Un-adjusted SCM Truncated Regression training

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```
# Environment: Cleaning environment
rm(list = ls())

# Libraries: Load
library(rpart)
library(dplyr)
library(caret)
library(data.table)
library(mlflow)
library(reticulate)
library(Metrics)
library(themis)
library(doMC)
library(here)
```

Inputs

```
# Recipe inputs
truncated_train <- read.csv(here("data", "truncated_train.csv"))</pre>
truncated_validation <- read.csv(here("data", "truncated_validation.csv"))</pre>
df_trunc_train2 <- rbind(truncated_train, truncated_validation)</pre>
nrow(df_trunc_train2)
## [1] 396
# Importing trained model
trunc_wind_model <- readRDS(here("unadjusted SCM/new trunc models",
                                 "trunc_wind_model_tuned.rds"))
# Apply predictions efficiently
# Predict using model "base_wind_model"
# To get variable: wind_max_pred
df_trunc_train2[["wind_max_pred"]] <- predict(trunc_wind_model, newdata = df_trunc_train2)</pre>
# Define wind and rain interaction variables
wind_fractions <- c("blue_ss_frac", "yellow_ss_frac", "orange_ss_frac", "red_ss_frac")</pre>
rain_fractions <- c("blue_ls_frac", "yellow_ls_frac", "orange_ls_frac", "red_ls_frac")</pre>
```

```
# Compute wind interaction terms dynamically
for (col in wind_fractions) {
  print(col)
 new col name <- paste0("wind ", col)</pre>
  df_trunc_train2 [[new_col_name]] <- df_trunc_train2 [[col]] * df_trunc_train2 [["wind_max_pred"]]
## [1] "blue ss frac"
## [1] "yellow_ss_frac"
## [1] "orange ss frac"
## [1] "red_ss_frac"
# Multiply rain fractions by rain_total_pred
for (col in rain_fractions) {
  new_col_name <- paste0("rain_", col)</pre>
  df_trunc_train2 [[new_col_name]] <- df_trunc_train2 [[col]] * df_trunc_train2 [["rain_total"]]</pre>
# TRUNCATED REGRESSION MODEL TRAINING AND TUNING USING CV
# CV folds and models
n_folds <- 10
n_models <- 25 # adjust depending on search space size, affects seeds length
# Reproducibility: Defining seeds (a little bit complicated because of parallel processing)
# Generate a reproducible list of seeds
set.seed(1234)
seeds_list <- vector(mode = "list", length = n_folds + 1)</pre>
for (i in 1:n folds) {
  seeds_list[[i]] <- sample.int(1000000, n_models) # one seed per model per fold</pre>
seeds_list[[n_folds + 1]] <- sample.int(1000000, 1) # for final model</pre>
# Set up train control with 10-fold cross-validation
train_control <- trainControl(</pre>
  method = "cv",
  number = n_folds,
  summaryFunction = defaultSummary,
  search = "random", # random selection of the expanded grid
  seeds = seeds_list
# Detect and register the number of available cores (use all but one)
num_cores <- parallel::detectCores() - 2</pre>
registerDoMC(cores = num_cores) # Enable parallel processing
# Measure the time for a code block to run
system.time({
# Train the model using grid search with 3-fold CV
trunc_xgb_reg_model <- train(</pre>
```

```
damage_perc ~
    track_min_dist +
    wind max pred +
    rain total +
    roof_strong_wall_strong +
    roof_strong_wall_light +
    roof_strong_wall_salv +
    roof_light_wall_strong +
    roof_light_wall_light +
    roof_light_wall_salv +
    roof_salv_wall_strong +
    roof_salv_wall_light +
    roof_salv_wall_salv +
    wind_blue_ss_frac +
    wind_yellow_ss_frac +
    wind_orange_ss_frac +
    wind_red_ss_frac +
    rain_blue_ls_frac +
    rain_yellow_ls_frac +
    rain_orange_ls_frac +
    rain_red_ls_frac,
  data = df_trunc_train2,
  method = "xgbTree",
  trControl = train_control,
  tuneLength = n_models, # this replaces tuneGrid
  metric = "RMSE" # Optimize based on RMSE
)
Sys.sleep(2) # This is just an example to simulate a delay
})
##
      user system elapsed
## 43.088 1.116 7.611
# Print best parameters
print(trunc_xgb_reg_model$bestTune)
                                    gamma colsample_bytree min_child_weight
##
     nrounds max_depth
                             eta
## 9
          31
                     7 0.1848925 8.435601
                                                 0.6262378
##
     subsample
## 9 0.9892467
# set tracking URI
mlflow_set_tracking_uri("http://127.0.0.1:5000")
# Ensure any active run is ended
suppressWarnings(try(mlflow_end_run(), silent = TRUE))
# Logging metrics for model training and the parameters used
mlflow_set_experiment(experiment_name = "Attempt 2 : R - U-SCM - XGBOOST Truncated regression - CV (Tra
```

[1] "174327100180240110"

```
# Ensure that MLflow has only one run. Start MLflow run once.
run_name <- paste("XGBoost Run", Sys.time()) # Unique name using current time</pre>
# Start MLflow run
mlflow_start_run(nested = FALSE)
## Warning: 'as_integer()' is deprecated as of rlang 0.4.0
## Please use 'vctrs::vec cast()' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## # A tibble: 1 x 13
                          experiment_id run_name user_id status start_time
##
   run uuid
##
     <chr>
                          <chr>
                                        <chr>
                                                 <chr> <chr> <dttm>
## 1 4b92e0d3fd1a48af9eb~ 174327100180~ amusing~ masinde RUNNI~ 2025-07-21 16:24:25
## # i 7 more variables: artifact_uri <chr>, lifecycle_stage <chr>, run_id <chr>,
## # end_time <lgl>, metrics <lgl>, params <lgl>, tags <list>
# Ensure the run ends even if an error occurs
#on.exit(mlflow_end_run(), add = TRUE)
# ----- best parameters -----
best_params <- trunc_xgb_reg_model$bestTune</pre>
# Log each of the best parameters in MLflow
for (param in names(best_params)) {
 mlflow_log_param(param, best_params[[param]])
}
# ----- train using best parameters
trunc_damage_fit_reg <- train(damage_perc ~ track_min_dist +</pre>
                              wind_max_pred +
                              rain total +
                              roof_strong_wall_strong +
                              roof strong wall light +
                              roof_strong_wall_salv +
                              roof_light_wall_strong +
                              roof_light_wall_light +
                              roof_light_wall_salv +
                              roof_salv_wall_strong +
                              roof_salv_wall_light +
                              roof_salv_wall_salv +
                              wind_blue_ss_frac +
                              wind_yellow_ss_frac +
                              wind_orange_ss_frac +
                              wind_red_ss_frac +
                              rain_blue_ls_frac +
                              rain_yellow_ls_frac +
                              rain_orange_ls_frac +
                              rain_red_ls_frac,
                              method = "xgbTree",
                              trControl = trainControl(method = "none"),
```

```
tuneGrid = best_params, # Use the best parameters here
                               metric = "RMSE",
                               data = df_trunc_train2
                          )
# obtain predicted values
train_predictions <- predict(trunc_damage_fit_reg, newdata = df_trunc_train2)</pre>
# Define bin edges
# Define bin edges
bins \leftarrow c(0.00009, 1, 10, 50, 100)
# Assign data to bins
bin_labels <- cut(df_trunc_train2$damage_perc, breaks = bins, include.lowest = TRUE, right = TRUE)</pre>
# Create a data frame with actual, predicted, and bin labels
data <- data.frame(</pre>
  actual = df_trunc_train2$damage_perc,
 predicted = train_predictions,
  bin = bin_labels
# Calculate RMSE per bin
unique_bins <- levels(data$bin) # Get unique bin labels</pre>
rmse_by_bin <- data.frame(bin = unique_bins, rmse = NA, count = NA) # Initialize results data frame
for (i in seq_along(unique_bins)) {
  bin_data <- data[data$bin == unique_bins[i], ] # Filter data for the current bin
  rmse_by_bin$rmse[i] <- sqrt(mean((bin_data$actual - bin_data$predicted)^2, na.rm = TRUE)) # Calculate</pre>
  rmse_by_bin$count[i] <- nrow(bin_data) # Count observations in the bin</pre>
}
# Display RMSE by bin
print(rmse_by_bin)
           bin
                    rmse count
## 1 [9e-05,1]
                     NaN
## 2
        (1,10]
                     NaN
                             0
## 3
       (10,50] 2.484138
                           322
## 4 (50,100] 4.767901
                            74
as.data.frame(rmse_by_bin)
           bin
                    rmse count
## 1 [9e-05,1]
                     NaN
## 2
        (1,10]
                     NaN
                             0
## 3
       (10,50] 2.484138
                           322
## 4 (50,100] 4.767901
                            74
RMSE 1 <- rmse by bin[1, "rmse"]
RMSE_10 <- rmse_by_bin[2, "rmse"]</pre>
```

```
RMSE_50 <- rmse_by_bin[3, "rmse"]</pre>
RMSE_100 <- rmse_by_bin[4, "rmse"]</pre>
# Log binned RMSE metrics
mlflow_log_metric("RMSE_1", RMSE_1)
## Warning: 'as_double()' is deprecated as of rlang 0.4.0
## Please use 'vctrs::vec_cast()' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
mlflow_log_metric("RMSE_10", RMSE_10)
mlflow_log_metric("RMSE_50", RMSE_50)
mlflow_log_metric("RMSE_100", RMSE_100)
# End MLflow run
mlflow_end_run()
## # A tibble: 1 x 13
##
    run_uuid
                          experiment_id run_name user_id status start_time
##
     <chr>>
                                        <chr>
                                                 <chr> <chr> <dttm>
## 1 4b92e0d3fd1a48af9eb~ 174327100180~ amusing~ masinde FINIS~ 2025-07-21 16:24:25
## # i 7 more variables: end_time <dttm>, artifact_uri <chr>,
## # lifecycle_stage <chr>, run_id <chr>, metrics <list>, params <list>,
## #
      tags <list>
```

Output

```
# Saving trained XGBOOST model
full_path <- here("unadjusted SCM/new trunc models")
saveRDS(trunc_damage_fit_reg, file = file.path(full_path, "trunc_damage_fit_reg.rds"))</pre>
```

OLD CODE