

# RANGE

- `range(start,end,step)` #start=1, end=required argument, step=1

In [8]:

```
1 a=range(1,10)
2 print(type(a))
```

<class 'range'>

In [9]:

```
1 list(range(1,10))
```

Out[9]:

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

In [10]:

```
1 list(range(1,11,2))
```

Out[10]:

[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

In [11]:

```
1 range(5)
```

Out[11]:

range(0, 5)

In [12]:

```
1 list(range(5))
```

Out[12]:

[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

In [13]:

```
1 range(10,1)
```

Out[13]:

range(10, 1)

In [14]:

```
1 list(range(10,1))
```

Out[14]:

```
[]
```

In [15]:

```
1 list(range(10,0,-1))
```

Out[15]:

```
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

## WAP TO PRINT 1 - 10 Using For Loop

In [16]:

```
1 for i in range(1,11):  
2     print(i)
```

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10
```

In [17]:

```
1 for i in range(1,11):  
2     print(i,end=" ")
```

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

## WAP to print 1-10 every second value using for loop

In [18]:

```
1 for i in range(1,11,2):  
2     print(i)
```

```
1  
3  
5  
7  
9
```

# WAP TO PRINT 10 - 1 Using For Loop

In [19]:

```
1 for i in range(10,0,-1):
2     print(i)
```

10  
9  
8  
7  
6  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1

- Ascending eg. 1-10 start<end eg. 1,11 ---> step=1
- Descending e.g 10-1 start>end eg. 10,0 --->step=-1

# WAP TO PRINT FACTORIAL USER ENTER ANY NUMBER

```
1 factorial (!)
2 5!=5*4*3*2*1 = 120
3
4 5!=1*2*3*4*5 = 120
```

In [20]:

```
1 n = int(input("Enter a Number :- "))
2 f=1
3 for i in range(1,n+1):
4     f=f*i
5 print(f"Factorial of {n} is {f}")
```

Enter a Number :- 5  
Factorial of 5 is 120

**Write a Program to Add n Natural Number.**

In [36]:

```
1 #User Input
2 n=int(input("Enter a Number :- "))
3 tot=0
4 for i in range(1,n+1):
5     tot=tot+i
6 print(f"The Sum of {n} is {tot}")
```

Enter a Number :- 5  
The Sum of 5 is 15

# ITERATION OVER DATATYPES

In [21]:

```
1 x=["one","two","three","four","five"]
```

In [22]:

```
1 len("asif")
```

Out[22]:

4

In [23]:

```
1 len(x)
```

Out[23]:

5

In [24]:

```
1 list(range(0,len(x)))
```

Out[24]:

[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

In [25]:

```
1 #Indexing ke madad se  
2 for i in range(0,len(x)):  
3     print(x[i])
```

one  
two  
three  
four  
five

In [26]:

```
1 for i in x:  
2     print(i)
```

one  
two  
three  
four  
five

In [27]:

```
1 a=(11,12,13,14,15)
2 for i in range(len(a)):
3     print(a[i])
```

11  
12  
13  
14  
15

In [28]:

```
1 for i in range(len(a)):
2     print(a[i], end=" ")
```

11 12 13 14 15

In [29]:

```
1 b ="python is fun"
2 for i in range(len(b)):
3     print(b[i])
```

p  
y  
t  
h  
o  
n  
  
i  
s  
  
f  
u  
n

In [30]:

```
1 z=["hey", "now", "hello", "my", "world"]
2
3 for i in z:
4     print(i)
```

hey  
now  
hello  
my  
world

## DICTIONARY

In [32]:

```
1 d={"a":10,"b":20,"c":30,"d":40}
2
3 for i in d.keys():
4     print(i)
```

a  
b  
c  
d

In [33]:

```
1 for i in d.values():
2     print(i)
```

10  
20  
30  
40

In [34]:

```
1 for i in d.items():
2     print(i)
```

('a', 10)  
('b', 20)  
('c', 30)  
('d', 40)

In [35]:

```
1 for i,j in d.items():
2     print(i,j)
```

a 10  
b 20  
c 30  
d 40

## Swapping Variables

In [37]:

```
1 x=5
2 y=10
```

In [38]:

```
1 x,y=y,x
```

In [39]:

```
1 x
```

Out[39]:

10

In [40]:

```
1 y
```

Out[40]:

5

In [41]:

```
1 x=5
2 y=10
```

In [42]:

```
1 z=x
2 x=y
3 y=z
```

## FIBONACCI SERIES

- The Fibonacci Series is a Series of numbers where a number is the addition of last two numbers. Starting with 0 and 1.
- The Fibonacci Sequence : 0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21,34,55.....and so on

Fibo PPt

```
1 x=0
2 y=1
3
4 loop(n):
5     z<----x+y
6     x<----y
7     y<-----x+y
```

In [1]:

```
1 x=0
2 y=1
3 for i in range(10):
4     z=x+y
5     x=y
6     y=z
7     print(z,end=" ")
```

1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89

In [2]:

```
1 n=int(input("Enter a Series you want :- "))
2 x=0
3 y=1
4
5 for i in range(n+1):
6     print(x,end=" ")
7     z=x+y
8     x=y
9     y=z
```

Enter a Series you want :- 10  
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55

### Difference Between For Loop And While Loop

- For Loop is used when we have definite iteration
- While Loop is used when we have infinite iteration
- For Loop is faster than while loop
- For Loop can iterate through a collection.
- While loop simply loop untill the condition become false.
- Syntax:- for i in range()
- Syntax:- while (condition)

In [ ]:

1