

# Congratulations! You passed!

**TO PASS** 75% or higher

**Keep Learning**

**GRADE**  
**100%**

## Lesson 4 Quiz

**LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE**

**100%**

- 
1. Which of the following is a hierarchical clustering algorithm?

**1 / 1 point**

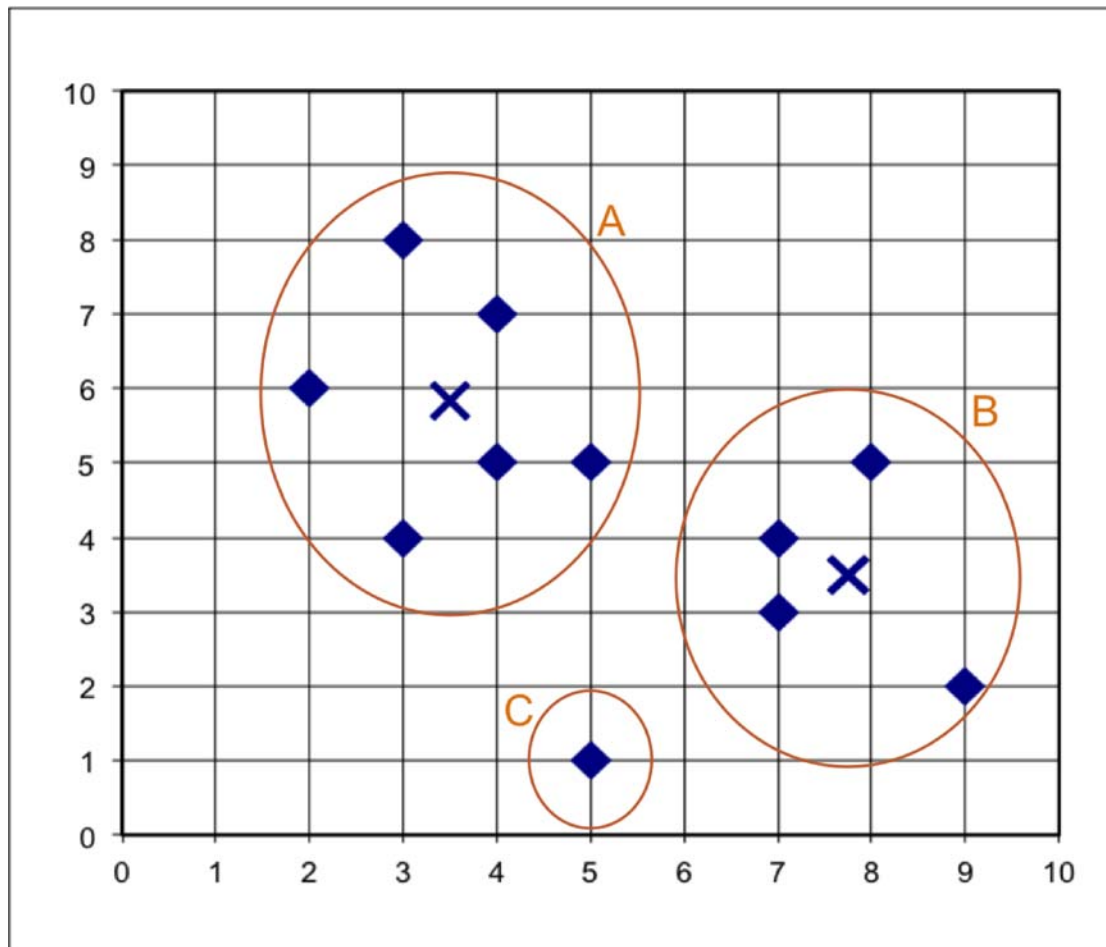


**Correct**

- 2.

**1 / 1 point**

Consider the three clusters A, B, and C shown in Figure 1. Using Euclidean distance as the similarity measure, which two clusters would be merged first in agglomerative clustering using centroid link? Centroids in A and B are marked by x.



✓ Correct

3. Consider the three hierarchical clustering algorithms introduced in Lecture 4, BIRCH, CURE, and CHAMELEON. Which of the following statements about these algorithms is TRUE?

1 / 1 point

✓ Correct

- 4.

1 / 1 point

Recall from Lecture 4-8 that the objective of learning generative models is to find the parameters that maximize the likelihood of the observed data. Suppose we have a set of points  $D$  drawn from Gaussian distribution. For  $D = \{-5, 5, 15\}$ , which of the following set of parameters  $(\mu, \sigma)$  produces the maximum  $L(N(\mu, \sigma^2); D)$ ?



**Correct**