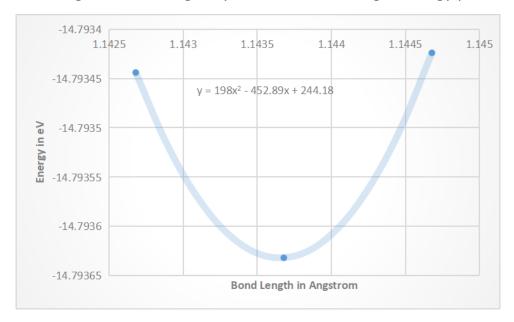
## **Hands on Assignment 2**

## MM19B027 Bhuvanesh P

- (i) The equilibrium bond length of CO as calculated from the program is  $1.143679155 \, A^{\circ}$  units
- (ii) By stretching the bond length by 0.001 A° units we get energy plot as



The equation that can be fitted is given by  $y = 198x^2 - 452.89x + 244.18$ 

In order to find the frequency

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha(w1 + w2)}{w1 \, w2}}$$

The equation above gives the vibrational frequency between atoms.

We get  $\alpha$  after double differentiating the energy equation with respect to distance

$$\alpha = \frac{d^2E}{dx^2}$$
 = 2 x 198 = 369

This is not in SI units to convert it we need to multiply by 1.6 X  $10^{-19}$  in numerator and  $10^{-20}$  in the denominator

$$\alpha = \frac{396X1.6X \cdot 10^{-19}}{10^{-20}} = 6336$$

$$w1 = \frac{12}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

$$w2 = \frac{16}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

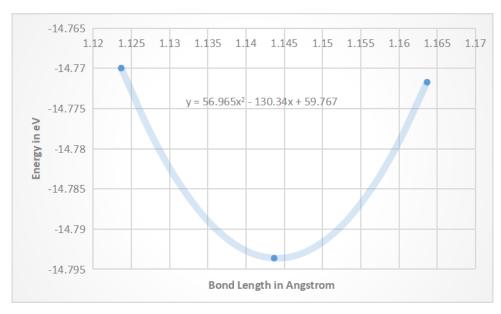
After substituting  $\omega$  is given by

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{6336(\frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}} + \frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}})}{\frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}} \frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{63360 \ X \ (28) \ X \ 6.023}{192}} \ X \ 10^{12}$$

$$= 235.907 X 10^{12} Hz$$

(iii) By stretching the bond length by 0.02 A° units we get energy plot as



The equation that can be fitted is given by  $y = 56.965x^2 - 130.34x + 59.767$ 

In order to find the frequency

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha(w1 + w2)}{w1 \, w2}}$$

The equation above gives the vibrational frequency between atoms.

We get  $\alpha$  after double differentiating the energy equation with respect to distance

$$\alpha = \frac{d^2E}{dx^2}$$
 = 2 x 56.965 = 113.93

This is not in SI units to convert it we need to multiply by 1.6 X  $10^{-19}$  in numerator and  $10^{-20}$  in the denominator

$$\alpha = \frac{113.93X1.6X10^{-19}}{10^{-20}} = 1822.88$$

$$w1 = \frac{12}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

$$w2 = \frac{16}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

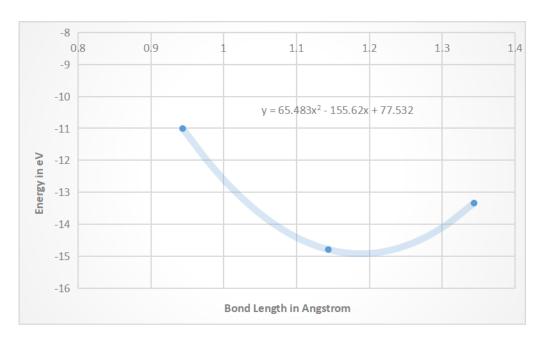
After substituting  $\omega$  is given by

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{1822.88(\frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}} + \frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}})}{\frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}} \frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{_{18228.8} X (28) X 6.023}{_{192}}} X 10^{12}$$

$$= 126.539 X 10^{12} Hz$$

(iv) By stretching the bond length by 0.2 A° units we get energy plot as



The equation that can be fitted is given by  $y = 65.483x^2 - 155.62x + 77.532$ In order to find the frequency

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\alpha(w1 + w2)}{w1 \, w2}}$$

The equation above gives the vibrational frequency between atoms.

We get  $\alpha$  after double differentiating the energy equation with respect to distance

$$\alpha = \frac{d^2E}{dx^2}$$
 = 2 x 65.483 = 130.966

This is not in SI units to convert it we need to multiply by 1.6 X  $10^{-19}$  in numerator and  $10^{-20}$  in the denominator

$$\alpha = \frac{130.966X1.6X10^{-19}}{10^{-20}} = 2095.456$$

$$w1 = \frac{12}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

$$w2 = \frac{16}{6.023X10^{-23}}$$

After substituting  $\omega$  is given by

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{2095.496(\frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}} + \frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}})}{\frac{16}{6.023X10^{23}} \frac{12}{6.023X10^{23}}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{20954.96 \ X \ (28) \ X \ 6.023}{192}} \ X \ 10^{12}$$

$$= 135.668 X 10^{12} Hz$$