Practical No 7

Aim: CPU Scheduling Algorithm (Part 1)- FCFS and Non-Preemptive Scheduling

```
def fcfsScheduling(processes):
         processes: list of tuples (pid, arrivalTime, burstTime)
         # Sort by arrival time
         processes.sort(key=lambda x: x[1])
         startTime = []
         completionTime = []
         waitingTime = []
         turnaroundTime = []
         currentTime = 0
         ganttChart = []
         for pid, arrival, burst in processes:
                 if currentTime < arrival:
                           currentTime = arrival # CPU idle until process arrives
                 startTime.append(currentTime)
                  ganttChart.append((pid, currentTime, currentTime + burst))
                 currentTime += burst
                  completionTime.append(currentTime)
                 tat = completionTime[-1] - arrival
                  wt = tat - burst
                 turnaroundTime.append(tat)
                 waitingTime.append(wt)
         avgWt = sum(waitingTime) / len(processes)
         avgTat = sum(turnaroundTime) / len(processes)
         # Print results
         print("\n--- FCFS Scheduling ---")
         print("PID\tAT\tBT\tST\tCT\tTAT\tWT")
         for i, p in enumerate(processes):
                 print(f''\{p[0]\}\setminus \{p[1]\}\setminus \{startTime[i]\}\setminus \{completionTime[i]\}\setminus \{turnaroundTime[i]\}\setminus \{turnaro
t{waitingTime[i]}")
         print(f"\nAverage Waiting Time: {avgWt:.2f}")
         print(f"Average Turnaround Time: {avgTat:.2f}")
         print("\nGantt Chart:")
         for pid, start, end in ganttChart:
                 print(f"| P{pid} ({start}-{end}) ", end="")
         print("|")
```

```
# Example usage
processes = [
  (1, 0, 5),
  (2, 2, 3),
  (3, 4, 1)
fcfsScheduling(processes)
--- FCFS Scheduling ---
PID AT
             BT
                           CT TAT WT
                    ST
1
                      5
                           5
     0
           5
                0
                                 0
2
     2
           3
                5
                      8
                           6
                                 3
3
           1
                8
                      9
                            5
                                 4
Average Waiting Time: 2.33
Average Turnaround Time: 5.33
Gantt Chart:
| P1 (0-5) | P2 (5-8) | P3 (8-9) |
7.2 Extend implementation to general non-preemptive scheduling.
7.3 Analyze waiting time, turnaround time, and Gantt chart generation.
def nonPreemptivePriority(processes):
  processes: list of tuples (pid, arrivalTime, burstTime, priority)
  Lower priority value means higher priority.
  n = len(processes)
  # Sort by arrival time first, then priority
  processes.sort(key=lambda x: (x[1], x[3]))
  completed = 0
  currentTime = 0
  startTime = {}
  completionTime = {}
  waitingTime = {}
  turnaroundTime = {}
  ganttChart = []
  readyQueue = []
  visited = [False] * n
  while completed < n:
    # Add processes that have arrived by current time
    for i in range(n):
       if processes[i][1] <= currentTime and not visited[i]:</pre>
         readyQueue.append(processes[i])
         visited[i] = True
    if readyQueue:
       # Pick highest priority (lowest number = highest priority)
       readyQueue.sort(key=lambda x: x[3])
       pid, at, bt, pr = readyQueue.pop(0)
```

```
if currentTime < at:</pre>
         # CPU idle until process arrives
         currentTime = at
       startTime[pid] = currentTime
       ganttChart.append((pid, currentTime, currentTime + bt))
       currentTime += bt
       completionTime[pid] = currentTime
       turnaroundTime[pid] = completionTime[pid] - at
       waitingTime[pid] = turnaroundTime[pid] - bt
       completed += 1
    else:
       # No process ready → CPU idle
       currentTime += 1
  avgWt = sum(waitingTime.values()) / n
  avgTat = sum(turnaroundTime.values()) / n
  # Print Results
  print("\n--- Non-Preemptive Priority Scheduling ---")
  print("PID\tAT\tBT\tPriority\tST\tCT\tTAT\tWT")
  for pid, at, bt, pr in processes:
    print(f"{pid}\t{at}\t{bt}\t{pr}\t\t{startTime[pid]}\t{completionTime[pid]}\t{turnaroundTime[pid]}\
t{waitingTime[pid]}")
  print(f"\nAverage Waiting Time: {avgWt:.2f}")
  print(f"Average Turnaround Time: {avgTat:.2f}")
  print("\nGantt Chart:")
  for pid, start, end in ganttChart:
    print(f"| P{pid} ({start}-{end}) ", end="")
  print("|")
# Example usage
processesPriority = [
  (1, 0, 5, 2), # (PID, Arrival Time, Burst Time, Priority)
  (2, 1, 3, 1),
  (3, 2, 8, 3),
  (4, 3, 6, 2)
nonPreemptivePriority(processesPriority)
--- Non-Preemptive Priority Scheduling ---
PID AT
             BT
                    Priority
                                 ST CT
                                              TAT WT
1
      0
           5
                2
                           0
                                5
                                           0
2
           3
                           5
                                      7
      1
              1
                                8
                                           4
3
                          14 22
      2
           8
                 3
                                       20
                                            12
                                14
                                            5
                                      11
Average Waiting Time: 5.25
Average Turnaround Time: 10.75
Gantt Chart:
| P1 (0-5) | P2 (5-8) | P4 (8-14) | P3 (14-22) |
```