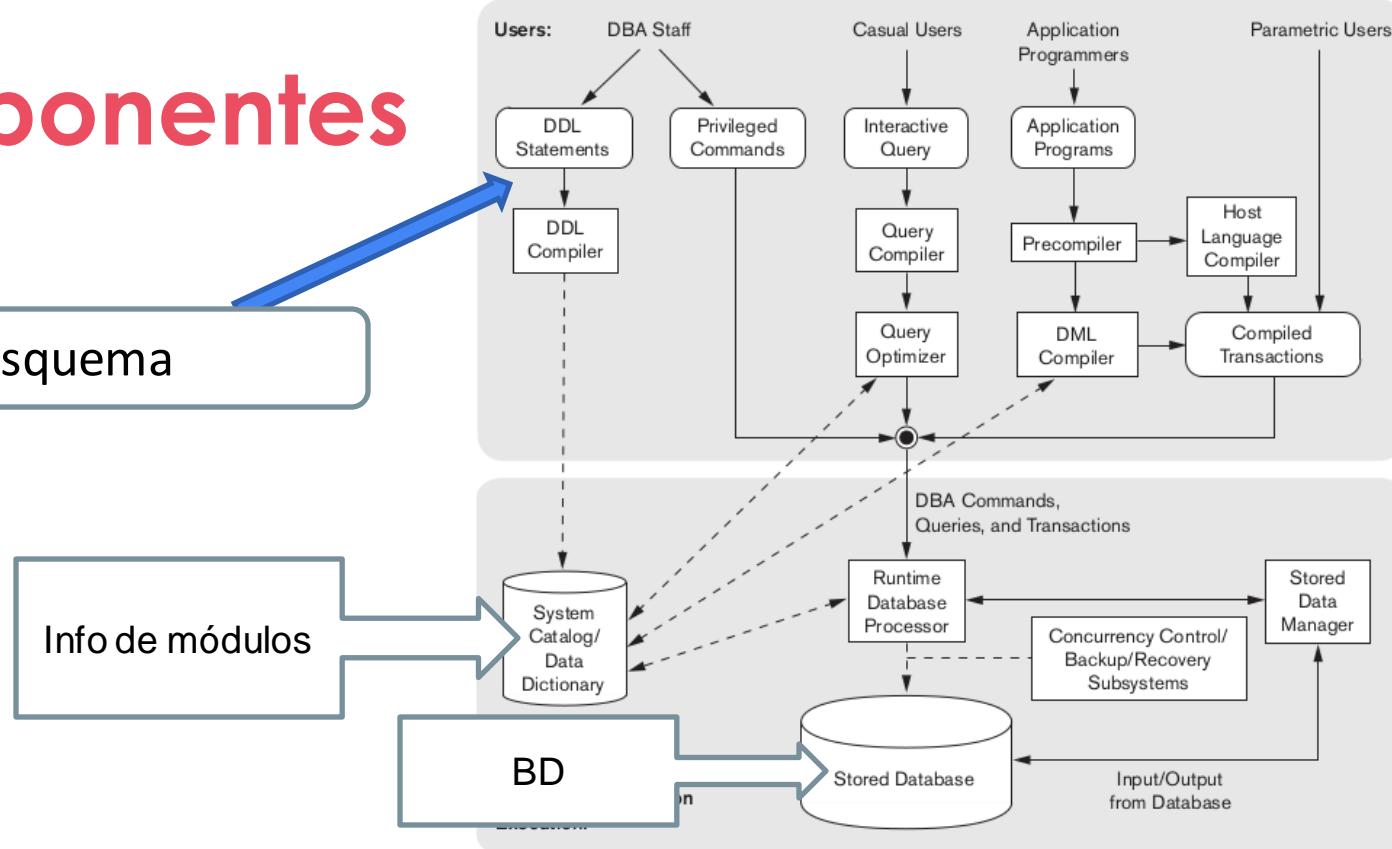


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

Acesso ocasional

Ex: Reordenação de operações

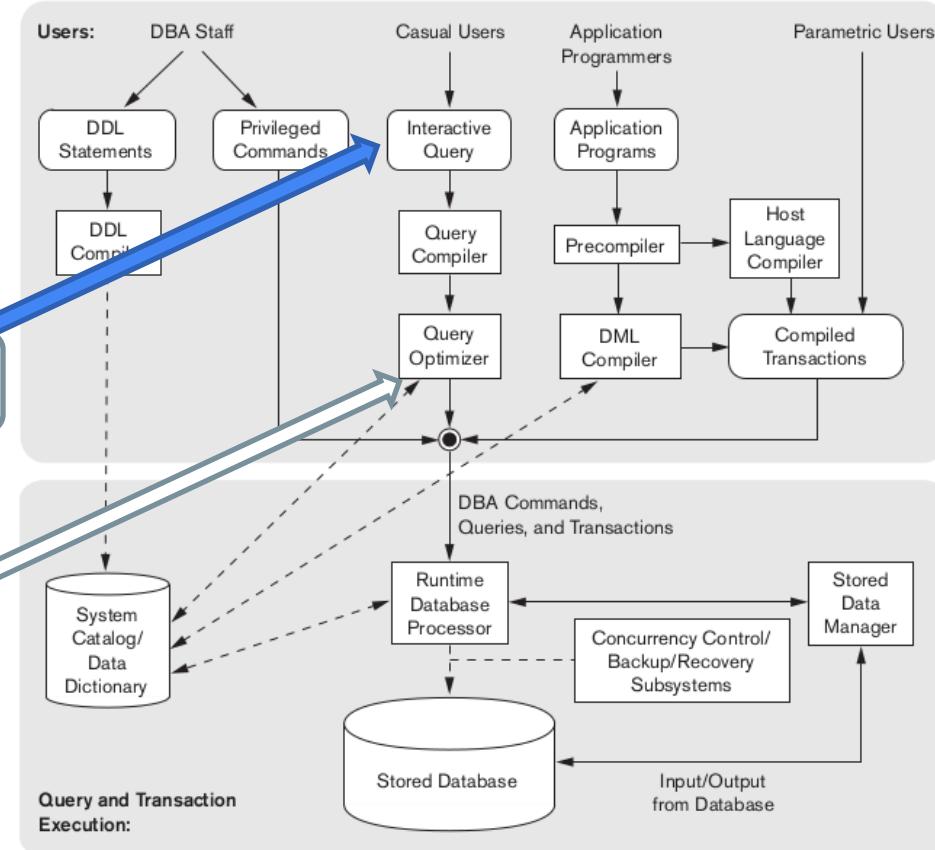
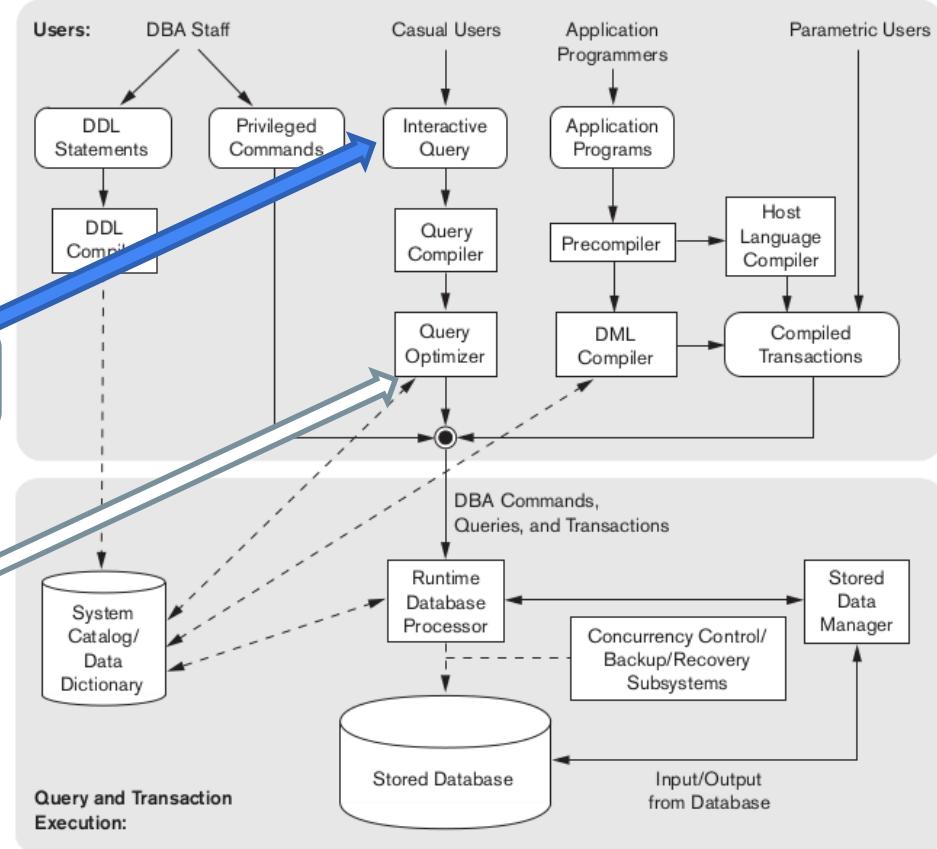
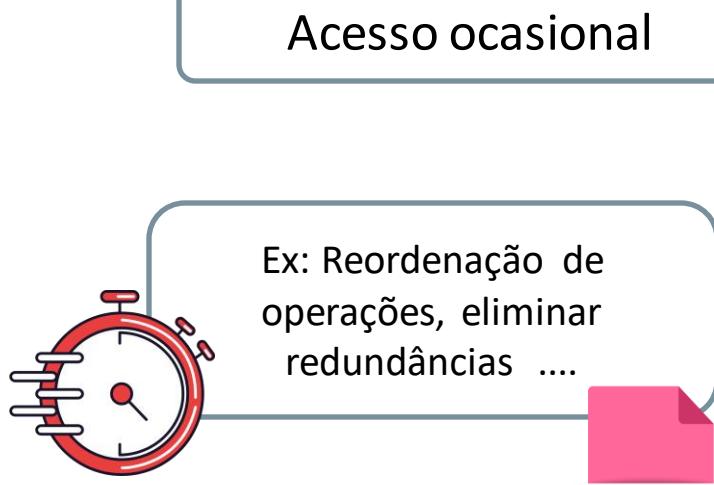


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes



Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes



Linguagens de prog.

Extrai DML

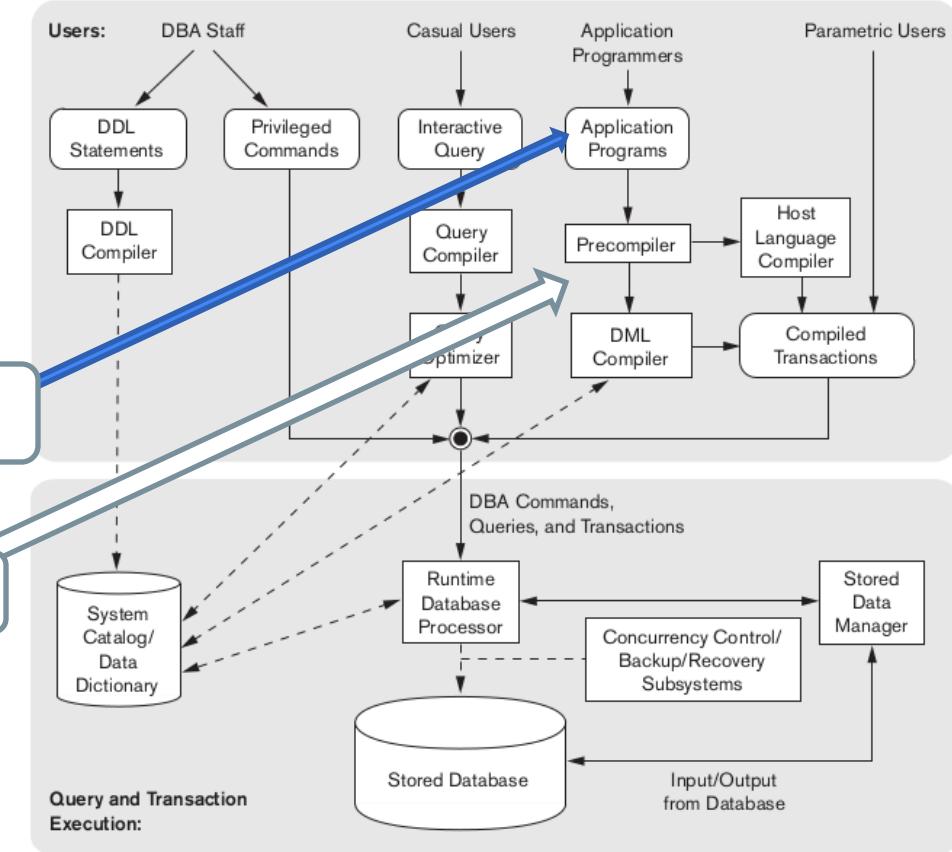


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

Canned Transaction

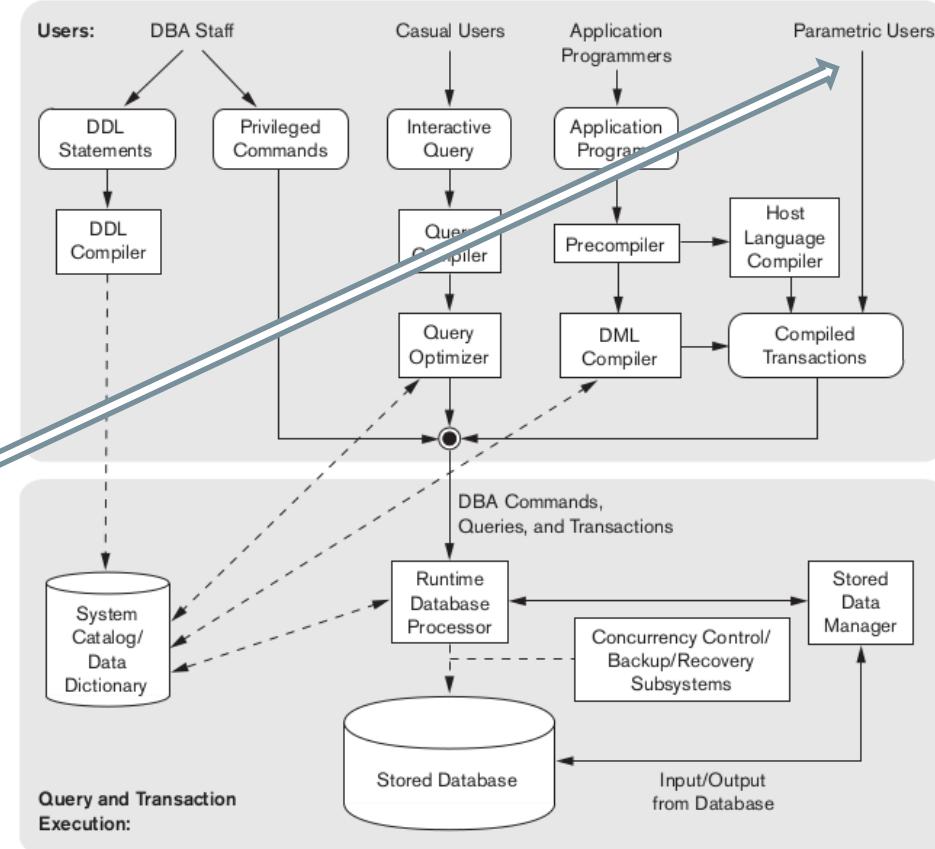


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

Privileged commands,
Query plans,
Canned transactions ...

Infos de hd/ram

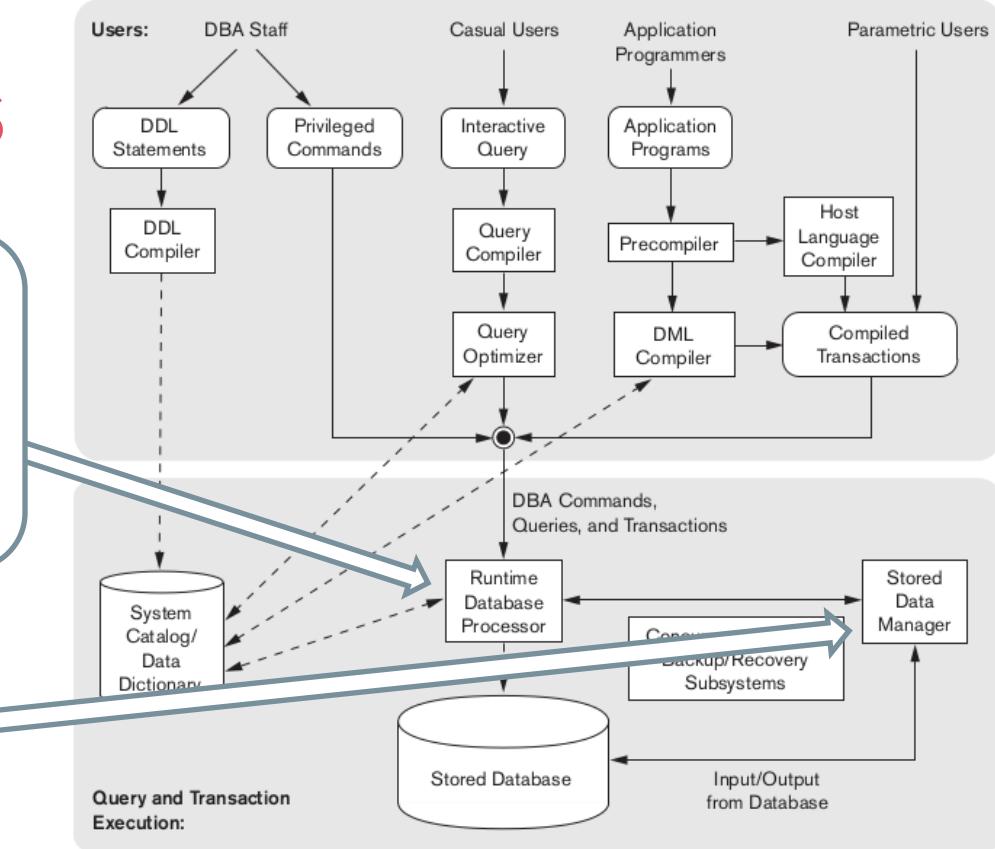


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Componentes

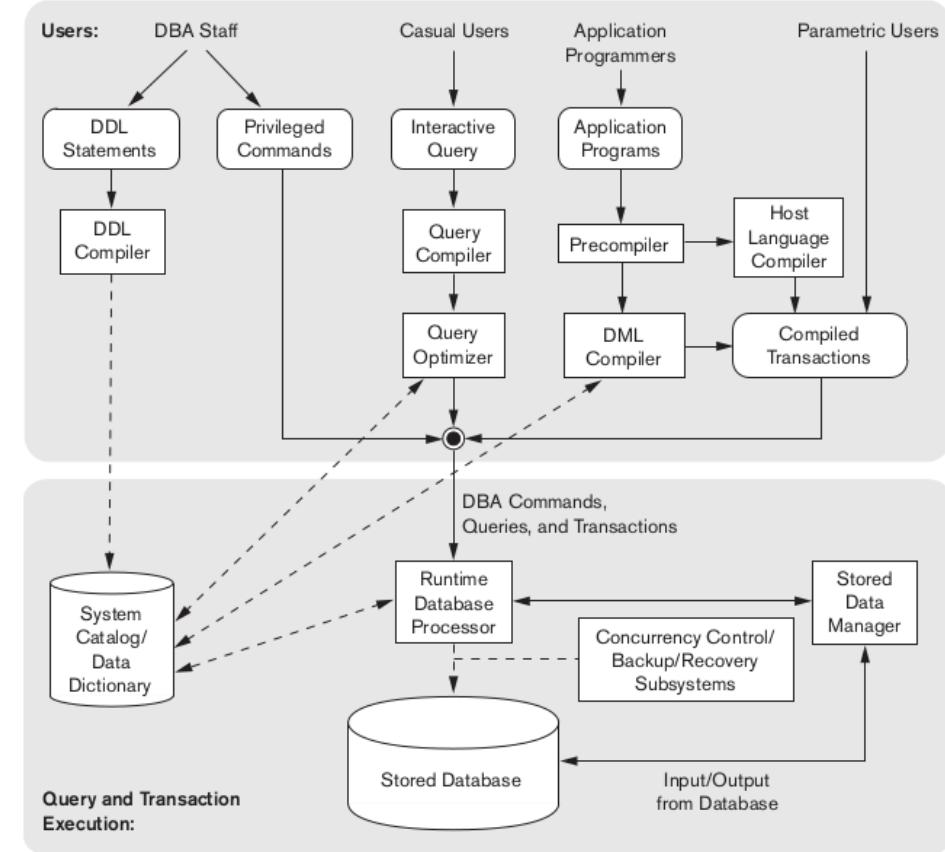
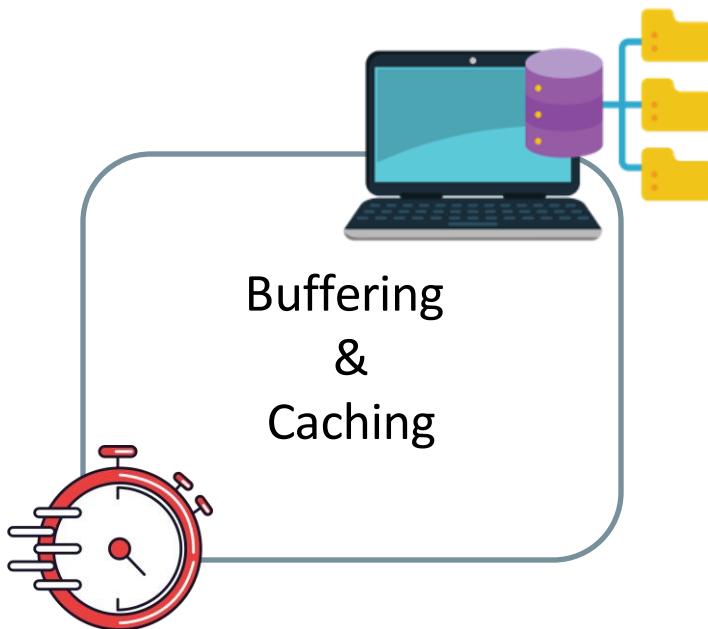
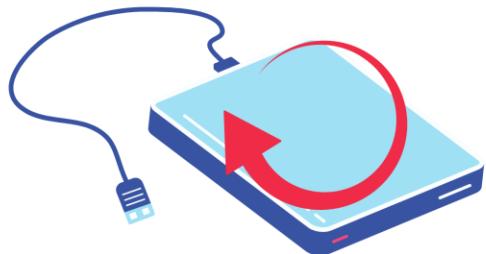


Figure 2.3

Component modules of a DBMS and their interactions.

Utilities – Gerenciamento



Monitoramento

Reorganização do storage

Backup

Loading

Reformatar os dados



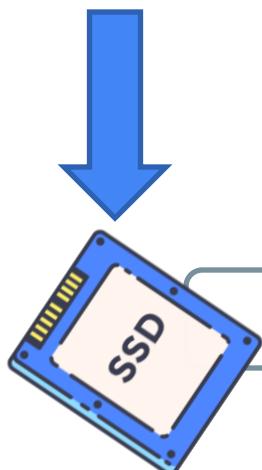
Utilities – Gerenciamento



Monitoramento

Reorganização do storage

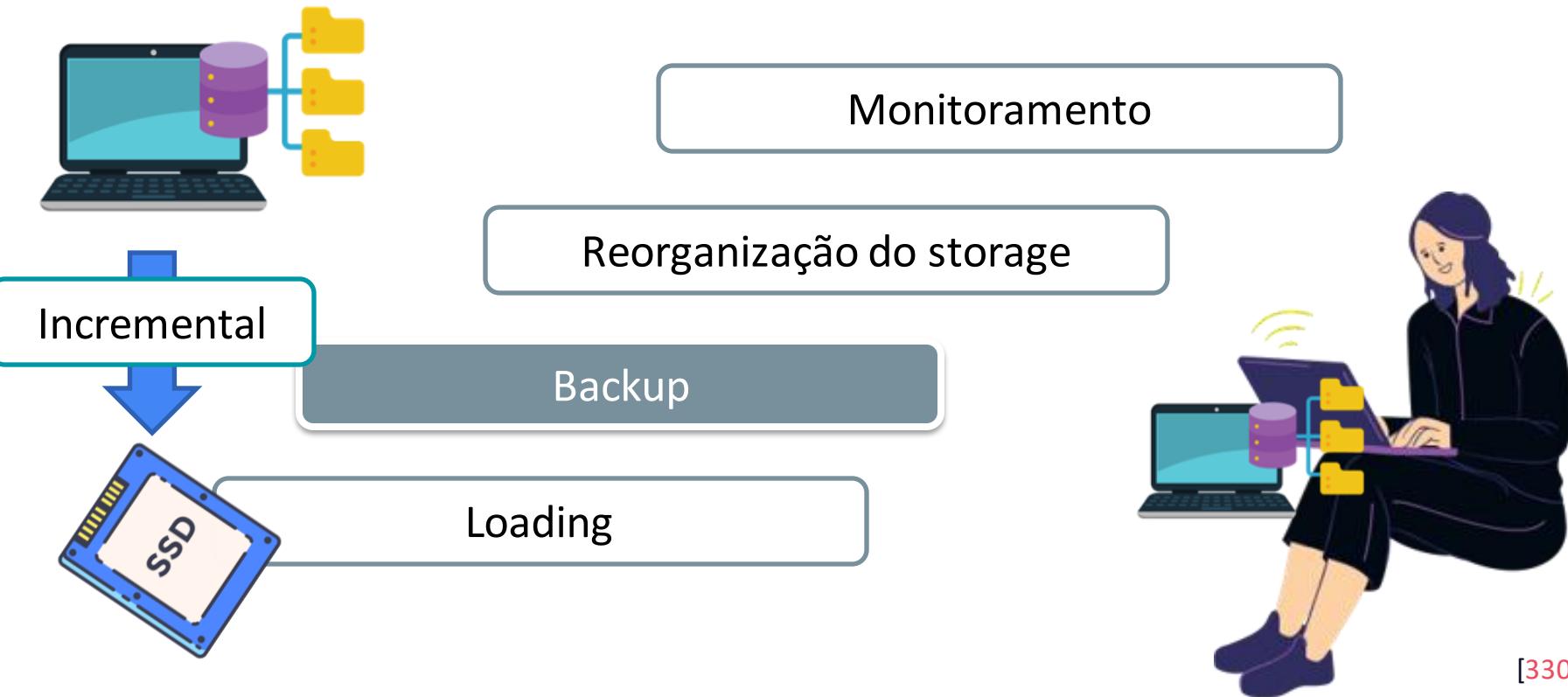
Backup



Loading



Utilities – Gerenciamento



Utilities – Gerenciamento



Monitoramento

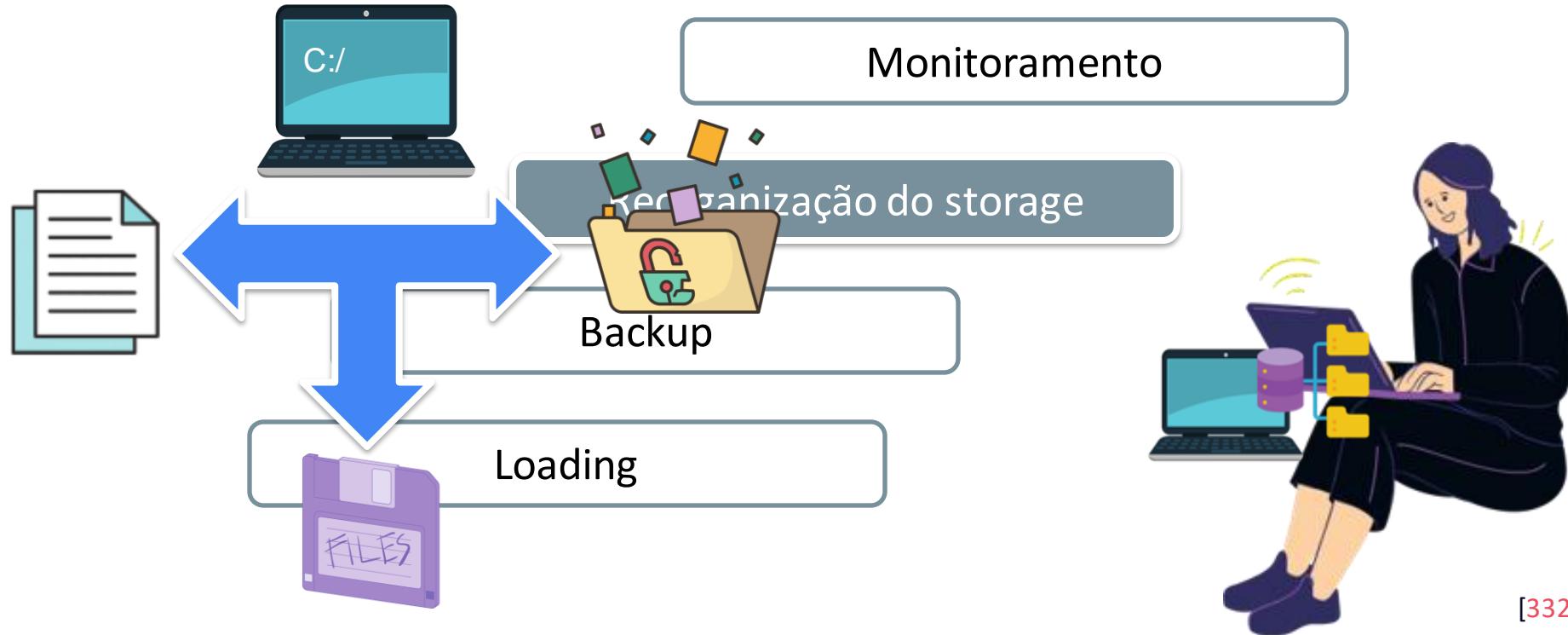
Reorganização do storage

Backup

Loading



Utilities – Gerenciamento



Utilities – Gerenciamento



Monitoramento

Reorganização do storage

Backup

Loading

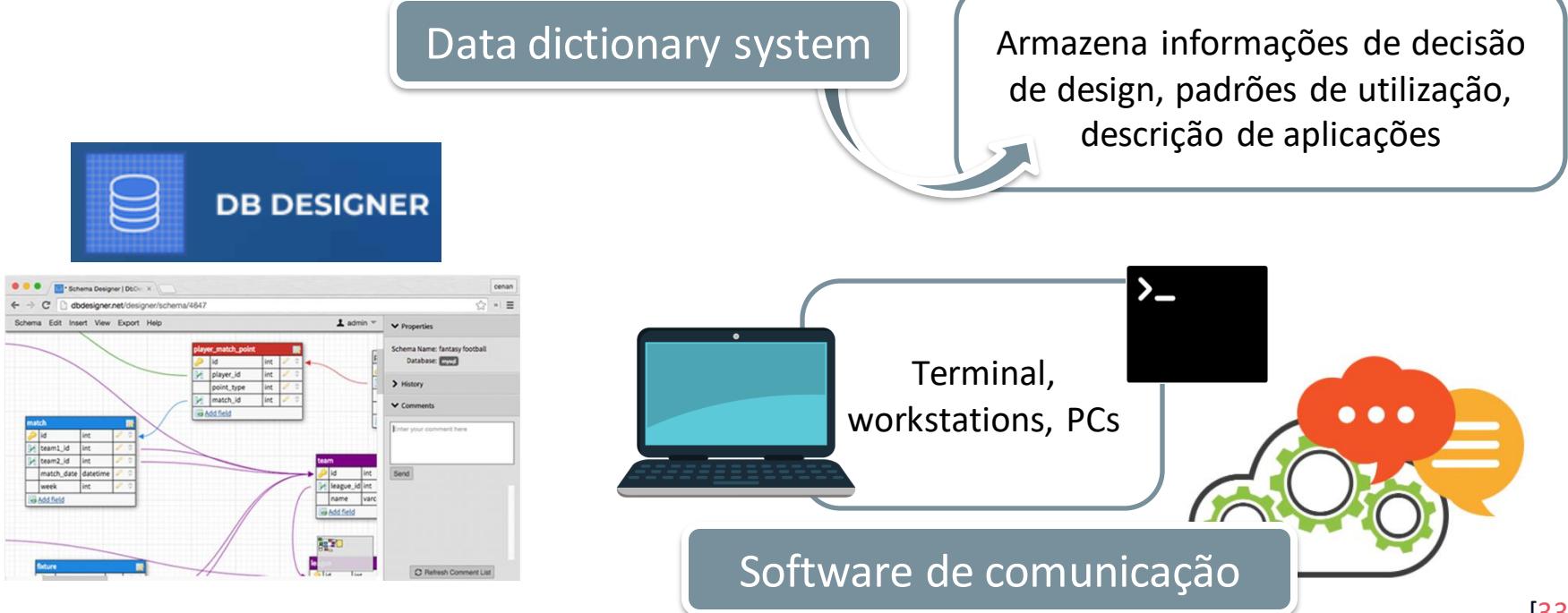
Estatísticas do BD



Decisões



Ferramentas e aplicações

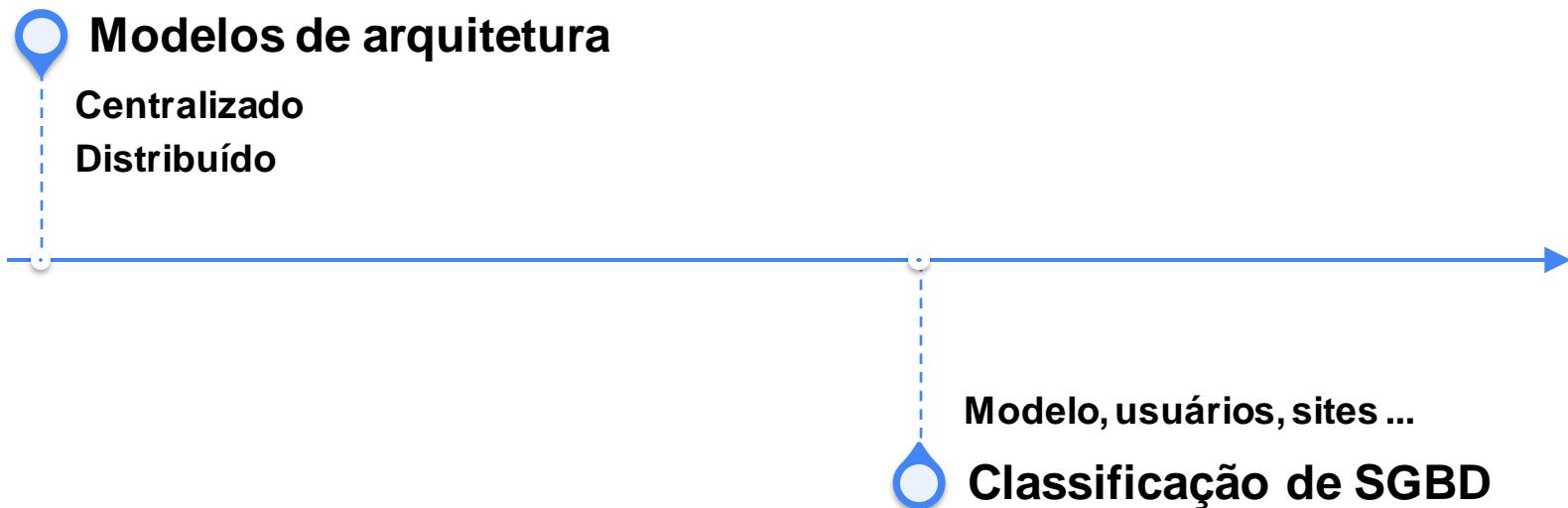


Etapa 10

Arquitetura: Modelo Cliente-servidor e Classificação de SGBDs

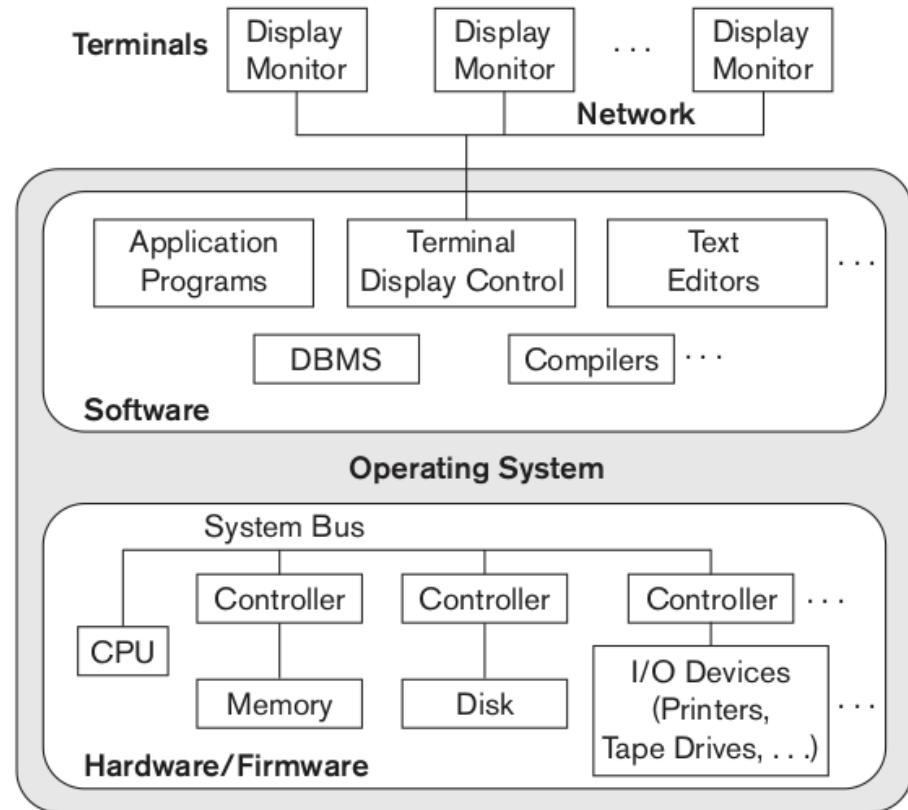
// Introdução à Banco de dados

Conversa

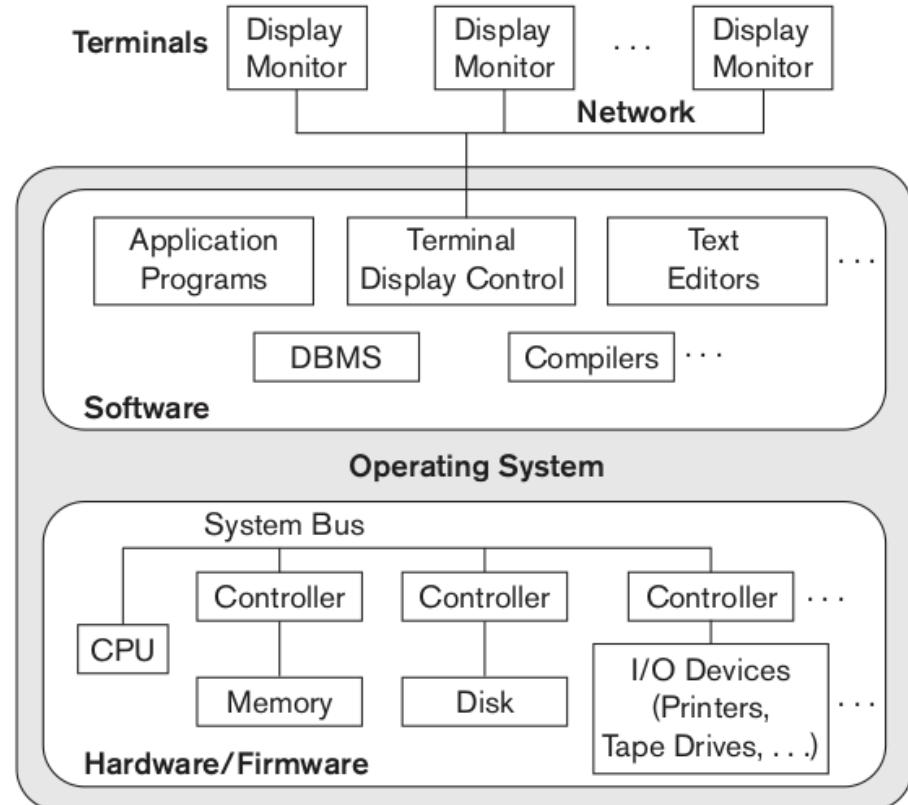
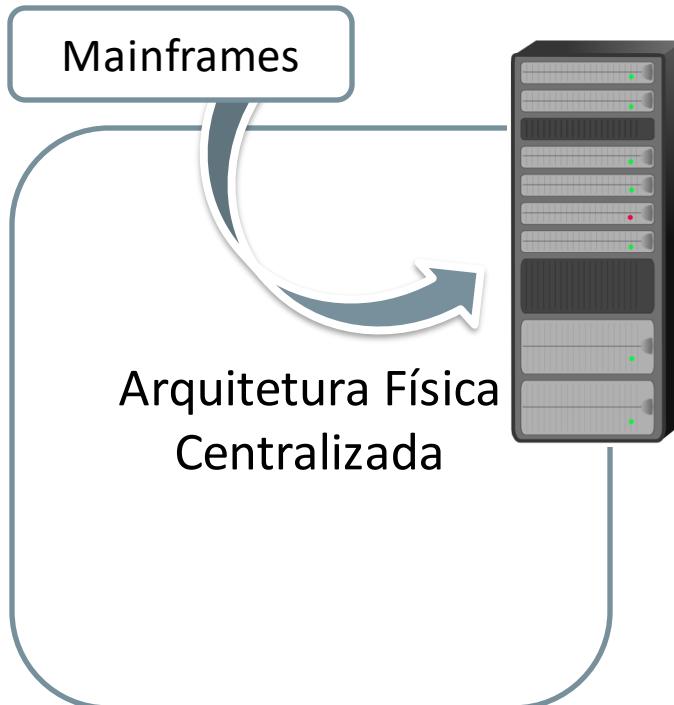


Arquitetura

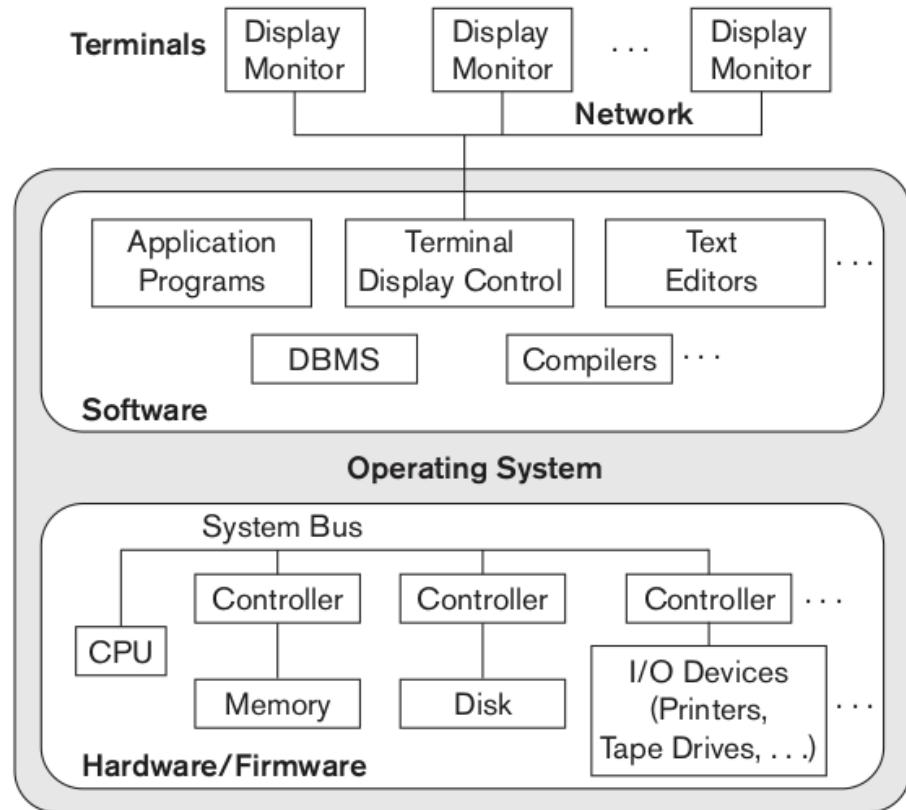
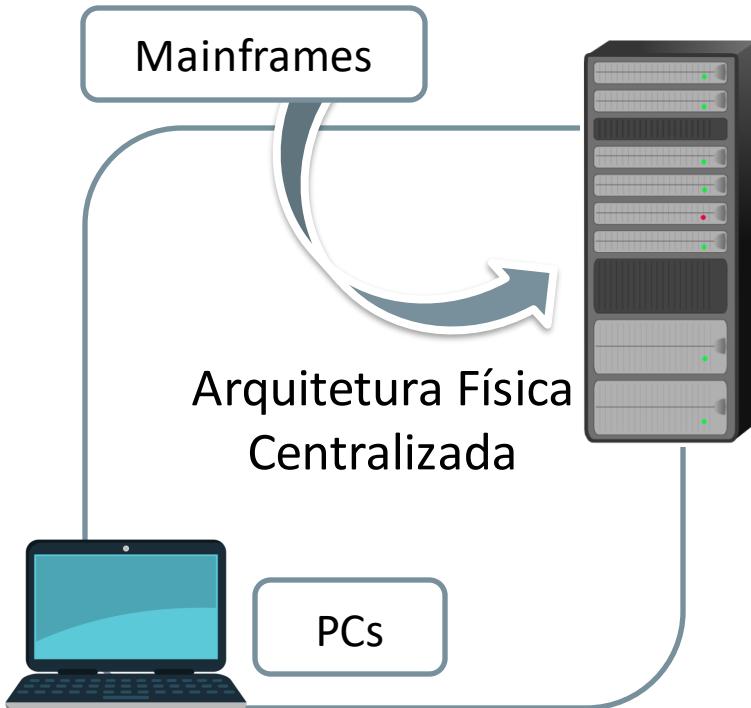
Arquitetura Física
Centralizada



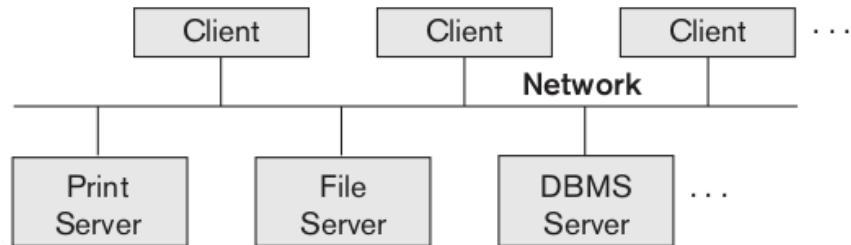
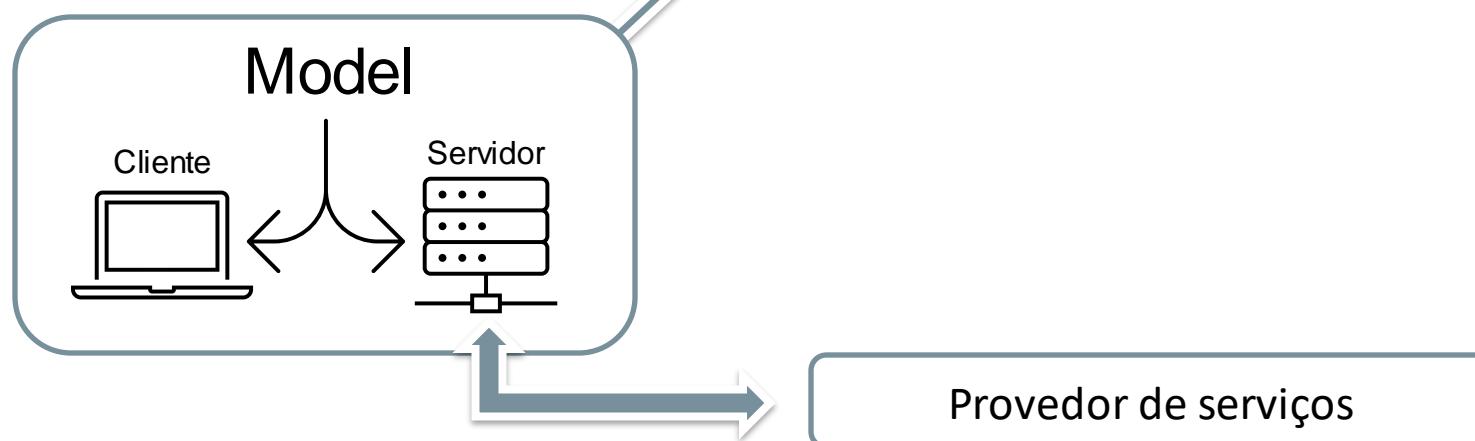
Arquitetura



Arquitetura



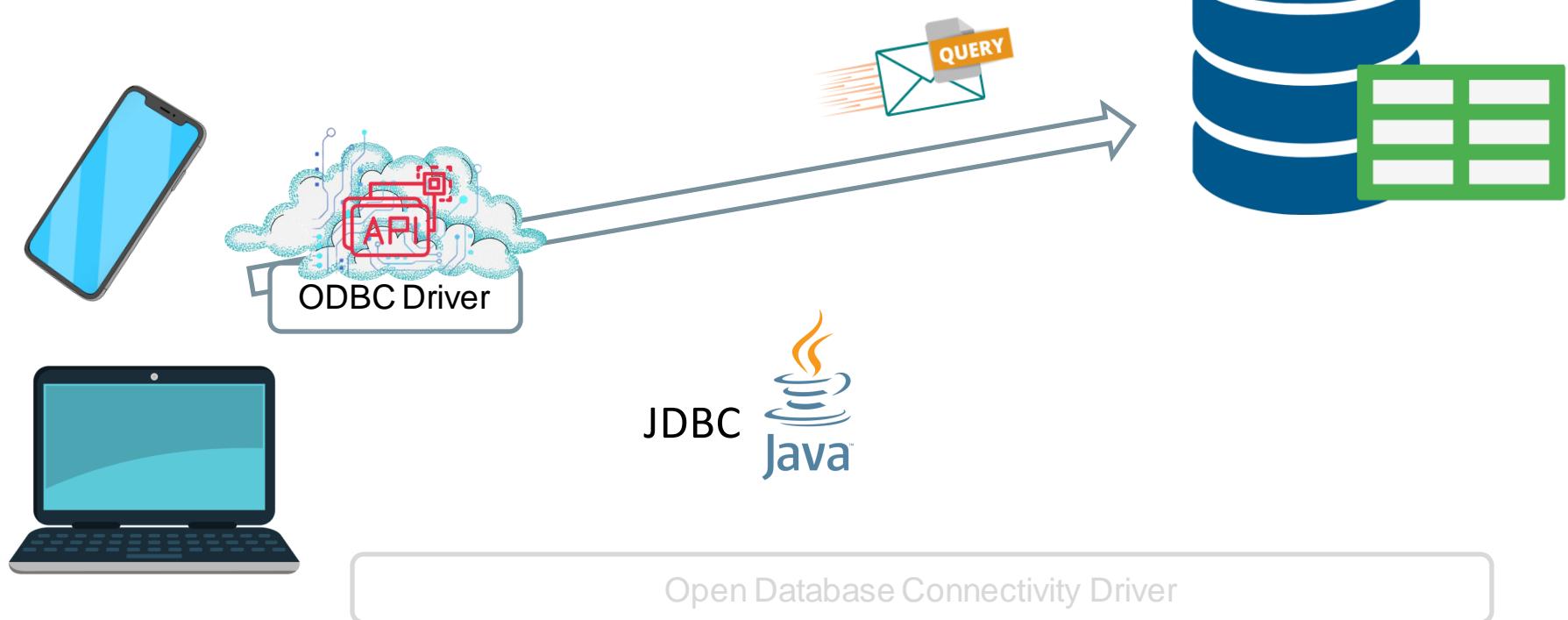
Arquitetura



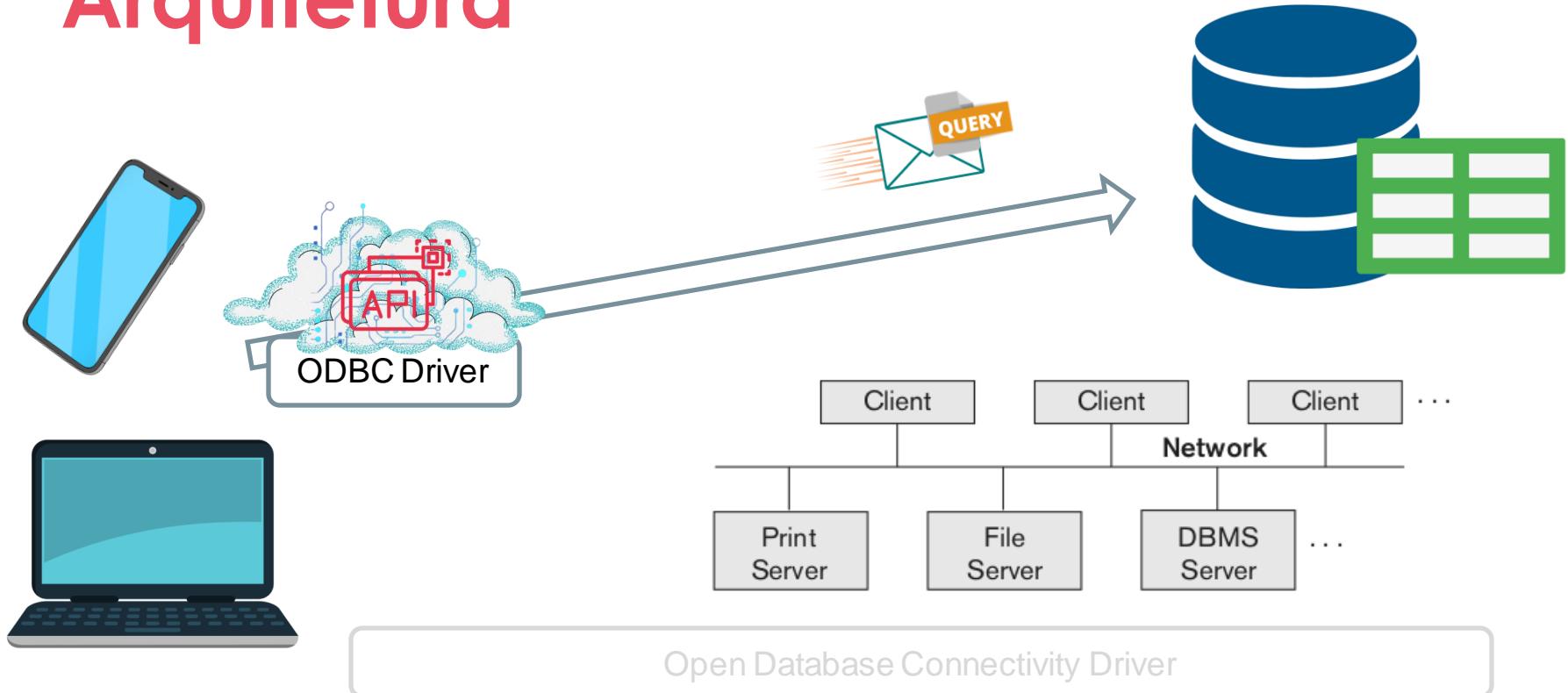
Arquitetura



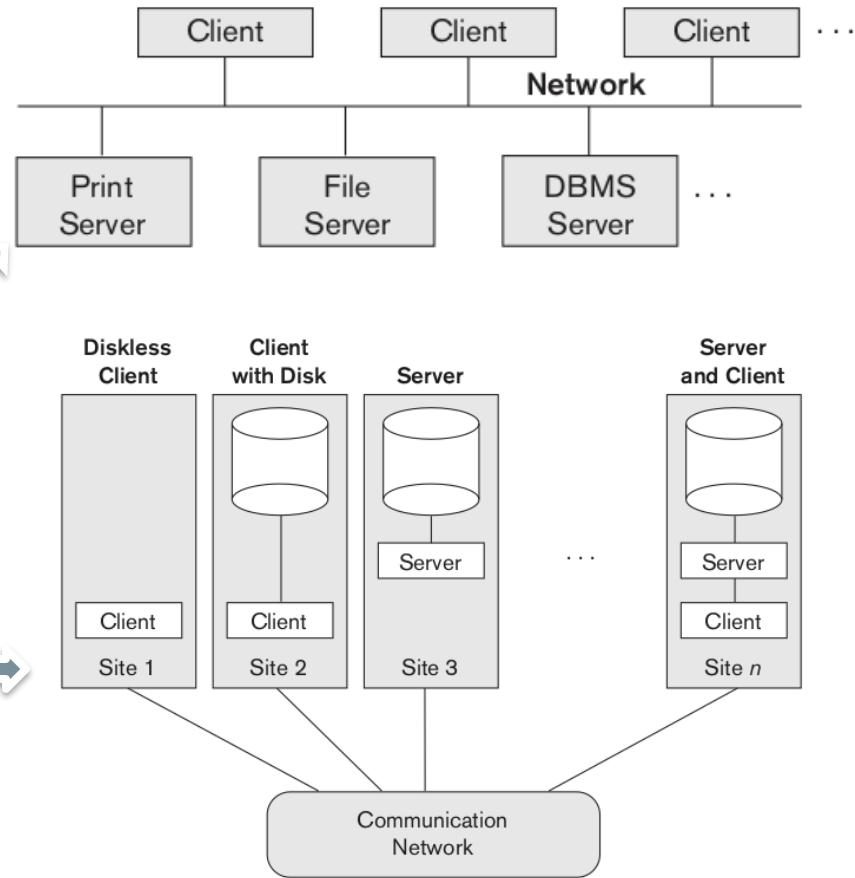
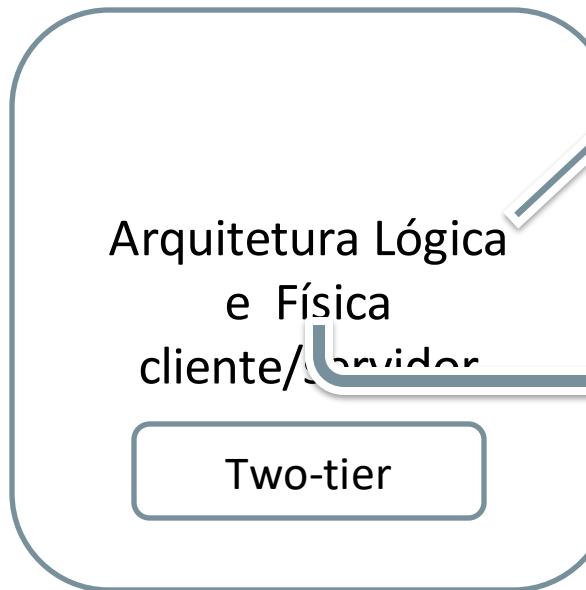
Arquitetura



Arquitetura



Arquitetura

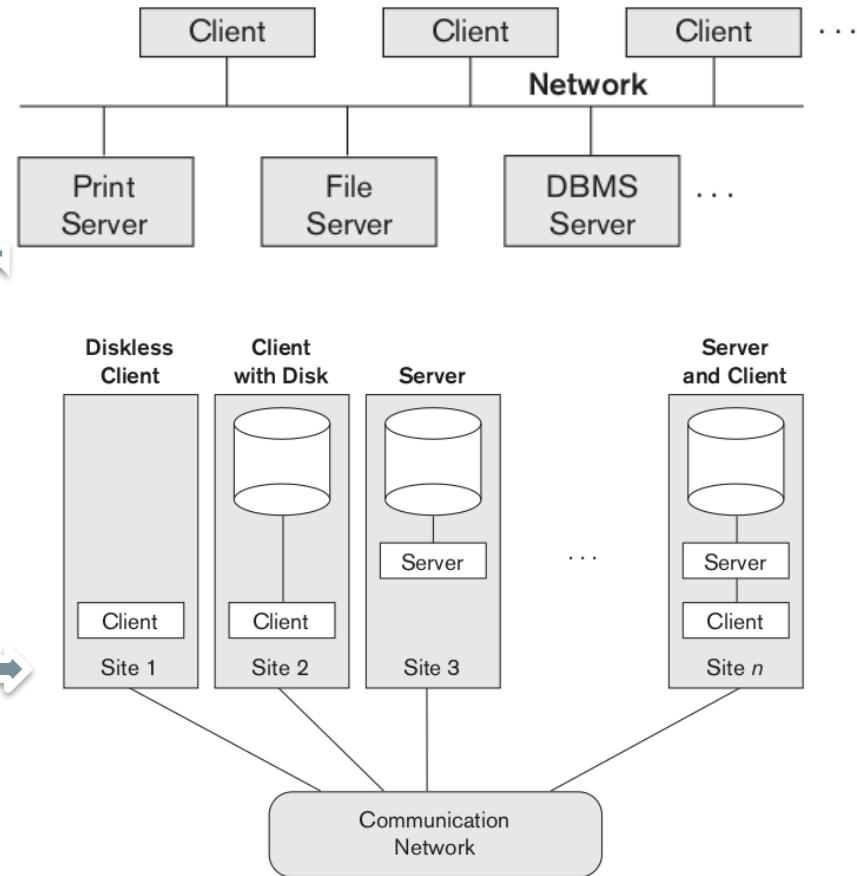


Arquitetura

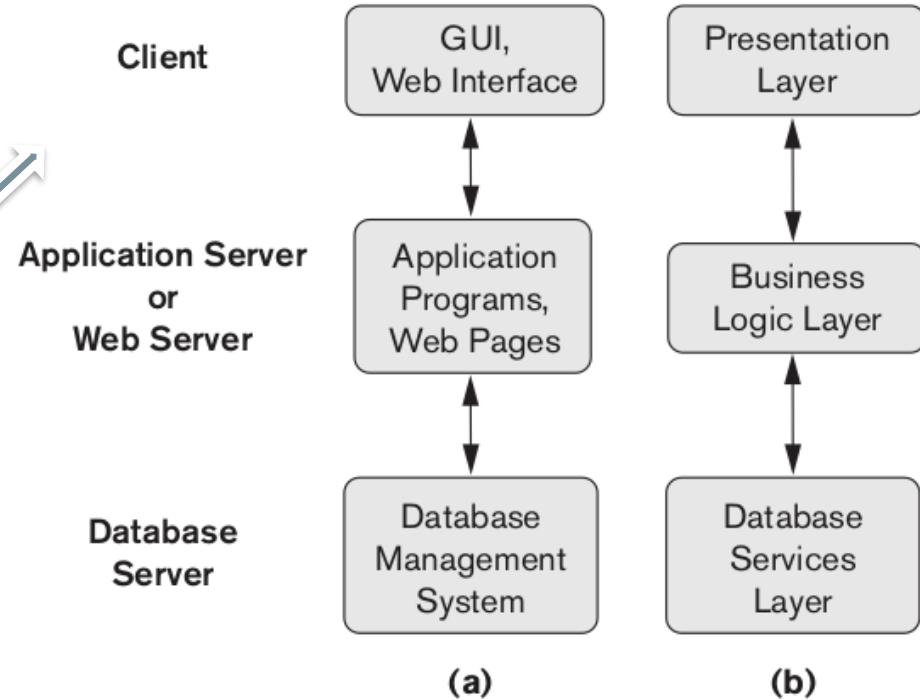
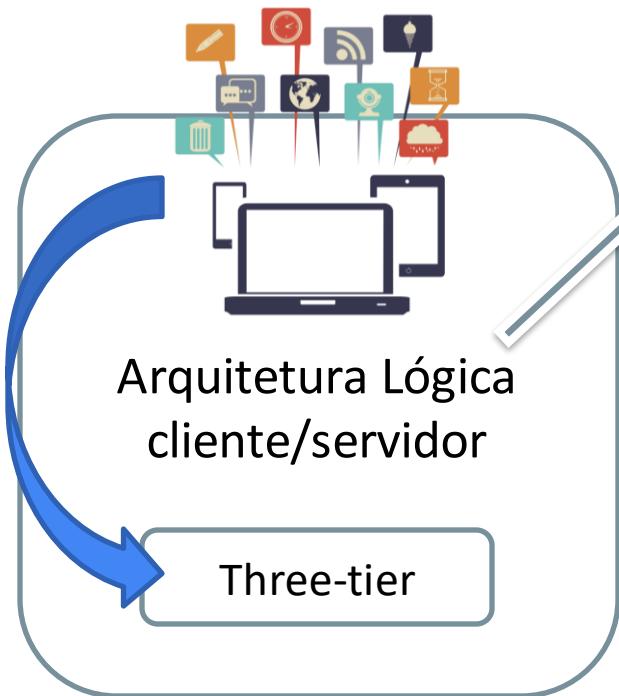
Simplicidade & Compatibilidade

Arquitetura Lógica
e Física
cliente/Servidor

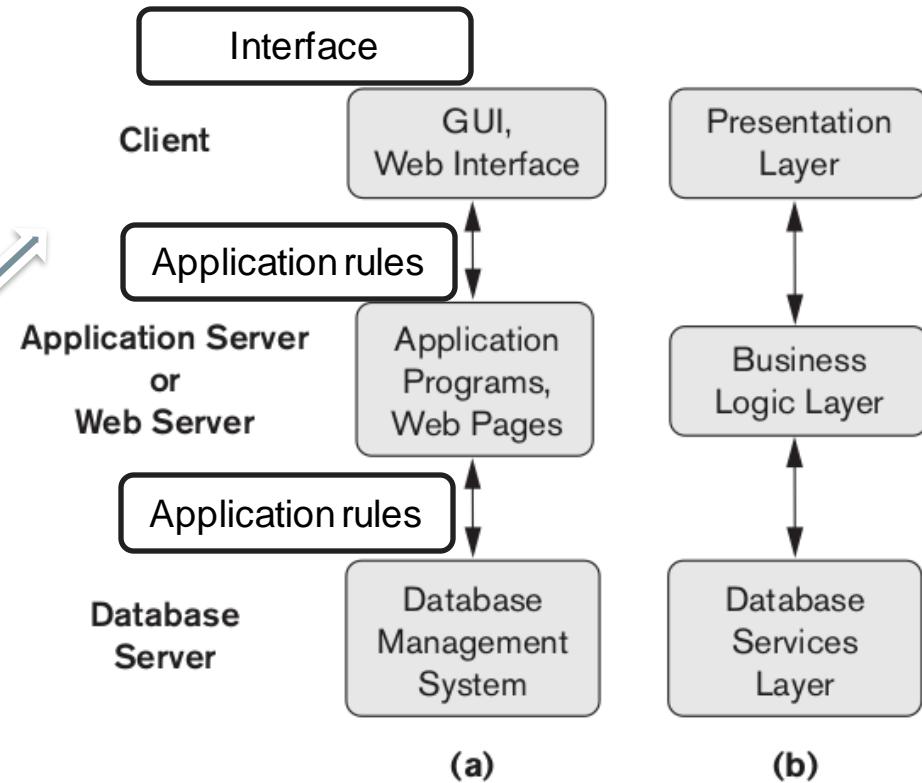
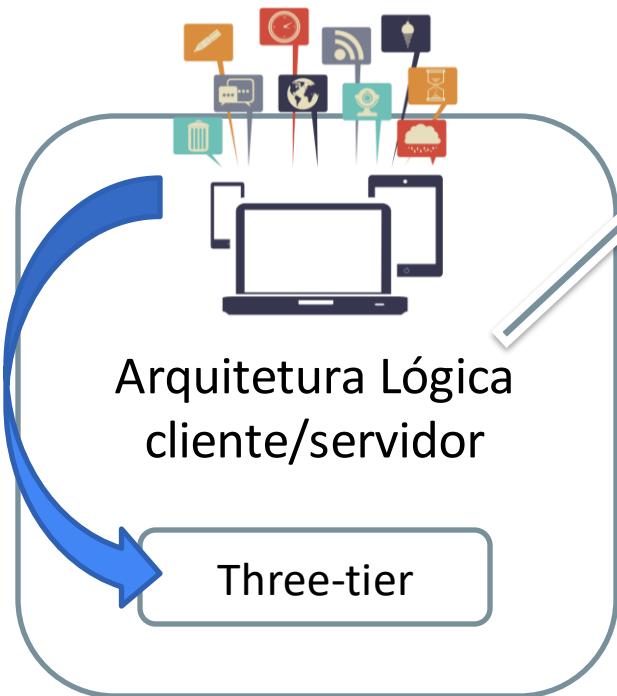
Two-tier



Arquitetura



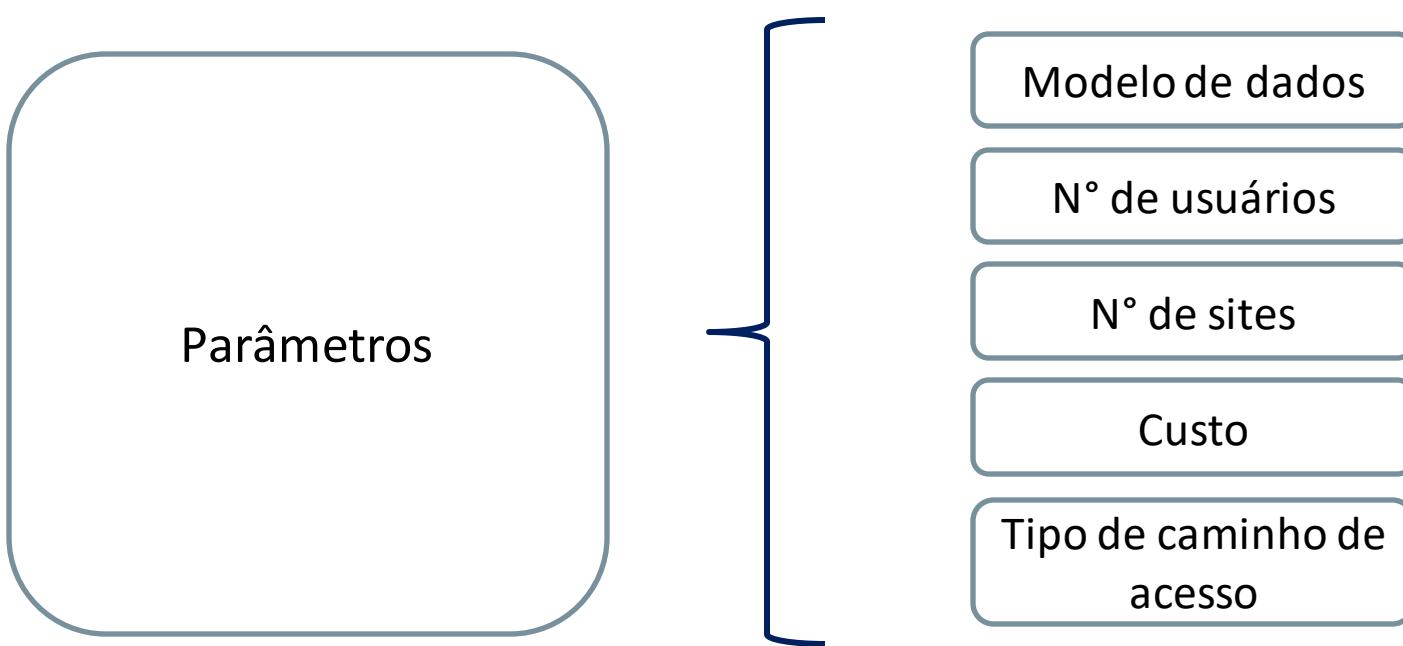
Arquitetura



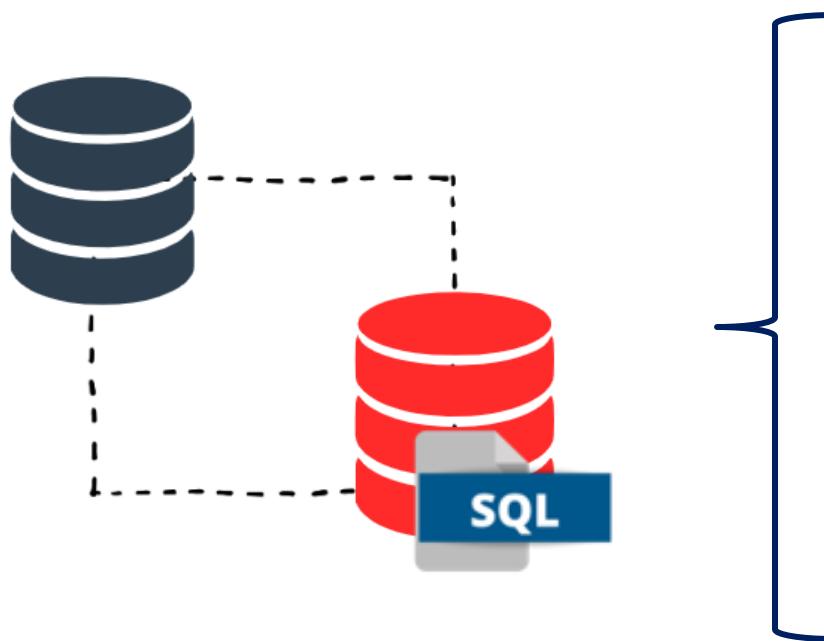
Classificação de SGBDs



Classificação



Classificação



Modelo de dados

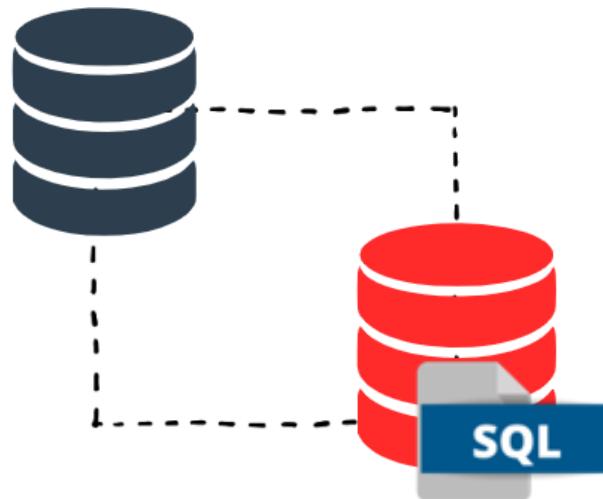
Nº de usuários

Nº de sites

Custo

Tipo de caminho de
acesso

Classificação



Modelo de dados

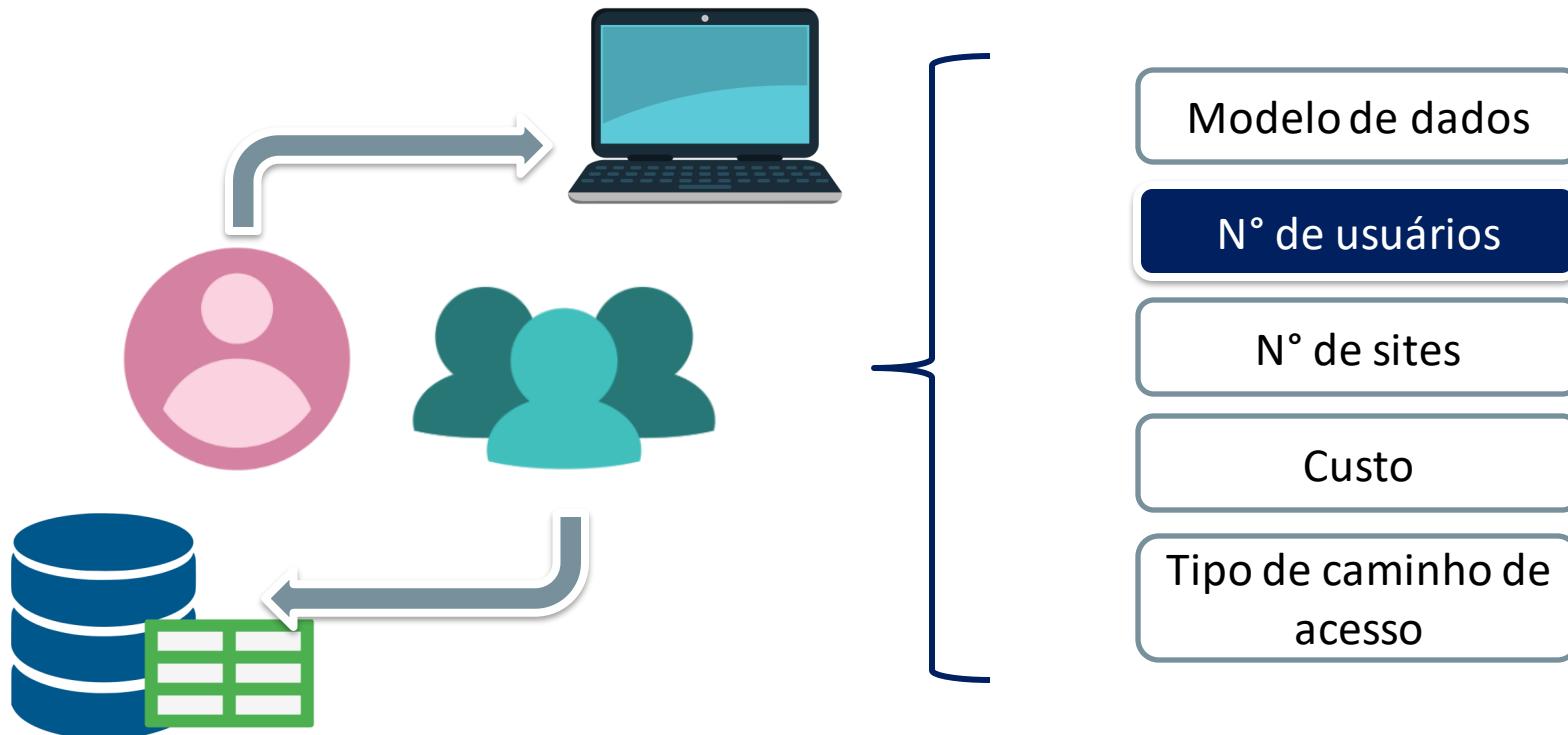
Nº de usuários

Nº de sites

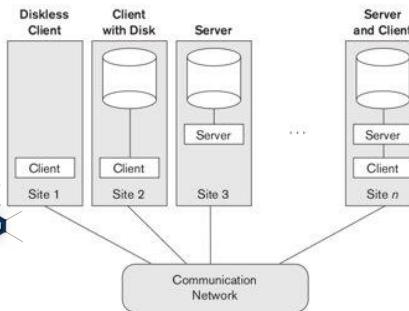
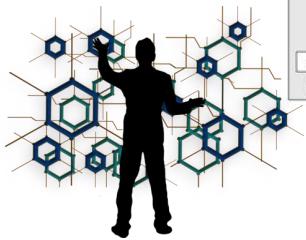
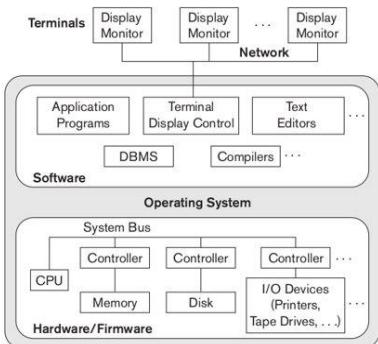
Custo

Tipo de caminho de
acesso

Classificação



Classificação



Modelo de dados

Nº de usuários

Nº de sites

Custo

Tipo de caminho de acesso

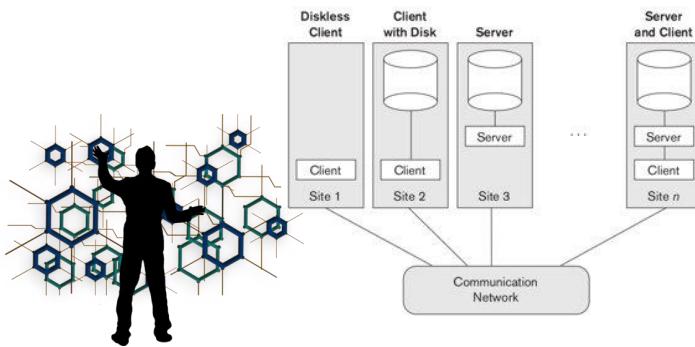
Classificação

Big data

Replicação

DB federado

Heterogeneidade



Modelo de dados

Nº de usuários

Nº de sites

Custo

Tipo de caminho de acesso

Classificação



ORACLE®

User licences

Módulos: replicação, paralelismo



Modelo de dados

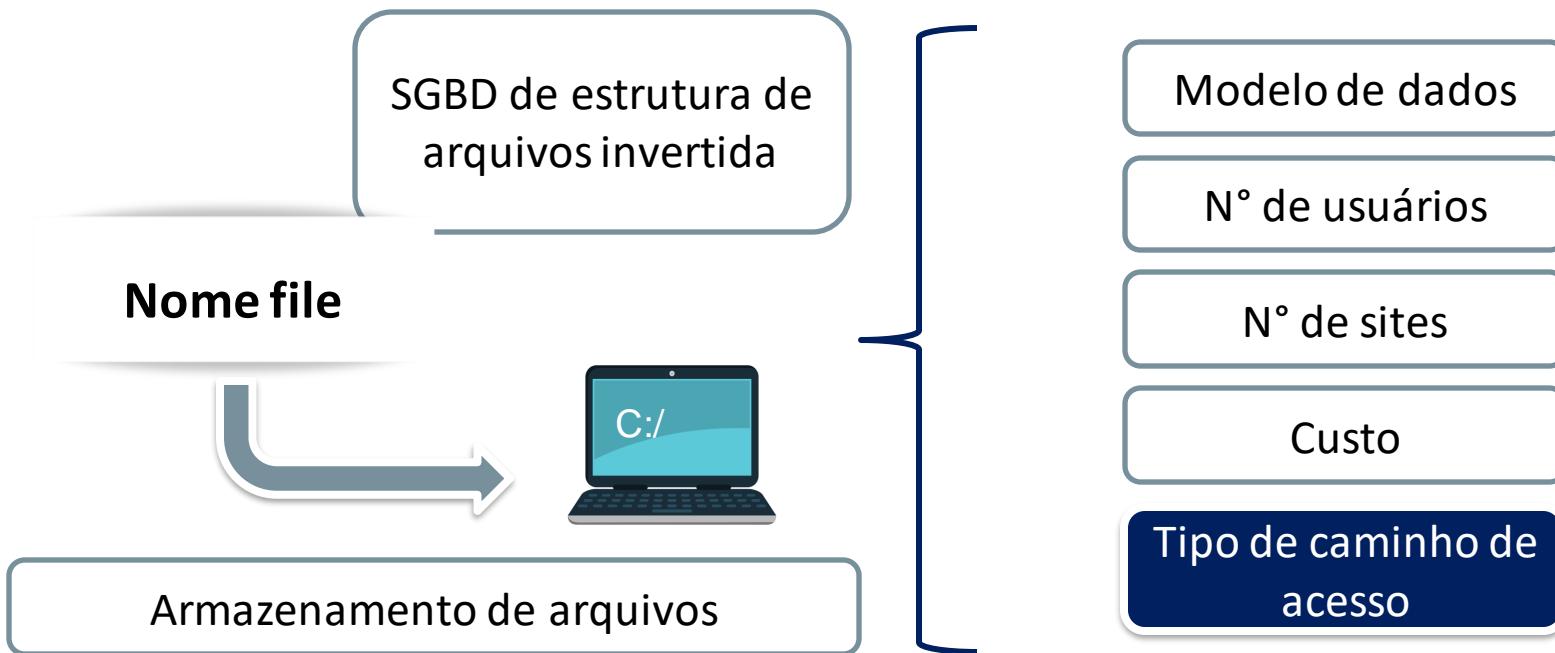
Nº de usuários

Nº de sites

Custo

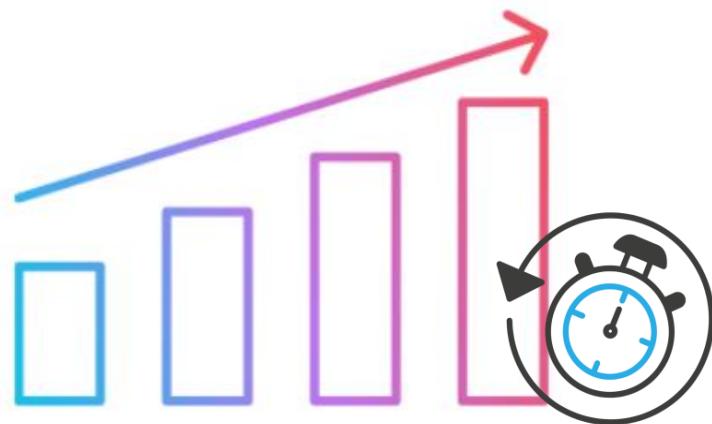
Tipo de caminho de
acesso

Classificação



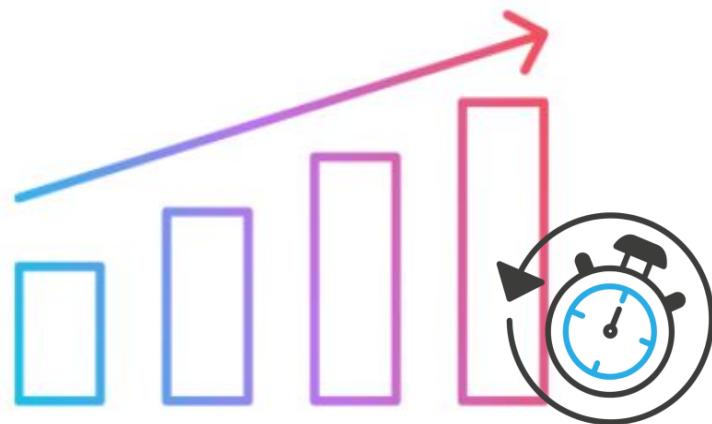
Classificação

Performance



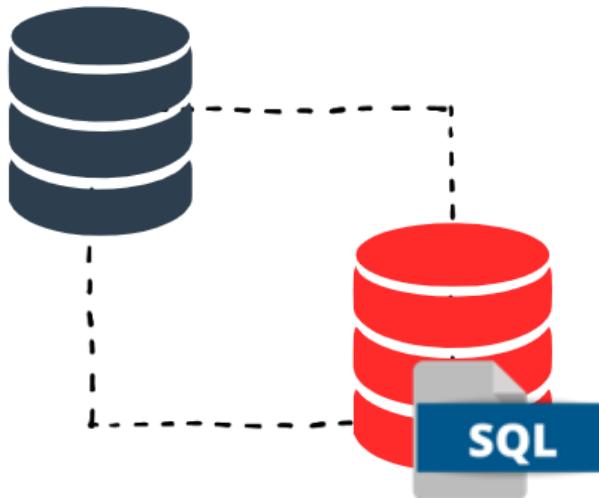
SGBD de Propósito Geral

Classificação



SGBD de Propósito Geral

Classificação - Relacional



Coleções de tabelas

Tabela



File

Alto Nível

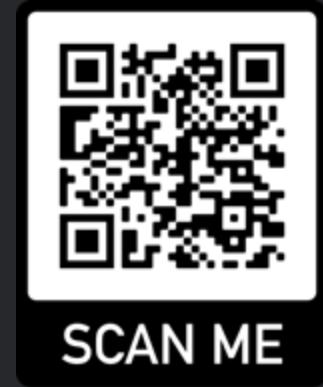
View



User

Dúvidas?

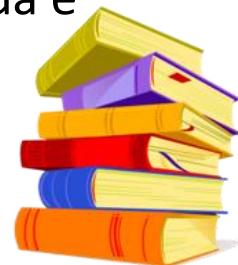
- > Fórum/Artigos
- > Comunidade Online (Discord)



Para saber mais

Referências principais:

- Referência bibliográfica: Fundamentals of Database Systems – Navathe, 7º edição editora: Pearson
- Projeto de banco de dados: Uma visão prática - Edição revisada e ampliada - Machado 17º edição, editora: Saraiva



Para saber mais

Outras referências:

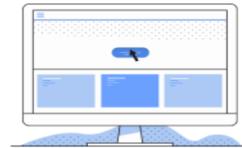
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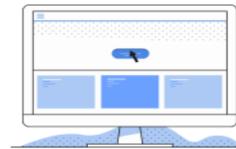


Para saber mais

Outras referências:

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/impedance-mismatch-in-dbms/#:~:text=Impedance%20mismatch%20is%20the%20term,Attributes%20and%20their%20data%20types>

<https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/mysql-reference-manual/0596002653/ch03s05.html>



Para saber mais

Outras referências:

<https://docs.oracle.com/pt-br/solutions/deploy-lustre-fs/index.html#:~:text=Lustre%C3%A9um%20sistema%20de,do%20Linux%20e%20do%20cluster.>

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/1075074/opinions-on-netcdf-vs-hdf5-for-storing-scientific-data#:~:text=NetCDF%20starting%20with%20version%204.0,a%20much%20wider%20tool%20base>



Para saber mais

Empresas e SGBDs:

<https://www.quora.com/What-are-all-the-DBMS-that-are-being-used-by-Google-Facebook-and-Twitter-1>
<https://introbigdata.org/>

<https://www.mongodb.com/big-data-explained/examples>
<https://intellipaat.com/blog/10-big-data-examples-application-of-big-data-in-real-life/>

<https://instagram-engineering.com/instagration-pt-2-scaling-our-infrastructure-to-multiple-data-centers-5745cbad7834>



Para saber mais

Empresas e SGBDs:

https://blog.twitter.com/engineering/en_us/topics/infrastructure/2017/the-infrastructure-behind-twitter-scale#:~:text=Twitter%20was%20built%20on%20MySQL,many%20large%20database%20clusters.

<https://www.mysql.com/customers/view/?id=757>

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Desafio textual

Defina!

- Dados e banco de dados
- SGBD, Sistema de Banco de Dados e Catálogo de BD
- Independência program/data, user view
- DBA, transações canned, metadados e aplicação de processamento de transação

Desafio

