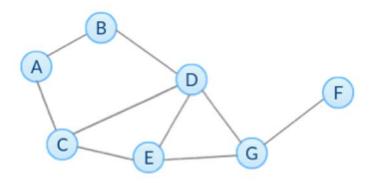
## **Module 3 Quiz**

## **TOTAL POINTS 10**

1. Based on the network below, what is the degree centrality of node D?

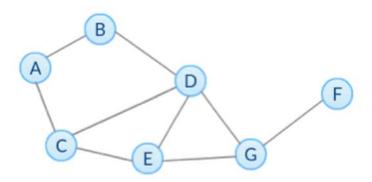
1 point



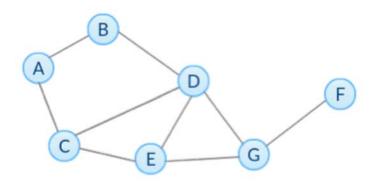
- 0.50
- 0.42
- 0.67
- 0.57

2.

Based on the network below, what is the closeness centrality of node G?

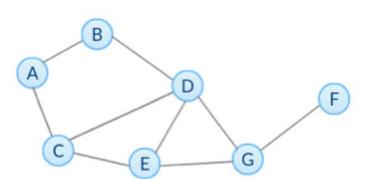


- 0.6
- 0.7
- 0.875
- 0.75
- 3. Based on the network below, what is the normalized betweenness centrality (excluding endpoints) of node G?



- 0.47
- 0.24
- 0.67

- 0.33
- 4. Based on the network below, what is the betweenness centrality without normalization of edge (G,F)?



- O 4
- **(**) 5
- 6
- 7
- 5. Select all True statements.

1 point

- The node with highest betwenness centrality in a network also has the highest closeness centrality.
- We can use subsets of node-pairs to approximate betweenness centrality.
- The closeness centrality of a node describes how far the node is from others.
- The assumption of degree centrality is that important nodes have more connections.

In directed networks, in-degree and out-degree centrality of a node are always the
same.

6. Select all True statements about Page Rank (PR) and HITS in directed networks.

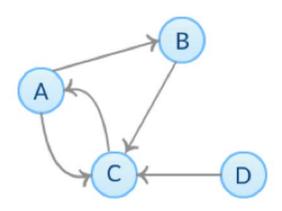
1 point

- Nodes that have outgoing edges to good hubs are good authorities, and nodes that have incoming edges from good authorities are good hubs.
- Nodes with high in-degree centrality have higher PRs than nodes with low in-degree centrality.
- Adding out-links of a node will always decrease its PR.
- Adding in-links of a node will never decrease its PR.
- The authority and hub score of each node is obtained by computing multiple iterations of HITS algorithm and both scores of most networks are convergent.
- 7. Given the network below, which value of alpha (damping parameter) listed below in the NetworkX function pagerank maximizes the PageRank of node D?

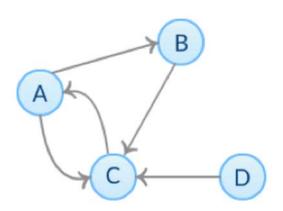


- 0.8
- 0.95
- 0.9
- 0.5

Based on the network below, what is the basic PR of node C at step k = 1?

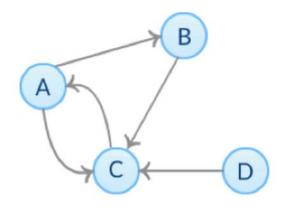


- 0.625
- 0.125
- 0.5
- 0.25
- 0.375
- 9. Based on the network below, what are the corresponding normalized authority and hub scores of node C correspondingly after two iterations of HITS algorithm?



- 0.8, 0.2
- 0.33, 0.33
- 0.4, 0.4
- 0.57, 0.09
- 10. Based on the network below, which of the following is NOT True? Check all that apply.

1 point



- ✓ Node D's authority and hub score after k iterations (k>=1) are always 0.
- At each step, the sum of all nodes' basic PR is always 1.
- Node D's basic PR at step k (k>=1) is always 0.
- At step k (k>=1), node A's basic PR is always the same as node C's basic PR at step k-1.



I, **BAL KRISHNA NYAUPANE**, understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in permanent failure of this course or deactivation of my Coursera account.

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