

# PSYCH308D - Data Analysis (DA03)

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2025/04/19

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Libraries</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Metadata</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Part 0: Data Cleaning Prep</b>	<b>3</b>
3.1	Load the Data . . . . .	3
3.2	Name-Mapping . . . . .	3
3.3	Descriptives . . . . .	4
<b>4</b>	<b>Part 1: Data Cleaning Questions / Tasks</b>	<b>26</b>
4.1	Handle Missing Data for all Variables . . . . .	26
4.2	Convert Categorical Variables . . . . .	27
4.3	Rename the Variables “exam1” and “exam2” . . . . .	31
4.4	Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2” . . . . .	31
4.5	Combine Exam Grades for Each Classes . . . . .	31
4.6	Reorder the Columns . . . . .	31
4.7	Construct Reverse Codes . . . . .	31
4.8	Standardize the Exam and Interpersonal Scores . . . . .	31
4.9	Dummy Code Location . . . . .	32
4.10	Detect Outliers and Handle Accordingly. . . . .	32
4.11	Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2” Without Outliers . . . . .	42
<b>5</b>	<b>Part 2: Queries</b>	<b>42</b>
5.1	What is the average overall grade for each level of school? . . . . .	42
5.2	What is the average exam 2 grade for math classes? . . . . .	43
5.3	Calculate the overall average exam grade for all classes. . . . .	43
5.4	Create a new data frame with only classes from CA. . . . .	43

---

## 1 Libraries

Load all requisite libraries here.

```
# Load packages. Set messages and warnings to FALSE so I don't have to see the
# masking messages in the output.
library(jmv)          # for descriptive
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(corrplot)     # For fancy covariance matrix plots
```

```

library(apaTables)      # For Word formatted tables
library(car)             # for ncvTest (Breusch Pagan)
library(tidyverse)
library(jmv)             # for descriptives
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(psych)
library(corrplot)       # For fancy covariance matrix plots
library(car)            # for ncvTest (Breusch Pagan)
library(stringr)        # for sub_str operations
library(Hmisc)          # for fun.dat substitution
library(see)            # for outliers analysis
library(magrittr)
library(foreign)
library(broom)
library(robmed)
library(mediation)      # For mediation analysis
library(multilevel)
library(GGally)
library(lsr)
library(car)
library(mvnTest)        # Multivariate Normality
library(lm.beta)
library(lavaan)         # Structural Equation Modeling
library(haven)
library(foreign)
library(parallel)
# library(AER)
library(janitor)        # Data cleaning
library(naniar)         # Data cleaning
library(performance)    # Data cleaning
library(mice)           # Data cleaning

```

## 2 Metadata

This section of code is to setup some general variables that we'll use throughout the code (e.g. figure colors, etc)

```

# First we'll defines some meta-data to use in all of our plots so they're nice and clean
font_color = "#4F81BD"
grid_color_major = "#9BB7D9"
grid_color_minor = "#C8D7EA"
back_color = "gray95"
rb_colmap = colorRampPalette( c("firebrick", "grey86", "dodgerblue3") )(200)

# I'm going to try to save off my preferred ggplot theme combinations as a unique theme object that I c
# later in the code....totally unclear if ggplot works this way...
my_gg_theme = theme_minimal() +
  theme( plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "italic", color = font_color),
        axis.title.x = element_text(color = font_color),
        axis.title.y = element_text(color = font_color),
        axis.text.x = element_text(color = font_color),
        axis.text.y = element_text(color = font_color),

```

```

legend.title = element_text(color = font_color),
legend.text = element_text(color = font_color),
panel.grid.minor = element_line(color = grid_color_minor),
panel.grid.major = element_line(color = grid_color_major),
panel.background = element_rect(fill = back_color, color = font_color)
)

```

## 3 Part 0: Data Cleaning Prep

We're going to do some basic work here so we can get into the line-by-line cleaning tasks in the assignment a bit smarter

### 3.1 Load the Data

```

# Load the assignment data from CSV
raw_dat = read.csv("./308D.DA3.Data.csv", na = c("", "NA", "-999", "na", "n/a", "N/A"))

# Rename columns to lower because why not
colnames(raw_dat) <- tolower( colnames(raw_dat) )

# Ensure that the numbers of each subject in the study are unique to prevent any duplicate data
# if the size of the unique-entries only is the same as the whole vector then there are no duplicate su
# NOTE: This fails if the colname of the subject ID is input wrong. So make sure you UPDATE the "test_c
# entry below
test_colname = "x"

test_unique = ( length( unique( raw_dat[test_colname] ) ) == length(raw_dat[test_colname]))
if(!test_unique){
  print("WARNING: There are duplicate data entries in the raw data")
}else{
  print("No duplicate entries detected in raw data")
}

## [1] "No duplicate entries detected in raw data"

```

### 3.2 Name-Mapping

The names of the vars as given suck. We're going to remap them all.

```

# We're going to map the column names as given in the dataframe to a set we prefer.
raw_names <- c("x", "school", "subject", "average.exam.2.grade", "average.exam.1.grade", "school.year",
              "location", "interpersonal")
map_names <- c("idx", "schl_lvl", "sub", "avg_exm_2", "avg_exm_1", "schl_yr",
              "loc", "interp_skls")

# Loop through each raw name and apply the corresponding map_name
dummy_list <- list()
my_dat <- data.frame()
for(iii in 1:length(raw_names) ){

  # Extract paired names

```

```

this_map <- map_names[iii]
this_raw <- raw_names[iii]

# Create a column in the new dataframe list named the name from map_names
# We use a list because R sucks at dynamic binding
dummy_list[[this_map]] <- raw_dat[[this_raw]]

}

# Convert the list to a dataframe
my_dat <- as.data.frame(dummy_list, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

```

### 3.3 Descriptives

```

# Names of numeric vars. There are only 3 of them.
cont_names = c("avg_exm_2", "avg_exm_1", "interp_skls")

# We're going to use some split descriptives to help us understand missing values quantities
loc_descr = jmv::descriptives( my_dat,
                                vars = cont_names[],
                                splitBy = "loc",
                                hist = TRUE,
                                dens = TRUE,
                                qq = TRUE,
                                sd = TRUE,
                                variance = TRUE,
                                se = TRUE,
                                missing = TRUE
                                )

print(loc_descr)

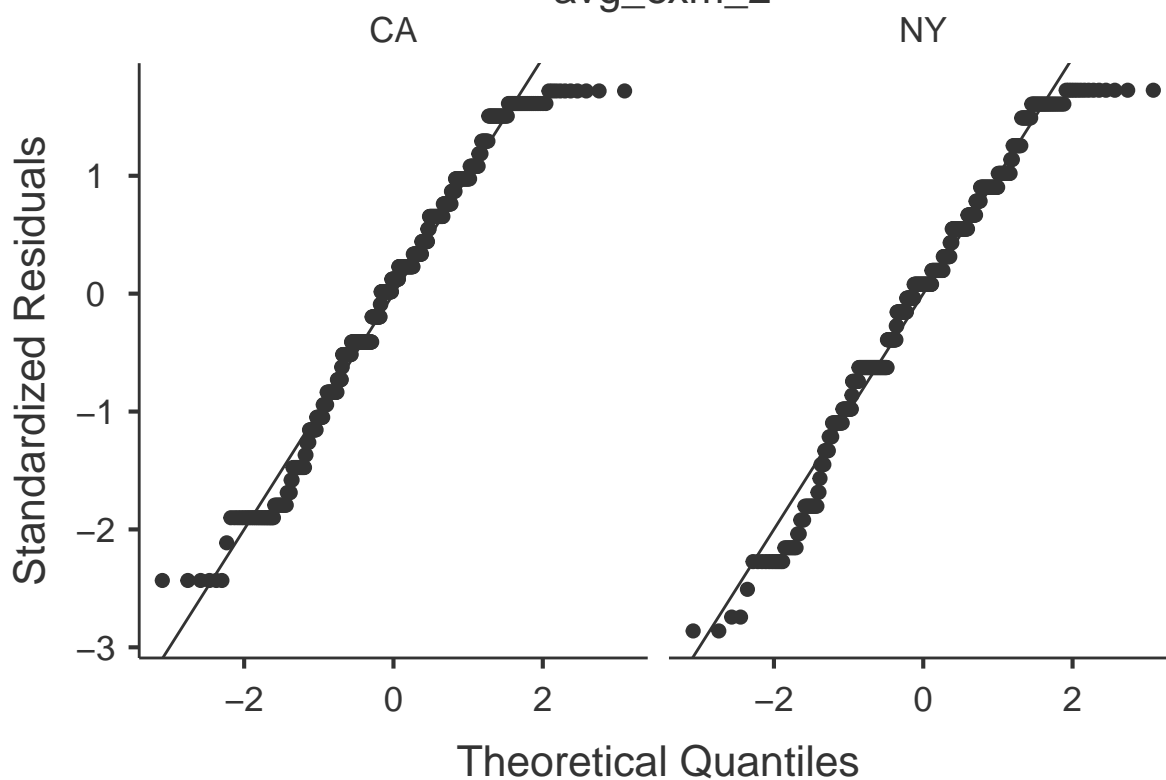
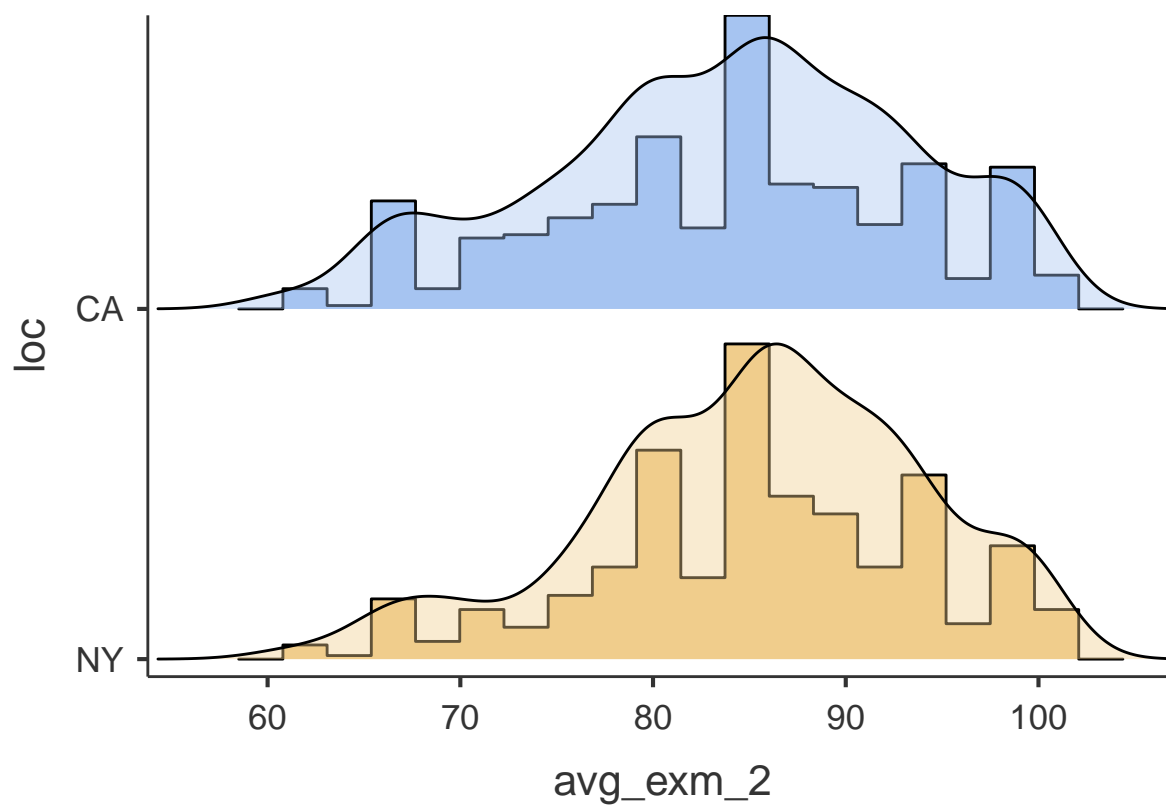
```

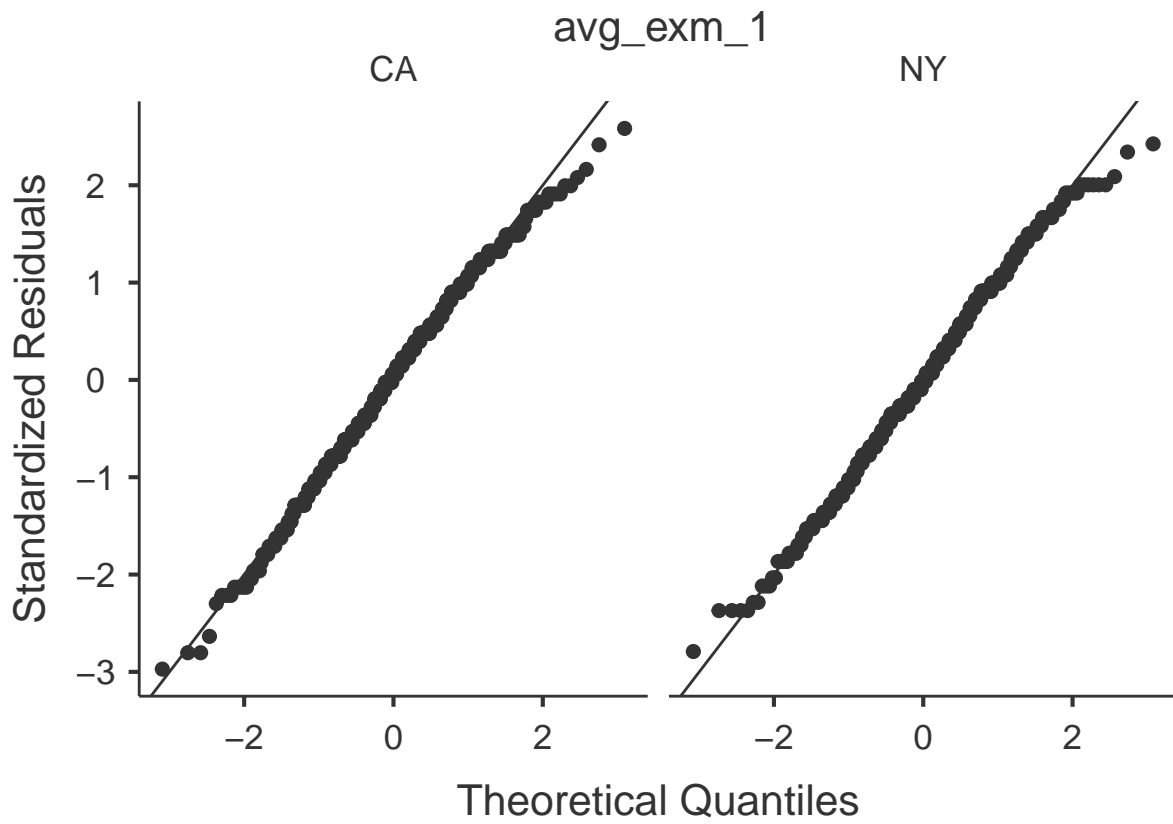
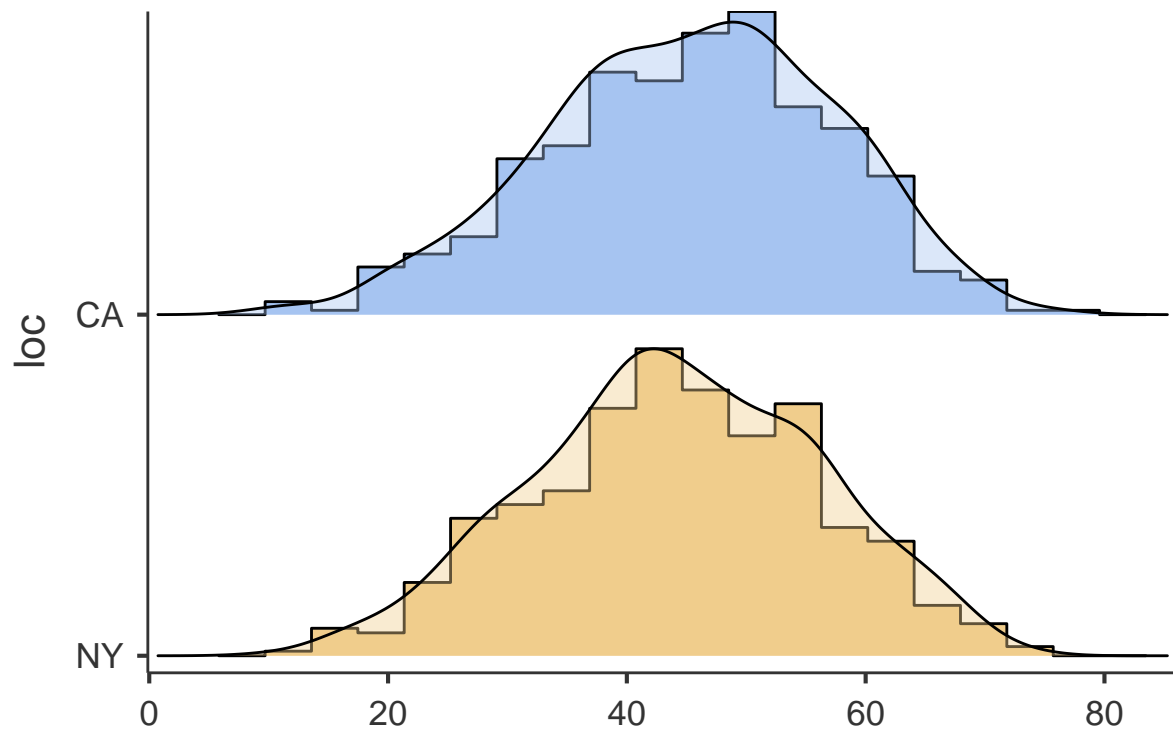
```

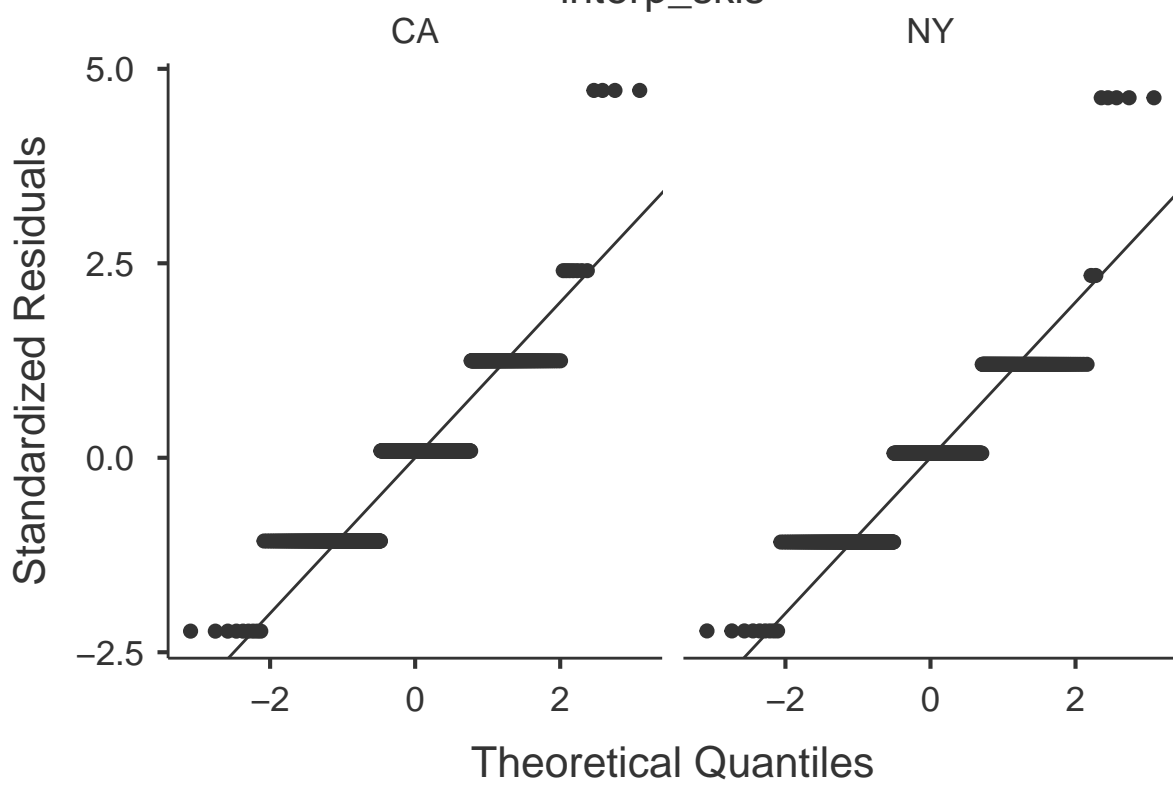
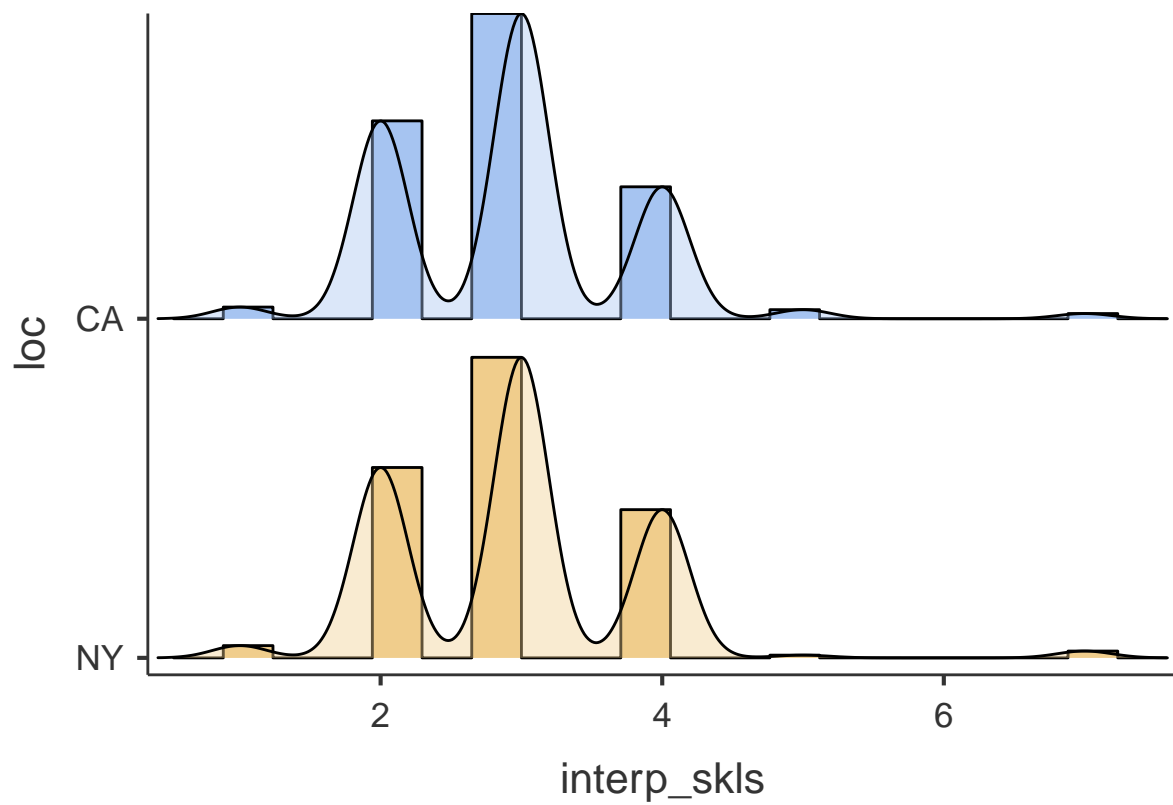
##
## DESCRIPTIVES
##
## Descriptives
##
##           loc      avg_exm_2      avg_exm_1      interp_skls
##
##      N           CA           510           510           511
##           NY           486           482           486
##      Missing       CA           1           1           0
##           NY           0           4           0
##      Mean          CA      83.85098      45.30392      2.923679
##           NY      85.32716      44.17427      2.948560
##      Std. error mean  CA      0.4158753      0.5259984      0.03818648
##           NY      0.3856874      0.5413730      0.03971142
##      Median          CA      85.00000      46.00000           3
##           NY      86.00000      44.00000      3.000000
##      Standard deviation  CA      9.391786      11.87872      0.8632173
##           NY      8.502635      11.88557      0.8754545
##      Variance          CA      88.20565      141.1039      0.7451441
##           NY      72.29481      141.2669      0.7664206
##      Minimum          CA           61           10           1

```

##		NY	61	11	1
##	Maximum	CA	100	76	7
##		NY	100	73	7
##					







```
print(" ")
```

```
## [1] " "
```

```
print("-----")
```

```
## [1] "-----"
```

```
print("    ")
```

```
## [1] "    "
```

```
sub_descr = jmv::descriptives( my_dat,
                                vars = cont_names[],
                                splitBy = "sub",
                                hist = TRUE,
                                dens = TRUE,
                                qq = TRUE,
                                sd = TRUE,
                                variance = TRUE,
                                se = TRUE,
                                missing = TRUE
                                )
```

```
## Warning in qt(tCriticalValue, df = stats[["n"]] - 1): NaNs produced
```

```
## Warning in qt(tCriticalValue, df = stats[["n"]] - 1): NaNs produced
```

```
## Warning in qt(tCriticalValue, df = stats[["n"]] - 1): NaNs produced
```

```
print(sub_descr)
```

```
##
```

```
## DESCRIPTIVES
```

```
##
```

```
## Descriptives
```

```
##
```

```
##           sub           avg_exm_2   avg_exm_1   interp_skls
```

```
##
```

```
##      N           Art           107           106           107
```

```
##           French           105           105           105
```

```
##           History            1            1            1
```

```
##      Language Arts           215           215           216
```

```
##           Latin            92            92            92
```

```
##           Math            93            93            93
```

```
##           PE            101            99           101
```

```
##           Science           177           177           177
```

```
##           Spanish           101           100           101
```

```
##      Missing           Art            0            1            0
```

```
##           French            0            0            0
```

```
##           History            0            0            0
```

```
##      Language Arts            1            1            0
```

```
##           Latin            0            0            0
```

```
##           Math            0            0            0
```

```
##           PE            0            2            0
```

```
##           Science            0            0            0
```

```
##           Spanish            0            1            0
```

```
##      Mean           Art       84.12150       44.86792       2.822430
```

```
##           French       84.62857       43.53333       3.076190
```

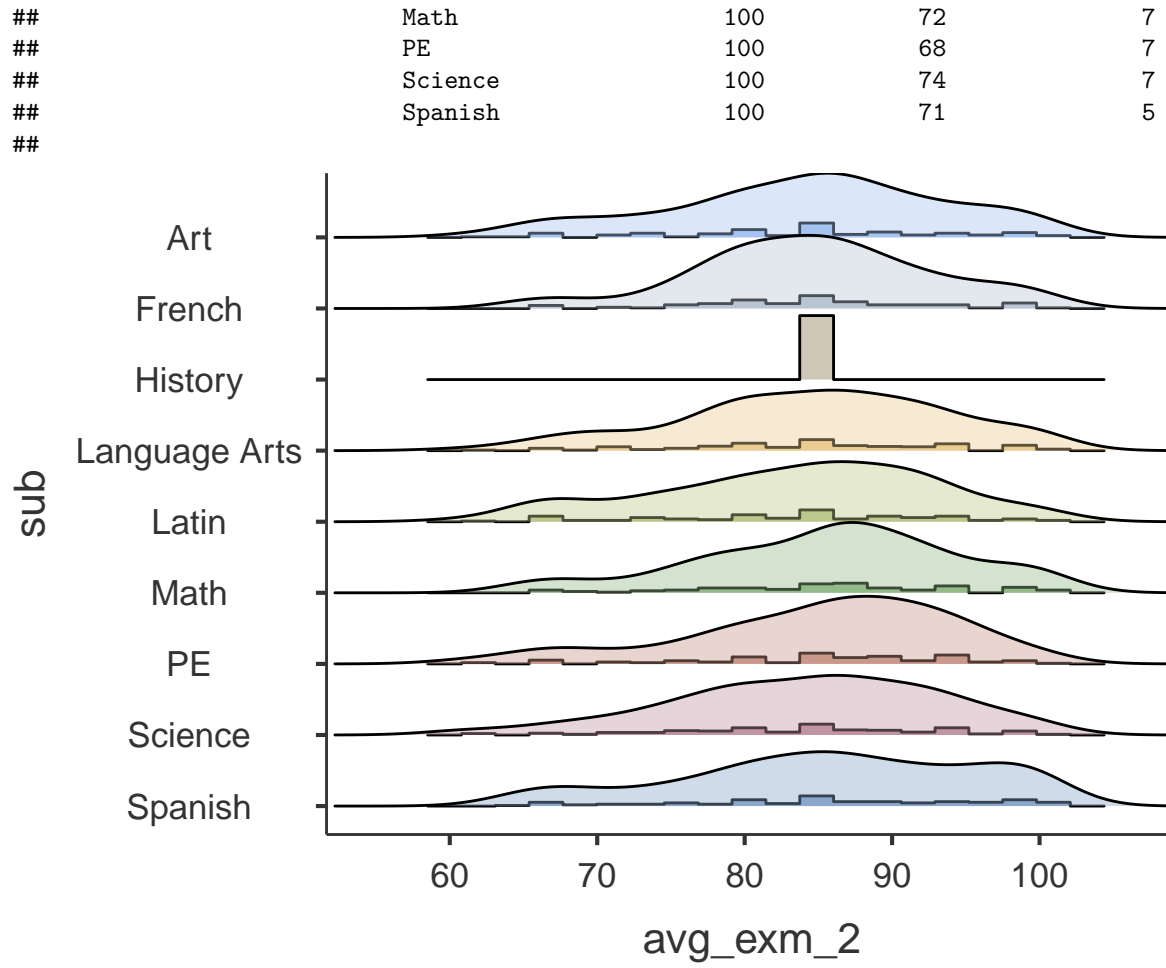
```
##           History       86.00000       60.00000       3.000000
```

```
##      Language Arts       84.57674       44.44651       2.981481
```

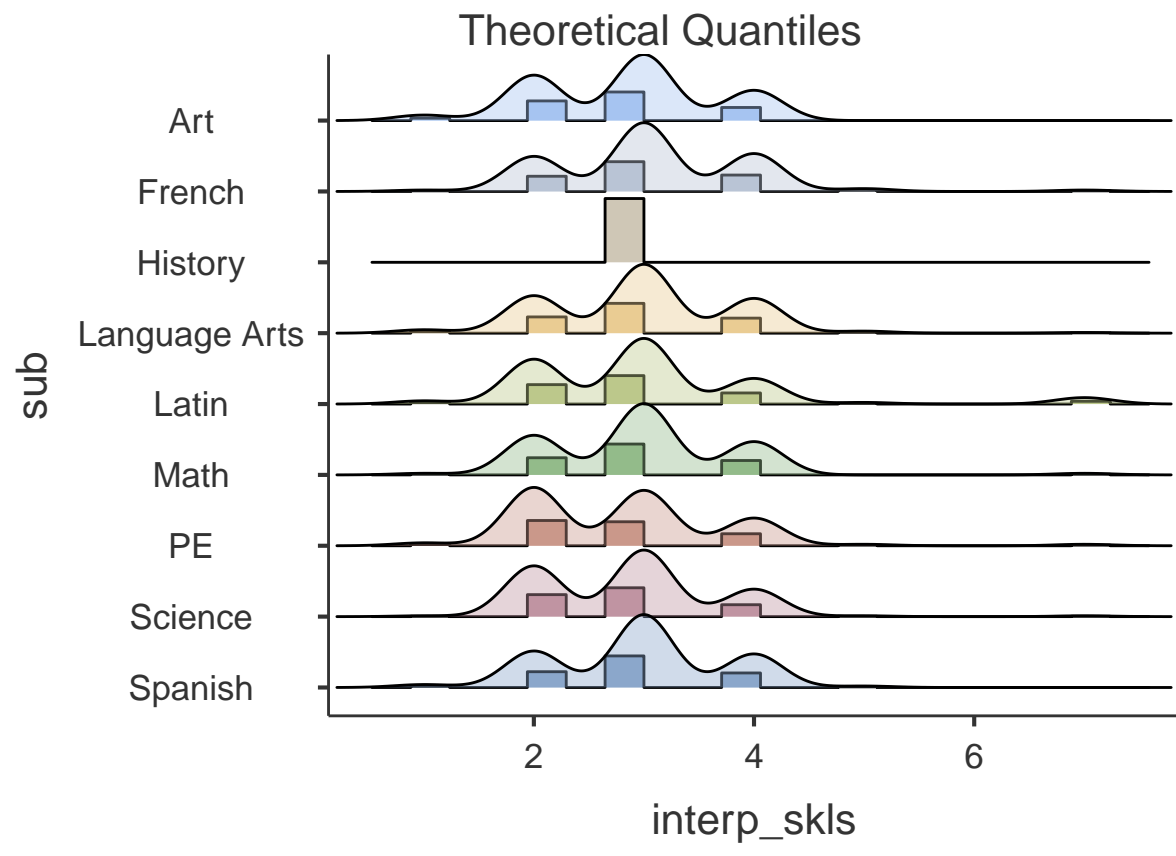
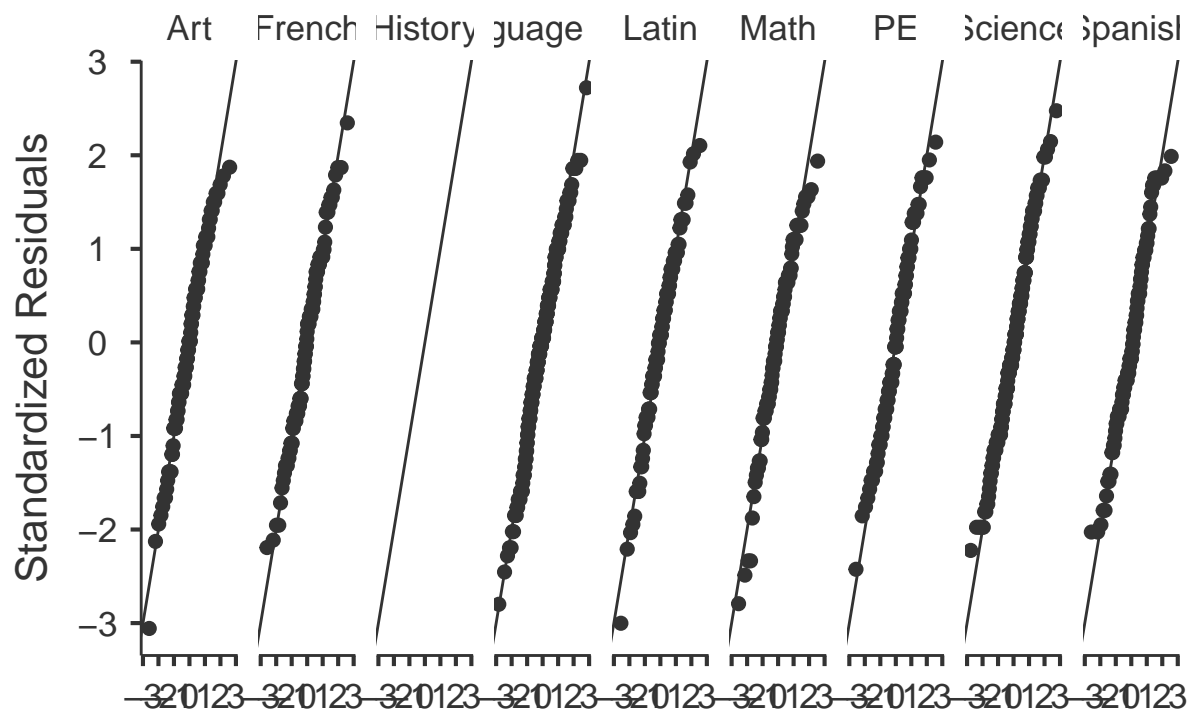
```
##           Latin       83.28261       45.09783       3.021739
```

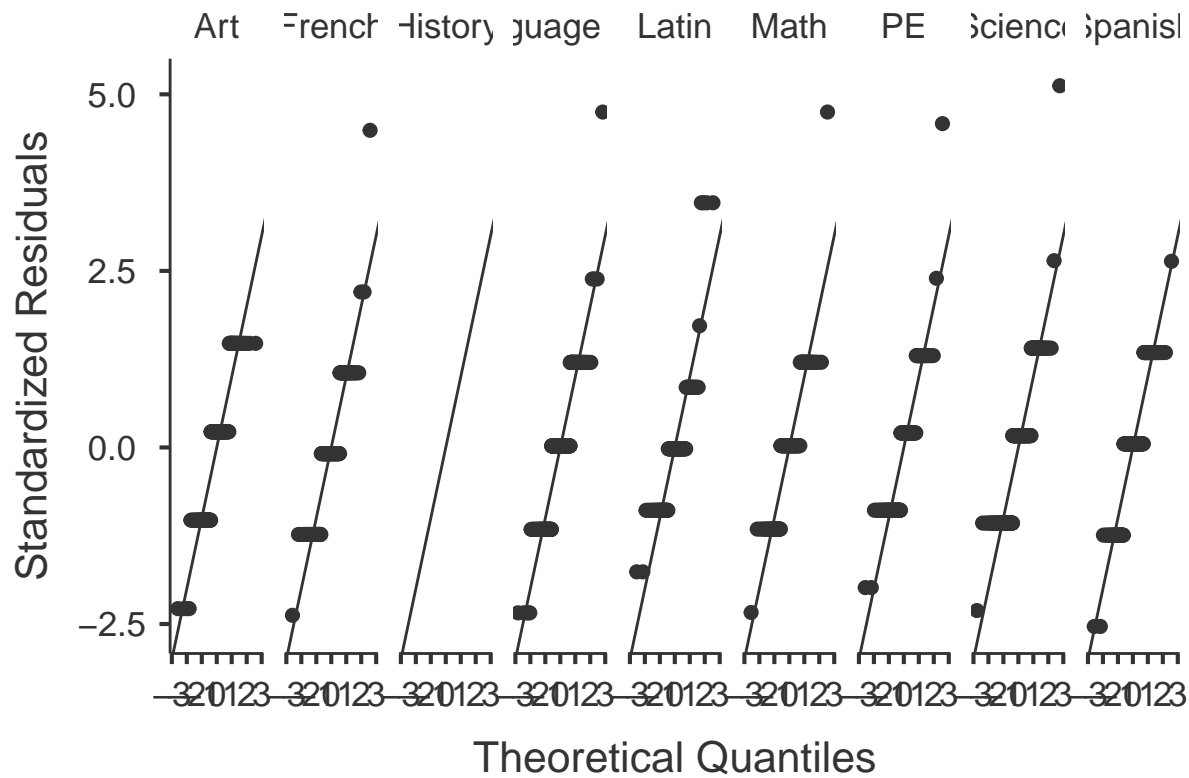


##		Math	85.56989	46.60215	2.978495
##		PE	84.97030	45.49495	2.811881
##		Science	84.01695	43.96610	2.864407
##		Spanish	85.58416	45.25000	2.960396
##	Std. error mean	Art	0.9042222	1.044222	0.07721694
##		French	0.7694079	1.225497	0.08526541
##		History			
##		Language Arts	0.6087903	0.7906091	0.05757180
##		Latin	0.9734073	1.184292	0.1197009
##		Math	0.9035277	1.359102	0.08780010
##		PE	0.8993348	1.056766	0.09088440
##		Science	0.6697800	0.9116710	0.06069115
##		Spanish	0.9900762	1.295164	0.07697343
##	Median	Art	85	45.00000	3
##		French	85	45	3
##		History	86	60	3
##		Language Arts	86	45	3.000000
##		Latin	85.00000	46.00000	3.000000
##		Math	87	48	3
##		PE	86	45	3
##		Science	85	43	3
##		Spanish	86	43.00000	3
##	Standard deviation	Art	9.353347	10.75093	0.7987382
##		French	7.884085	12.55761	0.8737105
##		History			
##		Language Arts	8.926618	11.59260	0.8461292
##		Latin	9.336595	11.35933	1.148130
##		Math	8.713305	13.10670	0.8467135
##		PE	9.038203	10.51469	0.9133769
##		Science	8.910843	12.12899	0.8074432
##		Spanish	9.950143	12.95164	0.7735734
##	Variance	Art	87.48510	115.5824	0.6379827
##		French	62.15879	157.6936	0.7633700
##		History			
##		Language Arts	79.68450	134.3885	0.7159345
##		Latin	87.17200	129.0343	1.318204
##		Math	75.92169	171.7856	0.7169238
##		PE	81.68911	110.5586	0.8342574
##		Science	79.40312	147.1125	0.6519646
##		Spanish	99.00535	167.7449	0.5984158
##	Minimum	Art	61	12	1
##		French	66	16	1
##		History	86	60	3
##		Language Arts	61	12	1
##		Latin	61	11	1
##		Math	66	10	1
##		PE	61	20	1
##		Science	61	17	1
##		Spanish	64	19	1
##	Maximum	Art	100	65	4
##		French	100	73	7
##		History	86	60	3
##		Language Arts	100	76	7
##		Latin	100	69	7









```
print(" ")

## [1] " "
print("-----")

## [1] "-----"
print(" ")

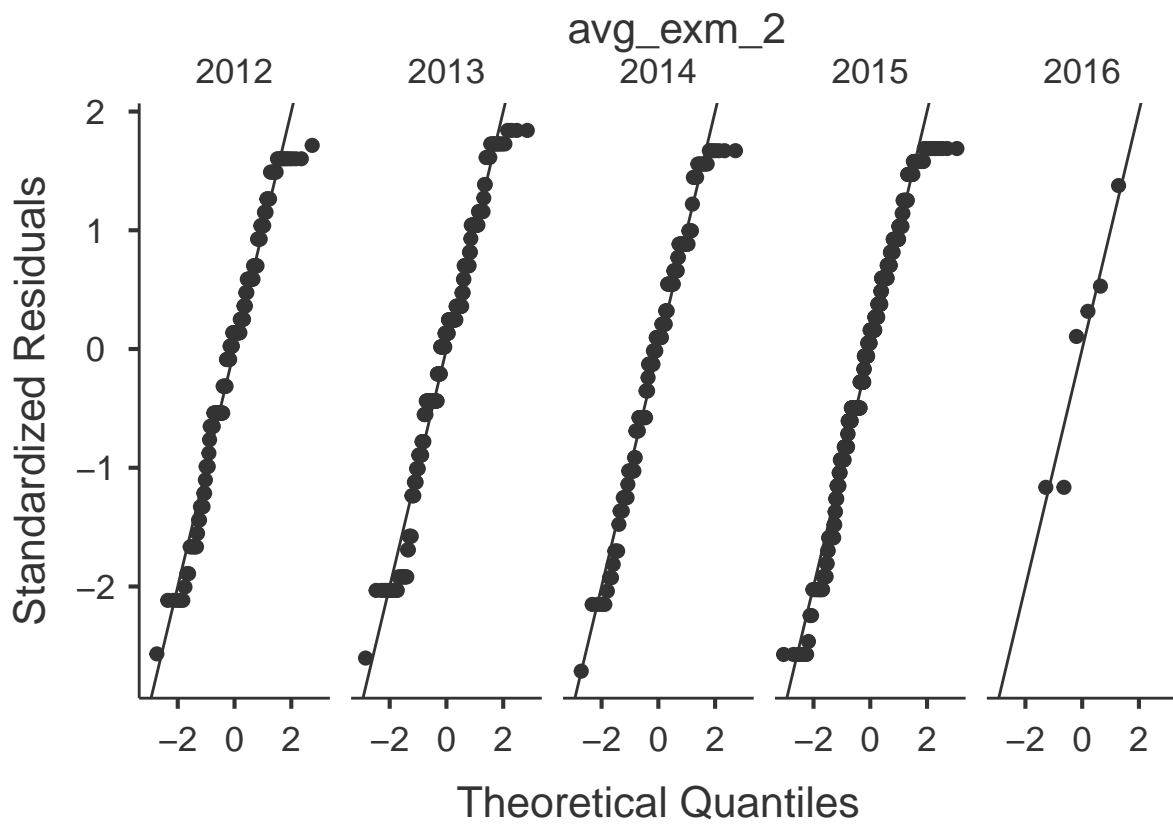
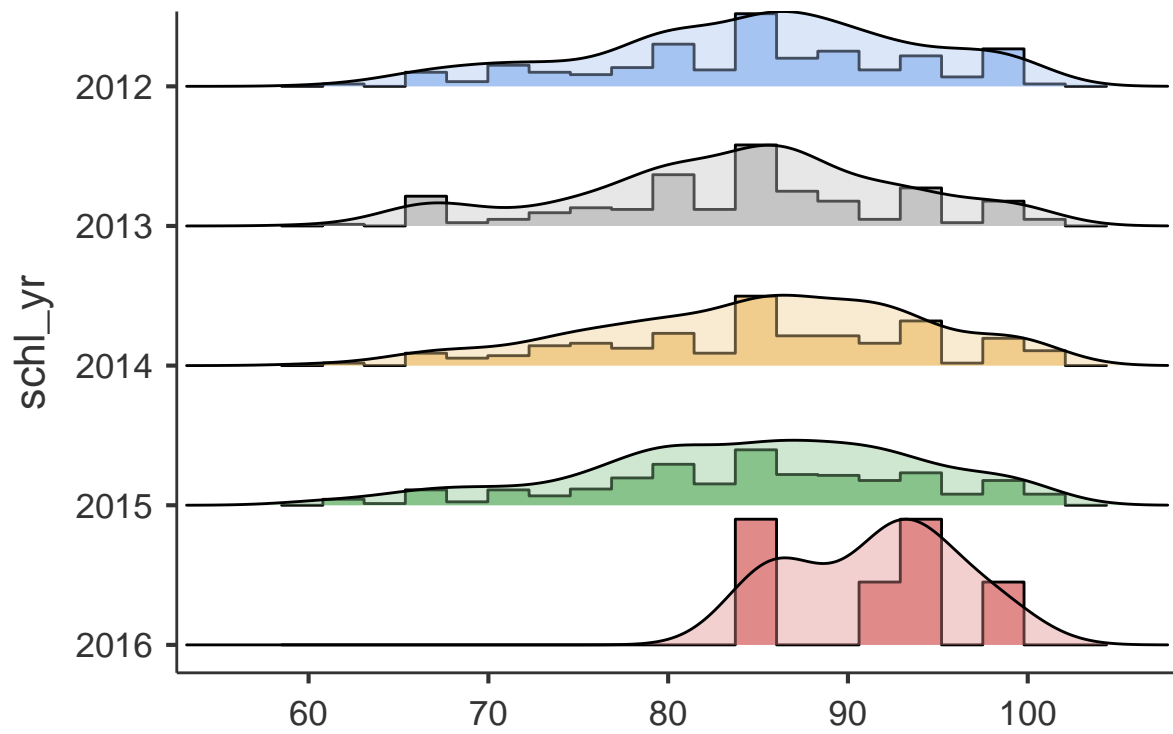
## [1] " "

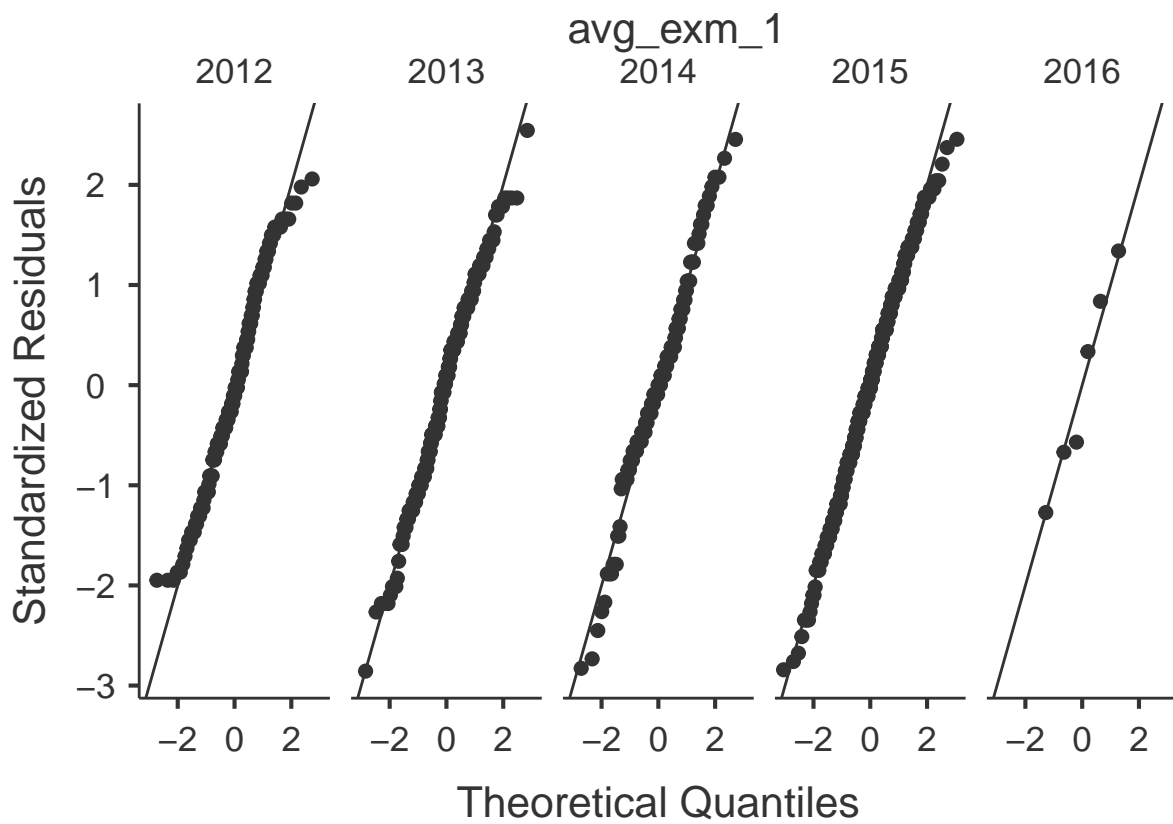
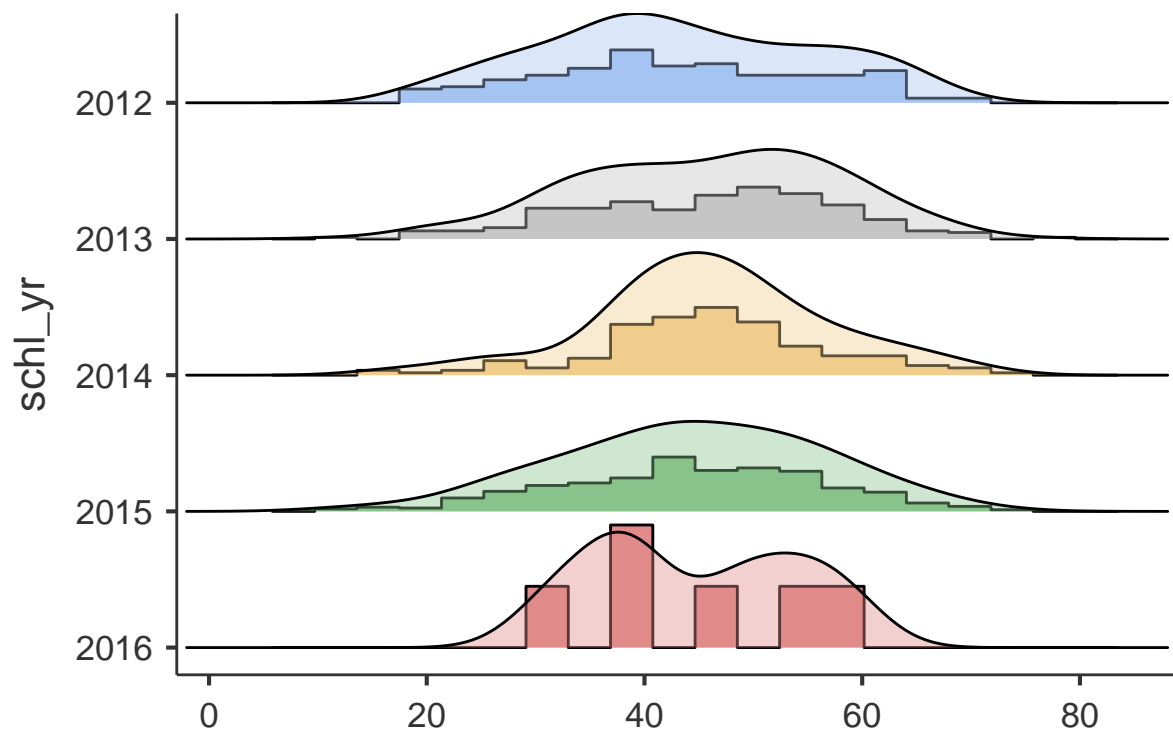
yr_descr = jmv::descriptives( my_dat,
                              vars = cont_names[],
                              splitBy = "schl_yr",
                              hist = TRUE,
                              dens = TRUE,
                              qq = TRUE,
                              sd = TRUE,
                              variance = TRUE,
                              se = TRUE,
                              missing = TRUE
                              )

print(yr_descr)

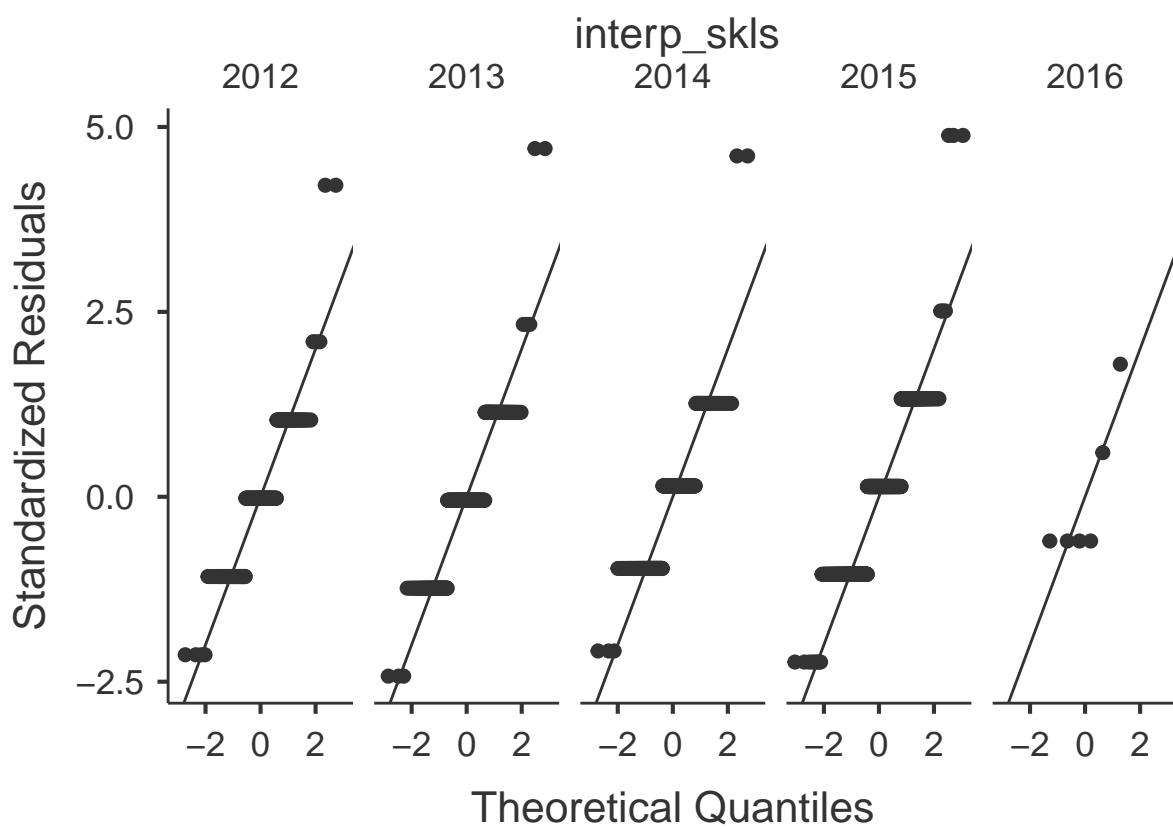
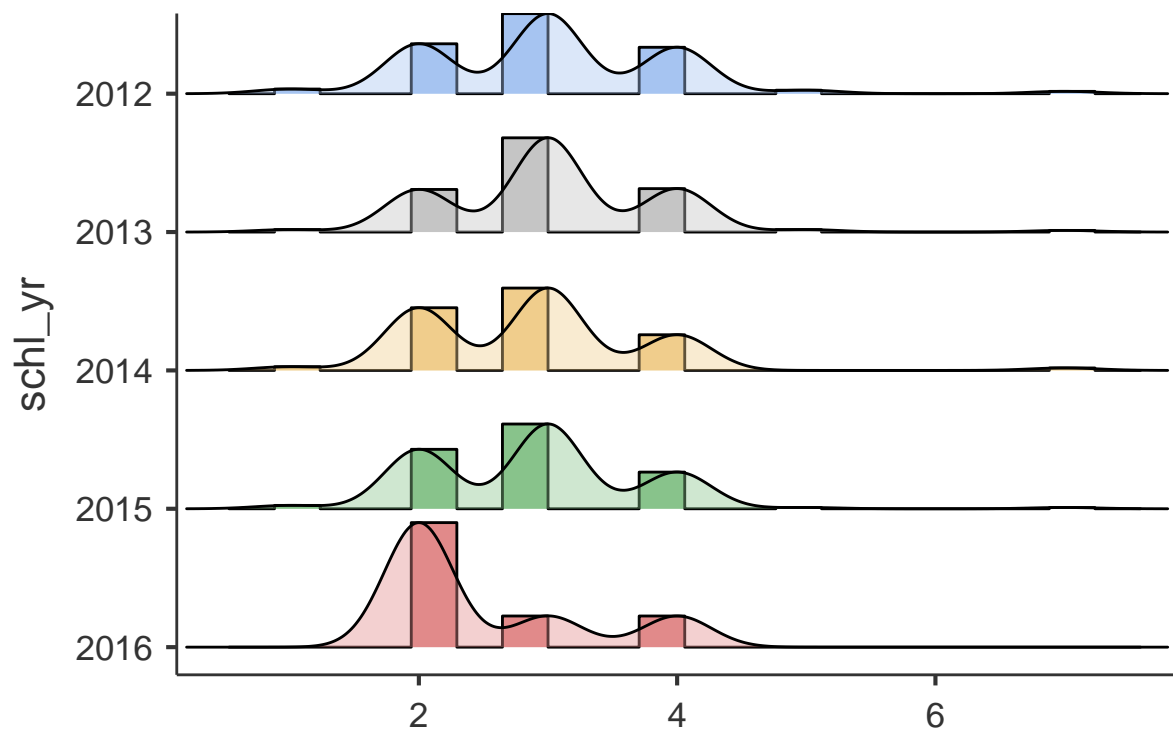
##
## DESCRIPTIVES
##
## Descriptives
##
##           schl_yr    avg_exm_2    avg_exm_1    interp_skls
##
```

##	N	2012	161	160	161
##		2013	228	227	228
##		2014	152	152	152
##		2015	442	440	443
##		2016	6	6	6
##	Missing	2012	0	1	0
##		2013	0	1	0
##		2014	0	0	0
##		2015	1	3	0
##		2016	0	0	0
##	Mean	2012	84.78261	43.31250	3.018634
##		2013	83.84211	45.85022	3.039474
##		2014	85.13816	45.98026	2.868421
##		2015	84.54525	44.33864	2.882619
##		2016	91.50000	44.66667	2.500000
##	Std. error mean	2012	0.6993062	0.9863928	0.07449209
##		2013	0.5812578	0.7866784	0.05571253
##		2014	0.7217462	0.8599403	0.07271811
##		2015	0.4353860	0.5759222	0.04003870
##		2016	1.927866	4.063387	0.3415650
##	Median	2012	86	42.00000	3
##		2013	85.00000	47	3.000000
##		2014	86.00000	46.00000	3.000000
##		2015	86.00000	44.00000	3
##		2016	92.50000	43.50000	2.000000
##	Standard deviation	2012	8.873201	12.47699	0.9451987
##		2013	8.776801	11.85251	0.8412408
##		2014	8.898284	10.60206	0.8965291
##		2015	9.153465	12.08065	0.8427172
##		2016	4.722288	9.953224	0.8366600
##	Variance	2012	78.73370	155.6753	0.8934006
##		2013	77.03223	140.4819	0.7076861
##		2014	79.17946	112.4036	0.8037644
##		2015	83.78593	145.9420	0.7101723
##		2016	22.30000	99.06667	0.7000000
##	Minimum	2012	62	19	1
##		2013	61	12	1
##		2014	61	16	1
##		2015	61	10	1
##		2016	86	32	2
##	Maximum	2012	100	69	7
##		2013	100	76	7
##		2014	100	72	7
##		2015	100	74	7
##		2016	98	58	4
##					









```
print(" ")
```

```
## [1] " "
```

```
print("-----")
```

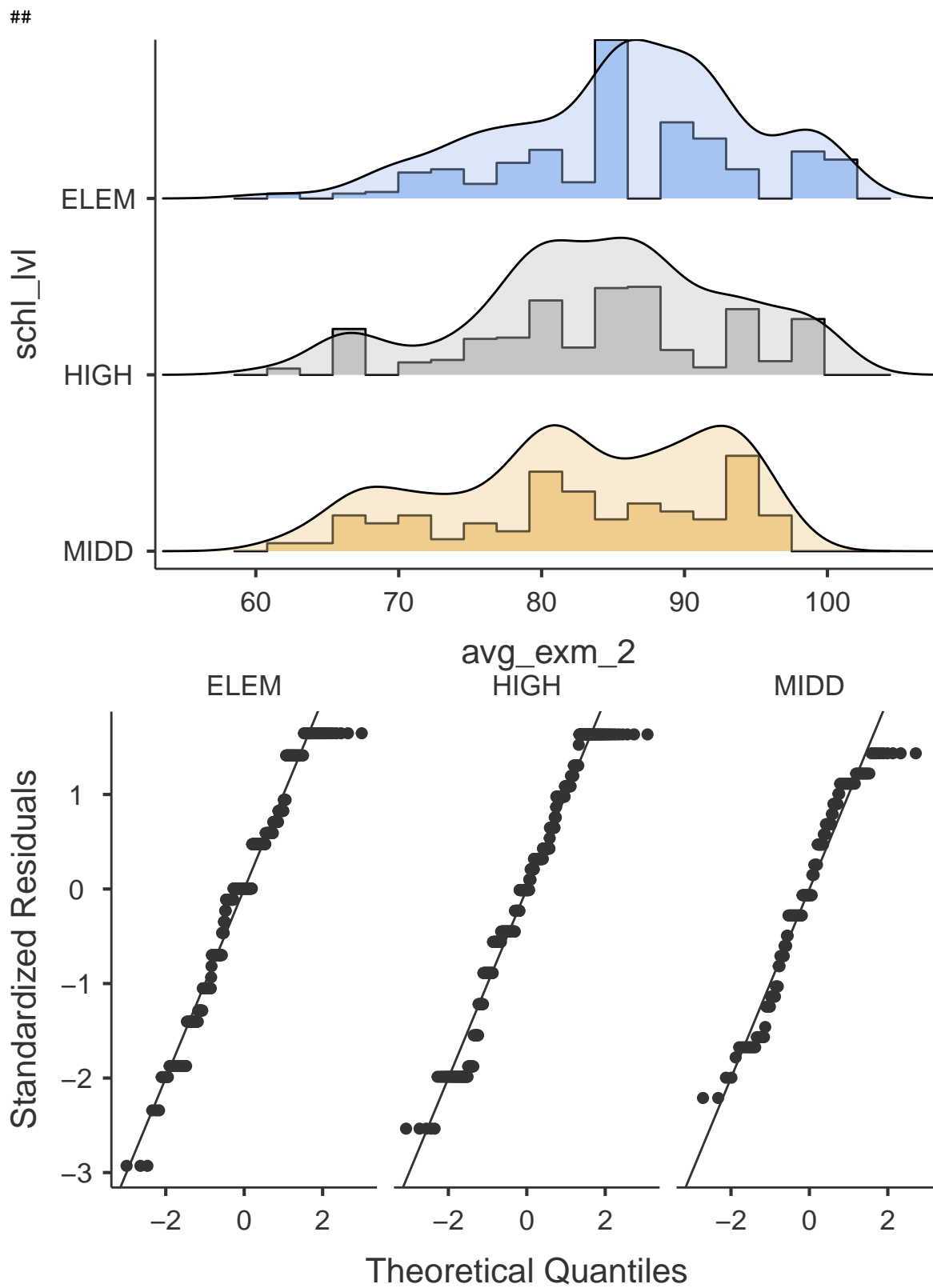
```
## [1] "-----"
```

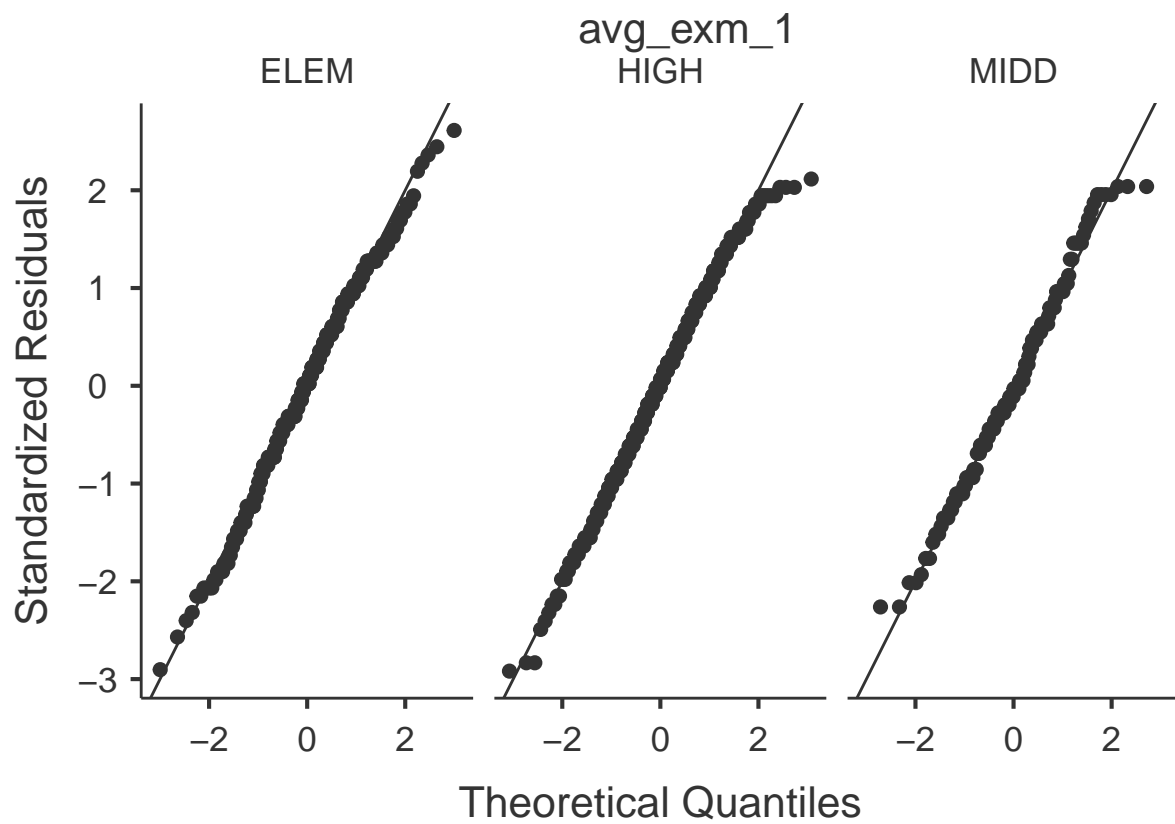
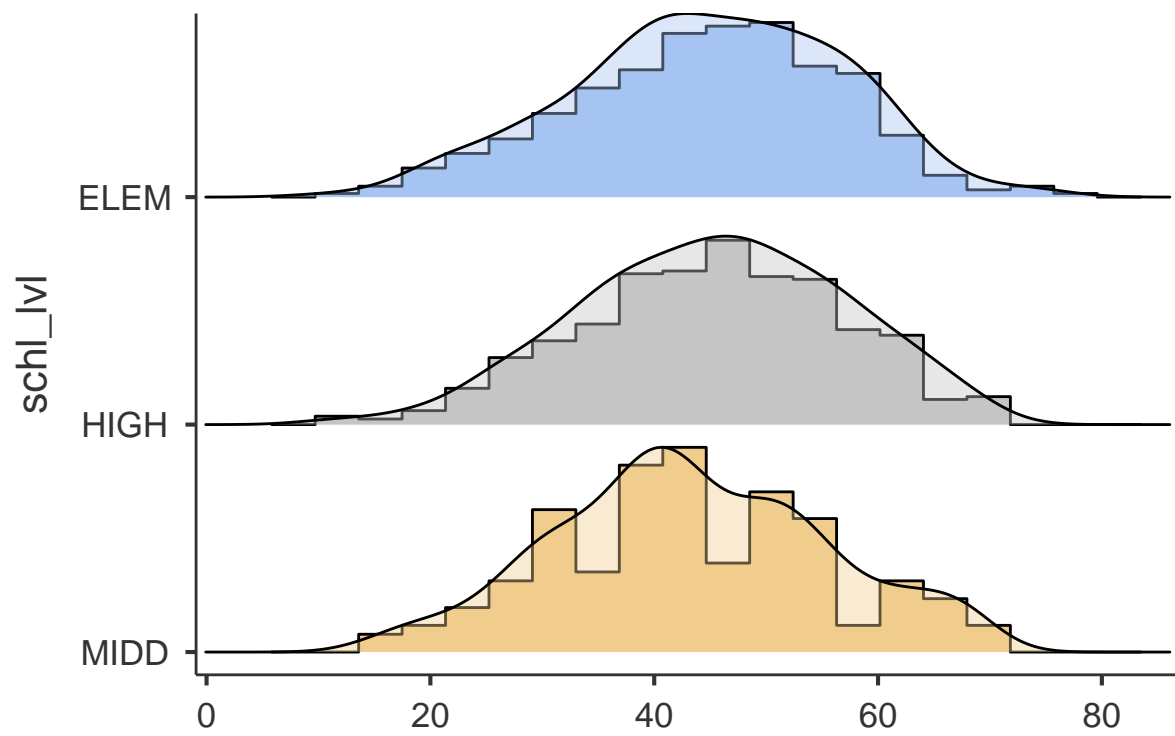
```
print("    ")
```

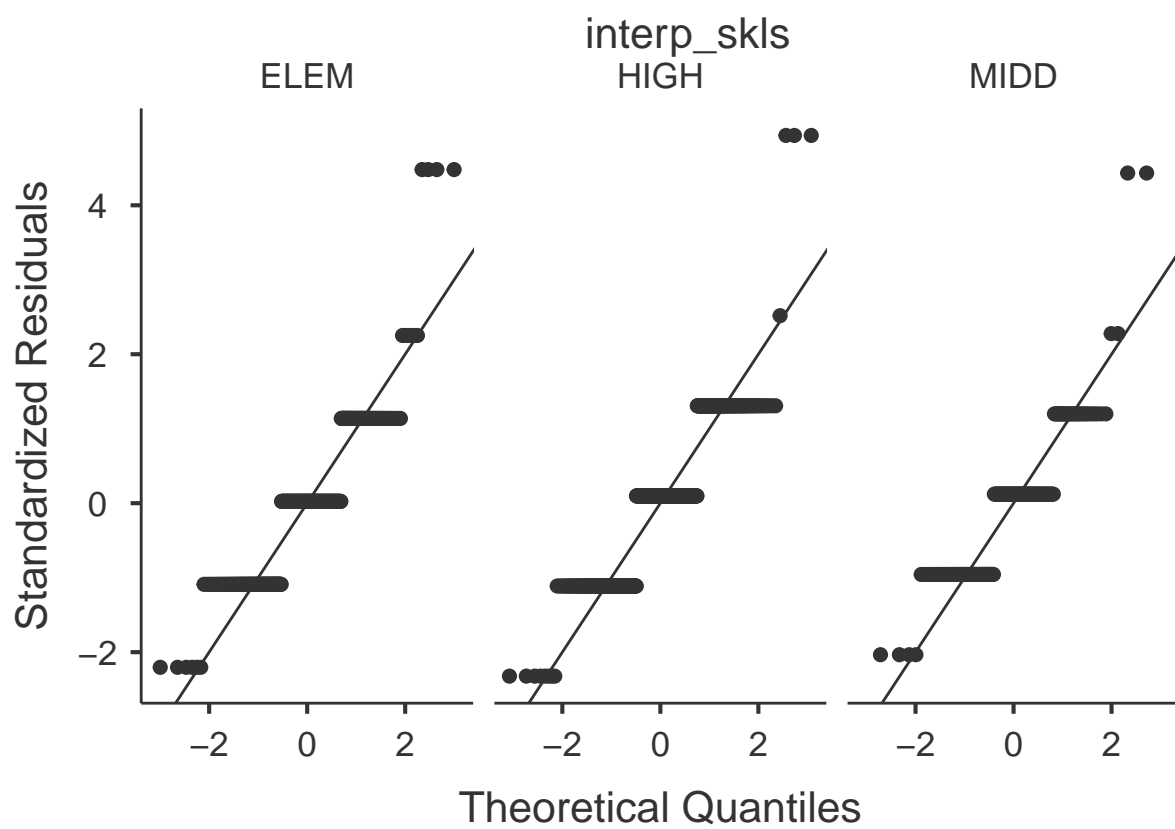
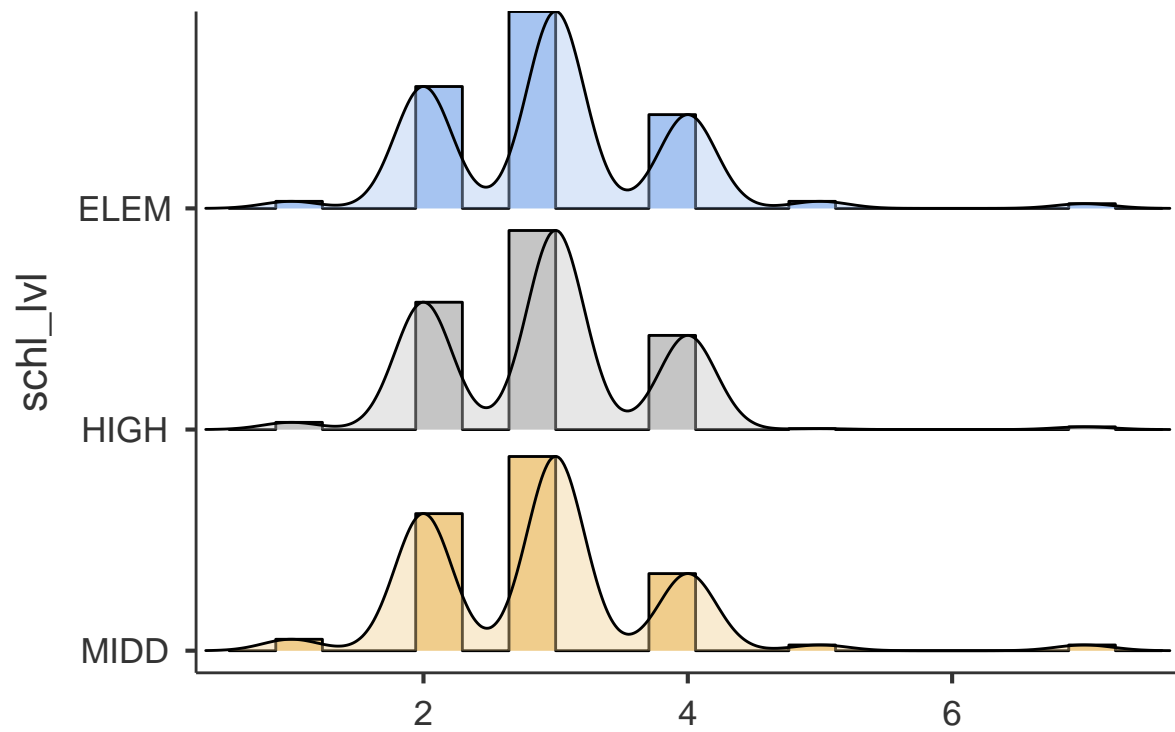
```
## [1] "    "
```

```
lvl_descr = jmv::descriptives( my_dat,
                                vars = cont_names[],
                                splitBy = "schl_lvl",
                                hist = TRUE,
                                dens = TRUE,
                                qq = TRUE,
                                sd = TRUE,
                                variance = TRUE,
                                se = TRUE,
                                missing = TRUE
                                )
print(lvl_descr)
```

```
##
## DESCRIPTIVES
##
## Descriptives
##
##           schl_lvl   avg_exm_2   avg_exm_1   interp_skls
##
##      N           ELEM           368           367           368
##           HIGH           481           478           481
##           MIDD           150           150           151
##      Missing      ELEM           0           1           0
##           HIGH           0           3           0
##           MIDD           1           1           0
##      Mean         ELEM      85.95924      44.74387      2.978261
##           HIGH      84.09979      45.20921      2.918919
##           MIDD      82.61333      43.35333      2.887417
##      Std. error mean  ELEM      0.4442833      0.6245972      0.04680166
##           HIGH      0.4154585      0.5361304      0.03768221
##           MIDD      0.7613591      0.9873081      0.07549282
##      Median        ELEM      86.00000           45      3.000000
##           HIGH           84      45.50000           3
##           MIDD      82.00000      42.50000           3
##      Standard deviation  ELEM      8.522832      11.96556      0.8978116
##           HIGH      9.111715      11.72153      0.8264354
##           MIDD      9.324707      12.09201      0.9276713
##      Variance        ELEM      72.63866      143.1747      0.8060656
##           HIGH      83.02335      137.3943      0.6829955
##           MIDD      86.95016      146.2166      0.8605740
##      Minimum        ELEM           61           10           1
##           HIGH           61           11           1
##           MIDD           62           16           1
##      Maximum        ELEM          100           76           7
##           HIGH           99           70           7
##           MIDD           96           68           7
```







```
print(" ")
```

```
## [1] " "
```

```

print("-----")

## [1] "-----"
print("      ")

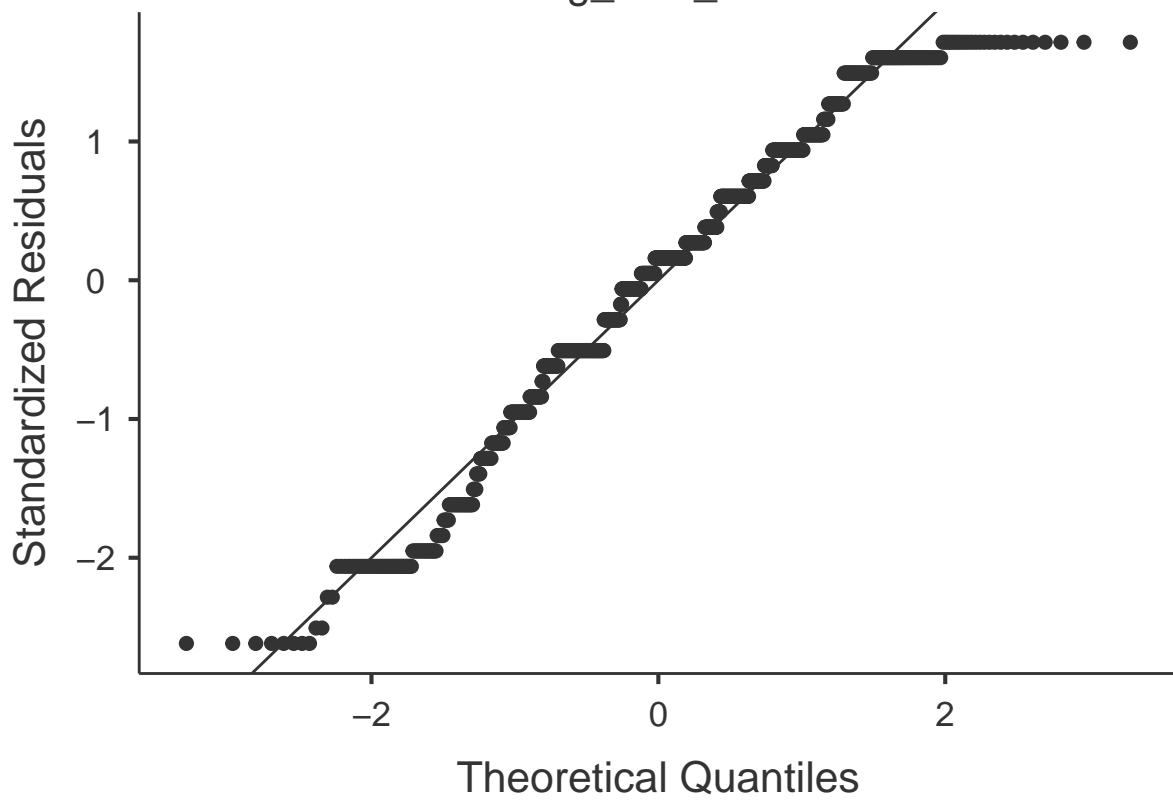
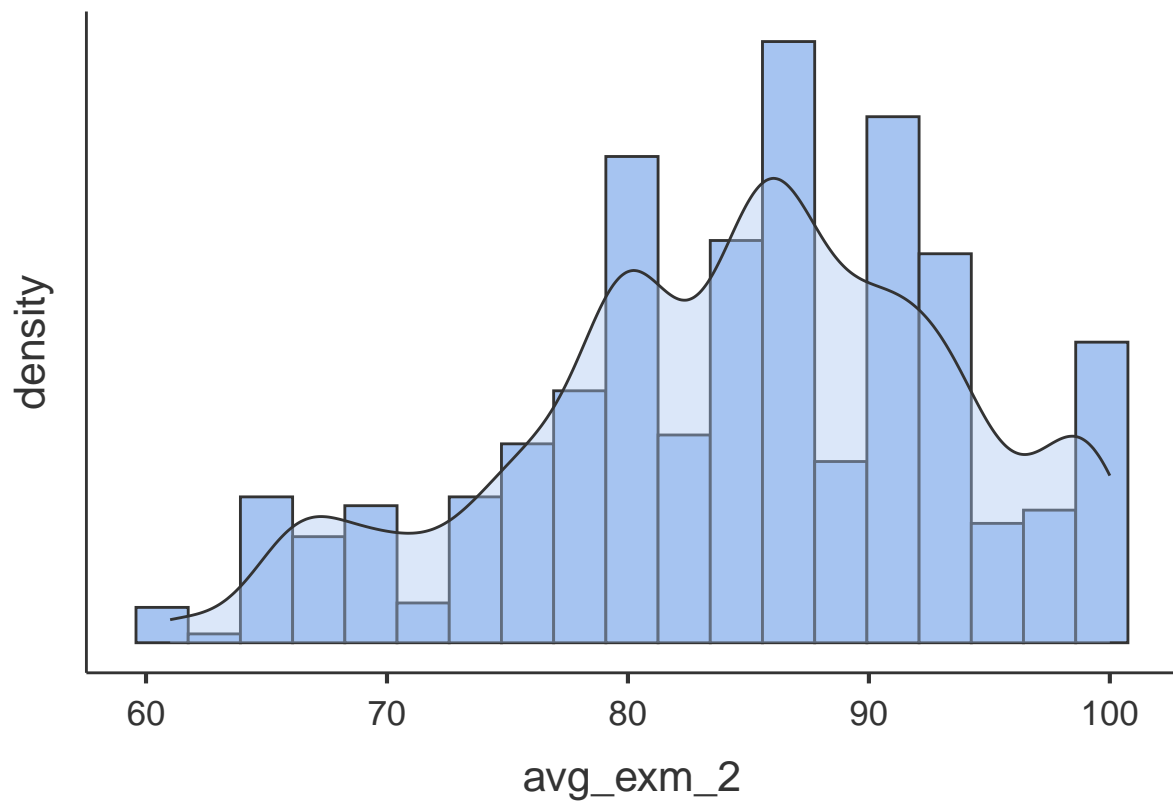
## [1] "      "

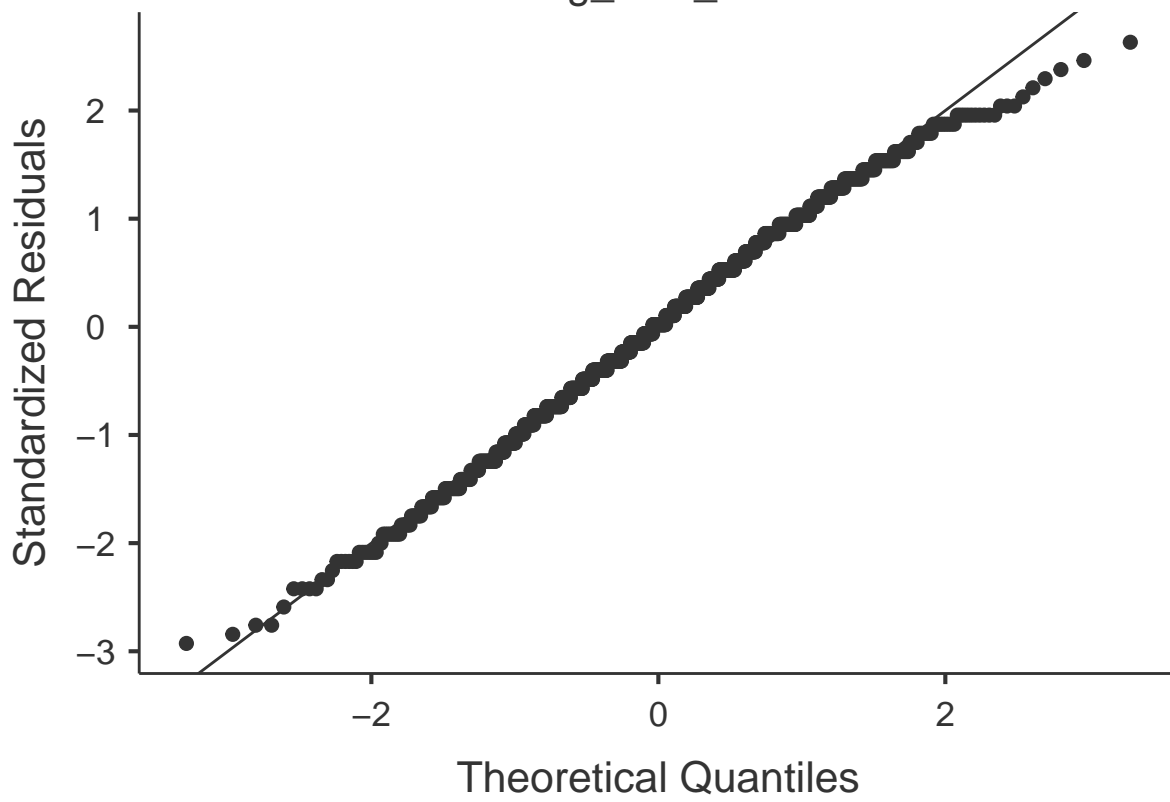
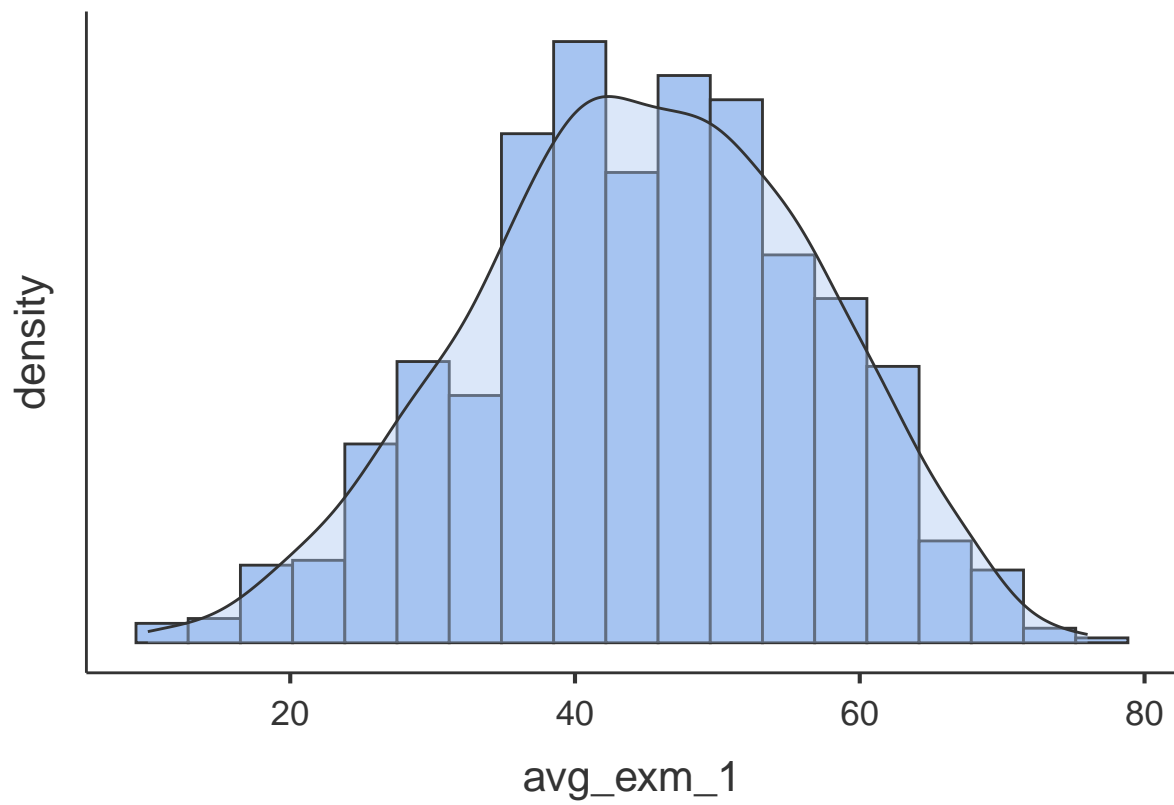
lvl_descr = jmv::descriptives( my_dat,
                               vars = cont_names[],
                               hist = TRUE,
                               dens = TRUE,
                               qq = TRUE,
                               sd = TRUE,
                               variance = TRUE,
                               se = TRUE,
                               missing = TRUE
                               )

print(lvl_descr)

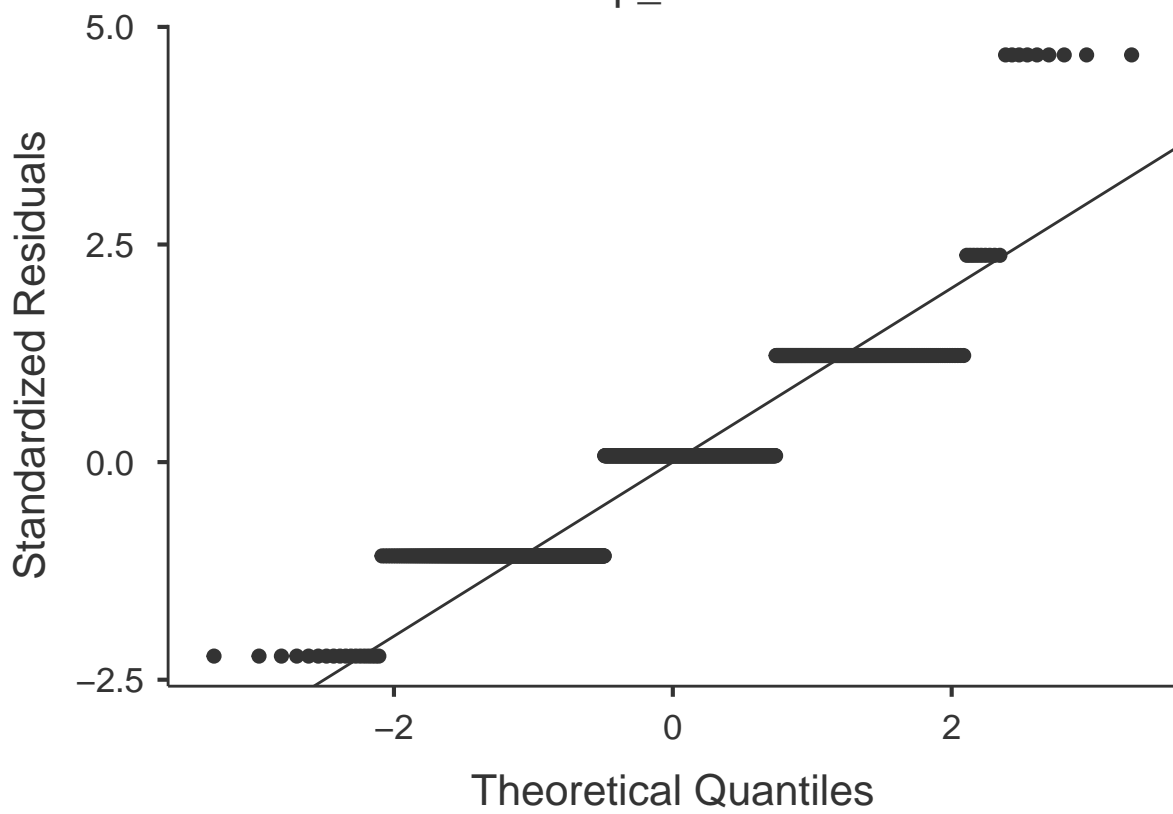
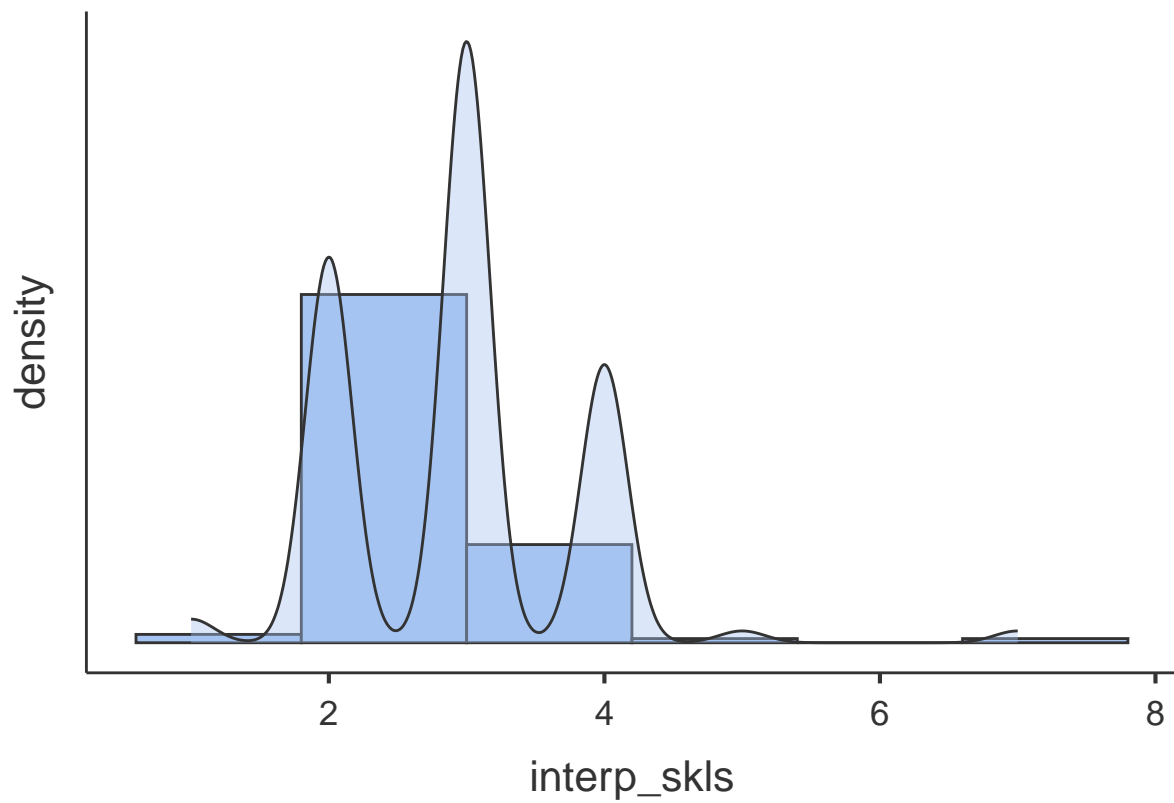
##
## DESCRIPTIVES
##
## Descriptives
##
##               avg_exm_2   avg_exm_1   interp_skls
##
##      N               999             995             1000
##      Missing              1              5              0
##      Mean             84.56156         44.75779         2.936000
##      Std. error mean   0.2847790        0.3763944        0.02747105
##      Median              86              45              3.000000
##      Standard deviation  9.001000        11.87284         0.8687109
##      Variance           81.01800        140.9644         0.7546587
##      Minimum              61              10              1
##      Maximum            100              76              7
##

```









## 4 Part 1: Data Cleaning Questions / Tasks

Download the dataset posted on canvas called “308A.DA3.Data.csv” and create an RMarkdown file.

This DA consists of three categories of tasks for you to complete – data cleaning (complete in RStudio), data querying (complete in RStudio and respond to questions below), and a code investigation (respond below).

Upload both a word document with your completed questions and your knitted RMarkdown file in either word or pdf format.

The dataset contains data regarding average grades for Exam 1 and 2 for various classes, each case is classified by school level (elem, midd, high), subject, year, and location.

### 4.1 Handle Missing Data for all Variables

Question #1 of Data Cleaning Section. NOTE: We loaded the data with the following code snippet (above):  
`raw_dat = read.csv("./308D.DA3.Data.csv", na = c("", "NA", "-999", "na", "n/a", "N/A"))` ...  
so all values in `raw_dat` (and therefore `my_dat`) should be `na` if they were missing.

We look for unique values in all non-numeric variables in our dataset, and we check for non-numeric values in our numeric variables to confirm this worked as expected.

```
# We already confirmed that "x" as loaded had 1000 unique entries in it in our load data section, so we  
# handle that column
```

```
# Look for unique entries in each of the categorical columns. This will help us understand how creative  
# data in each column is. We can spot weird missing data or poorly formatted entries this way.
```

```
uni_lvl <- unique(my_dat$schl_lvl)  
uni_sub <- unique(my_dat$subj)  
uni_yr <- unique(my_dat$year)  
uni_loc <- unique(my_dat$loc)
```

```
# Print unique values to see if we have any permutations like CA, ca, and CA in loc  
print(uni_lvl)
```

```
## [1] "ELEM" "MIDD" "HIGH"
```

```
print(uni_sub)
```

```
## [1] "Math"      "History"    "Science"    "French"  
## [5] "Language Arts" "Art"        "Spanish"    "PE"  
## [9] "Latin"      NA
```

```
print(uni_yr)
```

```
## [1] 2015 2013 2012 2014 NA 2016
```

```
print(uni_loc)
```

```
## [1] "CA" "NY" NA
```

```
# Output indicates no weird duplicate formats so we don't need to mess with that. Yay!
```

```
## EXPLANATION - WHY
```

```
# Per our descriptives we have:
```

```
# 1 datapoint in the "history" subject, so that should be removed (it's a non-useful level in subject.
```

```
# 5 missing exam 1 scores and 1 missing exam 2 scores and no missing interpersonal skills data.
```

```
# The largest missing:sample_size ratio we have, if we slice the data by categories, is 2 missing scor
```

```
# for 99 PE samples
```

```

#
# So given all that, our power shouldn't be severely damaged if we just drop all rows missing data in
# (99 isn't a big sample but difference between 99 and 97 isn't much)
my_dat_with_missing <- my_dat
my_dat <- na.omit(my_dat)

# Toss our one dumb history datapoint
my_dat <- my_dat[my_dat$sub != "History", ]

# Print data loss metric
data_loss = 1 - ( length(my_dat$idix) / length(my_dat_with_missing$idix) )
cat( paste("Total Percentage of data lost due to dropping missing: ", 100*data_loss, "%\n\n", sep="") )

## Total Percentage of data lost due to dropping missing: 2.6%

```

## 4.2 Convert Categorical Variables

Convert School Level, Subject, Year, and Location to categorical variables

```

# We convert all categorical variables to factors and then dummy code each

# We convert all 4x to factors
my_dat$schl_lvl <- as.factor(my_dat$schl_lvl)
my_dat$sub <- as.factor(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$schl_yr <- as.factor(my_dat$schl_yr)
my_dat$loc <- as.factor(my_dat$loc)

# ---
# Dummy Code School Level with Elem as the reference
my_dat$lvl_mid_refd_elem <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_lvl)
my_dat$lvl_high_refd_elem <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_lvl)

# Midd
my_dat$lvl_mid_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "ELEM"] <- 0
my_dat$lvl_mid_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "MIDD"] <- 1
my_dat$lvl_mid_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "HIGH"] <- 0

# High
my_dat$lvl_high_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "ELEM"] <- 0
my_dat$lvl_high_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "MIDD"] <- 0
my_dat$lvl_high_refd_elem[my_dat$schl_lvl == "HIGH"] <- 1

# Move Category to front of DCs
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(schl_lvl, .before=lvl_mid_refd_elem)

# ---
# Dummy Code subject with math as the reference - Leave history out since we dropped it
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_frnc_h_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)

```

```

my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math <- as.numeric(my_dat$sub)

# # History
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"] <- 1
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"] <- 0
# my_dat$sub_hist_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)] <- NA

# Science
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"] <- 1
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_sci_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)] <- NA

# French
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"] <- 1
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_frnc_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)] <- NA

# Language Arts
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 1
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_lang_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)] <- NA

# Art
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"] <- 0

```

```

my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"]      <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"]       <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"]          <- 1
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"]      <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"]           <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"]        <- 0
my_dat$sub_art_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)]            <- NA

# Spanish
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"]        <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"]     <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"]     <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"]      <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"]         <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"]     <- 1
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"]          <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"]       <- 0
my_dat$sub_span_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)]           <- NA

# PE
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"]          <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"]       <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"]       <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"]        <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"]           <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"]       <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"]            <- 1
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"]         <- 0
my_dat$sub_pe_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)]             <- NA

# Latin
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Math"]        <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "History"]     <- 1
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Science"]     <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "French"]      <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Language Arts"] <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Art"]         <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Spanish"]     <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "PE"]          <- 0
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[my_dat$sub == "Latin"]       <- 1
my_dat$sub_latn_refd_math[is.na(my_dat$sub)]           <- NA

# Move Category to front of DCs
# my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(sub, .before=sub_hist_refd_math)
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(sub, .before=sub_sci_refd_math )

# ---
# Dummy Code yr with (shouldn't be a categorical) with 2012 as the reference
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012 <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_yr)
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012 <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_yr)

```

```

my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012 <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_yr)
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012 <- as.numeric(my_dat$schl_yr)

# 2013
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2012"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2013"] <- 1
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2014"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2015"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2016"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2013_refd_2012[is.na(my_dat$schl_yr)] <- NA

# 2014
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2012"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2013"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2014"] <- 1
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2015"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2016"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2014_refd_2012[is.na(my_dat$schl_yr)] <- NA

# 2015
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2012"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2013"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2014"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2015"] <- 1
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2016"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2015_refd_2012[is.na(my_dat$schl_yr)] <- NA

# 2016
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2012"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2013"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2014"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2015"] <- 0
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[my_dat$schl_yr == "2016"] <- 1
my_dat$yr_2016_refd_2012[is.na(my_dat$schl_yr)] <- NA

# Move Category to front of DCs
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(schl_yr, .before=yr_2013_refd_2012)

# ---
# Dummy Code Location with California as the reference.
my_dat$loc_ny_refd_ca <- as.numeric(my_dat$loc)

# NY - Handle NA cases
my_dat$loc_ny_refd_ca[my_dat$loc == "CA"] <- 0
my_dat$loc_ny_refd_ca[my_dat$loc == "NY"] <- 1
my_dat$loc_ny_refd_ca[is.na(my_dat$loc)] <- NA

# Move Category to front of DCs
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(loc, .before=loc_ny_refd_ca)

```

### 4.3 Rename the Variables “exam1” and “exam2”

```
# I like my names better
my_dat <- my_dat %>% dplyr::rename(exam1 = avg_exm_1)
my_dat <- my_dat %>% dplyr::rename(exam2 = avg_exm_2)
```

### 4.4 Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2”

Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2” to see if we can make a composite score.

```
# Using column names slice so I don't have to pay attention to what order columns are in
cronbachs_alpha( my_dat[c("exam1", "exam2")] )
```

```
## [1] 0.06939527
```

### 4.5 Combine Exam Grades for Each Classes

Create 1 variable for exam grade for each class (average of the two)

```
# I'm assuming this means to create a column, exam_mean, which just row-wise means exam1 and exam2. (i.e. a unique exam_mean value). But this could also be interpreted as meaning across both exams for each (i.e. every "math" exam_mean would be equal). I don't see how the latter is helpful so I'm going to
my_dat$exam_mean <- rowMeans(my_dat[ , c("exam1", "exam2")])
```

### 4.6 Reorder the Columns

Reorder the Columns so all categories (level, subject, year, location) are listed first, followed by Interpersonal, Exam 1, Exam 2, and average Exam

```
# First we move Interpersonal to the back, then all the exams
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(interp_skls, .after=last_col())
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(exam1, .after=last_col())
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(exam2, .after=last_col())
my_dat <- my_dat %>% relocate(exam_mean, .after=last_col())
```

### 4.7 Construct Reverse Codes

There was an error in qualtrics and the scores for Interpersonal skills were not set up with reverse coding. Reverse code the Interpersonal scores using R.

```
# Per our descriptives, interp skills runs 1 to 7, so we need to map 1 to 7, 7 to 1, and etc. in the ap
my_dat_rev_code <- my_dat
my_dat$interp_skls <- dplyr::recode(my_dat$interp_skls, '1'=7, '2'=6, '3'=5, '4'=4, '5'=3, '6'=2, '7'=1)
```

### 4.8 Standardize the Exam and Interpersonal Scores

Standardize the Exam and Interpersonal Scores for ease of comparison.

```
# Save unstandardized data for reference
my_dat_unstd <- my_dat

# Scale the 4x numeric vars we have
my_dat$interp_skls <- scale( my_dat$interp_skls, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE )[,1]
my_dat$exam1 <- scale( my_dat$exam1, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE )[,1]
my_dat$exam2 <- scale( my_dat$exam2, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE )[,1]
my_dat$exam_mean <- scale( my_dat$exam_mean, center = TRUE, scale = TRUE )[,1]
```

## 4.9 Dummy Code Location

I already did this in the “create categorical variables” section above.

## 4.10 Detect Outliers and Handle Accordingly.

```
# Specify the fully saturated model for each of the 4x numeric outcome variables (exam scores and inter
mod_interp    <- lm( interp_skls ~ lvl_mid_refd_elem +
                        lvl_high_refd_elem +
                        sub_sci_refd_math +
                        sub_frnc_h_refd_math +
                        sub_lang_refd_math +
                        sub_art_refd_math +
                        sub_span_refd_math +
                        sub_pe_refd_math +
                        sub_latn_refd_math +
                        yr_2013_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2014_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2015_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2016_refd_2012 +
                        loc_ny_refd_ca,
                        data = my_dat
                    )
mod_exam1    <- lm( exam1 ~ lvl_mid_refd_elem +
                        lvl_high_refd_elem +
                        sub_sci_refd_math +
                        sub_frnc_h_refd_math +
                        sub_lang_refd_math +
                        sub_art_refd_math +
                        sub_span_refd_math +
                        sub_pe_refd_math +
                        sub_latn_refd_math +
                        yr_2013_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2014_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2015_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2016_refd_2012 +
                        loc_ny_refd_ca,
                        data = my_dat
                    )
mod_exam2    <- lm( exam2 ~ lvl_mid_refd_elem +
                        lvl_high_refd_elem +
                        sub_sci_refd_math +
                        sub_frnc_h_refd_math +
                        sub_lang_refd_math +
                        sub_art_refd_math +
                        sub_span_refd_math +
                        sub_pe_refd_math +
                        sub_latn_refd_math +
                        yr_2013_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2014_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2015_refd_2012 +
                        yr_2016_refd_2012 +
                        loc_ny_refd_ca,
                        data = my_dat
                    )
```



```

    )
mod_exam_mean <- lm( exam_mean ~ lvl_mid_refd_elem +
                      lvl_high_refd_elem +
                      sub_sci_refd_math +
                      sub_frnc_refd_math +
                      sub_lang_refd_math +
                      sub_art_refd_math +
                      sub_span_refd_math +
                      sub_pe_refd_math +
                      sub_latn_refd_math +
                      yr_2013_refd_2012 +
                      yr_2014_refd_2012 +
                      yr_2015_refd_2012 +
                      yr_2016_refd_2012 +
                      loc_ny_refd_ca,
                      data = my_dat
    )

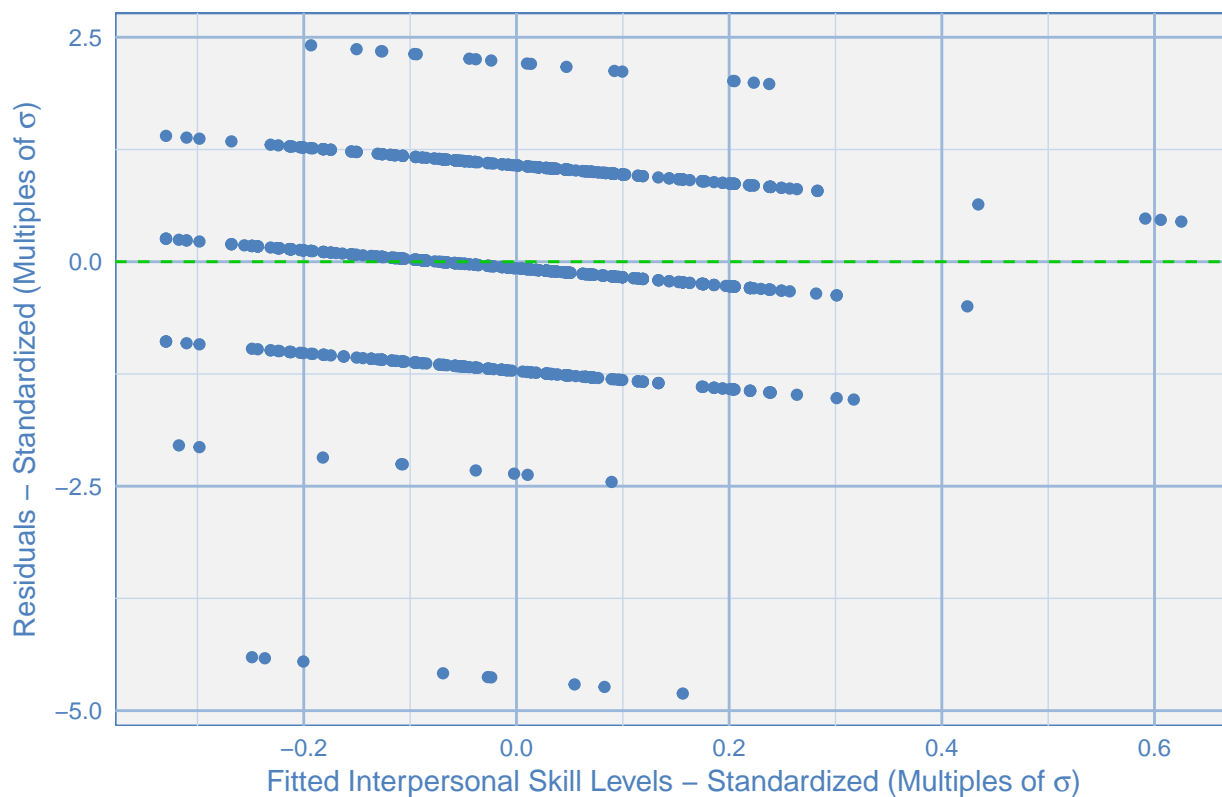
#----
# Brady way of Plotting outliers because I'm a bit extra

# Interp Skills per Category
# Since we're using standardized data units will be in Standard Deviations
interp_skls_sd_fig = ggplot( mod_interp,
                             aes(.fitted , .resid )
                           )

interp_skls_sd_fig +
  geom_point(col = font_color) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, col="green3", linetype="dashed") +
  xlab(expression( "Fitted Interpersonal Skill Levels - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ylab(expression( "Residuals - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ggtitle("Interpersonal Skills Residual vs. Fitted Plot") +
  my_gg_theme

```

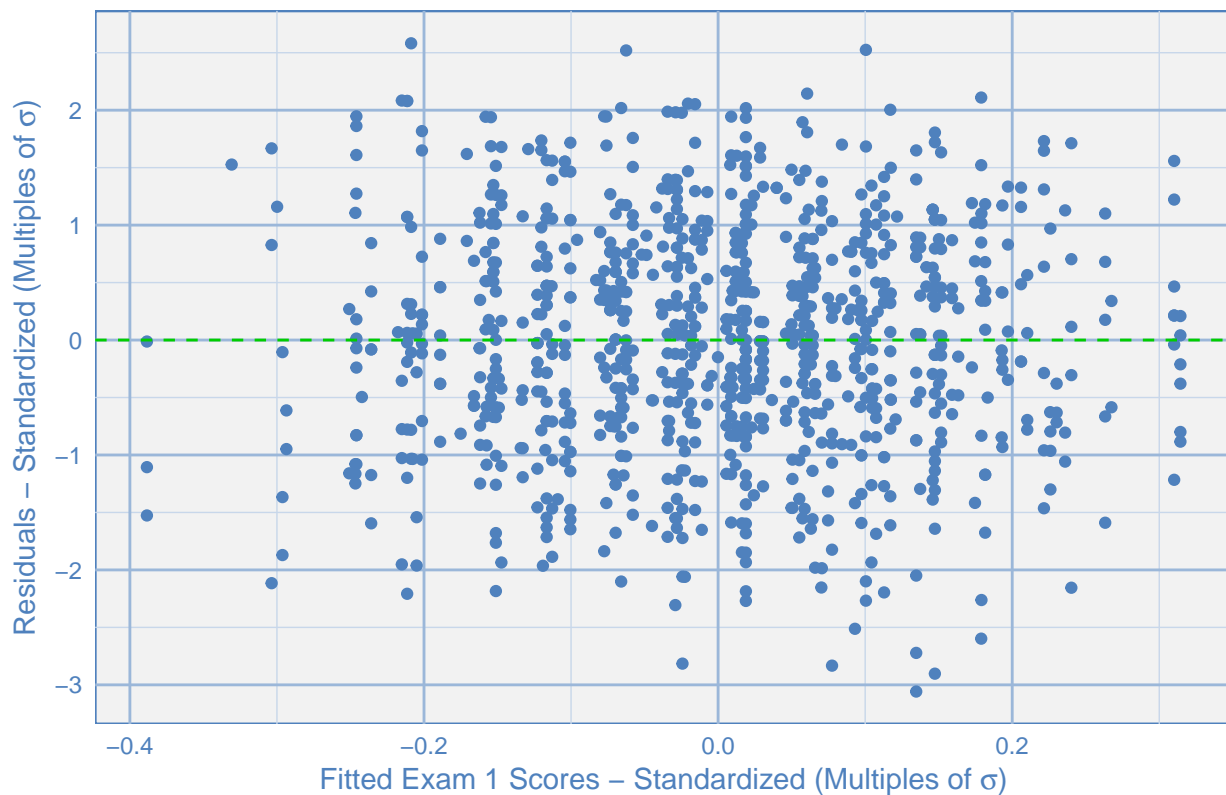
*Interpersonal Skills Residual vs. Fitted Plot*



```
# Exam 1 Skills per Category
# Since we're using standardized data units will be in Standard Deviations
exam1_sd_fig = ggplot( mod_exam1,
                        aes(.fitted , .resid )
                      )

exam1_sd_fig +
  geom_point(col = font_color) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, col="green3", linetype="dashed") +
  xlab(expression( "Fitted Exam 1 Scores - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ylab(expression( "Residuals - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ggtitle("Exam 1 Residual vs. Fitted Plot") +
  my_gg_theme
```

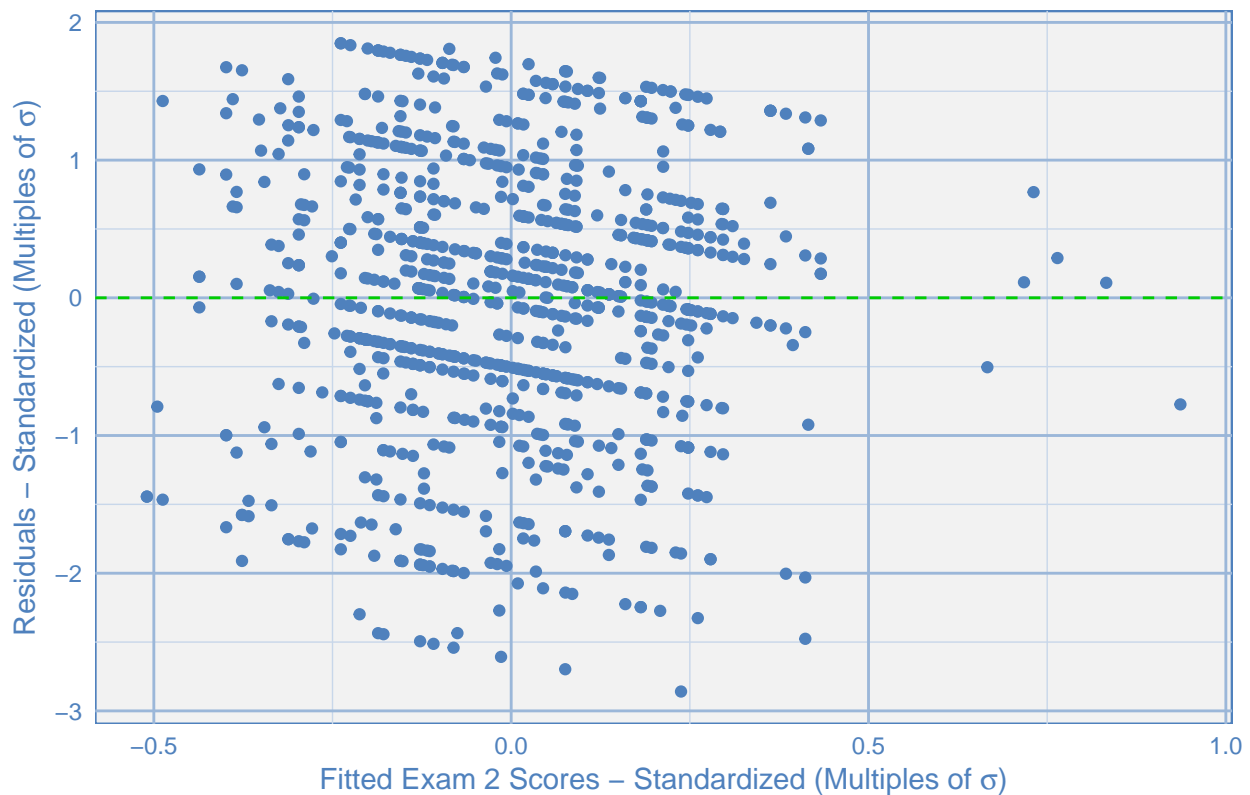
Exam 1 Residual vs. Fitted Plot



```
# Exam 2 Skills per Category
# Since we're using standardized data units will be in Standard Deviations
exam2_sd_fig = ggplot( mod_exam2,
                        aes(.fitted , .resid )
                      )

exam2_sd_fig +
  geom_point(col = font_color) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, col="green3", linetype="dashed") +
  xlab(expression( "Fitted Exam 2 Scores - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ylab(expression( "Residuals - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ggtitle("Exam 2 Residual vs. Fitted Plot") +
  my_gg_theme
```

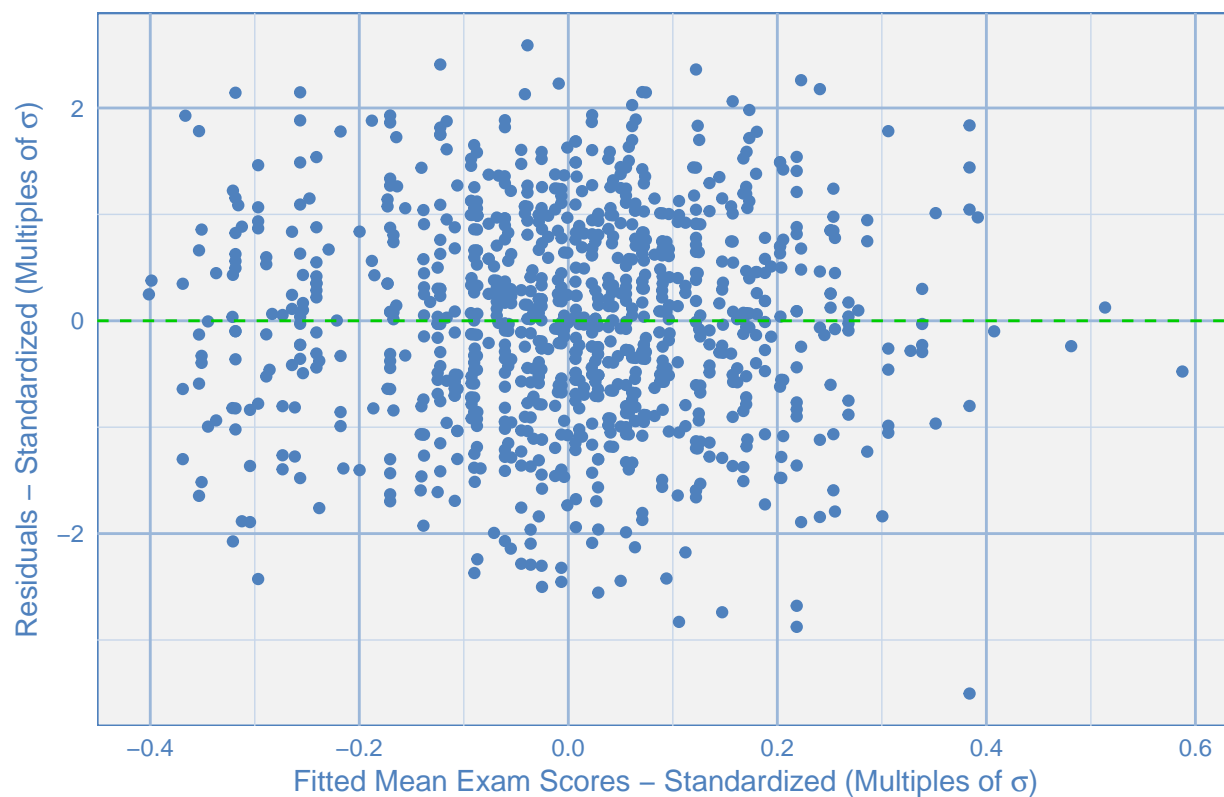
Exam 2 Residual vs. Fitted Plot



```
# Exam Mean Skills per Category
# Since we're using standardized data units will be in Standard Deviations
exam_m_sd_fig = ggplot( mod_exam_mean,
                        aes(.fitted , .resid )
                      )

exam_m_sd_fig +
  geom_point(col = font_color) +
  geom_hline(yintercept=0, col="green3", linetype="dashed") +
  xlab(expression( "Fitted Mean Exam Scores - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ylab(expression( "Residuals - Standardized (Multiples of " * sigma * ")" ) ) +
  ggtitle("Exam Mean Residual vs. Fitted Plot") +
  my_gg_theme
```

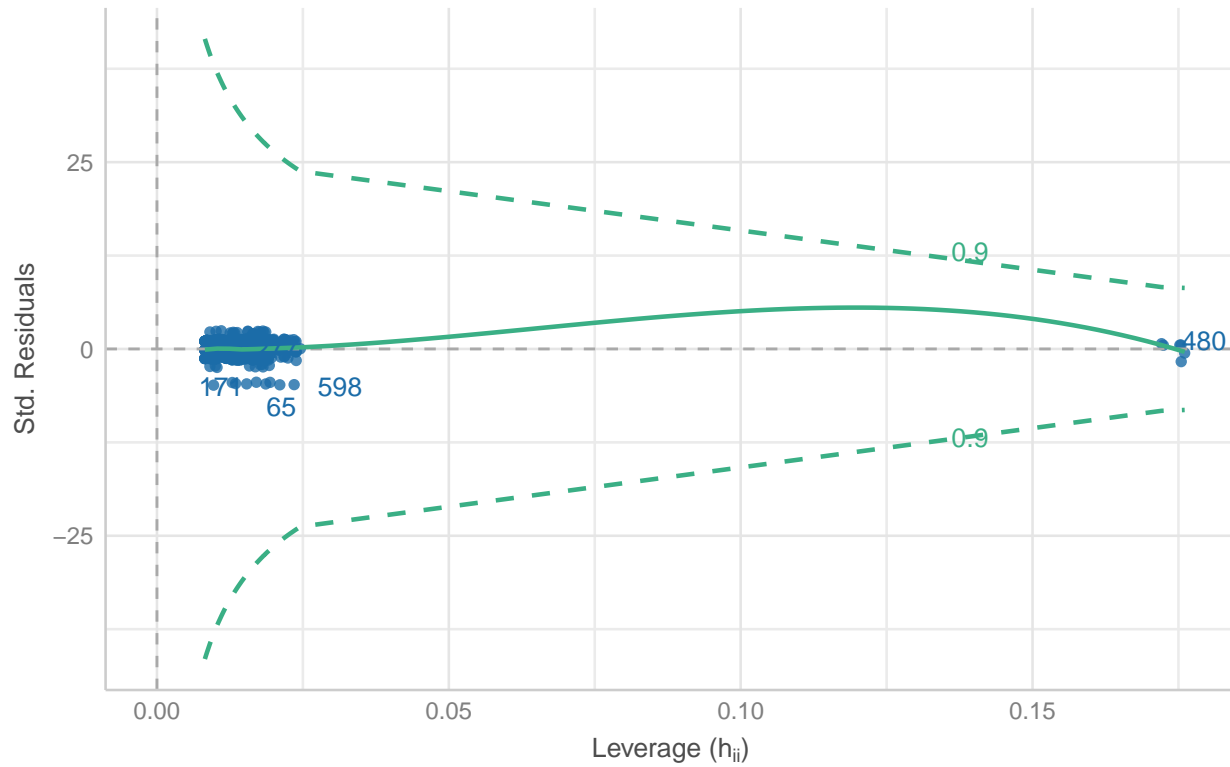
Exam Mean Residual vs. Fitted Plot



```
# ----  
# Dr. Diaz method of plotting outliers:  
  
# Outlier plots for all 4x vars  
interp_outliers <- check_outliers(mod_interp)  
plot(interp_outliers, type = "dots")
```

## Influential Observations

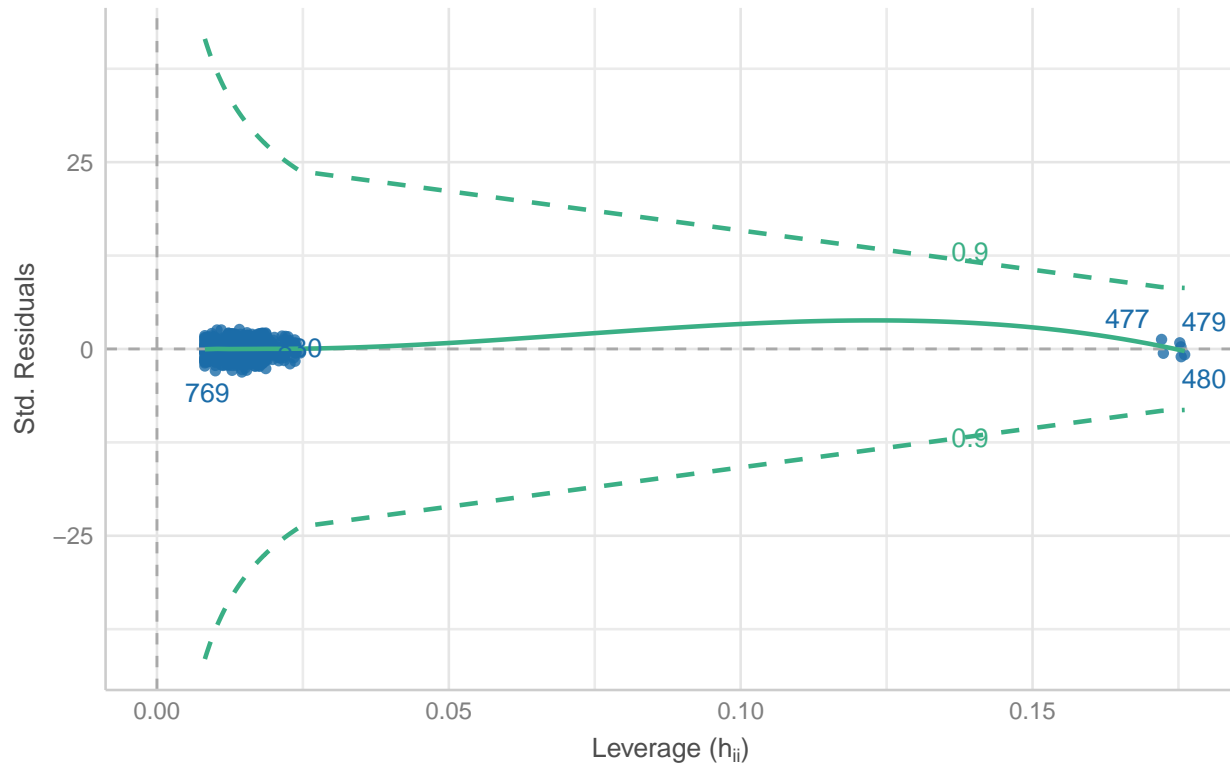
Points should be inside the contour lines



```
exam1_outliers <- check_outliers(mod_exam1)
plot(exam1_outliers, type = "dots")
```

## Influential Observations

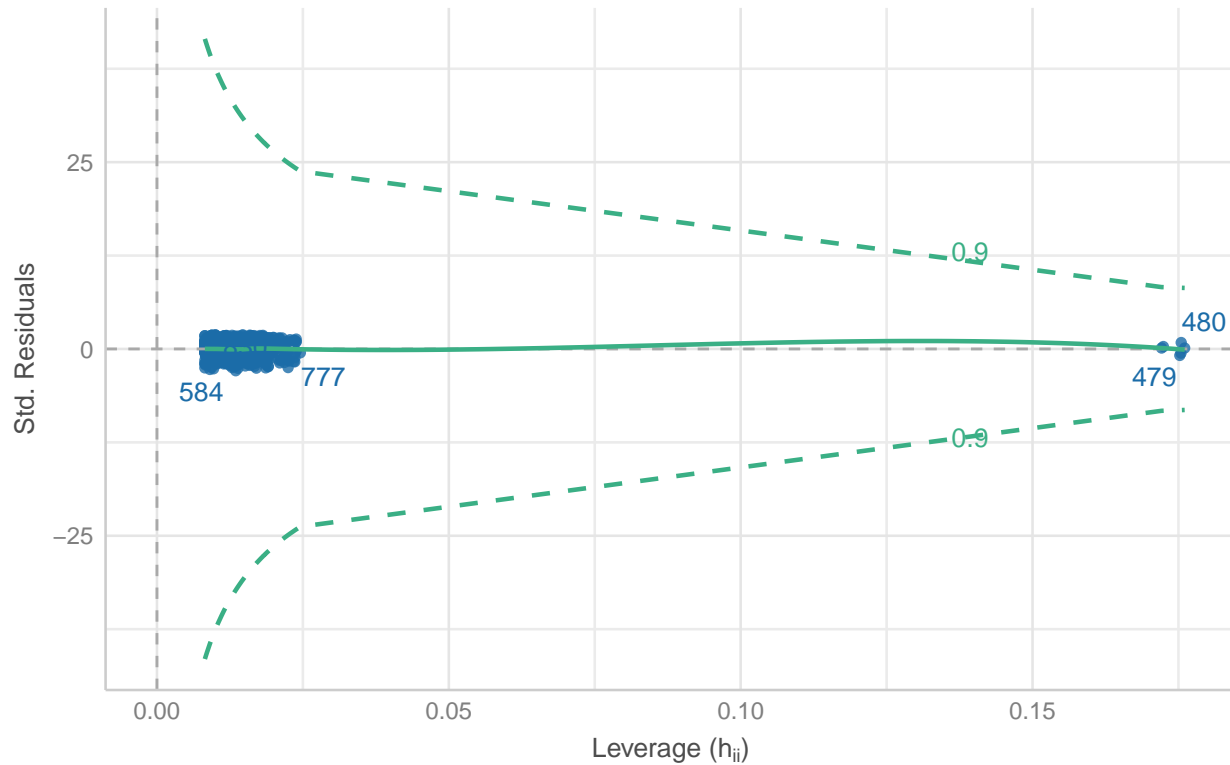
Points should be inside the contour lines



```
exam2_outliers <- check_outliers(mod_exam2)
plot(exam2_outliers, type = "dots")
```

## Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines

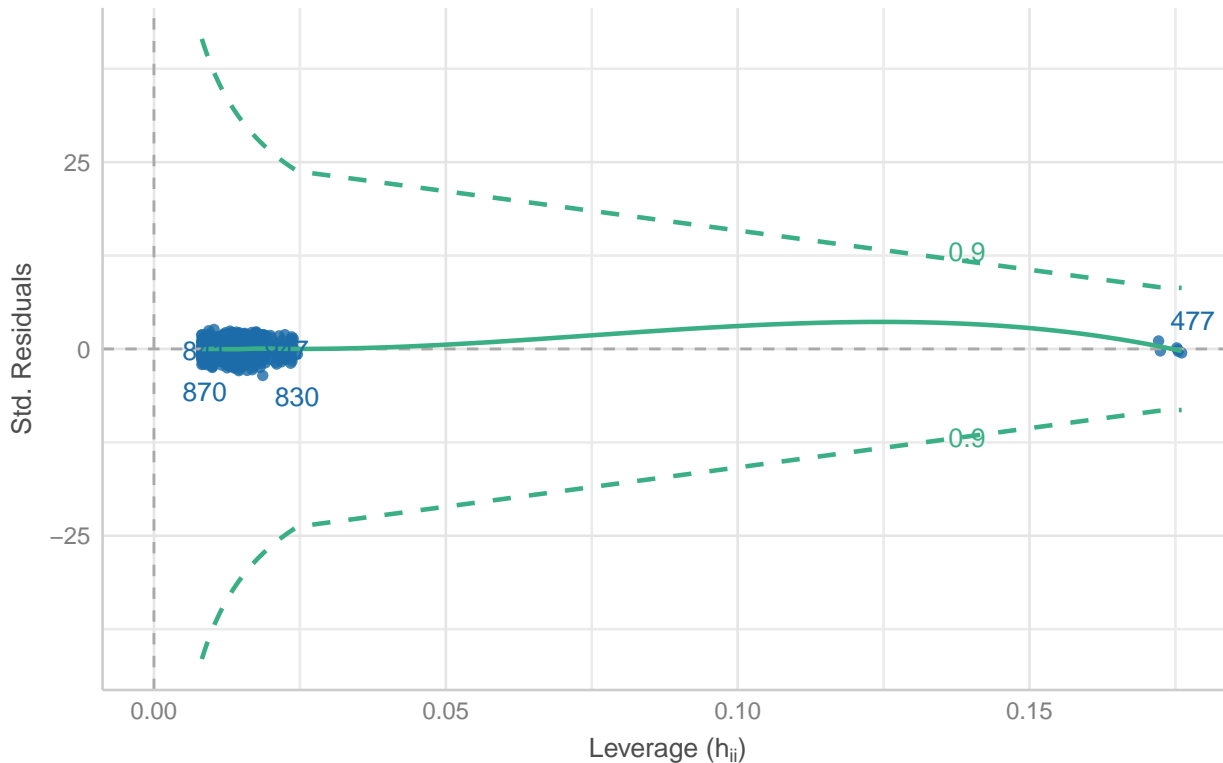


```
exam_mean_outliers <- check_outliers(mod_exam_mean)
plot(exam_mean_outliers, type = "dots")
```



## Influential Observations

Points should be inside the contour lines



```
#----
#identify multivariate outliers (alpha = 0.001)
# library(performance)

# BJ_Note: Looks above 99% mahalanobis distance (1 - .01). Can change to 95% w/ (1 - .05), etc.
#       Increased percentile (e.g. 99%) finds fewer outliers. Decreased percentile (e.g. 95%) finds more.
# We look for outliers in all 3 unadjusted numeric variables space (exam 1, exam 2, and interp). We don't
# exam_mean as that's a composite of 1 and 2.
# Used 95% threshold
cont_names <- c("interp_skls", "exam1", "exam2")
out_multi.05 <- check_outliers( my_dat[cont_names],
                               method = "mahalanobis",
                               threshold = stats::qchisq( p = 1 - 0.05, df = ncol( my_dat[cont_names] ) ) )

out_multi.05

## 36 outliers detected: cases 65, 81, 171, 193, 251, 277, 308, 321, 384,
## 407, 437, 445, 492, 584, 598, 659, 673, 704, 735, 753, 769, 808, 827,
## 830, 839, 841, 846, 859, 866, 870, 883, 901, 916, 942, 947, 958.
## - Based on the following method and threshold: mahalanobis (8).
## - For variables: interp_skls, exam1, exam2.

# Unstandardized outliers, just to see if its different at all
out_multi.05_unst <- check_outliers( my_dat_unstd[cont_names],
                                     method = "mahalanobis",
                                     threshold = stats::qchisq( p = 1 - 0.05, df = ncol( my_dat_unstd[cont_names] ) ) )
```

```

    )
out_multi.05_unst

## 36 outliers detected: cases 65, 81, 171, 193, 251, 277, 308, 321, 384,
## 407, 437, 445, 492, 584, 598, 659, 673, 704, 735, 753, 769, 808, 827,
## 830, 839, 841, 846, 859, 866, 870, 883, 901, 916, 942, 947, 958.
## - Based on the following method and threshold: mahalanobis (8).
## - For variables: interp_skls, exam1, exam2.

# remove outliers
my_dat_with_outliers <- my_dat
my_clean_dat <- my_dat[!out_multi.05,]

# Remove outliers from unstandardized data too
my_dat_unstd_with_outliers <- my_dat_unstd
my_clean_dat_unstd <- my_dat_unstd[!out_multi.05,]

# my_dat_unstd_2 <- my_dat_unstd[!out_multi.05_unst,]

# Sample size = 938 (removed 36 outliers whose mahalanobis exceeded the 95% percentile)

```

## 4.11 Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2” Without Outliers

Check the Alpha for “exam1” and “exam2” a second time with the outliers removed to see if they’re any better...

```

# Using column names slice so I don't have to pay attention to what order columns are in
cronbachs_alpha( my_clean_dat[c("exam1", "exam2")] )

## [1] 0.04778261

cronbachs_alpha( my_clean_dat_unstd[c("exam1", "exam2")] )

## [1] 0.0459635

# cronbachs_alpha( my_dat_unstd_2[c("exam1", "exam2")] )

```

## 5 Part 2: Queries

### 5.1 What is the average overall grade for each level of school?

```

# NOTE: I'm assuming I'm supposed to use my cleaned data for these

# For Elem
elem_avg_grade <- mean( my_clean_dat_unstd$exam_mean[my_clean_dat_unstd$schl_lvl == "ELEM"] )
cat( paste("Average Elementary School Grade: ", elem_avg_grade, "\n\n", sep="") )

## Average Elementary School Grade: 65.7827988338192

# For Middle
mid_avg_grade <- mean( my_clean_dat_unstd$exam_mean[my_clean_dat_unstd$schl_lvl == "MIDD"] )
cat( paste("Average Middle School Grade: ", mid_avg_grade, "\n\n", sep="") )

## Average Middle School Grade: 63.1443661971831

```

```
# For High
high_avg_grade <- mean( my_clean_dat_unstd$exam_mean[my_clean_dat_unstd$schl_lvl == "HIGH"] )
cat( paste("Average High School Grade: ", high_avg_grade, "\n\n", sep="") )
```

```
## Average High School Grade: 64.8885209713024
```

## 5.2 What is the average exam 2 grade for math classes?

```
# NOTE: I'm assuming I'm supposed to use my cleaned data for these

math_avg_exam2 <- mean( my_clean_dat_unstd$exam2[my_clean_dat_unstd$sub == "Math"] )
cat( paste("Average Math Exam 2 Grade: ", math_avg_exam2, "\n\n", sep="") )
```

```
## Average Math Exam 2 Grade: 85.7865168539326
```

## 5.3 Calculate the overall average exam grade for all classes.

```
# NOTE: I'm assuming I'm supposed to use my cleaned data for these

overall_avg_exam <- mean( my_clean_dat_unstd$exam_mean )
cat( paste("Average Overall Exam Grade: ", overall_avg_exam, "\n\n", sep="") )
```

```
## Average Overall Exam Grade: 64.9514925373134
```

## 5.4 Create a new data frame with only classes from CA.

What is the average exam 1 score?

```
# NOTE: I'm assuming I'm supposed to use my cleaned data for these
cali_clean_da_unstd <- my_clean_dat_unstd[my_clean_dat_unstd$loc == "CA", ]
cali_avg_exam1 <- mean( cali_clean_da_unstd$exam1 )
cat( paste("Average Cali Exam 1: ", cali_avg_exam1, "\n\n", sep="") )
```

```
## Average Cali Exam 1: 45.6979166666667
```