



EK INGLUX 亿晶源

3.2*1.3*1.1mm Reverse Mount

E6CC1205RGBC3UDA

LIGHT EMITTING DIODE SPECIFICATION

DESCRIPTION: E6CC1205RGBC3UDA

REVISION: V2.2

ISSUE DATE: 2019-01-18

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Features:

- Reverse Mount SMD LED
- Long operating life
- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Viewing Angle
- Low voltage DC operated
- RoHS Compliant

**Application:**

- Backlight
- Decoration lighting
- motormeter
- Indicator

Part Number	Dice Material	Emitted Color	Lens Color
E6CC1205RGBC3UDA	AlGaN-InGaN-InGaN	Red-Green-Blue	Water Clear

Electro-Optical Characteristics ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, @20mA)

Parameter	Color	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Luminous Intensity	■ Red	IV	70	100	150	mcd
	■ Green		400	500	800	
	■ Blue		70	100	150	
Radiation Bandwidth	■ Red	$\Delta\lambda$	-	20	-	nm
	■ Green		-	35	-	
	■ Blue		-	25	-	
Forward Voltage	■ Red	VF	1.90	-	2.20	v
	■ Green		2.90	-	3.40	
	■ Blue		2.90	-	3.40	
Dominant Wavelength	■ Red	λ_d	620	625	630	nm
	■ Green		518	525	530	
	■ Blue		460	465	475	
Viewing Angle	-	2θ1/2	-	120	-	deg
Reverse Current	-	IR	-	-	10	uA

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Peak Forward Current(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	100	mA
Continue Working Forward Current	IF	20	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	v
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40to+90	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40to+90	°C
Reflow Soldering	Tsld	260 °C for 10secs	



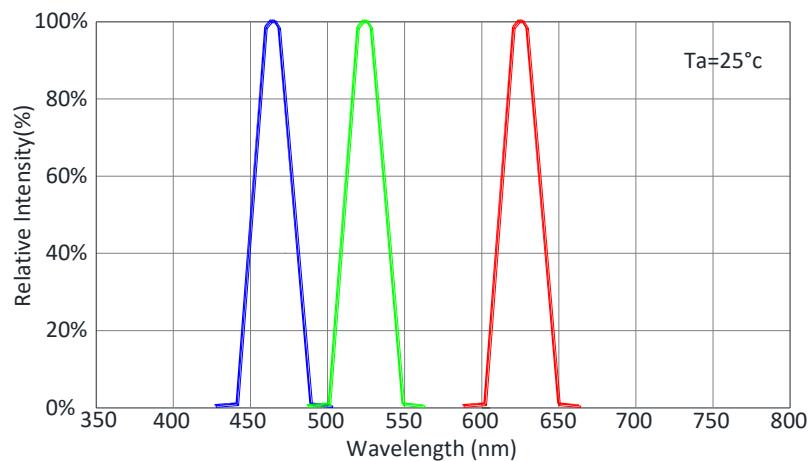
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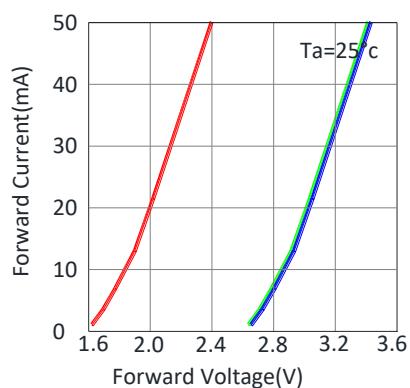
E6CC1205RGBC3UDA

Optical & Electrical Characteristics

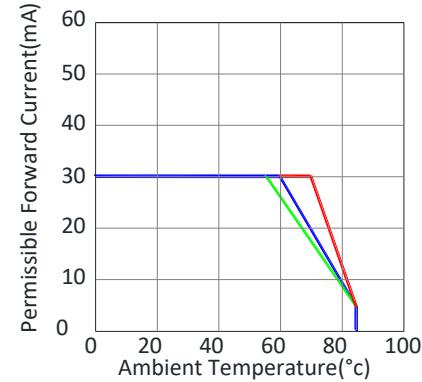
Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength



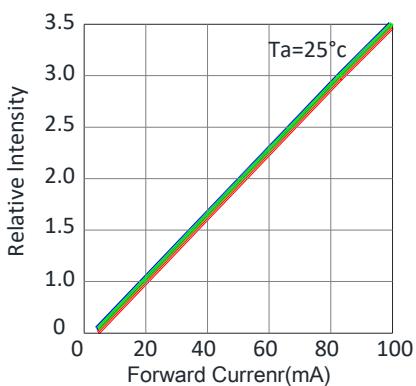
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



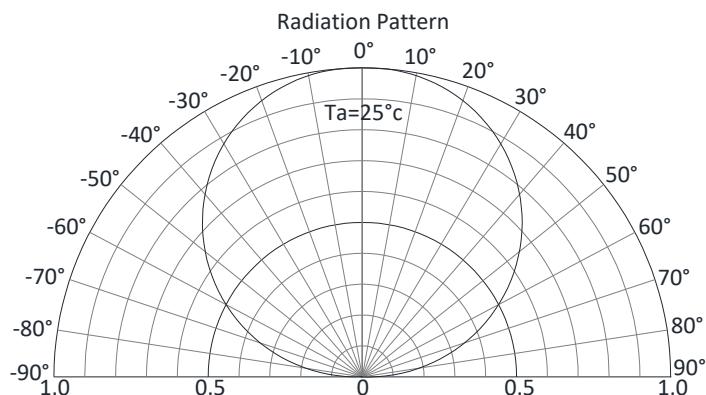
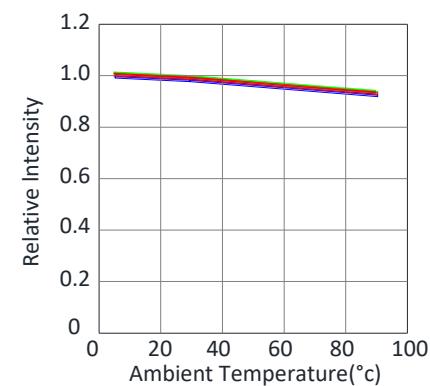
Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current



Relative Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





Reliability Test Items And Conditions

Test Items	Reference	Test Conditions	Time	Quantity	Criterion
Thermal Shock	MIL-STD-202G	-40°C (30min) -100°C (30min)	100 Cycles	22	0/22
Temperature And Humidity Cyclic	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	-10°C~65°C ; 0%~90%RH	10cycles	22	0/22
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED -4071 200 201	Ta=100°C	1000H	22	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED -4071 200 202	Ta=-40°C	1000H	22	0/22
High Temperature High Humidity Storage	JEITA ED -4071 100 103	Ta=60°C ; RH=90%	1000H	22	0/22
High Temperature Life Test	JESD22-A108D	Ta=80°C	1000H	22	0/22
Life Test	JESD22-A108D	Ta=25°C IF=5mA	1000H	22	0/22
Resistance to Soldering Heat	GB/T 4937, II , 2.2&2.3	Tsol*=(240±5) °C10secs	2 times	22	0/22

Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria For Judging Damage
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =I _{FT}	Initial Data±10%
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	I _R ≤10uA
Luminous Intensity	IV	I _F =I _{FT}	Average I _V degradation≤30% ; Single LED I _V degradation≤50%
Resistance to Soldering Heat	-	-	Meterial without internal cracks,no meterial between stripped,no deaded light

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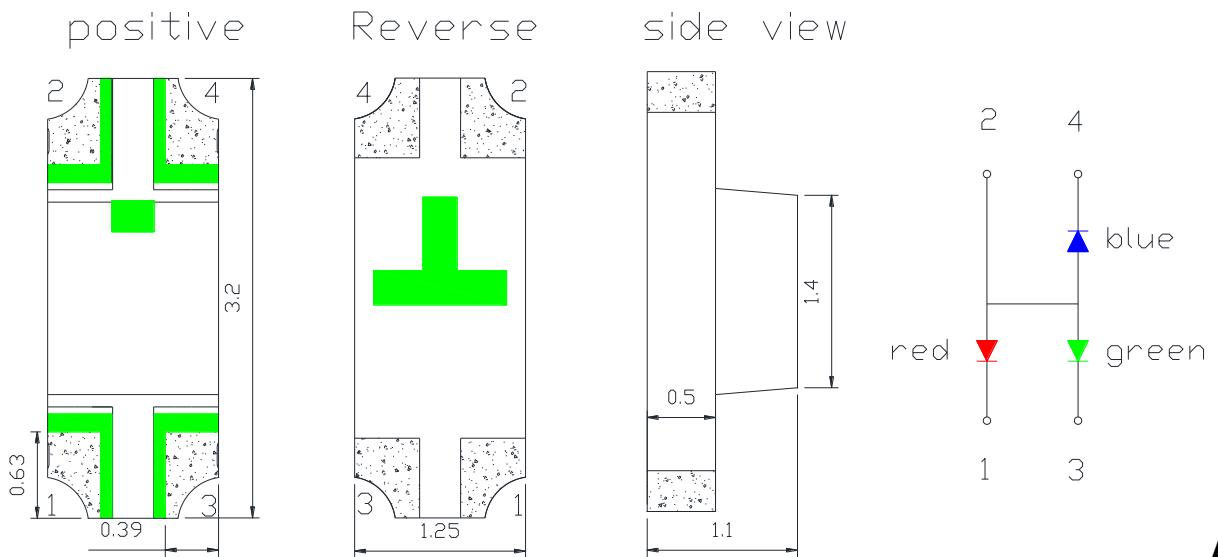


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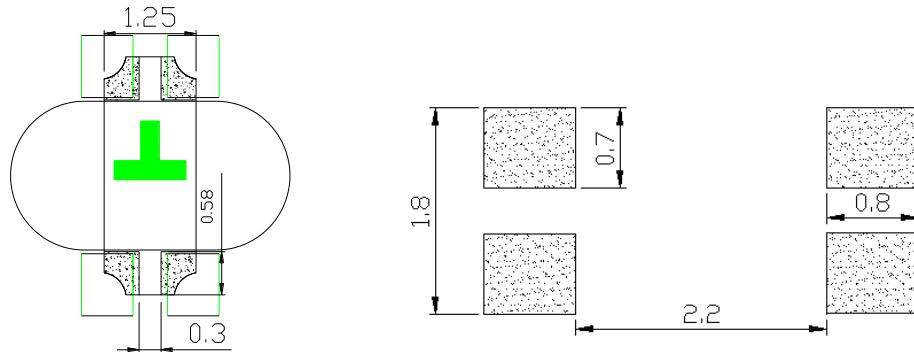
Product size (Unit:mm)

**A01**

NOTES :

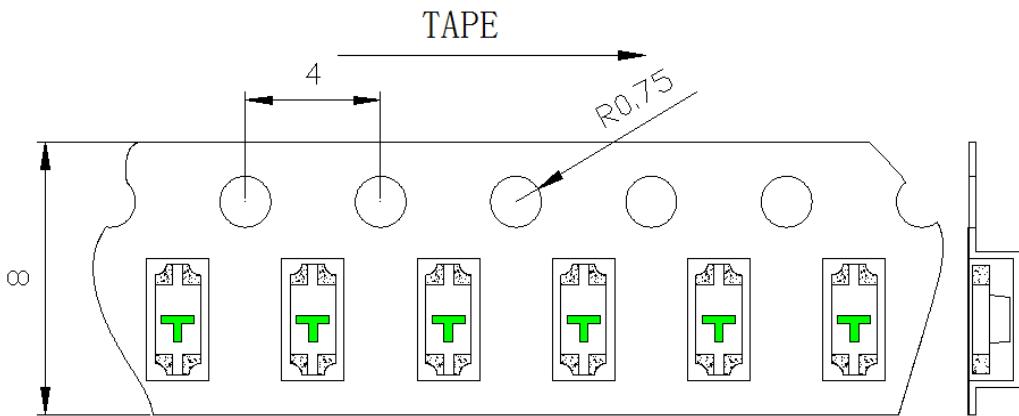
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches)
2. Tolerances are $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ (0.008inch) unless otherwise noted

Recommended Soldering Pad Design (Unit:mm)



Taping and package Spec

- Tape Specification: 3,000pcs Per Reel



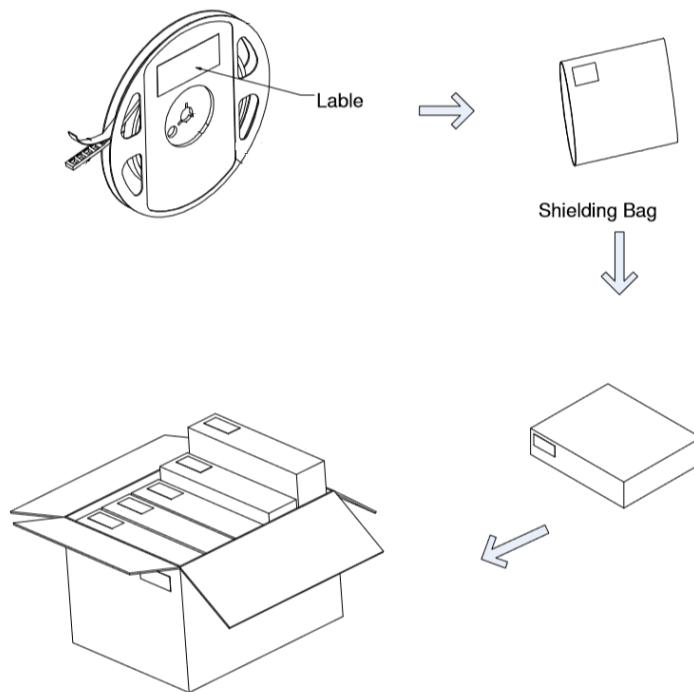


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Packaging



LabelStyle



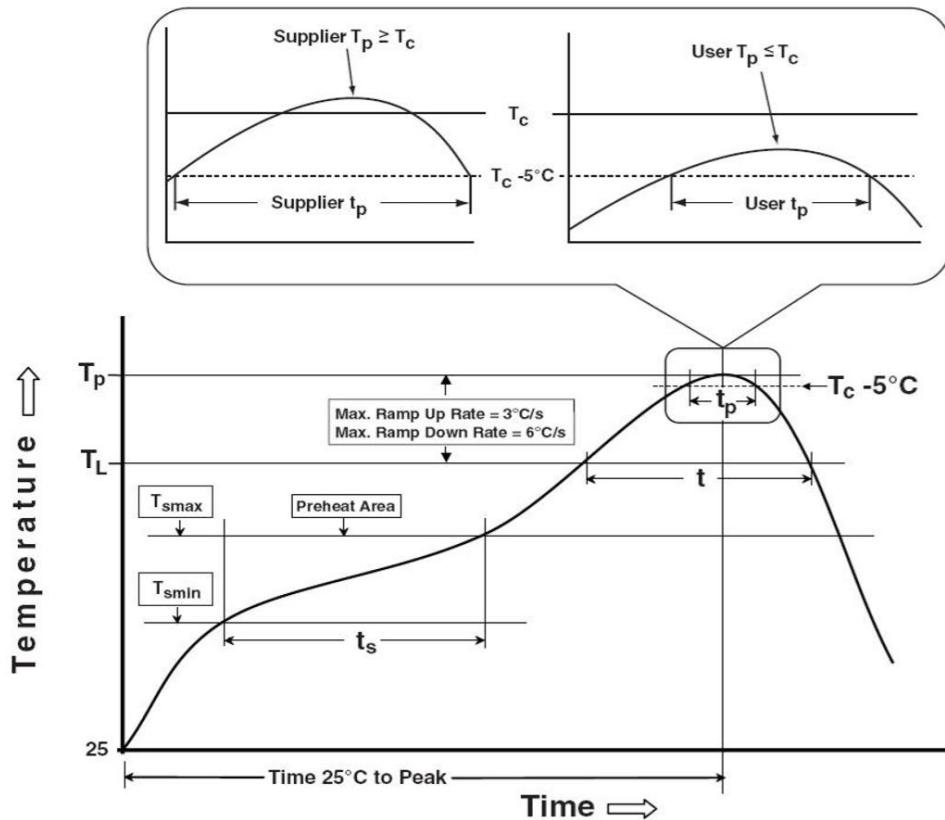


Table of Classification Reflow Profiles

Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Preheat & Soak	100 °C	150 °C
Temperature min (Tsmin)	150°C	200 °C
Temperature max (Tsmax)	60-120 seconds	60-120 seconds
Time (Tsmin to Tsmax) (ts)		
Average ramp-up rate (Tsmax to Tp)	3 °C/second max	3 °C/second max
Liquidous temperature (TL)	183 °C	217 °C
Time at liquidous (tL)	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak package body temperature (Tp)*	230 °C ~235 °C	255 °C ~260 °C
Classification temperature (Tc)	235 °C	260 °C
Time (tp) within 5 °C of the specified Classification temperature (Tc)	20 seconds	30 seconds
Average ramp-down rate (Tp to Tsmax)	6 °C/second max	6 °C/second max
Time 25 °C to peak temperature	6 minutes max	8 minutes max

1. Tolerance for peak profile temperature (Tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

2. Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.





Precautions

1. Storage:

- Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.
- Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60% RH, and be used within a year.
- After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- If the moisture absorbent material has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: (70±5)°C for 24 hours.

2. Static Electricity:

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current, even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.

3. Vulcanization:

LED curing is due to sulfur being in bracket and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated Ag₂S in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing, light color temperature drift and serious decline, seriously affecting the performance of the product. So we should take corresponding measures to avoid vulcanization, such as to avoid using sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high sulphur content of the material.