## **Tests**

Read in data

Make a table

See ?@tbl-table1 for details.

Now try for the kable version:

Another DiD table

See ?@tbl-table3 for more.

See ?@fig-cbhp-map.

	DiD		Adjusted DiD <sup>a</sup>		
	ATT	(95% CI)	ATT	(95% CI)	
Outdoor	1.07	(-4.90, 7.04)	1.53	(-4.19, 7.26)	
Personal exposure	-5.60	(-13.70, 2.54)	-5.39	(-13.1, 2.35)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Note: Models adjusted for ???

The source profiles for the four-factor solution are presented in Figure X. The first source was identified as dust by high percentages of crustal elements like wi-Ca, Si, and wi-Mg. The second source was constituted of non-sulfate sulfur as well as secondary inorganic ions (ammonium, nitrate, and sulfate). Non-sulfate sulfur is a tracer for primary coal combustion, while secondary inorganic ions indicate a secondary source. Since coal combustion is a major source of energy in our study area, it is likely that the second source is a mixture of primary and secondary emissions that originate from coal and other sulfurous fuel combustion.

Additionally, in Figure 1 for details. the mean source contribution of the second source is higher in outdoor than personal exposure measurements. Secondary formation occurs outdoors in the presence of sunlight, so higher outdoor concentrations compared personal exposure further support our naming the second source and sulfur The third secondary. source had high percentages of ws-Ca nd Al, which in our study region, has been found to be indicative of transported

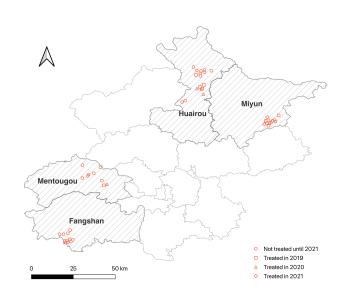


Figure 1: Google scholar metrics

dust from dust storms that can occur in the spring. While our samples were collected during winter months only, it is possible that transported dust from previous years still remained. The fourth source was characterized by high percentages of tracers for both coal (OC, wi-K, chloride, Pb) and biomass combustion (EC, ws-K). Coal and biomass combustion is common in our study setting so this source is likely a mixture of the two combustion sources.

Another example

Respiratory tables

Rows: 6 Columns: 3

-- Column specification ------

Delimiter: ","

chr (3): type, att, model

		DiD		Adjusted DiD <sup>a</sup>		Adjusted CDE <sup>b</sup>	
	ATT	(95%CI)	ATT	(95%CI)	ATT	(95%CI)	
		,		(-5.03, 1.82)		,	
Central DBP	-0.58	(-2.59, 1.43)	-1.26	(-3.38, 0.87)	-1.37	(-3.69, 0.96)	

Note: ATT = Average Treatment Effect on the Treated, DiD = Difference-in-Differences, CDE = Controlled Direct Effect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Adjusted for age, sex, waist circumference, smoking, alcohol consumption, and use of blood pressure medication.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> Further adjusted for mediation by mixed combustion source (coal and biomass)

i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

i Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.