Battery INterFace Ontology (BattINFO) Reference Documentation

VERSION 0.0.1

Battery Interface Genome - Materials Acceleration Platform (BIG-MAP)



February 26, 2021

Abstract

This is a reference documentation for the Battery Interface Ontology (BattINFO).

BattINFO is an ontology of batteries and their interfaces based on the top-level European Materials and Modelling Ontology (EMMO). BattINFO aims to formalize the current state of knowledge on battery interfaces to support the development of computational tools and the deployment of interoperable data in the BIG-MAP project and beyond. The definitions included in BattINFO are based as far as possible on accepted standards defined by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) or other preeminent textbooks on the subject. BattINFO objects and their relations to each other are designed with three goals in mind: (i) to be scientifically rigorous and accurate, (ii) to reflect current battery orthodoxy and dominant jargon, and (iii) to be flexible to describe a range of battery chemistries, not only Li-ion.

The development of BattINFO is a mammoth undertaking and will continue throughout the project. However, it is important to establish an initial version to support the activities in other BIG-MAP work packages and provide a preliminary platform for collaboration. The objective of this deliverable is to establish the initial version of BattINFO. This report outlines the conceptual foundation for the definitions in the ontology and serves as a guide to help interpret the implementation of BattINFO in the ontology web language (OWL).

Keywords: Battery, EMMO, materials science, modelling, characterisation, materials, ontology

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Battery development is one of the most important and intensely pursued technical research topics in the world today. From personal electronics to electric mobility to renewable energy storage, batteries are essential to progress. The search for better batteries is supported by a host of databases, methods, models, publications, and presentations. How can we distil this deluge of data into knowledge and translate that knowledge into action?

The answer must rely in some part on artificial intelligence (AI). The breadth of fields necessary to completely describe of battery performance, characterization, and simulation combined with the depth of research being generated in those fields is simply too great for any single person (or even group of people) to manage. However, the challenge is that the wealth of battery data that exists is formatted to be read, understood, and learned by humans, not machines. The field needs a tool to formalize the current state of knowledge about battery interfaces that is both human- and machine-readable.

The Battery Interface Ontology (BattINFO) is a domain ontology for batteries and their interfaces. It is developed with the goal of creating a formalized description of battery cells to support the interoperability of battery data and support applications of artificial intelligence in battery research.

BattINFO builds upon long-standing and widely accepted principles of electrochemistry as described in preeminent texts such as Electrochemical Systems by John Newman and Karen E. Thomas-Alyea [1], Electrochemical Methods: Fundamentals and Applications by Allen J. Bard and Larry R. Faulkner [2], and Handbook of Batteries by David Linden and Thomas B. Reddy [3], among other seminal sources [4], [5]. The terminology adheres as far as possible to the recommendations and definitions contained in the Compendium of Chemical Terminology (also known as the "Gold Book") from the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) [6] together with IUPAC supplements on electrochemical terminology [7] and recommendations from the Electrochemical Society (ECS) on nomenclature and standards. Places where conflicts exist between sources are noted for further discussion and resolution within the electrochemical community.

BattINFO employs the European Materials and Modelling Ontology (EMMO) as a top-level ontology. EMMO aims at the development of a standard representational ontology framework based on current materials modelling and characterization of knowledge. EMMO starts from the very basic scientific fundamentals and grows to encompass a complex and wide field of knowledge, however it is still functional and clear. This makes it ideal to support the development of BattINFO as an EMMO domain ontology.

The purpose of this report is to lay the groundwork for the development of BattINFO in the BIG-MAP project.

Availability and license

The Battery Interface Domain Ontology is available from the github repository https://github.com/BIG-MAP/BattINFO.

It is released under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license (CC BY 4.0).

References

1. J. Newman and K. E. Thmoas-Alyea, Electrochemical Systems, 3rd ed. Hoboken, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons, 2004.

- $2.\ A.\ J.\ Bard$ and L. R. Faulkner, ELECTROCHEMICAL METHODS: Fundamentals and applications. 2001.
- 3. D. Linden and T. Reddy, Handbook of Batteries. 2002.
- 4. P. Atkins and J. De Paula, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 8th Ed. New York: W.H. Freeman and Company, 2006.
- 5. M. Pourbaix, Atlas of Electrochemical Equilibria in Aqueous Solutions, Second. Houston, Texas: National Association of Corrosion Engineers, 1974.
- 6. IUPAC, Compendium of Chemical Terminology, 2nd (the ". Oxford: Blackwell Scientific Publications, 2014.
- 7. J. M. Pingarrón et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis (IUPAC Recommendations 2019), Pure Appl. Chem., vol. 92, no. 4, pp. 641-694, 2020.

Chapter 2

Generic concepts

These classes are intended to be merged back into EMMO.

Participant subclasses

ActiveParticipant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_038e37a3_1684_4980_b5e4_67ab34cd5bdb}$

Elucidation: A 'physical' that stands for a real world object that takes active part of a functional process.

Preflabel: ActiveParticipant

Relations:

• is a emmo.Participant

• Inverse(emmo.hasProperParticipant) some emmo.FunctionalProcess

Functional Material

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_d95e6e0d-e8eb-411a-b407-0d1a517e8767

Elucidation: Materials that have one or more properties that can be significantly changed in a controlled fashion by external stimuli (temperature, electric/magnetic field, etc.) and are therefore applied in a broad range of technological devices as for example in memories, displays and telecommunication. - NTNU FY3114 - Functional Materials

Preflabel: FunctionalMaterial

Relations:

- \bullet is_a emmo.ActiveParticipant
- is_a emmo.Material

Process subclasses

FunctionalProcess

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_f7dbce66_2822_4855_9f42_1da71aa9e923

Elucidation: The process that makes a product work as intended when in use.

Example: - The light-emitting process of a diode. - The car crash process for a crash box in a car. - The discharging process of a battery.

Preflabel: FunctionalProcess

Relations:

• is_a emmo.Process

ChemicalPhenomenon

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_50e36d79_b2dd_422d_81eb_a665028a1ead}$

Elucidation: A 'process' that is recognized by chemical sciences and is catogrized accordingly.

Preflabel: ChemicalPhenomenon

Relations:

• is a emmo. Process

ChemicalReaction

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_ecb0395f_ee1e_4e9a_bf5c_d8e56eee2d18}$

Elucidation: A process that results in the interconversion of chemical species. Chemical reactions may be elementary reactions or stepwise reactions. (It should be noted that this definition includes experimentally observable interconversions of conformers.) Detectable chemical reactions normally involve sets of molecular entities as indicated by this definition, but it is often conceptually convenient to use the term also for changes involving single molecular entities (i.e. 'microscopic chemical events').

• IUPAC Gold Book

Preflabel: Chemical Reaction

Relations:

• is a emmo. Chemical Phenomenon

Physicalistic subclasses

Pore

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_69b9aead-bb43-4bd5-9168-728cea2116b1

Elucidation: A space within a solid host domain that is filled by a liquid, gas, or vacuum. The characteristic length of the pore is much less than the characteristic length of the host domain. An exception is possible for 1 dimension (e.g. long pores).

Preflabel: Pore

Relations:

- is a emmo.Physicalistic
- is_a emmo.Gas or emmo.Vacuum or emmo.Liquid
- emmo.hasContactWith some emmo.Solid

Physical quantities

VolumetricThermalExpansionCoefficient

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_1c1ec02e_4def_4979_aff9_572c06a95391}$

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ -1 N0 J0

Preflabel: VolumetricThermalExpansionCoefficient

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ emmo. Thermal Expansion Coefficient$

SingleComponentDiffusivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_498d80ae_9339_49c7_8c74_44aa704e0395$

Elucidation: Transport of particles belonging to one component of a material due to a concentration gradient.

Physical dimension: T-1 L+2 M0 I0 $\Theta 0$ N-1 J0

Preflabel: SingleComponentDiffusivity

Relations:

- \bullet is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity
- is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

SingleComponentDiffusivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_498d80ae_9339_49c7_8c74_44aa704e0395

Elucidation: Transport of particles belonging to one component of a material due to a concentration gradient.

Physical dimension: T-1 L+2 M0 I0 Θ 0 N-1 J0

Preflabel: SingleComponentDiffusivity

Relations:

is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

SingleComponentMaximalDiffusivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_3bd39834_7eb9_4c97_bb25_db88c3df6bab}$

Etymology: Pre-factor in the Arrhenius expression for diffusion.

Physicaldimension: T-1 L+2 M0 I0 Θ0 N-1 J0 Preflabel: SingleComponentMaximalDiffusivity

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ emmo. ISQDerived Quantity$

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

Single Component Activation Energy Of Diffusion

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO 2f761aff 88d1 4e79 a85e 09d6f400de56

Elucidation: The energy barrier for diffusion of a given component.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ 0 N0 J0

 ${\bf Preflabel:} \ {\bf Single Component Activation Energy Of Diffusion}$

Relations:

• is_a emmo.Energy

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

MolarHeatCapacity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_50c5d440_683c_400f_909e_b03c0327de9c

Elucidation: The molar heat capacity of a substance is the heat capacity of one mole of material.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ -1 N-1 J0

Preflabel: MolarHeatCapacity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

• is a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

EnergyDensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_686308bd_8ed6_49d0_a204_6487dbe56511

Elucidation: Energy per unit volume.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: EnergyDensity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

ThermalExpansionCoefficient

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_7684ddff_d99b_405d_aad2_90e830b8403c

 $\textbf{Elucidation:} \ \ \text{The coefficient of thermal expansion describes how the fractional change in size of an object}$

changes with a change in temperature.

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ -1 N0 J0

Preflabel: ThermalExpansionCoefficient

Relations:

 \bullet is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

HeatCapacity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO 802c167d b792 4cb8 a315 35797345c0e3

Elucidation: The amount of heat to be applied to a given mass of material to produce a unit change in its

temperature.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ-1 N0 J0

Preflabel: HeatCapacity

Relations:

 \bullet is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

ThermalConductivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_8dd40ec6_2c5a_43f3_bf64_cadcd447a1c1

Elucidation: The ability of a material to conduct heat.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+1 M+1 I0 Θ -1 N0 J0

Preflabel: ThermalConductivity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

• is a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

SpecificHeatCapacity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_b4f4ed28_d24c_4a00_9583_62ab839abeca}$

Elucidation: The specific heat capacity (symbol cp) of a substance is the heat capacity of a sample of the

substance divided by the mass of the sample.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M0 I0 Θ -1 N0 J0

Preflabel: SpecificHeatCapacity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

Additional quantity dimensions

PerTemperatureDimension

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_6e9aef15_272b_4eea_aaa9_2f38b8ae951f}$

 $\textbf{Preflabel:} \ \operatorname{PerTemperatureDimension}$

Relations:

• is_a emmo.PhysicalDimension

 - equivalent_to emmo.has Symbol
Data value "T0 L0 M0 I0 $\Theta\text{-}1$ N0 J0"

Chapter 3

Electrochemical and battery-specific concepts

All classes under here are defined with the http://emmo.info/BattINFO# namespace.

Active Participant branch

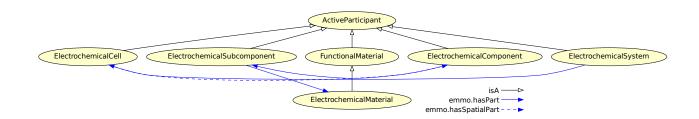


Figure 3.1: Active Participant branch.

Functional Material

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/emmo\#EMMO_d95e6e0d-e8eb-411a-b407-0d1a517e8767}$

Elucidation: Materials that have one or more properties that can be significantly changed in a controlled fashion by external stimuli (temperature, electric/magnetic field, etc.) and are therefore applied in a broad range of technological devices as for example in memories, displays and telecommunication. - NTNU FY3114 - Functional Materials

Preflabel: FunctionalMaterial

Relations:

- is_a emmo.ActiveParticipant
- is a emmo.Material

ActiveParticipant

IRI: http://emmo.info/emmo#EMMO_038e37a3_1684_4980_b5e4_67ab34cd5bdb

Elucidation: A 'physical' that stands for a real world object that takes active part of a functional process.

Preflabel: ActiveParticipant

Relations:

- is a emmo.Participant
- Inverse(emmo.hasProperParticipant) some emmo.FunctionalProcess

Electrochemical System branch

ElectrochemicalSystem

Figure 3.2: Electrochemical System branch.

ElectrochemicalSystem

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_4e4d7f4b-680b-469e-bdd4-728dd3e465bf}$

Elucidation: A system comprising at least one electrochemical cell and the components necessary to support

it.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalSystem

Relations:

• is_a emmo.ActiveParticipant

• emmo.hasPart some BattINFO.ElectrochemicalCell

Electrochemical Cell branch

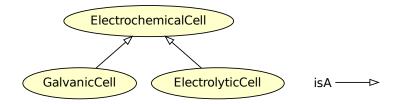


Figure 3.3: Electrochemical Cell branch.

GalvanicCell

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_e248373f_294f_4ca4_9edf_0ad6653bb64f}$

 ${\bf Elucidation:} \ \, {\bf An \ electrochemical \ cell \ that \ spontaneously \ produces \ work.}$

- J. Newman, Electrochemical Systems (p. 6)

Preflabel: GalvanicCell

Relations:

 \bullet is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalCell

ElectrolyticCell

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_e931087f_7681_4096_b200_5223bcc47eb4

Elucidation: An electrochemical cell that requires input of work to drive the reaction.

- J. Newman, Electrochemical Systems (p. 6)

Preflabel: ElectrolyticCell

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Cell$

ElectrochemicalCell

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_6f2c88c9_5c04_4953_a298_032cc3ab9b77

Elucidation: A system capable of either generating electrical energy from chemical reactions or using electrical energy to cause chemical reactions. The key feature of an electrochemical cell is that it contains two (or more) electrodes that allow transport of electrons, separated by a salt bridge that allows the movement of ions but blocks movement of electrons.

- Adapted from J. Newman, Electrochemical Systems (p. 3) and other sources

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalCell

Relations:

- is a emmo.Matter
- \bullet is_a emmo.Object
- is_a emmo.ActiveParticipant
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.ElectricPotential
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.ThermalExpansionCoefficient
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.Volume
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.ThermalConductivity
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.InternalResistance
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.InternalConductance
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.StoredEnergy
- emmo.hasSpatialPart some BattINFO.ElectrochemicalComponent
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.OpenCircuitVoltage
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.ThermodynamicTemperature
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.HeatCapacity
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.ChargeCapacity
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.SpecificChargeCapacity
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.Density
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.SpecificHeatCapacity
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.Mass
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.SpecificEnergy
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.ElectricImpedance
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some emmo.EnergyDensity

Electrochemical Component branch

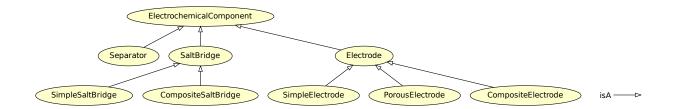


Figure 3.4: Electrochemical Component branch.

Separator

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 331e6cca f260 4bf8 af55 35304fe1bbe0

Definition: "A permeable membrane placed between the positive and negative electrodes to keep them physically separated and prevent an internal short circuit."

Preflabel: Separator

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalComponent

SimpleSaltBridge

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_6e4f4681-f327-4300-96e4-5905fcea36e3

Elucidation: A salt bridge consisting of exactly 1 subcomponent that is an IonicSubcomponent.

Preflabel: SimpleSaltBridge

Relations:

• is_a emmo.State

• is a BattINFO.SaltBridge

• emmo.hasSpatialDirectPart exactly 1 BattINFO.IonicSubcomponent

SimpleElectrode

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_029f0b45-70a7-481f-8154-bf982a77e08c

Elucidation: An electrode consisting of a single ElectrochemicalSubComponent

Example: Metal foil.

Preflabel: SimpleElectrode

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.Electrode

SaltBridge

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_637c576e_a50e_47ae_8c74_2024ce4c6d0f

Elucidation: "Means of making electrolytic connection between two half cells without introducing a significant liquid junction potential. Note: A typical construction is a tube of an inert material (e.g. agar agar) filled with a solution con- taining an electrolyte with approximately equal ion mobilities of the cation and the anion (e.g., KNO3, KCl), with the ends of the tube immersed in the electrolyte solution of the half cells." Pingarron et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis

Preflabel: SaltBridge

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Component$

PorousElectrode

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_3663991d-9319-4f7a-922b-f0e428b58801

Elucidation: Porous electrodes consist of porous matrices of a single reactive electronic conductor or a mixture of solids that include essentially non-conducting, reactive materials in addition to electronic conductors. An electrolytic solution fills the void spaces of the porous matrix. At a given time, there may be a large range of reaction rates within the pores. The distribution of these rates will depend on physical structure, conductivity of the matrix and of the electrolyte, and on parameters characterizing the electrode processes themselves. - Newman and Thomas-Alyea, Electrochemical Systems.

Preflabel: PorousElectrode

Relations:

- \bullet is_a BattINFO. Electrode
- emmo.hasSpatialPart some BattINFO.ElectrodePore

CompositeElectrode

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_7aa79b12-6b34-4724-9728-f31b5f7ed83d}$

Elucidation: An electrode consisting of multiple ElectrochemicalSubComponent

Preflabel: CompositeElectrode

Relations:

 \bullet is_a BattINFO. Electrode

ElectrochemicalComponent

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 3597a1e0 09ef 48ad b913 b3e71ea21c94

Elucidation: A component that is essential to the function of an electrochemical cell.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalComponent

Relations:

• is a emmo. Active Participant

• emmo.hasPart some BattINFO.ElectrochemicalSubcomponent

CompositeSaltBridge

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_6cae5943-737a-4f88-9903-9de4cffebd11

Elucidation: A salt bridge consisting of at least two subcomponents, one of which is an IonicSubcomponent.

Preflabel: CompositeSaltBridge

Relations:

• is a emmo.State

- is a BattINFO.SaltBridge
- emmo.hasSpatialDirectPart min 2 BattINFO.ElectrochemicalSubcomponent
- emmo.hasSpatialDirectPart some BattINFO.IonicSubcomponent

Electrode

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_0f007072-a8dd-4798-b865-1bf9363be627

Elucidation: Electron conductor in an electrochemical cell connected to the external circuit. - Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis (IUPAC Recommendations 2019)

Preflabel: Electrode

Relations:

- is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalComponent
- \bullet is_a emmo.Object
- $\bullet \ \ {\rm emmo.hasContactWith\ some\ BattINFO.Electrolyte}$
- emmo.hasConventionalQuantity some BattINFO.ChargeCapacity

Electrochemical Subcomponent branch

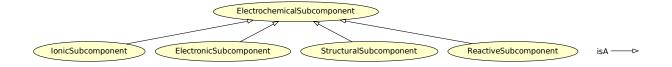


Figure 3.5: Electrochemical Subcomponent branch.

ElectrochemicalSubcomponent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_f89bb8bc-ef9b-43d5-b5df-14e12b0d93b8}$

Elucidation: A subcomponent of an ElectrochemicalComponent.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalSubcomponent

Relations:

- is a emmo. Active Participant
- emmo.hasPart some BattINFO.ElectrochemicalMaterial

IonicSubcomponent

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_23b866e8-27c6-4fd8-a1d2-6b58ad4445af

Preflabel: IonicSubcomponent

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Subcomponent$

${\bf Electronic Subcomponent}$

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_9c4e61c6-4a7b-41c2-9133-e780e144ddcd

Elucidation: An ElectrochemicalSubcomponent whose primary role is electronic

Example: Current Collector Conducting Additive

Preflabel: ElectronicSubcomponent

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Subcomponent$

StructuralSubcomponent

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_dd15b4b0-11e7-4900-b379-9702a8caa6bb}$

Preflabel: StructuralSubcomponent

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalSubcomponent

ReactiveSubcomponent

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_6ab1ca1a-3809-4e9a-aaf7-374915288f73

Elucidation: An ElectrochemicalSubcomponent whose primary role is to participate in a reaction.

Preflabel: ReactiveSubcomponent

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Subcomponent$

Electrochemical Material branch

ElectroactiveSubstance

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO} \underline{92ba4a12\text{-}146e\text{-}4b1f\text{-}}86f3\text{-}bcc66ac52763}$

Preflabel: ElectroactiveSubstance

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalMaterial

Electrolytic Solution

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_fa22874b_76a9_4043_8b8f_6086c88746de

Definition: "A liquid electrolyte that consists of solutes dissolved in a solvent."

Preflabel: ElectrolyticSolution

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.LiquidElectrolyte

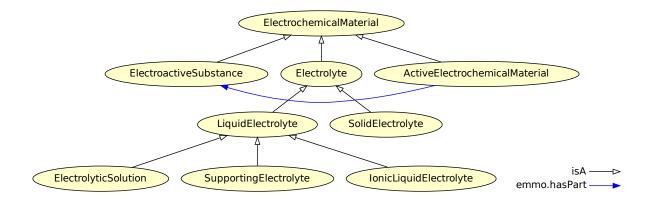


Figure 3.6: Electrochemical Material branch.

LiquidElectrolyte

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_609b340f_3450_4a10_95c2_c457e3eb8a89

Definition: "An electrolyte in the liquid phase"

Preflabel: LiquidElectrolyte

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.Electrolyte

SolidElectrolyte

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 0508a114 544a 4f54 a7de 9b947fb4b618

Definition: "A solid electrolyte is a solid material where the predominant charge carriers are ions. For example: NASICON (Na Super Ionic Conductor), which has the general formula Na1+xZr2P3-xSix O12 , 0 < x < 3." Pingarron et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis

Preflabel: SolidElectrolyte

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.Electrolyte

Electrolyte

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO fb0d9eef 92af 4628 8814 e065ca255d59

Definition: 1. Conducting medium in which the flow of electric current is accompanied by the movement of ions. Pingarron et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis

Preflabel: Electrolyte

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Material$

SupportingElectrolyte

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 1fc5642c b7b2 43bf ad20 f96001db8800

Definition: "Electrolyte solution, the ions of which are electroinactive in the range of applied potential being studied, and whose ionic strength (and, therefore, contribution to the overall conductivity) is usually much greater than the concentration of an electroactive substance to be dissolved in it." Pingarron et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis

Preflabel: SupportingElectrolyte

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.LiquidElectrolyte

IonicLiquidElectrolyte

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_c3f4b34a_0e2c_46f3_baab_4ebd2682d26f

Definition: "An ionic liquid is an electrolyte composed of a salt that is liquid below 100 °C. Ionic liquids have found uses in electrochemical analysis, because their unconventional properties include a negligible vapor pressure, a high thermal and electrochemical stability, and exceptional dissolution properties for both organic and inorganic chemical species." Pingarron et al., Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis

Preflabel: IonicLiquidElectrolyte

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.LiquidElectrolyte

ActiveElectrochemicalMaterial

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_79d1b273-58cd-4be6-a250-434817f7c261

Preflabel: ActiveElectrochemicalMaterial

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalMaterial

• emmo.hasPart some BattINFO.ElectroactiveSubstance

ElectrochemicalMaterial

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_ebdb68e9_c4b5_4d57_a042_c0f51d446755

Elucidation: A material that participates in a functional process in an electrochemical assembly.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalMaterial

Relations:

 \bullet is_a emmo.FunctionalMaterial

Electrochemical Quantity branch



Figure 3.7: Electrochemical Quantity branch.

TheoteticalSpecificEnergy

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_1c13c786_35ae_4768_88fe_795813d465cd

Elucidation: TheoreticalEnergy per unit mass of the cell.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M0 I0 $\Theta0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: Theotetical Specific Energy

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.SpecificEnergy

Theoretical Specific Capacity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_8632dee1_0adf_4a47_8400_820b48b86732

Elucidation: Theoretical Capacity divided by the mass of the cell.

Physical dimension: T+1 L0 M-1 I+1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: Theoretical Specific Capacity

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.SpecificChargeCapacity

ElectrochemicalQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_aecc6094_c6a5_4a36_a825_8a497a2ae112

Elucidation: Physical quantities defined within the domain of electrochemistry.

Preflabel: Electrochemical Quantity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.PhysicoChemical

TheoreticalStoredEnergy

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_9ea6a862_131f_4154_be47_e7417f2fb924

Elucidation: Theoretical amount of energy that can be stored in a battery cell. Minimum of the theoretical energy of the positive electrode and negative electrode. Product of the Theoretical Capacity and the Theoretical Open-Circuit Voltage.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: TheoreticalStoredEnergy

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.StoredEnergy

SpecificEnergy

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_ea0c7651_b58b_4caf_ae02_fb6a4dfe6a5d

Elucidation: Energy per unit mass.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M0 I0 $\Theta0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: SpecificEnergy

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

Battery Quantity

Elucidation: Physical quantities defined within the domain of batteries.

Preflabel: BatteryQuantity

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Quantity$

StoredEnergy

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_4f1ed4ee_06ba_44a4_8ece_1ee56bf12afe}$

Elucidation: Amount of energy stored in a physical object.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: StoredEnergy

Relations:

• is a emmo.InternalEnergy

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

ActiveElectrochemicalMaterialLoading

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_c955c089_6ee1_41a2_95fc_d534c5cfd3d5

Elucidation: Weight of active material in an electrode per unit electrode area.

Physical dimension: T0 L-2 M+1 I0 Θ 0 N0 J0 Preflabel: Active Electrochemical Material Loading

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

SpecificChargeCapacity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_1e3dc60d_dd6b_47d6_8161_70004fc5ee30}$

Elucidation: Electric charge per unit mass.

Physical dimension: $T+1 L0 M-1 I+1 \Theta0 N0 J0$

Preflabel: SpecificChargeCapacity

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

• is_a emmo.ISQDerivedQuantity

ChargeCapacity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_791c1915_a791_4450_acd8_7f94764743b5

Elucidation: Amount of electric charge that can be stored.

Physical dimension: T+1 L0 M0 I+1 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ChargeCapacity

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

• is_a emmo.ElectricCharge

Electrochemically Active Surface Area

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_bad1b6f4_1b26_40e2_b552_6d53873e3973

Elucidation: The area of the electrode material that is accessible to the electrolyte that is used for charge transfer and/or storage.

Physical dimension: T0 L+2 M0 I0 Θ0 N0 J0 Preflabel: Electrochemically Active Surface Area

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

TheoreticalChargeCapacity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_2b09f961_3374_42e4_8836_bffc6bf522fa}$

Elucidation: Theoretical amount of charge a cell can store. Minimum of the theoretical capacity of the positive

electrode and negative electrode.

Physical dimension: T+1 L0 M0 I+1 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: TheoreticalChargeCapacity

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ChargeCapacity

Electrochemical Transport Quantity branch

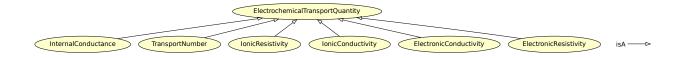


Figure 3.8: Electrochemical Transport Quantity branch.

InternalConductance

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_0c9655c6_6b0b_4819_a219_f286ad196fa9

Physical dimension: T+3 L-2 M-1 I+2 $\Theta0~\mathrm{N0}~\mathrm{J0}$

Preflabel: InternalConductance

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

• is_a emmo.ElectricConductance

ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_4a450a27_b84a_4c70_a3a9_15ec30e2f30b

Elucidation: An Electrochemical Quantity related to the transport of mass and/or charge.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

TransportNumber

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_5c0ad135_89ea_44da_8df7_f108f8ee1d75}$

Elucidation: Of ions B, the current density due to ions B divided by the sum of current densities of all the ions in the electrolyte.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/T06489

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: TransportNumber

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

IonicResistivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_c90a4ca0_493f_4880_a838_3a2c4b808a03

Elucidation: Inverse of IonicConductivity

Physical dimension: T-3 L+3 M+1 I-2 \O 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: IonicResistivity

Relations:

• is a emmo. Electric Resistivity

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

IonicConductivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_64e6ed6a_8d17_40ba_937f_f385a54a86c3

Physical dimension: T+3 L-3 M-1 I+2 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: IonicConductivity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.ElectricConductivity

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

ElectronicConductivity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_} 6a28741c_ef47_4a11_ba3d_166aef581e86$

Physical dimension: T+3 L-3 M-1 I+2 $\Theta0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: ElectronicConductivity

Relations:

• is_a emmo.ElectricConductivity

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

ElectronicResistivity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_bbcafb37_ceec_436b_bb45_080a2bc656aa

Elucidation: Inverse of ElectronicConductivity

Physicaldimension: T-3 L+3 M+1 I-2 \(\Theta\)0 N0 J0

 ${\bf Preflabel:} \ {\bf ElectronicResistivity}$

Relations:

• is_a emmo.ElectricResistivity

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalTransportQuantity

Electrochemical Kinetic Quantity branch

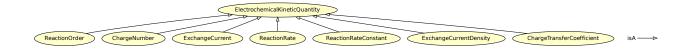


Figure 3.9: Electrochemical Kinetic Quantity branch.

ReactionOrder

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_29a57599_aa0d_458f_b23e_666a2da55883

Elucidation: If the macroscopic (observed, empirical or phenomenological) rate of reaction (v) for any reaction can be expressed by an empirical differential rate equation (or rate law) which contains a factor of the form k $[A]\alpha$ $[B]\beta$... (expressing in full the dependence of the rate of reaction on the concentrations [A], [B] ...) where α , β are constant exponents (independent of concentration and time) and k is independent of [A] and [B] etc. (rate constant, rate coefficient), then the reaction is said to be of order α with respect to A, of order β with respect to B, ..., and of (total or overall) order $n=\alpha+\beta+...$ The exponents α , β , ... can be positive or negative integral or rational nonintegral numbers.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/O04322

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ReactionOrder

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

ChargeNumber

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_abfadc99_6e43_4d37_9b04_7fc5b0f327ae

Elucidation: Number of electrons transferred in a charge transfer reaction between an electrode and a single entity (ion, radical-ion, or molecule) of an electroactive substance, whose identity must be specified.

-Pingarrón et al.: Terminology of electrochemical methods of analysis, DOI: 10.1515/pac-2018-0109

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/C00995

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ChargeNumber

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO}_21745019_2830_4395_bca7_15ddfd266673$

Elucidation: An Electrochemical Quantity that relates to the kinetics of a reaction.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalQuantity

ExchangeCurrent

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO ccde24bb 790a 40ca a06e cea156a61031

Elucidation: The common value (i0) of the anodic and cathodic partial currents when the reaction is at equilibrium:

i0 = ia = -ic

For an electrode at equilibrium at which only one reaction is significant i = 0. When more than one reaction is significant at a given electrode, subscripts to i0 may be used to distinguish exchange currents. i is not usually zero when only one of these reactions is at equilibrium.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/E02238

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I+1 $\Theta0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: ExchangeCurrent

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

ReactionRate

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 47b7d606 7030 4674 9828 cf83fb4a2995

Elucidation: For the general chemical reaction:

 $aA+bB\rightarrow pP+qQ+...$

occurring under constant-volume conditions, without an appreciable build-up of reaction intermediates, the rate of reaction ν is defined as:

 $\nu = -1/a \, d/A//dt = -1/b \, d[B]/dt = 1/p * d[P]/dt = 1/q * d[Q]/dt$

where symbols placed inside square brackets denote amount (or amount of substance) concentrations (conventionally expressed in units of mol dm-3). The symbols R and r are also commonly used in place of ν .

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/R05156

Physical dimension: T-1 L0 M0 I0 Θ 0 N+1 J0

Preflabel: ReactionRate

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reaction_rate

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

ReactionRateConstant

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO_dbd808a7_8a8f_43be_9870_02cc35bd1646}$

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/O04322

Preflabel: ReactionRateConstant

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

ExchangeCurrentDensity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_e9fd9ef9_adfe_46cb_b2f9_4558468a25e7

Elucidation: Defined by j0 = i0/A, where i0 is the exchange current of the electrode reaction and A is usually taken as the geometric area of the electrode.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/M03777

Physical dimension: T0 L-2 M0 I+1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ExchangeCurrentDensity

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Exchange_current_density

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Kinetic Quantity$

ChargeTransferCoefficient

 $\textbf{IRI:} \ \text{http://emmo.info/BattINFO\#EMMO}_a4dfa5c1_55a9_4285_b71d_90cf6613ca31$

Elucidation: The fraction of the electrostatic potential energy affecting the reduction rate in an electrode reaction, with the remaining fraction affecting the corresponding oxidation rate.

• Guidelli et al.: Transfer coefficient: An assessment, DOI: 10.1515/pac-2014-5026

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: ChargeTransferCoefficient

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Charge_transfer_coefficient

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalKineticQuantity

Electrochemical Thermodynamic Quantity branch

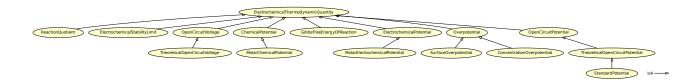


Figure 3.10: Electrochemical Thermodynamic Quantity branch.

OpenCircuitPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_9c657fdc_b9d3_4964_907c_f9a6e8c5f52b Elucidation: Measured electric potential of an electrode without external current flow.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: OpenCircuitPotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

• is a emmo. Electric Potential

MolarElectrochemicalPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_7fe804b8_6126_4132_be8f_b4985d61b1f6

Elucidation: ElectrochemicalPotential per mole.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/E01945

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 $\Theta 0$ N-1 J0

Preflabel: MolarElectrochemicalPotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalPotential

ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_2d896559_eee3_447c_9759_87c854a4266a

Elucidation: A thermodynamically derived ElectrochemicalQuantity.

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

Relations:

 $\bullet \ \ is_a \ BattINFO. Electrochemical Quantity$

TheoreticalOpenCircuitVoltage

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_367a4916_d03a_483c_9f2c_6588370fc9d9

Elucidation: Difference between the theoretical electric potentials of the positive electrode and negeative

electrode under no current flow.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 $\Theta0~\mathrm{N0}~\mathrm{J0}$

Preflabel: TheoreticalOpenCircuitVoltage

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.OpenCircuitVoltage

ReactionQuotient

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 740d5817 3fa7 464a 90c3 55552e51a3df

Physical dimension: T0 L0 M0 I0 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ReactionQuotient

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reaction_quotient

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

ElectrochemicalStabilityLimit

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_8f4b90ef_fea4_47c9_99f5_a9b3290a505d

Elucidation: Electric potential at which a material undergoes an oxidation or reduction decomposition.

Example: For water, the electrochemical stability limits are: Reduction: 0 V Oxidation: 1.23 V

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalStabilityLimit

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

SurfaceOverpotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_60741c58_a10d_4aa6_bb68_0066a6ff8e30

Elucidation: The potential of a working electrode relative to a reference electrode of the same kinds placed in the solution adjacent to the surface of the working electrode (just outside the double layer).

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: SurfaceOverpotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.Overpotential

OpenCircuitVoltage

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 0c0c623c 43b8 426d a536 168108e2353a

Elucidation: Measured difference between two electrodes without external current flow.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: OpenCircuitVoltage

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

• is_a emmo.ElectricPotential

ChemicalPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO 17e305af 52a9 4255 a70f 700ba1088f13

Elucidation: Energy that can be absorbed or released due to a change of the particle number of the given species

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/C01032

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: ChemicalPotential

Wikipediaentry: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Chemical_potential

Relations:

 \bullet is_a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

Theoretical Open Circuit Voltage

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_34e440e0_b720_4585_a915_fbe5abb8615d

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: TheoreticalOpenCircuitVoltage

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.OpenCircuitVoltage

StandardPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_7fc10197_41d9_4c1e_a107_928f03eb2d36

Elucidation: Theoretical equilibrium potential under standard conditions.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: StandardPotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.TheoreticalOpenCircuitPotential

MolarChemicalPotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_68dc1bf8_9813_43c8_b428_6bd614c3161d

Elucidation: ChemicalPotential per mole.

Physical dimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ0 N-1 J0

Preflabel: MolarChemicalPotential

Relations:

 $\bullet\,$ is _a BattINFO.Chemical Potential

ConcentrationOverpotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_9ed7210c_c4fa_467b_822d_ba12f885bdf4

Elucidation: The concentration overpotential of an electrode reaction at a given electrode current density (c.d.) is basically the difference in equilibrium potentials across the diffusion layer. More precisely, it is the potential of a reference electrode (of the same electrode reaction as the working electrode) with the interfacial concentrations which establish themselves at c.d., relative to the potential of a similar reference electrode with the concentrations of the bulk solution. From such a measured potential difference, with c.d. flowing, one needs to subtract the ohmic potential drop prevailing between the two electrodes.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/C01230

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 $\Theta0~\mathrm{N0}~\mathrm{J0}$

Preflabel: ConcentrationOverpotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.Overpotential

GibbsFreeEnergyOfReaction

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_d62ff300_26ac_4b00_bfcd_04a68aff5dc3

Elucidation: Change in the Gibbs free energy between the products and reactants in a reaction.

Physicaldimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: GibbsFreeEnergyOfReaction

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

Theoretical Open Circuit Potential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_d91940f0_c8b6_4505_9b68_6bf6cfc5c544

Elucidation: Theoretical electrode potential considering a given electrochemical charge-transfer reaction.

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 Θ 0 N0 J0

Preflabel: TheoreticalOpenCircuitPotential

Relations:

• is_a BattINFO.OpenCircuitPotential

Electrochemical Potential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_1422cde1_929e_46b6_b0dc_1010eebc5dfd

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/E01945

Physicaldimension: T-2 L+2 M+1 I0 Θ0 N0 J0

Preflabel: ElectrochemicalPotential

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

Overpotential

IRI: http://emmo.info/BattINFO#EMMO_1cd1d777_e67b_47eb_81f1_edac35d9f2c6

Elucidation: Deviation of the potential of an electrode from its equilibrium value required to cause a given current to flow through the electrode.

Iupacentry: https://goldbook.iupac.org/terms/view/O04358

Physical dimension: T-3 L+2 M+1 I-1 $\Theta 0$ N0 J0

Preflabel: Overpotential

Relations:

• is a BattINFO.ElectrochemicalThermodynamicQuantity

Chapter 4

Appendix

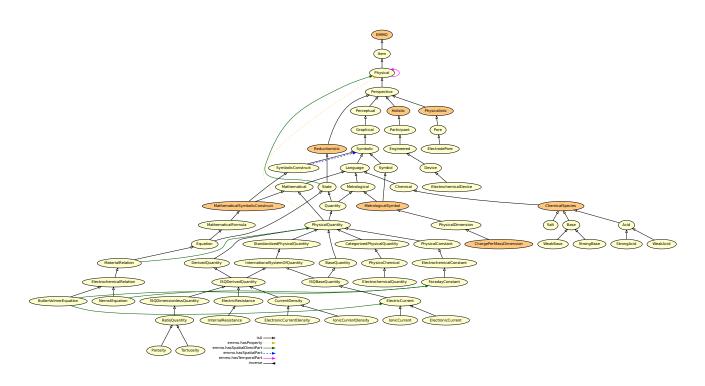


Figure 4.1: All classes defined with the BattINFO name space. In addition parent classes belonging to EMMO are included.