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1. Step 1: Create a new file.

- 1.1. I used the command `echo "This is a text5 file for Gerrit review workflow" > text5.txt`. This prints the statement within the quotation marks and saves the output to a .txt file called text5.txt. I then used the `cat` command to read the file.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ echo "This is a text5 file for Gerrit review workflow" > text5.txt

Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ cat text5.txt
This is a text5 file for Gerrit review workflow
```

2. Step 2: Stage the new file.

- 2.1. In order to stage a new file, the 'git add' command is used. Staging essentially readies the change to be part of the next commit.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ git add text5.txt
warning: in the working copy of 'text5.txt', LF will be replaced by CRLF the next time Git touches it
```

- 2.2. The `git status` command can then be used to ensure that the text5.txt file has been properly staged.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ git status
On branch master
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git restore --staged <file>..." to unstage)
    new file:   text5.txt
```

3. Step 3: Commit the file.

- 3.1. Now that the file is staged, the next commit will contain this change. The `-m` option allows for a message to accompany the change. This would allow other developers to see what is included in the new commit. I also again used the `git status` to verify there is nothing left to commit.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ git commit -m "Add text5.txt for Gerrit review"
[master 645966b] Add text5.txt for Gerrit review
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
 create mode 100644 text5.txt

Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ git status
On branch master
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

4. Step 4: Push the commit to the gerrit server

4.1. I first tried to push the commit to the remote repository on the gerrit server.

However, I got an error message saying the branch 1 didn't exist.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (master)
$ git push gerritdemo HEAD:refs/for/branch1
Enumerating objects: 13, done.
Counting objects: 100% (13/13), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.
Writing objects: 100% (12/12), 1.26 KiB | 647.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 12 (delta 2), reused 3 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2)
remote: Processing changes: refs: 1, done
To http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo.git
 ! [remote rejected] HEAD -> refs/for/branch1 (branch branch1 not found)
error: failed to push some refs to 'http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo.git'
```

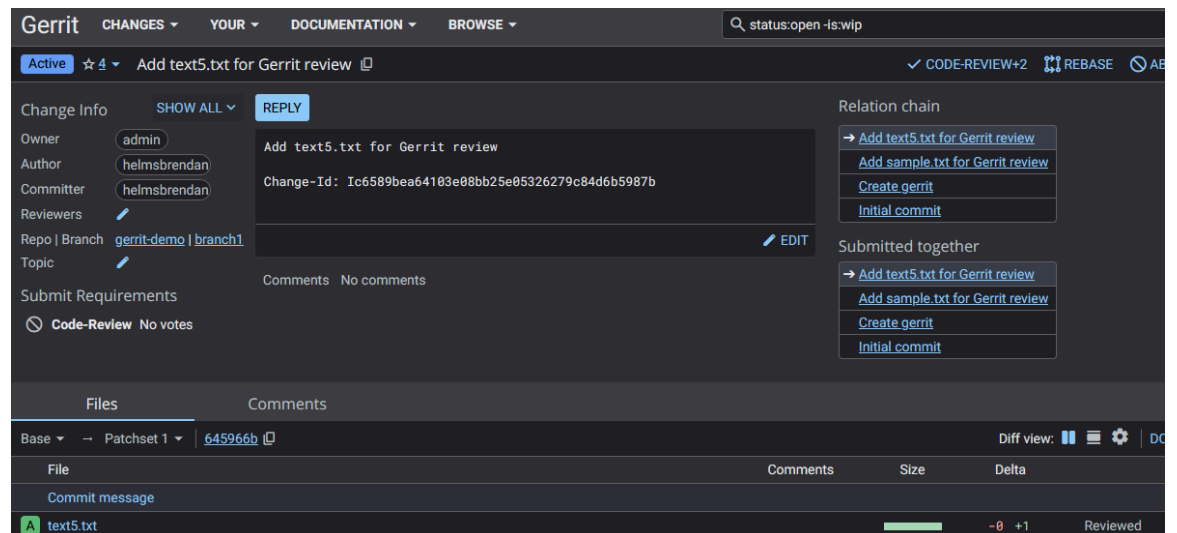
4.2. To fix this I created the branch 1 inside of the gerrit server. I then used the command fetch gerritdemo to notify the local repository of the changes.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git fetch gerritdemo
From http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo
* [new branch]      branch1      -> gerritdemo/branch1

Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git branch -r
gerritdemo/branch1
gerritdemo/main
gerritdemo/master
origin/HEAD -> origin/main
origin/main
```

- 4.3. I had to disable the Change-ID requirement from the remote repository settings to get the push to work. Below you can see the success message from the git terminal as well as the text5.txt inside of the gerrit remote repository.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git push gerritdemo HEAD:refs/for/branch1
Enumerating objects: 13, done.
Counting objects: 100% (13/13), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.
Writing objects: 100% (12/12), 1.26 KiB | 647.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 12 (delta 2), reused 3 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2)
remote: Processing changes: refs: 1, new: 4, done
remote: warning: pushing without Change-Id is deprecated
remote:
remote: SUCCESS
remote:
remote: http://localhost:8090/c/gerrit-demo/+1 Initial commit [NEW]
remote: http://localhost:8090/c/gerrit-demo/+2 Create gerrit [NEW]
remote: http://localhost:8090/c/gerrit-demo/+3 Add sample.txt for Gerrit review [NEW]
remote: http://localhost:8090/c/gerrit-demo/+4 Add text5.txt for Gerrit review [NEW]
remote:
To http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo.git
* [new reference] HEAD -> refs/for/branch1
```



5. Step 5: Create a Reviewer

- 5.1. Before adding a reviewer I had to create a new user which had a few steps I had to follow. The ability to directly create a new user from the GUI is disabled so I had

to use the command line. To do this you must ssh to the remote repository.

However, I got a permission error as seen below.

NOTE: port 29418 is standardly used for gerrit ssh

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ ssh -p 29418 admin@localhost
admin@localhost: Permission denied (publickey).
```

- 5.2. After doing some research I discovered that this was due to an ssh key not being added to the gerrit server. I didn't have an ssh key pair yet so I had to generate one. I found that this command generates a keypair and saves them into two files id_rsa and id_rsa.pub. I added the public key from id_rsa.pub to the gerrit server's 'SSH key section' so that the admin account could be properly authenticated and allow ssh communication from my git bash terminal.

NOTE: -t : encryption method; -b number of bits

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 2048
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
```

The screenshot shows a 'HTTP Credentials' dialog box with a table containing the following information:

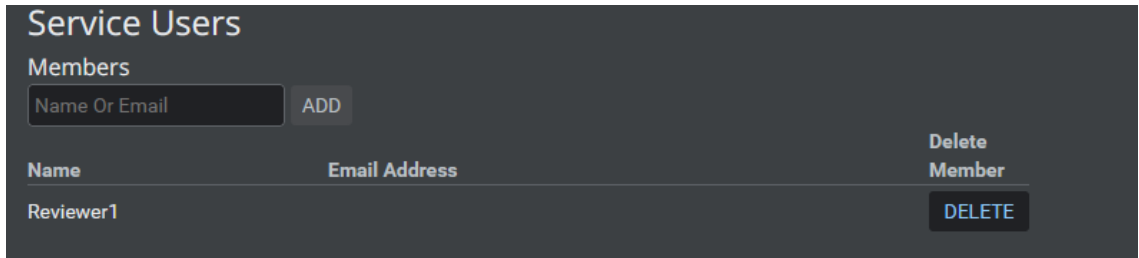
Algorithm	ssh-rsa
Public key	AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQDOLu94ZIL+W1r0BFDNcE Z8uziP1IB8S8obGAL+Y2zCLehnGzUXQQxHXrczk5TjM0/8sU6Q 3w3EYns4NLGWL17VaZa6VXtySerod3dKsHxh0AUqc0XAf7NR1H 79JT2XowyDN1johLtIPR+pa6CHEz3UH4r+EHdGW07a0MZmUggE L4WsjYtNv13qnVWDXaBuHdHvknDWDwXCyhod1MD8oh0TMreE XVij0hv4y6YShrG6Aqpv5JaA8H6Db/k2N1Pobkn/ Eoka8t4P+WRTkkPvDa1SNqFsDzbzth+sdgNTJpuceUtJP6y0je q19MwNfwzExfxh2yYxpbCv08YjtSWr
Comment	Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL

At the bottom right of the dialog is a 'CLOSE' button. Below the dialog box, the text 'ADD NEW SSH KEY' is visible.

- 5.3. Now it is time to add the new user to the gerrit server. This user will serve as a reviewer to the changes made in earlier steps of this project. To do this I utilize the ssh connection which was made possible by adding the ssh key to the gerrit

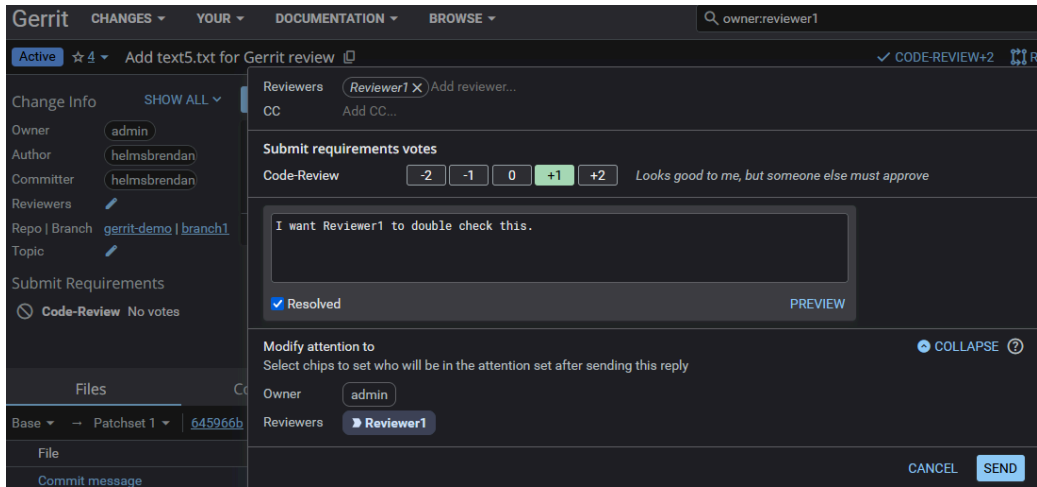
server. I had to create a passphrase when I created the keypair and was prompted to enter it here to allow for the new account to be created. I temporarily added the new 'Reviewer1' account to the 'Service Users' so it can be seen on gerrit.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ ssh -p 29418 admin@localhost gerrit create-account reviewer1 --full-name "Reviewer1"
Enter passphrase for key '/c/Users/Brendan/.ssh/id_rsa':
```



- 6. Step 6: Review the code and send a request to another reviewer
 - 6.1. Logged in as admin, I reviewed the code (which is the single line seen below). I decided that it looks fine and reviewed it. I added a new reviewer (Reviewer1 from step 5) and gave it the +1 rating which suggests someone else must approve.

```
FILE
1 This is a text5 file for Gerrit review workflow
2
```



7. Step 7: Login as another reviewer and review the code.

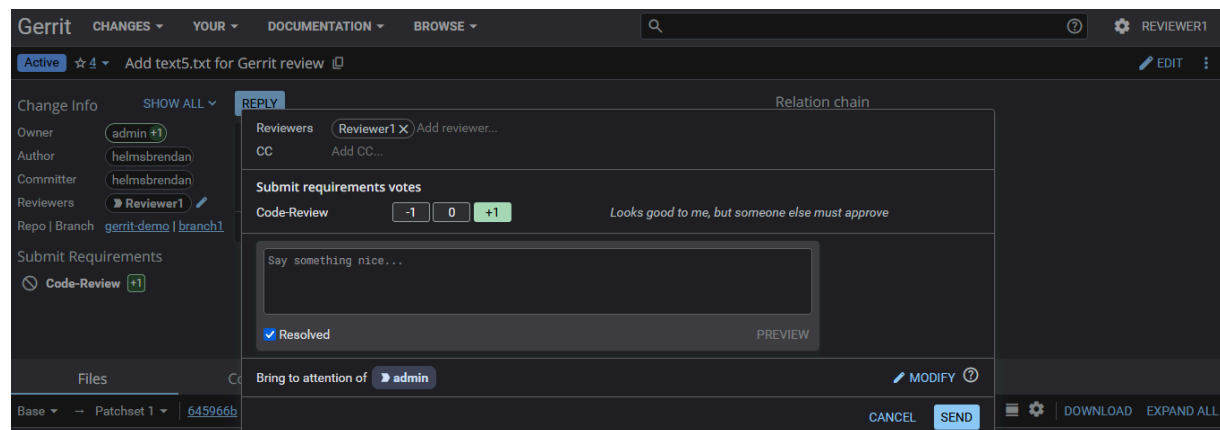
7.1. I logged out of the admin account and clicked the 'sign in' button in the top right.

There is now a second account available to login as. This is the reviewer1 account created in step 5. I clicked the reviewer1 to login.

Sign In

Username:	<input type="text"/>	Become Account
Email Address:	<input type="text"/>	Become Account
Account ID:	<input type="text"/>	Become Account
Choose:	admin reviewer1	

7.2. I went to the change that the admin user wanted me to review. I clicked the reply button and gave it a +1. Since, I am not the admin I can't give it the official go ahead (+2). My review will notify the admin user that all is well and do officially accept the change.



8. Step 8: Log in as admin again

8.1. I again logged in as an the administrator. Upon logging in, there is now a new tab on the Changes page called 'Your Turn'. This is due to the Reviewer1 user notifying the admin to accept the change.

Gerrit

CHANGES

YOUR

DOCUMENTATION

BROWSE

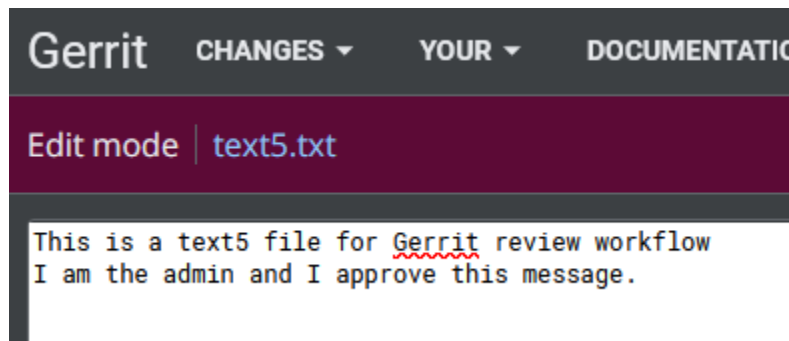
ADMIN

Your turn (1)

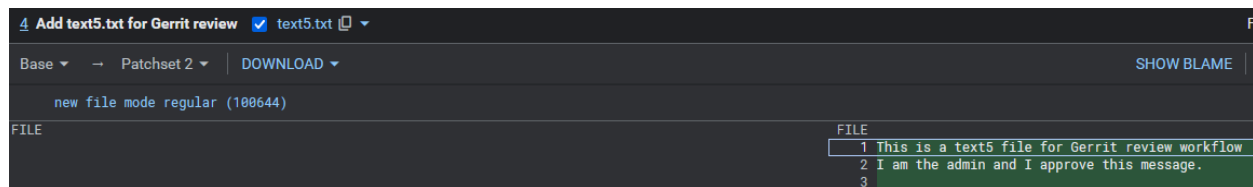
	Subject	Owner	Reviewers	Repo	Branch	Waiting	Size	Status	CR
	☆ Add text5.txt for Gerrit review	admin	Reviewer1	gerrit-demo	branch1	2 minutes	XS	🕒 1 missing	+1

Outgoing reviews (4)

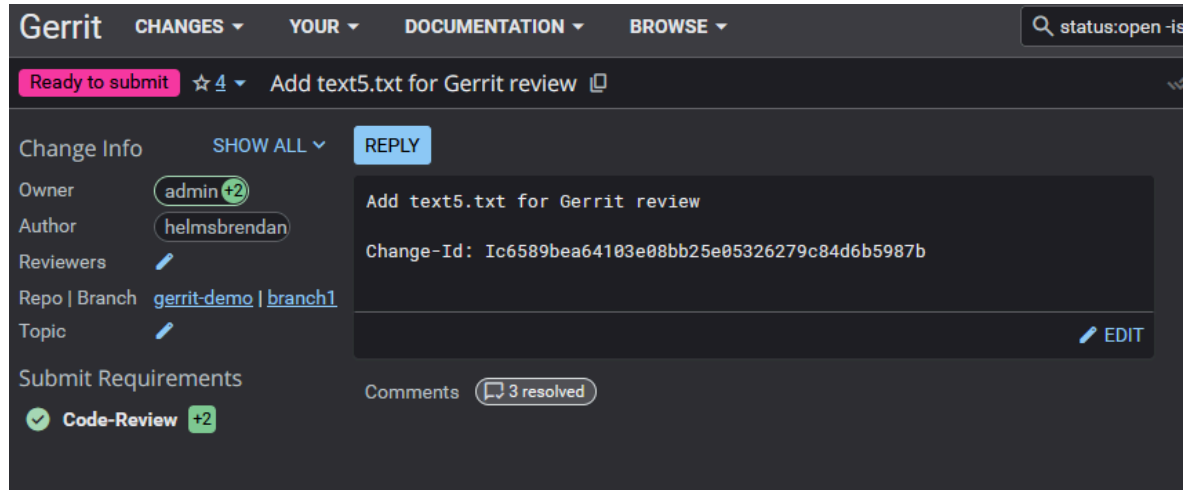
9. Step 9: Make a Small Change in the Text File and Make a Final Approval
 - 9.1. Logged in as admin, I opened the change again and decided to make a change. I opened the text5.txt directly from the interface and selected the edit option. I added the second line of code as seen below.



- 9.2. I clicked the save and publish button in the top right corner to save it as Patchset2 as seen below.



- 9.3. Finally, I gave it the final +2 approval to signify that it is ready to submit.



10. Step 10: In Local Repository, Fetch Patch Set 2

10.1. I used the command below to fetch the changes from the remote server. The git fetch gerritdemo refs/changes/XX/12345/2 command took me a long time to figure out. The XX is the last two digits of the change number. However, my change number is only one digit (4) so I had to enter '04' for it to fetch the change.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git fetch gerritdemo refs/changes/4/4/2
fatal: couldn't find remote ref refs/changes/4/4/2
```

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git fetch gerritdemo refs/changes/04/4/2
remote: Counting objects: 4, done
remote: Finding sources: 100% (3/3)
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), 485 bytes | 60.00 KiB/s, done.
From http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo
* branch                refs/changes/04/4/2 -> FETCH_HEAD
```

11. Step 11: Merge Patch set 2 into the current branch

- 11.1. I then merged the set into the branch1. I did this beforehand already on the GUI so it gave the message below. I did redo the previous steps to get the correct output as seen in the second screenshot.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git fetch gerritdemo refs/changes/04/4/2
From http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo
* branch          refs/changes/04/4/2 -> FETCH_HEAD

Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git merge FETCH_HEAD
Already up to date.
```

```
Merge commit 'refs/changes/10/10/1' of http://localhost:8090/gerrit-demo into br
```

12. Step 12: Create a commit point

- 12.1. I finally created an empty checkpoint commit to mark the point in which the review was completed as seen below.

```
Brendan@LAPTOP-F06FPRSL MINGW64 /c/gerrit/gerritCodeReview (branch1)
$ git commit --allow-empty -m "Checkpoint after Gerrit review workflow"
[branch1 01e5c58] Checkpoint after Gerrit review workflow
```