```
<!----!>
package com.example.matrix;
import android.content.Context;
import android.graphics.Bitmap;
import android.graphics.Canvas;
import android.graphics.Color;
import android.graphics.Paint;
import android.util.AttributeSet;
import android.view.View;
import java.util.Random;
public class Matrix extends View {
    int width = 1000000; //default initial width
    int height = 100; //default initial height
    Canvas canvas =null; //default canvas
    Bitmap canvasBitmap; //Bitmap used to create the canvas
    int fontSize = 15; //font size of the text which will fall
    int columnSize = width/fontSize; //column size; no of digit required to fill the screen
    int parentWidth;
    String text = "MATRIXRAIN"; // Text which need to be drawn
    char[] textChar = text.toCharArray(); // split the character of the text
    int textLength = textChar.length; //length of the length text
    Random rand = new Random(); //random generater
    int[] textPosition; // contain the position which will help to draw the text
    public Matrix(Context context) {
        super(context);
    }
    public Matrix(Context context, AttributeSet attrs) {
       super(context, attrs);
    void drawText()
        //Set up the paint
        Paint paint = new Paint();
       paint.setStyle(Paint.Style.FILL);
       paint.setColor(Color.GREEN);
       paint.setTextSize(15);
        //loop and paint
        for(int i =0 ;i<textPosition.length;i++)</pre>
            // draw the text at the random position
           canvas.drawText(""+textChar[rand.nextInt(textLength)+0],i*fontSize,textPosition[i]*fontSize,paint);
            // check if text has reached bottom or not
            if(textPosition[i] *fontSize > height && Math.random() > 0.975)
                textPosition[i] = 0; // change text position to zero when 0 when text is at the bottom
            textPosition[i]++; //increment the position array
        }
    }
    public void canvasDraw()
        //set the paint for the canvas
        Paint paint = new Paint();
        paint.setColor(Color.BLACK);
       paint.setAlpha(5);
        paint.setStyle(Paint.Style.FILL);
        canvas.drawRect(0, 0, width, height, paint);//draw rect to clear the canvas
        drawText(); // draw the canvas
    //function responsonsible for draw calls
    @Override
    protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {
        super.onDraw(canvas);
        Paint paint = new Paint();
        paint.setColor(Color.BLACK);
        canvas.drawBitmap(canvasBitmap,0,0,paint); //draw the bitmap to canvas
        canvasDraw(); // call the draw command
        //Redraw the canvas
        invalidate();
    //set the height and width of the canvas according to the screen size
    protected void onSizeChanged(int w, int h, int oldw, int oldh) {
        width= w;
       height = h;
        super.onSizeChanged(w, h, oldw, oldh);
        //create a Bitmap
        canvasBitmap = Bitmap.createBitmap(width, height, Bitmap.Config.ARGB_8888);
        canvas = new Canvas(canvasBitmap); //set the canvas
        // init paint with black rectangle
        Paint paint = new Paint();
```

```
paint.setColor(Color.BLACK);
       paint.setAlpha(255); //set the alpha
       paint.setStyle(Paint.Style.FILL);
       canvas.drawRect(0, 0, width, height, paint);
       columnSize = width/fontSize;
       //initalise the textposiotn to zero
       textPosition = new int[columnSize+1]; //add one more drop
       for(int x = 0; x < columnSize; x++)</pre>
           textPosition[x] = 1;
   }
}
<!----!>
Use MatrixView In MainActivity
package com.example.matrix;
import android.os.Bundle;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
   protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
       // Without Any Xml Id By Only Java Source
Matrix matrixView = new Matrix(this);
layout_name.addView(matrixView); // Replace With Actual Layout Id | Layout Names($$layout_name$$)-----!
   }
```