Brennan Huber KHS616 HW5

To start, I originally was doing this very esoteric language I know, LOLCode. I provided the source code just so you can see that I wasn't trying to be lame and just do a basic language. I however had to abandon this project yesterday, due to how primative that language actually is. If LOLCode had a list structure or a better implemented array structure I gladly would've continued with that language, however it was more work than it was worth to create these myself. I hope you understand.

Java compared to scheme is incredibly different. The main issue that I encounted had to do with inputs into the methods. In scheme you had a list, and that list can hold many different types of data. But since Java is statically typed, you would have to have a list for ints, strings, ect. This mainly just circles back around to Java being a statically typed language. The main way I counted this (specifically in run-cmd) was to implement a generic as a parameter, that way I could just pass in any of the required parameters, and do the correct typed methods on them, as well as the return statement being the correct typ. For instance, if I hadn't done this then the append method would have caused an error if the list was full of ints.

Honestly, that is the only real problem I had during this assignment, Java is such an easy language that it has options to do just about anything you're assigned.

```
import java.awt.Point;
import java.util.LinkedList;
public class Huber Brennan HW5 {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        // Problem 1
        System.out.println("Problem 1: " + yourName
());
        // Problem 2
        System.out.println("Problem 2: " + axb(10,
20, 30));
        // Problem 3
        Point p1 = new Point();
        p1.setLocation(0.0, 0.0);
        Point p2 = new Point();
        p2.setLocation(1.0, 1.0);
        System.out.println("Problem 3: " + distance
(p1, p2));
        // Problem 4
        LinkedList<String> slst = new LinkedList<St
ring>();
        slst.add("Na");
        slst.add("na");
        slst.add("na");
        slst.add("na");
        slst.add("na");
        slst.add("Batman");
        slst = purge(slst, "na");
        System.out.print("Problem 4: ");
        for(String s: slst) {
            System.out.print(s + " ");
        slst.clear();
```

```
// Problem 5
        slst.add("Hello");
        slst.add("0");
        slst.add("testing");
        slst.add("false");
        slst.add("check");
        System.out.print("\nProblem 5:\n\tList: ");
        for(String s: slst) {
            System.out.print(s + " ");
        System.out.println("\n\tNum Trues: " + coun
tTrues(slst));
        slst.clear();
        // Problem 6
        LinkedList<Integer> ilst1 = new LinkedList<
Integer>();
        ilst1 = buildList(-5);
        System.out.print("Problem 6p1: ");
        for(int i: ilst1) {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        ilst1.clear();
        ilst1 = buildList(5);
        System.out.print("\nProblem 6p2: ");
        for(int i: ilst1) {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        // Problem 7
        LinkedList<Integer> ilst2 = new LinkedList<
Integer>();
        ilst1.clear();
        ilst1.add(1);
        ilst1.add(2);
```

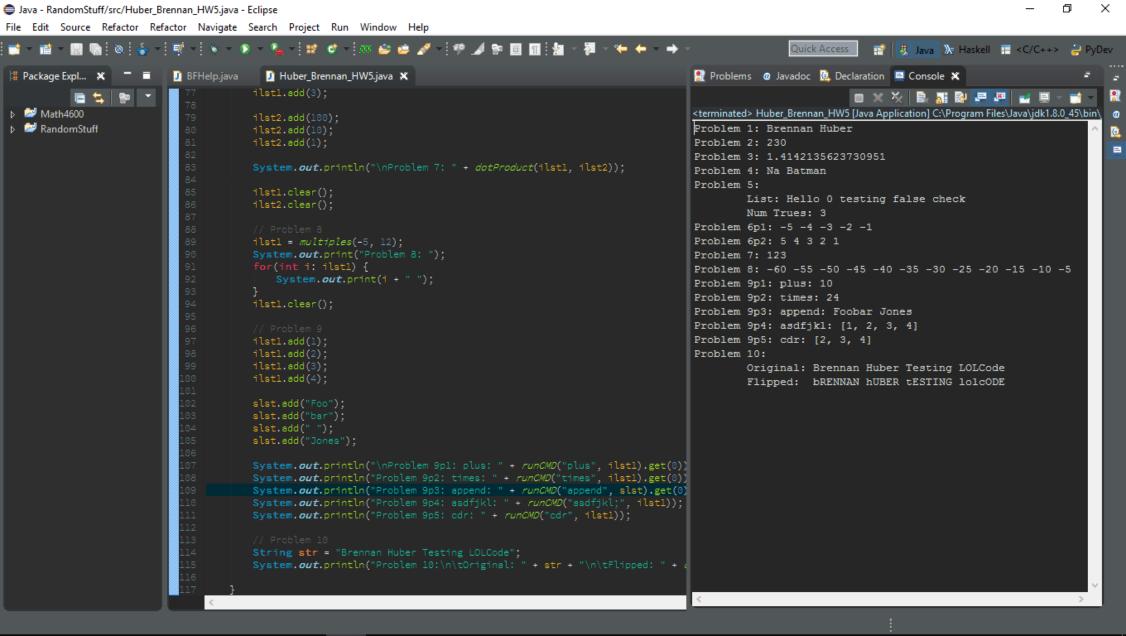
```
ilst1.add(3);
        ilst2.add(100);
        ilst2.add(10);
        ilst2.add(1);
        System.out.println("\nProblem 7: " + dotPro
duct(ilst1, ilst2));
        ilst1.clear();
        ilst2.clear();
        // Problem 8
        ilst1 = multiples(-5, 12);
        System.out.print("Problem 8: ");
        for(int i: ilst1) {
            System.out.print(i + " ");
        ilst1.clear();
        // Problem 9
        ilst1.add(1);
        ilst1.add(2);
        ilst1.add(3);
        ilst1.add(4);
        slst.add("Foo");
        slst.add("bar");
        slst.add(" ");
        slst.add("Jones");
        System.out.println("\nProblem 9p1: plus: "
+ runCMD("plus", ilst1).get(0));
        System.out.println("Problem 9p2: times: " +
 runCMD("times", ilst1).get(0));
        System.out.println("Problem 9p3: append: "
+ runCMD("append", slst).get(0));
        System.out.println("Problem 9p4: asdfjkl: "
 + runCMD("asdfjkl;", ilst1));
        System.out.println("Problem 9p5: cdr: " + r
unCMD("cdr", ilst1));
```

```
// Problem 10
        String str = "Brennan Huber Testing LOLCode"
" ;
        System.out.println("Problem 10:\n\tOrigina
1: " + str + "\n\tFlipped: " + charFlip(str));
    }
    // Problem 1
    public static String yourName() {
        return "Brennan Huber";
    // Problem 2
    public static int axb(int a,int x, int b) {
        return (a*x) + b;
    // Problem 3
    public static double distance (Point pl, Point p
2)
        return Math.sqrt(Math.pow((p2.getX() - p1.
getX()), 2) + Math.pow((p2.getY() - p1.getY()), 2)
);
    // Problem 4
    public static LinkedList<String> purge(LinkedLi
st<String> lst, String match) {
        LinkedList<String> purged = new LinkedList<
String>();
        for(int i = 0; i < lst.size(); i++) {</pre>
            if(!lst.get(i).equals(match)) {
                purged.add(lst.get(i));
        return purged;
    }
    // Problem 5
```

```
public static int countTrues(LinkedList<String>
lst) {
        int trues = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < lst.size(); i++) {
            if(lst.get(i).equals("0") | lst.get(i)
.equals("false")) {
            } else {
                trues++;
        return trues;
    // Problem 6
    public static LinkedList<Integer> buildList(int
number) {
        LinkedList<Integer> ll = new LinkedList<Int
eger>();
        if(number > 0) {
            for(int i = number; i > 0; i--) {
                ll.add(i);
        } else {
            for(int i = number; i < 0; i++) {
                ll.add(i);
        return 11;
    // wrong
    // Problem 7
    public static int dotProduct(LinkedList<Integer</pre>
> v1, LinkedList<Integer> v2) {
        int total = 0;
        if(v1.size() != v2.size()) {
            return -1;
```

```
}
        for(int i = 0; i < v1.size(); i++) {
            total = total + (v1.qet(i)*v2.qet(i));
        return total;
    // Problem 8
    public static LinkedList<Integer> multiples(int
base, int n) {
        LinkedList<Integer> buildlst = new LinkedLi
st<Integer>();
        LinkedList<Integer> multiples = new LinkedL
ist<Integer>();
        buildlst = buildList(n);
        for(int i: buildlst) {
            multiples.add(i*base);
        return multiples;
    // Problem 9
    public static LinkedList<?> runCMD(String opcod
e, LinkedList<?> lst) {
        if(opcode.equals("plus")) {
            LinkedList<Integer> ll = new LinkedList
<>( );
            int total = 0;
            for(Object i: lst) {
                total = total + (int) i;
            11.add(total);
            return 11;
```

```
} else if(opcode.equals("times")) {
             LinkedList<Integer> ll = new LinkedList
<>();
             int total = 1;
             for(Object i: lst) {
                 total = total * (int) i;
             ll.add(total);
             return 11;
        } else if(opcode.equals("append")) {
             String total = "";
             for(Object s: lst) {
                 total = total + s;
            LinkedList<String> ll = new LinkedList<
>();
             11.add(total);
             return 11;
        } else if(opcode.equals("cdr")) {
             lst.remove();
        return 1st;
    }
    // Problem 10
    public static String charFlip(String s) {
    String total = " ";
        char c;
        for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
             c = s.charAt(i);
             if(Character.isUpperCase(c)) {
```



BTW Brennan Huber BTW HW5

HAI

CAN I HAS STDIO?
CAN I HAS STRING?

BTW = Problem 1, DONE
HOW DUZ I yourname
 FOUND YR "Brennan Huber:)"
IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 2, DONE

BTW = looks like arguments are stored on a stack

. .

HOW DUZ I axb YR b AN YR x AN YR a

I HAS A ax ITZ PRODUKT OF a AN x I HAS A total ITZ SUM OF ax AN b

FOUND YR total IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 3 HOW DUZ I distance YR p1 AN YR p2 I HAS A first ITZ 0

I HAS A second ITZ findNextSpace pl AN first

I HAS A x1 ITZ getWord p1 first second first R second second R DIFF OF LEN OF p1 AN 1 I HAS A y1 ITZ getWord p1 first second

second R findNextSpace p2 AN first

I HAS A x2 ITZ getWord p1 first second first R second second R DIFF OF LEN OF p2 AN 1 I HAS A y2 ITZ getWord p2 first second

x1 IS NOW A NUMBAR y1 IS NOW A NUMBAR x2 IS NOW A NUMBAR y2 IS NOW A NUMBAR

BTW do the distance formula.

I HAS A lh I HAS A rh

lh R DIFF OF x2 AN x1 lh R PRODUKT OF lh AN lh

rh R DIFF OFF y2 AN y1 rh R PRODUKT OF rh AN rh

I HAVE A ans

ans R SUM OF lh AN rh ans R sqrt ans

FOUND YR ans

IF U SAY SO

BTW since there is no freakin library have to wr ite everything by hand.

HOW DUZ I sqrt YR x

I HAS A xn ITZ 10

I HAS A lim ITZ 100

I HAS A i ITZ 0

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN YR i WILE i SMALLR THAN lim

I HAS A ans ITZ QUOSHUNT OF x AN xn

ans R SUM OF sn AN ans ans R QUOSHUNT OF ans AN 2

xn R ans IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR xn IF U SAY SO BTW = Problem 4, HOW DUZ I purge YR match AN YR lst

IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 5,
HOW DUZ I countTrues YR lst
 I HAS A trues ITZ 0

I HAS A first ITZ -1

I HAS A second ITZ 0

I HAS A i ITZ 0

I HAS A word ITZ ""

I HAS A var

second R findNextSpace 1st first

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN YR i TIL BOTH SAEM i AN LE N OF lst

BTW create a word word R getWord lst first second VISIBLE word

BTW check if it is a literal 0
BOTH SAEM word AN "0", O RLY?
NO WAI

trues R SUM OF trues AN 1

OIC

BTW cast as a troof var R word var IS NOW A TROOF

BTW if it is true increment trues var, O RLY?

YA RLY

trues R SUM OF trues AN 1

OIC

BTW reset word to empty string

word R ""

BTW calculate new first and second first R second second R findNextSpace lst first IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR trues IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 6, HOW DUZ I buildlist YR n

IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 7, HOW DUZ I dotproduct YR v1 AN YR v2

IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 8, HOW DUZ I multiples YR base AN YR N

IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 9,
HOW DUZ I runcmd YR opname AN YR lst
I HAS A i ITZ 0
I HAS A length, BTW size of the list
I HAS A var ITZ 0

opcode, WTF? OMG "plus"

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN i TIL BOTH SAEM i A N length

var R SUM OF var AN lst!i BTW var =
var + lst[i]

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR var OMG "times" var R 1 IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN i TIL BOTH SAEM i A

N length

var R PRODUKT OF var AN lst!i BTW v

ar = var * lst[i]

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR var

OMG "append"

I HAS A str ITZ ""

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN i TIL BOTH SAEM i A

N length

SMOOSH str AN lst!i MKAY BTW append list[i] onto the string.

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

OMG "cdr"

BTW do scheme cdr here

OMGWTF

FOUND YR FAIL

OIC

IF U SAY SO

BTW = Problem 10,

HOW DUZ I charflip YR str

BTW === main part of this function ======

I HAS A i ITZ 0

I HAS A new_str ITZ ""

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN i TIL BOTH SAEM i AN LEN OF str

isLower str!i, O RLY?

YA RLY

SMOOSH new_str AN up str!i MKAY

NO WAI

SMOOSH new_str AN low str!i MKAY

OIC

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR new_str

IF U SAY SO

BTW charflip helper: if it is lower case, up it

HOW DUZ I up YR char

I HAS A i ITZ 0

I HAS A upper "QWERTYUIOPASDFGHJKLZXCVBNM"

I HAS A lower "qwertyuiopasdfghjklzxcvbnm"

IM IN YR LOOP YR i TILL BOTH SAEM i AN LEN OF upper

BOTH SAEM lower!i AN char, O RLY?

YA RLY

FOUND YR upper!i

OIC

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

IF U SAY SO

BTW charflip helper: if it is upper case, lower it.

HOW DUZ I low YR char

I HAS A i ITZ 0

I HAS A upper "QWERTYUIOPASDFGHJKLZXCVBNM"

I HAS A lower "qwertyuiopasdfghjklzxcvbnm"

IM IN YR LOOP YR i TILL BOTH SAEM i AN LEN OF upper

BOTH SAEM upper!i AN char, O RLY?

YA RLY

FOUND YR lower!i

OIC

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

IF U SAY SO

BTW charflip helper: test to see if the characte r is lower case.

HOW DUZ I isLower YR char

I HAS A i ITZ 0

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN YR i TILL BOTH SAEM i AN LEN OF upper

BOTH SAEM lower!i AN character, O RLY?

YA RLY

FOUND YR WIN

OIC

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR FAIL

IF U SAY SO

BTW: creates a word from the two spaces given. HOW DUZ I getWord YR lst YR first YR second

I HAS A i ITZ SUM OF first AN 1

I HAS A word ITZ ""

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN YR i TIL BOTH SAEM i AN second

word R SMOOSH word AN lst!i MKAY IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR word IF U SAY SO

BTW takes the current space, and returns the nex t space, or the length of the string.

HOW DUZ I findNextSpace YR lst YR second I HAS A i ITZ SUM OF second AN 1

IM IN YR LOOP UPPIN YR i TILL BOTH SAEM i AN LEN OF 1st

BOTH SAEM lst!i AN " ", O RLY?

YA RLY

FOUND YR i

OIC

IM OUTTA YR LOOP

FOUND YR LEN OF 1st IF U SAY SO

VISIBLE yourname VISIBLE axb 5 6 1

```
VISIBLE
```

KTHXBYE