

1. Load the `iris.csv` data file in a DataFrame
2. Compute the mean sepal width per value of sepal length.  
Compute the number of different sepal width values per value of sepal length
3. Apply a centered rolling max function to the petal width, with a size 5 window

**Advanced:**

1. Transform the data into a Series with a multi index of 2 dimensions with the first dimension being the 'species' column and the second dimension being the features. The content of this object are the numerical values.
2. Access the petal length of all specimen 'setosa'

