1. 编写一个自动出题程序,该程序可以给出任意两个数的加、减、乘、除运算式子。当用户输入运算结果后,程序可以判断正误。当用户做完十道题目之后,程序给出最终的统计结果。

源代码:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
   int add(int,int);
   int sub(int,int);
   int mult(int,int);
   float divi(int,int);
   float get_ans();
   bool judge(float, float);
   printf("Here are ten random calculation questions.
Please answer them. \n");
   srand((unsigned) time(NULL));
   int a,b,op,n,op_string;
   bool res;
   for(int i=1;i<=10;i++){</pre>
       a=(int) 10*(rand()/(float) RAND_MAX)+1;
       b=(int) 10*(rand()/(float) RAND_MAX)+1;
       op=(int) 4*(rand()/(float) RAND_MAX)+1;
       if (op==1){
          printf("No.%d:\033[4;1m%d+%d\n\033[0mYour
answer:",i,a,b);
          res=judge(get_ans(),(float) add(a,b));
          if (res){
              n++;
          }
       }
       else if(op==2){
          printf("No.%d:\033[4;1m%d-%d\n\033[0mYour
answer:",i,a,b);
          res=judge(get_ans(),(float) sub(a,b));
          if (res){
              n++;
          }
       else if(op==3){
          printf("No.%d:\033[4;1m%d*%d\n\033[0mYour
answer:",i,a,b);
          res=judge(get_ans(),(float) mult(a,b));
```

```
if (res){
              n++;
          }
       }
       else if(op==4){
          printf("No.%d:\033[4;1m%d/%d\n\033[0mYour
answer:",i,a,b);
          res=judge(get_ans(),divi(a,b));
          if (res){
              n++;
          }
       }
   }
   printf("End of answer.\nYou answered %d question(s)
correctly.\n",n);
}
int add(int a,int b){
   return a+b;
}
int sub(int a, int b){
   return a-b;
}
int mult(int a, int b){
   return a*b;
}
float divi(int a, int b){
   return (float)a/(float)b;
}
float get_ans(){
   float ans;
   scanf("%f",&ans);
   return ans;
}
bool judge(float a,float b){
   if(a==b){
       printf("\033[32mYour answer is
Correct!\033[0m\n");
```

```
else{
           printf("\033[31mYour answer is
   Wrong!\033[0m\n");
       }
       return a==b;
   }
输出:
   Here are ten random calculation questions. Please answer them.
   No.1:7/6
   Your answer:0
   Your answer is Wrong!
   No.2:5/10
   Your answer:0.2
   Your answer is Wrong!
   No.3:5+6
   Your answer:11
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.4:9-9
   Your answer:0
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.5:5-6
   Your answer:-1
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.6:4+8
   Your answer:12
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.7:2+1
   Your answer:3
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.8:4*1
   Your answer:4
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.9:3-10
   Your answer:-7
   Your answer is Correct!
   No.10:5*6
   Your answer:30
   Your answer is Correct!
   End of answer.
   You answered 8 question(s) correctly.
```

2. 自定义一个求 n 的阶乘的函数。在主函数中调用该函数,当用户输入非负数的时候,程序输出该数的阶乘;当用户输入负数的时候,程序退出。源代码:

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main(){
       int factorial(int);
       while (true){
          printf("Please input a number, this progamme
   will make a factorial for it.\n");
          printf("Your number is:");
          int num;
          scanf("%d", &num);
          if (num<0){
              printf("End of Progamme.\n");
              break;
          }
          printf("%d\'s factorial
   is %d.\n", num, factorial(num));
       }
   }
   int factorial(int n){
       int res=1;
       for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
          res=res*i;
       }
       return res;
   }
输出:
   Please input a number, this progamme will make a
   factorial for it.
   Your number is:3
   3's factorial is 6.
   Please input a number, this progamme will make a
   factorial for it.
   Your number is:4
   4's factorial is 24.
   Please input a number, this progamme will make a
   factorial for it.
   Your number is:-1
   End of Progamme.
```

3. 自定义一个函数,判断字符是数字、小写字母、大写字母还是其它。返回值为0时,表示数字;为1时,表示小写字母;为2时,表示大写字母;为3时表示其它。在主函数中调用该函数,判断用户输入的字符是哪一种,并输出"是数字"、"是小写字母"、"是大写字母"、"其它";当用户输入"#"的时候,程序退出。源代码:

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main(){
       void judge(char);
       while (true){
          printf("Please input a character:");
          char letter;
          scanf("%c",&letter);
          getchar();
          if (letter==35){
              printf("End of Pragamme.\n");
              break;
          }
          else{
              judge(letter);
       }
   }
   void judge(char chara){
       if(chara>=48 && chara<=57){
          printf("This is a number.\n");
       else if(chara>=65 && chara<=90){</pre>
          printf("This is a capital.\n");
       else if(chara>=97 && chara<=122){
          printf("This is a lowercase letter.\n");
       }
       else{
          printf("This is a other character.\n");
       }
   }
输出:
   Please input a character:a
   This is a lowercase letter.
   Please input a character:D
   This is a capital.
   Please input a character:4
```

This is a number.

Please input a character:)
This is a other character.
Please input a character:#
End of Pragamme.