

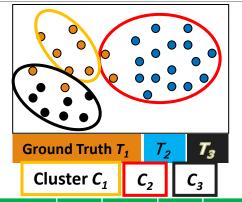
Matching-Based Measures (I): Purity vs. Maximum Matching

- **Purity**: Quantifies the extent that cluster C_i contains points only from one (ground truth) partition: $purity_i = \frac{1}{n_i} \max_{j=1}^{\kappa} \{n_{ij}\}$
 - Total purity of clustering *C*:

$$purity = \sum_{i=1}^{r} \frac{n_i}{n} purity_i = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{r} \max_{j=1}^{k} \{n_{ij}\}$$

- Perfect clustering if purity = 1 and r = k (the number of clusters obtained is the same as that in the ground truth)
- **Ex.** 1 (green or orange): $purity_1 = 30/50$; $purity_2 = 20/25$; $purity_3 = 25/25$; purity = (30 + 20 + 25)/100 = 0.75
- Two clusters may share the same majority partition
- Maximum matching: Only one cluster can match one partition
 - Match: Pairwise matching, weight $w(e_{ij}) = n_{ij}$ $w(M) = \sum_{e \in M} w(e)$ Maximum weight matching: $match = \arg\max_{M} \{\frac{w(M)}{n}\}$

 - \blacksquare Ex2. (green) match = purity = 0.75; (orange) match = 0.65 > 0.6

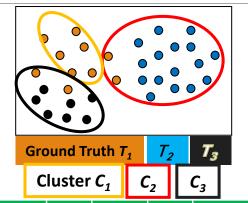


| $C \setminus T$ | T ₁ | T ₂ | T ₃ | Sum |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|
| C_1 | 0 | 20 | 30 | 50 |
| C_2 | 0 | 20 | 5 | 25 |
| C_3 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| m_{j} | 25 | 40 | 35 | 100 |

| C_3 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|
| m_{j} | 25 | 40 | 35 | 100 |
| $C \setminus T$ | T ₁ | T ₂ | T ₃ | Sum |
| C_1 | 0 | 30 | 20 | 50 |
| C_2 | 0 | 20 | 5 | 25 |
| C_3 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| m_{i} | 25 | 50 | 25 | 100 |

Matching-Based Measures (II): F-Measure

- **Precision**: The fraction of points in C_i from the majority partition T_{i} (i.e., the same as purity), where j_i is the partition that contains the maximum # of points from C_i $prec_{i} = \frac{1}{n_{i}} \max_{j=1}^{k} \{n_{ij}\} = \frac{n_{ij_{i}}}{n_{i}}$
 - Ex. For the green table
 - \square prec₁ = 30/50; prec₂ = 20/25; prec₃ = 25/25
- **Recall**: The fraction of point in partition T_i shared in common with cluster C_i , where $m_{j_i} = |T_{j_i}|$ $recall_i = \frac{n_{ij_i}}{|T_i|} = \frac{n_{ij_i}}{m_i}$ ■ Ex. For the green table
 - \square recall₁ = 30/35; recall₂ = 20/40; recall₃ = 25/25
- □ **F-measure** for C_i : The harmonic means of $prec_i$ and $recall_i$: $F_i = \frac{2n_{ij_i}}{2n_i}$
- □ F-measure for clustering *C*: average of all clusters: $F = \frac{1}{r} \sum_{i=1}^{r} F_{i}$ ■ Ex. For the green table
 - \Box $F_1 = 60/85$; $F_2 = 40/65$; $F_3 = 1$; F = 0.774



| C\T | T ₁ | T ₂ | T ₃ | Sum |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----|
| C_1 | 0 | 20 | 30 | 50 |
| C_2 | 0 | 20 | 5 | 25 |
| C_3 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| m_j | 25 | 40 | 35 | 100 |