Toward Design and Control of Soft Robots

PROEFSCHRIFT

ter verkrijgen van de graad van doctor aan de Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, op gezag van de rector magnificus prof. dr. F.P.T. Baaijens, voor een commissie aangewezen door het College van Promoties, in het openbaar te verdedigen op maandag 28 mei 2022 om 16.00uur

door

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geboren te Roermond

Dit proefschrift is goedgekeurd door de promotoren en de samenstelling van de promotiecommissie is als volgt:

voorzitter: prof. dr. L.P.H. de Goey 1^e promotor: prof. dr. H. Nijmeijer copromotor: dr. A.Y. Pogromsky



Fundamentals on Lie Group Theory

In this chapter, we will discuss the fundamentals on Lie groups and their associated Lie algebras.

A.1 Lie group

A Lie group encompasses the concepts of 'group' and 'smooth manifold' in a unique embodiment. To be more specific, the Lie Group \mathcal{G} is a smooth manifold whose elements satisfy the group axioms:

- 1. Closure: if $g_1, g_2 \in \mathcal{G}$, then g_1g_2 is also an element of \mathcal{G} ,
- 2. Identity: there exists an element e such that ge = eg = g for any $g \in G$,
- 3. Inversion: For any $g \in \mathcal{G}$, there exists an element $g^{-1} \in \mathcal{G}$ such that $gg^{-1} = g^{-1}g = e$,
- 4. Associativity: $(g_1g_2)g_3 = g_1(g_2g_3)$ for any $g_1, g_2, g_3 \in \mathcal{G}$.

The smoothness of the Lie groups intuitively suggests the existence of useful differential geometries. For any elements g on the smooth manifold \mathcal{G} , there exists a tangent linear space denoted by $T_g\mathcal{G}$. The tangent space of the Lie group at the identity element e is referred to as the associative Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} of the group. it allows us to perform algebra computation concerning the Lie group.

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