

**SPECTRUM** *v 1.0.0.0*

A MATLAB Toolbox for Proteoform  
Identification from Top-Down Proteomics Data

# **USER MANUAL**

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## 3 Introduction to SPECTRUM

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This chapter introduces the user to the SPECTRUM application and describes its basic features.

### 3.1. About SPECTRUM

SPECTRUM, a top-down proteomics toolbox based on the popular mathematical computing platform MATLAB, is presented in this work. SPECTRUM provides a richly featured environment for searching and identifying proteoforms from top down proteomics data obtained from high resolution mass spectrometers. The toolbox stands to fill the critical gaps in availability of open source platforms for TDP data analysis as well as the MATLAB® Bioinformatics Toolbox which currently only provides limited spectral data analysis features. The proposed toolbox can be employed by computational proteomics instructors in their educational and training endeavors. SPECTRUM comprises of a front-end GUI and the back-end search “engine”.

### 3.2. Features

The salient features of the toolbox are summarized below:

- **Graphical User Interface** - A set of rich and intuitive graphical user interfaces has been developed for setting up the search parameters as well as for integrating the main components of the engine.
- **Whole Protein Molecular Weight Estimation** - The protein identification begins with the tuning of precursor protein’s monoisotopic MW (MS1) as guided by its fragmentation spectra (MS2). Relative abundances and mass/charge ( $m/z$ ) ratios are used to calculate the consensus MW which is then employed in the search and scoring process.
- **Peptide Sequence Tag Extractor** - Peptide sequence tag ladders (PST) are extracted from the spectra by enumerating successive peaks having MW differences equal to an amino acid and within the user specified mass tolerance. Protein database is then filtered for proteins reporting these PSTs. The length of PST ladders, cumulative mass off-sets and relative abundances are used in calculating the PST scores.
- ***In silico* fragmentation** – *In silico* fragments of candidate proteins are generated by the user selected fragmentation techniques. *In vitro* and *in silico* spectral comparisons are performed and scored.

- **Post-translational Modification (PTM) Search** - Support for predicting typical PTMs has been provided in the toolbox. Users can select and search variable and fixed PTMs of their choice along with blind-PTMs by simply selecting them from the GUI.
- **Multifactorial Composite Scoring System** - A multifactorial candidate protein scoring scheme incorporating the aforementioned algorithms has been developed. User customization of the parameters and weights in the scoring function is admitted via a GUI.
- **Single and Batch Processing Mode Search** - Towards an automated batch processing of multiple spectral data files (e.g. peak-lists, MGF, mzML and mzXML), a batch processing mode has also been implemented. The experimental spectra, search parameters and results are automatically stored in the project directory for further processing and visualization.

## 4 Hardware and Software

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### 4.1. Hardware

SPECTRUM requires a minimum 500 MB of disk space and 8 GB RAM for optimal functioning.

### 4.2. Software

SPECTRUM requires “Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10, Windows Server 2012 R2 or Windows Server 2016” and “MATLAB R2015a, MATLAB R2016a, MATLAB R2017a and MATLAB R2017b” along with [MATLAB Bioinformatics Toolbox](#) for functioning. Additionally, SPECTRUM requires Java Runtime Environment 7 or above.

### 4.3. Testing

All testing is based upon the following Operating System Releases:

- Windows 7, 64 bit
- Windows 10, 64 bit
- Windows Server 2012 R2, 64 bit
- Windows Server 2016, 64 bit

All testing is based upon the following MATLAB versions:

- MATLAB R2015a
- MATLAB R2016a
- MATLAB R2017a
- MATLAB R2017b

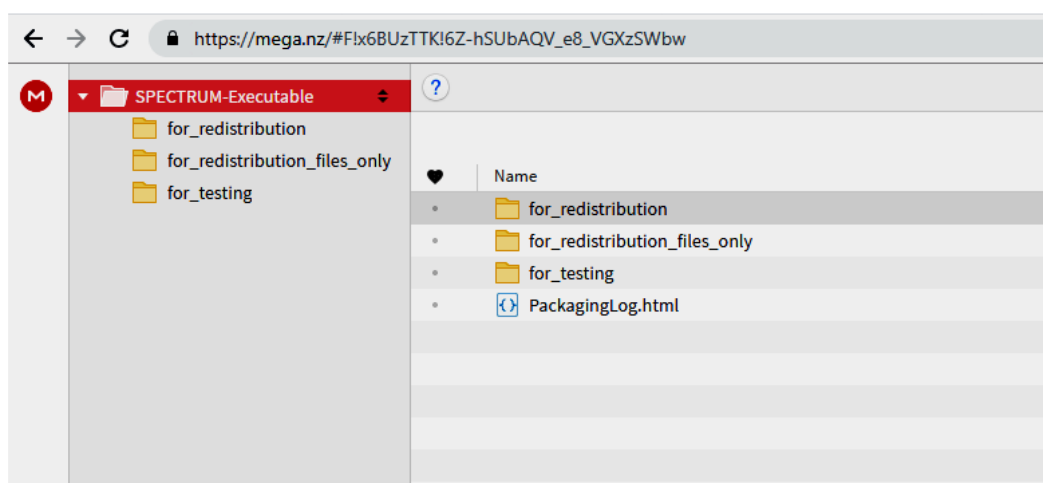
## 5 Running SPECTRUM without MATLAB

SPECTRUM has been developed as a MATLAB toolbox for the analysis of top-down proteomics data. However, for running SPECTRUM without MATLAB, we provide support for executing the toolbox using MATLAB-independent executables. We have provided SPECTRUM executable for [Windows 64-bit](#).

### 5.1. Installing Executable file (.exe) for Windows (PC with MATLAB Runtime)

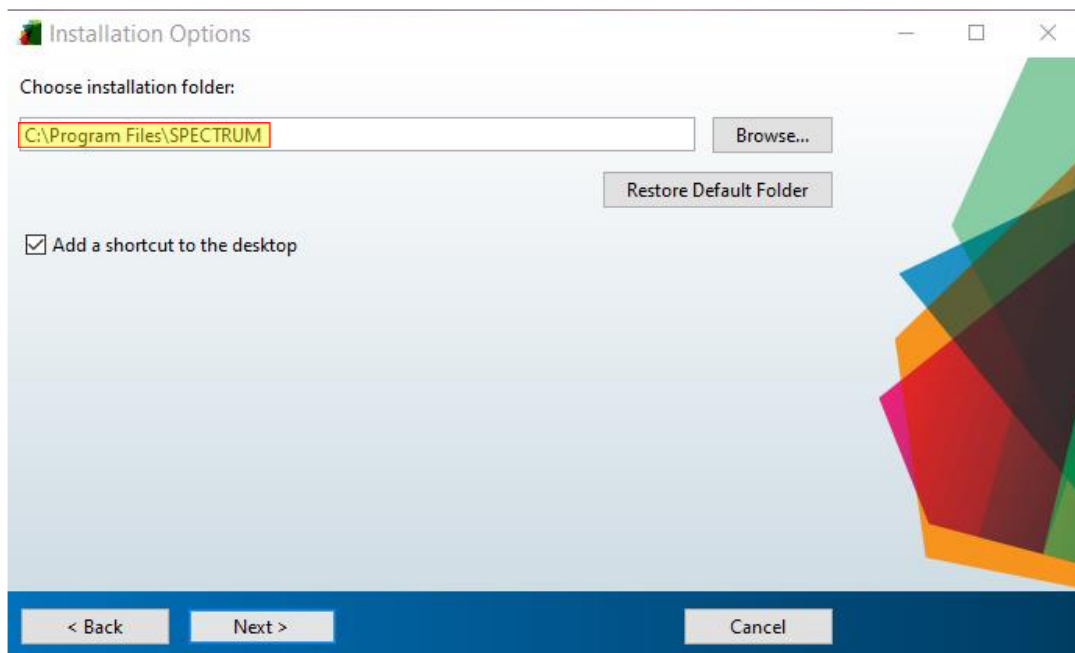
For installing the (.exe) file in a computer with MATLAB, the following steps can be followed:

1. Open the link provided for ‘.exe’ file ([https://mega.nz/#F!x6BUzTTK!6Z-hSubAQV\\_e8\\_VGXzSWbw](https://mega.nz/#F!x6BUzTTK!6Z-hSubAQV_e8_VGXzSWbw)) and go to ‘for redistribution’ folder.

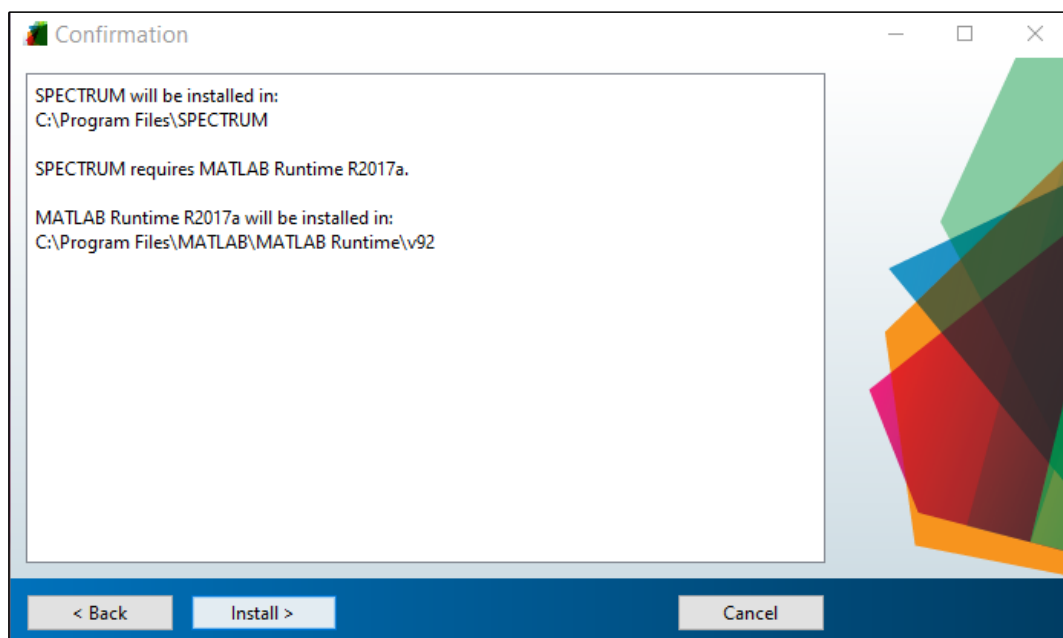


2. Click on ‘MyAppInstaller\_mcr.exe’ and grant access to install the executable file. Keep the installation folder ‘C:\Program Files\SPECTRUM’ and click on ‘Next’. Make sure to check the ‘Add a shortcut to the desktop’ checkbox for easy access to the application.

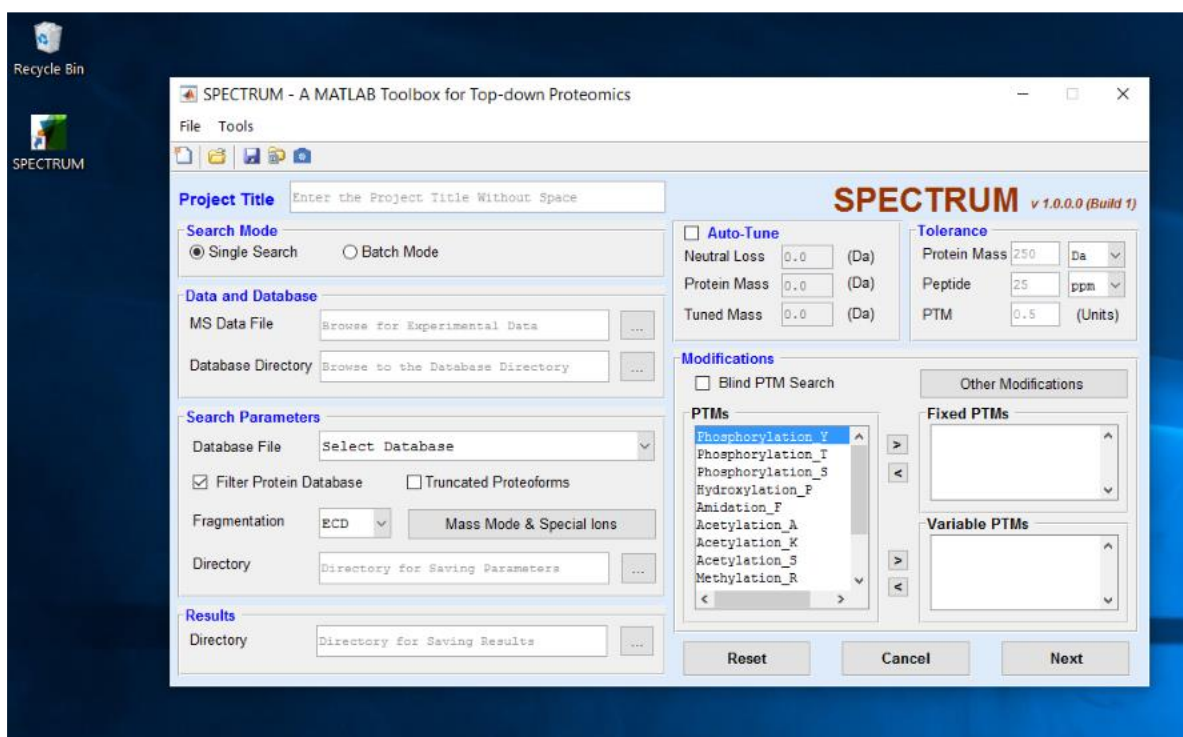




3. The following window will appear, click on 'Install'.

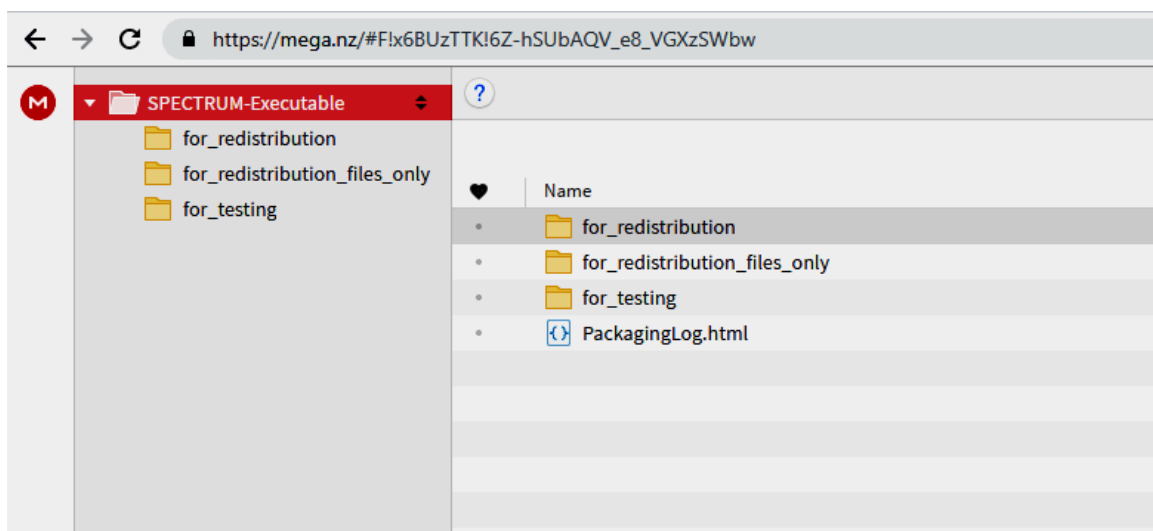


4. After the installation is complete, check desktop for the shortcut generated and add it to 'SPECTRUM-master\ToolBox'. Click on SPECTRUM.exe to run SPECTRUM.

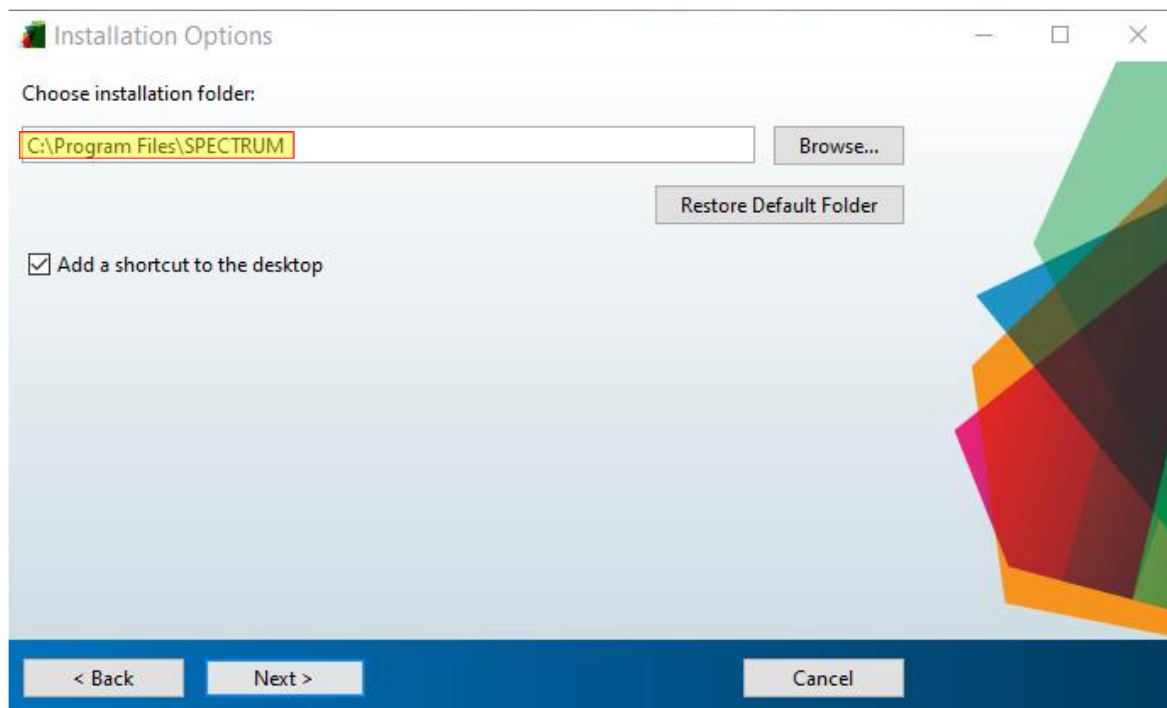


## 5.2. Installing Executable file (.exe) for Windows (PC without MATLAB Runtime)

1. Open the link provided for '.exe' file ([https://mega.nz/#F!x6BUzTTK!6Z-hSUbAQV\\_e8\\_VGXzSWbw](https://mega.nz/#F!x6BUzTTK!6Z-hSUbAQV_e8_VGXzSWbw)) and go to 'for redistribution' folder.

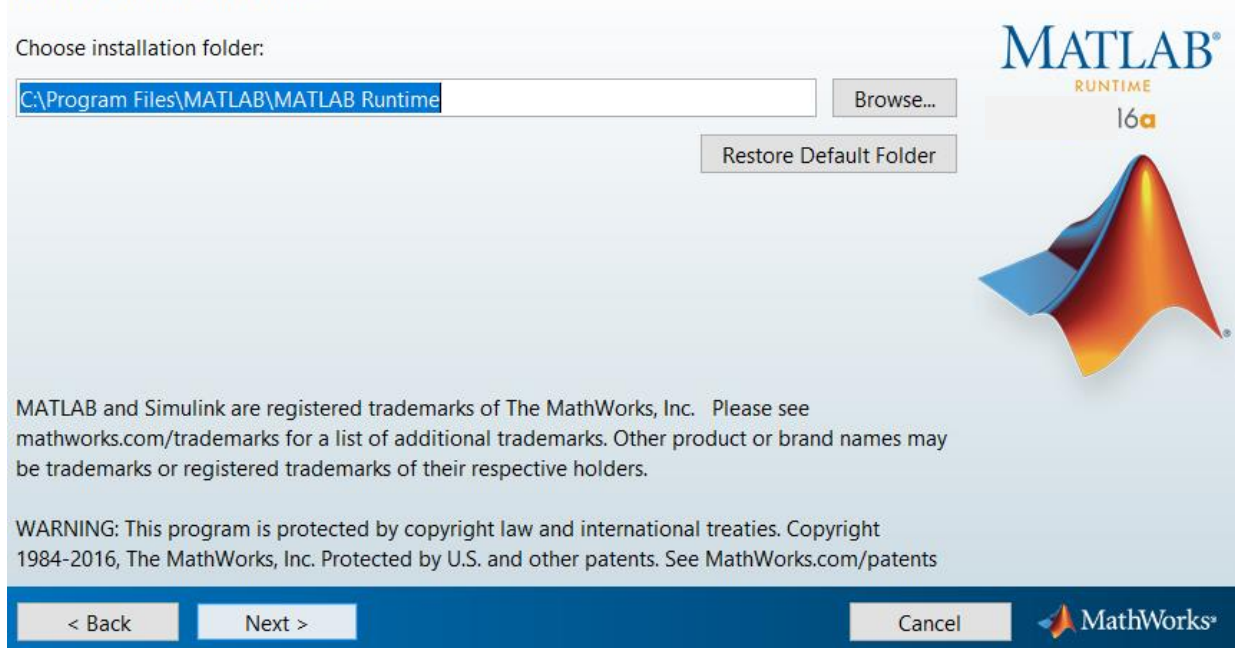


2. Click on 'MyAppInstaller\_mcr.exe' and grant access to install the executable file. Keep the installation folder 'C:\Program Files\SPECTRUM' and click on 'Next' button to proceed with installation. Make sure to check the 'Add a shortcut to the desktop' checkbox for easy access to the application.

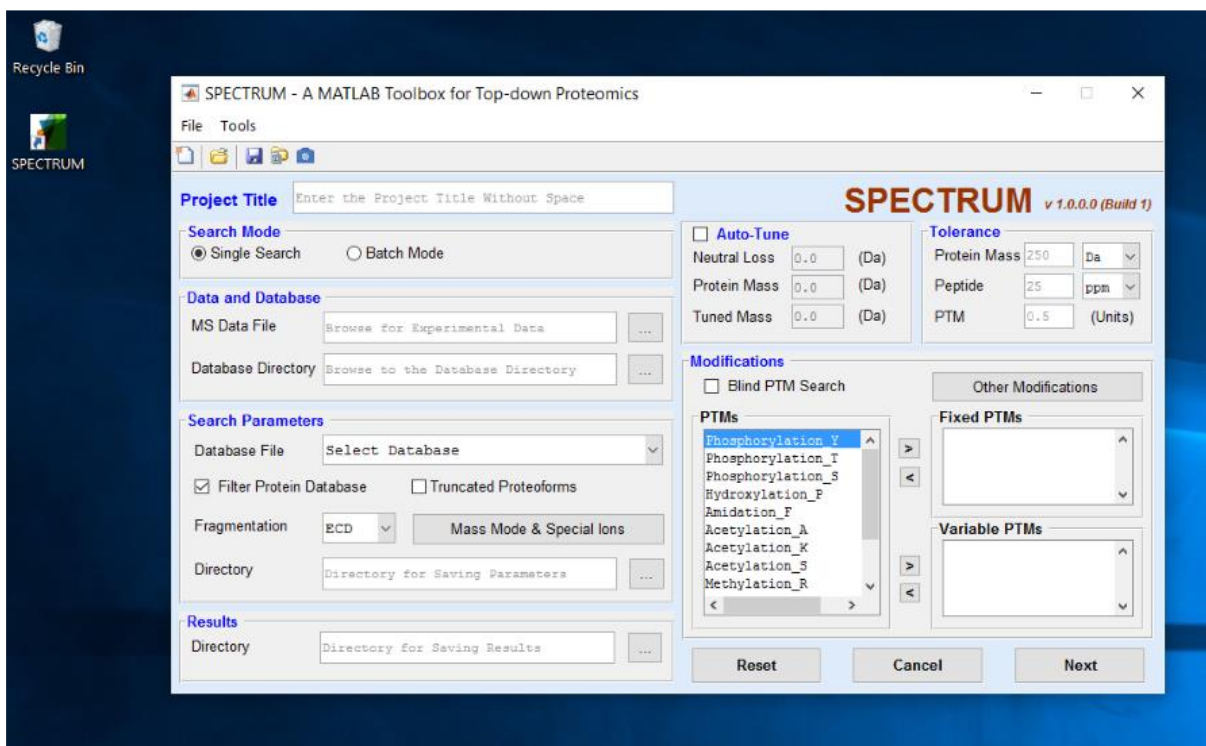


3. Since your PC does not have MATLAB installed, the following window will appear. The path for installation should be 'C:\Program Files\MATLAB\MATLAB Runtime'. Click on 'Next' to proceed.

**MATLAB Runtime is required.**



4. Accept the License Agreement and proceed with installation. Once the installation is complete find the desktop shortcut and add it to 'SPECTRUM-master\ToolBox'. Click on SPECTRUM.exe to run SPECTRUM.



## 6 Video Tutorials

Video tutorials have been provided for: (i) downloading and execution of SPECTRUM, (ii) file format conversions (raw to mzML, raw to mzXML, mzXML to MGF, MGF to flat text), (iii) search in single and batch modes, (iv) downloading protein databases from UniProt and their incorporation in SPECTRUM, (v) performing search for mzXML, mzML, MGF and text files, and (vi) interpreting results. The videos are available as a playlist at: <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLaNVq-kFOn0YH6DpEMiXuxGwz8y7abZfQ>

## 7 Getting Started with SPECTRUM Toolbox

SPECTRUM source code, manual, samples and issues database is freely available (under the MIT open license) at (<https://github.com/BIRL/SPECTRUM>)

To download, click on ‘Download ZIP’.

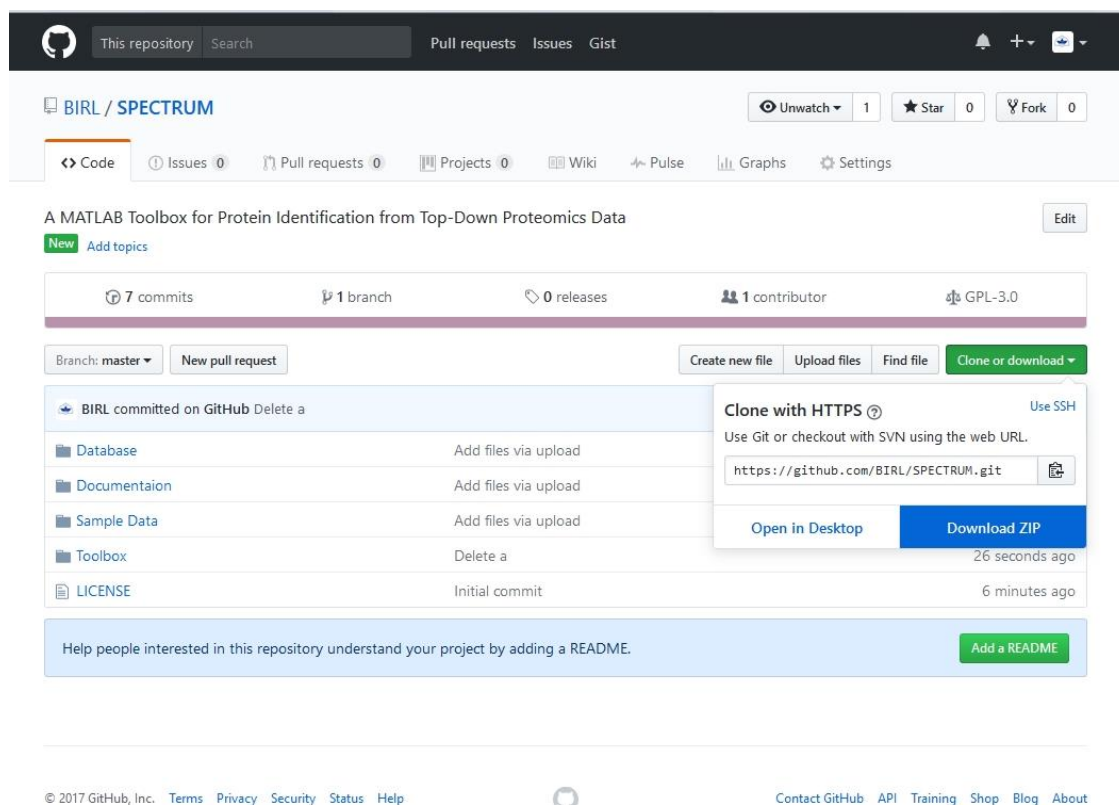


Figure 1. Downloading SPECTRUM

Once downloaded, unzip/extract the files from the folder.

## 8 GUI description:

## 8.1 Window1: SPECTRUM MATLAB Toolbox for Top-down Proteomics

Figure 2. SPECTRUM - Overview of user interface

- H. Includes drop down menu of 'file type'.
- I. Browse and upload protein database (.fasta)
- J. User can allow for truncated proteoforms
- K. Select Database from the drop down menu
- L. User can filter database by checking the option -'Filter DB'
- M. Select the 'Fragmentation technique' from drop down menu.
- N. User can select a file to store the selected parameters
- O. 'Handle Special Ions' option will lead to a new window (Fig. 6) where user can select the fragmentation ions option (i.e. a', b', y', z'', a\*, b\*, y\*, z' ions)
- P. User can select a file to store the results
- Q. User can clear the already uploaded data by clicking on 'Reset' option
- R. Click on 'Cancel' option to close the window
- S. After filling all the requirements, user can proceed further by clicking on 'Next' option below.
- T. User can opt for required Variable 'Post translation Modifications' from the list of modifications
- U. Allow user to perform Blind-PTM search and find unknown modifications
- V. Similarly, various 'Fixed Modifications' are also selected from the list
- W. Allow user to select terminal modifications and Cystine and Methionine chemical modifications
- X. After uploading the MS input file, user can see the 'Protein mass' in the box
- Y. Set the tolerance value for Post Translational Modification (PTM)
- Z. Set the tolerance value for Peptide
- AA. Set the tolerance value for Protein Mass
- BB. Provide the value of Neutral loss, if any
- CC. Check the option 'Auto-tune' for tuning protein mass and proceed to the next step
- DD. Tuned mass can be seen when user proceed to the next step

## 8.2 Window 2: Select Fragmentation Ions

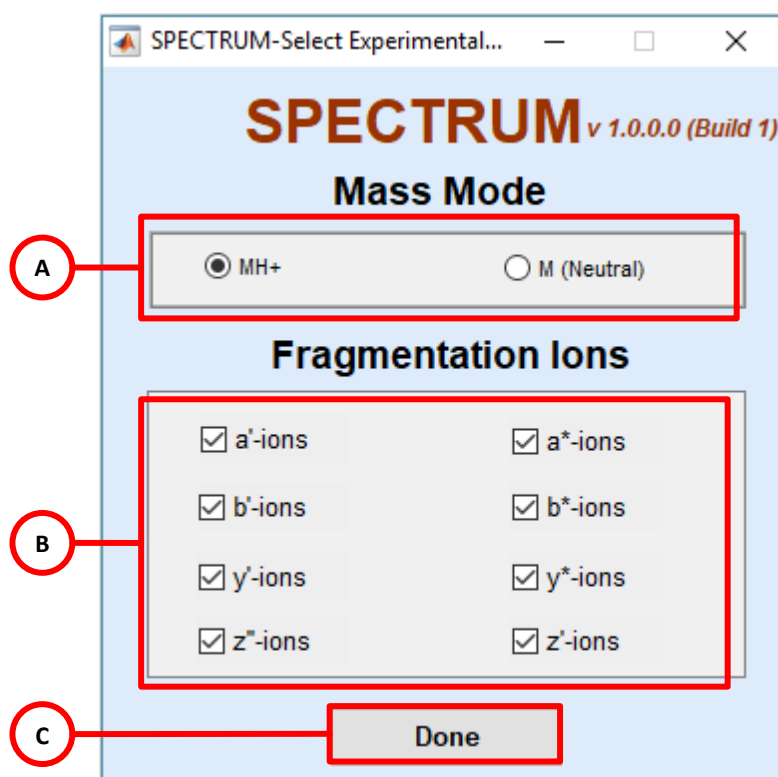


Figure 3. Selecting fragmentation ions

- A. Select Mass Mode. MS data can only be provided in either  $m/z$  form with  $z = 1$  and neutral masses.
- B. 'Handle Special Ions' in the previous window, option leads to a new window where user can select the fragmentation ions option (i.e.  $a'$ ,  $b'$ ,  $y'$ ,  $z'$ ,  $a^*$ ,  $b^*$ ,  $y^*$ ,  $z^*$  ions)
- C. Click on 'Done' to record the selection.



### 8.3 Window 3: Intact Protein Mass Tuner

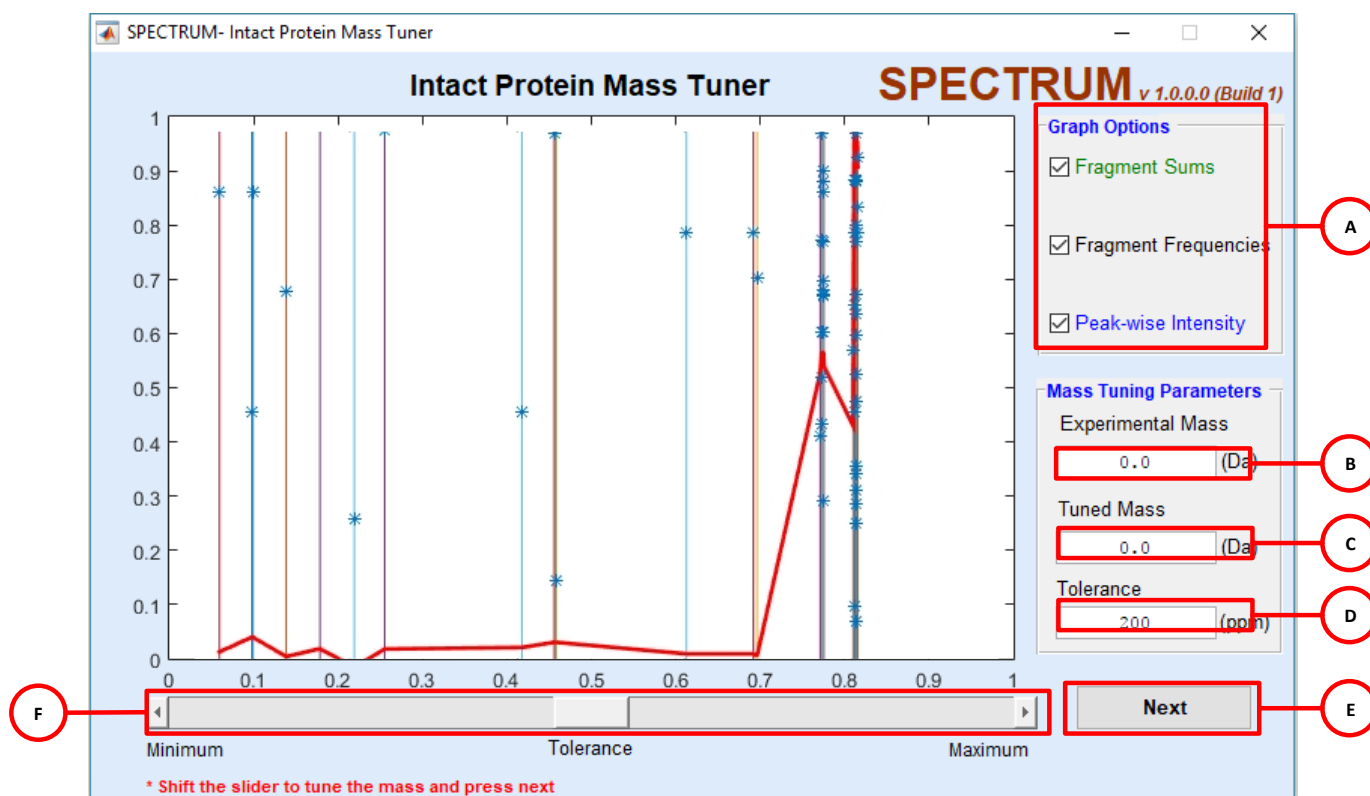


Figure 4. Intact Protein Mass Tuner

- A. Graph between 'Frequency' on Y-axis and 'Molecular weight' on X-axis is shown when a user selected 'Auto-tune' option from the previous window. Graph represents Fragment Sums, Fragment Frequencies and Peak-wise Intensity displayed by green, black, red and blue colors respectively. User can select from the list of Attributes to be represented in the graph.
- B. 'Experimental mass' shows the mass of respective protein
- C. 'Tuned mass' shows represents more accurate and precise protein mass
- D. 'Tolerance' shows the value you set by shifting the slider
- E. User can tune the mass by shifting the slider below, to left or right and press next
- F. To proceed further, press 'Next'

## 8.4 Window 4: Peptide Sequence Tags (PSTs)

**SPECTRUM** v 1.0.0.0 (Build 1)  
**Peptide Sequence Tags (PSTs)**

**A** Minimum Length of PST 3  
\* Filter tags below this minimum length

**B** Maximum Length of PST 6  
\* Filter tags below this maximum length

**C** Tolerance For Each Hop 0.1 Da  
\* Tolerance window for validating a hop

**D** Tolerance for Whole PST 0.45  
\* Error margin for the whole PST

**E** Reset **F** Back **G** Next

Figure 5. Protein Sequence Tags (PSTs)

- A. Tags will be filtered below the minimum length of PST selected from the drop down menu by the user
- B. Tags will be filtered below the maximum length of PST selected from the drop down menu by the user
- C. Set the 'Tolerance for each Hop'
- D. 'Tolerance for Whole PST' shows error margin for the whole PST
- E. Click 'Reset' to clear the already selected data
- F. Click on 'Cancel' option to close the window
- G. Click 'Next' to proceed to the next window

## 8.5 Window 5: Chemical Modifications

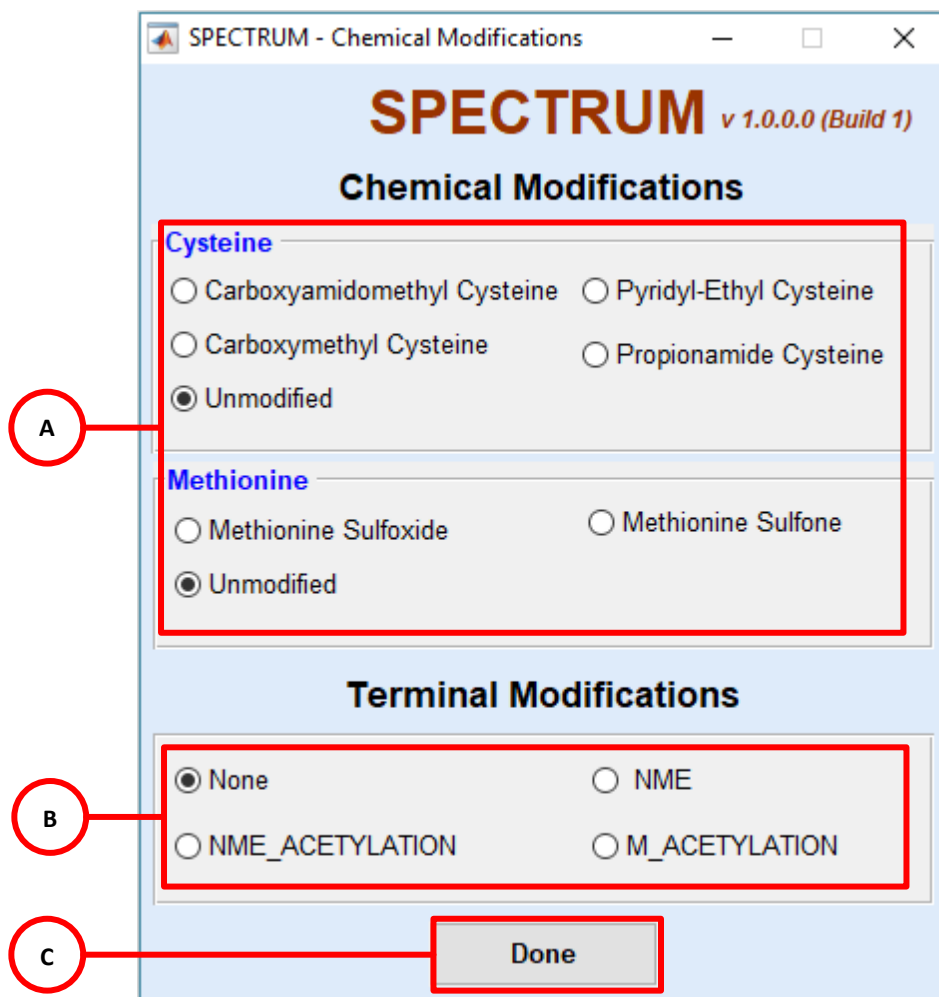


Figure 6. Select instrument specific chemical modification

- A. Select instrument specific modification on Cysteine and Methionine.
- B. Select Terminal modification. Spectrum handles four cases 1) None – No modification, 2) NME – N terminal methionine excision, 3) NME\_ACETYLATION – N terminal acetylation with initiator methionine removed, and 4) M\_ACETYLATION – N terminal methionine acetylation.
- C. To proceed further, press 'Done'

## 8.6 Window 6: Components Score

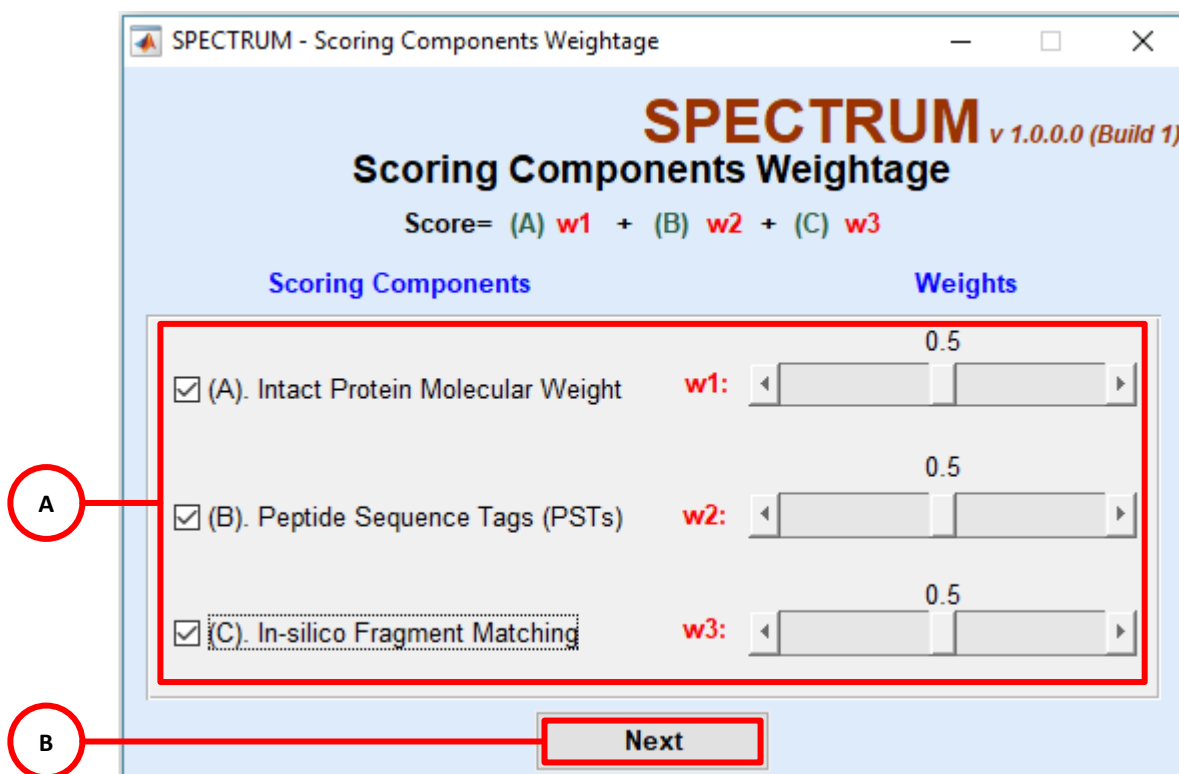


Figure 7. Select weight for each scoring component

- Check the Scoring Components from the list and set their respective weights by shifting the slider left or right accordingly
- Click 'Next' to proceed

## 8.7 Window 7: Candidate proteins

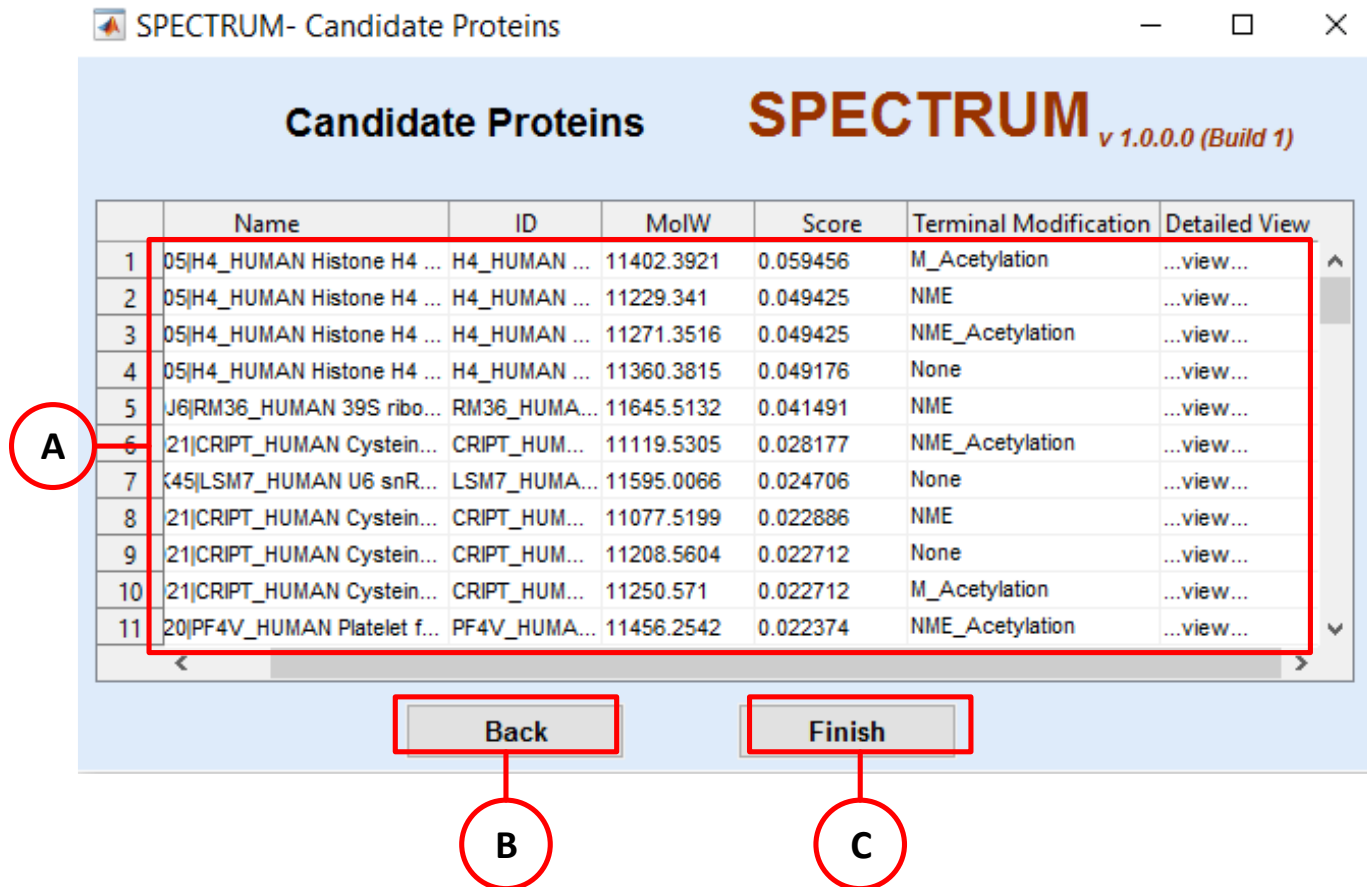


Figure 8. Summary result window showing candidate proteins

- A. Name of the resultant protein along with molecular weight, score and detailed view according to the uploaded and selected data is represented under the list of 'Candidate Proteins'.
- B. Click 'Back' to revert to the previous window
- C. Click 'Finish' to end the process

## 8.8 Window 8: Detailed Protein View

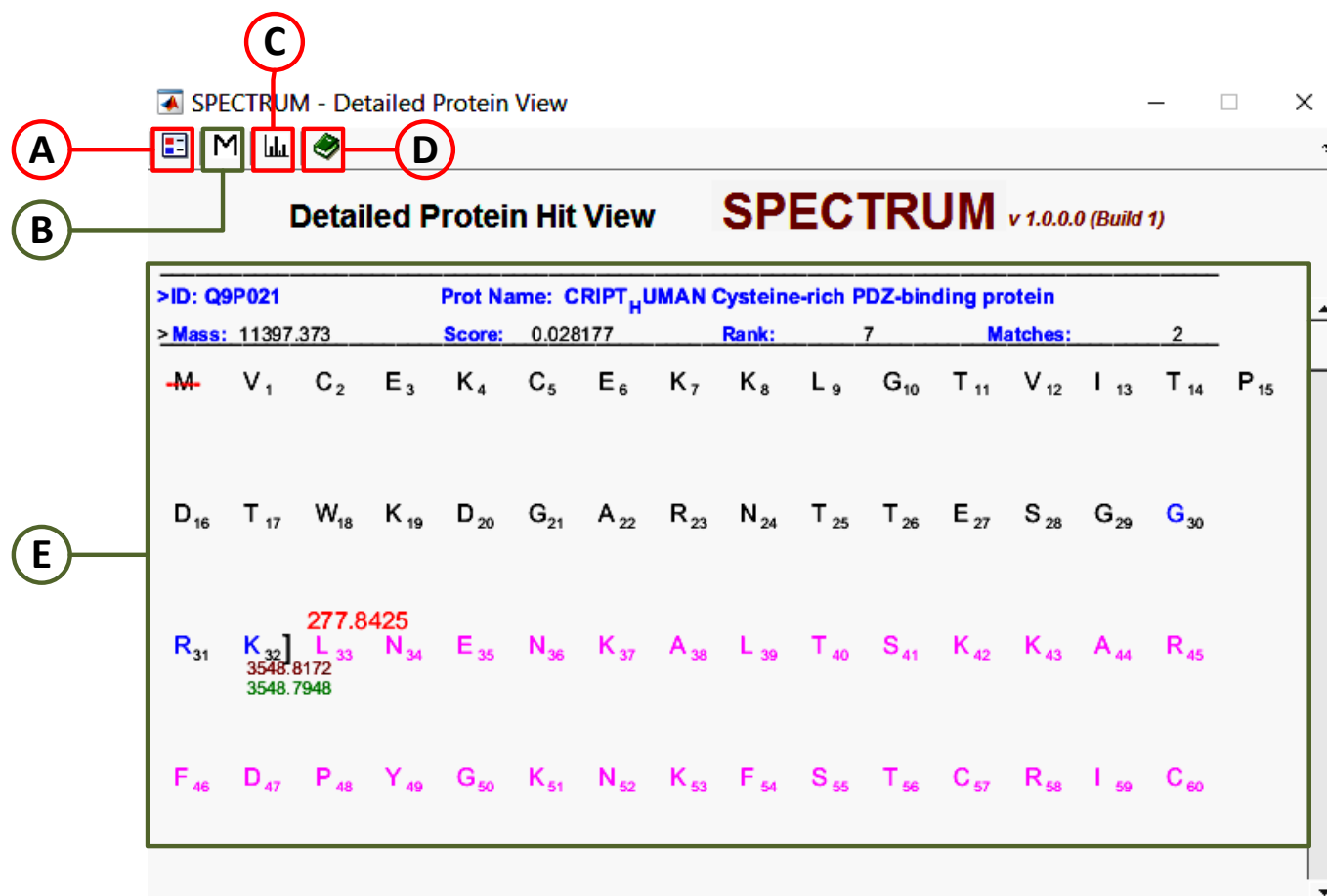


Figure 9. Detailed view of a selected protein

- Open the window of legends (Figure 10), which might be present in the sequence of candidate proteins.
- Open the window (Figure 11) containing matched theoretical and experimental N terminal and C terminal fragments.
- Open the window (Figure 12) for mass spectrum visualization.
- Leads to a window (Figure 13) containing list of full form of amino acids along with abbreviations and one-letter symbol of protein to facilitate the user.
- 'Detailed Protein View' window shows proteins name, mass, score, rank, matches and amino acids (along the mass) present in the protein.

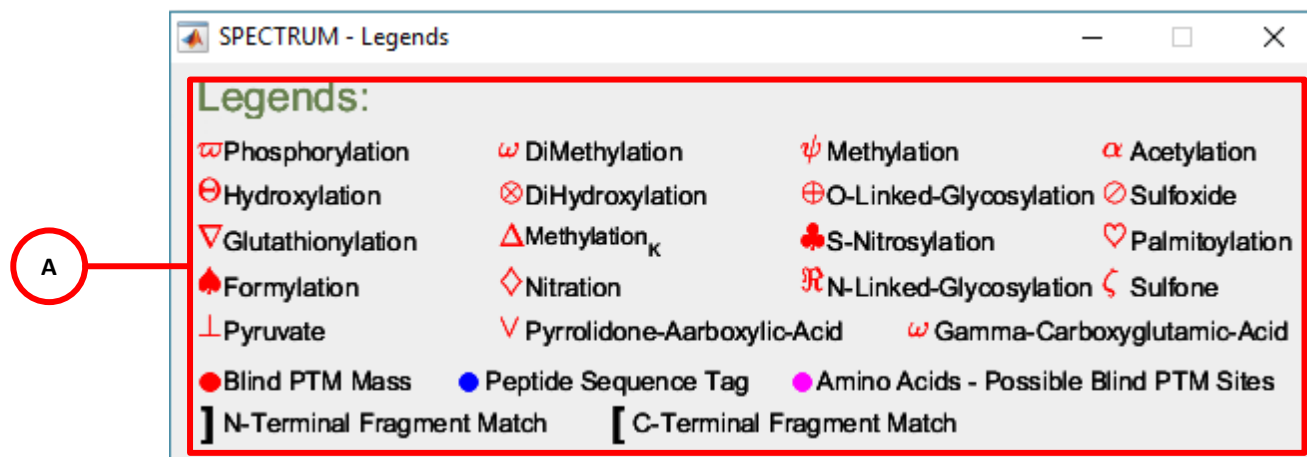


Figure 10. Legend list

A. Legends to help understand the results provided in Figure 9.

**SPECTRUM - Matched Fragments**

**Matched Fragments** **SPECTRUM** v 1.0.0.0 (Build 1)

Fragment ID	Fragment Name	Experimental MZ	Theoretical MZ	Mass Difference
5	C	545.3197	545.3154	0.0043
6	C	602.3392	602.3369	0.0023
7	C	659.3590	659.3583	6.4590e-04
86	Z'	1.6709e+03	263.1032	1.4078e+03
87	Z'	1.5078e+03	116.0348	1.3918e+03
89	Z'	1.3237e+03	59.0133	1.2647e+03

Figure 11. Spectral matches

A. Spectral matches of the protein from Figure 9.

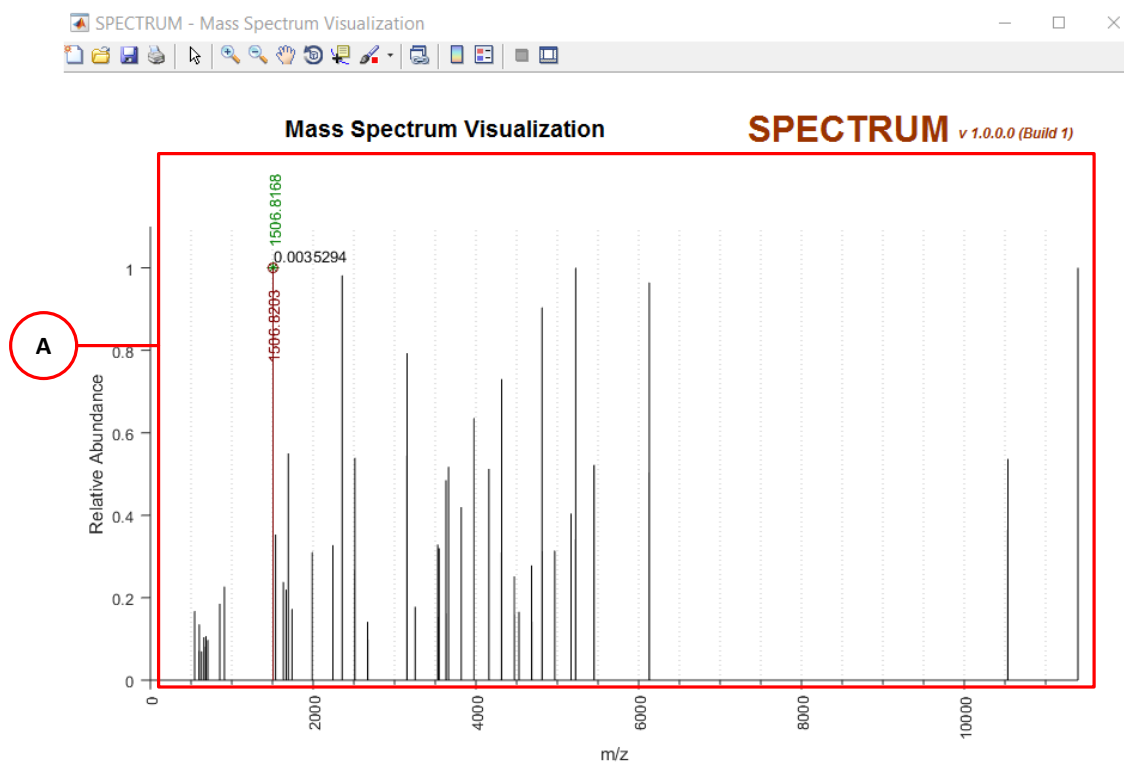


Figure 12. Legend list

A. Visualization of mass spectra from results provided in Figure 9.

**SPECTRUM - Amino Acid Chart**

	Amino acid	Common abbreviation	One-letter symbol
1	Alanin	Ala	A
2	Arginine	Arg	R
3	Asparagine	Asn	N
4	Aspartic acid	Asp	D
5	Cysteine	Cys	C
6	Glycine	Gly	G
7	Glutamic acid	Glu	E
8	Glutamine	Gln	Q
9	Histidine	His	H
10	Isoleucine	Ile	I
11	Lysine	Lys	K
12	Leucine	Leu	L
13	Methionine	Met	M
14	Phenylalanine	Phe	F
15	Proline	Pro	P
16	Serine	Ser	S
17	Threonine	Thr	T
18	Tryptophan	Trp	W
19	Tyrosine	Tyr	Y

A

Figure 13. Amino acid chart - Full form and abbreviation of amino acids

A. Amino Acid symbols used in representation of protein sequence in Figure 9.



## 9 Search

### 9.1 File Formats

SPECTRUM provides support for plain text files (data in columns containing mass to charge ratios ( $m/z$ ) and relative intensities), eXtensible Markup Language (XML) files with  $m/z$  and relative abundances (mzXML)<sup>1</sup>, Mass Spectrometry Markup Language (mzML)<sup>2,3</sup> and Mascot Generic Format (MGF)<sup>4</sup> data formats in both single and batch file processing modes.

#### 9.1.1 Raw to mzXML File Format Conversion

User can convert raw data files to mzXML file format by using MS-Convert<sup>5</sup>.

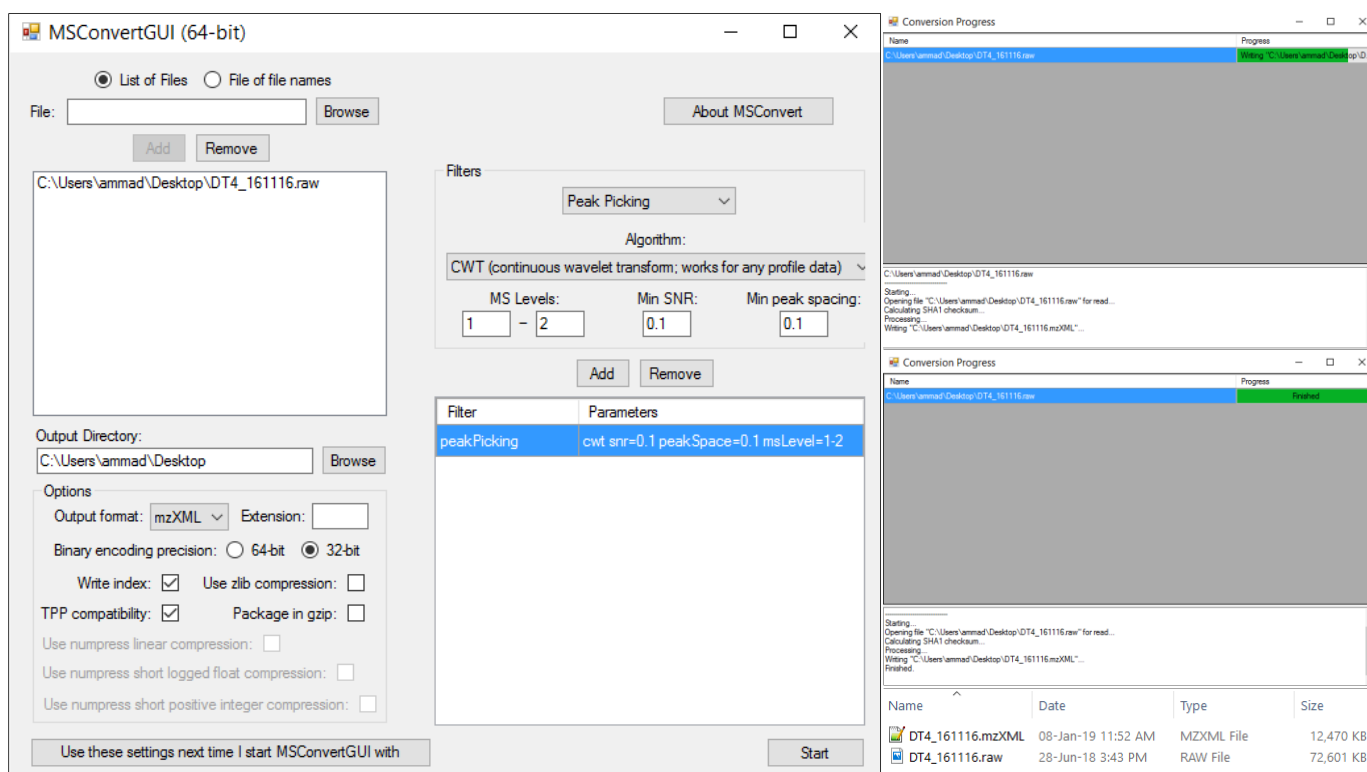


Figure 14. Conversion of raw to mzXML

#### 9.1.2 Raw to mzML File Format Conversion

Raw data files can be converted to mzML file format by using MS-Convert<sup>5</sup>.

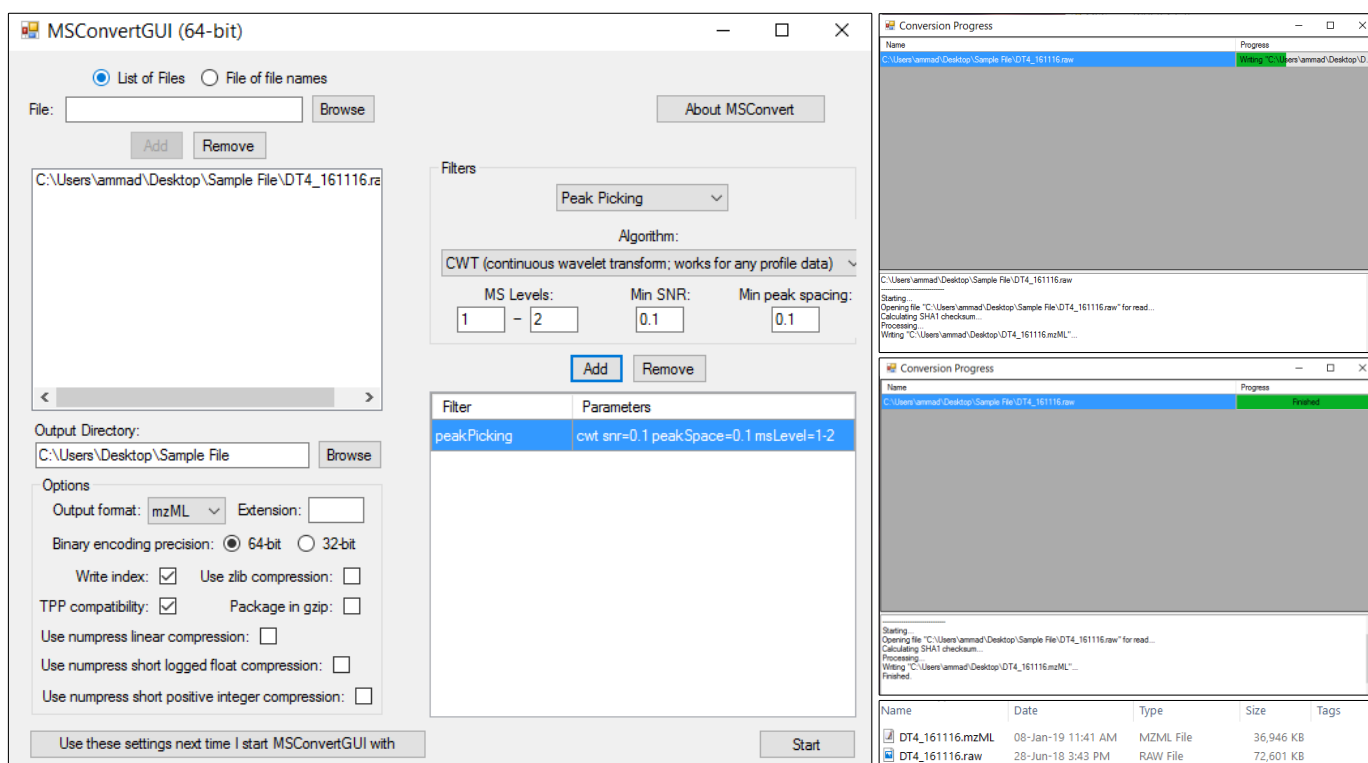


Figure 15. Conversion of raw to mzML

### 9.1.3 MzXML to MGF File Format Conversion

User can convert mzXML files to MGF using MS-Decov<sup>6</sup>.

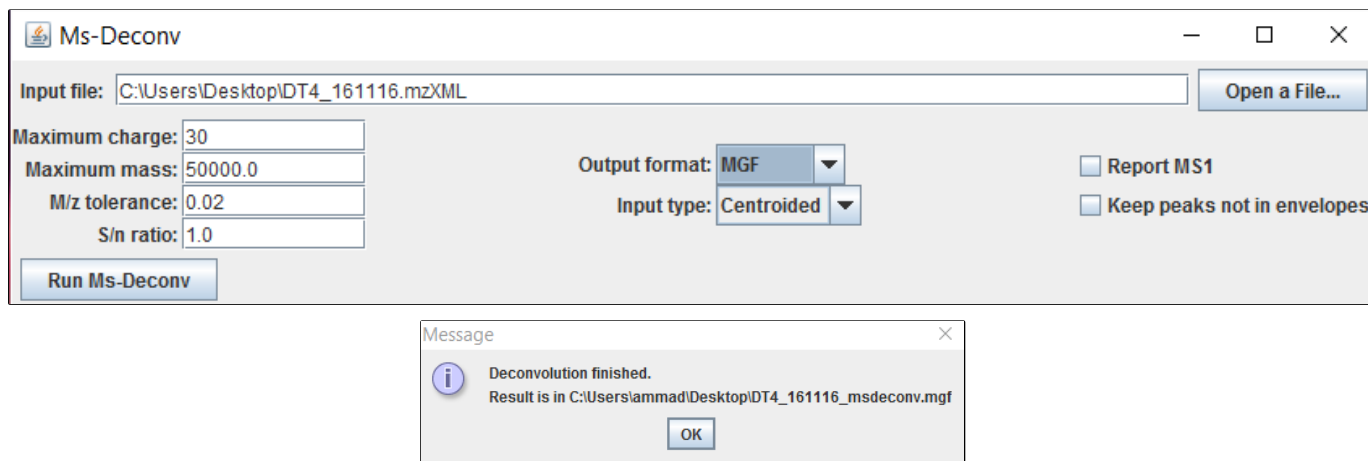


Figure 16. Conversion of mzXML to MGF

### 9.1.4 MGF to Flat Text File Format Conversion

SPECTRUM converts MGF files to flat text (peak list) using built-in custom file reader.

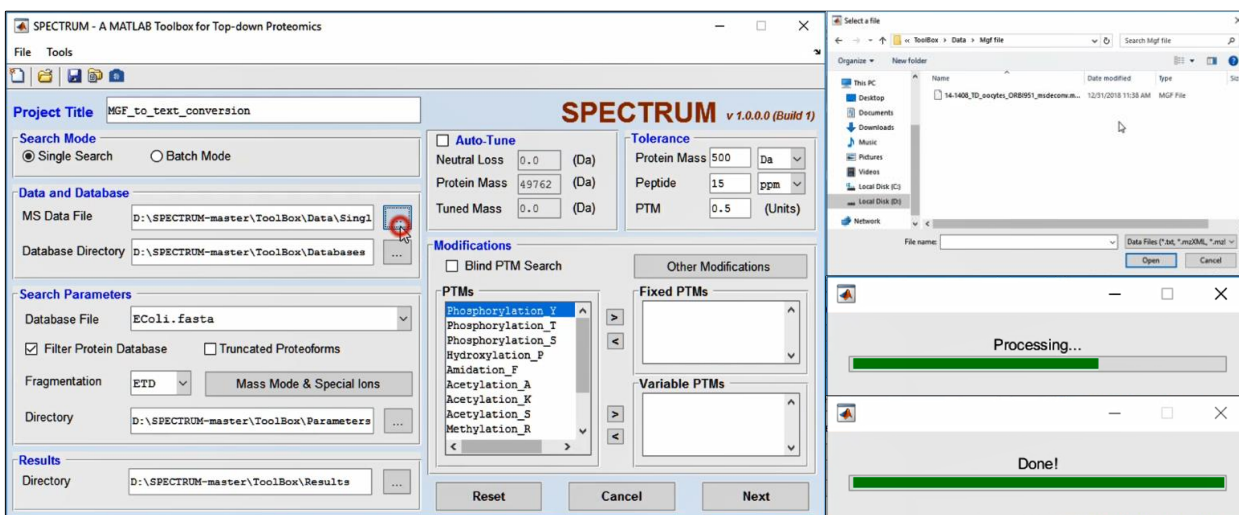


Figure 17. Conversion of MGF to flat text

## 9.2 Parameters

SPECTRUM works when all parameters are set. Two kind of parameters can be used by the user which includes (i) Default Parameters and (ii) Passed/selected parameters.

### How to load default Parameters?

To submit the job using default parameters, go to 'File' tab on the menu bar. Once done, user will be left with different commands. Select 'Load Default Parameters & Settings'.

One shortcut is to simply press the second icon on the toolbar.

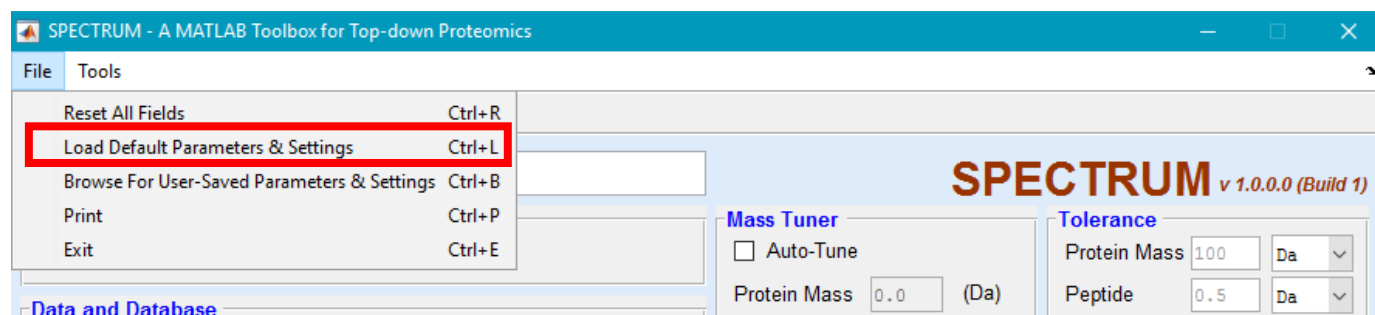


Figure 18. Loading default parameters through menu bar



Figure 19. Loading default parameters through shortcut toolbar

## How to save selected parameters

Parameters can be passed according to user requirement and can be reused later. For this purpose, user has to save the selected parameters, simply press the highlighted icon below.



Figure 20. Saving user selected parameters through shortcut toolbar

## How to load saved parameters

To browse for the above saved parameters, select the option 'Browse for User-Saved Parameters & Settings' or click on forth icon highlighted below.

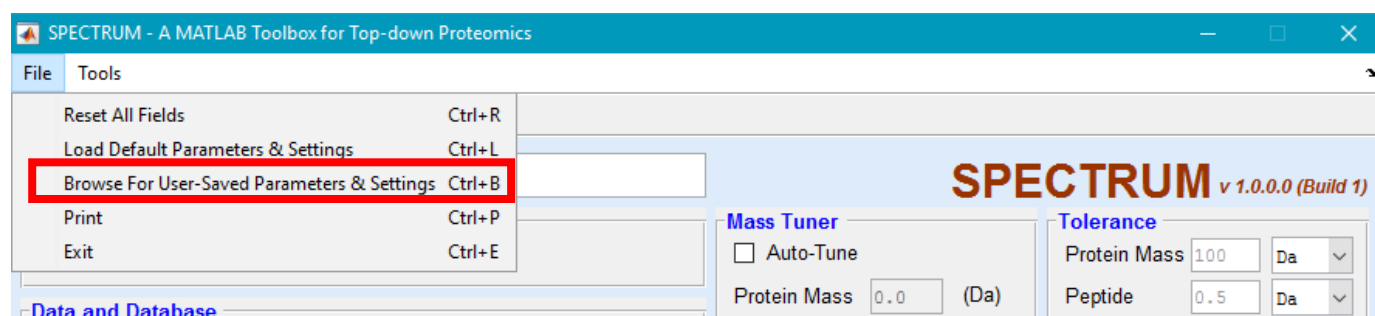


Figure 21. Loading user-saved parameters through menu bar

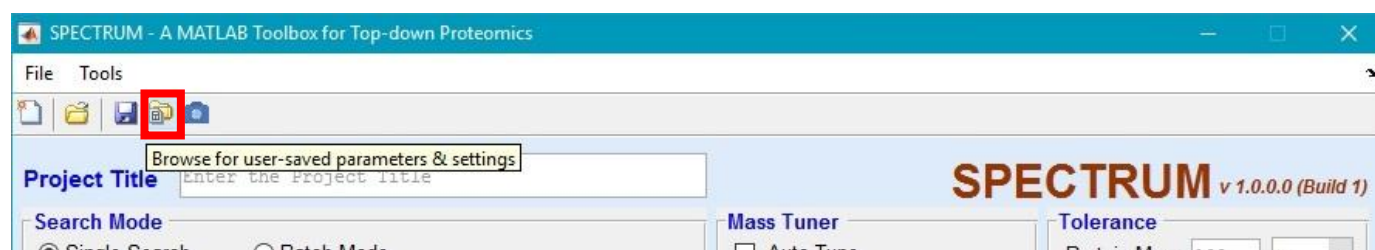


Figure 22. Loading user-saved parameters through shortcut toolbar

## 9.3 Databases

SwissProt database is included in SPECTRUM download package by default. User can take any protein sequence from other databases (such as Uniprot) in .fasta format.

## 9.4 Modes

User can select 'Search mode' that best fits the need. SPECTRUM works with two search modes.

(i) Single Search Mode

(ii) Batch Mode

Databases and Peak-list files are uploaded according to the selected mode. Single search mode demands experimental data in .txt, .mzXML, .mgf, .mzML file whereas Batch mode supports .txt files.

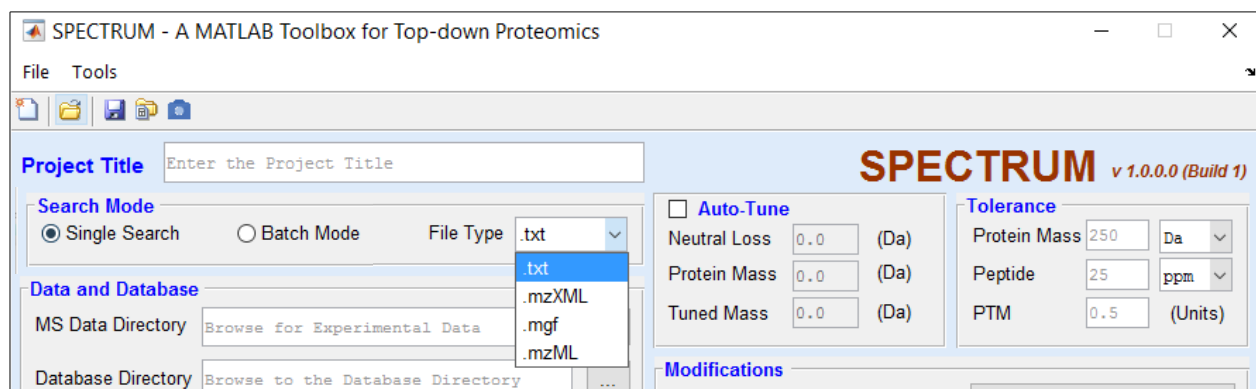


Figure 23. Selecting search mode and file type

Batch mode takes more processing time as it deals with larger data. The experimental spectra, search parameters and results are automatically stored in the project directory for further processing and visualization.