

ASSIGNMENT – 39 Dt:10.05.24

MACHINE LEARNING

In Q1 to Q11, only one option is correct, choose the correct option:

1. Which of the following methods do we use to find the best fit line for data in Linear Regression?

- A) Least Square Error B) Maximum Likelihood
- C) Logarithmic Loss D) Both A and B

Ans: A) Least Square Error

2. Which of the following statement is true about outliers in linear regression?

- A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers B) linear regression is not sensitive to outliers
- C) Can't say D) none of these

Ans: A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers

3. A line falls from left to right if a slope is _____?

- A) Positive B) Negative
- C) Zero D) Undefined

Ans: B) Negative

4. Which of the following will have symmetric relation between dependent variable and independent variable?

- A) Regression B) Correlation
- C) Both of them D) None of these

Ans: C) Both of them

5. Which of the following is the reason for over fitting condition?

- A) High bias and high variance B) Low bias and low variance
- C) Low bias and high variance D) none of these

Ans: C) Low bias and high variance

6. If output involves label, then that model is called as:

- A) Descriptive model B) Predictive modal
- C) Reinforcement learning D) All of the above

Ans: B) Predictive model

7. Lasso and Ridge regression techniques belong to _____?

- A) Cross validation B) Removing outliers
- C) SMOTE D) Regularization

Ans: D) Regularization

8. To overcome with imbalance dataset which technique can be used?

- A) Cross validation B) Regularization
- C) Kernel D) SMOTE

Ans: D) SMOTE

9. The AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve is an evaluation metric for binary classification problems. It uses _____ to make graph?

- A) TPR and FPR B) Sensitivity and precision
- C) Sensitivity and Specificity D) Recall and precision

Ans: A) TPR and FPR

10. In AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve for the better model area under the curve should be less.

- A) True B) False

Ans: B) False

11. Pick the feature extraction from below:

- A) Construction bag of words from an email
- B) Apply PCA to project high dimensional data
- C) Removing stop words
- D) Forward selection

Ans: B) Apply PCA to project high dimensional data

In Q12, more than one options are correct, choose all the correct options:

12. Which of the following is true about Normal Equation used to compute the coefficient of the Linear Regression?

- A) We don't have to choose the learning rate.
- B) It becomes slow when number of features is very large.
- C) We need to iterate.
- D) It does not make use of dependent variable.

Ans: A) We don't have to choose the learning rate.

B) It becomes slow when number of features is very large.

MACHINE LEARNING

Q13 and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

13. Explain the term regularization?

Ans: Regularization is a set of methods for reducing overfitting in machine learning models. It helps to sort overfitting problem by restricting the degrees of freedom of a given equation i.e. simply reducing the number of degrees of a polynomial function by reducing their corresponding weights. **Basically, it helps to reduce the variance of the model without a substantial increase in the bias.**

14. Which particular algorithms are used for regularization?

Ans: **LASSO**: It penalizes the model based on the sum of magnitude of the coefficients

RIDGE: It penalizes the model based on the sum of squares of magnitude of the coefficients

ELASTICNET

15. Explain the term error present in linear regression equation?

Ans: An error term also termed as residual represents the margin of error present within machine learning model. It refers to the sum of the deviations within the regression line, which provides an explanation for the difference between the predicted value of the model and the actual observed results.

The error term is a random variable with a mean of zero and a constant variance. The meaning of this is that the variances of the independent variables are independent of the value of the variable.