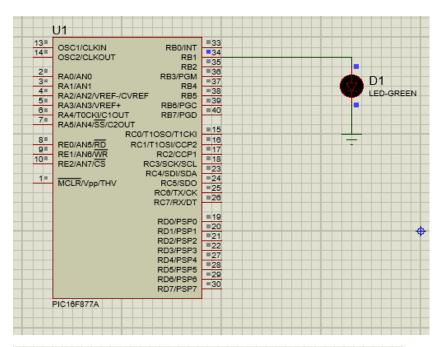
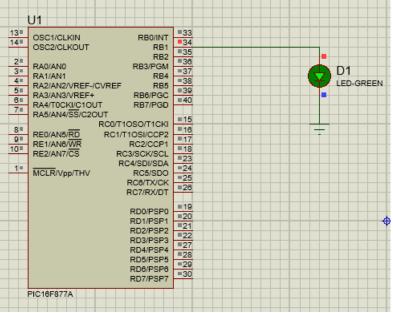
(Programs for Record)

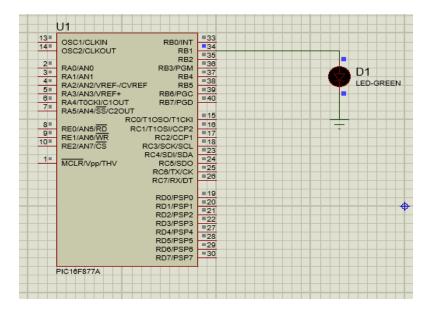
~ VBS_402

1). Write an embedded C program to blink the 1 LED . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software ?

```
A).
#include <1 LED Blink.h>
#bit LED = 0X06.1
#bit TLED = 0X86.1
void main()
{
TLED = 0;
LED = 0;
while(TRUE)
{
LED = 1;
delay_ms(1000);
LED=0;
delay_ms(1000);
}
}
```





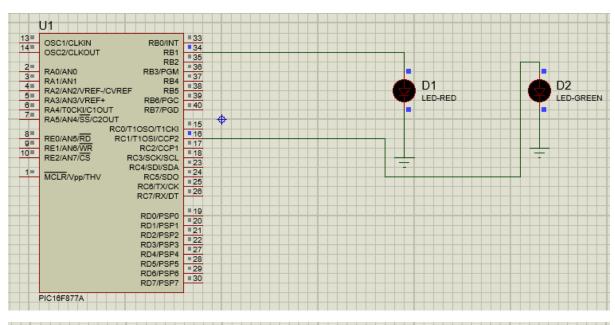


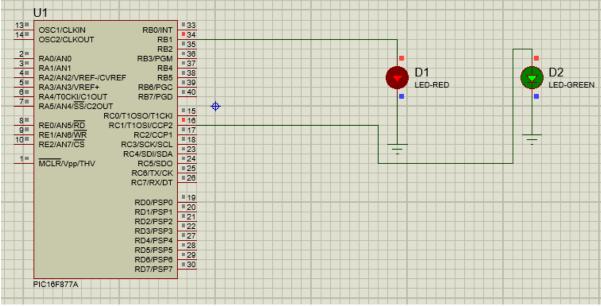
2). Write an embedded C program to blink the 1 LED . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software ?

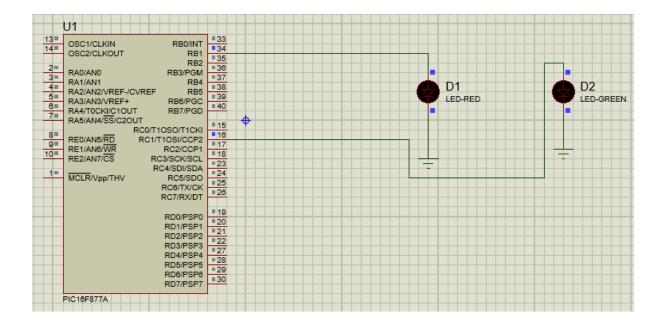
```
A).
#include <2 LED Blink.h>
#bit LED1=0X06.1
#bit TLED1=0X86.1
#bit LED2=0X07.1
#bit TLED2=0X87.1
void main()
{
TLED1=0;
LED1=0;
TLED2=0;
LED2=0;
while(TRUE)
{
LED1=1;
LED2=1;
delay_ms(1000);
```

LED1=0;

```
LED2=0;
delay_ms(1000);
}
}
```



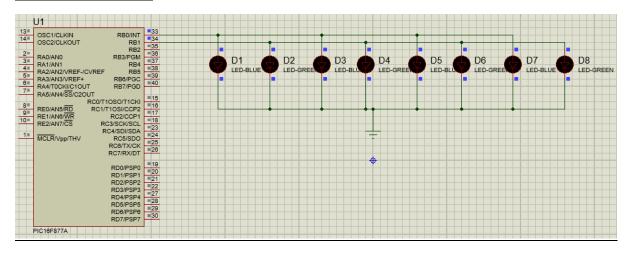


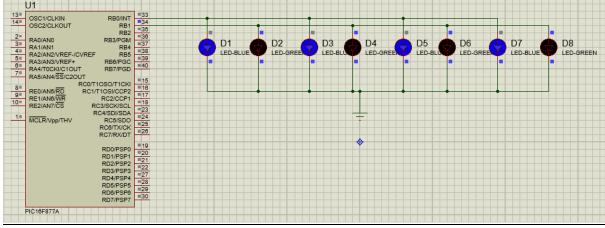


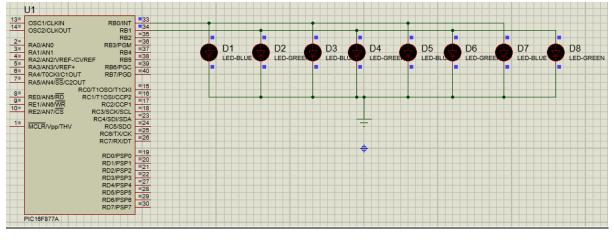
3). Write an embedded C program to blink the even LEDs one time & then some delay & then ODD LED blink & then some delay . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

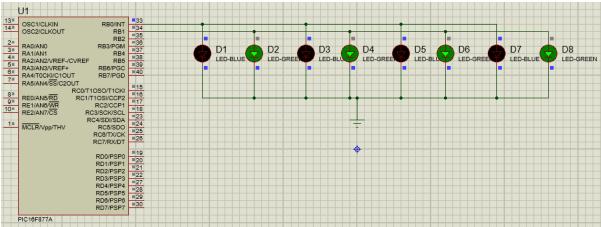
```
A).
#include <8 LED even odd.h>
#bit LED1=0X06.0
#bit TLED1=0x86.0
#bit LED2=0X06.1
#bit TLED2=0X86.1
void main()
{
LED1=0;
TLED1=0;
LED2=0;
TLED2=0;
while(TRUE)
{
LED1=1;
delay_ms(1000);
```

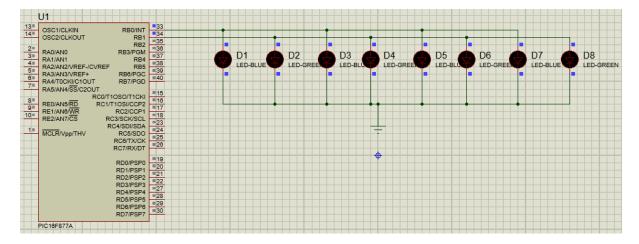
```
LED1=0;
delay_ms(1000);
LED2=1;
delay_ms(1000);
LED2=0;
delay_ms(1000);
}
```











4). Write an embedded C program to blink 1 LED using 1 SWITCH . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software ?

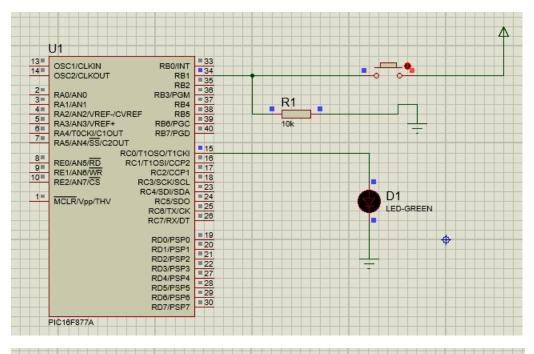
A).

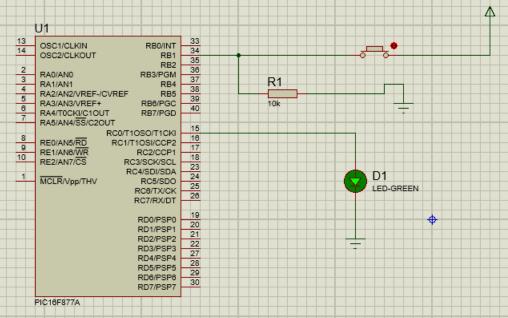
#include <1 SWITCH 1 LED.h>

#bit sw=0X06.1

#bit tsw=0x86.1

```
#bit led=0x07.0
#bit tled=0x87.0
void main()
{
sw=0;
tsw=1;
led=0;
tled=0;
while(TRUE)
{
if(sw==1)
{
led=1;
}
else
{
led=0;
}
}
}
```





5). Write an embedded C program to blink 1 LED using 2 SWITCH,when one switch is pressed LED must turn ON & another switch is pressed Led must turn OFF. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

A).

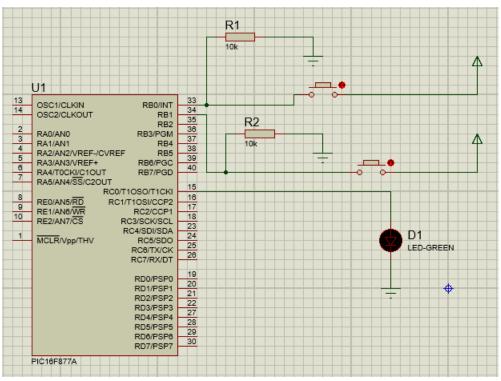
#include <2 SWITCH 1 LED.h>

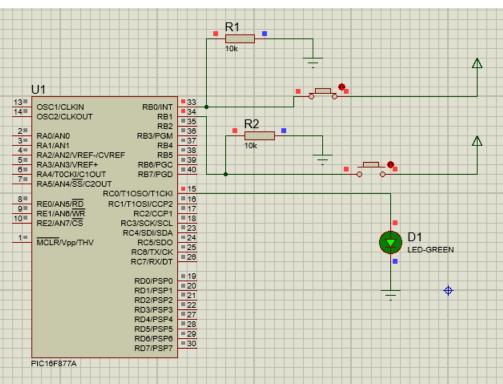
#bit sw1=0X06.0

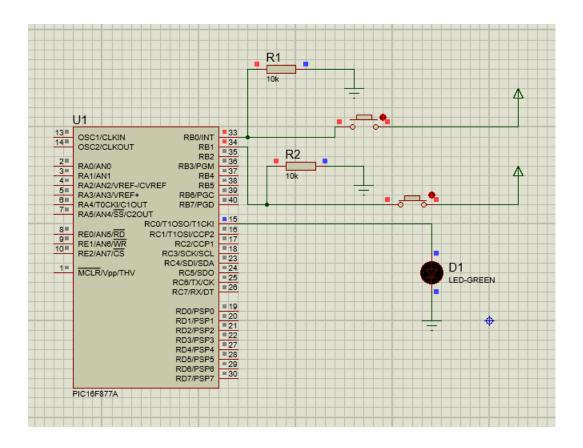
#bit tsw1=0X86.0

#bit sw2=0x06.1

```
#bit tsw2=0X86.1
#bit LED=0X07.0
#bit TLED=0X87.0
void main()
{
sw1=0;
tsw1=1;
sw2=0;
tsw2=1;
LED=0;
TLED=0;
 while(TRUE)
 {
  if(sw1==1)
  {
  LED=1;
  }
  if(sw2==1)
  {
  LED=0;
  }
 }
}
```







6). Write an embedded C program to turn the LED ON when only both switches are ON condition. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

A).

```
#include <2 ON SWITCH 1 LED.h>
#bit sw1=0x06.0

#bit tsw1=0x86.0

#bit sw2=0x06.1

#bit tsw2=0x86.1

#bit LED=0x07.0

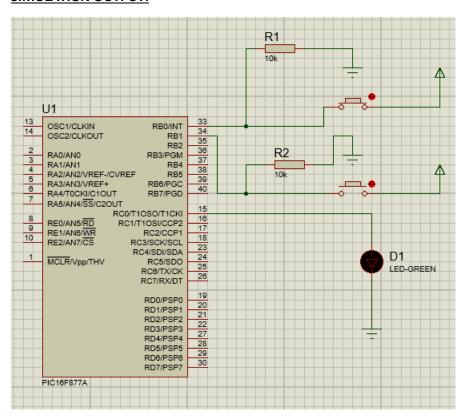
#bit TLED=0x87.0

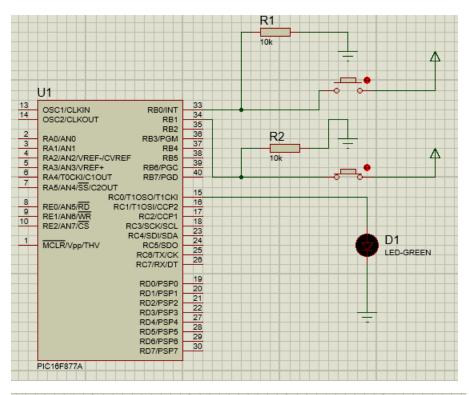
void main()

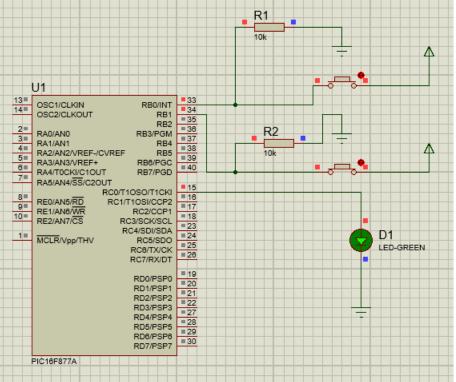
{
sw1=0;

tsw1=1;
```

```
sw2=0;
tsw2=1;
LED=0;
TLED=0;
while(TRUE)
{
if(sw1==1 && sw2==1)
{
LED=1;
}
else
{
LED=0;
}
}
}
```







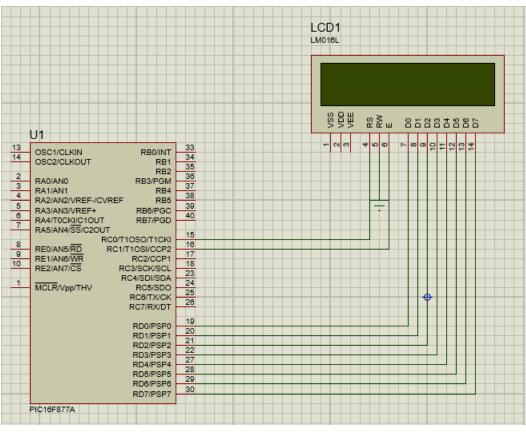
7). Write an embedded C program to display a Character on LCD. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

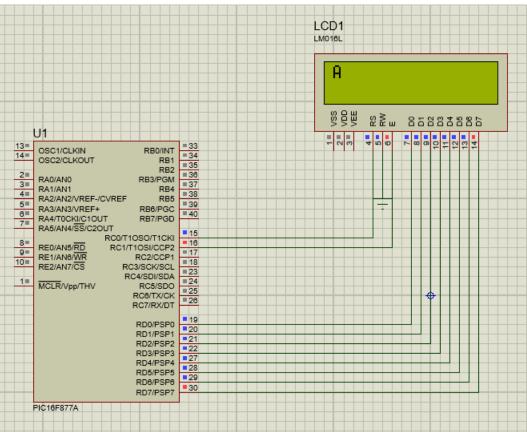
A).

#include <1 LCD DISPLAY A.h>

```
#byte LCD=0X08
#byte TLCD=0X88
#bit RS=0X07.0
#bit TRS=0X87.0
#bit EN=0X07.1
#bit TEN=0X87.1
void display(unsigned int A,unsigned int B)
{
LCD=A;
RS=B;
EN=1;
delay_ms(200);
EN=0;
}
void main()
{
LCD=0;
TLCD=0;
RS=0;
TRS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
display(0X0C,0);
display(0X38,0);
 while(TRUE)
 {
  display(0X80,0);
  display('A',1);
 }
```

}

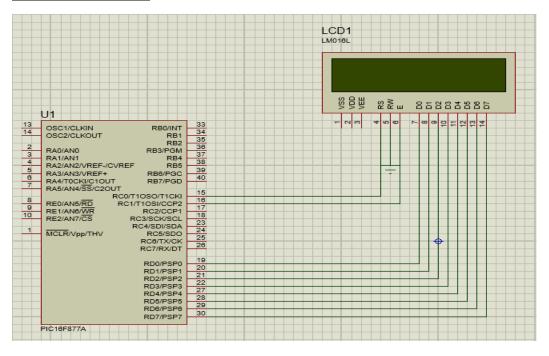


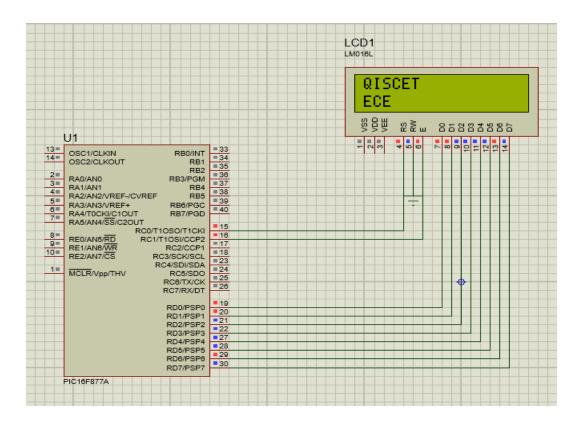


8). Write an embedded C program to display a Word/name/QISCET on LCD. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

```
A).
#include <1 LCD DISPLAY QISCET & ECE.h>
#byte LCD=0X08
#byte TLCD=0X88
#bit RS=0X07.0
#bit TRS=0X87.0
#bit EN=0X07.1
#bit TEN=0X87.1
void display(unsigned int A,unsigned int B)
{
LCD=A;
RS=B;
EN=1;
delay_ms(200);
EN=0;
}
void main()
{
LCD=0;
TLCD=0;
RS=0;
TRS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
display(0X0C,0);
display(0X38,0);
 while(TRUE)
 {
  display(0X80,0);
```

```
display('Q',1);
  display(0X81,0);
   display('I',1);
   display(0X82,0);
   display('S',1);
   display(0X83,0);
   display('C',1);
   display(0X84,0);
   display('E',1);
   display(0X85,0);
   display('T',1);
   display(0XC0,0);
  display('E',1);
   display(0XC1,0);
  display('C',1);
   display(0XC2,0);
   display('E',1);
 }
}
```

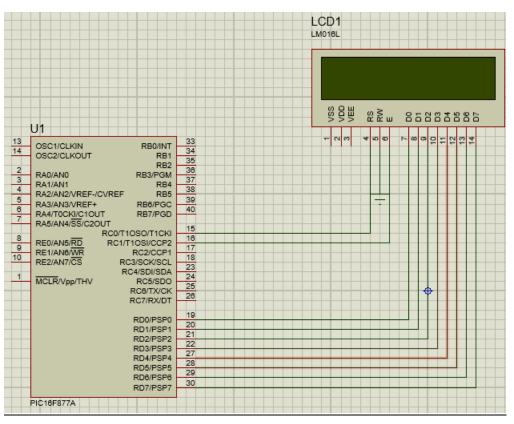


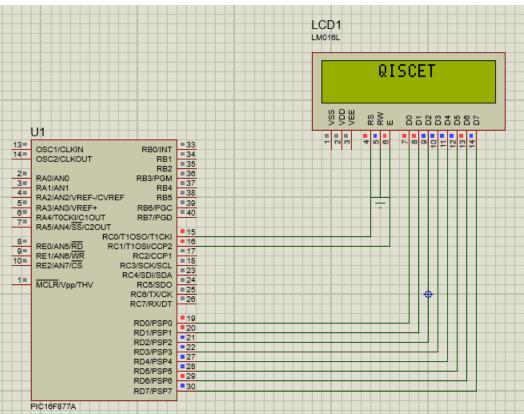


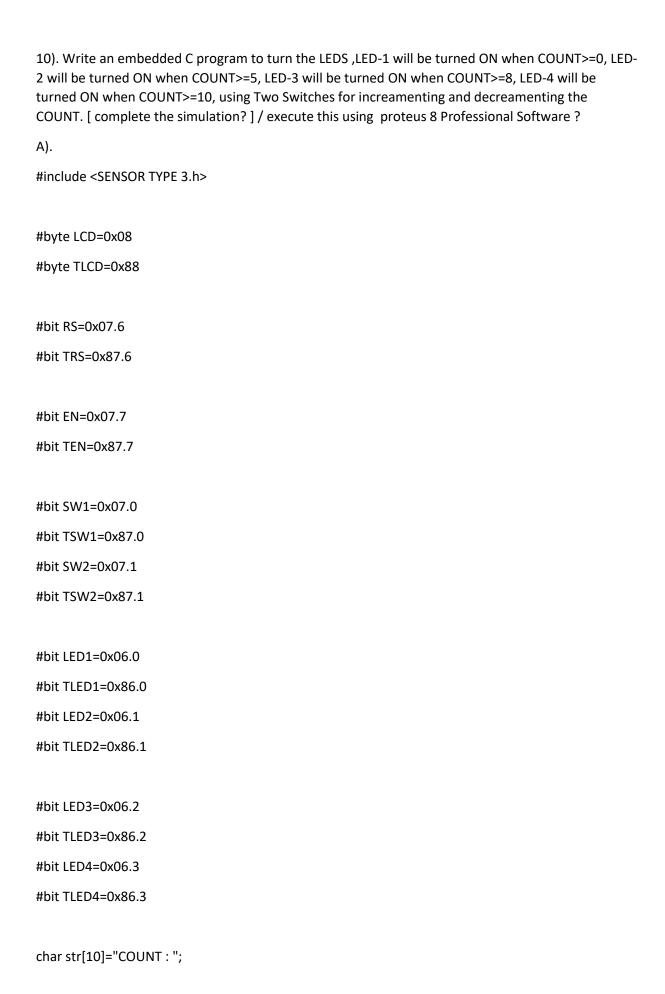
9). Write an embedded C program to display a Word/name/QISCET on LCD using Strings. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

```
A).
#include <1 LCD DISPLAY A.h>
#byte LCD=0X08
#byte TLCD=0X88
#bit RS=0X07.0
#bit TRS=0X87.0
#bit EN=0X07.1
#bit TEN=0X87.1
char STR[8]="QISCET";
void display(unsigned int A,unsigned int B)
{
LCD=A;
RS=B;
EN=1;
delay_ms(200);
```

```
EN=0;
}
void display_string(char *str)
{
for(int i=0;str[i]!=0;i++)
{
display(str[i],1);
delay_ms(200);
}
}
void main()
{
LCD=0;
TLCD=0;
RS=0;
TRS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
display(0X0C,0);
display(0X38,0);
 while(TRUE)
 {
  display(0X85,0);
  display_string(STR);
 }
}
```







```
int count=0;
VOID display(unsigned int A,unsigned int B)
{
LCD=A;
RS=B;
EN=1;
delay_ms(200);
EN=0;
}
void display_string(char *str)
{
for(int j=0;str[j]!=0;j++)
{
display(str[j],1);
delay_ms(200);
}
}
void main()
{
SW1=0;
TSW1=1;
SW2=0;
TSW2=1;
LCD=0;
TLCD=0;
RS=0;
TRS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
```

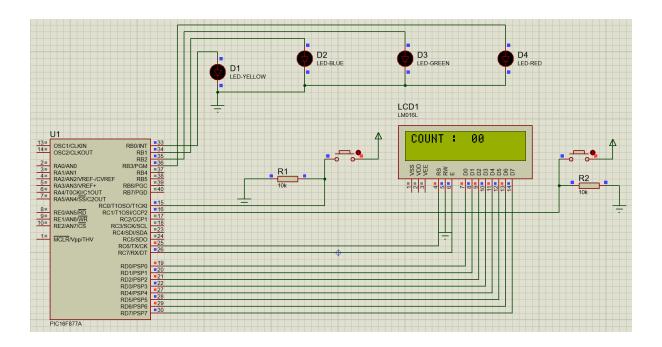
LED1=0;

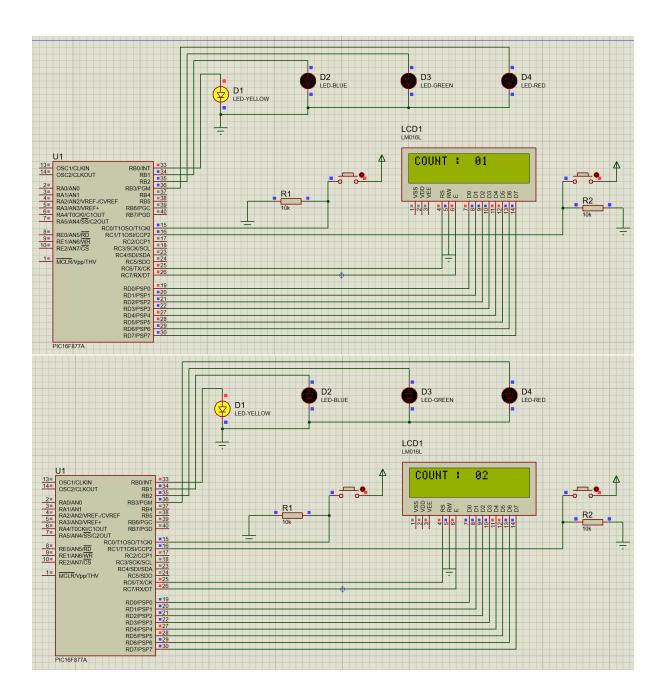
```
TLED1=0;
LED2=0;
TLED2=0;
LED3=0;
TLED3=0;
LED4=0;
TLED4=0;
display(0x0c,0);
display(0x38,0);
 while(TRUE)
 {
   display(0X80,0);
   display_string(str);
   if(SW1==1)
   {
   while(SW1==1);
   count+=1;
   }
   if(SW2==1)
   {
   while(SW2==1);
   count-=1;
   }
   display(0x89,0);
   display((count/10)+0x30,1);
   display(0x8A,0);
   display((count%10)+0x30,1);
   if(count>=1)
```

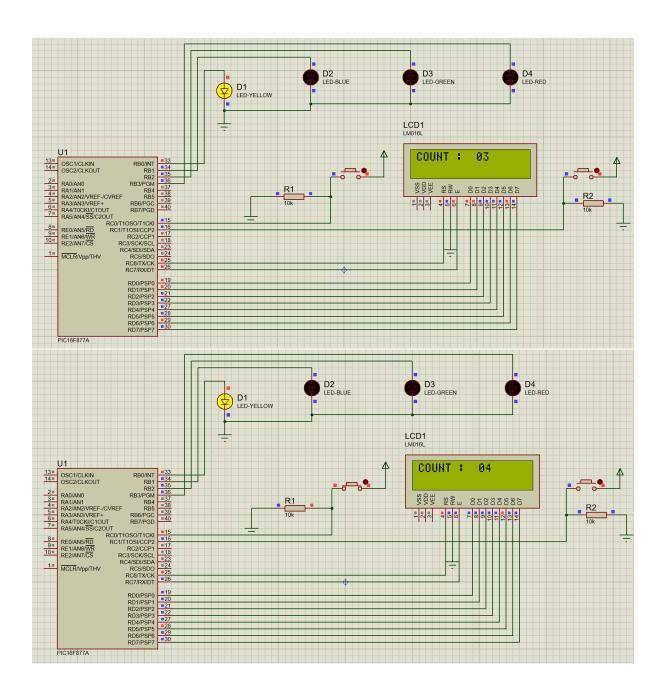
```
{
LED1=1;
}
else
{
LED1=0;
}
if(count>=5)
{
LED2=1;
}
else
{
LED2=0;
}
if(count>=8)
{
LED3=1;
}
else
{
LED3=0;
}
if(count>9)
{
LED4=1;
}
else
{
LED4=0;
}
```

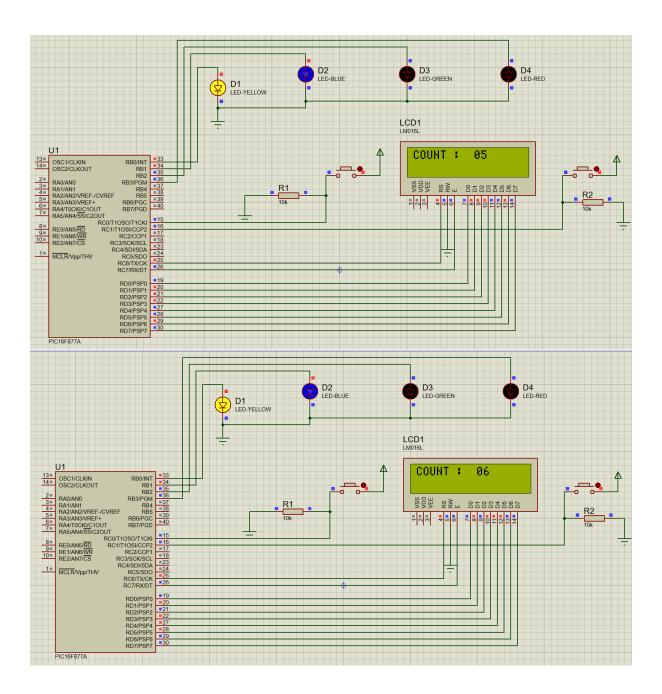
```
}
```

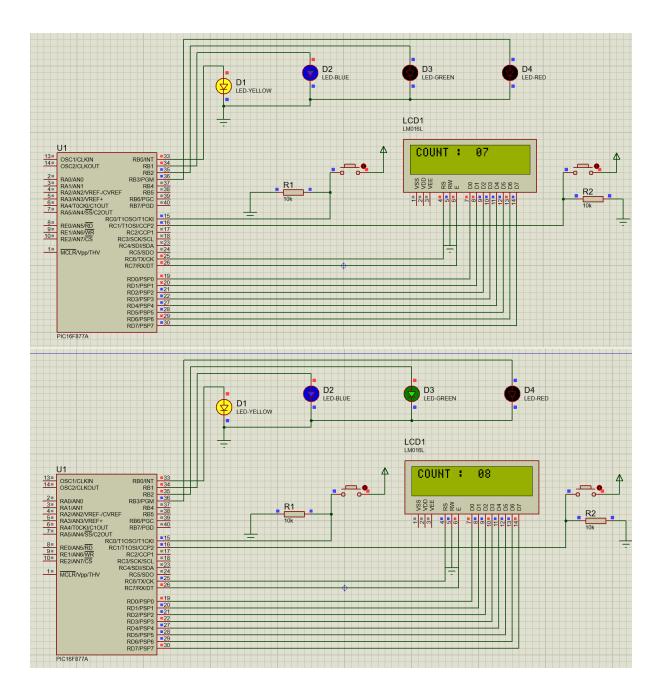
SIMULATED OUTPUT:

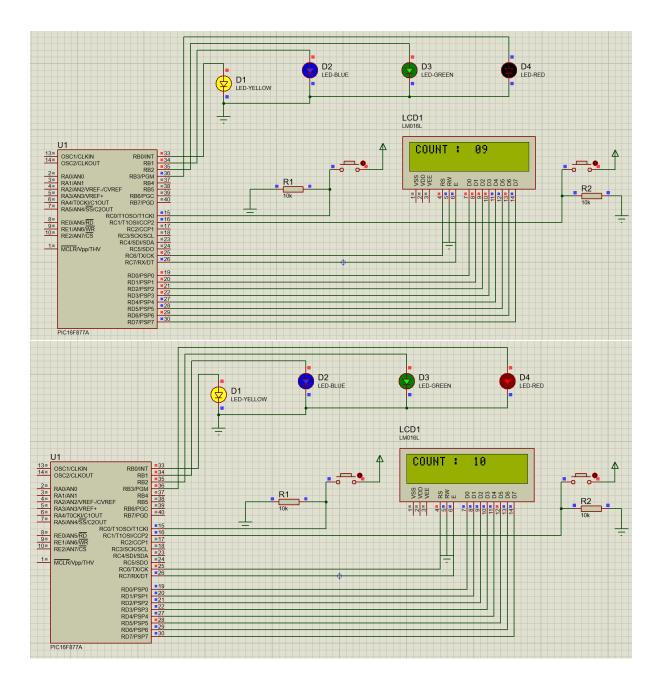












11). Write an embedded C Program when switch-1 is pressed LEDs will be turned On ,when switch-2 is pressed LEDs will be turned OFF,Use 8 LEDs . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

A).

#include <2 SWITCH 8 LED INC DEC 3.h>

#bit LED1=0x06.0

#bit TLED1=0x86.0

#bit LED2=0x06.1

#bit TLED2=0x86.1

```
#bit LED3=0x06.2
#bit TLED3=0x86.2
#bit LED4=0x06.3
#bit TLED4=0x86.3
#bit LED5=0x06.4
#bit TLED5=0x86.4
#bit LED6=0x06.5
#bit TLED6=0x86.5
#bit LED7=0x06.6
#bit TLED7=0x86.6
#bit LED8=0x06.7
#bit TLED8=0x86.7
#bit SW1=0x07.6
#bit TSW1=0x87.6
#bit SW2=0x07.7
#bit TSW2=0x87.7
int count=0;
void main()
{
LED1=0;
TLED1=0;
LED2=0;
TLED2=0;
LED3=0;
TLED3=0;
LED4=0;
TLED4=0;
LED5=0;
TLED5=0;
LED6=0;
```

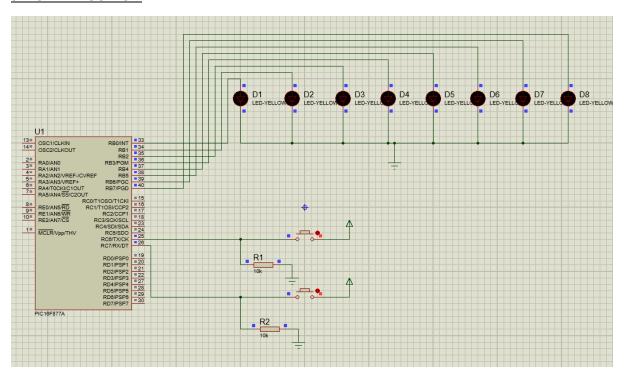
```
TLED6=0;
LED7=0;
TLED7=0;
LED8=0;
TLED8=0;
SW1=0;
TSW1=1;
SW2=0;
TSW2=1;
 while(TRUE)
 {
    if(SW1==1)
    {
    while(SW1==1);
    count+=1;
    }
    if(SW2==1)
    {
    while(SW2==1);
    count-=1;
    }
    if(count>=1 && count<=8)
    {
    LED1=1;
    delay_ms(200);
    }
    else
    {
    LED1=0;
```

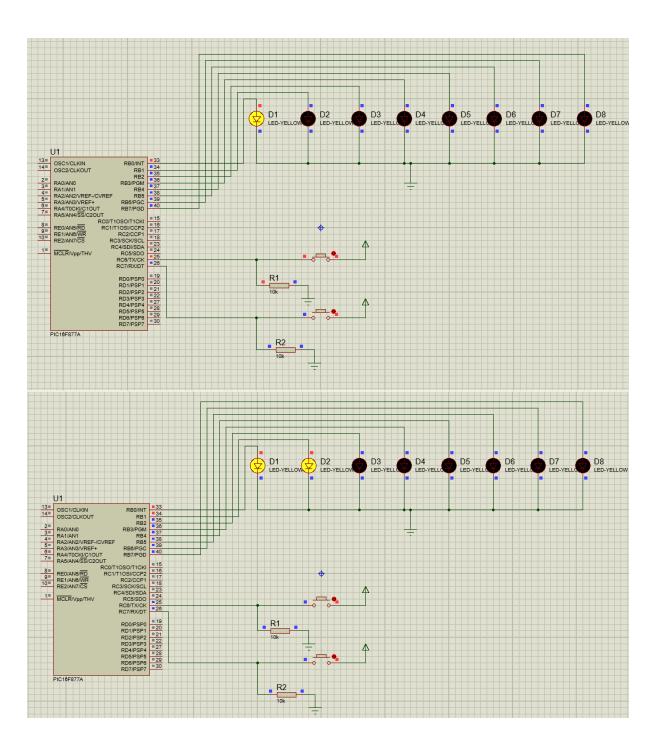
```
delay_ms(200);
}
if(count>=2 && count<=8)
{
LED2=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED2=0;
delay_ms(200);
}
if(count>=3 && count<=8)
{
LED3=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED3=0;
delay_ms(200);
}
if(count>=4 && count<=8)
{
LED4=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED4=0;
delay_ms(200);
```

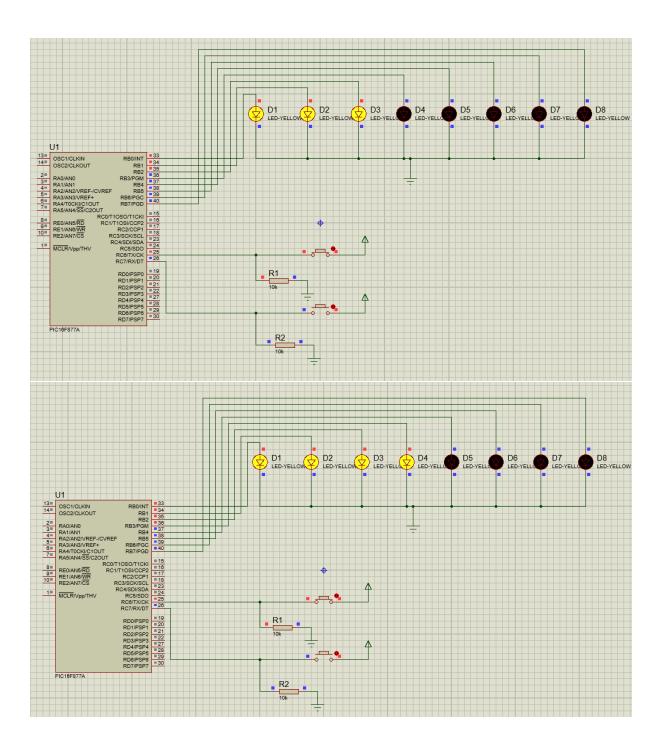
```
}
if(count>=5 && count<=8)
{
LED5=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED5=0;
delay_ms(200);
}
if(count>=6 && count<=8)
{
LED6=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED6=0;
delay_ms(200);
}
if(count>=7 && count<=8)
{
LED7=1;
delay_ms(200);
}
else
{
LED7=0;
delay_ms(200);
}
```

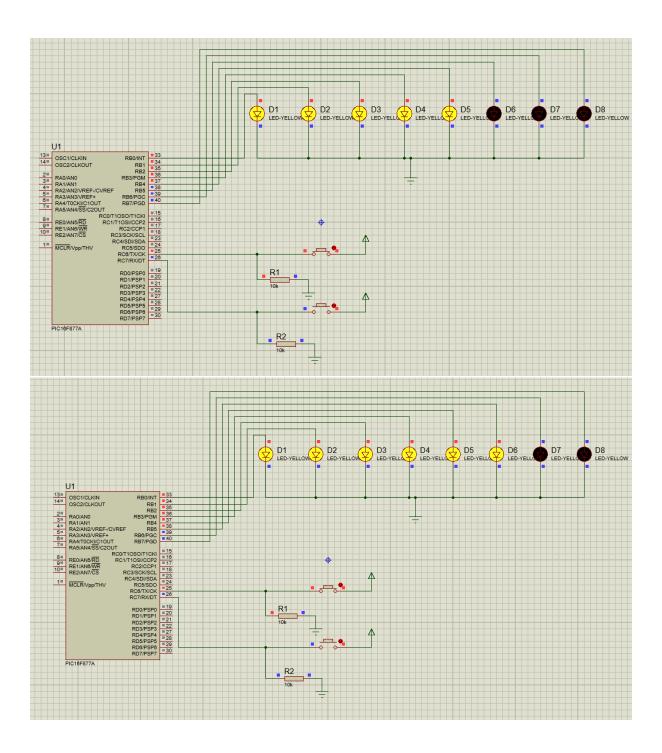
```
if(count==8)
{
    LED8=1;
    delay_ms(200);
}
    else
    {
    LED8=0;
    delay_ms(200);
}
}
```

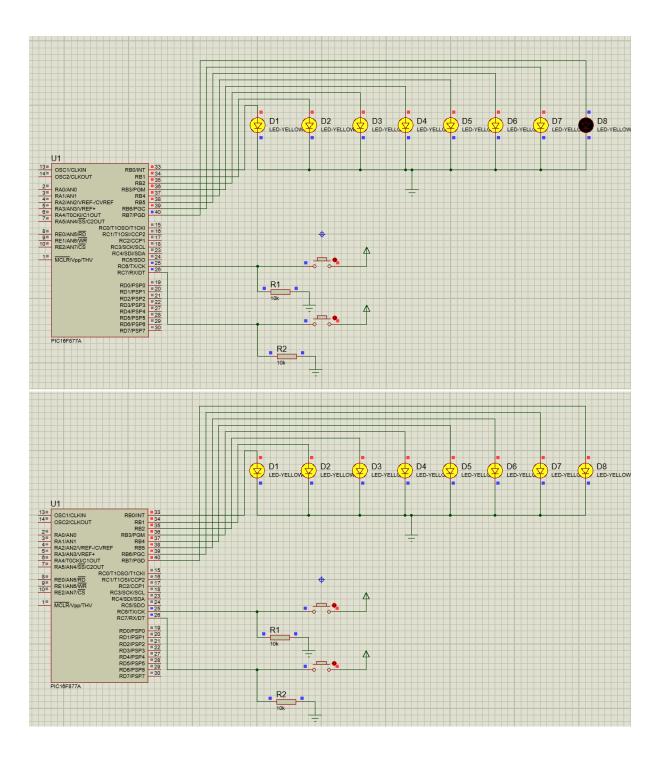
SIMULATED OUTPUT:

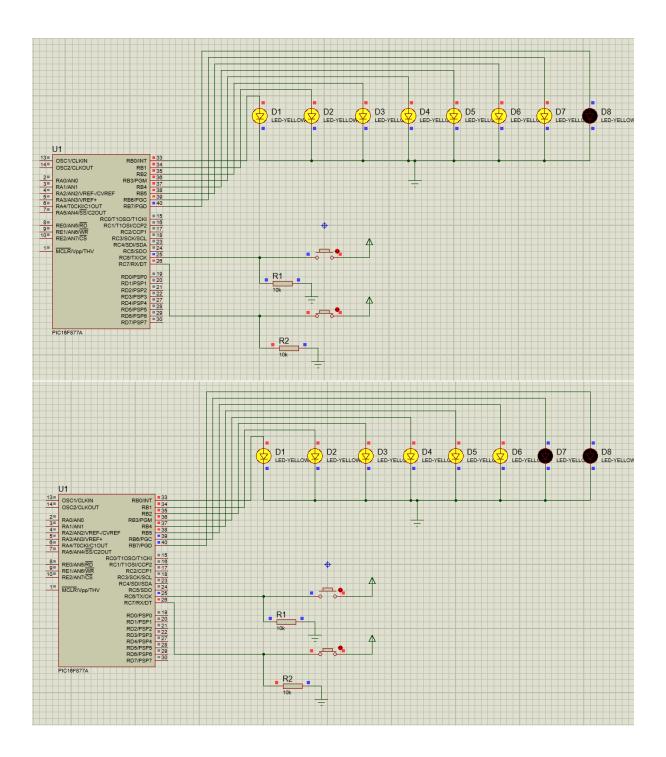


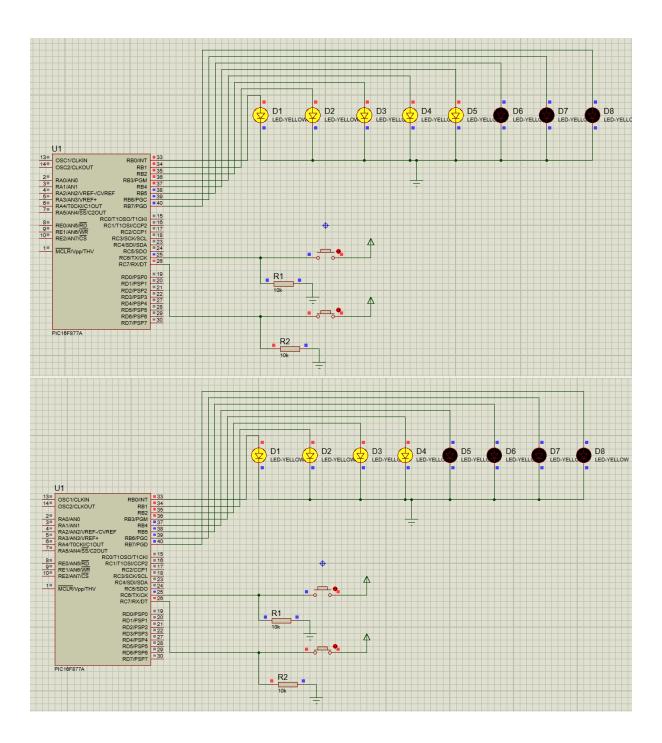


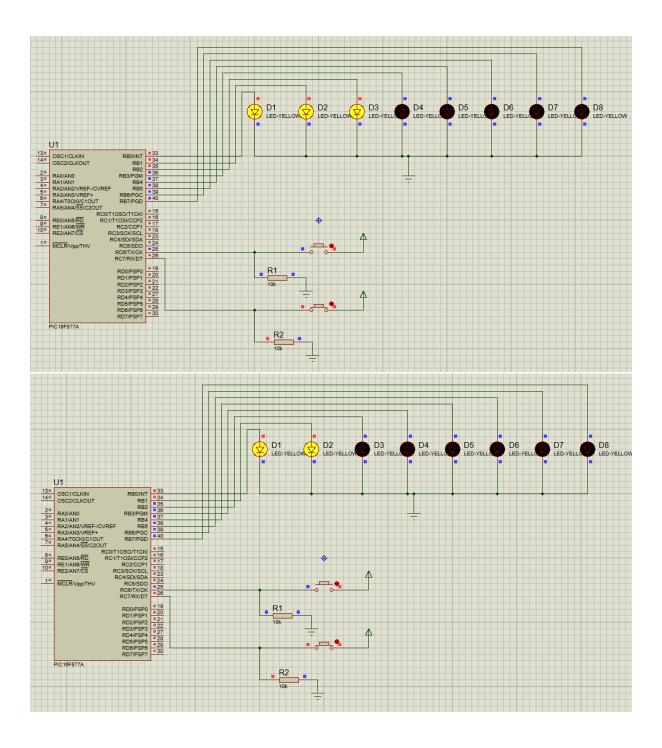


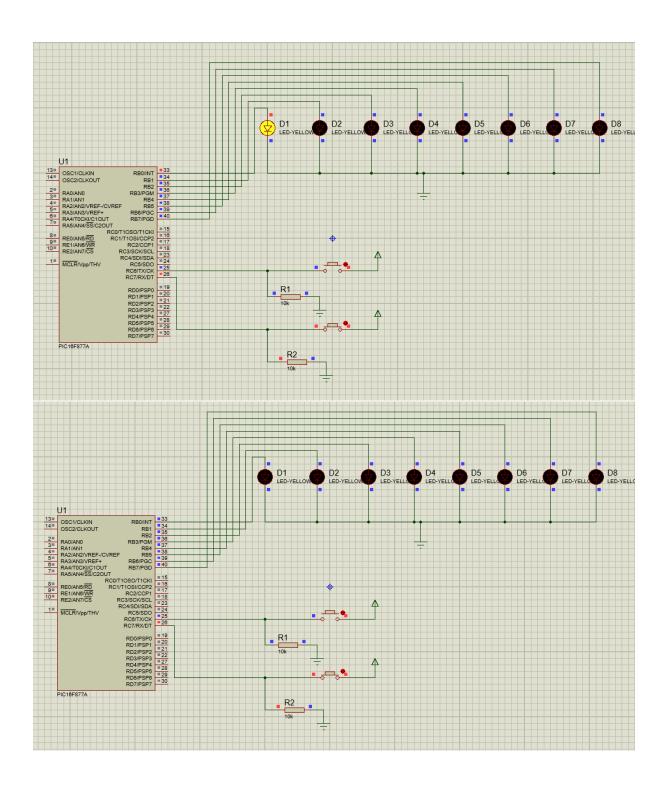












12). Write an embedded C Program $\,$ for ADC . [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software ?

A).

#include <ADC1.h>

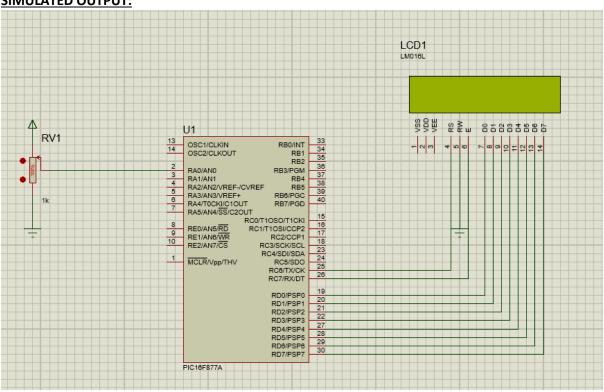
#byte LCD=0x08

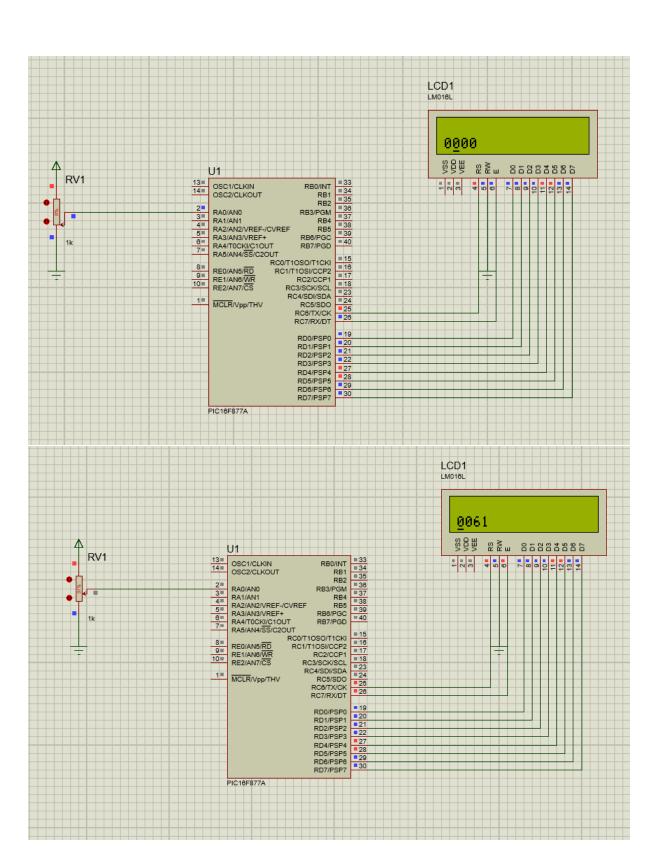
```
#byte TLCD=0x88
#bit RS=0x07.6
#bit TRS=0x87.6
#bit EN=0x07.7
#bit TEN=0x87.7
#byte ADCON0=0x1F
#byte ADRESH=0x1E
#byte ADCON1=0x9F
#byte ADRESL=0x9E
#bit GO_DOWN=0X1F.2
void display(char,int);
void main()
{
ADCON0=0x01;
LCD=0x00;
RS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
TLCD=0;
TRS=0;
ADCON1=0x80;
long int RESULT, adres;
int a,b,c,d,e,f;
```

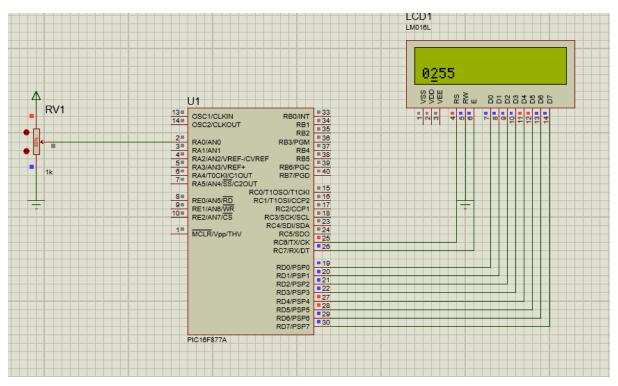
```
while(TRUE)
 {
 GO_DOWN=1;
 display(0x38,0);
 display(0x0e,0);
 display(0xc0,0);
 adres=ADRESH;
 delay_ms(200);
 RESULT=ADRESL|adres<<8;
 delay_ms(200);
 a=RESULT/1000;
 b=RESULT%1000;
 c=b/100;
 d=b%100;
 e=d/10;
 f=d%10;
 display(a+0x30,1);
 delay_ms(200);
 display(c+0x30,1);
 delay_ms(200);
 display(e+0x30,1);
 delay_ms(200);
 display(f+0x30,1);
 delay_ms(200);
 }
}
void display(char x,int y)
{
```

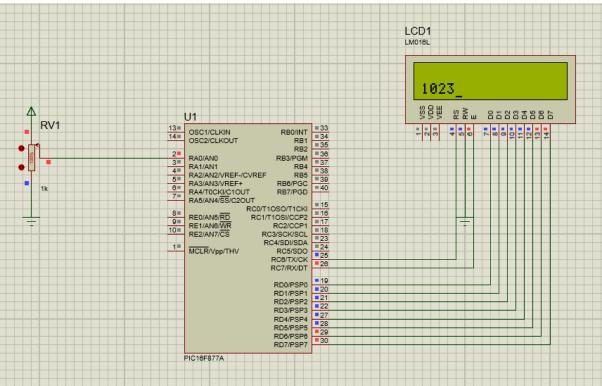
```
LCD=x;
RS=y;
EN=1;
delay_ms(3);
EN=0;
delay_ms(3);
}
```

SIMULATED OUTPUT:









13). Write an embedded C Program for turning ON the LEDS, when ADC value greater than zero LED-1 will be turned On, when ADC value greater than 250 LED-2 will be turned On, when ADC value greater than 500 LED-3 will be turned On, when ADC value greater than 1000 LED-4 will be turned On. [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

A). #include <4 LED ADC count.h> #byte LCD=0x08 #byte TLCD=0x88 #bit RS=0x07.6 #bit TRS=0x87.6 #bit EN=0x07.7 #bit TEN=0x87.7 #bit LED1=0x06.0 #bit TLED1=0x86.0 #bit LED2=0x06.1 #bit TLED2=0x86.1 #bit LED3=0x06.2 #bit TLED3=0x86.2 #bit LED4=0x06.3 #bit TLED4=0x86.3 #byte ADCON0=0x1F #byte ADRESH=0x1E #byte ADCON1=0x9F #byte ADRESL=0x9E

#bit GO_DOWN=0X1F.2

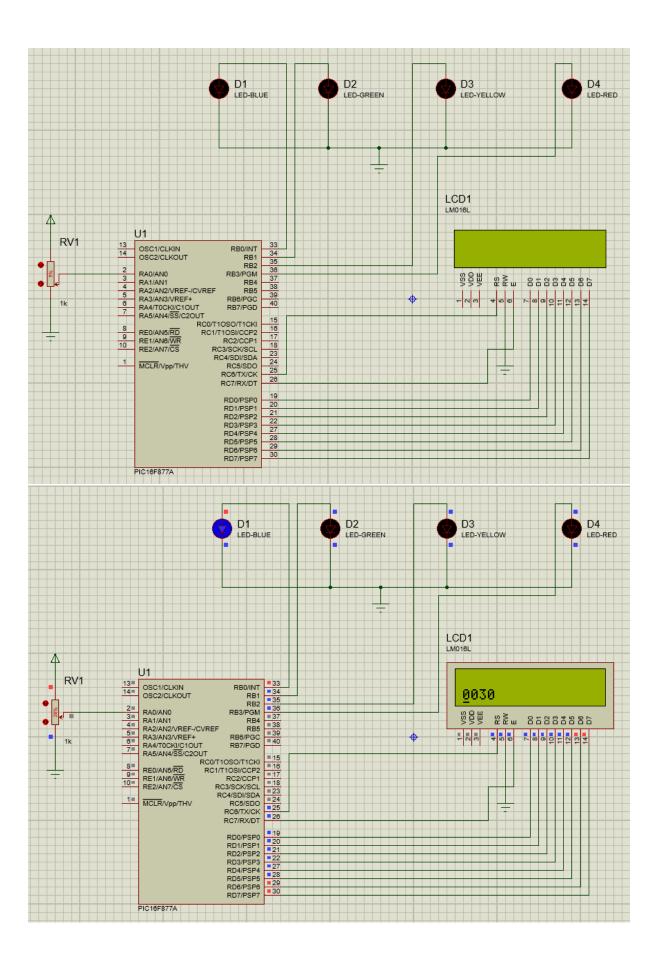
```
void display(char ,int);
void main()
{
ADCON0=0x01;
LCD=0x00;
RS=0;
EN=0;
TEN=0;
TLCD=0;
TRS=0;
LED1=0;
TLED1=0;
LED2=0;
TLED2=0;
LED3=0;
TLED3=0;
LED4=0;
TLED4=0;
ADCON1=0x80;
long int RESULT, adres;
int a,b,c,d,e,f;
 while(TRUE)
 {
 GO_DOWN=1;
 display(0x38,0);
 display(0x0e,0);
 display(0xc0,0);
 adres=ADRESH;
```

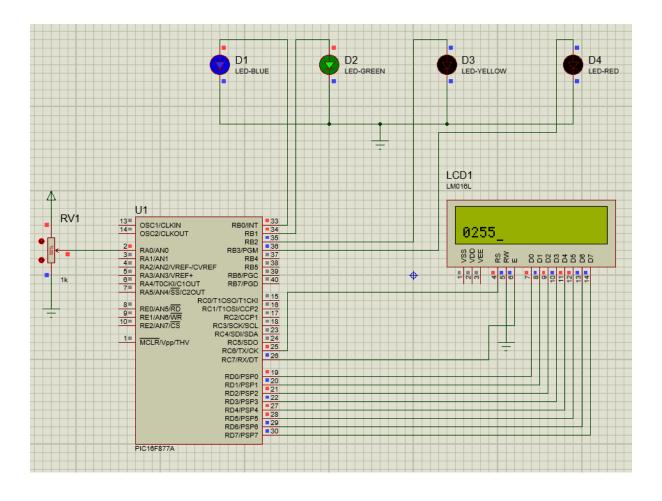
```
delay_ms(200);
RESULT=ADRESL|adres<<8;
delay_ms(200);
a=RESULT/1000;
b=RESULT%1000;
c=b/100;
d=b%100;
e=d/10;
f=d%10;
display(a+0x30,1);
delay_ms(200);
display(c+0x30,1);
delay_ms(200);
display(e+0x30,1);
delay_ms(200);
display(f+0x30,1);
delay_ms(200);
if(RESULT>=250)
{
LED1=1;
}
else
{
LED1=0;
}
if(RESULT>=500)
{
LED2=1;
```

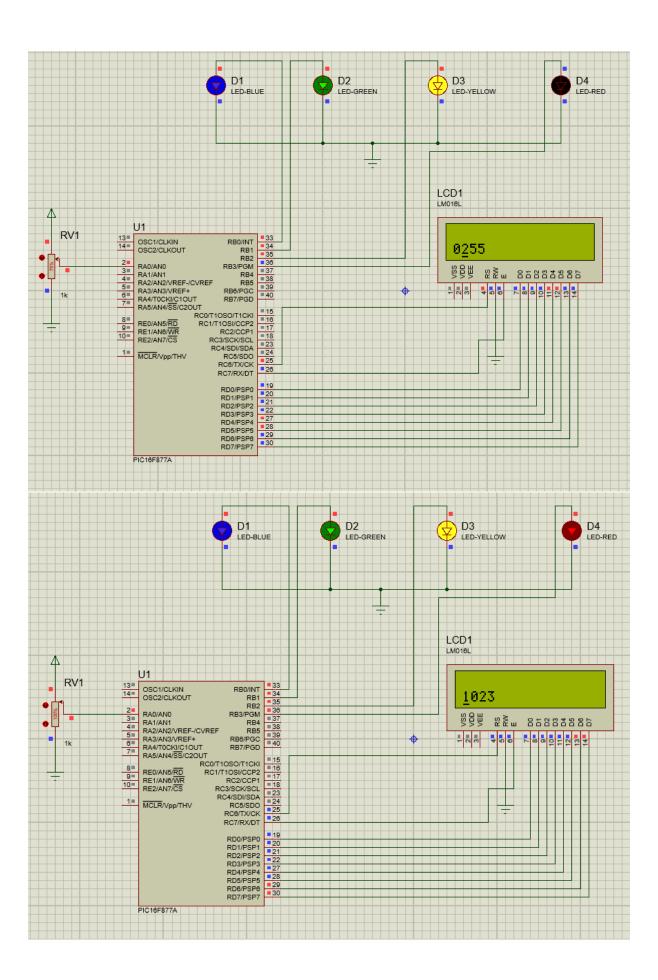
```
}
 else
 {
 LED2=0;
 }
 if(RESULT>=750)
 {
 LED3=1;
 }
 else
 {
 LED3=0;
 }
 if(RESULT>=1000)
 {
 LED4=1;
 }
 else
 {
 LED4=0;
 }
}
}
void display(char x,int y)
{
LCD=x;
RS=y;
```

```
EN=1;
delay_ms(3);
EN=0;
delay_ms(3);
}
```

SIMULATED OUTPUT:



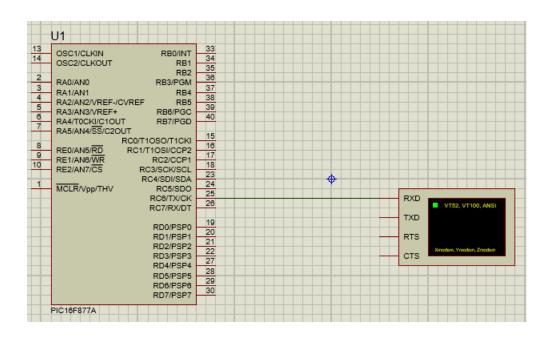


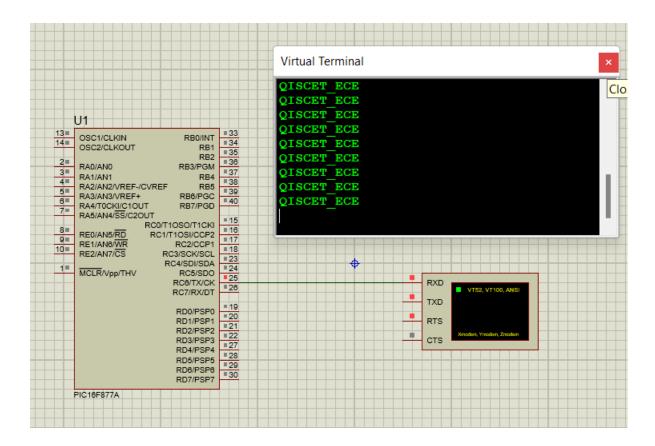


```
14). Write an embedded C Program for UART-TX(transmitter) . [ complete the simulation? ] /
execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?
A).
#include <UART1.h>
#byte SPBRG=0x99
#byte TXREG=0x19
#byte RCREG=0x1A
#bit TXIF=0x0c.4
#bit RCIF=0x0c.5
#byte TXSTA=0x98
#byte RCSTA=0x18
void transmit(char a)
{
TXREG=a;
while(TXIF==0);
TXIF=0;
}
void main()
{
int i;
char data[]="QISCET_ECE";
TXSTA=0x26;
RCSTA=0x90;
SPBRG=129;
while(1)
{
```

```
for(i=0;data[i]!=0;i++)
{
  transmit(data[i]);
}
transmit('\r');
delay_ms(500);
}
}
```

SIMULATED OUTPUT:





15). Write an embedded C Program for UART-RX(Receiver). [complete the simulation?] / execute this using proteus 8 Professional Software?

A).