Testing Classification XGBOOST (unadjusted SCM)

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```
# Environment: Cleaning environment
rm(list = ls())

# Libraries: Load
library(rpart)
library(caret)
library(pROC) # For AUC calculation
library(dplyr)
library(data.table)
library(mlflow)
library(purrr)
library(here)
```

Inputs

Importing test data and models

```
df_base_test <- read.csv(here("data", "base_test.csv"))</pre>
nrow(df_base_test)
## [1] 1797
## Import model: wind_max ~ track_min_dist + island_groups
# Decision tree model
base_wind_model <- readRDS(here("unadjusted SCM/new base models",</pre>
                                 "dec_base_wind_model_tuned.rds"))
# Import model:
# damage(categorical = 1 => 10, else 0) ~ track_min_dist + wind_max_pred...
# XGBoost model
base_class_full_model <- readRDS(here("unadjusted SCM/new base models",
                                 "damage_fit_class_full.rds"))
# Define wind and rain interaction variables
wind_fractions <- c("blue_ss_frac", "yellow_ss_frac", "orange_ss_frac", "red_ss_frac")</pre>
rain_fractions <- c("blue_ls_frac", "yellow_ls_frac", "orange_ls_frac", "red_ls_frac")</pre>
# Predict to get wind_max_pred
# model to use: base wind model
```

```
df_base_test[["wind_max_pred"]] <- predict(base_wind_model, newdata = df_base_test)</pre>
# Compute wind interaction terms dynamically
for (col in wind_fractions) {
 print(col)
 new_col_name <- paste0("wind_", col)</pre>
 df_base_test[[new_col_name]] <- df_base_test[[col]] * df_base_test[["wind_max_pred"]]</pre>
## [1] "blue_ss_frac"
## [1] "yellow_ss_frac"
## [1] "orange_ss_frac"
## [1] "red_ss_frac"
# Multiply rain fractions by rain_total_pred
for (col in rain fractions) {
 new_col_name <- paste0("rain_", col)</pre>
 df_base_test[[new_col_name]] <- df_base_test[[col]] * df_base_test[["rain_total"]]</pre>
df_base_test$damage_binary_2 <- factor(df_base_test$damage_binary,</pre>
                                         levels = c("0", "1"), # Your current levels
                                         labels = c("Damage_below_10", "Damage_above_10")) # New valid l
# predict for damage_binary
# Make probability predictions for classification
y_preds_probs <- predict(base_class_full_model, newdata = df_base_test, type = "prob")[,2] # Probabili</pre>
#y_preds_probs
# AUC
# Compute AUC (better for classification)
auc_value <- auc(roc(df_base_test$damage_binary_2, y_preds_probs))</pre>
## Setting levels: control = Damage_below_10, case = Damage_above_10
## Setting direction: controls < cases
auc_value
## Area under the curve: 0.9183
# extracting probability that y_pred == 1
\#y\_preds\_prob\_1 \leftarrow y\_preds\_prob[,2]
## assigning final class based on threshold
threshold = 0.3
y_pred <- ifelse(y_preds_probs > threshold, 1, 0)
y pred <- factor(y pred, levels = c("0", "1"), # Your current levels</pre>
                                         labels = c("Damage_below_10", "Damage_above_10")) # New valid l
```

```
# using table function
conf_matrix <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(y_pred),</pre>
                      df base test$damage binary 2,
                      positive = "Damage_above_10"
                      )
print(conf_matrix)
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
                    Reference
## Prediction
                     Damage_below_10 Damage_above_10
##
     Damage_below_10
                                 1623
                                   73
                                                    49
##
     Damage_above_10
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9304
##
                    95% CI: (0.9177, 0.9418)
       No Information Rate: 0.9438
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.99260
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4027
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.07364
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.48515
##
               Specificity: 0.95696
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.40164
            Neg Pred Value: 0.96896
##
                Prevalence: 0.05620
##
            Detection Rate: 0.02727
##
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.06789
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.72105
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Damage_above_10
##
# RESULTS FOR TABLE #3
# confusion matrix by regions
# Make sure the grouping variable is a factor
# Make sure island_groups is a factor
df_base_test$island_groups <- as.factor(df_base_test$island_groups)</pre>
# Loop through each group and generate a confusion matrix
for (grp in levels(df_base_test$island_groups)) {
  # Subset data for the current group
  group_indices <- df_base_test$island_groups == grp</pre>
  y_true_group <- df_base_test$damage_binary_2[group_indices]</pre>
  y_pred_group <- y_pred[group_indices]</pre>
  # Generate and print confusion matrix
  cat("Confusion Matrix for Island Group:", grp, "\n")
  print(confusionMatrix(y_pred_group, y_true_group, positive = "Damage_above_10"))
  cat("\n")
```

}

```
## Confusion Matrix for Island Group: Luzon
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
                    Reference
## Prediction
                     Damage_below_10 Damage_above_10
##
     Damage_below_10
                                 1176
                                                   35
##
     Damage_above_10
                                   34
                                                   23
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9456
                    95% CI: (0.9316, 0.9574)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9543
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.9358
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.3715
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 1.0000
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.39655
##
               Specificity: 0.97190
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.40351
            Neg Pred Value: 0.97110
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.04574
##
            Detection Rate: 0.01814
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.04495
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.68423
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Damage_above_10
##
## Confusion Matrix for Island Group: Mindanao
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
                    Reference
## Prediction
                     Damage_below_10 Damage_above_10
##
     Damage_below_10
                                  102
                                                    2
     Damage_above_10
                                    2
                                                    4
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9636
##
                    95% CI: (0.9095, 0.99)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9455
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.2775
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.6474
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1.0000
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.66667
               Specificity: 0.98077
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.66667
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.98077
##
                Prevalence: 0.05455
##
```

```
##
            Detection Rate: 0.03636
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.05455
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.82372
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Damage_above_10
##
## Confusion Matrix for Island Group: Visayas
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
                    Reference
## Prediction
                     Damage_below_10 Damage_above_10
##
    Damage_below_10
                                 345
                                                   15
                                                   22
##
     Damage_above_10
                                  37
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8759
##
                    95% CI: (0.8405, 0.9059)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9117
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.994570
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.3924
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.003589
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.59459
##
##
               Specificity: 0.90314
            Pos Pred Value : 0.37288
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.95833
##
                Prevalence: 0.08831
##
            Detection Rate: 0.05251
##
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.14081
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.74887
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Damage_above_10
##
# logging in mflow:
# Logging the model and parameter using MLflow
# set tracking URI
mlflow_set_tracking_uri("http://127.0.0.1:5000")
# Ensure any active run is ended
suppressWarnings(try(mlflow_end_run(), silent = TRUE))
# set experiment
# Logging metrics for model training and the parameters used
mlflow_set_experiment(experiment_name = "Attempt 2: R - U-SCM - XGBOOST classification -CV (Test metirc
## [1] "378093463115413703"
```

run_name <- paste("XGBoost Run", Sys.time()) # Unique name using current time

Ensure that MLflow has only one run. Start MLflow run once.

```
# Start MLflow run
mlflow start run(nested = FALSE)
## Warning: 'as_integer()' is deprecated as of rlang 0.4.0
## Please use 'vctrs::vec_cast()' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## # A tibble: 1 x 13
##
   run_uuid
                          experiment_id run_name user_id status start_time
##
     <chr>
                                                 <chr> <chr> <dttm>
                          <chr>
                                        <chr>
## 1 41f0b24d39be4beb9f4~ 378093463115~ casual-~ masinde RUNNI~ 2025-07-21 15:42:43
## # i 7 more variables: artifact_uri <chr>, lifecycle_stage <chr>, run_id <chr>,
       end_time <lgl>, metrics <lgl>, params <lgl>, tags <list>
# Ensure the run ends even if an error occurs
#on.exit(mlflow_end_run(), add = TRUE)
# Extract the best parameters (remove AUC column)
#best_params_model <- best_params %>% # Remove AUC column if present
# select(-AUC)
parameters_used <- base_class_full_model$bestTune</pre>
# Log each of the best parameters in MLflow
for (param in names(parameters_used)) {
 mlflow_log_param(param, parameters_used[[param]])
}
# Log the model type as a parameter
mlflow_log_param("model_type", "undj-scm-xgboost-classification")
# predicting
threshold = 0.3
y_preds_probs <- predict(base_class_full_model, newdata = df_base_test, type = "prob")[,2] # Probabili</pre>
y_pred <- ifelse(y_preds_probs > threshold, 1, 0)
y_pred <- factor(y_pred, levels = c("0", "1"), # Your current levels
                                       labels = c("Damage_below_10", "Damage_above_10")) # New valid l
# summarize results
conf_matrix <- confusionMatrix(as.factor(y_pred),</pre>
                     df_base_test$damage_binary_2,
                     positive = "Damage_above_10"
# accuracy
accuracy <- conf_matrix$overall['Accuracy']</pre>
# Positive class = 1, precision, recall, and F1
# Extract precision, recall, and F1 score
precision <- conf_matrix$byClass['Precision']</pre>
```

```
recall <- conf_matrix$byClass['Recall']</pre>
f1_score <- conf_matrix$byClass['F1']</pre>
auc_value <- auc(roc(df_base_test$damage_binary_2, y_preds_probs))</pre>
## Setting levels: control = Damage_below_10, case = Damage_above_10
## Setting direction: controls < cases
# Log parameters and metrics
# mlflow_log_param("model_type", "scm-xgboost-classification")
mlflow_log_metric("accuracy", accuracy)
## Warning: 'as_double()' is deprecated as of rlang 0.4.0
## Please use 'vctrs::vec_cast()' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
mlflow_log_metric("F1", f1_score)
mlflow_log_metric("Precision", precision)
mlflow_log_metric("Recall", recall)
#mlflow_log_metric("AUC", auc_value)
# Save model
#saveRDS(model, file = file.path(path_2_folder, "spam_clas_model.rds"))
# End MLflow run
mlflow_end_run()
## # A tibble: 1 x 13
##
   run_uuid
                          experiment_id run_name user_id status start_time
    <chr>>
                                        <chr>
                                                 <chr> <chr> <dttm>
## 1 41f0b24d39be4beb9f4~ 378093463115~ casual-~ masinde FINIS~ 2025-07-21 15:42:43
## # i 7 more variables: end_time <dttm>, artifact_uri <chr>,
## # lifecycle_stage <chr>, run_id <chr>, metrics <list>, params <list>,
## #
     tags <list>
```

OLD CODE