P3: Open Street Map Data Bryony Miles

Map area: Cardiff newport bristol bath, England

Link: https://mapzen.com/data/metro-extracts/#cardiff-newport-bristol-bath-england

File size: 535MB

I chose to do this project in MongoDB for two reasons:

• I know SQL and SQLLite and it is good to get some working practice with new technologies

• The flexibility Mongo DB offers to evolve the database as new needs or new data emerges

Step 1: Auditing the Data

a) Key Facts

First I checked unique tags to get a general idea of size using *iterative.py*. Here are the results:

- 1 bound
- 1 osm
- 52975 members
- 2489219 nodes
- 2255 relations
- · 1012005 tags
- 317867 ways

I then used *getusers.py* to establish there are 1992 users. I then had a quick browse through the data. Things looked pretty similar in format to the Chicago example.

I ran *tagtypes.py* to check the 'k' value of the tags and check in case there were any weird tags which wouldn't work as keys in Mongo DB or whether I was unintentionally missing any key data.

This returned

- 819633 lower case tags
- 149344 lower case tags with colons
- 10 problem chars
- 43018 others

The problem chars were

- 7 x 'station no.'
- · 'surface.material'
- · 'Hare Krishna FOLK Centre'
- 'alM Boundaries'.

The majority of the others were

- AREA,CODE,NUMBER.POLYGON
- FIXME better look at this.
- or started with a prefix naptan (National Public Transport Access Nodes):, source: (used to indicate the origin of data), name:, ref:, turn:, or cycleway:

b) Looking a little further

First I had a look at the wiki entries to re-familiarise myself with the data structure:

node - single point in space - lat,long, nodeid, tags

- point features i.e amenities , can be part of a relation
- nodes on ways nodes may form the path of a way.
 - intersection share nodes or if you cross at different heights (ie bridge) they don't share
- · block of nodes the location of the reference systems, tags of each node

way - ordered list of nodes

- · normally at least one tag, often included within a relation, between 2 and 2000 nodes
- either open or closed (ie polyline or area)

relation - defining logical/geographical relationships

- · one or more tags OR an ordered list of one/more nodes or ways
- many different types such as street, route, site, bridge, waterway

I then ran *audit.py* to look at the street names. The first round allowed me to expand the expected list to include the following:

```
["South","West","East","North","Way","Walk","View","Terrace","Row","Rise","Parade","Park","Mead","Mews","Hill","Green","Grove","Gardens","Estate","Cottages","Crescent","Close","Street", "Avenue", "Boulevard", "Drive", "Court", "Place", "Square", "Lane", "Road", "Trail","Buildings", "Parkway", "Broadway","Kingsway","Queensway","Commons"]
```

I then identified a few consistency issues - see Data Cleaning plan.

I then went through a similar process the first two letters of postcode - see **Data Cleaning plan**.

c) Data formatting

Time to get the data into Mongo DB using *mung1.py*.

I reformatted the data using the same data model as the project case study as we are looking at the same type of data. If this doesn't suit later down the line I can change it.

```
"id": "660774542",
"created": {
        "user": "DaveF",
        "timestamp": "2014-07-10T12:47:37Z",
        "changeset": "24063039",
        "version": "4",
        "uid": "115894"
"pos": [51.510174, -2.1964616], "type": "node", "id": "104779"}
"address": {
        "country": "GB".
        "housenumber": "13",
        "city": "Cardiff",
        "street": "Pethybridge Road"
"amenity": "restaurant",
"type": "node",
"name": "Golf Clubhouse"
"node_refs": ["2946322217", "2946322224", "2946322207", "2946322206"],
}
```

d) a bit more searching in MongoDB

For code look at the file *mongo.py*. First some totals and an example entry.

```
Number of Tags: 2807086
Number of Nodes: 2489194
Number of Ways: 317828
```

ADD USER INFO HERE

```
{'_id': ObjectId('572a3773c086a2c66c114fef'), 'created': {'user':
'corshamjim', 'version': '6', 'timestamp': '2009-02-14T14:36:29Z',
'changeset': '418988', 'uid': '73972'}, 'pos': [51.4245682, -2.1979582],
'type': 'node', 'id': '104793'}
```

I then had a look at the amenity type - see **Data Cleaning Plan**.

Next I had a look at address - see Data Cleaning Plan.

I noticed that some addresses had no postcode or city so I did some checking on this.

```
Addresses with a City 20472
Addresses with no City 24069
Addresses with no Postcode 27367
Addresses with no City and no Postcode 0
```

This is fine as they all have some positional data which makes them of value on the map.

Step 2: Creating a Data Cleaning Plan

The fields has been audited for:

- accuracy
- completeness
- consistency
- uniformity

The next step is to put the Data Cleaning Plan into action. See mongoclean.py

Data Cleaning Plan

Data Field	Issues	Fixes
Address	As you'd expect the address data is pretty clean. I set up the following maps which recommended only 23 changes: 1. Rear of the Llanover Arms, Bridge St => Rear of the Llanover Arms, Bridge Street 2. Rear of Llanover Arms, Bridge Street 3. High St => High Street 4. Victoria St => Victoria Street 5. Naas lane => Naas Lane 6. Greenhill => GreenHill 7. Doyle avenue => Doyle Avenue 8. Newbridge st => Newbridge Street 9. kingsway => Kingsway 10. Aberfawr Rd => Aberfawr Road 11. Old Gloucester Rd => Old Gloucester Road 12. Church Rd => Church Road 13. Coed Cae Rd => Coed Cae Road 14. Clyde Rd => Clyde Road 15. Lynx Crescent, => Lynx Crescent 16. Hope Chapel hill => Hope Chapel Hill 17. Guilford Cresent => Guilford Crescent 18. Hutton HIll => Hutton Hill 19. caerphilly road => caerphilly Road 20. pickwick road => pickwick Road	mapping = { "Crescent,": "Crescent", "Crescent": "Crescent", "HIII": "Hill", "Rd": "Road", "St": "Street", "avenue": "Avenue", "hill":"Hill", "kingsway":"Kingsway", "lane":"Lane", "road":"Road", "st":"Street" }
Postcode (first 2 letters)	Data pretty clean again. Some issues with capitalisation. One issue with a web address rather than a postcode.	Pmapping = { "Bs": "BS", "Cf": "CF", "bs": "BS", "cf": "CF", "ta": "TA" } Manual change to osm file: - found postcode for St Mary's Priory Church, Monmouth on Google.
Amenity	<pre>Two unrecognisable amenity names: yes, pau {'created': {'timestamp': '2014-09-11T19:03:45Z', 'version': '1', 'user': '-Anarchy-', 'changeset': '25375046', 'uid': '2304265'}, 'pos': [51.4600608, -3.1611394], '_id': ObjectId('572a37a2c086a2c66c2e327e'), 'name': "'Dr Who' Water Bus Stop", 'id': '3072293702', 'type': 'node', 'amenity': 'yes'} {'created': {'timestamp': '2015-11-14T19:11:04Z', 'version': '1', 'user': 'manor09', 'changeset': '35314282', 'uid': '182738'}, 'pos': [51.7247727, -3.0641434], '_id': ObjectId('572a37aec086a2c66c34f705'), 'name': 'Hair on Harpers', 'id': '3836219527', 'type': 'node', 'amenity': 'yes'} {'created': {'timestamp': '2009-12-04T11:30:23Z', 'version': '1', 'user': 'JonBritton', 'changeset': '3287552', 'uid': '48155'}, 'pos': [51.4842006, -3.2396283], '_id': ObjectId('572a377cc086a2c66c1715ce'), 'id': '580823638', 'type': 'node', 'amenity': 'lau'} Convalescent Centre, Dental Hospital, Health Centre, Manège, Pool, Pool Hall, Showroom, Triangle Walk, Truck Service Iveco, University (exists lower case)</pre>	Unrecognisable Entries 1. change to "water_bus_stop" - this is not spam, they do exist. 2. Hair on Harpers does exist, I'll change it to "hairdresser" 3. Nothing under name so delete entry as not a meaningful entry. Change all of these to to lower case with an underscore instead of a space.

Address	Capitals: BRIDGEND PONTYCLUN PONTYPRIDD	Change to Sentence case
	With and without , Bristol Almondsbury, Bristol Bradley Stoke, Bristol Congresbury, Bristol Thornbury, Bristol Yate, Bristol Just , Bristol	There are some suburbs of Bristol and Cardiff that are standalone and others with ,Bristol, Weston or , Cardiff after.
	Clifton Village, Bristol Clifton, Bristol Downend, Bristol Harbourside, Bristol Horfield, Bristol Just, Cardiff Cardiff Bay, Cardiff Roath, Cardiff With and without, Cardiff Pontprennau, Cardiff With, Weston	Decision: remove all ,Bristol all ,Cardiff for consistency
	Worle, Weston Super Mare Worle, Weston-super-Mare Odd ones: Cardiff, Wales Brisol	Change to "Cardiff" Change to "Bristol" Change to "Treforest"
	Trefforest Treforest Hyphenation: Burnham on Sea Burnham-on-Sea Weston Super Mare Weston-Super-Mare Weston-super-Mare	Remove hyphens Change Super to Sentence case
FIXME	I printed these off and there are notes questioning their validity. There are 965.	Decided to delete these until confirmed as could cause confusion.

Step 3: Cleaning the Data

see mongoclean.py

Step 4: Statistical Review

All of the stats below came from mongo.py

Number of Tags: 2806120
Number of Nodes: 2489103
Number of Ways: 316953
Unique Users: 1980
veterinary count in the whole area: 15
veterinary count in the BA area: 0
school count in the whole area: 132
school count in the BA area: 3
community_centre count in the whole area: 39
community_centre count in the BA area: 0
doctors count in the whole area: 51
doctors count in the BA area: 1
dog_bin count in the Whole area: 3
dog_bin count in the BA area: 0
Total ameneties in the BA area: 824

I chose 5 amenities that might be relevant if I was moving to the area and searched for totals in the data and in the BA postcode.

Step 7: Additional ideas and Data Improvements?

Now the data is cleaned, what could it be used for? All sorts, here are a few suggestions.

- Moving house searching for amenities within a specified area?
- Coming on holiday amenities near the hotel?
- Worried about speeding fines? Where are the cameras?
- Thinking of setting up a sweet shop? Where's the competition.

The key failing in the data is that the amenities tags are far from complete. There are only 824 pages in total in the entire BA postcode area. According to doogal this there are 183,530 households and they would have 0 vets, 3 schools, 0 community centres, 1 doctor and no dog bins. Not exactly a desirable area!

Therefore, the data needs to be combined with a robust data set linking features (such as amenities) to the longitude and latitude to have any meaningful results.

Step 8: Other Thoughts

If I did this again I would try to perform the MongoDB import earlier as querying is much easier. Ideally, after having checked out the structure of the data and used that as a basis for a new **Data Format**.