Appendix C. DOS to Linux Cheat Sheet

Many Linux commands you type at a shell prompt are not that different from the commands you would type either in MS-DOS or in Windows (from the MS-DOS prompt). In fact, some commands are identical.

DOS and Linux Commands

What follows are some common commands used at the MS-DOS prompt in Windows 9x, and in Linux, as well as a basic example of how the command is used at the Linux shell prompt. Note that these commands usually have a number of options. To learn more about each command, read its associated man page (for example, type man 1s at the shell prompt to read about the 1s command).

Table C-1. Similar Commands

Command's Purpose	MS-DOS	Linux	Basic Linux Example
Copies files	сору	ср	cp thisfile.txt /home/thisdirectory
Moves files	move	mv	mv thisfile.txt /home/thisdirectory
Lists files	dir	ls	ls
Clears screen	cls	clear	clear
Closes prompt window	exit	exit	exit
Displays or sets date	date	date	date
Deletes files	del	rm	rm thisfile.txt
"Echoes" output on the screen	echo	echo	echo this message
Edits files with simple text editor	edit	pico[a]	pico thisfile.txt
Compares the contents of files	fc	diff	diff file1 file2
Finds a string of text in a file	find	grep	grep this word or phrase thisfile.txt
Formats a floppy	format a: (if floppy's in A:)	mke2fs(or mformat[b])	/sbin/mke2fs /dev/fd0 (/dev/fd0 is the Linux equivalent of A:)
Displays command help	command /?	man[c]	man command
Creates a directory	mkdir	mkdir	mkdir directory
Screens through a file	more	less[d]	less thisfile.txt

Renames a file	ren	mv	mv thisfile.txt thatfile.txt[e]
Shows your location in the file system	chdir	pwd	pwd
Changes directories with a specified path (absolute path)	cd pathname	cd pathname	cd /directory/directory
Changes directories with a <i>relative path</i>	cd	cd	cd
Displays the time	time	date	date
Shows amount of RAM and use	mem	free	procinfo

Notes:

- a. Pico is a simple text editor; other editors you can use in place of **pico** include **emacs** and **vi**.
- b. This formats a disk for the DOS filesystem.
- c. Or you can use info for some commands.
- d. You can also another pager, called more, to scroll through a file a screen at at time.
- e. The mv command serves double-duty, because it can both move a file and, if you want to rename a file in the same directory, you "move" that file to the same directory with a new name, as in this example.

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