## $\frac{1}{1}$

## P102EX5 设函数 u(x) 由方程组 $\begin{cases} u = f(x,y), \\ g(x,y,z) = 0 \text{所确定}, \\ h(x,z) = 0. \end{cases}$

其中f、g、h是可微函数,且 $\frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \neq 0, \frac{\partial h}{\partial z} \neq 0$ ,试求 $\frac{du}{dx}$ .

解 将方程组的变元 u 以及 y,z 都看成是 x 的函数. 方程组各方程两边对 x 求导,得

$$\begin{cases} \frac{du}{dx} = f'_x + f'_y \frac{dy}{dx}, \\ g'_x + g'_y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + g'_z \cdot \frac{dz}{dx} = 0, \\ h'_x + h'_z \cdot \frac{dz}{dx} = 0. \end{cases}$$
(1)

曲(3)得 
$$\frac{dz}{dx} = -\frac{h'_x}{h'_z}$$
,代入(2)得  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{g'_z \cdot h'_x}{g'_y \cdot h'_z} - \frac{g'_x}{g'_y}$ ,

代入(1)得 
$$\frac{du}{dx} = f'_x - \frac{f'_y \cdot g'_x}{g'_y} + \frac{f'_y \cdot g'_z \cdot h'_x}{g'_y \cdot h'_z}.$$



## 

设z = z(x, y)是由方程 f(y-x, yz) = 0所确定的

隐函数,其中函数f具有二阶连续的偏导数,求 $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2}$ .

解 方程 f(y-x,yz)=0两端对x求偏导

$$-f_1' + yf_2' \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0 \qquad (1) \qquad \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{f_1'}{yf_2'} \qquad (2)$$

对(2)式求会比较繁!!!

(1)式两端再对 x求偏导

$$f_{11}'' - yf_{12}'' \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - yf_{21}'' \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y^2 f_{22}'' (\frac{\partial z}{\partial x})^2 + yf_2' \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = 0$$





$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = \frac{1}{yf_2'} \left[ -f_{11}'' + y(f_{12}'' + f_{21}'') \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - y^2 f_{22}'' (\frac{\partial z}{\partial x})^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{yf_{2}'} \left[ -f_{11}'' + 2yf_{12}'' \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - y^{2}f_{22}'' (\frac{\partial z}{\partial x})^{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{yf_2'} \left[ -f_{11}'' + 2yf_{12}'' \cdot \frac{f_1'}{yf_2'} - y^2 f_{22}'' (\frac{f_1'}{yf_2'})^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{v(f_2')^3} \left[ -(f_2')^2 f_{11}'' + 2f_1' \cdot f_2' \cdot f_{12}'' - (f_1')^2 f_{22}'' \right]$$