

## Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

## 1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared **final**, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

```
final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed
```

## 2. Final Method:

- A method declared **final** cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {  
    System.out.println("This is a final method.");  
}
```

## 3. Final Class:

- A class declared as **final** cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.

```
public final class Vehicle {  
    // class code  
}
```

**Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output.**

**you should delete any piece of code.**

**For example:**

Test	Result
1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 class FinalExample {  
2     // Final variable  
3     int maxSpeed = 120;  
4  
5     // Final method  
6     public final void displayMaxSpeed() {  
7         System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + maxSpeed + " km/h");  
8     }  
9 }  
10  
11 class SubClass extends FinalExample {  
12     // You can create new methods here  
13     public void showDetails() {  
14         System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");  
15     }  
16 }  
17  
18 class prog {  
19     public static void main(String[] args) {  
20         FinalExample obj = new FinalExample();  
21         obj.displayMaxSpeed();  
22         SubClass subObj = new SubClass();  
23         subObj.showDetails();  
24     }  
25 }  
26
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

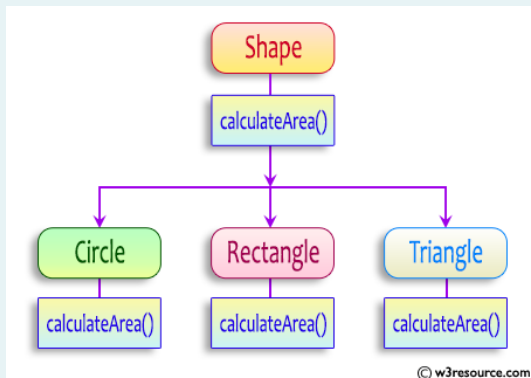
## Question 2

Correct

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Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:



```

abstract class Shape {
    public abstract double calculateArea() ;
}

```

```
System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle :%.2f%n",((0.5)*base*height)); // use this statement
```

sample Input :

```

4 // radius of the circle to calculate area PI*r*r
5 // length of the rectangle
6 // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle
4 // base of the triangle
3 // height of the triangle

```

**OUTPUT:**

**Area of a circle :50.27**

**Area of a Rectangle :30.00**

**Area of a Triangle :6.00**

**For example:**

Test	Input	Result
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 import java.util.*;
2
3 abstract class s {
4     public abstract double calculateArea();
5 }
6
7 class c extends s {
8     double r;
9
10    c(double r) {
11        this.r = r;
12    }

```

```

13
14 public double calculateArea() {
15     double a = Math.PI * r * r;
16     System.out.printf("Area of a circle: %.2f\n", a);
17     return a;
18 }
19 }
20
21 class r extends s {
22     double l;
23     double b;
24
25     r(double l, double b) {
26         this.l = l;
27         this.b = b;
28     }
29
30     public double calculateArea() {
31         double a = l * b;
32         System.out.printf("Area of a Rectangle: %.2f\n", a);
33         return a;
34     }
35 }
36
37 class t extends s {
38     double b;
39     double h;
40
41     t(double b, double h) {
42         this.b = b;
43         this.h = h;
44     }
45
46     public double calculateArea() {
47         double a = b * h * 0.5;
48         System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle: %.2f\n", a);
49         return a;
50     }
51 }
52

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	✓
✓	2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 3

Correct

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As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

**For example:**

Input	Result
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple
2 Mango banana	no matches found
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 import java.util.*;
2
3 public class hello {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6         int n = sc.nextInt();
7         int k = 0;
8         String arr[] = new String[n];
9
10        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
11            arr[i] = sc.next();
12            arr[i] = arr[i].toLowerCase();
13            char ch = arr[i].charAt(0);
14
15            if (ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u') {
16                k = 1;
17                System.out.print(arr[i] + "");
18            }
19        }
```

```

20
21     if (k == 0) {
22         System.out.println("no matches found");
23     }
24 }
25 }
26

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	✓
✓	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	✓
✓	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

[◀ Lab-08-MCQ](#)

Jump to...

[FindStringCode ▶](#)