

PSYCH308A - Data Analysis 4 (DA4)

Brady C. Jackson

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Question 01 (Q01):

1. Interpret a p-value of .042. (This question is **not** asking for the decision this p-value results in, rather what does this value mean?)

Answer to Q01:

A p-value of .042 implies that the finding of some statistical test (z-test, t-test, etc.) that the probability of obtaining the test statistic found or something more extreme was .042 (a.k.a. 4.2%) assuming the null hypothesis was true

Question 02 (Q02):

2. *In no more than two sentences*, what is the relationship between sample size, effect size, and power?

Answer to Q02:

Power is positively correlated with both sample size and effect size in a manner that convolutes the two (sample and effect). That is to say, the power of a finding will increase if either sample size increases or effect size increases and, if one (e.g. sample size) is necessarily small, a higher power can be achieved by increasing the other (e.g. effect size).

Question 03 (Q03):

3. A researcher records the number of words recalled by students presented with a list of words for 1 minute. In one group, students were presented with the list of words in color; in a second group, the same words were presented in black and white. An equal number of students were in each group. The researcher reports the following: Participants recalled significantly more words when the words were presented in color ($M = 12.4$ words) versus black and white ($M = 10.9$ words), $t(48) = 2.01$, $p = .035$, $d = 0.18$. Based on the previous statement, what is the sample size in each group?

Answer to Q03:

This is my answer

Question 04 (Q04):

4. Visualize your data for this research question. Include your visualization here.

Answer to Q04:

This is my answer

Question 05 (Q05):

5. Did student test scores improve significantly from the midterm to the final? Using RStudio to analyze, conduct a hypothesis test to evaluate this question. Organize your answer according to the 4 steps of hypothesis testing.

Answer to Q05:

This is my answer

Question 06 (Q06):

6. Report your findings in APA format. (Hint: make sure to answer the research question!)

Answer to Q06:

This is my answer

Question 07 (Q07):

7. Visualize your data for this research question. Include your visualization here.

Answer to Q07:

This is my answer

Question 08 (Q08):

8. Does the study technique used predict scores on the final exam? Using RStudio to analyze, conduct a hypothesis test to evaluate this question. Organize your answer according to the 4 steps of hypothesis testing.

Answer to Q08:

This is my answer

Question 09 (Q09):

9. ...

- a. Report your findings in APA format. (Hint: make sure to answer the research question!)
- b. The Dean of the university was also interested in your results, as this may help to raise scores in other departments. Unfortunately, she does not understand statistical language. Please interpret your findings for the Dean. Did scores improve? Which technique is better?

Answer to Q09:

This is my answer

Question 10 (Q10):

10. A developmental psychologist is interested in the effect of a positive psychology intervention on the well-being of aging adults. She administers the intervention, collects well-being scores from a sample of 100 participants, and tests whether their well-being differs significantly from the national average. Using G*Power, she determines the power for her test is .80.
 - a. Interpret this value
 - b. What suggestion would you give her if she wants a higher probability of detecting a true effect?

Answer to Q10:

This is my answer

Question 11 (Q11):

11. What would it mean if your analysis returned the following values? Consider the meaning of t - not the decision associated with it.
 - a. $t(24) = 0.35$
 - b. $t(24) = 1.00$
 - c. $t(24) = 3.2$

Answer to Q11:

This is my answer

Question 12 (Q12):

12. Draw and annotate all the properties of the null and alternative curves: power, beta, alpha, type 1 error, type 2 error.

Answer to Q12:

This is my answer