

09. SVG Gradients.

A gradient is a smooth transition from one color to another. In addition, several color transitions can be applied to the same element.

There are two main types of gradients in SVG:

- Linear
- Radial

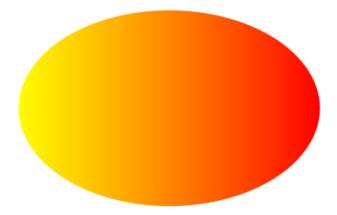
8.1. SVG Linear Gradient - < linear Gradient>

The linearGradient> element is used to define a linear gradient. The linearGradient> element must be nested within a <defs> tag. The <defs> tag is short for definitions and contains definition of special elements (such as gradients).

Linear gradients can be defined as horizontal, vertical or angular gradients:

- Horizontal gradients are created when y1 and y2 are equal and x1 and x2 differ
- Vertical gradients are created when x1 and x2 are equal and y1 and y2 differ
- Angular gradients are created when x1 and x2 differ and y1 and y2 differ

Define an ellipse with a horizontal linear gradient from yellow to red:





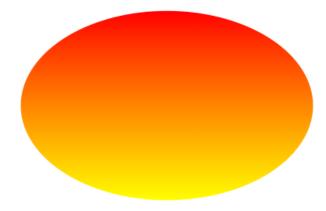
Example: Here is the SVG code:

Code explanation:

- The id attribute of the linearGradient> tag defines a unique name for the gradient
- The x1, x2, y1,y2 attributes of the linearGradient> tag define the start and end position of the gradient
- The color range for a gradient can be composed of two or more colors. Each color is specified with a <stop> tag. The offset attribute is used to define where the gradient color begin and end
- The fill attribute links the ellipse element to the gradient

9.2. SVG Vertical Gradient

Define an ellipse with a vertical linear gradient from yellow to red:





Example: Here is the SVG code:

8.3. SVG Gradient and Text.

Define an ellipse with a horizontal linear gradient from yellow to red, and add a text inside the ellipse:



Example: Here is the SVG code:

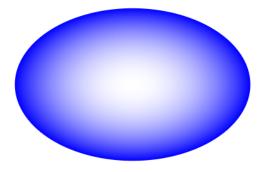


9.4. SVG Radial Gradient - <radialGradient>

The <radialGradient> element is used to define a radial gradient.

The <radialGradient> element must be nested within a <defs> tag. The <defs> tag is short for definitions and contains definition of special elements (such as gradients).

Define an ellipse with a radial gradient from white to blue:



Example: Here is the SVG code:

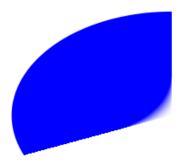


Code explanation:

- The id attribute of the <radialGradient> tag defines a unique name for the gradient
- The cx, cy and r attributes define the outermost circle and the fx and fy define the innermost circle
- The color range for a gradient can be composed of two or more colors. Each color is specified with a <stop> tag. The offset attribute is used to define where the gradient color begin and end
- The fill attribute links the ellipse element to the gradient

9.5. SVG Radial Gradient Example

Define another ellipse with a radial gradient from white to blue:



Example: Here is the SVG code:

