Description of the Birthday Problem

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```
n.pers = 14
set.seed(1234)
```

Description

This is the B Day problem. There are 14 in this room. The 'intuitive' prob is: $\frac{1}{365} \times 14 = 0.0383562$

Analytical solution

But actually when we compute the math. We get an surprising result:

$$1 - \bar{p}(n) = 1 \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{365}\right) \times \left(1 - \frac{2}{365}\right) \times \dots \times \left(1 - \frac{n-1}{365}\right)$$

$$= \frac{365 \times 364 \times \dots \times (365 - n + 1)}{365^{n}}$$

$$= \frac{365!}{365^{n}(365 - n)!} = \frac{n! \cdot \binom{365}{n}}{365^{n}}$$

$$p(n = 14) = 0.223$$
(1)

Simulation

- 1 Simulate 10,000 rooms with n = 14 random birthdays, and store the results in matrix where each row represents a room.
- 2 For each room (row) compute the number of unique birthdays.
- 3 Compute the average number of times a room has 14 unique birthdays, across 10,000 simulations, and report the complement.

The simulated probability is 0.229